STATE OPENING AND FIRST MEETING OF THE (1986) SESSION
OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
FRIDAY
28TH FEBRRUARY, 1986
(FIRST DAY)


## CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMFLY

ORDER $\quad$ A APEF<br>1986 STATE OPENING<br>PRIDAY<br>28TH FEBRUARY, 1986<br>(FIFST DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE DELIVERED EY REV EDGAR OGSTON (Dee programe).
2. THKONE SPEECH

TO DE DELIVERED BY:HIS EXCELEENCY THE GOVERNOR (see progranme).
3. PREEENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS

BEPOFT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE
(Meeting held 20th Eebruary, 1986)
TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE THIRD OFFICIAL MEMEER, FINANCIAL SECRETARY AND CHATRMAN OF FINANCE COMMITYEE.
4. STATEMENES BY MEMBERS OF THE GOVENDMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL ON THE PROGRESS OF A CONTRIBUTORY PENSION SCHEME (IN ACCOFDANCE WITH PRIVATE MEMEER'S MOTION NO. $14 / 85$, PASSED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMELY ON THE 10TH SEFTEMBER, 1985).
5. GOVERNMENT BUSTNESS

MOTIONS:
(i) GOVERNMENT MOTION NO.1/B6 - CINEMATOGRAPHIC. AUTHORITY

TO BE MOVED BY THE HONOVIABLE FTRST OFFICIAL MEMPER, LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.
(i2) GOVERNMENT MOTTON NO. 2/86 - ALTERING THE DEVELOFMENT PLAM 1977
TO BE MOVED BY THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
6. OTHER BUSINESS

PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTIONS:
PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOITON NO. 1/96
DRAFT REGULATTOAS TO THE PARTNERSHIP LAW, 1983
TO DE MOVED DY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR WEST BAY AND SECONDED EY THE ELECTED MEMBER FOK NOHTH SIDE.

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IEGTCTATH: ASERMITY
RY IITS FXCBILENCY THE GOVEPROR, MT, G, IT, ITOVD, CMY, CVO
FRIDAY 28TH FBBRTAAY, 7OgC - 10. 00 A. M.

## PAOCTSSIOM

SEREPANT-AT-ARMS:
His Txeathency the Gowexmon.

The Clerk, Mrs. E. Gay tacknon, follown the the Denuty Clerk, Mpos. Wendu Fhanks, the Sameont-at-AMno, Tins Exceldency the Govemor, Mro. htat? and A.D. C.
II. E. THE GOVERWOR, on reashind the das born to the wight and to tho tert and says:

T invite the Rev. Edoar ogston to ary momare for us.

## PRRAEFLS

## QEV. EDGAR OGSTOR:

lot us ramy.
Josus aid 'Rut the Comsettons the Holy shirit; whom the fothor with and in my nome, wit toroh uou att things and witl nomind wou a' evemthing I have sate to um'.
leaventid Fathers we thront uou for this promise, that through Hour folt Eninit, unu would lead us into alt truth. Prenare our hearts and minde for thr thatineso of this dan, that we may behave with true onurtesy and thonw.
compet wo the turt and ronest in our deatinas." Let our motiones be ahone susmioion. Let our now be our bond. Save us from the frtheng of dorenting aron our personatity, or incenuitu, or nosition to sotue mur wobloms.

Since unu inape all the answome, make ue willing to tiston to you that we might vote on your side and throt your witl moy be done throuth w, for the alom of wha nome and for the advanoment of your king onn in thon Telowhs.

He moxy for the cuon and the mombers of the royal Family. Gront them ntrongt. and wishom for the taske which you tau unon their shoutdens. Wo mou tho fins tho bovernor and the Members of the Lerislative nosemblu. fromi: them the wisdom that comes from you alone, fon w? know thot so many thobtome are beyond the measure of our best wiotom. Mou you fritiruth, enabte them to perform the resronsibte dution of thein hang office.

Chxist our Lord who trught us to rive the Fomitu Frofor:
Our Fothor, who art in Fravem, Firltoweत be Thy Home. Thy Kingrom onme. The with he don, on aorth as it is in Heaven. Give us this dow our daith breat. find fomion us our lnesrasese, as we forgive these who tresmas rgainst wi. Ard load us not into temptation, but doliver us from ovil: rom thine is the king木om, the nower, and the glorm, fon over and wor, 1 mon .

Froy be seated?
THE CLERK:





 GFORFE COMMATDFR OR THE UICTORIAM ORDFR: GOTMETOA OR TIU CA VMAV TSLAMDC

Wherecs, by sub-section (1) of saction af of sohentite a of the Caymon Istands Constitution Onders, 7972 tt to motided that the Sessions of the Legistation Assembty shatt he relt at ouch time ant ntace as the Governor may from time to tima Fig moctamation anoint

 Distincruished Order of caint Mohazt and raint Genme, Commonore of the Vietorion Orolor, Fovemor of the Couman Tstonts, in wotur rootaim and make knom that a bession of the Hemiotative Anambtin of the Cauman Istands stott bo held at the heatotative fnsemhtut Buitding in George Town, tritand of crime crumome at in a.m. on
 six.
Seat of tha Crumme Tolands at Comme
thers soventh day of Foprourw in tho
מear of our fom ory mitughod nine
Fturned and riohty-min in the mhirtu-
fiftit wean of the geirm of Hor Matontu
Tueen Etitaheth it.

Goct Sme The Duren. ".

## HIS EXCELTENCY THF GOVFTHOR: Assembin - <br> Fonourania Mamens os the Latistative

Ae in customiry, the T? mone meneeth
manks the openting of a new Session and in it I phat outtine the Goverment's rminethat rims for the comin wern.

Stoms to strimathan tive maliee mu
improving stomilods antinue. The antomstim in-tome Traintur


 in mid uear when the contmet of come of the ryp oternem am to wo


 fholuded a univengity qraduate.

Ifon whiortu wht ontimue to be civan to
 cond also in the area of timat aruse. Stens amo voocentlay undan onnsideration to etrenathon the frug gouqu hy reatatritution of actisting resources.

HIS EXCELLENCY TTIE GUVRROR (COYTTN'TTG): The Tmisom ATministration witl contrinue to antore nos wase bu whinh the talants and skitys of staff and promens am be doperonet and more of footivety utitisod.
 oontrot of amenditure. The wher attontanoe solveme for otafe and daity operationat routines for mrisonam with fe monened.
$\pi m_{\text {ne }}$ atministrmtion remaine oomittod to the develomment of roormmes muth ng arricut ture and wondurk which contribute mositively to the treatment ont trainimg of nrisoners.

Fotzoning the introduction of the new
Gaymanian Protection Lwi in 1925 mocoumes are heing introntuced to widen eligitility for memrnent residence. mu an tring it is homad to novide for some seourity of tenure to sutithte roonte who have beome weth estahlished in the Couman lstants vera ia mosonatho. nemiod and, at the some time, to movills an altamative to Coumonian status.
rast nowmºn: on wation Cumman'a rinth
 possithe for the station to offer two diffrent morromes simutt-
 monaloasts to anver the whole bromioxte dre A mumber of nem progrommes with be introthend this unt, to kom the wemte of the Caman Islands bettan infommed about loazts moriomat and intomationat evente and to provide outurat, meldious and eftectionat metemiat. ar weth as nenerot information and entoretamment.

A monarment athonom for smion
 year. Onne a new Dircetor of Training has hom memtuthen, nther suremierm and midfe mmarement nounes with ind fo introduest. the omtexing of this Poreonnot. Roende in the eomuter shonlut also be oombtate in lane. it is hot exmetent that the present number of beroive offore witt amo mmactathey


Govomment axnocts to whertate.
significant develonments in all maror aroas of Jorth, fotuention and social servien.
A tationat Heat th man mite to
mubtished. Ptont nequixementa are to to revient se that morium and long term ntans for hoatth anto non the mold. The ratinistration of the Istands! healith serviogs witt the stmonthoned. Tmenomemente


 witl be introducel. Mensures to dat with montil ithmoss and hrug and aloohot abure are under cotion ounstortion.

The achool thetudina worgromen wit? he comrleted kuring the next two yeare. Mone witl mo male fro the further amansion of the Commantitu Cotloge mit oganmodetion for its future neas with he comsidered. The whommion of the former

 attention with he noid to armonricte counsolting if oturantr and responding to sneaifie atolereent hifficutton.

The mrin tasks of the Dencrament of

 1975 will be suitatilu un-dated ao it has the mocesatu acone and atranath. Priority witl to given to the nmontion of men leraunatime activities for youth.
 Pension seheme to rrovide andit renuritu for tho tatondo anems
 all be introduced and stan witt he talen th ritan the atministration. Henotations mhat patomat:on wort will. he undortaken to moke the otd court lowse ridithint or monom in which
 storaye and but on morer displty.

The Coumm "ational. Whatro with the onened during this your towing hesn twitt with funds from a conerous hene fictor.
rowne wit oontinup on tho remining Whase of the shorts Connter and a chorts browinator shoutd te arrointed Jurino the mear.
over $50 n$ nen hotet. mome in the Caymon Istonds with be avaitahte to the travelting mothe before the end of 1986.

This oproionety maresa a maine incrocese
in tourist unffo in late 1986 onk 7097 me tho raperint yoar witt ho a transition period prowamin, for theoe inomaras. Mes marketing mothods witt he employed, including the as: ar ont totavinin adyertising for the first time. hideratisin with fe west to nomort


 tourism roduct. A $27 \%$ inomase in air amivale thaning 1089 ia foreoast and a further $45 \%$ increare oven that in 1997 as a rosult, of the new hotel acommodation. Mew and more anmensig? moretimg tools must he used th a whieve these goals. Nowemith be more
 dimuas and private soctor toumiam interests in an attermt to stroter? maketing dothars throuh foint adortising ard ramotim.

Compron Amime wims to met the ohrthenge of keening wo with tha rowth of tho hotat amporty in the Caman Istonds.

In 1996 it woman connolifata its
 making this all yoar rount and in the futum amonting froquenou from the curpent two ner weok. It also intonds to start. thits pow summer oharterg to ittanta, tives of weak.

Cuphen Trmase momoe noxt minter to
 to emond to one more ait.,

Caumon Amomus Bomen of Directore hac authomised negotiations bo seek a thing airowft to the unod on a a'pow


Fvem offort aint continue to to mode to inonease the rixtine's onorating moft so tith mot toos is mochoed to a minimum.

Than ontinuen to inorease the rafoty
atreas adiacont to both aimont mannus. It in amotod thect the the end of 1996 , the with meet the romimemente of trin tritamationat Gint Aviation Ipganiartion. The raviute tirorat norking arm at tion Now
 thorease in general whintion traffic.

 tro intemationat aimorts on the lines on whine? the port huthority orarates the motes.



 station is atso treluled in the devoloment: when for Comath smith
 ontanoe the mornte ant officiencu of the futthocmmominn otaffor? Department.

Toaralation with me intronuon funing
the year to rentage the prosent: Tahour trm, wh the thtention of

meres an a ontimutn: mon fow the

 the touriam industrut, as the roowipenent, for thlet ateff tevt
 end of this yeap. Thite some rarenomong hone to permurht to

 to the motivated.

To irmpere neming to the metrite the

 the General Dost office in comme Tom

It is intorilet th intmonem rampers




A nor Dofintion Tosue ar pootere
 the 1980 Defintive Isnus.
$\therefore \quad 3 \mathrm{Ot}$ monding the motor whinta
 adecuatetu notiectod.

In Common Ron, orntwition of the



 road from the aimort to the fook in rittte rovimm.

The That ruthomity nows in sustat?




 The recormendations wem intendet to mals what ha anctoret

 retaited design an? shatfication of mot to th tons. men mon nmant nlanning.

Tha monts on aron Compar wo tharefom to be the subject of a Hatom crow? Transmontation wiom, Conomment. wove anmovat for one to he wrorrors whder wirmetion of the Denartment, loot ootobre wort mit inith aontimue.

 intmoduation after turble soruthon.

HTS RCDELENCY THE GOVERMOR (CONTTWTNG): The mont from the
 received. It is being studion the the nowiculturat now loment Comittee with a viow to implemantring mover meommentrotions. At wresent action is peing token to astahtigh the ornoms' mariot and
 Mecaservy monfmento to tho Antmolis Low witt be introduced, martly in order to implament the tha antwot nroarame now being aiven mmomity boocuse of the fancor to mathe
 M. Te Rexch area.

Mrvine Parks are to ine aroatod in Crand Catman next month, with narks fon Coumar. Frace ond Jithto Coymm to fotzou.

The sustem of dyks ant oan the ot the west end of the Istand is loroutu nomilete, vermorenthit roducing the mount of mosouito breeding in western distmicts. Fwothor mofinement of the system using ata autvarts to sontrot water flow is hormit teatad with momising results.

Tha matr monaito monten is nom in
 in the tatter roxit of 1935 mroduced some nemi 7 am? hronds of mosuitos and in the nent feu ueare it is ntanon to aros a bot mor" attention to these aroas. The finet stom with the to imprope acose into the targe wreas of summ hetinem romen imm and wert? fide eo that mosouito boneding an he more atnaly monitorod thew, the feasibitity of large soate trentment with bintomoct. fomictlo not then be determined, Etrediminaru lame-scol. triat with this. matumat on the west my Deninsula at the fermining of the 1085 mane we very successfot.

1986 anes the Domantment of thm man survey entablished in its new nermonms aommondrtion in the Tomor
 ond after a moderate start 1985 mpover to rea a mener hear in berms of doluce vatue of tranecrations revistored. The sitwetion for the Hear ahoad looks promiond and it is anticinatec that orrtan keat sevetorments now being undextaken wot attront mare internationat. investment for the retonds.

Tonorra int maminn of the teat for renineula witt the oompetod thio year and witt mont aroe atitent additional reference in the? rrompere ond dowetomment of the Istands.

Whin the recent recruitment of a troming Officer and two pronning Assistants tha Doming Denantment is hack wh to the fult strencth needed in omper to the athe to amserise monert.y its administrative functione ond to arsist the Contrat flomming Ahthority in evalinting the increaring tu onmbex fovelnmment onnliontions which ome before it.

The nencrement the the wh thon revienent
 immemented as mon as mootiogh7.

If the quantity of dovolonmont actiontry
Furing the first month of 1906 is indiontipe or a trewt, 1006 shmitd


Fommers are antinutry to wonk tor ards.
 moh as tomatoes and bwonas. to is mediotol that the tenent of hanant

 is axpeoted to tha abie to moduce 150.010 tha 0 tomatoes for the thent market once it ames on atrarm.
 to show interost in astahtighing wrimpeincos venturas on the Istands.

root thiversity Authowtios, annmements with the mmteted for
suooessfut studente at the Comon Intrmas 1 m , Golont to be ationte. for the onvan of externat tave dervess from that. Univewertu.

The konomice whi for which a
Resotution of this Honourabte Asembty eatten with he mresentod fon conetheration.
shatoct to the matiafortom outonme of the rresent negotiations with the thentod ungrom and tho United statos
 the Narcotios Agreement made in mid-19R*.

During thits anach I hare monechtrathat, as to rroner, on looking forwad. now rowortwlas, hofore
 whtich so mony membere of the cormurity made durtac 1985. The
 Upon dedioated rubtic affocers and pont? in the mpivato anotor.
 votuntary orocnisations. Uron the offorts at alt who ermo on Government Pourls and Committens. Ant wht tonst umon the meritoswimited maner in whioh Members of this Honoundie ITouse hove aioch ", more if their time to attend to ito tuainess wht lom and on increasting number or setect Commibles. Min I now trituts to wl concernad.

T wray that atmightu hot mild oomtimue
to bless and gutde the Govemment ani! neorie of the Telemens.

 thired of Maroh.

 deferved untit. Mondry the thiod of Maroh.


## Ponfocmon mwo

The Clerk, the Datutw Clerk, the nempont-at-Arus, bris
freothency the covemono Me. litoul, A. D. C.
The Ctert yotumn to tho rhanher.
CLRRK.
The House with mon ousment for hat on

Thersa he serted.
The Assembty is in Sesstion.
Presentation of Papen and Penorts.
The Honourabte Third Offiatal Member.
MRESENTATTOM OF :ATRPS ANT RFPORTC
REPORT OF FINATHR COMAIMTRT:
HON. THOMAS C. IEFEFROON Mr. MeStlent. T Teg to tan on the Table of the Ilonourabte lonse the Finonoe Conmithee Rowont of a Meeting held on Theroday, anth February, lape.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

So ombered.
HON. THOMAS C. IEPFRRCON: Mr. Prearident that Mooting dealt With a request from the pont Aut homity fow a ganantee or ir toan


These funde are to tre utitigat, Mr. President, for the construetion of hous to to wer? tu cmusa ships int West Bay, Teorgo Toun and Shotio for mooming, Trittattu, whert the bid was made by Inater and Assominton of the Inited etates, it was for four buows. However, durind roverment comstomeng the
 onable ardine shios to te mooned at weat. Bave Goorge low and suots.

The totat sun of FGcibo, non wrovedos a mat. miscettaneous sum which man Fre uthtisect in the oonstmution management of the additionat. tho huove. The four thous nonstrmetion
 approved with the view thet it may oost a btit mons to manuracture ois.

Thonts uou. Mr. Drestident.
MR. PRTGIDFIVT: In nooomanoe with the moonstons of standing Orden 67, namamath (4) the pouse ts deemed to thon arreed to the motion.

Itemi 4. statemente hy Monherg of the Govemment. The Fonoumable frimet Flectect Momper of Frocutitye Counciz.
 FXECTMJVF COIDVCII

## COMTRIBTTORY PFMGTOM SOTMME

HON. BTMCON O, EDAMKS , Mn. Prosident, in mocomanoe with
the provisions of Private Member : Motion wo. 14/B5 the fothouring statement is mude.
My statumont wt the tart Mering on

 in Grand Gaymon to commonce worle on tha otury ot o fiacritutitu of a national nonsion soheme for the Crumon inlonde, ant if fount feustble, to moke reoommerdetions rechading togielation und administration for muth a seheme.

HON. DENSON O. RBANKS (COQTMUIMG): I am nom confirw that: Mr. mith
 Whis assignment. His proliminavi onotwoion is that a sociat semumt? type soheme is vory posoithe and the is continuting the grthoring af data and information to athow him to mresent deathiln to Covemmont for final decision.


COTDPMMFיYT BUSIMFSG
$M O T I O^{n}$

## GOVERTMETT MOTTOM NO. $1 / \rho 4$

CINFMATOMPADETO ATMTODTY
HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER. Mr. Tresitont. I ben to move Groermment Motion Vo. $1 / 86$ atantina in matne whint reado as fortons:-
 Can. 10, provieion is madr for the sstathotoment of an Authorith coneristing af the covormore there Etected
 omnualiy by tho Govermon to armit out th? atimitation of the aboveretted tum and Tutre mate themeunt-ry.

 granhto Aubhomity fom a priviad of on? wan ar from the 20th of boherure, 7006 .

Mr, Linfore A, Digngon, fr, MLA
Mre. T. Tratard wittor, "fiA
Mn, Mokama Bush, MA, :

 Honourable pinst Officiat Momber. The motion in wioh for tehaten If no nember wishes to arect I wit. met the ruestion.


Honourabte Fourth Fitented mamber of Fowouthne Gount?.
GOVRRNMFRT MOYTOY MO. $2 / 96$


 of that motion merdis:-
 to the tonewe oonferred on it lu shasootion (2) ot section 7 mat bu subsection (I) of soction 9 or the notetomment and Planhing Lan (Foviacd), that the Develoment Plan 1977
(heing the vtom weferred to in subnoothon (5) of seetion 6 of the $L(x u)$ be thtis dity altoret hat mesomina from thow density restantiat" to "hotele/tounism" the area elged btue on the than annered bo thition Rootution.

MP. PRECIDEVT:
Tha motion hefone the House in Covermmont Motion No. $2 / 86$, the torme of which hate funt bean read out bu the Honourathte Fompth Flooter? Member of promtive nomoth.

Mo VASSEL A. IOPMCOM: Mr. Trositont, this motton if hrought in oxeter to satisfu anotioations made fu develonere of the the nameles of land, that is to sau mareet $17 / 13$ arntaining ampotimatetu 100 acres of tand mit paroe7. 17A 71 , contrinting approximatela onn aepes,
 Sound side of the rocd.
 onned. The other paroot, $17 A$ 10 tie moned ho the Crom, whoh named of land was origtinallut loosed to one sonson ruerenath and Turs hoon etah-

 the other moverty owner adinining ?nin.

Mr. Trasitent, at tha time that tha Develomment Ptan was betno formatated in that, armarentit it mas over looknd that the tease fowiment for that rowticulax marect of Comon lond had esratoin stinutatims in it mergarimg the amina of that arech. I with read from a oopy of the taxeo doomont whot it poss about the swomp zonds contriner in the Zeate of ohich poweot 77 , 10 fome nowt. This is from prove 4 of the Hoad Tease, whrouraramt (a) :
"The tessee shall hrus the might that shatt not Tre ohtiact? to butitd and maintain upon the trmion lands, in xctittion to the satit hotel, houses, shots, afe, caprmas, ofrecos, bankting and conmemict honaes, shipming ant riptine wonoton,
 gotf courees, noto qroundi, raconounoes, sports quouts, otoetera. Provilh, honemer, that the oonsent of thre Losaor in whiting to nuch other areations atur7. The fineth hod mat obtained, such eonsent otual not bo unveroonchly withtetc.

In the sothodutat totinutatos tha some
 bive demiend tand as a hotithut ronert.

The apntiartions intioth there mole rararding Whese two norcels of tand wem to ohande the ronivg from what it ie

 ment area.

Mr. 'rosident, the orimo nttue of the Soven Mite Beach and the aexirta are lowetopod it the nresent time so,
 the pentinsula. Thus the rocaon for these pequ?th. Thenems wo for
 Tand in that area whint wod to be resonod fron ton terstri. Those were fust foltoming that nortioutar trent.
$r$ wotle themefore numoret the mothon and dsk Memberg to to tiknine. The tovelomment, whe rorident, atong the Geven Mite Beach is mathi tre sumort of bhe thurot thoustay, ar are $\therefore 7$ these devetomente feccuse ther mentioned thoteles oowhominiume ant so on.
 ment'; polioy is to promoto tourism within monfare quidetinen me control that it is necessary that we quep consideration to marests of this nature. The Cuntrot Ptantiva Athomitw has reoomended these requests. The reroning hos to to oonfiment the the Eavistative hesembty thy motion. So, we are muthtting to Fhmouropice mombers this reauent for reanding of the tho maroeto of tand mantionets 17A 3 and 17A 10, and ast, for your tina ansideration.

Thonk wou very much.
MR. PRESIDENT:
whe motion in open ton froxts. Does
ony Momber wish to socak? the Ceoond Flenteो Momper Fon Finten Toum.

12. G. HAIG BODOFN:

Mu, Mrorident: I am araatha alamed
by the openting strament of the Momber tho sintwoduco thrio rovermmant Motion. He setd that the motion has been brougt to adtistit on applioation ty a ateroper. This tis a nad state at affatm. I recal7. quite recentlit then in thes scme work of the wost Fou Rexeh Vorth, our Devetopment Ptam hod bean ehangot to satiofu the houolopers of the Huatt Hotel. It uppoars to mo thut an trootoper ach mo apoly to ohange the zoning in our "tanning row ond the whitwotion
 alt being given to the Mombems.

This motion amoars on Runcmess Taper
 are asked to ampove torlay somethiwa when iss sonetituo wed hos

 Low whereph athones to pepetomment 27 gns onth wot pre tion ticthtitu Athough in an axceptionnh ouse ohomios won ho man. I rect thot



The Devalontment Wem, 797 , abommet
From a previous fun when ome to wothee fo tars. what rian ant

 was five, the pton shouth? De neviewod thy the Conlwat atanina


 to the $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{an}}$ around that time. It: in aton my momoratantind that a novistion of that plar wor ahout ommotate apom? the timp of the November, 1984 Floction, and wes a motson whiot, nhont.t nove har?
 in our Istrad eonomp is tha moner feretoment op town te the inventor to unsure that twith hanert, he mith wot wont to mut hits money in a tong term devatomment.

Wh? know thet the whe nows ehona?s
 thin manu areas of the phan. Whome contrinku in a need to rate?
 brinaing this motion todaly. This motter af rimmina stamp hatye been the fingt item on thoive acendr. Thetwo at whing the thinus


 that the Government mon has to comes not on the remothy for the
 at oun next Meoting in May it mill come arain.

MR. C. HAIT RODDEN (COMTIMUIMG): Th contention is that if the Govermment is to serve the intorosts of the peonte of the cormm Islands as a whole thou must doal whith the thost inmortont itoms first, not spenting their time writing lettere to the rewarmen. trying to look good in the oses of the mubtio. not wometing thetr time doin little jobs htere and there to porpotuato thetry wriatenon at the next Flection. This is not fovemomont. The Dovelonment Dtan wut the Low sets out snecific ruidelines for and change in that ol.m. The Central Plannina futhonity must reviaw it. Then mist nowent it to the fovernor. It must be muttinhel for nublice semutinu. The Govemmant hio frited in its memonsimititu to comm out the necescary roview which was so urgent and so noecsathy in howember, 1984. Now, almost two yams Tater nothing has been fone.

In the Caymon Istonds, tithe momy other ountmies, reat astate is the kou to levelomment. Fither one has good ombie land for armintture and yood henchos for toumism and good lond for offien buttrings and mesitentiat artas on one הoes not. If one does have it as ne farse the tnumist industry ons ather arens of economic activitu, we must mike momer use of it and the must to so in a manner which does not seem to serne opocict interest arouns. We must keen our legistation on a leont whene it envios the nommunity as t whole, not tike the nonsanse we row whith the moutations inter the Marine Consemption Lrw whew we reat in the nombonor one dha that a certain man oblected that the Lron han frountod thim from throwing out his being. The next toy wo din the newarvorer that omebody had taket it brok to the Marine Conempuation Pormd no that their sumoriter could throw out his eane. This is not Govermment. This is on r-tarming thing.

Neverthetess, the motion before the House seems to be a rogsonahte one mhtioh with anownars dountonment in this area. I can on ly hone that ifter thris ing Fien brought to the attention of the Memens of fonemment, that then with brine to this House as cuicklty as nossithe m honost me inteltiont pevient of the sonting tima for these tolands, so that fewhomes with know where they atand. It the Goporment ocos hround toinc as it has done twice atreadu in its short aristonce; atronsira the sonting negulations, devetomens will not thow wheire theu ara. Thau witt. not knou where thou etand, beomone if a dowelmar had hourt, this
 for hotez develomment. whe some amort menson that aome atona last week and asked that it be ohinges to znw densitu pousing or posinentint: aneas, that motion would te berow the House tollou and the devolmen coute not nut wh his motrat.

So I feet that thene moterme sinturt
not be treated tiahtly. I mould the to ast what, is tho sempen?
 that we could discuss thes mattor rublioly? Why the secoocu? thy the short notices Is it to provant Mempers of the Thuse from doing the necessary investigationo thich are noder in ordon to speak even for a fen minutes on sumb a atmore? The Covemment mast stor: its present trend. it what tive nriomity ond dert with the matters which ane important mother thom with the matten which ore urgent.

MR. PREACIDEVT:
Does thu other Mmber wiat to aport?
The Honourable First meoted Memper of Freoutive Conneriz.

TON. BENGON O. EBAMKG: Mr. Mresioment. I woun子 have thounht, Sir, that this motion woutd home not heen contmorrouat." Fonevers;
 of this Fouse and the nublio aither hrow showt, mompers. or attemative $Z_{y}$ a areat dietaste for focts.
tt wo not thio arvomment. M".
Fresident, who amendod the zoning for the fyatt thetst, it tha the tast fovermment of which the last socker was is womber. Tt whs hos ontleague in front who mosenter the mothon. Tints is tha first tim? that this fovemment has hrousht fornored a mothon to amern the Develonment plam. The Memher was at prins, Mr. "rovitant, to notht out that under the Plaming Lutw a rovieion of the $797 \%$ wt wh whout in fact lave been brount to the lous for revision on for acontiance. That was during 1980 and the Govermment of whet he nore a Momber dit not see fit to do so. Now he is comlanining that rftor 15 monthe in office thio Govermment has wht ham aine to briph the roviaion which they hat a whote oight unam to to.

Hot rithoulous an one mat, Mr Pren-
ident? Not only did they fait to brinc the mevtsion. Mat then did was when I was in the omosition men aticit it to thatr attention. that it should fe dons, theu mendat tre law to momon the mandotome moovision for briming that revision to the Fouse. wow ho is atting up and orving about wat should hove toon tow fow monning. Mr. rivesident, it is a most wificulous contrinution I hove wop hergit.
 has been commenced axp it trith folton the requipments of the Thw
 not try to mislend the nublic, wr. Froident. It wot hin coormment which brought the onenoment to the ntom to the owting for tha mutt Hotel, not this Gowemment. It was his howoment whah friten in
 House when it shoutd hare been brouthe in lous. I ofren that thoip negleot of the th duth and reamonsitititu has bount thonotointr in

 Govermment which witt do whet it hase to to ont is lloing the might thinge, and develonment $i n$ on the ineroase.

Tha peviect ntan in if the mbtro decides that they wont a roviston th that ntrm wher the ussosment
 carm out the wishes of the narte ont chrmo that nime monvingtu. I sumorti this motions me. Presidont.. and it should be noted that tho wrea halimg sought to ha resoned is part of the originat leasen on one of the amens in wort. of the originat. lease which stimulates that the land with he used fon toumism retutent develoment. wuch of this aroa atroobly, whesident, has ondintiniums thitt in it within the inmedfote ricintin. citw, the roct use of the land is not being aromationlo attema that it in inmortont tonote thet the blue tine as $I$ nee it folts bohine the stombolt, moantant would tike to make it othar there it noos to the congt what is. imm shore not mangroves. That is on the Vorth fow stas whing dom.
 Hend of Mastuute with some ingin iponshow. कo, tio not know,
 I want to dive ma wesuranoe that thes is wot wn wrearonnte nomust. It is the firest one witich we have troutht. The ot hare one was hought



 that this whote questron of ntaming, teocues 7 mo is ao whathto an? such a ontroversial iosue, with bo unac anoin to tru to trip up the poonte and get all sorts of motions arousen. If thet Mampren wors reatly aonermod about nlamed develoment, why dire the not hetrwen 1977 and 1992 at the amponviate time hove the thon mover 7 and hrowght to the House? If it was important in Octobers 1980 ho laft it that
 it was important not to lavo brought i.t. Howover, "pr. Frosidont, nom: Deante with ohattenge other nemplo to 70 what then thems? thes are afraid to do. That Fonommant wa afrat to himina the olaning povieion
 Pennte stitl kiokod them out, the majomity of them.

I sm sathsfish, spo rositent, on the question of plaming thent the Comomion nuthice in nom suffiniontru auke and oware of the need for nimmad toweloment that on aosautt on any proposed ptan in the futume witt not meet $w i t h$ tre arocess Thioh it met with in 1975 and 109 f , peause at that timo and oven
 misaute and misrerresent things which were pronnsed in the 1975 Dovelormant PLan.

WG. G. MATG BODDBN: The Member is not tutuina the umith.
Can he qive examrles?
GOM. BENGON O. EBANKS: I bave aiven Onourts arantlen of where the Member was not telling the truth is while ara. oo, 1 wo not know why he wants me to aive thim more.

Mr. Prosident, $T$ sumort this motion. $I$ auport pionned dovelopment the wo ecmot stom the whote or progress because some peopte womld tike in toke this and onrye it at7. over the phace. I on not suro why the motion is intal tho osith
 coming, that is herore $I$ acm the doturt notion, them wo ampte time
 mobably some aleriont surow. It inas no fert on rotermmant's nort to
 is going to be dovaloned. This is mpy to aonform to the lm, Tombody knows the type of dovetoment when is momons: for the tho areas. So, this is not rothe to come as and shook to the mubtic. That we are doinh, irn. Pposidont, to ooviorming to the Low, and I support the motion.

Thank time.
MR. PPEGTDFNT:
Does any other Memper atish to swerk? Whe Finst Eleotod Member for bodren Toun.

MTR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Preaitent, ion there monatedyy in the past heard the nowious Govermment atused hoomse of tha ohomt notices thich wexe somatimes ginen on musineso whish arme pofore this House. yet, whon m! ooltaghuo trouglat wh the rolnt this morning about the nhopt notice which hod been given on thio martiouther mrinosat, ho was frittorty abused and wotigatod in the momer for whach the momere who last spoke is well. known.

I have in my inand a omy of thios
moposal and it hampens to he duted gsth Fobruom. Go, if that is mot short notice than I woutd tike to know mhet noro notros to.

MT. JAMES M. BODDEN (COMINUIWG) Fou. Mr. Prerizont, attown the puevous Member to drift into distont waters. I ume whit trust that you wili see fit as T drift, to lerve mo alone whth mu socelt,
phin is only mother extmite at emisis
 the mooosed amendment to the Tounism Tax. phay wit it wut as a trial batloon one doty and they mut. it, trim the noty we hove non Government drift and drift as a boat without a meder. "We nom thomk God that there has been monatin strm doveloming.
$T$ vich than, tra poothent, wo arothor
 of this. We scau it showtity afton the lopa preotion. since that time this Govemment has had to arxon at aremy nenny intioh troy thought outh the found from the muxse atringe of tive morithtinn of this
 oont has been inoreased. I nothed this mumting whem tha tart. untarved soupce of revenue in hoing tomod, Thot is the fines which are imposed in our oourts. Whare ane wh hated whon this? To it in the direction of diract tacation? thrina tite wh to mumat intats


 condomintim tax. I ask the morite af thit ooment wh henefited ty the removit of that tox and who ant hurt. The tomte who oot Turt were the litbles man who these nearle to nols sab, the 7ritite men on the strest who could ill affom to wow the hath bance which hove beon tevelted on than during this adminhtratton. Tharefope, we. have arounds to apeak out on subfeots oueh as titis. Trmediatotu after the Election the ondominium trax were rowert, whath fobs wem given out in some areas to noonte who low never tigh tham freore, and the neople who contd affor? to hali comemmem: tho bon ono eacered. tax fres.

I an aty for tovat omport of this
country and have aluors stona for it. Howorer, wieneo tot us ar about it in the ooprent maners. This provarti, inderatand we notd to a grour of neonte some time aro. Tha mon? at that time who
 it. Why is there this rush mon I whinertcme thet the rapesent
 Fovemment to change the onemat. Donotomment Thm ohd whon wow boon reommended and rranareds and wom to be mitmittod th the wope? They have seen fit to ehonge all of that. I whametorl that tust moently a few woeks an thou wht toquther arichox conmitten withen a Conmittee within a Committaes to aturly the Devolomment and Flomning Lraw.
? take the wown which wome mentinned
 the Honourabte Bourth Fleoted nembre of Frecution Commit wen





 a foremment Momber, monared to om fown the thoate or the row de of this country a Dewelonment rifor whet word hem? mined it. Wo



 Nowth rids, and Prosrect one would hroe thot to howe five acres to build a home?
 blan which was monose? for this ountri at that timo ant that tan was being provosed and it had been acontor th the mecutios councit of the dali; because wain there wero mociat interent revors otomulina in the wings who would hove heen abte to thu we the hewt tare whon the Caymanians have, which ta tane. That is the orta moneu troy thate and
 then in a fow years we woute have heard tike we are traning now or revistion of the rlan. Where we cout futld ont on five neres before, we would have been able to buitd a hotel nowho no 5 , ono s aume feet if it was poserble to grt tive aromet poor takl. Yes, we have legitimate reasons to arine about this and so doon the tubtio, "m. Trosident.

That Member aroter whout the crocodits
tears. I can ascure him that the oromdite terpe ara not boing shed by the three membere of the Unity Tacm on thits sitle. Thay we beime ghed by the entrive mow te of this countru. Thery ore fring shed because them is tw mesent dimetton in commment. wo ono thom where we are headed. The ontin thiny thiteh the romitathon os a whote
 which hate in th the oontrozted neng of fovemment on well as the nows which is broadeast by the motio is teththo the momutation of this country that then is a new tax. Yon thoy wo hiting behind the word "regulations" and thepe is a nom romitation nori whioh two inoveasen the fres a thousratfoth. I won asour lim that theno cooodite tears are wrobthty going to fo ohed the him ont his rreanent abministration befow the 1088 Flection rolls aromen?

He axill that fonpemment ofno fogh is Sotncy the thinas which have to he wene, what the trive whioh then are not afraid to do. Yas, ton. peectiont, if I moty antrare on thato some of that is aorrect. I aqn asoure thin that th? 7 opd arministration had no fear at att in tutting formod the thiww whioh mow newensamp for the good of this countru. Howover, he ond hin aront bron mopor? to the neople of this countru that what thay hroe heen arie to do for them is break every momise which they aues mad? to them in the maction.
 the nationat debt to the moint where it it continums it ocm fre vem detrimentat to the 7 ong term oconomic atrabtitu of the oruntru. Whan it oomes to indeatem thame macres to he mothing lacering in that area. Indeeision has Freome ranmont. Veis, Mr. Pracident, the nanke hrove not fomotton and they wilt not fromet.

Ptipe 208 n fovemmant hod enant mate some time in the new romaration of a Denelmment Ditan inthet should hove been presented to the rearle in orth $1085 . x$ msi the Momber who fust sooke why did they not sumbte that, or is it folloming the oth mrecept which they have hem fot Inwing since the whetion in 1984, destroy cuerpthing thich wos done bu the prowous Govemmont, and in doine so doownti the oountra.

We have hearb a tot in thy? mate ahoist
 the Member did tasl out and tow to arvort my ontlochue? in mo momon. That was in regard to the resoning ohanoe for the frutt Fotet. mper have been so mary to weent rurise fon amsmthiry wivoln mon wovioust
 heing done during this admiviotration. it Least he mut Tris foot anto his mouth and te hoo whmiter that the whomets neme riven in the 1981 Govermment and not this one.

Theu ohanged the aoning but they firt mit

MR. JAMEE M. BODOEN:
Wety, theu sould nowen hove ont it

 thingo done.

Mo, M. Tpartont, wo an wes ware wo touch. Thou have oldimad eredit for owhything. Thic: is one mistake which the Member made in truping to hom the flome in anothor area this morning.

I notice on thtis mamosat, Mr. Pronident that it amoars that they are athmatin to then the stompatt. Yot, the Member who woke on it manded arainot it himsatif, homise the may think that he is the onity one who is fomilicu with the coratat lands of the Cauman Istonde. I an alad that ha omote nut and arth that the majority of land in that aren is ifonerome. कo. it with not reatly matter much whether we toer, the stomphet on not horause we have the corat showe in that area and manle witl alear away from that. They may not buitd withire the Ean feet of the ohome but it with. he there and not realluf as a stormbett. So the momber shoult not tmu to confues the bouse th telling the that we ara goting to lame a otombezt in that araa.

Mr. Fmosidents if I (om reading thins
 I think it is either 100 or 800 foat, me on the othery which is soned oommercialty. The rest of it is somad $I$ timit. this densitu residentiaz. Tonever, theu are ommint to us todau and asting us to sone wohably 200 aeree as hotet, resort areas. wh. "mondont, nownera in our tifetime an we exnet that wa with noet to tren in one narticutar area 200 acpen ompocinntely for a hintal. Indor our
 Where are we going to get the trumists from? Fon is ony infrastrmetur" going to deal with that. No. Mr. Frosicht, thero is mom to this than meets the are ard I home trat it witl survos. it is time that
 start taking Govemment in the diregtion whoh ith shouth on. Tt to time that we beome a covermmont wheng ann aton' on its decentons because the decisions are good for thi comtry. It is time that to do curcy with the hervy taration. It is tims to fo mony with omisis monagement.

MR. PREGIDENT:
Does any otherMomter tish to sperk?
The Elected Memper fow Nort? side.
MR, D. ERZABD MILLER:
Mr. tresident. $T$ wish to surmont this motion hefore the Fruse. thove ant here in the last to monthe and listened urith caue, antiwnation, interent and sometima cham to the dehate which takes ntoce in this Aspemblu.

This morning we shoutd he debating a motion to ehange the zontin of the Dhvelomment Plan, 1077 and ine have run the gambit from coupt fones to the whole meomum of Qomomment's nerformance, enatuation, taxes and armatiano aton. "Mr. Trastent. ae
 there hove been severat in the mant, rir. there was on in 10\%, 197, 1980, 1981, 1983, 1984 and 1985, a embination of amondments to the Planing tom and the regutations.

Mp. Trosident., Thatious then in most instrmoes what twiggers on omentment th the thanning tru is some develoner who oma a niees of 7 ond which the wonts to devalon thet doos not presently fatl within tre sonivir as it awsts in the nton. W, he
 the Law and seek a change in the romitatione ar tha thanming tun, resoming as necessamy to athow that dowetoment to tako thee onee Govermment agreee and the dovelotment monforms with othor tros in the country.

Mr. D. EZZARD MILLFB (COMTNYINC): wo when the moter of this motion satd that he was bringing it on whalf of on antiontion, to was being honest and straightforvard. Howerer, hir, Thave ontw heon at this tevel on the Fthon of the Asombly for 1.5 monthe but I thay beon in the gallemf of this Aesemplu for soperil years tistoniwn to dobetes. I have seen Members of Govermment, rutt, wothow moees of marier inth handuritten notes conceming changes neeled to the Denotmment ant Thanning Law, and the brontsticks on the other aid?, Sin, tota, for those chonges probatia without oven thowing what tot numbers or onything else they were woting from math lase being mosonted woth a plan as we have been this moming showing axactly what is ging to be tone.

Mr. President the covermment of thie
country must mu the countm. It must stimitatie devolomment cont when a devatover comes formard with a momosal which ts mon? for the eoonomy, is good for the country, oon forms with att of the Laws of the country, it mosts alt of the other olomnin? reouiromente, it is within Government's nrogrome for tha dovetoment of the oountry and it is necessary for an onmanent for yonoming, what thas to be done ho to be done, sir.

I sumort the cmandment to the
Devazorment Plan.
MR. PRESIDETT:
Woes any other Womber wish to sneak?
The Feond Electad Mmber for Geomy Tom
MR. LINFORD A. PERSGOF: Na. Yresi, ent, it was not mu intemtion to mreak on this Covemment Motinn. Howere, in vieth of the fieoussion which has gon? on on what $I$ see as a retativety ainm te matter, I foel romewhat constrainol to ompress aome of mo wews on the prococures and on this motion.

Mr. President, it war in movember
I helieve that you dinacted Mompers of this rouse that thelf shout? abide bu rroceduren and $T$ know that at that thme crotain Mmbern were not altowed any tativule in stmying from the Brit or mattor before the Fouse. I see this, firs as a poodent whioh is afiowes? in this Fouse where Hembers intiating o motron or Ritt rpe alloued a tot of tatitude, but then this is cut off as the dotate wams w in this House, Whent wanting to be emitiont, cir, I foltona that mpre disenpine is mervires in this fouse and that stronger quide.. lines should be onformed bry you, the I कo mot feel that it is Doing this House or this onuntry mis anod when Members ano aflowed to get ur in this House and tatk afout a lot of imetovmt rubbish. I feel. Sir, that we should be deating whth the mattere of theth are preschted to this House.

Rearmpess af the why in when this motion acme about $T$ botieve that wo att here whitl a7wo trat it io necessari. I know and I aqree with the movinus apenkere thet newhos it was unfortunats that the momber moving tris motion srif that to was brouht in onden to eatisfis the theliontim hrourht the doveloners. Howevex, as stated th the ETwoted Mombore for North Side many such similar motions hown heen trourct to the house Trecouse of simitar momuste thit tose not moch, cirs that a comprehensive stuiby shate not be mare at thio tho for a nevotopment and Planning $L$ nw and these amoo shoult he oronerly morod out. I too do not heliavo in managment hy orivis hut $I$ do not hetieve that this is a case whepe this rartioulor manarement hu crists tom could he arotiod.
 does this Fouse and :ood to herr remarts mints rs then to the most
 io couse other Members to mentu in simitar temon ro tave a vert
 President as cheaker of this Fouse to maintain the monor tooomun. otherwise we are going to be teteriorotine tin our tavete ar tiobate. We are going to he dotemorating in our donomum the the Foune.
$T$ ance, rix that itt is the pricht and the nruvitege of the roverment honch to monot themertoess as to

 are arocodite tears now on whether blon with the shot in toph, mith nemsin to be geen.
ho are nom th 708r. lou tre not hark

 wo trey to confine oun fideas and oun $n$ terns to tho wheont and future douelomment of this countri.

Nu. Presifont, rimint that tt is mot

 shdeen that other areas for devolonment. with brow to he arathe
 area. I alao note, sin, that the wesmin\% romosor Thom ton tenoty moldentigl to hotel, toumism aould atve the throersion tiont this is strietly for hotele ane that wo ane amaeting ther thotole mhinen with
 near futwre, $I$ do not think that thes to o onrenct qeagsamemt. $J$
 when woutd inotude other fomm of tourint reommorition awoces

Mr. raesthont, I m bobathy mmased to

 matters of this marmituto ant importrice. Fonevar, I in then that this hamens from time to time. None the trase, Mru presithont. I foot
 Bench to allou enough time on that motmons Biths, atootoma of this

"Mr. Thosichert, $T$ fect thent this motron Whil asoigt in the develonment of thits oountru ant the forotoment or
 inductru. I have no theortation. Mr. Trosident, triving tine motron mu full summort.

[^0] Trand Cryman which throy is userien, to feomm wanduction. Mottions. of dollars witl bo went and be intenter into nur eanom in develomin: this lom to a use which with he tonertaid. Int ot otox trens ohicht are submerged simitro to this we send huntrons of thouronts of
Whtars through the Moquito pesearoh and Contron thit to omomot the

 mom years, It is not somethinc whin will hemen ovemint. with something of this mambiude we are monohty looking dom the line ton or fifteen years hefore we with have al7 of this lopetoned. in am sume
 residentiat areas.

## $I$ feot that we as mistators must thok

to the future ond not dwell ontirely on the wast. Wh mut thu to devatop the Cauman Iolomis to Futt the montation metto nods of the future. Whe have achoot teavors eroh yoms coming out of se? They need emotoyment. If we do not tent to tonetom our countrm whom is the money soming from, and where are the forn noming from to sumply the needa? Lot us not dirolt in the rast, Mr. Promilont, hut lot uo try to shoulder our resmonstritities as Dempoontativos of ctu monta. In m, Distmict now we hrve serious nmpleme. townew, we armot tipe
 to sotve thamsetwes. Wh have to wom to sotwe thom. I mosh thatay
 this. We woutd oortaintu see that he wan onownceat in owem wor
 thio House that we mumom foreinn investomo whe thou ore oming there with genuine invostmento which Mtt. Fonsfit theas Tolrods and mity devezon them bound nur own abitidn to drontom.

Whth then fow whols, Mr. Tresedtent,
I sumpert the motion.
\%. PRHSTDEVT:

MTs. DIPHMF T, ORRTGY:
Mr. Trosertent, I miso in sumpt of the
maton before ve. I reatl vorg at array that bome yeare aro there
 $r$ would like to remind Membere of thes When that when that nten was
 outd not be ohonasd. It was thtended at that time that attar a
 bo be made towtd be dome at that time if neooss rmu.

I think ham to have a aco them thas beasion has ariaon and it is a sinmla matter of having to mesons this area in acoordance with the miminat imtention of tha themment whon they made the omiginat intan. fo, I do not one what trom shuth he so much controversy ower this partioutctr arga and $r$ sumort tho motion.
powerer. Mr. Epariflont, at the nutrat of
this seasion $t$ woutd the to voine somp erach hrms, singe tha mother
 or the chrin to Mombers tre oncomert for the shont time thet I hovo sat in this House the roblem sems to amise, rim, not on whe? from ? loct of unur carputing out pour prononsitutitw tovaras the mombers
 at thits noint in time to voion mi oncom thot at7. Mombon of thro
 Tt is sitid that you can take the man out of the onotro tut und ganme toke the onuntry nut of the mon. I hetheve that the fromoromar art actions of Members in this Fmase alearlu Montrom tho tymof inftuvinu? that he or the is.
 Gesaion we wout behoue ourbetvee in a resmathul monner on? that ot no tine it be infermed that the rrobtem in thes moue in as a mesult. of a lack of enforcoment of disointine an the wht of the ofrip.
 of Mombere in respecting the Cherr. Mr. Tresident. I wouth wome that here hove a very sensibte ond worthinhite cesvion and that it the recomnser that some neorite get timet of tistening to ratetiliom wh? rhatomio on the radio.

With thot, sin, 7 mole live to aroin state that I sumort the motion wh $I$ trust that then mempere urit see fit to do likemse. Thant uou,
 I would just like to aalt retention to the Memben wa no ane ttom seen in this man. I am trusting that in resoning this arat thay witt remember that a now moad has to be ruity from Genpe "rown to ghot Bau.
 ation in roboning this area. whis orea is in mansthtuencu ond
 Fay $I$ am going to sumport no matter what lint of cmint we hace.

I mone that tha mutromtien here, cmot I poe severat of them here this momint, wht thate what I bat into coneideration. I foel that it is a valin mint. no hove to hutt a now mord between Hest bay and benore Tom ond $t$ thint trat nomething whe brought ur in the delate ahout the 3975 Drowoment otron. I did not sumore that racn in ite ontiretre that I low owe thina, and mading the nlan there, thare was a mad nlanal for loot hay. What in the world it has not hean done yet. I do not mw. Thnowor, wou oan betieve that they how fetter trks it into oownhmention heoruse we have serinus mpobiems trowotting from wot sum to feome Tom on that hichway. So, I trust bingt the rateumht outhorition....
 moment, $t$ am toth that the the in rhout to man wht. Tr ine in mine to Cintsh withth hatf a minute or Be otrintht, ronevers if he in coing to continue fon some minutes be mingt, to that to thent.
 that the relevant outhorities whit totre it into aomsthomtion. $\bar{i}$ om aivinh mu nuront to tho motron.
$T+$ fhink thot in wont of the fact that
MR. PRESTDEMT:
tho tape ts about to man out, this with be a anvomiont mometnt to susvend mpoegdinge fom tuner. I buggest thet in nesume ro 2. It pam.

## FYUSF RESUMRD AT $2.95 * \cdot M$.

Tlothe ?re gented.
Coverment Business. onomment Motion Mo. $2 / 86$. The debate is resumed. Does miv other Fonnurate momben wiah to speak? the Honourahle Seoond Flecter Mombre of rreoutho Councit.

HON. W. NOBMAK BODDEN: Mr. Trenidert, Throve athoys heand
the exroseston of motent a mountrin out of a motshith, wholl I helieve transtated in other worde is tree some as mund ado atomet nothing. It has never onaned to ances mo the wido monving Tobate whioh an devolon in this House from atraitht forments prorer and mocossary motion suoh as the one, Coverment Motion mo. 2/as, worm is mresently before this Fonourable Howe.

This Covermment inas osnaistent tu bean
romsed of doing nothing to stimulate the noonoma or enonumat? development. Yet, when a motion of thto nature to hroucht whioh is witat to the continued develomment of tite onuntru, nothing the nit
 rarte, evon the manar in which it was intmoluow fom the wmber"s onenting remarks.

The Euatt nootoct was avon hrourht in to the dobate and also in a peoent lotter to the reess Govemment whs aecused of takine the atory fore thise mojogt, on tho traise ond oredit for it. It is my virn, firs, that it in not imortant who stanted it becaurs I frat that this conommont in tor own wau
 be bome in mind that it is mot he wo strmbe the prom who wing it, but the who onmmtetes it.

> Nhp. Trosident, when Hoe toon sate arout

 tha resoning from low density mesidential to hoted ond brumem the ware of land which has been descrited in the wtew which how hren attrohed. To my mind it in a nomm ant recuthed rrooefure thioh hos boon used time and time arain as has heen minted out rowevonaty. It is not in the Zaast hit unusuml. Tt. is in keoping with the
 to the eontinued deveioment of thum:m ant the future rrosmamity of this countrit. This is what ohnut he of namomaty fintroxtenon to all of us in this House.

I वm nup, six, that mith imontor onfidence remaininc at the theitht at which it to at the rresent time, there is no doubt that there with bo otwar simitar motione befors this House. I can onty howe that they witt bo treated with are and tue consideration, and atvon the onrit of sumort ?y Mombers which the motion is due.
writh thes': words, Mr. "posident, I sumprt fovermment motion Me. $9 / 86$ me $I$ thonk unu.
Fehmary, and theme was reathe no wromen for it to tho on whe lyentio
have apmeared to home owtimbed the mothon at tha atrot of the
debate, amorently sumorted it in the shd.
r hove wo doubt, Ph. Peon, font, as to
motion and who did what in the aase of nowoning atore that rover
stotement $I$ shoutd sab as it rosombton mowe $a$ stotement thom $r$
in mu oninion, was not mantly wom whe ot those wh tooked at the
soning of thet Goven Mite Bomen waek. Trat to the reroon whu avomp
registative Asommbly for pemmonion to nam tho tran the thet
narticulan arag. Cavtainth. some of thosa nho oom to mind ron
iws atoo rresented twre ha the arevinua Admintstrotion. The brhte
shonld never thwou etones. what aroties in lino atos.
rivg thare wace att that forprare? of
omosition this morning to this motion is peyond ma. fit? eome
seem to luave moox memories and are not mactu muttinc frote tomethen
before they opeak.

MR. G. HATG BODDED:
How ech we wut them torethor when we get the motion as we are ontrin hene? whe Govermont doos not move us time.

MP. TREGTDFMS: Onor, orvor. Nombone thon that they
should not intermunt.

 is about alt you get from them.

Mr. Prasifont, or lot nar achl arimit the 1977 nhonning statemont wht that the matter of the monsion of throt statement was deate with th 1904 an? wos 70 ft fom thris Govemmant to deat with, whd this is 1986 ance we have wot touctad it vat. whot, Mr. Tresident, tet me ady thas. wh how mited a tot of atrotothe out or our drowere and cobinete and that whe one or ithen. whon wo docominod it.
 rpound the summer of 1084. It was merorter to poontive roinctit and it was decided to dofer the mother.
 matter io afain beyond me. Wow we are hinh bymed for not muttina formack the revistion which wae done the the revious acministwation. We mulled a tot of sketetons, Mr. Mresincont", ont of those clonsta. We have mut fleeh on some of them and be have trowne them. the dit not deat with them ourbetvos. Fie tir? with tham what we tote the mente in our ammargh that we muld do, That to that they would be rut formard for their comments and that anu mano tosurn romeing
 whet we are doing. ff they did a novteron of that statamant, nearitless of what it is, wa as a Govemment mitt not neeent it ard rut it fomord here. wha are ging to wht it to the morie mid ape are roing to ask the nemt? whether then whet to hane a nevisions and if so, what sont of mevision then witt wis? It wht ho done the nistriots and ench District wilt have the omortunity os mokincy to own invut into that rovisim.

However, T wirns. Fr, Freaident, that * revision of that wim or statanent is necessami. othomvise we whid not be omin here so often to ask roximisminn of this Leatalotive Assembly to vary the sontro of nartioulty aress of thens Tstande.
sh. Jrasticent, who of the Members, the Second Eteatea Member for Eodden whm ant thet towotover' are onfused when thay come here. Wetl. of coures titoy are. I an confued at times mfort hecouse whon 7 think trit of towtormont orm
 go to the Lreaistation Ansmbth fom aming armown For a chono of sming". So, it is not onth omfuring to dovernomg who oome hare when they ask for wionning momisaion. It who foomers onfuring to us. So, I aqme that a meviaion of thate rich is moomonuru.

Wor, Mr. Provitent, $T$ on mo that that same mast Almintstration misht wee the nogreion for the monision of that rumning statement in the ante waw thet the till the prowsen
 mbeded Member for Bodten town own wountit me af torn thin e contrary to the widz of the muthic. I inant to moinit Mimberg now


 Covemment. I woowted that rosition. So, I to not knod realitu What benefit the Momber with otatin at this vartioular time from bloming me as an officiol hember then for the thon powetomont: pion. One might as weth start hraming the nerson who is nor tar titat
 the kimber conventiontlustrue mont from doing much o lhiwe.

Ir. Prostent, imentior wers aten mels have that indecision is beoming wemp wament. Trat in mu minton, Mr. Prosident, is an irrearonaitto atatemant. Wo omptrint oon moke teoisions. There is no ouestion rout this at aty. to are net. ... afraid of decisions and we are atom trathens that fromions am in the best intrepests of the mubles.

Amothor ipnesonaible statrmat was that we were invotved in manafoment to crisra. Wo tion fint a omions in this Govermment when we tonk over to inoomber. fors and we ondervoured as a groun of pera omtinus idminiaty vtors to dath with that emisis position. one was that the atimine wh ore the werge of
 with it. Praise be, the aiplthe is attill fiying.
 We found no Reserves there. for instance. We hod to verotwe the position in one way or another and the avutry is atitl sotyent. These are orisis positions, Mre Precidente which we had to ten? with. However, by no means do we onemte my omsis.

Mr, Fresident, the ceplorment atong that peninsula of West kat Road has mow alvantages to it. ane which $I$ omitted to mention thie morning in onening the lebate on this motion was that that particular area is tooker pon as a mpme tourist area. It is an area which iw endeavoured to vace umber ontrol fron mospuito and sondfly pests. we had to th that of zewnise the hotels would not retain touriets. Wh remomber in the daus then mooruiton were prevalent dom there touriste woult wom? i\% one evemth and lean the next morning. Trey could not take anothar mighty of it. Co, we atuays have to be watehing the proamome of aomion atova that amen. The of the advantages of devetomment in the areat so that those portioular areas with mia thementoen of moscuton ar thon devolop. s, we should not miss that point either.

Another ooint about that Soven Mito Seach araa, Mr. Prosident. is one made bu the ocond theoted Momber for West Bat, reminting Covemment of tha oromore? hu-pans roat ${ }^{7}$
 dosurance that that is foremost in the minho of conmment whanover we deal with develoment in that area. I an nome that at? noterntia? develoners in the arod ore mita cuare of this. In rapt. the Fovemmant is inst about to mount a stubly for that warticolan roctray devalonment. As soon as the etuly is emmiater the mattor with be dealt with in th? ampominte marney The the tanmina Denartment and then bu compament. Howner, the bomber com Fer arsured that that is not going to tre rompotm.

Whe last thing $T$ and montrom. Mr.
 this moming mafe mation that the fovenment wo introchering now court fines. This is conother attermt to hacoive tho mithe. Thou are probatwi teacoing themsotwes too. That tha womber mioht he reforming to and the ontin thin? whinh I adr mot it to, is in the
 in seotion $s$ decting with increaser encot finos. Whit, that meminded me of the fult tax iscue whing then arte income tax, thenause
 means an inowease in the sentencring of an rocasor.

Nom. Frestifont, thexe aro mony thengs
 an sure that ot her Monbowe mith mon wonsilometion for the metare
 oointa, and have roathi empensed ooncem that mon then ride are


 ment wae in charge nobork went around and thtonemad with tham. When
 t.n here. Tom marelit was thowe ary ntrong omonttion aganot theire measures. Anduay, we arn take whot whontrom nomes to us. Mur shouthers are broad anough. Fowon, araing mo momelent. it mith foin the other speakers ino omponsel onom ahout this attitude in hore.
spr. Froeitont, a ontrachue fors fust Crown my attention to the fact that wheme tho fromethon witht horo


 fines". That is pophare the some mentatity which wherw dout

WOY. VASSEL G. TOHMSON (COMTINTMG): tivis momina. Foweding if we read the amendment bith na witt see that it in not a mathen of raising rovenus. It is a matton or ingrensing fines. $T$ artid tiot already but the measure in the Low to to incrocns the pomo of the court where finen are connemed. It is not mothi iverevaing revenue beomue wo might never aam ant rewomue from those fines.

Mr. Prostent, I woutd ask Mombens to give this motion thar Kind support. I cm somp that this tacs turned into such a long debato. Forvever. I lhot, at the Terinning of a new Session peopte ame here fresh and with a lot of onamy and enthusiasm to speak, and theu have to find something to tort obout.

So. Mr. Pmotident, I supoort the
motion.
The motron Fe fore the bouse is
MR. PRESIDENY:
Covermment Motion olo. $2 / 86$ altering the Develonment Dtans 7n77. I with not read its full terms bectuge monhers have heare? thom ond have the text before them.

OHESTION PUT: AGREED. GOVERVMET MOTON MO. $2 / 86$ DAGKED.
MR. PRESIDRNT:
Other masimoss. Pribute Memers,
Motions. Pminate Momer's Motion No. $1 / \mathrm{gh}$. The Gecond Ftected
Nomber for Wrest Bay.
PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTTON NO $1 / 90$
DFAFT REGULATIONG TO THT PARTMRRMIP LAN 1083
 Member's Motion Vo. $1 / 19$ stantina in ma mone which merds:-

> "WHERFAS the Ditutnemship Tow has theen in fores since $108 \%$,

BRI IT GFGLVED that bovermment mike rogutatione providth for megtatration and conual fees to be prid under this $I_{\text {uta }}$ :"


Member's Motion No. 1/86 deatino with Fraft macutations to the Partnership totn, the termis of which have fust heen moad nut hy the mover. Does the mower wint to aports the moth motion?

 revenue eamere to better norve our poorle. Mr. prestont. from mu constrivencu, to nome a few thinas, $r$ thave a tist for wats as tono as marm. I am also hooing for a nowh ont ra conmanity lifinath, Although bhese are atmakiy in the ploming stace and witt not he Covernment stonsomat, who know, t mad hem, to mate a pubmisstor to Govermment for some aid for those mootects too. Wh. if wo non art additionat rovenue from this soureo $w$ must hole $\%$ t. $T$ an doncement that poonle have and an continue to pool their reenurecs as $\alpha$ nartnershiv wather than a company to rooid maing rowemment fees.
 कoverment overhaut the Fartnersh in fou and draft regulations so as to allow foes to be paid. I trust biat att membene wiz. Th ahto to sunport this motion.

Thank yot. Stix.
MR. PRESTDEXTT:
Whe motion is nom from dekate. Does


 have meetings with members of the minote seetor on mant oecrsions who are serving on a consuttotivo armitthe of thatin I am Chriman.
 disoused. It was thought then that the rom needed amonchent, as it was to some members not as an attraction wioce of tegislation as whe had earlier thought. Noting chat aome weit ? mom burthoss arear were changing their partnerohio traistation $t$ aureed that the Momber should mut forward an amondmant after monoutctitom with the lagat soureses in, for exmpte, Detakore, Jnited States. ond towiton,

If: has taten quito some time, wr.
Frosident, but a draft persion of that mondmett to now itth ma an?
 recomending it formatily to cooemment. promuse tha: amerdment was taking guite some tine, Govomment thy anmina the nownbetitu of oharging annuat. fees during the onnstomation of the toon maget:
 aharging focs on timited partnershins wo nowertome th tho range
 we thought at the times aimoe wo whe rascing or mitring forwort so mony different inoreases in athm tequstation, thet thas not at that time timelu.

Honever, $T S$ I mentioned arriter, Mr. President, wa now ivove a draft amendmant so tit if way titoty theat before the olose of 1496 the cmentment wil7. Wh in olros rent the fee charging limited partnorships.

Thank when, wrosident.
ME. PRESIDFMT:

Toum。

 Goverment businoss shatt have proadrach work privat: Mmers"

 because no attemit hae hem mate to cuomont the Stonding andon in tuestion.

Min. PRESIDEVT:
Parhaper i thet hettre just dent with that point muselfs since it mperme to $b$ sa noint afluesned to me. The underetomining is that it con togat7w cone hem whtose thire is Goverment business which has preceleme owor it. .-xfertare is not cony such Govermment business, thers is no need to suspon? Strmbint: omers.

MR, PRESIDENT (CONTINUIBG): I 4 undomtombing Turther is that no: covemment business is yet rendu hecoune mot miffionent notice who given of the various Govemment Bithe and an an to onoto them to ome today unless it anding omens were survended, and that in deference to the known wiohes of many wembere it is thougtt preferable to avoid brincing in Govemment mocsures whioh sout. only be brought in bu suspending standing ordaro.

क. I think that that i.s the
exrëanation.
MR. G. BATG BODDEV: ... Mr. Thooment., whita I om aoont your Bunconation, the foot is that wo dit not ampet to dotate this Private Member's Motion untit next week Mhursday, If tor Puethoso Conmittee were outting it on this moming: Order Ponar then ahould hate had the courtegu to tet the Momberg thon that a Private Momber's Motion would be on todat's Onder Domer. If then were muttriv? on a Pmivate Member's Motion whu did then not soe itt to mut motions on as well? . Is it beocuse they controt. the mosiwoo ommittoc ant they controt the Orier Paner that thay ean mut un at this quott disaduantage in our dalates?

Wo had this hownen sme timo wo when Pmivate Member's Motione wom put dow for a Tursdon moming, when there was definitely foverment business whinh owild hav ron on the Agendr, iusb heoruse one Member of macutivo counct whs lawime the Islands and wonted to lend his supmart to the wrivate Momber.. totion.

MT. W. MORFWTA BUSH:
whroh om? wer that?
MR. A. HAIS BODDFTI:
motho tis mot good enouqua.
MR. k . MOKEEVA BUSH:
Whice? motion wea that?
MR. C. HATG BOODRN:
We hiowe ctomding nowire and Momews arpeot to folzot tham. When there in this thme or deviation, certaxintis the Members should he advishd beforehant. we shombd reaeive a totanhone catt ow acme notige be fore ? ston in the ctramber.
 the Chatemon sent to them?
 mecerved.

Aleo, Mr. Trastitent, $t$ ses no urioncu
 taren on the peombe of these Trimods. To the molinou of frmommont to


 be put forward an an attomatho to Govormment's tomos whiche fort nuch horeder thon this one witt on the litote mon.

However, $f$ frot, thet ant two mortume offered to thin House would nower be taken as on attermatrone It. would bo an additional trat an thin one arntathty with Fro. athe Smber presenting the motion has mentione? thut hu? hos iendertaken a

 to support it.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN (COXTYMTYG): Todon $T$ emnot sumont this motion
 study it for the reasome stated. Seondth, to thin time it mith he maditionat tax and not on attemative to axisting tawes.

So, Mr. जmesifont, $I$ witl houn to disarree with tho motion. but more so with the mannor in which it han oome to us, without any time to montise that it wouth ?ro dealt mith on a duy difforent from the day not dom for tryonte Members, Motions. Again I question whit ons thiss motion have thenerdences ow an adoantage over the other Private Members' Matrims? Ts it heomse tht is to be dohated todon, being twe orexing chu, when then cre sure to have a few poonte in the gallend?

IT an alamed at ongot is hrmpenina to
busineso ooming before the Fouse and contrinty I ocmot arrec with this motion.

MS. PRESTDFET:
Doas any ot thar wemper woh to mech?
 norry, wou did not get ur, The Honomble rimol Offioial Momber.
 Buainess Committee I think that I should anisurn the Geon? Fionted Hember for Rodden Pom.
when wo trene tooking ot at? the
business manere we discovered that tirg was no othor fovarmment business which we routd mat on the Acentr for todot. wod we did not wont to lose a bta portion of the how. Wo, wo fuot nut that motion theren We wore contembating mutting the other the fot wa did not fitrure that we would have anouct time to so ath of them that is the reasom, Mr. Dresident. Thore was phother motion helind it. He could not to any mestions and an m. met it mas mat on the loevdr in aood faith.
 Wha does the moner wist to aromien lits whtht of monta?

 the Goveminent to dran un maulatione fors with hat the maonte whom we sem to came most for in this tones, ine titttha mon on the street?

Tom who spoke on it nat that the ootd not nomort the mothon. Wr, President, I tike the way that Member tmon to matinntise the omosition to the motion. In sous thet herempet support it nom,


 untess the Govemmont is promma to kith this motion mat.

When the monourahts Finmaiot. Rectetray
brings a bill: on ana of the wombers on the offiotat atde pring
 supporting it beocume it wats the Fientod side whe drafted it and then cre bringing it, Now we with surport onl of the thinge when the Honoumble Finanotat Socretan mioht briva.

Mr. Dond tent, $t$ witt fuat bo wastinct
the time of the Hours if I royly to tha momber berman the has not. mode on inteltigent dobets. I will not oare to stom hore and wate time to answer him. In ank the Mombre for their hutt aumorti on this motion and truet that they irth find it moselite to aive it.

The motion hefore the pouse is privete Nambers Motion No. 1/96 about druft remutherins to whe Tritmonomity titw, 1983 . The terms of this thow wen reat out and wombere have then before them. I with nut the cusstion.

MJRSTION PUT: AYFS AND NOES.
MR. W. MOREFVA BUSE:
May I hava a uivision, Mr. Treaidont?
QT. PRESIDENT:
Certainzy.

## DIVIGTOM <br> iㅣ. $1 / 86$

## $A^{Y}{ }^{Y} E_{S}$

MOES

Hon. Dennis H. Foster
Hon. Mishaet T. Brodten
Uon. Thomas C. Jeffemon.
Won. Banson O. Ebanks
Hon. W, Whrmen Bolden
Hon. Crpt. Cluarles In Kirkeonnett.
Hon. Taspe? $G$. Johnson
Tr. V. MaKeeva Burt.
Mre Daphne L. Orvett
Mr. Linford A. Piterson
Cont. Mahry S. Kirkconnet.
Mr. D. Esand Mitler

Mr. Gr. Faig podden

DRTWATR MEMBER'S MOTTON v. 1/86
PAGSED RY MADORITV.

## ADTFOURMMENT?

MON. DENMIS H. FOSTPR:
Mr. Presidnat, I mowe the adjoummant

$\frac{\text { MT. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { adimim }}$
admum unt
OURSYION PUT:

The motion in thati this Fouse do noui

$A G R E T O$.



STATE OFENING AND FJRSY MEETING OF THE (1986) SESSTON OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
HEED ON MONDAY, $3 \bar{L} D$ MARCHI $_{2} 1986$ (SECOND DAY)

| PRESENT WERE: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOF, MR G | PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - Phesident |
| GOVEINMENT | MEMBETS |
|  | FIRST OFFICIIL MEMFER HESFONSIELE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERMML AFFATRS |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, Q $^{\text {C, }}$ LL, B | SECONL OFFTCIAL MEMBEF IZSSONSIBLE FOR. LBGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OEE, JP | THTHD OFFICIIL MEMBEH HESEONSIRLE FOK FINANCE AND DEVELOTNENT |
| HON BENEON O EDANKS | MEMPER RESFONSIBEE FOR AEALTH BGUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W MOIMAN DODDEN, MBE | MEMBET RESRONSIBLE FOI: TOURISM AVIATYON AND TFADE |
| HON CART CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMEEF HESPONSISLE FOT COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTTIATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, IP | MEMBET RZSFONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATUFAL HESOUFCES |

## ELECTED MEMEEFS

| MR W McKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMTYER FOH THE FIRST ELECYORAL DISTRICT OF WESTA BAY |
| :---: | :---: |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THIMD ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE FIRST ELECTOLAL DISTIFCT OF WEST BAY |
| M/F LINFORD A PIEISION, JP | SECOM ELECTED MEMZEI' FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTIIC? OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY 5 KIRKCONNELL | FIFIST ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE THIRD ELECTOLGL DISTHICT OF LESSER ISLANOS |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIFSG ELECTED MEMIEN' FOK THE FOURTH ELECTOHAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MA G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMPETY FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF BODOEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZAFD MILLEF | ELECTED MEMEET FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTEICH OE NORTH SIIE |
| MR JOHN B M ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (EAN | WIECTED MEMEET FOH THE SIXTH ELECTORAL - DISTIICT OF EAST END |

# ORDER FAPER 

1986 STATE OPENING
MONDAY
3RD MARCH: 1980
(SECOND DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST DAY.
$\therefore$ RRESENTATLON OF EETITIONS
(i) PETITION NO. 1/86

REFORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE ELECTIONS LAN
TO DE PRESENTED RY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMTER FO\$ GEORGE TOWN.
(ii) PETITION NO. 2/86

1986 BUDGET AND REVENUE MEIASUEES
TO BE PRESENTED BY THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END.
3. QUESTIONS

TYE SECOND ELECTED MEMPER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK TFE HONOURAELE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSITVLE FOF COMMUNICATTONG WORKS AND DISTRIICT ADMINISTRATIOI

> NO. 1: WOULD THE HONOURA BLE MENBEF STATE WHAT IS THE OPERATIVE DATE OF THE NEW OH RENEWED FRANCHISE RETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND CARIBBEAN UTILITIES CO LTD?
NO. 2: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMOE STATF WHAT ARE THE SPECIFIC CHANGES MADE BY THE NEW OR FUSEWED FRANCHISE BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AND CARTGDEAN UTILITIES CO LTD?

NO. 3: WOULD THE HONOUFADLE MEMZEF STATE FOW THESE CEANGES AFFECT THE ELECTRICITY RATES PAYABLE DY CONSUMEFS?

THE ELECTED MEMEER FOR DOFTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOUFABLE FIFST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTETNAL AND EXTERNAL AFPATRS

> NO. $4: \because$ WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WEAT TIE PRESENY RANTO OF NON-CAYMINIANS TO CAYMANIANS IS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE, INCLUDING TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS?

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOF NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE FONOULABLE FIRST ELECTEL MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIT RESPONSIDEE FOR FEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCTGL SEFVICES

[^1] MEMBE: OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL IESPONGIELE FOR IOUNTSM AVTITION AND TRADE

NO. 6: WOULD THE HONOUFGBLE MENEET: STATE HOW MANY FOREIGN FILOTS ANE NOW EMDLOYED DY CAYMAN ATIWAYS AND IN WHAT POSITIONS?
 MEMDER FIZSPONSTHLE FOR INTEFNAL AND EXTERNAL AFEATFS

NO, 7: WOULD THE HONOULADLE MFMPFI STATE HOW MANY FOLTCR OFEICERS ARE NOW EMPLOYED TN FACH LWPARTWENT OF THE HOYAL CAYMAN TSLANDS POLICE ANE HOW MANY OE PHOSE MLE NOW CAYMANIAN, AND WHRT ARE THEIT TANKSS?

MO. 8: WOULD THE HONOURMBLE MEMRET STATQ WHAS QUALIFICATEIONS ARE REQULAEF FON APPOINTMENT TO THE POST.OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL AND FAVE PLANS BEEN MADE TO APLOINT A CAYMAIVIAM?

THE ELECTED MEMBEN FOR EAST' END TO ASK THE HONOUAABLE THITD OFFICIAL MEMDER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCK AND DEVELOPMENT

NO. 9. WOULD THE HONOURARLE MEMSER STATE WHAT DUTY WAS EAID ON EACH SPECIPIC PTECE OF EQUFFMBNT BFOUCHIT INTO THE ISLAND IN CONNECTION WITH THE CAYMAN TSLANDG YACHI CUOH PROJECT?
$\therefore$ COVERNMENT BUSINESS
(i) MOTION:-

THE HONOUPABLE FITST OFFTCTAL MEWEEF, LEADER OF GOVERNMENI BUSINESS TO MOVE -
"BE IT RESOLV'ED THAT THIS WOMOURABLE LEGISL"ITVE ASSEMDLY RECORDS TTS GRATEFUL THANKS TO HTS EXCELLENCY THE GOVETNOL FOK WHE GRACIOUS ADDRESG DELIVERED ON FRIDAY, $28 T H$ FTDRUARY, 1986.".
(ii) COMMENCEMENT OF DEDAIE ON THE THTONE SPEECH

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# MONDAY <br> SRD MARCH, 1986 

10:13 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHINE L. ORRETT:: . $\quad$ Let us pray.
Almighty Goct; from whom all wisdom and power are derived: we bescech Thee so to direct and prosper the detiberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled, that atl thinge may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of Thy Nome and for the safety, honowr and wetfare of the people of these Islande.

Bless our Sovereign Lody Queen
Elizabsth, the Queen Mother, Philip Duke of Edintburgh, Charles Prince of Wales, Diana Princess of Wales and alt the Royal Famity. Give grace to all who exercise authority in our Commonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be established among us. Especially we pray for the Governor of our Islonds, the Members of the Exeoutive Councit and Members of the Legistative Assemblu that they may be enabled faithfulzy to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great Name's sake, Amen.

Our Father, which art in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy Nome, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done in earth as it is in Heaiven. Give us this day our daity bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass againet us; And lead us not into temptation; but deliver us from evil: For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the glary, for ever and ever, Amen.

The tord bless us and keep us; The Lord make his face shine upon us and be gracious unto us; The Lord lift up his counterance. upon us, and give us peace now and aluaye. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:<br>Elected Member for George Toum.<br>Please be seated.<br>Presentation of Petitions, the seoond

## PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS

PETITION NO. $1 / 86$
REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMTTEE ON THE ELECTIONS LAW
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Nr. President, in accordance with Standing Order $15(2)$ in the Phesentation of Petitior No, 1/86; I shall confine myself to a breief statement of the Petitioners and to the reading of the prayer of the petition.

Mr. President, at the last meeting of this House, the Select Committee of the whole House appointed to study eertain recommendations, with a view to preparing an amending Bill, submitted their Report which among other matters, recommended thot Section 4. of the Elections Law 1983 be revised to have the effeot of introduoing Single Member Constituencies. The reconnended changes to Section 4, of the Election Law are as foilows:

## MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING):

'The Electoral Distriets in Grand Cayman which have multiple representation, be sub-divided into Single Member Constituenoies to correspond with the number of representatives, but that Electoral Districts boundaries remain the same, and further that due to the particular circumatances no change be made to the District of the Lesser Islands.'

Following the dobate on the select:
Cormittee's Report, it was agreed by the Howe that Members should take this matter back to their constituents, and raport back to this House on their findings, hence Mr. Fresident the reason for this Petition.

Mr. President, the Petition of the undersigned, Alfred Lawrence Thompson Senior and 383 other pereons is supported by a further 353 signatures which $I$ did not have time to check against the Voters Registration List. As will be noted from the Petition, the 384 signatures inetuding the main petitioner are those which were verified from the Voters Registration List. Of the total number inctuding those not verified is 737 signatures.

Mr. President the establishment of constituency boundaries is one of the most fundamental elements of the electoral oystem in a Parliamentaiy democracy. Much oare must therefore be exercised in any contemplated changes to introduce Single Member Constituencies within those Electoral Districts with multiple representation.

Mr. Fresident, one of the major factors to be considered in the introduction of the Single Member Constituencies is the danger of cerrymandering. Mr. Fresident, $a s$ I am confined in accordance with standing orders to make ontid a Brief statement on this Petition, I will now read the prayer of this petition.

WHEREFORE YOUR PETITIONE P PRAYS THAT YOUR HONOURABLE ASSEMBLY
witl reject the proposed amendment to Section 4. of the Election Law 1983, as contained in the Conmittee's Report
in question, which was presented to this Honourable House on the 6th December, 1985. Provided that in the event your Honourable Assembly questions the authentioity of the signatures, or whether a majority may be represented in this Petition, we will rebolve to seek the views of each registered voter of each Electoral. District in the form of an official raferendum, or poling of the registered voters, AND YOUR PETITIONER, AS IN DUTY BOLND WILL EVER PRAY, and this is signed by Mr. Alfred Lawrence Thomson Senior.'

Mr. President, from the Report of the Select Committec presented by the Honourable Second Offiant Member, I gather that eventually, the Comittee uoutd be reappointed to consider the input of Members, and I take this opportumity to move for the reappointment of the Committee in accordance with standing Orders, Seation 15(4) to consider this Potition together with the input of other Members.

Thank you Mr. Freaident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
lie upon the Table.
Firstly, may I order that the Petition
secondly, if I have understood the
Member correctly, his purpose is to move for it to be referred, for the Petition to be referred to a Setect Conmittec, but for the select Committee also to be enpowered to review any input from other Members and to review the whole of the recommendations and rerort, which that Seleet Committee earlier submitted

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): I think in that aase, it would probably be helpfut to the House if I say, that hopefully it witl be possiblec for me to accept the Mition, athough it may stray a tittle beyond the terms of Stonding Order 15(4), but if the Member can, in the course of the day, frame the Motion and Zet me have it through the clark, then I will ask the Business Conmittee to make arrangements for it to be put down for debate later in the week.

My understanding is that it is a Motion which under Stonding Onder 24.: 9(2), it aan be made without notiee, and therefoxe there will be no problem on that score. So I will wait to hear from you.

Petition No.2./1986, the Elected Member
for East End.

## PETITION NO. $2 . / 86$

1986 BUDGET AND REVENUE MEASURES
MR. JOHN B. MOLEAN:
Mr. President, under Standing Order 15., I rise to present a Petition to this Honourable House, being Petition No.2. of 1986, on behalf of Orren Merren, and by my count 610 signatories. However, a further 110 signatures have been circulated. In addition too, there has been eirouzated to Honourable Members copies of signatures totalling 1,371, on a Petition etarted by Kenneth Christian, reference to which is made in parayraph three of the Petition which is now before you. These aignatures represent a broad cross-section of each of the Electoral Districts: in the Cayman lislande.

I shall now deal with the material allegations contained in this Petition. I shall confine myself to as brief a statement as is possible, to wroperly present these. allegations, However, I should be gratefut for the nomal latitude afforded to other Members in their atatements.

This Petition reflects the sentiments of most of the people of this Countrys, that the 1986 Budget and revenue measures have in fact raised too quickly to many taxes, "which are now too high and are hurting too mony people.

Mr. President, I am pleased to
present this Petition, as it also represents what my constituents want and need, and $I$ will venture to say that this is true for just about all the registered voters in this Country, with a few exceptions, being mainly staunch supporters of the Govervment and those who ape well-off financially. In other words, it is the little people, the little man who gets pinched. These are the taxes which take awa from our people, money which they need to spend on lifes neeessities, therefore these taxes are heavy and burcensome.

Again, let me remind elected representatives who still remain insensitive to these harsh measures, that we must not violate the people's rights, as it is quite olear that most of our people do not think having the tares imposed is in their best interest.

Mr. President, in this Ietition our people are saying to the Government and their baok-bench supporters that they do not want to pay the heavy taxes, and are asking that they go back to the Finance Committee, and find altermative measures to maintain the central semices, whioh do not hurt them.

MR. JOHN B. McLEAN (CONTINUING): We must remember the Fourth Elected Member of Executive Council's words in his debate in December. He referred to it ae 'the People's Budget', therefore I feel that their wishes shoutd be adhered to.

This Fetition is a rosponsible one, which is olearty in the best interests of the Country and our peopte. and I trust the Member's will deal with the issue rather than resorting to the usual slander and attack on personatities, as this is not only for Orren Merren but our people as a whote.

I believe that I have sunmarised the intent of the Petition fully, and the prayer reads as follows:
'WHEREFORE' YOUR RETITIONER PRAYS I'HAT YOUR HONOURABLF ASSEMBLY witl reeolve to refer Government's 1986 budget and revenue measures to Finance Committee to develop and recommend to your Honourable Assembly during the March 1986 sitting thereof reasonable attermatives that are more in line with the wishes and intereste of a majority of the eleotorate of the Cayman Islands, in particular -
(a) olearty defining and precisety identifying "essential services";
(b) totally eliminating all non-essential expenditures and deferring, alt necessary sxpenditures that oan be postponed.
(o) exhaustivelu. searching for sources of funds other thon new or increased taxes (for exmple, soft development loans, bank overdraft, Local bond iseue, et cetera), both for Government's present and Zongterm cash flow needs;
(d) accurately asoessing the livelihood of increased revenues from an economic boom ocourring in 1996;
(e) revising projected expenditures and projected revenues in line with $(a),(b),(c)$ and (d) above;
(f) if after revising projected expenditures and projected revenues in acoordonee with (e) above there still remains a deficit of projected revenues to cover projected expenditures, then seeking appropriate input from civit servante, local businessmen, tocal professionats and the pubtio-at-targe and exhaustively searohing for new" and increased revenue measures that will not so severely hurt locat residents, toumsts and investors (for example, registration and annul fees for partnerships and trusts); and
(g) after completing (f) above, repealing alt revenue measures enacted in 1985 that are not necesisary to fund a 1986 budget as so revisedy
PROVIDED that, in the event your Honourable Assembly questions whether a majority of the electorate of the Cayman IsLands favours the aims and objectives of this petition, you will resolve to put the question to registered voters of each etectoral distriot in the form of a property authorised and organised referendum.

Mr. PRESIDENT:
In accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 15(4), the Petition is ordered to tie upon the Table.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): Questions, the Seoond Etected Member for Bodden Toum.

## QUESTIONS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HOMOURABLE THIRD
ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSTBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRIC'T ADMINISTRATION.

WO. 1: Would the Honourable Member state what is the operative date of the new or renewed franohise between fovernment and Caribbean Utilities Co. Ltd?

ANSWER: The operative date of the new licens? or franchise was 17th Jonuary, 1986.

MP. PRESIDENT: If trere is no supptementary, First Elacted Member for Bodden Town.

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
$\frac{\text { Wh. JAMES M. BODDEN: }}{\text { franehise run? }} \quad$ Fon what period of time does this new
HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: 25 yeare Mr. President, the answer is 25 years.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN: Je it subject to any meview, after
so many years?
HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONDELL: Mr. Presigent, after 20 years tt is subject to a review.

MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no further supplementaxy. $I$ invite the Second Elected Member for Bodden to ask the next queation.

TTIE SECOND ELECTEU MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTAVE COUNCIL RESFONSIDLE FOR COMMUMICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION.
30. 2: Would the Ilonourable Member state what are the speeific changes made by the new or renewed fronchise between Govermment and Caribbean Utilitiss Co. Ltd.

ANSVEF: The specific changes to the new ticense or franohice are as follows:
(1) CUC is now subjeat to impuri at such axtes as are from time to time presoribed hy Government for diesel fuel in terms of the Customs Lau (as amended). That is, they have to pay the bame rate as is paid by other oil importers, who are litizle to pay Irwort Duty.
(2) The Company also has to pay ton por oent (10\%) Import Duty for the finst twenty (20) uears on att. machinery, meteriats, equipment, tubricatinq oit, lubricants and transforner oil whioh it with use exclusivety in the generation, transportation, diatribution and sate of electric power. The three
$\because: \because$ generatort and power house which were on order prior to the eigning of the new agreenent on 17th. Jtanuary, 1980, will not be subject to Tmport Duty. Upon the expiration of the twenty (20) years and for a further five years, CUC shatl have to pay Imerort Duty at the mate of not more than 15 per cent.
(3) CUC shall pay to Covemmmet an annual licence fee at the rate of five-eighths of one per cent ( $5 / 8$ of $1 \%$ ) of the total revenue from billinge fö eleetrionth consumed by its oustomers.
(4) The licence shall be for a term of 25 years from 17th Jonuary, 1986 and there is no automatio might for cul to renew it. However, they have the might to enter into negotiatione with Governnent after twenty years (in 2006) for the renewal of their licunce after the twenty-five year period which ends in 2011.
(5) The fuel adjustment formula has been revised and tubricating oit has been excluded, also provision has been made to cover hervier grades of fued that the company may use to generate alectrieity in the future.
(6) In the event of the Govermment or cuC having a grievance in relation to the financial affairs of the Company, the aggrieved party may request a conoultation meeting with the other party by giving notice in writing. At euch a meeting, Govemment with bo represented by two Members of Executive Council and the Compony by no less than two Directors, one of whom shatl be the Managing Director.
(7) The Auditore of cuc are no longer desembed as Financial Advisors in relation to the aspeets of this licence.
(8) Reserve generating capacity of the Company 's plant shat be not less than the eapacity of the largest genercitor installed, plus ton per cent of the most recent annuat peak hour demand and the reeerve - generating capactty shatl not exceed 55 per bent of such annual peak power dimand untess approved by Government.
(9) The old tivence made no provteion for interest to be paid on consumer deposits. Commenoing Apmit 1986. all deposits over atgro0 that have been hetd by the Company for one futt year witt be oredited with interest at the rate of five per oent per annum. Such credits will be apptiwd against the consumer's account annualiy.
'The fuel adiustment formila has been revised and tubrioating
oil has been excluded, also provision has been made to cover
hearvier grades of fuet that the Companil may use to generate eleotricity in the future.'

May I ask if this means that the other orits which the Company may use such as Bunker c will be treated in the same manner as $D C$ fuel, that is, witl be subject to the same Import Duty and subject to the same treatment under the fronchise.

HON. CAFTT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL:Mr. President, the exclubion of $\bar{l} u b r i c a t i n g ~ o i t ~ w a s ~ m a d e ~ b e c a u s e ~ w e ~ c o n s i d e r e d ~ i t ~ t o ~ b e ~ a ~ c o n s u m e r a b l e ~$ produet, and we took it out of the fuel adjustment formula.

On the heavier oil which we anticipate Caribbean btilities will be using, there is provision in the new formula to add this together with the diesel formula which we have now. In other words," it will be a combination of both, in the event and when Caribbean Utilities start to use generatore that use heavier tupes of fuet.

MR. PRESTDENT: answer, because I think the question was whether that heavier type of fuel will be dutiable. Am I right about the question?

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I think I have got it from his answer, that it will be more or less dutiable, the sme as the diesel is dutiable.

HON. CAPT CHARLES L. KIRKCONWELL; Yes Mr. Fresident, it will be dutiabte.
MR. PRESIDENT: The Firgt Mlected Member for Bodden
Toun.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEA: On the reply to the question on three, page one, I would like to know whethor this five-eights of one per cent would appear as a billing on each customor's bill monthly, as has been done with the fuet surcharge, or is this something which the Company witl pay at the end of the years on the last yeans billings?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONVELL: Mr. Fresident, this witt be at the end of the year. and not monthly.

MF. JAMES M. BODDEN: Nows the Company witt pay it from its gross earnings, and with not expect to rocout it as part of future billings, is that correat?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL. That is oompeat.
MF. PRESIDENT: If there in no further supplementary.
The Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. Fresident, under nine the Member states that the tidence provides for an intereat to be paid on deposites, is this deposit bu the consumer confined to that paid for a meter, or does it inolude a depont which is patd for a line extenoton, and ttems like that?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNFLL: Mr. Tresident, the depoait is worked out on bedrooms, not the meter, the bedroome of the house, at $\$ 100.00$ for aaoh bedroom. For instance, if there is a two-bedroorned house it would be \$200.00. Condominiums will be workd out per condominium, and any other comneroial properties, they will be assessed monthly.

MR. D. EZZARD MILEER: With respeet Mir. Freaident, what $I$. an asking is, presently if one wants a line axtension from the Company, the consumer has to pay for it, even if it is atong a public road. Is intereet going to be paid from that deposit whioh is paid to the Company for line extensions as well as that paril for a normat hook-up.

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident, I am not alear on this point myself, Sir, but I imagine it will be.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Perhous you would be kind enough to undertake to get information for the Member and pass it on.

IION. CIPT. CHARLES I. KIRKCONNELL: Yes Mr. Iresident.
MR. PRESIDENT: $\because$ If there is no further supplementary, I with invite the Second Elected Member for Bodiden Toum to ask his next question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOF BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESFONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AVD DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION.

NO. 3: Would the Honourable Member state how these changes affect the eleotrieity ratee payable by consumers?

ANSWEF: The effect of Import Duties on items other than fuet and licence fees will raise basic billing rates by 13\%. Caribbean Utititiee Co. Ltd, was granted permission to put this into effect on $24 t$ th January, 1986.

This increase, in the case of the smalt oonsumer consuming 250 KWH per month, amounto to an additional CIS 0.59 c per month.

## SURPL LEMENTARIES:

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: ITr. Freatdent, may I ask the Member if, in addition to the 1 per oent inorease for Import Duties on items other than fuet, there with ateo be an additionat increase under the fiel adjuctment olause by the Import Duty on the fuel?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. lpesident. the answer is no. Since the signing of the agreement, the wrice of diesel fuel has dropped dramaticaily, and at this time, despita the 13 cents per gatlon duty imposed, the Caribbean Utility Company is paying less per gallon for fuet than it was paying prion to January 17th 1986. This reduction witl be passed on Sirs to the consummer conmencing in April.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Tresident, maty I ask the Member if this 13 cents has not been added to the oost of the fuel, would the reduction not have been much greater to the consumer?

HON. CAFT. CHARLES L. KTRKCONNELL: Yes Mr. Erestdent, it would have, but the fuez, it wili be somewhat greater the not that much greater. To get the benefit of the reduction on fuel, the fuel factor has to some into play, and it usually takes abeut wo months for this to cone into play, so that is why sire, in Aprit the biltings to the consumer with reflect this decrease.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Is it ooprect Mr. Hresident, may I apk the Member, is it correct that although the billing wilt reflect the reduction in the price of fuels it will also rafleot the inorease in the price of the import Duty, although thore may be a net reduction. The fact is that the exercise shows an inorcase of 13 cente for the duty lese the drop in the prioe.

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, I think he is quite correot Sirs there would be a minus instead of an addition. Naturaluy, the 13 cents had to be oaloulated into it, but as I have said Eofone: the fuel price has dropped below that. I think it has aotratity dropped five cents below that, since the 17 th January.

MR. C. HAIG BODDEN:
Then it follows Mr. President, that
when the fluctuating price of oil causcs the price to rise again to say, todajis present tevel, we witl be faced with an increased cost because the Govermment has put on the 13 cents per gatlon.

MR. PRESIDENT: . That seemed to me to be a statement not a question, but perhaps you intendod it to be a question.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I intended to ask the Member if my reasoning was correct.
-JIV. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident, I think his reasoning is correct, but it huas to firest come back to where it was on January 17 th, which is a long way down the line.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The First Eleoted Member for Bodden Toun.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN. Baced on the question which hae been asked by my colleague from Bodden Towns shouli not this question have been answereds computing what the rate inonease would be on the fuet fuctor as welt as the license fee. Now, if my information is correct, that is assuming that one imperial gallon of fuel untl generate apprx mately 15 kW houre, and if we take the increase of 13 cents on the gallon, to the small conoumer using 260 kW hours, on the fuel inorease which I have worked out, it would be olose to two dollare a month. So would it not be safe to aeoume that if we eonsider the other effecte, we coneider the fuet inorease and the tioence fee, that the cost to the mall consumer with be oloser to three dollare a month, than the 59ante which has been stated in the question?

FON. CAFT. CFARLES I. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Ppesident, the has
remmbered that parrectly Sir, but we had the oiloram as he wo aware, and we have , sen watching it very olosely, and indioations were when we eigned the agreement that the oil priae was coming down ait the time. Had we not received a reductioms or had the oit price not decreased, then there would have been in the monthly totat on nerease to oonsumers, not a decrease as they will now be getting.

MF. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Prosident, my main point here is
that I woutd not like our good prees to come out with the atutement that the increase is only costing thes enall consumer 59 gents a month, Decause it is costing him close to the three dotlaxs out of his savings, which ts the main point of my question, and I agree with what the Honourable Nember was said with regard to the fuel grams.

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MR. PRESIDENI: I Ihink that was an explanation:
mather than a question actually.
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MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Yee Sir, I would just like it reoorded
that the increase in total....
MR. FRESIDENT:...$I$ think the Member.....

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
....the three dollars per month to a small consumer, rather than 59 eents.

MR. PRESIDENT:
If there is no further supplementary. $\bar{I}$ invite the Elected Member for North Side to ask the next question.

IHE ELECTED MEMBER FOR DORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FTRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

NO. 4:- Would the Honourable Member state what the present ratio of non-Caymonians to Caymanians is in the Civit service, inoluding temporary appointments?

ANSWER: $64.91 \%$ - Caymanians
35.09\% - Non-Caymanians

## SUPPLEMENTARTES:

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Coutd the Member state how thia percentage
compares with the percentage as of November 1984, whether there has been an increase or a decrease?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. Prebidents I reatly coutd not say
Air, I do not have the figures for that epeetifio time.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Would the Nember undertake to give us that information, Ey a note sometime during this sescion?

HON. DENAIS F. FOGTER: : Yes Sirs I mizt.
MR. PRESTDENT'; $\quad$ During the seswion or during the meeting? I think perhaps during the meeting, do tou. The session goes on for a year.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Welt yees, what ti am referving to, welt, I consider this a session the way it is hewe, but during the tem of this particular meeting.

MR. ERESIDENI: I did not want there to be any doubt, but that you wanted it reasonably auickly. If there is no further supplementary? I will invite the Eleoted Member for North Side to ask the next question.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HOMOURABLE FTRST ZZECTIU GEMBER OE BXECUTTVE COUNCIL RESFONSIBLE FOR HEMLTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

WO. 5: Can the Honourable Member state when the twenty-four-hour Doctor-Service on the compound wili commence at the Catyman Istande Hospital?

ANSWER: It is expected to commence on the let of Aprit, 1986.
MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no supplamentary, I invite
the Elected Member for Worth side to ack the next question.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTY SIDE TO ASK TYE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCJL RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATTON AMD TRADE

NO. 6: Would the Honourable Member atate how many foreign pilots are now employed by Cayman Airways and in what positions?

ANSWER:
Ten foreign pilots are employed by Cayman Airways as followe:-

| Captains on B-727 | -2 |
| :--- | ---: |
| First Officer on $B-727$ | -3 |
| Flight Engineer on B-727 | -4 |
| Tristanter | -1 |
|  | -10 |

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. presiclent, may I ask the Member
how many Caymanian Filots ape employed by Calyan Aimuaye?
HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, the answer to that is that we have 18 Caymanians emptoyed as ovew members with Cayman Airways, ptis the ten foreign pitots, makes the total of 29.

MR. JOHN B. MCLEAN: Supplementary Mr. Preaident. Will
the Member say whether it is antiaipated to replaoe the foreign pilots with Caymanians, onee they are quatified?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. Freaident, I cannot state that as antioipated, but to give the Nember some tidea, I can state thit there is a training progranme in place, and as soon as we have Caymanians who are quatified to filt some of those positions, the foreign arew members now employed by Cayman itirways will be reptaced by those Caymanians as they become wailable. For example, we haye two local persons as trainees at the present time, and they are due to take a simulater cheok sometime in Aprit or Mxy of this year. If they are successfut in passing those tests, then two of the pitight Engineers on the 727 for examile, will be eventuatly reptaced by those two Caymanians if they are suocessfut.

MR. JOHN B. MoLEAN: A fur ther supplementary Mr. President. $\bar{T}$ wonder if the Member could say whether it is oorpeet, that some of the looal pilots are more qualified than the foreign ones?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, I really aould not confirm that. It would depend or whut areas of responsibitity they have as orew members. I suppose that those who are in place are fully qualified, or they would not be holding the positions they are. I really could not respond to that, Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The First Elected Member for Bodden
Town.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: In the past, the Triatanderwas used as a sort of training base for the new Cayman trainees. because when they come back to the Cayman Istands with their eonmercial licences, they have only acoumilated about 250 hours. Under the CAA fules they would require 700 hours, so they were given a chance to buitd up those hours serving as co-pitots on the Tristander.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINUTNG): Would the Member use his good offices to try to ensure that a polioysimitar to this witl continue in the future, thus enabling the young Caymanians who have qualified under the united statee mute to be able to quatify under the CAA rules.

HON W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. President, sonething simitar to this was brought up I think at the last meeting, and it is a matter which I can take up again with Cayman Mirways. It is a matter of the Companies policy, ana it can be pursued further urith the Company to see what their position is.
$\frac{\text { MR. JAMES M. BODDEN }}{}$ Because these young fellows were paid I think it was $\$ 500.00$ a month to add these additional hours to enable them to qualify, and at the present time I think we have two who have qualified under the United States standand who are now being used as ticket agents at the Airport. So I am bringing this up, ond I would like eomething done about it because this is where we witt get our poot of new pilote from, if they are trained and able to get their hours in on the Trislander. So I hope something witl be done about it.

MR. PRESIDENT: . The Elected Member for North Side.
MR . D. EZZARD MILLER:
Yes Mr. Eresident, I wonder if the Member could state whether there ano any immediate plans to replace the foreign pilot on the simple airoraft, the Trislonder which does not need a oo-pilot, seeing as there are strx fully quatified sha commerciatly rated Caymanians employed at this time?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, I am ceritain that it is the intention of the company to replace the foreign pilot now employed on the Tristander just as soon as we have somebody tocally who is qualified to go as pilot in command of the Trmelander airoraft.

MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no further supp tementary, I think it is about one minute to eteven and we alearly will not get through the remaining three questime. We did start about ten minutes tate, which was because I was delayed. I wonder whether any Member would cape to move that we suspend slanding Orders to enable the remaining three questions to be aeked. I think that woutd be fair...

## GUSFENSION OF STANDTNG OHDTR 23(7)

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Yes Sir. I would tike to move that six.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I take th that the mover has moved in acoordance with the provisione of Standing Order 83, that Standing Order... Any Member help me, by dineeting mby attention the appropriate one.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
I think it is $13(7)$ Sir.
MR. PRESTDENT:
23(7). Thank you very much. That Stianding Order 2317) shall be suspended for the purpose of enabling the Elected Member for East End to ask the Guestions which are: standing in his name. I must just take a vote on that, before you ask.
GUESTION PUT: AGREED. STANDING ORDER 2B(7) SUSPENDED TO ENABLE THE REMATNDER OF QUESTIONS ON THE ORDER PAPER TO BE ASKED.
MR. PRESIDENT: The Ayes have it, you may ask your
questions.
THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE EIRET OFFTCIAL
MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR SNTERNAL, AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

No. 7: Would the Honourable Member state how many Folice Officens are now employed in each Department of the Royal Cayman Istands Folice and how many of thoes are not Caymanian, and what are their ranks?

ANSWER: There are four main Departments in the Fotioe Force and the numbers emmzoyed in each Department as at $28 t h$ Eebruary, 1986. was $\alpha$ s follows:-

| Headquarters Administration | 6 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Training Branch | 1 |
| Uniform Branoh | 136 |
| Plain Clothes | 10 |
|  | 186 |
|  |  |

The numbers who are not Caymanian are as foltows:-
Headquarters Aaministration - 5

| 1 Commissioner | (US) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 Chicf Inspeetor | (ur) |
| 3 Constables | (8 Belise, 1 Jamaica: Taitors |
|  | and Storemen). |

Training Eranch - 3

1 Supemintendent
2 Sergeante
Iniform Bronch - 40
1"Chief Supemintendent (IJ)
2 Inspectors (1 UK, 1 Barbados)
8 Sergeante (3 Rarbados, 1 Jamaica, 4 UK )
29 Constables (i) Bettee, 18 Jamata, 1 Canadx,
2 bik, 1 Guyana, 1 Barbados,
$\because$ USA
C.I.D. -75

| 1 Chief Superintendent | (UK) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 Superintendent | (UK) |  |
| 2 Chief Inspectors | (UX) |  |
| 2 Inspeotors | (UK) |  |
| 2 SErgeants | (UK) |  |
| 7 Constables | (" Belize, 1 USA, 4 IGanaica) |  |

Spmmaris of Non-Caymanians

| UK | 19 | $\because$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Betize | 9 |  |
| Barbados | 5 |  |
| Tamatica | 20 |  |
| USA | 2 |  |
| Camada | 1 |  |
| Guyana | 1 |  |
|  | -63 |  |

SUPPLEMENYARIES:
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: In giving the mationalities of the people employed in the Police Force who are not sonsidered Caymanian, would it mean that the original place of binth was Barbados, Jamaica or Betize, or would some of these have quatified for Caymanion status, on just what are you referring to, because in the case of the number of Sergeants, who are tisted as Barbadians, I wonder whether they are new recruits, or what?

HON. DENNIS B. FOSTER: Mr. Eresident, thobe from Barbados, Guyana and Jomaica do not have status, sic.

Mir. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Well, are they new recruits of have they been promoted up through the ronks, after having served a certain time, or what?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Yes Mr. President, they are old-timers who have not been granted status as yet, but have probably been eerving six or seven years, but they still retain their original nationatity.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Can we have assurance that we witl not be rearuting Sergeante from otiker areas., but will try to promote from whthin the ranks of the present Cayman Fotioe Forge, to filt those positions.

HON. DENWIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. Freaident, this is our policy. I would iust like to say one more thing, whioh might entighten Members, which is that 67 per cent of the foree are Caymaniane and 33 per cent non-Caymanians Sir, which is not a bad average.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. president; supplementary Sir. With regard to each nationatity given here, oan the Member say when these Officers came to these Islands?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: $\quad$ NO Sir, I do not have that information with me.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BJSH: Mr. Fresident, could the Honourable Member give on assurance to the House that he will obtain it?'

IION. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. President, if the Member is
referring to a spectal united Kingdom answer. I gave an answer at the tast meeting.

Hh. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ No Six, all of them $I$ said, every one, 63 .
HON. DENNLS H. FOSTER: I witl get the information. Mr. Masident,
berhaps you coutd otarify this. meaning oame to the Istands, or at the time of joining the fonce?

MH. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER.
time when they joined the foree.

> 110. 8: Woutd the Honourable Member state what quatifications ape required for appointment to the post of Attorney-Generat. and have plans been made to appoint a Caumanian?
> ANSWER: The qualifieations required are, an Attomey, sotioitor or Barrister, qualified in an English Common. Latu. jurisdiction with at least 70 years empemence preforabty in Pubtic Service.
> Caymanians with these qualifications will gertainily be oonsidered for appointment when next there is a vacancy.

SUPFLEMENTARIEG:
MR. PRESIDENT: The Second Etected Member for West Bay.
MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, an the Member say when the present Attormey-General came here sin?

ION. DENNTS H. FOSTER: Mr. Freeident, the 28th Jhe 1982.
MF. TAMES M. BODDEN: Is it not correet that the appotntment to this post is usualty hanaled direotly through the united Kingdom Goverrment?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Thtwugh the Intted Kingaom Govermment yes Sirs but it is not an appointment, whichs for instance, goes through our Public Serviee Commiseion, it tis one of those which is reserved by the Governor.

Mr. JAMES M. BODDEN: What ohance would there be for a Caymanian to be considered in the United Kingdom, for this position?

HON. DENNLS H. FOSTER: On the neoomendation of the Govermment.
Mh. JAMES M. BODDEN: Could we have assurancee that this will De forthooming if a qualified Caymanian was to apply for that post?
HON. DENDIS H. FOSTER: Mr. Ypesident, I said Sir in my answer, that Caymanians with these quatifications wit certainty be oonotidered for appointment when nest there is a vacanolt. But perfaps i had better explain a little further to the Member: that the appointment was made by the Governor with the pritor approval of the unt ted Kingdom.
Nomally these posts are advertised, and if a cajmanion applies and he fille the requiremente here, $I$ ath sure he witl be considered.
Mi. PRESIDENT: Question number mino.

THE ELECTED MEMBRR FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURILLZ THIRD OFFICTAL
MEMBER RESFONGIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOMMEMT.
100. 9: Would the Honourable Member state what dutu was paid on each specific piece of equipment brought into the Island in conneation with the Cayman Istande Yacht cuub projeot?

ANSWER: Duty paid on ecoh speoific piece of equipment brought into the Island in connection with the Cayman Islande Yacht Club project is as follows:

| 5 Susuke Motorcyeles $\because$ Duty | FCid 20\% | \$ 345.84 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Duty at 87.5\% |  |  |
| 11981 Toyota Land Cruiser | MOD \#KBJ6OV | 2,153.80 |
| 11983 Toyota M/Car Chaser | MOD \#EGX61 | 2,182.48 |
| 11982 Izиzи Dump Truck | MOD HKSSZZ452D | $\therefore 6,605.46$ |
| 1 1983 tzuzu Dump Truck | MOD \#KSSE451D | \% 8,089.07 |
| 1 1984 1susu Cargo Truck/W/ Crane | MOD \#PEAST2J | 3,803.83 |
| 1 Used Komatsu Payloader | MOD H540 | 16,374.45 |
| 1 Used Mitsubishi Backhoe | MOD FMMS180. | $20,933.04$ |
| 1 New Mitsubishi Excavator | MOD M MS180-3 | 21,067.92 |
| 1 New Mitsubishi Exocuator | MOL \#MS180-2 | 21,067.92 |
| 1 New Hitachi Marshy Baokhoe | MOD \#MS12SU | 23,973.84 |
| 1 Used Komatsu Crawler Dump |  |  |
| Truck | MOD HCU6O | 9,112.63 |
| 1 Used Komatsu Bulldozer | MOD \#D8OD | $18,786.66$ |
|  | TOTAL: | \$154,497.04 |

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
MR. PRESIDENT:
The First Elected Member for Bodden
Town.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Preeident, I know that the figuree with regand to the duty sound good, and I know that the present eleeted Government need that money, but I wonder if any attempt has been made in view of the large amount of equipment which is available looally, to try to get this Company to use some of that equipment, thus giving local employment, rather than allowing this additional equipment to be brought in?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Prosident, I am not absolutely sure of the answer to that question. My understanding is that some contact was made with persons looally who had equipment, but I guess the results were that they were not used.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
This question is straying a bit, but
if lecoutd have an answer to it, it would be highty entightening. In view of the amount of equipment which has been brought in by this Company, instead of using local equipment, could the Member tell us whether any attempt has been made to persuade the Company that a oortain stated peroentoge of their emptoyees shoutd be caymanians, or will they be allowed to bring in a large majority of the ix employees from abroad?

IHON. THOMAS C. JEFEERGON:
Mr. President, mu understonding is that we intend to employ to posaibly 100 cumanians, and that would be the majority of the peopte used on the site. In adation to the answer which I vaguety gave earlier, the results of my understanding too, is that eome of the people who own equiment in the caymin Islards did not wish to use it on this project, becouse this project is gotrig to be mainly in the marshy areas, and subjeat to heavy salinity oontent, and therefore thetr oquipment would deteriorate at a much faster rate than normally.

Gould the Mcmber state Sir whether - ............ this Company is a Caymonian owned Company, or a foreign owned Company who brought this equipment in?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, it is my understanding that it is a caymanian oumed Company.

MR, W. MCKEEVA BUSH: SuppZementary Mr. Fresident. With regard to the number of Caymanians being employed, I think the Merbor said it was 100, can he say how many are cermanent employoes working on this project, estimated at least?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. FPESident, in order to answer. that question intettigentty, I think I need to have an overalt assessment of the entirie project. What I did, say earitier was that it is my understanding that they intend to employ a 100 Caymanians. When this with come about I am uncertain, so if the Member wishee to have an undertaking in relation to the nomber of people who witt be employed in the percentages of Caymanians versus non-Caymanians, I will be: happy to do so.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Yes Mr. irpesident, I would tike that assurance from the Member.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: As this touches two Fortfolios
Mr. Preaident, I wonder whether the Member responsible for labour, cord inform us whether through that Portfolios any attempt was made to ensure that Caymanians would be employed on this project?

MR. TRESIDENT:
If the Member is..

| o is a potioy |
| :---: |
| the Caymanian Frotection Board, to give Coumanions preference over |
| any foreign employment, and I work in very cloee contact with the |
| irotection Board, through the Labour Officer. |

MR. PRESIDENT:
I have allowed all the supplementaries, but we have etrayed a bit far. If you with remember, the ariginat question was about duty paia. If Membere Fad an interest in detexmining. things like, how tweh labour was going to be put down on the projects, It think it would have been helpful to the house, had they put sperifio questions down. But if there is no further supplementary.
$\frac{\text { HON DENNIS } \mathrm{H} . \text { FOSTER: }}{\text { to adfourin. }}$. think this would be a Buitable time
MR. PRESIDENT: think it would, not to adjourn
(LAUGFTER) I think, that might be stightw promature, but I would be
quite prepared to suspend proceedings for aproximatety fifteen minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED AT 11:46 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Flease be seated. Motions, the First Official Member.

## GOVERMMENT BUSTNESS

MORTON
HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
"Be it resolved that this Honourable Legistative Assembly reoords its grateful thanke to His Broellency the Govemor fon the gracious Address delivered on Friday, $28 t h$ February, 1986."

SMi. JAMES M. BODDEN:
on a point of information Mr. President, I can fust asking for oome otamification here, begause I would not want Members to think that because this taek should normally have fallen to my ootleague from Bodden Tom or mysetf', I have been in the House since 1972 continuously, and it has alualys buen the Senior Elected Member who undertakes to do this. I wonder if it is because of the distaste that the present elected.Members may have for the Members of the Unity Team, or could tit have oone from somes other soupoe, why this has been changed, like so many other things have boen changed stince the 1984 election. I really would appreciate having the point olarified.

MR. PRESTDENT:
the point.

## Perhaps it would help if I oldrify

An onquiry was made of the Clerks of the Table in the House of Commons by the previous cterk, about two yeare ago, to establish what practice was followed in the Fouse of Commons, and the reply was recetved in mid 1984. I suspect that tast year no change was made in previous practice, beause tast year there was a Throne Speech and the Budget Speech on the same day, which rather confused the issue. But the Clerk to the Tabte in the House of Comions had been oonsulted about two points.

Firstly, that it had ome to notioe that the practice we fotlowed in previous years had been stightly unusuat, in that inmediately after the Throne Bpeceh the Father of the House used to get up and to move a Resoiution of Thanks for the Speech, and simultaneously as one and the same motion, move that the Debate on the motion be postroned until whatever date. has been agreed, ubualty for two or three days. The question was then put, and oustomarily agreed to whthout any debate, but the effect of that was that when we came to debate the speech, there was in fact, no motion before the House at all, because the queation, the resolwtion of Thanks, had been put at the same time as the Recolution about postponing the debate. So this year, we split the two things, and if you will notiee, the motion which the First Elected Member moved inmediatoly after the Throne Speech simply was a motion asking that the debate on the Speech be deferved. That was one of the points whioh was put to the overseas clerk in the House of Commone.

The other point was, whe normally moved the Resolution of Thanks. The point put to the House of Commons wae that if the practice ordinarily followed here in the past, that is that the practice of the Father of the House moning the vote of thank continued to be foltowed, it could happen sometime that the Eather of the House would be acmebody who would wish to vote against the motion, and it would be putting him in an uneomfortabies and ostensibly a faleo position, if he fuad to move the motion.


#### Abstract

Mr. PRESIDENT (COMTINUING): The reply was, that in the United Kingdom in the House of Conmons, it is atways back-bench supporters of the Goverrment who are chosen to move the vote of thanks, and it may be any particular back-benoher whom the Govemnent of the day may ohoose in a particular year. Now that praction has not been fotlowed preciscly here, but it was the conclusion that it oould put you or your colleague from Bodden Tow in a falce position, if you were expected to move a motion aceinst which you might wish to apeak, and against which you might wish to vote, beeause customarith, both here and in Westminster the Members of the opposition speak against and vote against the queens Speech, which is simply a list of proposals of the Govermment for the coming year.


#### Abstract

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Wetl Mr. President, I am auite sure that most of the Members would have known that I would have been speaking against it. But in looking at the words which are used here, $I$ do not think I would have compromised my position in any way, or that my colleague would have compromised his, in the deliverance of them, but I am thankful that you did think of us in that respect. I believe that what prompted it more thon anything vise was, because it woutd have been moved by my collcague or mysolf, and probably you were afraid that because it would have been moved by the members of the Unity Tean, that your Government members might not have supported it then, and have poted against it.


> MR. PRESTDENT:
> Wett, having got that explanation out of the way, the motion has been moveds the motion ts that:

"be it resotved that this Honourable Legistative Assembly records its gratefut thonke to His Etcellenoly the Govemor for the gronious Addrees detivered on Friday, 28th February, $7086 . "$

The motion is now open to debate, Does any Member wish to speak? The Second itected liember for West Bay.

MR. W. MORREVA BUSII:
No STr I m iust Zeaving the Chamber.
Mir. PRESIDENT:
(LAUGFIGR) That: was the ehortest epeech on reoord I should think.

Wh. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ I am sorry Mr. Fresident, $t$ am juet leaving the Chamber, and I was doing the oourtesy.

MR. LINFORD A, PILRSON: Mr. Mesclont, it is just a point, it sems that in moving around during the brenk, that most Members are really not prepared to make their contritations on the Throne speech. I wondered whe ther ferhape we gould take the auggestion of the Fitot official Member in adiouming at thits time, no that tomorrow we ooutd ome back and dibate the Throne Speech.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Let us see whether anybody is in fact, meady to speak. If not, then I suppose to would be perfeotzy in order for somebody to move a motion that we' ajotum the debate on the Throne Specoh until tomorrow.

[^2]MR. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINUING): So I would move the motion that we adjourn intil tomorrow at ten o'elosk, in order to give Members a little bit more time to be able to intelligently debate the Throne speech.

Mr. LINFORD A EIERSON: ... Mr. Fresident in seond the" motion.
MR. PTESIDENT:
I was iust going to seek advice from
the Second Official Member. It seems to me a perfeotit neasonable motion, $I$ do not think there is any diffioulty about doing it $I$ iom just wondering about the precise terms.

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
White the is looking Sir.....
MR. PRESIDENT Suffice, or? Would a simple motion for the adjourment
HON DENNIS H. FOSTER:
We had planned a Business Committee tomorrow evening Str, and if we had debated. the Throne Speech today and tomorrow, it wouth have given us a better idea of how the ather Govermiment Business oould be arranged.

HOR. MICRAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Sir. with respect, I think that we are adught bu Standing Order 12(1), which says that a motton for the adiournment of the House may not be made whtil other Bubiness has been entered upon, uniess it is made by a Member of the Government, of whess a Member mise in his place at the end of Questions and asks teave to $m$ ve the adfourment of the House for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of wrgent publte importonce.

MR. PRESIDENT:
What is "Other Buotness'?
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLAY:
Ttem (k) in Standing Ordex 74(1).
MF, PRESIDENT:
Ah, yea. Welt in owder to put it beyond doubt that what we are doing is proper, pertape it is wise to suspend Standing Orders, and somezody might, yes.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, I just wanted to call
to your attention and that of the House, that motice was givon on Friday that the Debate on the Throne Speeoh would be put down on the Order. . . . .

MR. PRESIDENT:
That $I$ undersbood, but the foct is That no Member appeare to be ready to speak yet. If there is a Member who is ready to speak, let him ox her stand we If there is not, I cannot believe tt is the wish of the. Howse that we should put the motron to the vote, ard the sensibte ounse does appear to be to adfoum for 24 hours, tio give Members mone time to prepare. I did pause for at teast 30 secondo, and nobodu stood up, apart from the Seond Eleated Member for West Bay, who moved out, So, if you would ware to more the suspension of standing orderes then $I$ think we oowld Froceed with your eartien motion.

SUSI'ENSION OF STENDTNG ORDER 12.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. President, I move the suspension of Standing Orders to allow a motion to be made, to adiourm the House untit ten o'clock tomorrow morning.

MR. PRESIDENT:
So the motion firgt before us is that in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 83 , Standing Order 12(1) be suspended to enable a motion to be moved for the adjourment of the House until ten tomorrow morming. Untess anybody....

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:<br>12(1) and (2) and (3) I think the whote of 12.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Thank you, 12(1), standing Order 12 let us say. Unless anybody wishes to apeak, I witl put that motion. This is the motion for the suspension only.

QUESTION PROPOSED:
MR. PRESIDENT: If the Firet Elected Member for Bodden Fown would like again, just formally, to move his motion about the adjoumment.

## MOTION FOR ADYOURNMENT

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, I would move a motion
that in view of the fact that most Members did not know inhat whuld be on their Order Eaper for today, and thinking that with the new changes which have been made, a lot of other Govermment Businese woutd have been forthooming, rather thon the debate on the Throne Speeoh, that the House adfoum whtit ten ofolock tomurrow morming, to give the Members additional time to prepare their sulmissions.

MR. PRESIDENT: The motion is that the House be adjoumed until ten o'olock tomorrow morving, to give Members mome time to prepare themselves for the debate on the Shrone Speech.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY.
I think Mr. President Six, technically it needs a seconder, being a motion by a non-Goverment Member.

Mk. PRESIDENT: Yes, it probably does. I think though that the Second Eleoted Member for George Town did earlier indicate he wished to seoond it, if he could oonfirm that now.

MR. LINE゙ORD A. PIFRSON:
That is right sir.
Mik. PRESIDENT:
Fitected Member for feorge Tow . Whe mothon is Geconded bu the second Councit.

First Elected Member of Executive

ION. BENSON O. EBANKS: Is the motion open for debate now Sir?

MR. PRESIDENT:
HON. BENSON O. FBANLS:
Mr. Presidents. if the motion is as . would have no problem supporting it. But 1 oannot support a motion as put by the Firat eleoted Member for Todion Tom, being that Membera did not have knowiedge of what was going to be on the order Parer today Becauas, on Friday notige was given that the mprone speech woutd be debated today, and I think if the motion is mut in the fashion which you have suggested, I woult have no problom in supporting it.

HON. BENSON O. RBAVAG (CONTHDUING): But I could not wote for the motion as put by the Member, thowk you.

MR. JAMESM. BODDEE:
Mr. President, could I heip my bewtldered oolteague out. It is a faet that with the new Business Committee of this House, and the monner in which it ie composed, that we on this side of the House know very littie of what is planned to be put on the order Paper. We kove been though thas brefors, where it has caused quite a fen problema, wh we were not aukre real ty, that the debate on the Speech would have cone in this mannex. We thought it would Five been additional Govemont matertal whioh would have been before this, and then the debate on the Throne Speech would have been at the end.

I am not a bit worried about the Member who spoke not aupporting it, becanse I fuily felt that if it come from this side of the Houre, from the Unity Teoms that he woula not have accepted the adiourmment. It is sinitar to what I said about thanking you for your soceh, so this is no news to me, and it is no new to the publie at lasge. Fut to help him out of his confueed situation, would wa vary glad to withdraw the motion and let the Honourabte Firet officiat Member phrase it in the language which may assist him of $7 . t_{t e}$ bit better in understanding it.
$\frac{H O N \text {. BENSON O. EBANKS: }}{\text { it Mr. President. }} \quad$ I have no problem with understanding
MR. PRBSIDENT:
Onder; owder. Standing Order 25(6) does seem to contain prowisions of the kind which cover what the tigt Eleoted wber for Bodden towin hav now sought leave to do. Any,
 Standing Onder 24(14), a notion may be witidrawn with leave of the House. I an not quite sure wheth.n that means there has to be a pote, I do not think so pobably, unless any Nember wishes to urge otheruise, I propose to grent the thave for which the Firot Eteeted Member for Bodden Tom has entght permisaioris in order to onable us to adjourn without any und"e delay.

Mr. JAMES M. BODDSN:
M: President, thank you very mich for doing that, and I hove that the publice with take notice of the attitude of the elected Govemment benoh.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Fresident, the question which you put to the House was cubstantially different from the motion which the Member moved.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
HON. BENSON O. EDANKS: to vote......

MR. G, MITG BODDEN: onee in the debate.
MR. PREGIDENT: I think veveral Members have been speaking more than onee, but I have been taking it that we have been trying to sort our procedures out, and that we have not been spedking to the substantive motion. Ae to the question of the substantive motion, the wonding of the substantive motion nons withdrawn, that the First Mleoted Nember for Bodden Town had proposed, I am bound to admit. I was not abotutely ateas wheter it inetuded thie whote of what mowned to his speed, or whethes the motion was intended to be on the tines that I pirased it, ante that the rest of what he said wa intended to explain the veacone wiy the wished to move the motion, and I put it in the shorened form.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): Eut since it has now been withlrawn, $\bar{I}$ think we can let it rest. Either side have made their point.

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN WITHDRAW THT: MOTTON IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDING ORDER 25 (6).

Tet me invite the Firgt Official Member to move a simple motion of atjournment.

## ADJOURIMENTT

HON. DENWIS H. FOGTER:
Mr. Prosident, I move the adjournment of this House until 10:00 a.m. tomorrois.

MR. PRESIDENT: The question is, that this House do now adjourn until 10:00 a.m. tomorrow morning.

QUESTION FUT: AGREED. AT 12:05 F.M. THE HOUSE ADJOURNED UNTTL 10:00 A.M. TUESDAY, $4 T H$ MARCD, 1996.

| HIS EXCBLLENCY TEE GOVERNOR, Mr GFWTET LIOYR, OMG, CVO - PRESIDENT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| coverima | MEMEERS |
| IION DENNIS H FOSTER, CVO, CDE, JF | FISBST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FO INYERNAL AND EXTEHNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON MICHAEL e BRADLEY, QC, LL. $F$ | SGCOND OFFICTAJ. MEMSER RESFONSIDLE FOR IEGAL AMMINISTEATION |
| HON THOMAS C JEFPERSON, OBE S SF | THTR OFPICIAL MEMEBR RESFONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON DENSON O EMANKS | MEMBEK REGPONSTBLE FOR HEALTE EDUCATIUM AND GOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN $\mathrm{BODDEN}^{\text {S }}$ MBE | MEMER FFGPOMSIELE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AN: WBADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIFKCONNELL | MIMOIR RESFONSIBLE HOT COMMUNICATTONS WORGS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, TP | UEMDER RESFONSTTLLE FOR DEVELOEMENT ANI: THIURAL RESOURCES |

## ELECTED MEMGERS

MR W MCKEEVA BUSH

Mh'S DAFHNE E ORRETT:
M. LINFORD A PIERSON, JP

CAFT MAERY S KIIRKCONNELE

MR JMMES M RODDEN

3 G HAIC BCDDEN

Ai D EZZARD MILLER

ME JOHN B McLEAN

SECONE ELECTED MEMAER FOR THE ETRST ELECTORAL DTSTPTCT OF WEST DAY

WHIKD ELECYED MEMBET FOK THE FINST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST LAY

SECOND ELECTME: MEMBET FOF THL' SECOM: ELLEOTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE ZOWN

FTAST ELECTED MEMIER FOR THE THTRE ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF LESSEK ISLAMDG

FTHGG ELECTED MEMRER FOR THE FOUTTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BUNDEN TOWN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOUFTH ELECTOKAL DISTRIICT OF RODDEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMBER FOH THE ETFIN ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH STDE

ELECTED MEMSER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORA DISTRTCT OF EAST END


1986 STATE ORENING TUESDNY $49 H$ MAITCH, 1986
(THIRD DAY)
2. PRAYETIS

TO BE READ BY THE HONOUFAMSE THITD OFPICIAL MEMBETi.
2. QUESTIONS

THE ELECTED MEMREF FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK TTIE HONOURABLE EBCOND ELECTTB MEMPER OF EXECUTIVE' COUNCIL RESFONSIDLE FOF TOUIISM AVIATION AND TRANE

NO. 10: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE' HOW MANY ZILOTS, FRESENTLY EMPLOYED TSY CAYMAN ATHWAYS; HAVE THE SENIOR? COMMERCIAL LICENCE AND/OR THE AIN THANSFORT LICENCE?

NO. 11. . CAN THE HONOUAABLE MEMBEH STATE WHAT THE COST IS OF OPEIATYNG THE AIR SERVICE TO CAYMAN DFAC IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGOTIES:
(i) 727
(ii) TRILANDF:

INCLUDING FUEL, MAIINTENARCE, STAFF AND ALSO THE REVENUE DEKIVED FKOM THIS SERVICT DY EACH OF THE AITRChAFT?

THE ELECTEL ME'MOEH FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOULABLE FOURTH ELECTED

MESOUFCES
NO. 12: CAN THE HONOURABLE WEMBER STATE HOW MUCH WATEB WAS SOLU TO THUCKERS EFOM THE LOWETR VALLEY WORKS DUTITMG T'HE MONYHS OF NOVEMTER, IECEMBEL OF 1985 AND JANUARY 1986, AND HOW MUCH WAS SOLi) FROM THE EAST END WETL FIELI FOK THE SAME PERTOD.

THE ELECTER MEMPFR FOR WAST END TO ASK THE HONOUEAVLE THTTHD OFFTCIAL MFMBET KESPONSTDLE FOR FINAMCE MND DEVELOFMENT

NO. 13: WOULD THE HONOUGABLE MEMRER STATE WHAT IMFORY OR STAMF DUTY EXEMPTIONS OR OTHER INCENTIVSS HAVE BEEN OFFETED OR GRANTED SINCE NOVEMBET 1984, IN ORDER TO ATTRACT FORETGN INVESTORS?

NO. 14: WOUND THE HONOURABLE MEMPE: STATE: WHAT GOVEINMENT FAID TO WON-CA YMANIAN FIFMS AND PETBONS IN 1085 ANL TO DATE THIS YEAFI FOR LEGAL, FUILIC SELATIONS AND SIMTLAK EXPEVTT ADVICE OR ASSISTANCE AND WHAX' WAS ACCOMILISHED FOR SUCH EXIENDITULZ?

I'BE ELECTED MEMBETI FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURAELE MHIBD OFTICIAL MEMEER FESPONSIDLE FOK FINAMCE AND DEVELOEMENT

NO. 15: WOULD THE HONOURALIEE MTMDER STATE HOW MUCY GOVERNMENT COLHECTEL IN THE MONTY OF JANUARY 1984, 1985 AND 1986 FOR GAREAGE COLLECHYON FEES, TRALZ AND bUGZNESS LICENCE FEES AND VEHICTE HEGISTAATION FEES?
3. GOVERNMENP BUSINESS

COMMENCEMENT OF DEBATE ON YHE THRONE BFEECH.
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TUESDAY
ATH MARCH, 1986
10:00 A.M.

## MR. PRESIDENT: <br> Prayers. The Honourable Third

 Offictat Member.HON. THOMAS C. JEEFERSON: AMmighty Fod, from whom all wisdom and power are demived: We beseech Thee so to divect and proper the detiberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled, that all things may be ordered upen the best and surest foundations. for the glory of Thy Nrme and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Istands:

Bless our Sovereign Ladu Queen Elizcobeth, the Queen Mother, Phillip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles Prince of Wales, Dicna Princess of Wales and atl the Royal Family. Give grace to all who extrise aithomith in our Conmomwalth that pence and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be established amona us. Fipedilly we pros for the Governor of our Istands, the Members of the Fxeoutive Councit and Menbers of the Legistative Assembly that they may be encbled faithfully to perform the reaponsible duties of their high office.

- A7, thiz we ask for Thy great

Nome's sake.
Our Father, whioh are in Heaven, Hallowed be that Name, Thiy Kinadom come, Thy witl be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this dm our daitu breat. And forgive us our trespasses, ts we forgive them that treopass against us. tead us not into temptation: but detiver us from evit." Fibr Thine is the Kingtom, the pover and the alom, for ever and ever. Amen. The Lond bless us and Feep us. The Lord make his face shine wom us and be gracious unto us. The Lord lift up his oontencmee upon us and aive us peace now and always. Amen.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Plense be seated.
Questions. The Fitected Member
for North Side.

## QUESTTONS

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH STHF TO ASK THE IIONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCII RESPONSIBLE FOF TOURIGM, AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. 11: Can the Honourable Member state what the cost is of operating the air service to Caymon Brac in the following categories:
(i) 727
(ii) Tristander

Including fuet, maintenance, staff and atso the revenue derived from this service by each of the aireraft?

ANSWER: The cost of operating the inter-island air service for the six months ended December 31st 1985 was as follows:

| (i) Boeing 727 | - | US $\$ 354,860$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) Trislander | - | USS 307,588 |
|  |  |  |

The revenue derived from this service for the same period was:

| (i) Boeing 727 | $-\quad$ US\$231,210 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (iti) Trislander | $-\frac{u S \$ 203,680}{U S \$ 434,890}$ |

MR. PRESIDENT:
Tesser Istands.
The First Elected Member for the

## SUPPLEEMENTARY:

CAPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, a supplementary. Could the Honourable Member state, in calculating the revenue, if the revenue shom for the 727 is the entire tioket like from Miami or Houston to Caxjman Brac or is it fust the portion between Grand Caymon and Cayman Brac?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, it relates to the portion between Grand Cayman and Caymon Brac on a pro rata basis.

MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no further supplementary let us press to Question No. 12.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBERR OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESPONSTBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND MATURAZ RESOURCES
10. 12. Can the Honourable Member state how much water was sold to truckers from the Lower Valley works during the months of November and December of 1985 and Jonuary 1986, . and how much was sold from the Rast End wellfield for the some period?

ANSWER: Lover Valley sales were:
November 1985 - 910,108 US qatlons
December 1985 - 889,149 uS gallons
Jonuary 1986 - $1,234,736$ us gallons
East End sales were:

| November 1985 | - | 8,989 us gatlons |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| December 1985 | - | 12,659 uS galtons |
| January 1986 | - | 12,791 US gattons |

In East End 18,234 US gatlons were also drowm from the public stand pipe over the same period. This, of course, was at no cost and generally used by the residents of the district. can pass on to Question No. 13. The Elected Member for East End.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE IONOURABLE THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIRLE FOR FTMAMCT AND DEVFLOPMENT

NO. 13: Would the Honourable Member state what import or stamp duty exemptions or other incentives have been offered or granted since November 1981, in order to attract foreign investors?

AIMSWER:
Import or stamp duty exemptions or other incentives which have been offered or armated since Nonember 1989 are as follows:
(1) CAYMAN ISLANDS YACHT CLUB OR NORTH SHORE DEVELORMENT
A. Comeit grove approval to alton for a dredge or dredoing equipment to be allowed into the island without attracting duty, proviting such equipment is exported within 30 days of oompleting the dredging. Dredae related equipment includes:-
Vamious lengths and sizes of pipes, mubber packing and rubber sleeves et cetera and
B. The duty free importation of prefabricated structures for office use on ly by the dredging contrmetors, Daito Koyqo Kimited, with the stipulation that -
(a) The structures should not be used for living accommodation
(b) The structures should be re-exported within
two months of Daito Kopqo's oompleting their:-.. dresting contraet with the Caman, Is lands Facht club.
(2) HYATT BRITAMNIA HOTEL

In mid-1985, pproval was gronted under Section 1 and 5 of the Hotels Aid Incw for materiats imported for use in the constmation of the above protect to be allowed into the island by attracting a reduction in duty from $20 \%$ to $5 \%$.

In May 1985, approvat was atso gronted for two caravans to be imported into the island for uee a mobite offices by the contractors, Hadsphaitio Ltd., on condition that they be re-exported from the island uipon comptetion of the project.

## (3) SUB AQUATTCS DHVELOEMFW? CORPORATION

In Auqust 7985 , Excoutive Council considered and gave approval to an applicatton from the above company to allow for the duty-frees entry into the cayman listands of a submersible vessel intender to be used as a tourist attraction.

As Honourable Members are aware, this vesset has since been conrmissioned and is oonstimt 7 y being viewed as one of the isiand's most prominont touriet attractions.

## PARADISE MANOR/TREASURE ISLES LTD.

At a meeting of Executive Coincil hetd in October, 1984, as part of the concessions aranted in respect of the above, the Finarieit pecretary was authorised to obtain a debenture for a sum cquivatent to the stamp duty payable on the purrhase prioe ond mortgages charged against the above propertil. Failing this, the Finconcial Secretary was authorisel to negotiate the best posaible compromise which would provide Govemment with some form of security for and interrest on the oatue of stanp duty. The Financial Secretary was also instructed to vary the tarms silightly, if neoessary, during negotiation, to get the best possibte obtainable deat.

Consequent upan the preceding, Govermment, in Hovember 1985, cocepted a debenture in lieu of oash imnounting to $\$ 592,768.30$ which witl beoome paymble on December 31st 1991.

This is oonsidered as antending of incentivee to foreign investors as the maiomty interest in this oomplex is comed by foreian nationats.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. JOHN B. MOLEAN: A supplementiry, Mr. Fresident, I wonder if the Member could say if there has been ony similar inoentives offered to Caymonime generatiy.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON } \\
& \text { Comnot answer that question off the top of ny head. }
\end{aligned}
$$

MR. JAMES M. BODDFN: The approval for dredaing which has been given to this compory, how fro out from the coastline does it extend?

MR. PRESTDENT:
I do not reatly think that that
in a supplementary which arises. out of the answer. Unless the Member oan explain to me how it does.

MP. JAMES M, BODDEN: Yes, Sir. The answer saye Councit aave aporourt to allow for a dreifo and dredging aquipment to be ailowed into the istond without attracting duty. We are deating with tredgina in one particulnr dredae in a oarticular area so $I$ thint the question is quite relevant to the point.

MR. PRESIDENT:
My underatanding is what we are
Teating with is whether a duty was pryable on a dredge not on where the dredging operation is aoing to be done or what sort of restrictions are placed on the operation. If the Member's point is that under certain circumatances it would be reasonable to waive. duty but under other oircumstances not, perhaps the Member can explain.

MP. IAMES M. BODDEN:
Wett, Mr. Fresident, certainty uou would not give an incentive to a drodge to come into the island (nad thy idte and then not attriot stomb duty if that lredge was not going to work. I think the question, although you mal deem it other-
M. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINUING): wise is quite releuint to the point. We should be able to know exast th wat type of franohise Thas been given to these peonle. It seeme to me that it could have. been circulated to Membens of the House but if not let us ask it in public.

MR. JOHN B. MCLEAN: Mr. President, in lieu of what The Third Offtoval Member satid in onswer to my supplementary, I nonder if the Member would undertake to have it airoulated to me at a later date.

FON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON
I am not quite sure I heard the
question Mr. President could. .......
MP. PRESIDENT: The question about whether simitar incentives have been offered ond made available to Coumanions. I think that is the question and you are now asked whetrer you will airculate such information or provide it for the Member.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Yes.
MR. JAMFS M. BODDEN: Did the Tlocning Authority give the permits here or were the permits given by the Executive Councit?

MR. PRESSIDENT: This is the permit for waiving Juty?

MP. TAMES M. BODDEN: Ho, Sir. I happen to know that the waiving of duty would have to be done by Executive Councit. I am talking about the planning nermit for the work to be done on this prrticular piece of tind.

MR. PRESTDENT: : There again t think you need to put dom a specifice question about it beeruse this question is all mbout duty waiving.

MP. JIMES M. BODDEN: I witu get it out on the debate
on the Throne Speech, sir. Another question. In roplu to Answer B, the duty-free inportation of prefabricoted structures for office use. There has aeneratly been a ban imposed by Govermment over a period of many years in regrad to the importation of prefobricated unite and I cm wondering why or what specirl reason was given that boutd ahange the minds of Fixecutive Councit. to atlow a prefabrioatediumit to be inported and particularly without the payment of duty. coutd we be advised whe ther this is going to be tike some of the other trailers and priefribrianted units where they come in for armiculturat use and never sow and where any agriculture was ocrriod on. What was the reason for it?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON. Mr. PreEident, during nty short the deating with such matters, each norticular anse has to be nonsidered on its merit. In this partioultor ease, Mr. Fresident, one needs only to reflect on the employment situation in the Coyman Tolande in mid-1985 and the need to get the Hyate project of the around quickly. I. think these are some of the reasons why Council. arreed that two trefabrionted structures could be used as site office for the controtore in denting with that.

In relation to Item B, Coyman.
Istands Yacht club and north shore develonment, it taas a uimilar situation Mr. President, which the onmprny Looation of its

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON (CONTINUFN): :Oheration needed to have an offioc stmuture for their workmen who with be conduthing servioes on the dredge. It seemed tomer that the reauest fir ia prefabricated atructure in this case seembl personable otherwise the profect woutd be some time getting off the ground as wett.

MP. ЄAMES M. BODDPN:
Mr. President, acoonding to the mewer, can we assume, agath we majh have personal intecest and just who one knows in order to be int te to brinc in profobricated untits or earavans?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFEERSON. Mr. יrestaent, I have no personat interest in any of these projedts.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
I know that. I truat you: invlictety. Under Answer 2 , the two orravone were allowed to be imported thto the teland for use as mobite offiocs by the oomtraotors.

Mr. President, mi question heres is aoing to be somewhat controvensinl. I know. I have driven by What site a few times and it appeams that the temporary buitings there are being used to house employeen. Coutd the Member advise us whe ther this is a frot or whethon mpone hos ohecked into it?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Irecident, I pergonatty drive by that aren gvery dou. I am not aware of it and othere who are resoonsible for looking after the rootest have told me that they have no knowtedge of anyone living in those omromans.

HON. BGNSON O. EBANKS: A sutiztemontram, Mr. Fresident. Would the Member atcte whe ther it is not ouetomary thrit trat tere mad ontainers are used as office sites on most building projects on the istont, to and has been for the lotet severat yeare?

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HON. THOMAS C. IEFPERSON:
I am awher of a fou, गes, Ah.
President.
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MP. EAMES M. BODDEN: ThOES MOR ane oware of, were thone tratuers on acravans atready on the istand ond were not trported at that partioular time?

HON. THOMAS C. IEFFERSON:
Mr. President, it am moertain of the time of inmortation of the containeme that I romember geeing on a fob site so I an unable to mewer wery fimmiti on that, sir.

MT. JAMES M. BODDFN: Mr. Tresidnnt, oono biack to mp wevious question and statement, there are several temporary, Fuitdings on the road teaching to hattonnta Yacht olub and it does thpear, I have never been into them out it apeare that workexs are $\therefore$ ther uring them to live in or to Foe fer from or aometring of that nature. If these peonte were going to be allowse to bring in a tot of entotoyees they shoutd hove been made to find hourtha for them in the area. other than to piut up this temmerry thoe of housina. I wotkd like this Govermment who boaste of being nin their toes at atit times, to oheok out something that is so nelevont as this.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

I think thot is a statement not a question. I was whiting for the question at the end but it never erme. Unless there $i_{s}$ any further supplomentorm we can prese on to ?uestion No. 14. The Member for Erst Find.

So weth, if you have a further supplementary but you did not ask a question last time. If you have a question for supplementary you may ask it now.

MR. TAMES M. BODDEN:
In aivina approval. for the submamine to be brought into the istand cuty-free, has any nonsiferation been aiven to setting a potion of safety standards to ensure that this does not beoome an embarpasement to us as well as the toumist industriy.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: My understanding is, Mr. " President, that the vesset is fulty classed by Lloyds of London and the U.S. Authority. I think the Ereontive Councit wns convinced on the eafety in that regard.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Does Government monitor the aafety faetors of alt and has oonideration been taken that if this wessel should encounter a problem say o couple of hundred feet down with fifteen or twenty people aboard, what are we going to do? Just leave them there?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: My undorstianding, Mr. Fresident, is that the vessel generally goes dow to not more thon fifty feet and if difficultiee arise at that stage they hove tanks that they acm pump into it and float it uo.

MR. DAMES M. BODDEN: .... Mr. President, it is true the jesset miaht only be going down fifty feet but it could be going dow fifty feet in on area with a thousand feet of water too. What is aoing to happen when it aets into trouble there?

It is a sal state of affairs if our tourism firmures have sunk so tom that we have to get something of this nature to hoast them up.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Order, Order. The Member must
not make statements. Does the Member have another ......oh, Second Tleoted Momber for Bodden Tom.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, may I ask the
Member. if any other incentive has been given to Sub Aquatics
Development Cormoration? I cm referring mainty to berthing plade for the submarine in Hoa Sty Boms.

MR. PRESIDENT: Do you see the question in the Eusiness paper about the birthing place?

Mr. G. HAIG BODDEN:
That may be so, Sir, but this question asked about not only import duties but other incentives. I fiust wanted to find out if my concessions hod been given in reacard to that.

MR. PRESIDENT: I was fust trying to ace if there was a specific question dow about that or whether the question is ...... No the other detaits of the aonstal work lioence and planning permission so it is a different question. Your supplementary is perfectly in order.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Fresident, my understonding $1 s$ that the docking area which is presently being used by the vesset Govermment acve permission for the sea wall to be straightened or conoreted but the propertu itself is privately ouned.

MH. JAMES M. BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, getting back to that question. In the past the re was quite a lot of objection raised by the Planning Board, and if I recollect, it even went to the Grand Court fon a hearing in regard to another small building being erected in that area which woild be used by a local. Now I wonder who overmized the Plonning Authomity in this case or whether the Planning Authomity ootced dissent in regard to something of this nature being done might beside the buitdina that had coused such a public turmoit in the past. Do we have speaial interest groups again in this or what was the reason that the permit was': given?

MT. PRESIDENT:
I think that if you are talking
about the Attantis submarine project you are anticipating a question whioh is dotm because there is a question down tater that seeks details of the coastat work tioence and planning permission and I think you witl hrie an opoortunity to aak your question when that is asked. Your ootleague was asking about ineentines, you are asking about plonning pormission and when the question about planning permission comes up then you can persue the matter.

Does any Member have any further
supplementary? (pause) In that case the Elected Member for" East End may ask Question No. 14.

TIIE BLECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THR HONOURABLE THIRD:OFFICIAL MEMBER RESSONSTBLE FOR FTNATCE AND DFVETOFMENT

NO. 14: Would the Honourbble Member state what Government pait to Mon-Caymanian firms and parsons in 1985 and to date this yenr for legal, pubtic relations and similar expert advice or assistance and what was roeomplised for such expenditure?

| ANSWER: | NAME | PROJECT | DATE | AMOUNT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SIR InN PEFCLIVAL | IRT AGRIEEMFNT. | 1985 | 27,189.38 |
|  | SIR IAN PERCIVAL | LRT AGREEMENT | 1986 | 23,646.00 |
|  | STETHEN MOYNTON | CAYMAN TUFTLE FARM | 1985 | 80,804.28 |
|  | ROBERT PARCLAY | BUTLIDING CODE: | 19855/6 | 10,634.94 |
|  | MARGARTTA MCCOY | MARIVE PARKS | 1985/6 | 6,604.20 |
|  | MARGARITA McCOY | DEV. PLAN REVIEW | 1985/5 | 3,400.00 |
|  | SCOTLAND YARD | B.I.I. | 1985 | 70,905.54 |
|  | AATHONY TEAL | COMPUTEIS ADVISOR | 1985/6 | 49,780.62 |
|  | FREDRIC G. SMITH | PENSTON ADVJSOR | 1986 | 2,642.00 |
|  | DAVTD M. SCOTT | ECOMOMIC ADVTSOR | 1985/6 | 42,979.03 |
|  | DENNIS WHITTY | CUST'OMS ADVISOR | 1985 | 8,352.78 |
|  | GORDON LYYty | FTVANCE \& AUDIT LAW \& FTNANCTAL \& STOFES |  |  |
|  |  | REGULATIONS | 1985 | 22,341.21 |
|  | JOHN ALLGROVE | ADYISOR - TPWD | 1985 | 13,018.04 |
|  | JOHM bradmury | CUC F'RANCHISE: | 1985 | 4,345. 48 |
|  | GRAY \& COMPANY | NARCOTICS AGREEMENT | 1985 | 9.5,656.23 |
|  | JORN CANTWELL | TUBLIC RECORDS | 1985 | 382.80 |
|  | PEMTER CURRY | COUNSELI ON 'ANS |  |  |
|  | THOMPSON ZEDER | INJUNCTION | 1986 | 21,735,00 |
|  |  | COIMSEL ON BNG | 1985 | 742,009.74 |
|  |  |  |  | 81,227,427.27 |

## NOTES:

(i) Figures have been drawn from Vote Controt Reaisters and Treasury's Ledgers as no one department of Govemmont deats with att the externat emert advisom, assistanoe, legal counsel at cetera. Therefore there is no alaim that the list is $100 \%$ omplete.
(2) The sums for Seotland Yard (\$70.905.54) and Thompson Zeder ( $\$ 742,009.74$ ) were incurred prior to 1985 on Ablonce hecounts which weve charged to Recurrent Expenditure in 1995.

Acoomplishment: The acoomplishment for the individual items of ampenditure as aiven can only be viewed subjectively rather thim ohjoctively. Howevor, I am of the wiew that these expenditures zoomed benefits which aseisted in enhmeing the administrative functions of Govermment: For exambe, to have avoider the incurpence of these expenditures at an intemationat Zovel such as made to Sir Ton Fercivat in connection with the L.F.T. Agreement, Soothand Yand in oonneotion with Bank Intercontinental, Gray and combony in oonnention with the Wrrotios Agreement, Thomoon Zeder and Peter Curry in onneotion with B. I. S. could be interpretod cs failing to recognize the consecuenoes resulting from intemationat incident which could severety intringe upon the offshore financtat owerations which are the main supporting pittor of our aconom.

With regard to the consuttonts whose services were used for assisting and dealing with isoues within the Is Zand aqain, white ronkining subjective, I would venture to say that Govermment has benefitted simificantly espectaztes in the folloninacomeas:
(7) Computerization. The strem Iining mod proper asaesgent in the implementation of the oomputen sustem and the rioht sebection of staff.
(b) The Buitding Code
(c) The Nationat Pension than
(d) Finance and Audit Inzw
(o) Fubtic Works Restructuring
(f) Marine Farks
(a) Musoum Developments and
(h) C.U.C. Franchise Agreement.

As to what was aconmplished by the exmert engaged to assist with the Turtle Farm negotiations, perhops the finst reaction is to eay that at though a programe was put tragether and, corried out through tobbying representatives of countmies of the CITES Convention to assess the removal of the ban by the inited states on tuptte proFuote. As Honourable Mombers are coware, this has not yet yietded succesaful results.

## SUPFLEMENTARYES:

[^3]HON. THOMAS C. JE'GEERSON:
Sorry for taking so long Mr. Fresident. My understonding is that Miss MoCoy is a qualified lowyex, she has worked in the Town ond Country Etanning in Beattle. She has deatt with the Greater Seattle development plan, and she has also been involved in legislation work.

Wh. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Wi th regard to Gray and Company, could we be adursed as to exactly what assistionce the public relations firm gave to us during the Narcotios Agreement?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFEERSON: Gray and Company Mr. Preaident, gave assistonce in relation to public relations. They have tracked all the articles written on the Caymon Islonds, most of them negativeily, and they have put toge ther vamious recponses to these negative pieces of publicity, ond I think they have done a reasonably good job in that respect.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: But certainly, if that is atl they did, track the adverse publicity given to the Caymon Islonds. This is a job which is usually done by ones advertising firm. I wonder why we had to pay. $\$ 95,000.00$ to get the articles which were adversely written about us, collected?

HON. TIIOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. EYesident, I was only trying to nighlight the public relatione part of the exercise. It is not that alone Mr. Fresident, the team from the Cayman Islands as the Honourable Member will recall did visit Washington, dia meet with the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Narcotics and bruge, one Mr. Lapmy Smith. We atso met Senator Paula Howkins, we met many othere who do not come to mind Just now, Senator Decon Chainey from Arizona and many others. What I an saying Mr. President, is that the public relatione firm not onty tracked the negative publicity and put toge ther onswers which appeared to me to be reasonable, but they also assisted this Govermment in making contacts throughout, not only the Washington area but also in New York, dealing with narootics matters and the need to tell the Cayman Istands side of that good story.

Mr. President, supplementary sir.
MP. PRHSIDENT:
Mh. W. MoKEEVA: BUSF:
The Second Elected Member for West Bay.
With regard to the answer given by the Honowrable Member. For the sake of confirmation, am I to wheretiond that the total of $\$ 812,915.00$ was inouryed during 1984, and had to be paid in 1985. Am 1 right, would he oonfirm that six?


MR. W. MoREEVA BUSH: I did not underetand that sir, maybe
the Member needs to make it a little mone plain. Was it done in 1984, and has it to be pata in 1985? I remember speaifically a Einance. Committee meeting being held, and we being asked to vay for this sum. I want that answer on the floor of this thouse.

BON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Frosident, I thought $I$ gave the answer, perhaps it gave too mioh information.

MP. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: That ie might. Just answer whether the work was done in 1984 and we had to pay for it in 1985.

HON. THOMAS C. YEFFERSON: What I was truing to indicate
in. President, was that it was chargea off in 1985. The total sum deating with Thompen Jeder was apent over a period of tine, move than 12 months. But the sum totalling $\$ 812,905.54$ was oharged off in 1985 as the written answer states.

MR. W. McKEFVA BUSH: Well, a supplementary Mr. President: Wao the work done prior to 1985 ?

MR. ERESIDENT:
I think that has been anewcred.
MR. TAMES M. BODDEN: Nr. President, 1 an sure that the entire House should be aware that it is not unusual for indebtedness to be carried over on certain thinge from one year to the next, because one may not kave a bilting on them. But this money as I understand.... it was due to be repaid to the Govermment by the Bank of Nova Sootia. Coutd be we informed as to why we have faiked to colteet from the Bank of Nova Scotia?

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ Io not think that arises out of the original question. If the Member wishes to ask, he would noed to put down a snecific question about it. I think the Fitected.....

## SUSPENSION OF STANDTNG ORDER 23(7)

MR. JOHN B. MoLEAN: Yes, Mr. Presitlent, I was going to move the suspenstion of standing onder 23(7), in order to get the other question answered today.

MR. RRESIDENT: This is a matter for the House. In faot, today we went stratight into question Time, untike yesterday when we started lates, and ocupied a aood doal of time on other matters. So in effect, if we suspended standing omders today we ahould simpty be allowing more time than is usual, and we might eome to a habit of suspending standina Orders vixtually every day. But it is a matter for the House, if standing Ontere are not suepended, you may wish to move that your question be put down another day. However, thou have moved that standing onders be suspended in onder to chatile the lese questi $n$ to be asked. Is there a seconder? Tho motion in moved ind scoonded. Does any Member wish to spenk?

QUHSTION PIT: AGRFFD, THAT STAMDTNG ORDER 23(7) BF SU/APFNDED
TO EHABLE THE ELECTED MER BER FOR RAST
END TO ASK THF RMATMTMG DVETIOM MO. 15.
ON TYE ORDER PAFERA.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): stonding Orders are suspended to amable you to ask the remaining question. First I think we can finish supnlementaries on the provious question. The Second Elected Member. for West Bay.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:<br>Mr. Fresident, with regard to the \$812,000.00, ach the Member say whetherthis is in Caumon Istonds doztars or United States dotlars?

IION. THOMAS C. JEFEERSON: Mr. President, the answer is Camman Istands dollaxs. It 2 B Government accounting to keep it in caymon Tolands dotzars.

MF. W. MoKEEVA BUSII: Supplementary Mr. President. Is it not correct to say that when we as Members, were informed of these two wills, we were told that the Goverment had previousty made arrangemente with BNs for theoe people and 80 we hat to pay the bill. Is this correet to say Mr. President?

## MR. FRESIDENT:

I an not quite clear what your question
25.

MF. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, the question is for atarification, ts it not correct to say that when the Members of the Finance Committee were being asked to vote the sum of some $\$ 812,000.00$. were we not told when questioned as to why we were paying it, were we not told that we had to pay it beaause there uad an aqreement between the previous Govermment and BNS to pay this bill. For olarifieation, were we not told that sir?

MR. JIMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Pnesident, in a demooratic country one Govermment pioks up the bills.....

MR. W MOKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, the Honourable Third Official Member is being asked a question, I would like it answered.

MR. PRESIDENT. I an Juat looking to see if the question is in order. It seems to me that if the Finance Conmittee was told something there must be a record in the Minutes of the Finance Cormittee. In which case, the answer can be found by reference to those Minutes and the question is out of order, muted out by standing Order 22(1) (f) (is),

MR. W. MeREEVA BUGY: Mr, President, we all. know in this House that not everu word in Finanee Committee is recorded, but I believe it is going to be if I can get a motion in here, if this sort of thing is going to happen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Firgt Fleater? Member for Bodien
Town.
MR. JAMES M: BODDFN:
With pegard to the reply on Cray and
Company, could we be told how long they were employed for in 1985. and whether thay are still employed by the Govermment?

HON. THOMAS S. TEFFERSON: The answer Mr. President, is that they were retained in March 7985, and they are atill retainer.

MP. JAMES M. BODDEW: What are they doing for us at the
present time?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Fresident, they are acrrying out the same function as I earlier emplained, that of pubtic relations.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Terovivat and the LET Agreement, is it not a fact that sir Ian Percivat .
is atso involved in a Zocal conpany doing business with fovemment?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFPERSON:
Mr. Presititent, t think the ansuver which I can qiue is that he is invotued with a tocat oombany. He is atso a member of the prity Councit in the United Kingdom. He is also a member of Fartioment in the United Kingdom, so I think he is well suited as a legal person to carry out the function.

In adfition Mr. iresident, I om not: aware that this company is deating with Govemment.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President with respect Six, I put forvard a question just now and you muled it out of ordex, but you hawe allowed these other questions to oome in. under this question Sir? With respect Sir, this is not riaht, anl I feel very affronted about it. I wanted the Honourable Financial Gecretary to knon mu questions. This is not a refleotion on his abilitif or his job, but it is because of the answer which I am trying to obtain from this question. I want to tet my people know that I am doing what thay phat me here to do.

MR. PRESSIDENT:
I think the Momber has asked severat supplementartes, most of which were futty answorot, atthough he may have been confused by the arewers. The one which I muted out of order was a specific one, which ooucht information about what had gone. on in a Finance Committee Meeting, and Inas ouliged by standing Crdere to rute that ait of onder, beause I betteved that the answer ahoutc be available in Finanoe Committes's Peport. Tf the Member oan find some other waty of phraeing his question which would make it admiseible. he may ask it.

FON. BENSON O. ERANKS: Mr. Fquestent, maybe the Members point bould be made if the question was asked whe ther the paument of $\$ 812,000.00$ to which he was referming, whioh was made in 1995 was a budested item, or whether it was on item brought formard from 1984, which had to me met as an extra item of expentiture in 7985 , and not budgeted for in the 1985 Pudqet.

MR. PRESIDRNT: I think that wotld be admissibte. If you are asking that question instead of suggesting to the seomd Fiteated Member or West Bay....

HON. EENSON O. EBANKS: No. $T$ am asking the question Mr. President, because it is part of their reserves and the money went in 1985 which this Government is accused of squandering.

MR. PRESTDENT':
onder. The question is in order but the statement whtah followed it is not. The question, in other wordo, we the \$812,000.00 a budgeted 1985 axpenditure.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFRERSON:
In. Fresident, my recotleetion is that
it was not a budgeted item.

MF. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, can I ask how it woutd be possible for $2 t$ to have beon brought forward from 1984, and not Fudgeted for in 1985?

LON. THOMAS C: JEFFERSON: Mr. President, thene are mant iteme on advance accounts, as any member of the publio aan see if they obtain a cony of the Annual Aconunts, or they get a oopy of the Budaet. When Govermment enters into contruotuat obliqations where we are whertain ourselves as to how long the oontract will last, especiat tu. dealing with matters affecting the leart process and the possibitity of appeals. It is always better to leave it on the advance account. until we are certain of the proper anount to charge off to expenditure, that is what was done in this partioular case.

Mr. G. HAIC BODDEN: But Mr. President, can I ask the Member if it was brought oven on an advance acoount from 1984, why was it not budgeted for in 1385 ?

MR: PRESIDENT: I think that has just been exptained....
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: No Sir, the answer he gave was to a different question. The question was 'rwhy was it not budgeted for', and he said because it. oame over as an advanoe aooount. Now. I am asking if it was an advance acount, why was it not budgeted for?

MR. PRESTDENT: $\quad$ I do not think fou aan have tristonea to his, wett, I will let him repeat the anower. but I think he answered i.t.

HON. THOMAS C. TFFFERSON: Let me try to exptain it in a different way Mr. Prestant. Dhe con have a matter of thto sort and charge off the advance nocount evory seare but for the amount of paper work which is involved it seens to me, a better way of dong it is to zeave the matter on the adwance account untit the final hitit is sent to this Govermments ant at that time it goes to Finance Committee for approval to be written off against expenditure.

> MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, can I ask if the affect of leaving it on on advonce aocount hetped to balance the budget for 1985 ?

IION. THOMAS C. JFFPERSON: Well, there are two mewers to that Wh. Prosident, one is that the funds have alpeady bean used, oo the cashflow is affected negatively, and the other ie, that when one chargeo it off to axpenses one either oreates a reducat surpius or a deficit, depending on what it was before one charged it in.

MF. G. HATG BODDEN: So Mr. President, the reat purpose for not budgeting for it was to let the 1985 Estimates look good.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFKRSON:
MR. PRESTDENT:
oovion, and $2 e$ not admissible as a question....
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Welt I woubl tike to answor it
Mr. Tresident if I may.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Wett I am sorvu, but $I$ do not think the question is in order. It is asking for an exproseion of opinion and 22(1)(a) prectudes it.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. Fresident, I Wave a question on a matter of fact STr, and that is whether the 1985 Budget in that regard was not in fact prepared by the Govermment of which, the scoond Elected Member of Executive Councit is a Member. In other words, the Budget was welt prepaned. by the zoth Novembers and the inooming Government had politioat input into it, but not the retaits as would have been know about these amounts. Could this be answered Sir?

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. President the electer....
MR. PRESIDENT: Onder, order. Untese you are rising on a point of order, this question must be arwwered first, and then tou may ask one.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. president, there seem to be so monu pariations, I am not sure what $I$ an anewering on this oocaston. coutd I ask the Member to repeat it.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: The question is whether in frot the 7985 Budget was not Dirtualty complete when the Government of today book over on the 20th November 1984 , and that these partloutar mounts if they were not budgeted for it, was not the deaision of this Govermment.

BON. THOMS C. JEFFERSON: Tt io brue Mr. President, that when the present Administration took wo nesponsibilities to budact at that stage it was in its finat form.

MF. JAMES M. EODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, I would tike now to ask a question of the Third Official Member. This Govemment is trying to put blame on $u$ for their 1985 Budget before this. The 1985 : Budget from the potitical aide wos never prepared, and had nothing Aone to it on that side. The input which was....

MR. PRFSIDENT:
The Momber must not make a statement, he
must ask a question.
Mh. JAMES M. BODDEN: Alrinht, the input which was put into the 1985 Budget was put on the Civit service aide and it is not for the Bonourable Third official Member to adotes this Fouse as to whether I am comect or not, as to whether there was any potitieat input with refard to the Budget which was in his humas, or the matertat which was in his hands for the Budget in Novembers, 1084.

HON. THOMAS C. JERFRRSON: An. Fresident, that is a difficult one to answer, because the procedure is taid down in dealing with the Budpet, in which each department fomarde to the portfotio ite respeotive estimate of what it needs for 1985. . M underotmaing is that alt Heads of Department do send their information through the Fortfotio to the Principat Seoretimy of the respective Fortfotio. Whether the Member sees it or not; I am unarace. I do not meal? having a paricular meetin? with the Memers of Frecutive Councit, to deoide the 1 A85 Furget.

HON. MICHAEL D. BRADLPY: Mr. Tresident Six, with respect, are we not straying slightly from the original question as asked.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think we have strayed some way, but they did all arise out of the question and out of one another. The seond Eleeted Member for Bodden Town.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident I will promise not to stray, but I just want a otarification on the answer from the Member, that is the answer he aave before the last one. The Member aaid that the 1985 Estimates were in a final form in November. Can he tell us the reason why it was not presented to the House untit March, four months later, if it was in a final form in November?

MR. PRESIDENT: $I$ really think we are straying a bit far, and I think the Member knows what the proceedure and what the answer is. The Elected Member for North Side, caught my eye first.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Thonk you Mr. President. Since we have heard bo mich about advance accounts sir, can the Member state whether the Public Acoounts Comittee has not in fact reoomended the reduction in use of advonce accounts, and the Govermment Minute tabled in November acoepted that recommendation?

BON. THOMAS C. JEFFEPSON: That is correct Ir. Eresident, but we are talking about advonce accounts in 198A.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, the 1984 Government has been very unfairly treated here this morning.
MR. ERESIDENT: $\quad$ onder, order if you are going to make

MR. PRESIDENT: If , Hou ask yow question you may proceed..

| MR. TAMES M. BODDEN: | I an going to get that, I am going to |
| :--- | :--- |
| get that. |  |
| MT. PRESIDENT: | Straight away. |
| MR. JMMESM. BODDEN: | I happen to have been a Member of the |
| fonemment as welt as my other colleagues, and we had had no political... |  |

MR. RRESIDENT:
MI. JAMES M. BODDEN:

MA. PRESIDENT:
must be seated.
MT. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mh. PRESIDENT:
The Member for Fast End.

Sit down please.
And we had hat no politicat input.....
Flease be seated. I am stonding, you

It is onty respect for the chair.......
I shalt pass on to the next question.

THT ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST FND TO ASK THF FONOURABLE THIRD OFFICLAL MTMPER RESPONSIALF FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT.

NO. 15: Would the Honourable Member state hour much Go:ermment colleated in the month of tanuary 1984, 1985 and 1986 for Garbage coltection fees, Trade and Rusiness Lioence fees and vehicle Repistration fees?

ANSWER: In the month of Jantury 1984, 1985 and 1986, Garbane collection fees, Trade and Business Licenoe fees and Vehicle Registration fees colleoted bu Covernment were as follows:

| , | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Garbage Colteotion Fees | \$19,987.50 | 61.233.00 | 116,153.33 |
| Trade \& Business Lincnoe Fees | \$23,644.81 | 23,022.49 | 92,060.66 |
| Vehicle Pegistration Pees | \$39.622.00 | 51,059.00 | 116,558.79 |

MR. FRESIDENT:
There is no suprtementary. I witl
Buspend proceedinge. Another supplementary?
MOTIONS
STANDING OKDFR 2A1 (9)(ii)
RE: PETTMION NO. $2 / 86$
Mr t. HAIG BODDEN: Ho, Nust bejore you suspent sir, I would like to move under Standing Craer 24(9)(it) that Fetition Wo.2/86 Le referred to a setent Comittee, nomety to the Finance Conmittice. as a Standing seleat Committee.

MR. JOHN D. MOLEAN:
I would eoond that Mr. Tresident.
MA. PRESIDENT:
I did empain I thought, hesterday to the Eleoted Member fon East Ena that I should not be able to aroept such a notion, as it is muled out of orden in my yien, by standina Order 24(8), which saus "No motion may be proposed which is the same in substonce as any motion which dirsing the provious six monthe has been resolved", and the Fetition in question coeks to reopen the Fulget which has been resotved during the last six monthe. therefore.....

Mit. G. HATG BODDFN:
Yes sir, I whderstand wour vien on it, but before you put the vote on this motion.....

MR. PRESTDENT: $\quad$ I an not putting a pote I have maded
the inotion out of order.
MR. G. $A A I F$ BODDEN: $\because$ Alright, welt bejore you finatise your miling, I would ask you to took at page 379 of. Frekine May. because mif oontention ts that what we dealt with in Desember was the Appropriation Bitl, and this is a motion, ond that particular paragraph makeg it elear that the Bitz and the motion are not the same. Fren if they were, $I$ uould then want to move for the suspension of the Standing onder to alzow us to deal with something whioh we divatt with sis months ago.

If you stith feel that we have dealt with it. But it is elear that we dir not doal with the asne thing beadue the Bitz and the motion are entiroty differents and if you witt give me a few minutos. I wilt explain it str. But rirst, please took at paragraph two on page 379 of Erskine Maty.

HOM. BENGOM O, PRAMKS.
Th. PRRCTDENT:
Mr. Fresident....
No, thave suspended proceedings now. - any other Menbers have representations to make to me about the matter or wish to bring other parts of Enskine May to my notice, I with be happy to see them.

AT 11.27 A. M THE HOUSE SUSFFTNDED

HOUSE RESUAED ATT $11: 54$ A.M.
MR. PRESTIENT:
Please be reated.
I promised before we suspended proceedings For a ooffee break, to look at the partioular passage in trokine May to which the Seoond Fleoted Member for Bolden Town had drom mis attention. $T$ have read it with interest and with carc, tut it has not persuaded me to change the wiew I earlier expressed. That the motion which that Member had thought to introrluce in acoordance with the terms of Standing Order 24 (9) (ii), was prealuded by standing. Order 84 (8). In ather words therefore, my muting is that unless standing Onders were to be suspended, it woutd not be poseible for the notion to be moved.

SUSPENSION OF GTANDING ORDER 2A(B)
MR. G. HATC BODDEN:
Mr. President, I bea to move the suapension of Stonding Order 24(8), so as to allon ue to that with the matter which to bofore the Houce.

ME. PRESIDENT: I ITM not quite sure that the mat ter is
MF. G. HATG BODDFN: Maybe I with rephrase it Sir.
MT. PRESIDFNT:
yes.
MF. G. HATG BODDEN:
I beg to move the suspenaion under
35 of Standing (hidex $24(8)$ which neads "po motion may be broposed which is the same in substance as any motion which during the previcus. site months has been resolved".

M: PREGIDENT: But, the spectifis purpose for whioh. Tou are moving it is to enable you to introduce tho motion you mentionoc. carlier, moving that petition NO. 2. I think, the Petition tait herterdal Eu the Member for East Find shoutd be reforred to the Finance Comittee. An I oomect?
U. G. HAIG BODDEN:

Mr. Frosident, so that we with not be acoused here today of any undemooratio aotiontios, I witt put the motion in fult.

IT beg to move under starding onder 83
the suepension of Standing Order 2a(8) ao as to altou Petition No. 2 of 2986 to be referred to a Seleat Conmittee, or the Finance Committee.

MR. PRESIDENT:
So the motion we would seek to move is that that petition should be referved to a Select Committee or to Finance Committee, leaving it uncertain as to which it would be referred to. Very weit. Is there a seconder for the motion suspending.....

Mr. JOHN B. MoLEAN: $\cdots$ Mr. Frebident, I bea to seoond the motion.

The motion to that Standing Order 24( 8 ) be
MR. PFESTDENT: surpended for the purpose of enablung a motion in the terms explained hy the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town, to be moved.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, I must say that this request has been made simply beause the matter to whiteh the motion rofers, is a matter of areat intortance. White $I$ will not attenpt to dedt with the substmoe of the Fetition, the fact is that this Howse received yesterday and tabled Fetition No. 2. of 1986. The Petition which oarried many signatures, the signatories to the tetition were alt registered voters representing a broad cross-section of these Istands, nvery district being represented. White the Petition did not have as mony signatures as there are regiotered voterss it had a significont number which showed that there is publice intarest in the matter winch ts the substance of the Petition. The aot of tabiing that Petition yesterday, will not in itself result in any detion by the fovermment unlese the Government saeks to take it further.:-If the Government. chooges today not to take the Petition any further, the Govervment outd wett be acoused of ignoring the peas which have some up 'from the Caymanion people. So this.....

MP. PRESIDENT: Reatly, the Member is startino to make the speech that he would make if he was allowed to move hic motion. Alt. I am prepared to entertain is simplis a representation that standing orders be suspended.
Mp. G. HAIG BODDEN: Witl finish with this.
tisten to the pubtio. If the choose to ignore tit by denying this.
motion, well, they connot blane me.

MR. PRESIDENT: The First Mecton Member of Fecoutive
Counct.
FON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. Fresident, I rise to oppose the motion to allow standine order 83 to be suspended, in order to receive a motion to euspend standing Order 24(8).

The purnose of the motion Mr. President
ia an attempt to, in my opinion, correct a deficienoy whioh was made yesterday when Petition No. 2. of 1986 was presented. Neneth, if itt was sought to debate the petition, a Member should have moved at that time, or if it was sought to send it to a Committee, a Momber should hrove made the motion at that time, that it be reforred to a solect Committee, as in the oase of Petition No. 1. where tho Member qave notice of that motion. In fact, he fomulated a motion. and $I$ think you requested that he put it in writing. Mr. President, if the Ilouse mefers to Standing order 15 sub-order (3) it is elear that where it is intended that a petition be sent to a Conmittees, then the motion ahould be made imnediately following the mesentation thereof. The retition was ordered to be taid on the table yesterdat, and as far as I an concerned, the action has to flow from that act, and not any attempt today to oorreot defieiencies in the presentation of the petition yesterday.

The Elected Member for fart End.
MR. JOHN B. MOLEAN:
Mr: Fresident, I support the motion before the House; because I consider it to be a necessary one, and a very important one. I hope sir that unu witt aite me a littie latitucte to rebut something which has been said by the previous apeaker.

I hoppen to have been the Member who presented the Fetition here yesterday, and you with recath in your capacity as Governor, that I had a short meeting with you in the morning,..

MR. YOHN $A$. MoLEAN:
As President, and we discusned the matter which $I$ was about to put before the House, and you mitt recalt that at the bottom of the Prayer, was a section which woutd have caused this petition, or for the opportunity to bring it before the Finance Committee, and I would like an opportinity to read it. It scid.

> Mr President, I now beg to move that this Petition be adopted by referring it to Finonce, Comittee, as the appropriate standing select Committee of this House, for consideration in accordance with the terms of this Tetition".

The reason why thie portion was not head atong with mit Proyer was because you had made a previous miting that th shoutd not do so. So, fir I would like to make it abundont ly ctear to the Member, that there was no omission on our behatf. It was thl prepared and ready to go, and after mi meeting with you it was ledted that it was usete.se for me to bring it before this House beculuse it would ha;e been knooked down.

PTV. PRESTDENT:
It may be hetpful for the information of
the House, if I onfirm that it is perfectiy true that you had sought to end your peeoh, in effect with a moticn that the petition should be referred to Finonce Conmittee, on the basis uou have just read out. Shat I explained to you that that would not be acmissible, and that alt. you could do was to move fon it to be referren to a Seleet Committes, in terms of Standing Order 15(4). But I fid I think, atso explain to uou that if you so moved, I should have to sou as I have said today to the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town, that I thought that standing Order 24(8) would prectude such dotion.

MR. JIMES M. BODDEM:
Mr. Prosident, as President of this rouse did you not aot then in a monner whioh wout have tried to have kept this subject from even going to the House..or even us Favina a chance to debate it. Is it not a foreaone conelusion that you made 淮 wour mind on this matter and what shoutd hapen to it before it could ever aet to the people. How are we going to have a chance with goverment to get this matter approved to be debabed, when you as the teater of the House, had made up your mind that my theng we did on it, we woutd hove been found at foult. I think this is a serious situation for this Country to get to, wher the whishes of the people, the wishes of a lot of registered voters are being ompletety ignored, in a manner such as this by fatling back on certain miles and regulations which you have in vour Standing Orders.
different suidjects.....
A bill and a motion are two entirely.

AT. PRESIDENT
Order, order, The Member must not
debate the ruling whioh I gave about the effect of standing Order 24 (9)...
MT. JAMPG BODDEN: . Well, Mr. Fresident....
TIIE PRESIDENT:
...nt he is entitted at thie stage to do ts to support, if he does support, the motion for the suspension of Stondina Orders.

AR. JAMES M. BODDEN: WeLt I suppont the motion Sir, put I will only say thiss that in this House it is tike appeating from Caesar unto Caesar, and getting woree.

Mh. PRFSIDENT: Does any further Member wish to speak?
Whe Member, yes, the Member for North side.
MF. D. EZZARD MILLRR: Mr. Fresident, I mise to atpose the motion to suspend Standing Onder 83, to allow for Standing Order 24(8) to bo suspended. I concur with the Honourable First fleated Member of Executive Council. In fact Sir, as a member of the Business Committee wo brought it to the attention of the Chaiman of that committee, the relevant standing Orders which we thought applied. It is no fault of murs sir that the peopte on the outeide have been misted or miedirected beeause of laok of knowlentee of stonding Order gh(s).

I am aqainst the motion sir.
Mi. PRESIDENT:

Let me just qive other Members a moment Tonger if they wish. No, I think the mover may reply if he wishes.
ML. G. HATG BODDEN: Mr. President, from time to time, many Bmers are taid on the Table of thio House, doumente including reports, netitione etoctera. To gite just one excmple, the potioe keport is regularly taid on the Table of this House. When that Fepomt is taid, there is thothing in our Standing Orders that would prevent a Member from moving the next day, or the next week or the nert aitting of the House that that Report be referred to a Committee, on be dobated. The same would apply with any other report, it might be a census, or whatever it might be. It is ordered to be laid on the Table, and: usually when the Report is laid on the Table Members do not have time to study it on that particular day. But hawing studied the Report or the Fetition or whatever it is, $x$ Member may feet at a later date that there is something important in it, which ought to be debated. $I$ mantain that there is nothing in our standing onders to prepent a Member from makinc a motion at a later date to debate any particular. Peport, Petition or other paper which has been tail on the Tabte. The two Nembers who ontabonated together in November last year, in woing the closure motion to prevent or to ourtait my speeches, are afain, working together against this motion. I refer to the Member from North Side and the First Elected Bomber of Executive Councit from west pay. One of those Members seemot to say that it was a tack of knowtenge of Stonding Onder ? 44 (8) as to why we did not move this motion yesterday. I am auite famitiar with standing Onder 24(8). The petition hat been moved by another member, and personatly, I wanted to aet another bite at the cherry, and I know futt welt that there is nothing in our Standing orders to prevent me from making a motion today that this matter be referred to a Select Cormittee. The Member from West Ray gaid that it was an attempt to correct a deficiency made tyesterday. He is a member of Eneoutive Councit, and if he belteves this oun words, he ehould stand up in support of this motion today, because he is a pestonstible Member of Foverrment, and if he feels that a deficioney had been made, he bas $\gamma$ dity to correct that deficienoy.

Mh. G. BAIG PODDEN (COUTNUING): It io my opinion however, that there was no deficienoly. The Tetition was laid on the Table yerterday and the motion to send it to the select Commitee is made now. Where is the deficiency? All that Standing Onder $15(4)$ says is that other petitions कh xtl be ordered without question mut to lie upon the Table, untess a Member moves for it to be referred to a select Committee. In other words, what the standing Onder suggests is that yesterday the Member had the right to make a motion for it to be refermed to a setect Committee. But it does not take away his right to make that identicat motion today. Since there is nothing in the standing Orders, nor in any other partiomentamy authorities whioh $I$ ooutd find. I therefore make this motion todvy that we sunpend standing Order $2 \mu(\mathrm{~g})$ so that this matter, this importont public matten oan be exomined by the Government.
of course, I reatise Sir that getting tinia into a Committee witl need the maiomity of votes in this House, and Members are free to vote as they feel. If the Fetition is allowed to go to a seleot Connittee, I betieve that the mubic will be hamp to know that their coverrment is willing to listen to the Fetitioner. If on the other hand, the matter is procladed from aoing to the Committee, the pubtio may well feel that they ape in the position that the Ismalites were in when they tried to appeal to pharroh. It is no doubt that the ories of the peonle have oome up to the Govermment, and further more. as a Farlicoment which has aturye had the sembtance of democracy, we. should not today tet oursetves be aooused of being undemocratic, by 3 faiture to suppont this motion.

MR. FRESTDENT:
I think the Member is starting to get
baek to the speech he woutd have made if he had won this part colar vote. So I will put the question, and just to remind Nembers, the question is that in acoordmoe with the provistons of standing onder 9 . Standing Onder 2a(8) should be suspended in ondor to enable. the seoond Etected Member for Bodden Toum to move a motion to the effoet that, Tetition No. 2. of 1986 should be referped oither to a seleet committee on to Einchee Committere. I think that ise dorpeet.

MT. G. HAIG BODDEN: I think I should make it specific. I beg terve to amend $i t$, to any that it shouth go to the Finonce Committed, if you wizz aecept that omendment.
MT. PRESIDENT:
Well, it is a littha bit tate to accept the omendment. If we get the stonding order suspended, I witt consider alloming. . .
3. G. HATG BODDFN:

MT. RRESIDENT:
have just finisher debating.
GUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES
MR. TAMES M. BODDEN:
Mh. PRESIDENT:

That is fine Sir.
I to not think we an amend the motion we

Could we have a division Sir?
Cerrtainly.


MR...PRESIDENT: ITEM 3. Govemment Busineso. Gomenoement of denate on the Throne Speech.

To remind Nambers, in case any of tham may have forgotten, the motion before the Howe whioh wio moved yesterday is: 'Re it resolved that thits Honourabte Leaislative Assembly reconde its aratiefut thanks to Fis Exceltenoy the Governor for the aractious Address detivened on Fridau, 28th February 1996!.

That motion is onen for debate. Does any Member twish to speak? : The Third Elected Nember for West Bay.

MRS. DIFHNE L ORRETT
Thank you $A$ w. president:
Mr. Frecident and Members of the Legiatative Assembly, I woutd like to offer mu sincere contratulations on the very fine Throne sneeah whioh wa detioned to us last Friday, and to say that I consider it a very formard zooking and optimistic Throne speech. I feet that there is much to be thankfth for, and atthough not wiening to appear as if T an btowing my oum trappet, I foet that I form part of a Govemment whteh has led you to make the speech such as the one which you delivered.

In the nold Samiptures it is sald "Tf my people which are called by my" name shat thumble themselvos and proy, and turm from their wioked whis, then thill I hear from heaven. I witt forgive their sins and I will heat theip tant".

Mr. Fresident, $I$ feet that one of the main purposes, one of the main tasks of this present Govermment is to assist in that healing, and to be used as instruments to bring it about.

MARS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Your Throne Speech outlined Sir, Coverrment's principte plans for the coming year. There weve lots of thinge which could not be put in writing, but certainty, as $I$ have gone over it, I feel that this present Govermment con live up to its conmitments.

It wae mentioned sir, that steps would. be taken to strenathen the police, bu improving standards, and that this would continue. I am very pleased to note that there has been defiritely on improvement in the police Department. Mot least of which is the confidence which the public has regained in that Department over the last year or so. I feel that they are to be congratulated for their hard work. Because, after noting certain areas within this Speech six, it was found that perhaps even the present staff of the Police Department could do with additional members. There were certain restrictions, I guess, as far as not having funds to hipe new recruits, as had been recomended. But I would hope that this will be done in the very near future, because any Country without adequate staff to carry out the laws of the Country, is in trouble. We can sit here meeting after meeting, and make new taus, but unless we have an efficient Folice Force who witl carry out those tows, or Bee. that they are carried out then we will be in trouble after all.

It is noted that great interest has been taken in job-training for the Police Department. A number of times questions have been raised in this Honourable House Mr. President, about Contracted officers and hou Long they would be here, and how many Caymanians would be employed and promoted etcetera. I want to make it abundantly olear that I am for a well-trained totice Department. Any effort which is made to bring Contracted officers in hexe to train our Police Foree, so that they would be better equipped and qualified to carmy out their important role, has my support, and $I$ do not have time to quibbte here about how many of them are caymanian, and how many are not. The idea is that we are training our Caymanians to take over responsible positions. In order to do this we are alowing them to work with those men who oan assist them in reaching the standands which we feel are suitable. It was noted that during this past year most of those who were rearuited to the force were Caymantan, or with status, and we had one who was a university graduate. Mr. President, I an very happy to see that this is the case. I feel that often our people tend to get the idea that the Folice Department is a Department where one can have people who perhape take education as something not too important. I am not in any way insinuating here sir, that many of our police have gone up throught the ranks of the Police Department and have done exoeptionatly welt, and have become wall qualified over the yeare, through experience. But it should not be under estimated how importont it is that in this plaasant time when the sophisticated areas of a Dmug Enrorcement Agencys and intermationat tas and alt these things come into play. That it is very, very important that we ensourage the Police Department's young men and women who have tried to further thair eaucation as faras is possible. I feel that this is a step in the right dineotion, and I trust that it witl be the beginning of many other young men and women going overseas and getting proper troining, and ooming back to our Islands and taking positions in the Potice Department and Law Enforcement Agencies.

High pnioritiy witl continue to be aiven to road safety, with increased attention to those who drive dangerousty, and also in the area of drug abuse.

MRS. DAPHNE $L$. ORRETT (CONTITUING) Mr. Fresident, it cannot be under estimated, the dangers of driving on the roade of the Cayman Islands today. The Police Departmient hia a veing difficult job, and I feel that in this Honourahle house, we ane going to have to pay close attention to this area of law enforeement, and to see whether or not, the punishment for breaking the taw as far as using our roads is concerned, is strict enough op whether we need to perhaps institute somewhat harsher measures to brinq the mesbxqe home to our popple, about the fact that it is a privilege ond not a right to use the roads on Grand Cayncon.

Mre President, the consideration to strenathen the Drug squad is definitely something whioh is greatly needed herc. As you know, and other Members of this House know, one of our greatest fears in the Cayman ratonds today is that somehow, someway, there are those amongst us, throuan whatever diehonest means possible, are using dmu trafficking in order to get mioh quick.. In the process, ow youm people are being destroucd. It touches just about almost every househotd in the country today. There are a few who, in one wxy or another do not know the effects of it, whether it is a cousin, or on uncle or a chitd sonehow in this smatl community of ours, atl caymanians are cuacre of the dangers of driag abuse. Thope that within the New Year, every effort witl be made to tencourage our Police Deprortment in carrying out their responsibitities, in helping to curtait the drug traffic on these Istands. I feet that a great effort has been made in this direction, but Mr. President, $T$ would hope that we would never become complaieant and feel that we have armived, because sometimpes $t$ am made to wonder whether we might just be seeing the tip of the iseberg, as to what drugs are really doing in our country today.

The Frieon Administrition witt continue to explore new ways by which the tatents and ekiths of staff and prisoners can'be brought about, and more effectinety utilised. No. President, $t$ mure that if we were to investignte those inmates at the prision today, it would be found that many of them are repeat offenders. It is most important that steps be taken not only for punishont, but for increased efforts, so as to rehabilitite these offenders. I would tike to voice my pleacure and to offer my congratulations to the Fricon Ministry which has just been set up amongst the churches of our Istands, working olosely hond in hand in order to assist in the areas of rehabititating our prisoners. There is one thing which we need to recognise, and that is if a prisoner leaves that facility, and once again turns to society fecting that he is no better than when he went there. The only thing we have on our hands is a repeat offender, and to witt continute to cause probleme conongst the peonle of our society. "suctly we find that cvery incident becomse a tittle bit worse than the one in which he was involved prion to that. The arens of findina suitable reareational facilities for the Prison Departments I know they are not put there to apend a vacation, but what I would like to' get deross to this Honcurable Bouse Mr. President, is that evory area in which we om hetp to rehabilitate on offender, espectatty young peonte who are going iv, many of them for the first time. It is a merns of giving him some self respect, letting him know that he is not place there and foraotten about, and that it is this Govermment's intention not only to punish him, but to make him a better man when he gets out of there.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRFTT (CONTINUTNG): I was very DLeased Mr. Fresident at the last Agriculturat. Shout to see the fine disptay of wondwork which had been produced by the inmates at the Northuand Prison. It was a beautifut display of work, and it goes to show just how skittful many of these young men are, and the areas in which they can be employed outsta onoe they return to society. The Director of the prison and his ataff are to be congratulated. I feel sir that there might be some areas where improvements still need to be made, beacuse omplaints are often voiced to us as representatives, about certain things which it is felt are perhaps not in the best interests of prisoners, and these thirgs are noted by fomity relatives who go there to visits and one will hear certain complaints brought to the attention of Members of the Legislative Assembly by our constituents. I trust that as time goes on, we witl see improvements in these areas. There have been many times when we have had comptaints about inmates not getting items which were left for them, and their mail has been shetved cond has not reached the person to whom it was sent, and a few minor things. But I think on the whole, the Direntor and his staff are doing a very fine job at that facility. Certiainly, the waitina area of that Prison annot be renovated and refurbished quick enough. It is certainly something which requives urgent attention, and I am sure that Govemment witl see that this is done within the coming year.

## It is noted that the administration

remains committed to the development of programes such as agriculture and woodwork. I feel that here is an area, as there are only cortain things whioh prisonere are allowed to be invoived in for more reasons than one, and certainty this is an area which is beginning to get a lot of attention. The Member reaponsibze for this Fortfotio and the Agriculturat Department I am surte, with work hand in hond with the Prison Department to see that as much as possible is done to enoourage prisoners to get involved in this area.

As I mentioned earitisr Mr. Fresident, we must never loose sight of the fact that the rehabilitation of the offender ia of upmost importance.

Fot towing the introduction of the
new Caymonian Protection LTw in 1985; moasures are being introkuoed to widen eligibility for permanent residence. By so doing, it is hoped to provide for some security of tenure to puitable people who have become wett estabtished in the Caymon Islands over a reasonable period, and at the same time, provide an attermative to Caymonian status. Mr. President, as you are avare, and the other Members of the Tegislative Ascombty are also wowe, there is areat concerrm being voiced about the number of people who are receiving Caymanim status. I feel that this is a step in the right diroction. We have peopie here who have contributed welt to the Cayman talands, but there has to be a limit on the number of people who we an ber allowed to aain. Gaymonion status. Mr. President, I woutd like to note the word 'suitable' in your speech. Suitable Mr. Tresident, does not necessaritu mean a person who has a tot of moneu. Sutable does not neeessarity mean a person who has visited the Islande for the last ten to fifteen years. There are mory things whioh need to be considered when we are thinking of altowing a person to enioy permonent residence in these Istands. We are atlowing him to hove a priortege, a say in this countmy, and that word 'suitabte' is af utmost importanoe- Mr. President, well cstablished in the Cayman Islands does not necessarity mean that one has ones teeth into certain areas of Fusinecs. Vell established, Mr. President, I feet indioates that any aroticant is proving to the Calmanian publice that he is wett establiohad, in that he is writing to work with ue and to live by our standards, ond not to come into this Country to diatate, not even to suggest what happens on our Istands.

MBS. DAPHNE L. ORPETT (CONTINUING): Over a reasonable period, Mr. President, there are people in this Country who have received status almost by the snap of the finger. One has to ask the reason why. Their contribution, positive contribution to this Country is almost nib, and yet alt of a sudden we hear that they have Cammanion status. Mr. Fresident, I am cuare that there are certain people in these Istands who are here merely for what they an get for themsetves. This ie are some, who beause of some politioat affitiation, on because of their ties to someone in Govermment may think that they are able to get into this Country, to rum it along the linas they see fit. Mr. President, there are people in this Countruy who becouse of the mere foct that they oum a oondominium, or a dwetting house, believe that they can look upon Caymanians as seoond alass aitizens.- This is something which I happen to know. Mr. Dresident we have individuats who are seeking status in this Country, who would work a Caymontian for a mere pittance, and yet, would come forward to expect to be a part of our sooiety.

Mr. President, there hase to be an alternative provided to Caymonian status, and even when this is done, those persons who are allowed to come and live here must understand that they are our guests, and not our masters. Beoause, there are certain individuals in this Country Mr. Fresident, who coutd not care lees about the image of the Coyman ralande, and who oould not care' less about Caymanians in generat. Theu are ont? here for what they can get for themselves, and the fact that they have moneu, and the fact that they aan push something into one hand or another, will not work with this present Govemment. I an aceure you wh. Yresident, that any foreign national who wishes to beoome a part of this society. must understand that he has to live by our standards. Which is why, Mr. President, when it comee to obrtain iteme which are aoing to be brought to this House, I do not feet that the stond we take on any new lows, or the revision of any laws in this country must be done because we are considering the visitor to these Istinds, over and above the needs of the tocal Cammaians. We zive hore, this is our home, and when someone visits a home, he is a auest and he has to live by the rutes of the house. In this Countri; we accept suggestions, constructive aritieism yes, but we do not expant to have people who are going to oome here and dictate to us what tons we make, or what trus we do not make in onder to suit persons who are only guests in this Country. It is important that when we consider Caymonian status, it be to those who are genuinely connected with us in one way or another. Rut not necessaritu beocuse here is a plice that they would like to have a winter home, or here ts a place that they would like to spend six months out of the year. We wetome the peopte who come here to live with us, and not over and above us, and to look down on Caymanians as something of substandard.

Mr. President, I mioht as well oonfess to you that I have tived abroad for somotime, but never in my iife, have I expeated to go to someone el.ses country and to ask them to ohange their ways on their customs or their lawe to suit me. We maybe a smalt Island in emparison with the United Strates, or other Zarger countries, but what has worked welt for wo over the years muet continuo to be looked upon as what our Caymanion peonle want. There are certain people visiting theoe Islands, fortumately for we they are in the minority, but they wish to get their teeth ond their otoms into oertain areas where they an actualty monowne Camonions to suit themselves. Boen in the politioat arona, Mr. President, one witt find that some of these people woutd tike to be abte to get ontrenched in order to undo what thia present Government is trying to do.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUJNG): Mr. President, we are here, as I mentioned in the opening sentences of my speech, for a healing in this Countrif. Wg are instmoments of God, to bring about this healina Mr. President, and there are many ways in which it must be done. Any factions on groups out there who expect to cone in at this time and undermine and bo bring about ontention, by causing our people to believe that this present Government does not have their best interests at heart, Mr. Fresident, we in this Government must make sure that such people are not allowed to posesss any strong ties with this Country. In and out, if they cannot tive the way that we think they ought to live amongat ua, then tell them to pack their bags and leave, beacuse there are many more who want to dome here Arr. President, who have noutterior motives for doing so.

Mr. President, when we deat with the permanent, residenee situation, it is a very serious mattor indeed, and I trust that this present Govermment is going to be most oarefut. I have utmost confidence in the Caymanian Frotoction Boards and I trust that all the members of our nociety with recognise that what we have is something to treasure, and we must not allow a bribe or some involvement in a company to oause 4 s to throw out evoruthing in to the hands of those who aan only be detrimental to our society.

Mr. President, I am not bure what the tine is.

MR. PRESTDENT:
$I$ was waiting until you came to the end of a partioutar subject. perhaps if Hou have done, it woutd be a convenient moment now to break, and I with therefore suspend proceedinas until approwimately two fifteen.

AT $12: 52$ P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPBMRED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:23 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
FTected Member for West Bay.

Flease be seated.
Debate on the Throne Speech. The Third

MRS. DAFHNE L. ORRETT: Thank you Mri. Fresident.
When we took the lunch break, I was deating with the subject of the new Caymanton Protection Low, or new measures and I feet sir that this is of utmost importance. I do not think this is somethina which should be delaucd or postroned, but it is happening in ample time.

We are pleased to see the fine service which Radio Cayman is offering to the generat publio, and the FM service whioh was introduced a short while aoo; being araduathy expanded to cover a full day of broadeasting, which is certainly in order.

As I have mentioned in an eartier mesting of the Houed, $I_{s}$ in addition to keeping the Cammotian people well informed on newe and other areas, stitl do not feet it woutd be too much to ask with the new FM facility becoming nomilable, that the Hour of Farth broadoast and the religious broadoasts in the morming, might posstbly be astended to the time period when most people are either getting dreesed to go bo work or are on their way to work. Certainly Mr, President, this type of broadoast world seom quite in order and appropriate and a fine way to beqin ones day.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING) : I thind in our moctety today one needs to do as mush as possibte to encouraqe the colm and pationt spirit which one needs to have in order to get ahead, and do a fob wett. Many times our Cajmanian pubtio teave home in the moming and go to work. and anything which con be done to inopire our people and to wave them think, that took in the right direction, I feel should be encouraged. so I would suggest, and hope that those rosponsible wot? see that this particular aspect of the rafio broadcast is looked into.
of course, the nutturnt and eduationat material is of utmoet inportonce, and I am pleased to see that Radio Cayman io expanding their services in this manner. It is a very fine Government entity, and I betieve that it has done ue proud, for us to be able to have our oun Radio Station under the teadership of some very fine people.

It is noted that auming this year, under the United Nations Development Programe thewe is going to be a Management Workshop. Again Mr. President, I see Govermment's effort in trying to promote within the Civit Service those people whom it is fett will be good candidates for mancgement and senior posts within the Service. I think this ts one of the waye in which we are sayina to our people that we want to see Caymanians get ahear. I am pleasod to see that a now Director of Training has been memited, and that other supervisory and middle management level courses witl be introduced. I feel that we in Caymanion sooiety today bhould reoogrise the civit service as being one of the most important botios in this Countru. Without it we are in serious trouble, and without a officient civit Service we are still in semous troubte. So I wetcome these new steps which have been taken. It is another reason for the Coymmian public to have faith in this Covernment, that it is our intention to move Caymanians up within the Civit Semiae.

It is noted that the present number of serving officens are witikety to be smanded opreciably duping this $y$ ars, and it is good to note that there are neveral areas Mr. President, in which those young Commmians araduating from sohoct this year, will. be able to find employment. Further on in the Throne Speech, it is noted that there are other areas of develooment which are new in proarese ond we ehould have no diffioulty in being able to place orm young caymantans. mony of whom would otherwise perhaps have been tooking to the givit: service for a agreer opportunity. If this is not avaitabie, they with. find it elsewhere.

In the areas of Healtri, Education and Sooiat Services, it is heartening to note that the Member reaponsible, and those working with him have seen fit to have a Vational. Health Plan published in the not too distant future. Flarderemirements are to be reviewed, and I foel Mr. Fresident that this Govemment shoutd support any effort which might be made in the nerr future, to build or to provide biooer and better medral factititer for the peopte of these Istands. white perhaps we think we have arivived, we witl find that we are a continually growing population and evon now, the hospital often finds itself filled to over flowing, and with littize or $n \mathrm{rom}$ to coeet new patients, and with patiento hoving to teave within a day on tion, becuse of insufficient spoce to cope with the number of poople necding attention. I would hope Me. President, that this Govermmont wht see fit to auport any tecision which might be made to provide a bigaer or bettor hooptal facility. on 4 faemed to be necessary; a nomplete new plant facitrity for the wepitat. White on this partioular subjeot, I would wioh to state here. that if my nome, a partioular on speotal name, ond this might sound to be a tittlee bit off the subject, but I would like to get it in white I remember it and berore anything olse might come up which mirht provent thise being considered.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORREIT (CONTINUIN(T): Mr. President, unaware as you might be of this, beoause of when you arrived here, and even those who are sitting in the House right now might not know, but there was a fine doctor who resided in West Rat some years ago, Dr. Horter, who gave, Mr. Fresident. If there was anything, such as sacrificiat giving, this gentleman did it, Herewe had a doctor Mr. President, when in those days moscuitoes wene like the sand on West Bay Beach, and the roads were fust a mud puddle when it rained. There were fust little footpaths into the deepest aredre of West Hay, and other areas in the ralonds as well. Here was a doctor who left his home in the United Kingdom and come to this Country, and Mr. President, he aove his life for the health, the good heatth of the people of these Tstands. thitil today there has not been anything really signiftocnt to even remind the Catmanian peopte of his presence here, and the saorifices he made to serve our people. But I doubt whether in our life time, we with over be able to witness one human being giving as mush to a people, as the late Dr. Horter did for the peovle of Grand Cayman, and West Bay in particular. I feel that some fitting reminder of his sarrificial giving should be given to us. I have a feeling, that in alt the yerre that this man spent here, he left fomily and friende and home, and gove himself to this Country, I do not know, but moube he returned home once or twice in alt the years he was here. But when we speak of doctors and giving time at a hospital, it should not even be questioned, when I oonsider the effort and the time spent on the health of the people of this Country by that one man. I would hope that if a neu facitity io planned, it be named after Tr. Horter, who grve oo much to the poople of this Countrity.

On the eduoational level Mr. Fresident, as is well knom to all Members of this House, we omnot over emphasise top educational facitities, and evert ohitd deserves a ohnnoe.

I am pleased to nots thet in West Bay the shettered workehop is becoming a reatity, and that it soon with be in operation. Mp. President, it proves onee again that this present Government has at heart, every aspect of soctoty, ard every tevel of society. There is aloo an ongoing effort not only to try to odunate as best we oan, the hondicapped child, but to make hia life seem worthuthite through providing for him. something whith he an onoe with. Something which he feels he arn ontribute positively to sooiety and becoms involved in, and I feel that the sheltered workshop is a step in the right direetion for the handicapped in mur society today.
on the social services level, certain? M. President I camot aive onough praise to the houseparents and the othors involved in the Francis Bodien's Girls Home and the Boys Home. It can be seen that both these factlities are making a positive impact on the less fortunate of our young boys and girls in the Capman Istands today. I am pleased, and I pray for God's wisdom and etrength and patience, because I an of the firm opinion that where we might have a fow extra at Northward Prison: we instenci are going to howe yound men and women who are going to leave those pomes and go out into society Hr. President, and be worthwite oitisens of our communty. I commend the olube involved, the Rotams and those involved, and Mr. President I am thankfut that in this area we are making positive inroads.

Thewe are many other apeas which need attention. Mr. President, this Govermment is oomitted to working with the Social Servioes Department in thie Conntra. It is no longer going to be pushed aside arat ignored undulu, but we intend to wonk with the Soaiat Services Deportment hand in Fumai. Mr. President, we oan be to mich, we oan have ao mant bariks and hotels atong Soven Mite Bexeh as we wien, but untess wes touch those areas of our society which with heip to stamp out orime, we are not roallu making progress at atl.

MES. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTIMUTMG): It ts of utmost inmortance that the Social Services Department of this country is aiven a top priomity. We have chitdren Mr. President, who as it were, were bom into sooint problems. They really cannot be blamed for what has oome about, beoause they were born into it, and it is a faet. He could throm wo our hands ariz say well it is not realty mu nesponsibility if parente have failed. their childaren, but this is not the attitude we fave to take as a Goverment. It is our business to offer that chitd on those onildren. and young people, every-opportunity to get bagk into society and feet that they are worthwitile citisens. or this Countrys We ous it to them, and every area in which we can assist in making this become a reality, we have to do so. This Govermpent must ses to' it that money is spent wisety and wett in the sociat services Department.

Mr. President, it is not our intention to encourage these young people to do things which then ought not to do. I think right nou Mr. Presidents of mory young women whom I know in this Country who are fraed uitin a aituation of having to live in an environment, not conducive to good sociat tiving. Not conducive to raising a chitd, and zet. I know of these certain young women Mr. President who were borm into the situation, and unfontimate ciroumetances find them still there. They have a chitd to maise, and that ohitd in turn falle into the same pattern, and it goes on ond on in a vieious circle. I would hope to see Mr. Treaident, some facitity whereby these unfortinate young women are able to at least get a good start in raising those ohitaren, and pointing them in the ritht dipection.

In the mited states the are now providing such facilities. They are finding that young mothers are then abte to core. They team hon to monage a young ohtid, they tean how to cook, how to manace a home, and how beet to budget a smatl amount of money. Thase are areas in whon they aro finding that a boid between mother and ohtid becomes wuch mone tight and sotid, and that mother learng how to tove her ofitt, how to otre for her chitd and in tuim, the chitd has an early start in the might direation. We thave some unfortunate situations in the copmon totands todau, and so one firds that they are not so much peaponeitie for the siturtion, but they were bom into it. tt is ametring which they have almost beome used to, $a$ wa of $i i f e$. In the Soovat semitoes Depratment these Tre areas where we need to work ctosely in ow soniety today. We are fortunate, boccuse in other big oountries lin. Fresident many, mary things happen, in many areas, many situatione get overlooked becouse peopte tive in a tange eommanity and one is not cuane of these situatione, but we are fortunxte in that in tho Craman Islands, we ane a ematt area. One netghbour usuathy knows what the other is doing, and the difficulties thet neighbour might be fookn. These are areas which on be brought to the attention of the Sowith. Services Department, and we can do something about it. Mr. Treailent, thie repmesentative is. committed to work with this Govemment in thio area because when we prevent crime, we have Gone a lot more than trying to oure it. This is the area in which the Soctal Serniees Deparment com make a positive contribution.

Mr. President: it is noted here that the Govermment is oommitted to strewthen the hoct th semvoes, and I do not want to go back on bhat subject, but I dite wont to mention that Caymanians are oageriy ouriting such a sorvioe being strengthened, because there are aroae in whith many cuestions are acked. I know that there are some people we witl never be able to satisfy, but I also realise that there are areas, ma I on thank fut that somethina positive is being done about thast, U Fiven me, the Fecth Care in this Country is somothing which is of utmot importmoe, tha the time has come when anyono invotwed in that Ilent th Cure, be he a doctor, a nurse, a nurses attendant, whoevor, hore to bo someone who is proving that they cre expning their monely.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUTNG): Deoause, it has been going on for far too lona, the present situation in these Istands, whereby the people do not have faith in the Heath Care sempices which are offered to our people. I know in aertain areas Mr. President, it is uniustified, but there are other areas where questions certainty need to be asked, and I feel that the Member responsible is not in any way aoing to fait this Govemment in seeing that every otringent measure ts taken to ensure that our people aet the best in Health Care in these Ietands.

The 24 hour service, I am not going to go into, because it is almost like a record in this House now, but I witl say that I was pleased to learn that it is som going to become a reality, and I think that any doctor on duty would be untrise to send in any excuse about attending oocktail parties or anything else, and cannot be there.

The legialation to requlate food handing I think is a step in the right direction Mr. President. The food at the hospital is aood, but I do not think that one aan over emphasise how important it is to take, such measures.

Mr. President, ve have a sttuation in the Camman Islands today for which there is no ready remedu at the moment. We have people walking our streets, and aotually in tour Throne Speech you mentioned that mearnires to deal with mental illness and drug and alcohot abuse are under aotive ooneideration. It is my opinion Mr. President, that a lot of the mental illness we have in the Capman Istande today is a direet result of dima and atoohot abuse. I know of a number in the distriot of West Bay, and some years ago before they became so involved in drugs, or the consumption of aloohot they were totally different individuals. Today, some of them are watking the streets of West Bau, and one has to ask oneself, if this is the same individual I knew ten trears ago, or eometimes leses. We need a faeitity to deal with this type of individual. The hospital is not the answer, nor is the frison, and I would like to urge upon this Goverment that early steps be taken to see if we con provide such a facility to cope with this tupe of indivictuat. We have them in att age brackets. We have them amonast the femate population as wetz as the mate population, and they go on, and on and on until they reach a stage where it is almost impossible to help them. I am pleased to see that these neasures are in hand, and I look foruard Mr. President to the day when such a facitity can be provided.

As mentioned eartier Mx. President,
the growing otient population in social services aquses much ooncern. It is definitely a situation which can no longer be put on the shelf, and the Juveniles tha beine umated to keep the hands of this Govermment tied in many areas, has to be looked in to, and I hope that this revision of the Law witl take place before too tonn, and we will find that it provides us with what we need in the area of juvenile delinquenos in this Country.

The Nationat Contritutory Pension Soheme
brought about as a result of a motion by my colleacue from West Bay, is certainty one which the peaple have wetcomed, and I fcel aaain, it proves to the people of these Istands that inis Govermment is committed to hetping not onlu themselves, but everyone etse in these Islands. mr. President it is not on eavy matter, getting att these sohemes in place automatioalth, as soon as we decide they are needed, but I feet sure that the people of these Talands can expect that it wizl not be unduely delayed, and that there will be oteps taken to get it on the move in onder that our peopte can contrithute to it. I hope that we will not hear too many people complaining becouce there is a tendenoy among a eertain faotion of our people, to think that everythina one gets should be free. But I am glad that the majomity of nur people are those who are witting to work and contribute to whatever maybe handed dom to them.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTHUING): Mr. Freerdent, I took fomurd to seeng the Nationat Contributom Pension Soheme in motion before too tong.

I am for the preservation of 'Thinces Caumanion', and I wetcome the stems taken to restore the old Courthouse Bullding for a Musem. Not only witl it be an added tourtst at motion Mr. Frestalant, but it will certainty pregerve for our chitdren, "a tot of work which made the Cayman Istands speazal. History ts verig, very important and it cannot be over emphasised fow a building such as this helps to enhance our appreciation of what we have inherited from our. forafothers." It witl provide for our peonle a keen momento of the hard work which it took for us to make a lipetinood, and the Caymanians have, down through the years been a sterting and a hardy people who torked for what they got. It is good to preserve what is ours.

The Nationat theatre, which witt be opened during this year is oertainly somethino which is welocmed. Mr. Fresident I think here tia an anea where it io proven that not every-. one who omes to the Cayman tatands is here for what he or she can get out of it, and not necessarily for what the can give. Mps. Harquail is to be congratutated. I reatise the more one has the more one can give, but there are many people who have a tot and give nothina. Wr. President, I feot that this kind lady is to be conaratulated for the amount of morey and the amount of time which she has spent in the area of the Caymon Nationat Theatre. White on this particular subjeot, I would hope Mr. President that we will see our locat peonle beame invotved in the area of the arts. That we with see them supporting the arte, becouse it is a very importont nart of any moderm society. I think that often our people tend to oomplain. There is a tendency among Bome of our peopte to make remarks that everything which is done, is done by an expatriate. But again, when the invitation is given for people to participate, and for neople to come forword and wotunteen to aot on to be a part of anything in the arto, thou seem to hold back and do nothing about it. Then one heare of people comptaining hew tittle the Caymaniane are invotved. I think that these are areas in which we have to go fomiard. We have to make mursetves available, and I am hoping that thie building will not be sitting there being used mainly by a non-Caumanion group. But that Caumonians witi reatise that we have a tot which we oon contribute to the arte in this Country,

A sporte Compler and a sports Com ordinator, Mr. President we disoussed this in an dartier meeting, and as you can teth, the nember responsible was not juet sitting down and doing nothing about it. These people are to be appointed during the year. The Sports Complex is on the move and I tould hope Mr. President that in the not too distont future, from these Istands some of the finest athtetes to partioipate in worla sprting evente witl be forthcoming. I betieve that the provision of this aports Complex is a step in that diveotion, providing for our youn people, a facilith where they can be trained property up to international standards. $\tau$ am arateful, beeause these are factitities Mr. Fresident which with provide For our young peopze another cuenite in wintoh to we their resources and their strengths. Instead of going into the brokwods or gettina into some sar in some hidecoky using drugs. We are to to everuthing possibte to encourage them to ohannet theit rosomees in the riant divection, because young peopte, their strengths have to be ueed, and if they are not used in doing the things which with enhance sootety it is going to ao in the oprosite direotion.

## MRS. DAPHNE $L$ : ORRETT (CONTINUIWG): 500 new hotel rooms Mr. Tresident

 ane going to be on the market shortly. Betieve it or nots suen if the taxes went up. this Govermment is providing a means of making money to pay those taxes.The rostoration of investors confidence in this Government is providing for our people, employment which will heIp them meet those added responsibilities to Government. Whatever Govermment does with the money whon the poople are required to pay into the Treasury of this Country, in turn is going to bo used for the many facilities mentioned in your Throne Speech Mr. Tresident. Without those added funds, we would not be able to provide for our peorle the things which are outlined in this Throne Speech, and they are not luxuries Mr. Fresident. Each and every thing which is mentioned here is a neoessity. In fact, it is a dire neocseity, in fact some of these are long overdue, I feel badtu that offorts are being made to deceive our people into thinking that this Govermment is taking actions to their detriment, and doing things which with hurt them. Mr. President, all these new facitities, and all these steps which Govemment is taking to provide for our people these necessities, cannot be dome by talking about them, or promising them to the people. One has to have money to provide these facilities. It is not a matier of saying that they witt just have to do without them for a fou move years. We cannot in the area of Social Sowvices, in the area of Education and Eealth put these thinge aside and sit them on a sheif. They have to be provided for the peopte, and there is only one way of providing them, and this Government has taken ateps to do so. The thing about it Mr. President, the steps which this Govermment has taken in raising new taxes, ask the population out there, and ask how many of them are hurtincy that badty because of these new measures. Thety are making money and they are finding employment. If this Govemment had instituted hew tax measures and in turm, had not brovided net areas of emplopment for this Country then"I could have seen all this hutlabatoo which is going on. But Mr. President, what I an oaying here is that it is going to be a diffioult task for anyone to oonvince the majority of Caymonians today that this present Govermment does not have at heart the qood of every aitizen of this country. It is goina to be a difficult task, becouse our people are a lot better informed, they are a lot more educated, they are much more invotved in the politiach process of this countru, that they were a few years ago. Mr. President, it is going to be a monumental task to convince a population with aocd oommon sence, that this Government doos not have the ability to move in the miaht dineotion for this Countres.

Mr. Presictent, if Cammenians can be assured of anything, it to that this Govermment is not going to be aajoted, bribed, bought on anything etse when it oches to preseming a good and stable Goverment for this Countru. We are committed to providing what we promised, when we ampaigned for this office. At least I know I am, and I feel that the majority of peopte here are not here to hold a high and an honoumble position. because it is onth honourabta Mr. Frasident, when one rempesents ones people as they ought to be represented. Anything tess than that is not honourable, and $M$. Fresident we are committed to moviding for these people stability and seourity, and for the foretign investor, a plase where his money is in good hands.

Mr. Prosident, tourism in this Country is very important, and the image we porteray mat be a good one. There must be harmony, there must be ooveration and it is just as welt for those people out there, that ematl minority, and an I ever glad that they started whan the did. Deause that batloon oan soon pon and blow away before one knows tit.

MRR, DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINIING): Mr. Tresident, the people in West Bay, I do not know too much about the other distriots, but the majority of the people in West Bay are a happy bunch. I happen to know it, because they are not afraid to walk up to any nepresentative and tell. them exactly what they feet alout aniuthing. I happen to know Mr. President that there are a few who are stith disgmintted. Some who hove been misied, some who have been almost bitinded, but when they hear the other siage of the ooin, they have enough sense to know that this Government is doing all possible to hetp them, and the three representatives from West Bar are going to see that we get a piece of the ake in these four years.

Mr. Prestident, I notioe that an effort is going to be made for new marketing methods because of the increased traffic in tourism. Other areas are heind topped, and at least a 20 per aent inorease in air arrivats is antictivated for this year, and a further 45 per oent for nert year. Now I know Mr. President, that oertain things aan happen, but at least acoording to the economic trends as they are in the United States and elsethere at the present time, we would think that it is a faiplu aood estimate of what we can expect. Cooperative sales efforts between the Department of Tourism, Government and those private seetor tourism interests, I hope that Government witt find that it is aetting ail the support it oan from these other areas.

On the matter of Cauman Airwaus, if it is possible for this Airtine to thake a ro of it, then $I$ feet oonfident that it oan take place wrider the present. Foard of Directors, and its abte Chaixmon. Mr. President, t have ovory sonfidence that if there is any area in whioh they can assist to keer this Airtine on the move, to help it at teast to break even, it will be done. I am atso cortain if they see where it would draq this Country dom to bonkruptet, they are man enough to say that we connot make it work. Mr. Eresident: $I$ look forward to aood and better things happenino in Caymm Airways with this new Boart of Directons, promithng for our Caymanian people who have given their time and who hove trathed for work in this particular area, a ohance of fomaking a livelithoot, and a chance of having faith in the future of Caymon Airmaus.

Calnan Fmpress is to be congratulated Mr. Fresident. I think they are doing what seeme to be a fine job, and from the reports $I$ have heard, that partioutar charter programme is doing well in keping our hotel roons filled here in the caymmen tslonds:

I notioe that Caman Aimates is now tooking for another aircraft to supplement the services which the have during the peak season, and I feet Mr. president, this is in order because I happen to know from first hand that often there are people who have difficulty in getting an airline seat to get to the Istands, and I betieve that. this with be a fine added semice to the tourism industra, of this Cowntry. I betieve them Mr. President, when it is aaid that every effort witl oontinue to be made to increase the Airline's operating profit. I betievo that. Do you know why I betieve it, becouse they have proven over the laot year that they coutd nake a difference to the finanoes of Canman Aimarys.

I think it is atoo a step in the right direction Mr. Fresident, for the two international Airports here and on Cayman Brac to be operated on the same linios as that of the Port Authority. I believe that when these are acminietered as separate bodies, separate entitios, ithink it makes for a better facility, and it takes it out of the hands of a cimit somont. Govermment with not get the btame for evempthing, and when sombory knows that they iave to produce and show Govermment that they are able to mu such a body. I think it is a lot bettern than oitting there as a part of Covermment in general. Then, everpthing that hoplems the Treasury has to pour monel into it, and all one can frear is that there is a loss here and a loss there.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): I betieve that this is a fine idea and I hope that this will be able to be put in motion before too tong. Proviling a Fire station at the Airport is long past due. We hate a fine body of young men there, and the Director of this partionlar service has workod wetl under the ourpent situation. I also feel Mr. President, that it is not out of order at all for a Pire Serviee Station to be olaced in the district of West Bay. As you are probablu aware, the Barkero area is becoming developed. at a fast pace. The district of West Bay is a vory large district, and often by the time a fire truck is went from the Airport, the domage has at ready been done in that area. We feel that the Seven Mile Beach area is becoming extremely populated, and a Fire Station centred in the area where it is proposed to be buitt, is an ideat looation for one at this time. We would hope Mr. President, that this Government wizl see fit to have this in motion," and have this provided before too long.

Work in Caymam Irac, I weteome that almost as much as if it had been going on in west Bay. Beocuse, those people deserve alt the help we can give them. I would like to see their facilities brought up to dates so that not onliy the morale but the efficiency of the people working at the Airport and the Fire Servioe there witt be enhanced. The other areas of devetonment in Cayman Brac Mr. President are extremely uraent. In talking with the representatives of that oonstituency, we understond that things are not as rosey: there as they are on Crand Couman. I betieve that this Government is oomitted to work in every why posstbte to see that adequate employment., andequate facitities are provided for the peonle of Cayman Brac. : Beocuse, this Govemment does not look upon them as being any less doserving of these facitities than we are here on Grard Cayman. They are sintly separated by a body of water; We would tike to see them have the same provitegee whd the some neeeasittes provided as we have here on Grand Camman.

The Labour taw io beina Zooked into Mr. President, it is being studiea. It is a pity that we have members who should be on that Labour Legiclation Conmittee, absent for so much of the time. I suppose Mr. Pperident, when it is finatly Irafted and put together tt witt be torn to tiecce in this House. Fut I would like to extend onae again, an invitation to every Member of this Goverment to sit in on every one of those meetings, and make their contribution. becouae, this is a pieoe of teqislation which is aoing to touch overy phase, every aspect of orr societu. It is also important that we have positive and good Input when this Ixa is being put together. It is necescary, there dre a lot of complaints and it has to be axrefulty weighed as to what goes into it. Mr. Tresident, $I$ feel strongly that no one should stand in this Fouse and oriticise what is done in Comittees, when o certain Member does not oven attend, a meeting of that Comitter, and make his contmibution. We are elected to this House to serve the weople of this Countri, and there may be times Mr. President, onoe or twice a year. when a person is unable to attend a meeting. But the reason that one is not sitting with the majority in the boube, does not conistitute his might to be absent fom these Committee Mectings. He is there to represent his constituency, and when such importont legislation is being trafted and disoussed, Members of this House, each and every one, shoutd be at those meetings. Time and time again. I have heard oriticisms from this Fouse when Members io not oven ehon their faces at a Committee Meeting to contribute positivelu or otherunge to what is going on. These seteet Committees are an impontiont part of this Covernment, and it is a very importont part of thics Goverrment. I feet. that Members should realise thetr responsibility and be present when these Conmitteas are called.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONVIMUINO): There is a continued need for the private aector and Government to offer training and oportunities for career advancement to Caymaniane, eapecialty in the tourism industry. With 500 new hotel roome ooming on the market, the hotel staff are going to inorease dramaticathy, and you mentioned in your speech Sir, that white some profescional hetp with of neegestry have to be brought in, yet training and promotions are essential if the young Caymanian labour force is to be motivated. This is important Mr. Fresident, becaues I happen to know, and alt of us know it that often the best efforts are not made to brain uoung Catmanians. They work there, they have a job, but before one knows it, one tecves and another one noptaces him, and yet a young Cammonion is not trained to be placed in a position, a managerial position. Fobody can tell me that Caymanians eannot do it. Att ithey need is an opportunity to do it, and in order to be abte to they have to be trained. I think this Govermment in what ever wat, witt have to soe to it, we witi have to ensure that this is done. Do not get me whong, ankone who is here, anyone who is in the Capmin Istando in a managerial position or otherwise, as tong as they are there holding that position, as long as it can be seen that a yound Camanion or Caymonions are being trained, they with not have ony problems with me. They are to tive here in peace and hamony and enjoy our Istondase if they were hom here. What I am saying is, that it cannot he teft, that time after time after time one witt find that a rertacement is put in oertain managerial levels in the tourism industry, and yound ommanians are still there in the second, third or fourth pogitions, when rumil of our graduates are rate to do so if onty then would be anoowraned. We are going to have to encourage our young groduates to enter this fieta and have it in mind to otripe for the top. Eecause, Mr. President, $T$ feel that nobody aon wepresent these Islands better than our oun Caymanian people.

I was pleased to see that the new defintive stomp Issus is going to be depreting undercea life. T fett that that was very appropirate, asproially now that the new Marine Consemation Law is getting into plat. I hope it witt be another step to encourage the looat ond visitor alike, to hetp preserve what is probably one of our greatest assets, whioh is the marine life around these Islands.

The Wotor Vehicte Insurance Low, is certainly necessary. There are many toophotos there, and there are many areas which need to be Zooked after. I am alad to see that this sitl is to be introduced shortig.

Permanent mooring buoye for omise shipe are going to le instathed Mr. President. I an pleased to note that onsideration is being aiven for ones, wha honefuty more than one, possibly two to go into the plest Ban arec. It is one of the finest facitities on these Istomds for mooring ships, ond this is not just today, but years ago. When one hro weather probtems on Grand Cayman, it was a safe haven, at least when the wind was coming from certain direetions and one could not towh Geonge Town, but one could still be in whot Pay. We are hoving to see these buoyes inatalled, beecuse we feet that it will bring a onin-off in busineso terme to the distriat of West Bay. There io certrinty not a more attractive district in the Islonds, and none more deserving than West Bay. So I feet Mr. President, that thite area muet be devetoped, and there are many facitities whioh with come apout if these large aruise ships are permitted to land their passengers in west Baty. We are prepared to do our best there to aone with it, and permaps to make it as attraotive as the George Town area. what give uo a titt be bit of time.

MRS. DAPHVE L. ORRETT (CONTINIING): Mr. President, the roads in Grand Caman were mentionea by mu coteaque from Weet Bay the other day. We need something done about on altemative road betheen West Bay and George Town. This is not a matten to bo tooked at tiathtlu. We have a serious problem with that road to West Bay. With all those facilities on Seven Mite Feach, Mr. President somettmes one is not sure when to move out on to the main hightwait. It has become ar reat hasard, and we are going to look foriard to that master Iround Tranoportation Plan, becouse tit is a necessity. Mr. Fresident, I am atso of the opinion that this Govemment must took into those black spot areas along our roads. There are certain areas on our highways sir. President, and within the distriots where it is noted trat most occidents oomir, biind cormers. I have taken mu time and titye Ariven around west Ray, and even driving along the road between West Baty and George Town, the re is hardly one sont where people have not etther been killed or the majority of acdidents hove ocoured. If: Goverment starts a proper roat programme they oould straighten some of those cormers, so that many of the acoldents could be avoided. One ann drive alona the west Bay Road and one can pinpoint areas where one, two, three and sometimes four people have been kitled, roundina a bad corver. This matter annot be postponed, these areas must be straightened because the next life coutd be one of $u s$ or one of our om. We have to look at these areas, There is no reason why one, two, three, four, five six or more accidente mizh ocour in a certain location, before something is done to aleviate the problem. I feet that Covernment must trent this as an urgent matter.
order, and Mr. President I would hope....
MR. PRESTDENT:
I had not quite caught up with the Me ber, but if the Member is owitching from one point to onother, and since we have stightty passed the time at which we customarity suspend proceedings for a feu arwos, perhate this miaht be a convenient moment to interrupt.

MRS. DAPHNE I. ORRTPT:
MR. PRESIDENT:
imately fifteen minutes.

Thank Hou.
I wili suapend proceedinge or approx-

ATY 3:36 F.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HUUSE RESUMED AT 3:שO
Pleace be seated.
The Third Eleeted Member for west Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Thunk you sir.
I was discussing briefly the final draft of the now Building Code, timot has been aooepted by the Buitding Code Cormittee. I feet that this gives the Contrat Planning Authomity a much better tool with whioh to work. I also trust Mr. President that this will enable that Authority to adirve out more stringent checke and polioing of the buildings luere in the Cayman Istands, because as I understand it, there are times when plans have been submitted, changeo are made, buildinge are built to a sub-etandard. Actual building facilities are well in place before any final aporoval has been aiven, ptus probleme in other areas.

MRS. DAPHNE L. OFRETY (CONTMUING, I an not knookira the Authority, I an just hoping that they with have sufficient bodies to cope with this growing industry. which requires a tot of poticing and crosschecking on what is happening, So $I$ feel that this partioular Fuitaing Code is definitely in pixae. I whe wown berten thinas going down ant where they are being piaced in the main parte of townsand I hope that these are areas whish witl be carefultiv-watched.

A revor: from the Aamioulturat Consultants
has been received. The Agrioultumal. Development conmittee is now in the process of studying it, and the whole idea of implementing the approved reconmendations. The establishment of a farmere market and: abatoir facility for which buipetary aprroval was aiven, I feel is'a. areat encouragement to the forming community in these Istands. 'It: may be small, but the Nember pesponsible for this particular Portfolio is to be congratulated in the strong offorts he is making to encourage aqriculture in these Istarde. He, his Fo:tfolio and the staff of the Development Conmittee are certainly to be oongratulated for the fine Agricultural Show. which was the fomand suct a few weeks aqo. It was indeed a fine display of what oon be tone in these Istands, ond atthough we know it might never reach stomidards where we oan export produce from this Country, we feet that it pronides for the feu formers in this Countru, a lot of encouragement for them to go forward in this area. This Teland an provide a lot more when thoy are given the tocls and the encouragement to do so. So $I$ would like to offer mu oongratutations to thoee who are witling to toit and till the arount, and to provide for our peaple many of the fine fruits and veratables which I have seen on display, and which one is ante to purchase in these Islands. Noedless to say, the bemanas, the plantins and the other mroduce which I have seen displayed, and which one is able to buy here as far as I am concomed, surpasoes a lot on what I have seen imoorted. So I. trust that every effort witt be made to encourage the farmers in this Country to move forward in this direction.

The Famers Nacket is inportant. They need a place from which to distritute thein proctuce, and when our people know exactly where to go to look for it, I do not think they with have difficulty in finding inenselves able to sell.

The Aninats L(aw amendments witl be introduced, and of course, we have nested these new measures, because we have had a problem with the stray dras which have been causing: us great concerm. I am so pleased that Givernment has seen fit to move ahead with this project, beoause it is neoded very mach, and I am sure that Caymanians and visitors ailike mill weteome this step which has Deen taken to provide protection in this area.

I am att for Marine Parks, and I am hoping that at tras fus in time, most on poct: witt have been abte to reach a happly modium as to what oan and omnot be dome in those rreas. Fut, preservotion of our hatural nesourees cannot be over mphasised.:

Whe Posquito Research and Controt
Init may not be mentioned every time whan one atronds in this House to speak, but I will tell unu, when one an walk the beanhes and the roads now and enjoy the peace and trurguility whioh was virtuetty wheard of tome years aqn, we orn nover owe emphasise the importonee or the work done by the Mosquito hesearel and Controt lnit in this Country. Every penny erpender in this man is well worth it in more was than we arn count.

MRS: DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONYINUING): The Lande and Survey Department having been able to move to therr new recommodation, it must be an added convenience for the staff of that partioutar department. This area I am sure continuea to grow in the volume' of work which they are required to do: It was heartening to note that the level of aotivity in the real estate market is hiah. and althouh there was a moderate start in 1985 , yet ine had a record year in torms of the dothar tronsactions. Although, perhaps the number af transactions were not that high, the dollar value proved to be extremely encouraging.

You mentioned sir, that the situation for the year ahead looks promising. Another reason for this Government to feel good about itself; in that investors onoe again, are rlacing confidenco in good Govermment.

Thene are oertain key developmente which with be undertaken, and witl attract more international investment in the Istands. There is only one word acution which I would tike to leave with us here, and that is that we do not move ahead one bit faster than is necessam. Wo do not ever want to have a situation ihere we have over amploument in the Country, to the point where everyining is being done at one time, and then all of a sudden, there is a time of unemploument, and our people are having difficulties in this srea. We can develop this Country sensibly and well, and we do not nave to mun as if in a race. Wis have to take our time, and I am sure that this Government is committed to nceepting and considering on th what we know to be the best type of investment for this Country. There are many ways in which to make monel, but it does not mean that that is the best anea in which we should have investors come in and develop, simply becouce it is going to bring money. There are some thinge which are detrimental to this country. There is a certain way of life which we have, it must be presemed and we must watch aarefully those people who would wish to bring any and everything in here. Needless to sali, gambling is out and there are the other areas which we have to watch care fulty.

The topographic mapping of west Bay is in place. We need to know where we are going, what we are doing and long term ploming is a key to successful development in this Country.

The Plomina officer and the Planning nosistont and the Central Ptomning Authority have a tremendous responsibizity, ond coery area in which they oan receivo added hetp, I am sure with bo appreciated.

It is noted that the tha school is boing enocuraged to prepare students for eligibititu to the lniversity of tiverpoot to undertake exterva? Lan dearees, and of oourge, not al2 our students are able to oo ovorsexs. I feet that every moourogement shou id Le giver to our youru Gumimians who would therwise be qualiftec to study for those loo degrees, to do so, but many are not in a position to be able to finance themselves through collear, to go overeas to do so, and this certainty is a very encouraging note.

Of oourse, our Government has been Working hard and wong in order to bae a mutuat assistonce treaty Eeing concluded with the Uniter States and the United Kingdom, and I feel that every effort has been maie and continues to be made, to see that this does not prowe to be detpemental to these Istands.

Mr. hesident, I am arateful for this Thoone speech. no wou mentioned, it is a spech where you have tooked formard to what wo plim for the future, but you have taken time sir to acknowledge the finw, and as you mentim, involuable eontributions which so many membere of the comeunity have made during 1985.

MRS. DAPHNE L. OFRFTT (CONTTNUTNG): As I mentioned earlier, this Govermment is cormitted to seeincr the healing of tinis Country take place, and sometimes when one th the the medicine whioh must be administered is not atinays plecisant, in fact it usually is not. There have been certain measures whioh we have had to take which at the start might have appeared to have been hard mearures; such as the tax measures which were introduced reeentlu. Mr. President it is a way of healing thio Conntries eonomio problems.

Moner being spent in the area of Sociat Semices; Heat th and Education is a means of tming to heat our social problems. Providing a aood Government, a etcoble Govervment, providing in this communty a Covernment where the veople reet they con relate, they are not far removed. The Members are approaohable, they will tisten and then witl try to help. We are not infalable, we need to work together with the people of this Comtry, but a time of humbling has to come about, and those who mazy not agree with us, and who may not have agreed with us even when we were stonding for election, must realise that a time of unity a time of oming together to work hoond in hand has to take plaoe. Thie faction who is troing to couse this Goverment to appoar inoometent, oause it to appear to be twiddling its thumbe and not knowing where it is coing ond what it is doing, must face up to facts that in this Country today thoy probabty have some of the finest indiniduate to tead them; as far as this Govemment is concemed. I inplore lir. Frestacht, upon each Member of this Bouse to work together for that heating to ione about. But there is a little word 'if', if my weople, we have to recomise that every thing we do mat be done unsetriehtw. We must never ber. geen to do things iust to put stars in our oform. This is not the idea, but the needs of our people have to be met. Mr. president, this present House of Assembly has had a lot of adorse pubtieita, in one form or another, and I would tike to enoourare each of us not the tet anything deter our determination or our offorte to do what we know needs to be done in this country. I feet confident mo". Freisident, that the Mombers of Exeoutive Council are a grout of men who have the interests of this Country at heart. Their years of emperience, their knowledge of the thinge whioh concem this Country pooted ingether can make a differenae to this countriy. I feet that alt the other Members of this Legislative Aspembtu, whetrer or not we arae with everything that is done, if twe work together here, we can make a difference in theee Islands. It is important that our neopte are made to feet that whatever we to, it is for their good. It is importont that the foreign investor to this Countrm feels that he is not just being used ae a toot, and for the most part mp. Tresident, we have been fortunate in the tupe of people who have been given the priviteqe of residing here. Rut again, I eannot oven mphasise that the fact that a person has money, is not the ontu oriteria by which he or she must be judged, to gain permanent residence etatus in these Islands. We howe to be extremely carefut, we cre a small Country, and if we invite the wong type of individuals to this country, we can do ounectves onty a diesemioe. But I feet that the Cutymion Froteotion Boand is a board which tooks fairty at aqeh aptileation which oomes before it, and I hope that it will be seen that our peoplee are never pushed aside, in order for a eertain expatriate to be abte to fitt another place, on and on down the lines, until our peopte start to build up a resentment.

Mr. Mpesident, alt tom asking for tis harmony. All I am asking for is that it be ocen that Caymanians are placed in the positions they are abte to fith. Alt that 1 am aeking to that Caymanians on the other hand, reerrect swery indiondual who has been placed there, whether on a contract, whether they have been given status.

MRS. DAPHNE L. OREETT (CONTTNUING): When it is seon that they are here to do this Country goods that we offer them our heort and our hands and our home, as long as they are prepared to work hand in hand, and walk along side us, and not be here to try and dietate how this Country must go.

Mr. Preardent, it takes a little time to get everything done. Sut Gods words say that they that wait upon the ford shatt renew their strength. They shall mount up with wings as eagles. They shall ron and not be weary. They shall writk and not faint.

There may come times during the next four years when we may not always be flying, but we can stitl run. We may even find ourselves in a situation where we connot run, but we must walk. But it is never said in that verse of somipture that we shoute stop. We have to keep moving as long as we are ascured that we are going in the right direction, ind Mr. President I fleet as confident as I have felt in anything in mif tiro that thie Government has been placed in this position at this time, for a good reason. our people are not ener to take it tiketh, and I implore upon every Caymanian and every member of this soevety to recountse that we have one of the fincst and the most treasured possessions in the world, when we have a Country where we aan live in harmony and in love, and where one is not recognised because of the colour of mes skin. Not even necessarily upon the mount of money one has, but upon ones sharacter and ones dedication to what is best for this countm.

Mr. President, $t$ am aratefut for the optimistic speech you aave. I an grateful beonuse it whow that after a year of trying to take oare of situations whioh were left for this Govermment to olear up, we are beginning to wo an tmprovenent. we are beginning to see new areas of development, and we are beginning to see our peopte meazin frith in its Government. I an aratefut. Mr. Eresident, and I thank all Members, and I thank you for allowing me this time to offer fow, well not noeserroilu few, but mu views on the Ihrone Speech today.

Thank wou very much.
MR. PRESIDENY: Does any other Merber wish to speak? Mo other Member mises, I shall be obliged to thoite the mover to repty. I witl give it thirty seconds for any Member to rise.

The Elected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILIJER: I witt not be tong Sir, so you might be abte to put the question before the evening is out yet.

Mr. Presidont, t woutd like to take the opportunity myself, to congratulate you on the delivery of the Throne speech, and espeoially on ite new format. It wirs a pleasant surprise indeed, not to have to sit here and be bored bu the aoomplishments of Government during the last year. Because sir, I belteve that those achievements of this Govermment during the year 1985 arn stand on their oum merits, and indeed witt atrand the test of time.

Mr. President unu ant in your aneeah that continued emphasis witl be placed on trivining in the Potice Forco. I personalty look fomprod to the doy when it is an alt-Caymanion foree, and it is a very efficient ond effective foroe.

It is rlso interestina to note Sir, that high priority with continue to be given to road safets, with increased attention to those who drive dungerousty, and also in the area of drua abues.
MI. D. FRZARD MILLER (GONTINUING): Fowner Mr. Preeident, I hope this Is not aoing to be confined tio what has happened in the past, being increased fines, increased oriticism of the yound peonle, and increased btrome on those who drive dangerousty. But rather, we are aoing to take some positive steps and thy to imponve driver education.

I hope sir thatwhing 7096 we with see the new Traffic Law, and revisions oan be made in that Low for such things acs re-examination every five on ten ugars. Proper driver education and that peopte who appty for a tearners permit with have to demonstrate that they have, or tre going to oomptete an approvelsohool for tiriver eduection. Also that the Traffio tran with. be anended to altor for soot tests and adhoc tests for dmaken driving, and other dmug. Becauee sir, until we get to where we are takino nosititue steps, suoh as en rpriee road bloeks to test for dmanken dmiving, we are not gotng to do very much ahout it by sititing heve and talking about it sir. Under Prisons Sirs it is interestine to note that attenvion witl be focused espectatity on the reduction of wastage and controt of expenditure. White Six, I aree that every attempt must be made to control erpenditure, and sertainlif to reduce wate, I would hope sir that emphasis intit rathex be placed on rehabititation of the prisoners, and the putting in ntace of pmorommee whiot oan return these prisoners to prochetive members of cocietg. Maybe Sire we could tink parole with such thinge as rethobtitution; through either demonstrated academic achievement white in prison, or through a demonetintion in improvement of that prisoners traite on technical abitity. I betieve sir, that the whote thea hae to be to rehabititate these members of our society who have fallan by the waystle so to opeak, and to make them productive in our aociety and to aive them a ohance to do something usefut for themselvos, their fomilies and the soovety, and not have them return to prison in short order.

Now Mr. Presticnt, I also note with satisfaction that Government is tooking at the Gomanian Froteation Inv, with the hope of irdening the eligibrivty for vermment residence, and also looking at a way to provide some altiemative to security of tenure, rather than Capmon status. I surport this tholeheartedty six, and hope that it omes about very, shoptry.

Radio Caman inn, I believe wizt continue to be of sempee to the veople. Howewr Sirs, I would be remiss if $T$ aid not say that I betiave it aonte better prowide that service to the people as a public-owned oomoration, and not as $a$ department of Govemment.
nas. Fresiflent. I note with interest
that a Management Workshop for Senior Monarem in tha Publita Semice with be oonducted ty IWDP furing the yemr. Anw Mr. President, I hope that the peopit who are trained in this Monarement Workehop are poing to be given the charice to demonstrate what thoy tearm. Beoause, $I$ betieve the tast time such a workshop was hetd in this Country, nome of the top five peopte who took part in that workshon, are atitt left in the civit servine. I betieve str, that there are many reasons for this. Mr. President, one of mijoreat ooncems as a member of partiment is the inoreasing number of quatitied Caymanians who are tervint the Sevvice. Mr. Freeidont, for many years now thene was been what has been termed bu nome individuats as a 'brain drain' in the civit sepvien. To some extent sir, thin io true. We can no toncer btome the brain drain on money, beeause citoit seraghts are now fairlif wett prid. Mr. President; it ise incumbent upon us as a forevmment to find out why these young peopte are leavinr the service, and to make an effort to retain them in the service.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): WetZ Mr. Fresident, I betieve that it is a direct consequence of the brain drain of the Zate 1970's and 1980's why this Govemment cannot replace the Chief Georetary today. ltr. President, I hope no one wilt take this personally, it is not meant to degrade anyone, or anything clise, but Mp. Fresiderit, I cannot support and in fact I will not support what has been proposed, that is what $I$ would dall the domorainh of the Chief Serretary post to that of on Asoistant seoretary, and for the Financial Seoretam to be Financial secretary, Leader of Govermment Business in the House and Aoting Governor. Mr. President, I do not believe that this is constitutional. White $T$ witl aopee Sir, that the Govemor has the power under the constitution to assign responsibitities, therefore can assion alt the responsibitities to one individuat, if he sees fit to do so. I ao not believe Sir that our fonefathers who wrote the constitution, no reflection on you aye Mr. First Elected Member. of Erecutive Council, meant this to be wo sip. I believe the ir intent was to keep the three functions separate, which is whi we have three official Members appotnted to Executive Council under the constitution. I would hope sir, that this can be reconsidener and that we with keep the powers separate.

Mr.: President, for too Long Government, the Public Service Commission, whether it is the fovemor in Council or whether it is top management in Govermment, Eut for too Cona Sir we thove been puttin? square pegs into round holes. Mr. Fresident, it is time for this to stor. Now Mr. President, I with aive an example of which $T$ have experience in the civit service. I know of one indwiduat in the Civil service whom Govermment went to arect expenee both in time and money to train for a particular fob, in fact, she wh sent overseas to omblete courses for that joh. She was sent to the private secton to comptate courses for that joh. She hacl to work in a second-in-oommard nosition so to speak for soveral years before they woutd give her that job, but as soon as she beaone gualified and oomfortabte in that position, she was taken from there and placed in a completely different environment, dealing with personnel administration. Low and benold sirs, they sent the individual on a corurse overseas to learn Govemment Adminustration, the person bass come back and demonatrated her ability in compteting the oupese, and now str, they are going to move? her into a oompletely fifferent area to deat. with mortgages and that type of thing Sir. Mr. Preaident, thie kind of situation oanot be alloued to oontinue. When ide train Caymanians for a position, they must be given the oppoptwintu, the motivation and the encouragement to rerrom that function. F'eoples $t$ ines and careers mast not be played aronat with tike musioal ohairs. This Country cannot afford a continued brain drain of expertise from the Civit Somioe. Without wishing to oast reflactions or asperations on those who are left behind Sir, one must take oognisance of the fact that usuatly the ont oneswho an teave an omantsation of any kind, or to put it. bluntly sir, the ont onee who shoula tecve for their om gools are thoso who can do better olaewhere. those are usuat ty the people whioh no orgonisation can afford to tose.

Mr. Fresident, I am haph to note that a National Hent th Elan is qoing to be mutivehed. Now Mr. Freesident, I aon assure the Member that I will be tooking with interest at that Ilealth Plan, because I have been triting to gat a comprehensive Health plan of some kind in this Country over the part ten years. I know the tast Member wrote on a piece of paper after having had six montha of meetinge, three or four hours every ovening, a whole lot of aibberish which he called a Heat th Plon. Mr. Preeidert, that wos no kind of Nationat Health Plans, and I acn assure the present Member that if he brings anything to this fisembly of that naturo, we are aoing to tear it apart and beat him into submission.

Mr．D．EZZARD MILLER（CONTTNUTNG）：Mr．President，if we are going to introduce a Health Plan in this Country，it must be acmpehensive in nature．It has to define whether heattit aare is a riaht or a privilege． It has to define what level of health care is to be provited，at what cost，to whom it to noing to be provides，and most importantlu， Mr．President，how is this Heatth Plan going to bo funded．Te it roing to be from straight Govamment subsidu as it has been in the past．Is it going to be a form of insurance．Io it roinc to be from privately onerated insurance．Is it aoing to be Governnent operated insuranoe， such as socialised medicine，or is it coina to be a oombination．Mu yecommendation would be a suitable commomise and aombination of the tino．I also note sir，that these improvemonts you say＇man＇inctude the establishonent of a Board of Monatement for the Health Servinos． Mr．Preaident，if we are going to have any form of a Mational．Health Tlan，which is going to be any way near effective in achieving the needs and health care of this Country，a board of Management is a must sir．It is not me，we muet have a Board of Monagement．

MR．PRESIDENT：I om assuming that the Member plans to speak for some further time，in whioh anse I think unlass standing orders are suspended，I must interrupt，you now，to enable the First Official Member to move the adjoumment．

ADIOURNMENT
HON．DENDIS H．FOSTER：
Mr．Frowident．I move tha adjoumment of this House until $10.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ．tomorrow．

M⿰亻⿻乚㇒ adiourn untit 10：00 a．m．tomorrow．

QUESTION PUT：ACRRDD．$\frac{1 T}{} 4: 29$ P．M．THE HOUSR ADTOURNED
UNTIL 20：00 A．M．WEDVESDAY，STF
MARCR 1096.

# STATE OFENTNG AND FIRGT MEETING OF THE (1986) SESSION OF TME" LECISLATIVE ASSEMBLY <br> HELD ON WETNESEMY, ETH MAFCH, 1986 <br> (FOUTTTH DAY) 

TRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOI, MR G EETER LLOYD, CMG. CVO -- FHESTDENT

| GOVERNMEN' MEMDETS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ION DENNIS H FOSTER, CVO, CSE, JF | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMMER IESFONSIDLE: FOR INTEFWAL ANO EXTEINAL AEFATRG |
| HON MICHAEL J DRADLEY, QC. LL.E | SECOND OFFTCIAL MENTEE HMSPONGTILE FGi LEGAL, ADMINISTRATION |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFETSON, OBE, JT | THINU OFEICIIL MEMDER RESFONSTULE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT |
| HON IBENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOH HBALTH EDUCATOM AND SOCIAL SEIVICES |
| HON W NOMMAN EODDEN, MEE | MTMBEA IESPONSILLE FOF TOURISM AVIATICT AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIFKCOMNELL | MEMIEF RESTONSIELE FOF COMMUNICATIONS WCHKS AND DISTHICT ADMYNTSTMTION |
| ION VASSEL G JOHNSON, CDE, JP | MEMEEN FESTOMSIELE FOH DEVELOFMENT AND. NATUAAL RESOUICES |

ELECTED MEMIERS
MK WOKEEVA SUSH - SECONI ELECTEW MEMTEAI FOR THE FIRSI' ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WGST TAY

THIRD ELECTED MPMZET FOR THE FIRST ELECTOHAL DTSTRICT OF WEST BAY

MF LIWFOHD A PIERSON, JF $\because \therefore$ SECON ELLCTED MEMEER FOK THE SECOND ELLCTORAL DISTRICT OE CWORGR TOWN

FTINS ELECTEV MEMTER FOR THE THTMD ELECTORAL DISTHTCT OF LESSEH ISLANDS

FYRGT ELECTED MEMTE: FOP THE FOURTH: ELECTORAL DISTHICTG OF MODEEN TOWN

GECOND ELECTED MEMBET: FOR THE FOUFTH ELECTORAL DISTHICT OP DODREN TGWN

ELECTED MEMDEII FOR THE FIFTII ELECTOMAL DISTRTC\% OF NOTMH SIDE

ELECTED MEMTET FON TIE SIXTH ELECTORAL UISTRICT OF EAST END

[^4]1. PRAYERS

TO DE READ BY THE ELECTED MEMSEH FOR NORTH STDE.

## 2. QUESTIONS

THE ELECTED MEMTEF FOR EAST ENP TO ASK TIIE HONOURADLE SECOWD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCTL DESYONSIDLE FOF TOUFTSM AVIATION AND THADE

| NO. $16:$ | WOULD THB HONOUBAILE MEMBER STATE WHAT WAS THE TOTAL COST TO GOVEHNMENT IN 1985 FOH OPERATING THE DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM OFFICE'S IN MIAMI, NEW YOEK, CHICAGO, HOUSTON, LOS ANGELES, LONDON AND TORONTO, INCLUDING RE'NT FOK OFFICE SFACE? |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. 17 | WOULD THE HONOUFAJLE MEMBER STATE WIIAT IS GOVEFANENT'S POLICY TOWARD PROMORION OF TOURISM AND HOW IS THIS POLICY CUATRENTLY BEING IMPLEMENTED? |
| NO. 18: | hOULD THE HONOUIADLE MEMEET STATE WHAT THE RESULT IS OF DISCUSSIONS WITH COSTA RICA AND/OR LACSA ABCUT LACSA RESUMING FLIGITS TO CAYMAN? |

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMPER FOH DODLEN TOKN TO ASK TEE HONOURADLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESEOVSTILE PNR INTETWAL AND EXIEFNML ARFAIES

| NO. 19: | WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMSER GTATE HON MANY GAINFUL |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | OCCUPATION LICENCES WERE ISSUET IN 1985 TO PLUMTERS |
|  | AND ELECTHICTANS OR TO ZEFSONS TERFORMING SIMILAR JOUS? |
| NO. 202 | WOULD THE HONOURAIILE MEMDEF STATE WHO EMPLOYETD THE |
|  | FERSONS TO WHOM SUCH GAINFUL OCCUPATION LICENCES WERE ISSUED? |
| NO. 21: | WOULD THE HONOUTALLE MEMIEH STATE ON WIIAT DASIS ARE TOPTCE |
|  | SELECTED FOR RADIO CAYMAN'S "OFEN LINE" PHOGRAMME? |

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST IAY TO ASK THE HONOUFADLE FTAST OFFICIAL MDMIER RESFONSIDLE FOR INTEFNAL AMT EXTERNAL AFFATRS

NO. 22: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMTER STATE WHETHER A POLICE OFFICER HAS EEEN RECENTLY DISCIFLINE'D FOH IN'OLVEMENT WITH DRUGG?

THE ELBCTED MEMDER FO? NOHTH SUDE MO ASK THE HONOURALIE FIRST OFFICTAL MEMBER RESPONSIELE FOK INTETNAL AM EXTEFRAL AFFTIRS

NO. 23 :
WOULD THE HONOUHARLE MFMTEE STATE WHAT WAS THE AMOUN? OF ILLICIT DROGS CONFISCATEL DUAYNG 1985 AND HOW WAG IT DISFOSED OF?
B. GOVENMENT BUSINESS

CONTINUATION OF DET:ATE ON THE THFONE SEEECH the elected memien for moith sioe to continur.

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Mir. PRESIDENT: side.

Prayers. The Elected Member for North

## PRAYERS

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Almighty Ged, from whom all wisdom and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direct and prosper the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly. nou assembled, that alt things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of Thy Name and for the aafety, honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Bless our Sovereigri Lady Queen Eltzabeth, the queen Mothex, Fhilip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles Prince of Wales, Diana Princess of Wales and all the Royal Family. Give grace to all who exercise authomity in our Comonweat th that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be eatablished anong us. Eepecially we pray for the Governor of our Islands, the Members of Executive Councit and Members of the tegislative Assembly that they any be enabled faithfully to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great Nome's sake. Amen.

Our Father, which art in Heaven, Hatlowed be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy witl be done, in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation' but deliver ue from evit: For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lord bless us and keep us: the Lord make His face shine upon us and be gracious unto us: the Lord lift up His oowntenance upon $u$ and give us peace now and atwaye. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Questions. The Elected Member for East
End.

## QUESTITONS

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOUMABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMEER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIELE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. 16: Would the Honourable Member state what was the totat cost to Government in 1985 for operating the Department of Tourism offices in Miomi, New York, Chioago, Houston, Los Angelee, London and Toronto, including rent for office space?

ANSWER: The total cost to Government in 1985 for operating the Department of Tourism in Miomi, New Yonk, Chicago, Houston, Los Angeles, London and Toronto, including rent for office space was \$1,449, 726.62.

## MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:

A supplementary, Mr. Fresident. Will the Honourable Member say what was the operating cost in previous years? Say 1981 for example?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
$\$ 1,353,399.57$.
$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { question number }} 17$.

Mr. Preaident, the oost for 1984 was

If there are no further supplementaries,

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EASH END TO ASK THE HONOURARLE SECOND ELECTED
MEMBE OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL FEGFONSIBLE FOR TOURTSM AVIATIOH AND TRADE
NO. 17: Would the Honourablo Member state what is Govervment's: poticy towards promotion of tourism and how is this policy currently, being implemented?

ANSWER: Goverment's policy is to aotively promote toumism in the consumer and trade markets overseas in order to provide maximion exposure of the Cayman Islands as a prime vacation destination.
The primary means by which this policy is ourrently being implenented are as followe:-
(1) through media and tetevision advertising:
(2) promotionat compaigns involving audto visual presentations and door-to-door sales'calls to trapel agents, tour operators and special interest groups:
(3) public relations' activities in the form of press releases, visiting journalists' programmes. solicitation of editorial coverage in prominent pubitications in key cities:
(4) joint promotional progromnes with Cayman Airways, the Hotel Association and other looal touristrelated organisations.

MR. PRESTDENT:
If there is no supplementary, question number 18.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOUKABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATTON AND TRADE

NO. 10: Would the Honourable Member state what the result is of discussions with Coste Fica and/or Lacsa about Lacsa resuming iflighte to Cayman?

ANSWER: Laesa has informed Govermment that for operational reasone it is not feasible to reinstate service between Cayman and Costa Rica.

## SUPPLEMENTARIESS:

Mi. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Trasident; may I ask if any telephone calls or any oorrespondence had been made to Costa pioa to determine this matter before Government went to the axpense of sending two tsecutive Council Members and a Principal Secretory to deal with the matter?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN. Mr. Presiclent, yes, arrangements for the meeting in Coeta Ricas at which the two Executivo Council Members and the Principal Searetary attended, were arranged through the meano of a telaphone catt and the response from Iacsa was that they would be witling to discuss it, and this is the reason the trip was made.

Mr. G GATG BODDEN: What I want to know, Mr. Fresident, is had any pretiminany enquiry been made to determine 'no' or 'yes' whether Lacsa would want to start operations again?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Nr. Eresident, a preliminary enquiry was made and the response to that enquiry was that Lacsa would be wilizing to discues it with Govermment. This was before the trip was made. If the Member is referring to anything other than that, I guess he with have to state his supplementary much more clearty.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
What I am trying to find out, Mr. Fresident, is not whether theyagreed to diecuss it, but whether they had indicated that they would not enter into the operations again.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I an not sure that I fully understood the question and I think perhaps the Honourable Member is in the same difficulty. You said, ".....whether they had indicated that they would not enter into the operations again"?

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Yea. The Honourabla itember has answered that they did make enquinies as to whether Lacsa would discuss the mattex. What I wont to find out is, did they try to find before making the trip 'yes' or 'no' whether they would start back the operations?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Kr. Fresident, they oould not say 'yes' or mo untit the mattor had been discussed.

MR. G. HAIG EODDEN: ... Mr. Mesident. how can the Honourable Member answer that when he had not enquired, from hie answer?

MF. PRESIDENI: I think we have really exhausted the possibili-
ties of thie supplementary. Unless there is any other one, the second ELected Member for Bodden Toum to ask question number 19.

THE SECOND ELECTED MENBEA FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HOMOUFABLE FIFST OFFTCITL MEMBEF RESFOIVSIBLE FOR INTFRNAL AND EXTEFNAL AFFATFS

MO. 19: : Would the Honourable Member state how many gainful ocoupation lieences, were issued in 1985 to plumbers and electricians or to persone performing similar jobs?

ANSNER: The number of gatifiul oocupation licences issued in 1985 to:
(i) electricions

14 (7 Jameriea; 5 Conada: 1 USA, 1 Bambados)
(ii) plumbers

3 (2 Jamaica; 1 Detize)
TOTAL:
Mh. PRESIDENT; If there is no supplementary, perhape
the Member with ask question number 20.

THE SECOND ELLECTED MEMBETI FOR BODDEN TOW\% TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRSY OFFICIAL MEMBEF RESFONEIBLE FOXI INTEFAAL AND EXTEFNAL AFFAIMS

NO. 20.: Would the Honourable Member state who employed the persons to whom such gainful occupation licences tuere iscued?

ANSWEF: The fourteen alectriaions were employed as follows:

| Fhitlips Etectrical Ltd |  | (3 Jomaica: 1 USA) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Andro Electrio Lted | 2 | (1 Canada; 1 Jamaica) |
| Electra Tech Services Ltd | 2 | (Canada). |
| Caribbean Construction Consultants litd | 1 | (Canada) |
| Clarke \& Son Construetion Ltd | 1 | (JJmatioa) |
| Joeeph Erown | 1 | (Jamaica) |
| ELectrical Enterprises Ltd | 1 | (Canoda) |
| Bnter Phape Systeme Ltd | 1 | (famaioa) |
| EMS Engineering Ltd | 1 | (Barbados) |
| TOTALS | 14 |  |

The three plumbers were employed as followe:

Kenneth Millex
H B Pattico
H Motaughinn

1 (Jamaica)
1 (Belize)
1 (samaica)
$\overline{3}$
-

MR. PRESIDENT:
may ask question number 21.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN IOWN TQ ASK THE HONOURABLE FTRST
OFFICIAL MEMBER REFSONSIBLE FOR INTERMAL AND EXTEERNAL AFFAIRS
No. 21: Woutd the Honourable Member state on what basis are topics selected for' Radic Cayman's 'Open Line' Programne?

ANSWER: : The topics for 'open Line' are selected by the Director of Broadeasting and his Deputy on the basis of their topicality and Island-wide community interest.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr. President, an the Honourable Member say why the most important matter disouseed this year by the public has not been included in the 'IOpen line' Programe?. I an referming to the substantial tax increases.

HON. DENNIS F. FOSTER: Nr. EPesident, although tit may not have come out on 'Open lizne', all the debates were broadoast as they are being now.

Mr. Frestident, with the Honourable Member take steps to see that such importont matters of public interestidice discussed?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. President, any matter of public interest, $S i x$, we have, in the past, tried to put on 'Open Line' to get a consensus of opinion.

For instance, at some previous Méeting where there was either a question or a motion on daytight savings time, to get the necessary input for Government to make a decision this was put on 'Open Line'.

I can give the Member my assuranee that any important matter of public interest will ceriainly be given to the notice of the Directcr of Broadeasting, Sir.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: A supp Zementary, Mr. Fresident. The record will bear how I voted on the revenue measures. . Gan the Honourable Member aay whether this was done in the past from 1976 onwards? For instanoe when the Hospitat fees were more or less doublea.

MR. PRESIDENT:
$I$ an not quite ctear I have understood
the supplementay. Is the supplementary to ask whether 'Open Line' in the past had as a topio revenue inoreases?

MF. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Yes. Mr. President.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Yos.
$\frac{\text { MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: }}{\text { in operation. Any time sinee 'Open Line' has been }}$
in operation.
HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: To the best of my memory no. Sir.
$I$ do not think new reverue measures were ever put on 'Open Line'.
MR. YRESIDENT: The next question. The Beoond Elected.
Member for West Bay.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY YO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
NO. 22: Can the Honourable Member state whether a Police Officer. has been recently disciptined for invotvenent with druge?

ANSWER: No Police Officer has been disciptined within the past year for involvement with druge; net ther has there been any know instance where any Folice officer has aeted improperty in drugs' matters.

SUPPLEMENTAFIES:
MR. PRESIDEN:
The Elected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
A supplementary, Mr. Fresident.: In
light of the answer given, I wonder if the Honoumable Member could state whether any Officer, or for instance the Drug Squad or the Crime Branch, has been transferred internally or domoted for any untoward conmections to do with drugs or anything tike that?

MR. PRESIDENT:
No member of the Police Forge could be demoted without disciptinary action: so that point has been taken oare of already, and I realty do not think that internal tronsfers within the police amise out of the answor to this question.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: out, Mr. President?

Are you maing that supplementary question

MR. PRESIDEAT: ... As at present worded.
MF. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: way around.

Mr. President, maybe I will take a tons

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad \therefore \quad:$ Not too Zong. (LAUGFHTER)
Mr. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Long enough, Mr. Freeident, to get my point across though - with respect, Sir.

MK. PRESIDENT: You must not make a opoech.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSI:
No, Sir.
Mri President, oan the Honourabte Member explain why an Officer was transforrod recently from C.I.D. to the Uniform Branch

MR. PRESIDENT: Wo, I really do not think that the Honourable Member has responsibility of Folioe Officers from one branon of the potice to anothers.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Presidont, I do not want to call any nomes, Sir, and I think the Honourable Member knows what I am tatking about; so he should be prepared to give the anewer it know he can give.

MR. PRESIDENA: But only if I mico the question admissible and I do not.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: On a point of order, We President, what
are we supposed to do when we are atmost certain that we are being given
the wrong answer?

MR. PRESIDENT: You have been qiven an answer to the question asked. If you hove grounds to thinking that it is an untruthful answer, you maly certainiy come and make representations to me, but $I$ would hope: you would have reat baets for that because it would be a very semowe allegation to charge that a Member had dolibewatoly ted the House when giving an answer.

MP. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, to save time in this Honourable House, would you allow the Honourable Member to answer in relation to what he knows we are talking about - oven if we acnnot get. the right question across? He knows what we are discuesting.

MR. PRESIDENT: I am afraid I do not know what you are disouseing, and if you reatly. wanted ........

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MR, W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Presidont, I bow to your miting if you
    Would the Honowrable Member say why Conetabte
cr C.I.D. Offieor Echinique was transferred to tho plain clothes police
branch or section?
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MR. PRESIDENT:
No, as 1 have said, that supplementary question I ruled out of onder, inadmosible, when you asked it without naming names does not make it any more admisoible that nomes shoutd be named.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ Tr. President, is it not ptain what we are dealing with? Do you know I want to be and I have a ways tried to be respectful to the Chair, but I think you in your duty as President of the House should try to help us if we are nol getting the question across properly: beccuse my question was really worded in a different manner. You, as Fresident, mided that out und this is the form the question is in today; with my cooperation. But. to telt the public what happened in this situation - why io the question not answered?

I really cannot put it any more plainty
than how I have already put it, Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT: Firstly, the question is not allowed beause I an doubtfut whether it arises out of the answer and therefore is a proper supplementary and, second! $y_{1}$, I an atso doubtfut whether, had it been put down in the form you asked it as a substantial questions I should have regarded it as admissible because I do not think that the Honourable Member to whom it is addressed has responsibility for the transfers of Fozice Officers from one department of the potice to another.
Mi. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Wett, who has reeponsibitity, Six?

MTR. TRESIDENT: It is a mattex that I would need to consider more carefulty and take advise about that I think that oonstitutionally the Commissioner has responsibitity and is reeponsible to me.


MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, ooula we have the Honouralise Member's absuraned that he will give a statement to the press beoave I think somebody eareen man have been unfortunately reftected won thit moming in the wrong light, The pubtio is cettainly speculating a to: about it. I get a tot of complaints about this tssuc and I think it woutd only be fair to the individual ooncerned if the Honourable Fire t Official Member isered a press melease to alear hio rume.

MR. PRESIDENT:<br>vien.<br>North Side.<br>Weth no doubt he with beke note of zour<br>Question number 23, the Elected Menber for:

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NOFTTH STDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE EIRS'T OFFTCIAL MEME EF RESFONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERMAL AFFALRS

NO. 23: Would the Honourabie Member state what was the amount of illioit dmuge confiscated duming 1985 and how was it disposed of?

ANSWER: The omounts of ilitict druge confiseated during 1985 were as followe:
Ganja. $\quad \cdots \quad 1804.50$ pounds
Cocaine

The amount disposed of during 1985 were an foltows:

| Ganja |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cocaine | 1502.27 pounds |
|  | 129 grammes. |

All drugs disposed of were destroyed by fire on the Fublic Dump at North Sound Road. Destruction in all cases was oarefully supervised by Potice Officerss and took ptace in the presence of a Justioe of the Peace who signs a dectaration certifying sueh destruction:
The amountsocyfiecated in 1985 not so far destroyed are as fothous:

| Ganja | 752.33 pounds |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cocaine | $598 \quad$ grammes. |

All these latter druge relate to cases which are still sub-judice and eannot therefore be destroyed yet, and all are stored in totally secure conditions at the Cantral Folice Station:

SUPTLEMENTARIES:
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: $\therefore$ A supplementary, Ar. President.
The Honourable Member states that a Justice of the peace stgns the deelaration certifying such destritetion. Are the drugs to be deptroyed weighed in the presence of the Tustioe or is it just a fact that a volime of substance is being burnt that the Justice is dertifying?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTPR: Mr, Fresident, all these have been exhibite in the past, or if not the full quantity ueed as an exhibit, the whole comount related ta a epecifie case is carefutly tabebled and packaged and in the presence of $a$ tustice of the Feace, and on some occasions the prose. these are opened, or rather the labels read and opened and then destrouce.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Is the Honourable Member eaying that no oheck is made on the stated weight on the statement relating to the cas: before it is destroyed?

HON. DENNIS H. FDSTER: Wr. President, I am not certain whether
it is weighed on the site of destmetion or not, or whe ther the amount on it is just taken as the woight.

There is a Jubtice of the Peace heres, Six, who has done this before so he can .....

Who LINFORD A. PIERBON: Mr. Fresident, maybe lan atarify that.
I have not been invotved in the destruetion of oooaine, but tin the destmution of very much ganja. The packages are opened and they are checked. They come in 20 or 30 pound packages whion are att eptit open and burnt with dieset ont at the drmp. So they cre checked in cach ows.

MR' LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTIDUING): Before the packages reach the dump, we go with a Constable, a Chief Inspector and another fotiee officer and we take them up to the dump, and they are properly destroyed Sir.

MR. RRESIDENT: . Thank you very much.
If there is no further supplementary, Govermment Business - Continuation of Debate on the Throne Speech. The Elected Member for North Side.

## GOVERNMENX BUSINESS

## CONTINUATION OF DEBATE ON THL THRONE SPEECH

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUTNG): Mr. Fresident, yeeterday aftemoon on the adjourment $\bar{I}$ iods diocussing the national health ptan as proposed in your Throne speech.

As $I$ said before, Sir, this ptan has to be a comprehensive one. It will have to deat with preventative care. primary eare, heath education. Tt with have to determine whether this country is poing to provide secondary tertiary oare or how it is going to be provided for the populace of this country. Ilcwever, Mr. prestdent, in this whole process of the develoment of this nationat heatth plan, we have to be aareful that we do not enhance the medialisation of life, nor put any water on the seeds of aitrogenio disease. But, Mr. Frestdent, as I eaid eartier. I do not belicve that a board of management should come into question. I think it is a mast. I think it has to be in place even before the ptan aan be formulated.

I note atso, Six. that plan requirements are to be reviewed ao that medium and long-tem rlans for heath are can be made.

Nou, Mr. President, this roview of the ptan requivements is a very important one because aplan is what is going to be ueed to detiver whatever ts determined under the heateti ptan as necessary in terms of health care of the people of this country.

It is unfortanate, wr. President, that oves the past couple of yearo the present plan has been added to, subtracted from and modified in such an ad hoo fashion that I question whe ther ithe plan itself is any tonger usefut or whether it can be used to provide the type, the quantity and the quality of heatth oare that is going to be needed by this country in the yeare to come. But, Mr. Preeident, we hove to be very careful that we do nol let nappen in 1988 what happened in 1976, because for three yeare prion to 1976 this ountry spent a lot of reeoupees both in hard eash and in manpowor-time developing a 15 year physioat ptan for the hospital.

Nov, I maintained at that time and I maintain today that the mistake made then was that the health polions, the administration's procedurces, the methods of funding for improvement in health care had not been wsocrtained and had not been put in place. Though the physioat pran did take into view some of those areas, what happened in 1976 was there was a ohange in Goverrment ond that 15 year plan was quickly put in the celtar. It would be vemy unfortanate, Sir. if we spent a lot of resouroes rgain in 1970,1977 and 1978 in the development of some nationat ptom and unteso we set it up in such a way that it can be protected, whethen through a Govervment, ouned orporation under a board of management from the whime and fancies of politiaians, we could have the same socnamo oocur again.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): It is good to know, Gir's from an antwer given to me on the floor of this honourable House a few days ago, that at tong last the twenty-fcur hour coverage of doctors at the hospitai is going to happen. The lst of April I was told in an answer. The 1st of Aprit cannot come too soon, Sirs, becaue a lot of us witl breathe more sasily when there is a dootor on the compound twonty-four hours a day.

Now, I hope, Mr. President, that these doctors are not doctore who are being hired specifioally for twenty-four hour duty or to sit at the hospital when the other doctors are not there and therefore may be less qualified than some other doctore who might have a speciality at the hospitat. I certainty hope that it is not going to be anyone doing an internship period or anything like that in the poputace of this country who is going to fill theee posts. I will be watohing very carefulty. Sin with regard to the type of people who are recruited to provide that service.

It is good to know, Sirs that legislation is going to be reduced to regulate food handling. I think this is an area that needs urgent attention. It was covered very vafuely in the 1974 Publice Health Lav, and II do not think antj improvement ox anything was done sinee that to improve on the situation. So it is time that comething was done to establish stondards etcetera in this industry and to monitior the conditions under which food is prepered and served to the public.

There are measures to deal with mentat iliness, and druge and ateohol abusc are under active constideration. I am also vary pleased to see this, Sir, and I hope that mantal illnese ara drug and alcohot abuse are going to bo trected as diseases that they are and that the treatment is going to be an adequate form of rehabilitation for these people to meturn them to productive membera of the society.

You go on in your Speech. Sit, to ady that the sohool buildins nogranme witl be completed during the next two yeare. Mr. President, it was a pleasant experience indeed to whtness the opening of the new adation to the primary school in North side, but it is unfortundte that I was not given the opportunity at the apprompate tine, that is at trin opening of the Hatl, to congratulate Mre. Euntey. Miller in having the Hath named after her and/or to thank those who had been involved in the projeet. But, Mr. President, publice hooplah, on publicopatifieation has never been one of my great desires. It is much better to sit there quietly with the inner satisfaction of a job well done while the political appendages of 'also-ran' politiotians elimb and alcuat the public hooplaik trying to ded gratifioation for something in which they have absolutely no involvemert and therefore are entitted to no prate for it.

Mr. Frosident, the phyeioat pian in the primary schoole is onty a part of the objectives. The whole primary education system in this country must be further improved. The last time I did an analysis of those students who har gained enough ace pases to allow them acoertance in an institute of higher learning, it was alaming to learn the number of those students who had come from private primary schools vereus those who had come from pubtio primary sohools.

Mr. Eresident, we have a tot of bright ohitdren and a tot of very capable chitdren in thoee publio primary. sohools, and I have been given the assuranoe by the Honourable Momber responsible for Health Education and Sooial Serviees that all that is posaible is going to be done to introve the curriculum and upgrade the primary schools and the respective teaching and laying of foundations for an education in this countrys because unless, six, the foundation is property laid, whatever io done to the buitding after that is going to be weakened by a poor foundution.

Mr. Fresident, it is alao heartening to know that there to going to bo further expansion at the Communty College.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): In other places in your Speech, Mr. Eresident, you refer to massive inereases in the projection for tourism. I think for 1986 it is 20 per aent and for 1987 it is 45 per cent above and beyond the 20 per cent for 1986.

There is atso going to be much sdatition to the number of hotel rooms cuaitable in this country ond with that addition and with that increase in the tourist industry should ome job opportunities for Caymanians.

Now, Mr. Fresident, I feel that the Community Cotlege being develoged an provide an opportunity and environnent in which Camanians con aopine to adequately perform these jobe which are going to be oreated. But, Mr. Fresident, we are running out of time because the Hyatt is due to be opened in late 1986. And, Mr. Fresident, while I acoept that something as important as a Commuity College and its environs neede time to devolop, I would like to draw Members attention to what David Easton said in his Presidential Addreas to the Amerioan Eolitical soience Ascooiation: "We need to aceept the validity of addressing ourselves direotly to the probleme of the daj to obtain quiok, short-xun answers to toots and generalizations curvently available, however inadequate thoy may be. We aan no longex take the ideal soientific stance of behaviourism and bocause of the limitations of our understanding: arplication is premature and must avait future basio research.".

Mr. Presidents mptioationwith atways be premature. Information witl atwas be incomplete. Choices are neven the best possible - they are usually the best possibto from the information we have. But aertainty, sits the faot that we ane cware of these limitations of mar should not cause us te withdros from sooiett and the political process. To know, sin, of these limitations, to bear the responsibitity for dating und to aot is to engage in the re-sharing of our society. Mr. Fresident, that is what I think we need to do now. We need to act now in some way. Wo con asoertain what the mun-power requiremente' of this 500 mom addition is going to be. We can gather a lot of information about the skitto that zre gring to be required by our people to properly perform these services. These things can be done and they can be done readily. Sir.

I would hasten to ask the Honourable Membisio of Goverwent reaponsible to to comething and to do t now. Start preparing Caymanians for the jobs that thoy know ape goina to be made avaitche by this addition to the tourist acommodation; because it is going to $\overline{\mathrm{J}} \mathrm{e}$ too tate when the doors ape open and we start seeing the culvertisements in the paper wonting ' $x$ ', ' $y$ ' and ' $z$ ' qualifioations and from ' $\alpha$ ' to ' $s$ ' years of experience. And, in oxder to meet those requirements we have to import tabour frim overseas. Mr. President, if that harpens, it is going to be a backuard step for this socioty.

Mr. Proeident, I do not subeoribe to the
notion that Caymanians do not want to works that Caymanians aanot work, that Caymanians witl not work; that there are not Caymaniane out there who have the abitity to perform these jobs. I bolieve they are out there, Sir, and I belcipe it io incombent upon us as a Goverment to fint and to develop a meehanism to identify those peopte who are arable of ferforming those functions and to set about training those reapte and equipping them with the tools that are neoeesary wo that when the job opportunities oome they wre there to fillt them. It is thun up to monagement of the institutions to furiher motivate them and to hove them aspire to higher officee within that organiantion. But do you know, irr. President, that one of the probzeme of develorment of our greatest naticnal reseures in this country is our mon-power.
caymanians are onoourged by certain organisatione to attain ocrtain coademic quatificatiores which wilt equip them to move ta a oertain level within the organibation. Mret Caymanians when qiven that orprtumity seize it. They go abroad in most instanoes. They have to live under udverse oonditions. They tive within a foreign culture ond woiety, and yet, Sirs, with alz of

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): those oxternat pressures in that foretgh culture and that foreign eociety, they arpty thomsetvea and they are sucaeseful in attaining the condemio qualification. Then they come back to these shores, sir, ready to grob the bult by the horme and ride it in the direction that they feel, in which they have heen oonvinoed, that that bull needs to go. Do you know what usuatly happens, sir? Some olderty stateamun comes along and Eays, Sons do not be in any rush. You will get there. What you need is experience.". And then the brach young man aays, "How om I geing to get the axperienc: if you do not give me the opportunity?". Then they are totd, "Boy, it took me 15 yeare to get where I am you know. Do you expect to get hore over night?":

Mr. Fresident, the mere fuct that the individual has succeeded in a oneign environment in atocining a eertain tevel of academic qualifiontione (and I witl be the first to admit, Sir. that a certificate merely saye that the indionclual hat the ability to tell the toacher or the lecturer what he was totd by the teacher or the lecturex) does demonstrate a cortain amount of stiokability and a cortain amount of desire to Zearn: and I beleive if thoy were weteomod back into our sooiety and asked to contribute and cnoouraged to ontribute, they would do so in a moaningful way.

Mr. Prasident, this to the problem that the administration hos to tookle. We have to find wht what the reason is why qualified Caymanions are leaving the civil Service, because, Wr. president, the thing that separated Couman from the other Corbberm istands in years gone by is the fact that we had honest, affiaient, hard-working Civit Semponte.

Mr. President, there are those whe feel that I am atways pounding the pore Civit servants. Mr. Preoident, iot me set the record itraight. There are aome Civit semonte whe need to be pounded to oblivion. Thew are others whe are ging about their daily task, oontributing, who need to be encouroged. But, Mr. Fresidert. we need to seporcte the wheat from the chaff and this dual source of experience and qualificutions must be put to rest. It it either, or; beocuse. Mr. President, let wh look at this thing 'ecperience'.

Mr. Tresident, if wo havo been doing the sho: thing day in and day out for the last ten years, that io only one day's experience multiplied by 305; multiplied by 10. That io not really ten years experionoe. It is infortunate that beouse of the rapid developmont in our country seniority (that is length of services ptage a oruel rote in this country. But, it is allewed by thooe responsible to be sven mux cruet than tit shutd be because they dance on these separate sidee of the iate of qualification and experience as it suits them. We howo to introduce in this ountry some kind of evaluation of merit for promotion in the adminietwation section, Gone are the days, Mr. Fresident, when people should be promoted beocuse thes are quiet, bocause they do not make noise, beoause they do not ruek the boat, beounge they do not make any ripplee in the river. What we need, idx. "reatident, are some poople in here who are not going to make ripptes, but who are going to make waves.

Mr. President, today is no different than March 1985 when I said Govermont needs, as a priomity, a man-pwer utilization survey bused on tirne ont motions, otcetery, etcetera. fnd, Mx. President, I am not tolking about what thay did in 1976. 1977 and 1978 when they brought a retire pereon here to do a survey who was successful in establishing a post for himself and hoe sucoeeded to perpetuate his appointment in that post.

Mr. Prosident, we noed to give the young Caymanians who are qualifice -- you know as woth as $I$ whe it is. I do not want to ox 22 any nomes, but everybody knows who it is. He was not in the UNDF followship that you and I attended. That urifortanate?: was a reaut of that 1976/1977 undF followethp. The submiseions maxde by:

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONSIMITMG): the top five in that grout the top monagement in Goverment. as to what noeded to be done were never considered. They brought in eomebody who was used to the aivit aervied oolonial system in Afrew and other pluoes and implenented that system here. "And that is why whe are in the mose we are in todu.

As I setid yesterday, to the best of my knowtedge, there may be one of the top five peor le who graduated in that ocurse who is still lejt in the Civit sovvice. So I hore thet the one that is going to be done in 1986 ie going to have much better resulte than the one that I was privileged to attend in 1976/1977 had..

Mr. Fresident, this problem of education and deveroment of the man-power rescunees of thie oomtry has to be tackled and it has to be twakled now.

I am very much ocncerner, stir, about the inoreasing exodus of quatified componians in the Civit service. We had three or four leavo in the last year and maybe more. Worse than that, Sir, is that those who we loft behind aive me the distinet impression that they are loing two thinge. They are watohing the olock and they are accepting the grind, diegruntlement and punishment untit their bond is up. Then they lewne. That is a semous state of affairs. Sir.

Mr. Frcsidents on social services in this country, I note that they will comtinu to provide profesenonal, reliatle health to its prowing alient population. Now, Mr. Fresident, this is what I tike so much wout the Throne Sreech, Sirs, in that there is nothing in this country that in not covered whder the IThene Speech and yet it is very diffioult to pin-pint specifics as to what the intentions are and what they aro geing to try to acomplish; a lovely piece of British diplomacy, Sir. (LAl/GHTER) It reeks of the Honouralte First Elected Member of Preoutive Council, Sir.

Be that as it may, six. I still maintairi
 that has ever been delivered in this recemblus I an not wing to throw this dway at 12:00 o'elook today when I finish spenking. I am oarrying this and $I$ an going to pin it up in mof office, and every titne $I$ feel. that those Honourable fitented Members over there are not sticking to their promises in here, I am going up to the Administration Building with this copy to remind them of what they said they were going to achieves and to find out what is being done about it.

Sir, what ooncorne me about that statement on sociat servicos is that it is going to sontinus to provide tro. fessional and reliable health to its orowing aliont population.

Ww, Mr. President, I can agree with
the proposat to continue to provide thit professional and retiabte heath to these people of need. But, what eonooms mes, Sir, is the growing otient porulation. We hoov to start looking at preventative means of preventing sone of these social moblems thefors they ocour. I would tike to see, sins more onphasie placed on trying to prevent these unfortunate indivicuats from deteriorating to a stage where they need this relitole, professionat wolp,

I see the Hotourable Rombor is taking notee. Sir, so 1 axpeot that he to gring to tell me thet he is going. to do some prevention. That is oonds sir. That is bhe whole omphasis of this speech.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: I woule suggost, Ir . thesident, that the Member road the next sentenae or paragraph.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLETR (CONTINUING): I am getting to thats Bir. I am getting to that. Do not jump the gun.

The Jwonite Low is again, Sir, badly needed, and the Fonourable Momber is to be complimented on having it ready to bring to the Aesembly during 1986. I asaume that is going to be May 1986 becaube we have other Tegislation to deal with in September like the Labour Legislation and Liws tike that, but we witl get to that leter on.

White I witl agree with the Honourcille Member, sir, that the fact that pricrity is going to be given to leisure time activities for the youth I wizl acopt io part of the preventative process and part of the bolution that we are looking for. All I cm saying, Sir, is that I would tike to see the amphasis placed on that more co than sayins they are giving pmority beause this priority, or these objectives, cannot be achieved and this is quite evident from what happened urder the provious Goverment. They threw bricks and mortar. They opent a lot of time buitding great monuments for themselves and other people in the oammunty ond oalted them community centros.

Mr. Presidents, the truth is they are
not oommunity centros, sir. Most of them are locked up? and are not being used. That is the problem, sir. We hove to organise people in the communty and to provide supervistion of activitios into which the youth can become involved, and in which their energies can be directed towards enhancement of their growth and their productivity; and not left to wander idly about the streets on even to go to these menuments for members of the sooiety unsupervised.

This io one of the reasons, Sir, why I have been fighting for one ycar to get maintenance pareons put in oharge of the town hattes, sivie aentree, sohools, post iffices and the whole area there oo that the whote factity con he gratanded in. the time that is available for the youth in the commonity to use it; and aven for the elderty people. Sir. A person should be on the compoun? eight hours a day. The people in the dietricto whe do araft for instance could have a oraft display at the tron hall if it is open, but now it is looked arul there is one Long process whioh one thas to $g$ o through to get permission to use it. Firstly, one has to find the caretaker if he an be fornd. Secondly, one has to go the Aaministration. Buitding, to the Foxtfolto te fitt out a form and then go back downstaire to the Treasury Detartment to pay the $\$ 10$ or $\$ 20$ as the oase may be: take that back ur to the Portfot to whero a receipt witl be issued and then one has to find the caretaker to lat him know that the fee has been paid and that it an be anfirmed with the Fortfotios and then one must let the caretakes know when the hat $i s$ to be used.
itro President, these are facilities whoh should be used by the pulblic. They have to be made more acoessitit to the public. We have to provide activities which own afomel the energies and onthusiasm of the youth in the right dinection. There are too many things in our aweiety woday whioh are oompeting and fighting with that enthusiam of the youth and whioh lewd them in the wrong direction. It is juet teft to chonce that thel might find themselves involved in some worthothite activities.

Mr. Fresident ......
MR. PRESIDENT:
Perhaps it might be, if the Member is Bwitching to another torie, a conveniont moment to break. So I will suspend proceedinge for arrowimotely 15 minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED AC' $11.4 \pi$ A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Thease be ocated.
The Elected Member for North Side.

MR. D. EZZARD MTLLER (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident, when we took the break I was about to move on to a proposal in the Throne speech that a national contributory pension sohome to provide socicl security for the Ieland be deemed feastble.

At last, Mr. Prosident, an expert has
arvived from overseas whth a bricface in his hand and he thas totid Government what I and the Second Eleoted Hember for Wost Bay spent three days trying to do in Maroh of last year. But, that is all right, sir, that goee to show that we do some receareh before we bring motions heres and when we say we believe it can be done we have done some basio grondwork and foet that it oan be done. However, Mr. President, I would like to octution the Honourabte Member who assiste him in such as this and such as a proposed health plans it cannot succeed by transplanting a systen from some other istands, from some other nations, from some other country into our enviromment. We might nood the seede from some of those countrics, Sir, but the tree is going to have te grafted to suit our cron national peovitiarities and needs. Sn we have to be careful with these experite that they do not reoomend that some aystom from some other tstand which might be similar in population, simitar in needss are not transposed on us. And, one other word of eaution, Mr. Prosident, is that the funds oontributed in this notinnat ponsion schens, as I and the Soocnd Elected Member for West Bay made. oZear when we moted thes metion omiginally, must be enfoguarded, proteoted and must be prohivited territory for Government. Those funds have to bo set ut int a way that they with be used to poy those who oontribute to tt and that the funds com be investod in safe investments to make some profit when the money is there ao that we oan pay buok, in yexpe to oome, to some people maybe even more than what they contrimuted, depending upon the cost of living indexes, etcetcras atcetera, etestera.

Mr' - Prosident, Govarvment must never be atloned to spend thoee funde to buy areoplanes, to build roods, to build bridges, to buitd channels on to do anything else. I would not even hopry, Sirs, for Government to uee it as a ensh security to borrow money for something else. It must be set up separate and aport so that no Goverment oun spend those funds for whatever. political or other reasons it deems necesacry.

Mr. President. I futty betreve that a nationat oontributory pension soheme can work. I betieve it is a matter of urgenoy. I beliens it is a mattor if nceessity beocuse, its. President, we have beon fortunate in years gone bu that.most of the peopte who are retired in this country had sone fom of retimement income whether it was from a union that they worked with in United Statee or United States soaial. secumity.: Pemle of my generation witl not have that source of incone in their tutithot years. Sirs, and we need to make a provision for the poutcoe of this eountry to continue to live in dignity and to be ahte to antinue zife at it standard whioh they set for themselvos.

Noch, Mr. President, I hope that this legialation, ae twell, ia going to be broughe cluring the 1986 actendwe yecr. Mr. Fresident, $T$ know that it is an impretant piece of legistrtion and I support the Honouralle Members of Gobomment in matting matters of this nature before the pustie for wivio omment anai input, etcetera. I believes, Sirs that the urgency of the matter diotates and as the Seoond Elocted Member for Weat Mry and I oatd when we brought th: original motions the urgoney in thio mattex woes not hitow ravemnent to drag its feet. I belteve, Sirs that we witl eee ther tegiolation in 1986.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTTMUING) : Nin. President, it is good to know that renovations and restrration work in the otd court house will be completed boon to allow for distluy of the museum onlleotinne: becaue, Sir, it is time that the goung people of this owntry can visit a place which has some diontay of the heritoge of which these Islands can be so proud. ivr. Thesident, I learnt about the heritage and history of this oountry not from history books and not in schoot. but by tatking to people who had lived the history of this country. People who had been involved in the develoment of this country and who were intent in paseing on that heritage to perte like me. Those peopze, sir, are beoming lebo and less and fewer and far between. so we need to have some place that the young poople oan viatt and get a feel of the heritage of this oountry.

When young peoplo are bombarded with statemento siuch as Camantions do not want to work: Caymomians sannot do this, it is easy to forget that thoir fathere and their fathers" fathers have demone trated that those are the moat invocurate statements aver said about Caymanians. Mr. Preeident, Caymaniane went to sea in 1952. Most of them as ${ }^{\prime} B / R^{\prime} s^{\prime}$ (bedroom stewards). Ten years tator a lot of them were master marinere, Mr. Presicent. I am wot talking about the ones that we howe around here today who operate dive boats for six monthe and start oalling themsctves oaptains. They are not oaptaine, Sir. That is a diagrace to the heritage of the peaple of this oountry. I an talking about thoce who, for instance, on the ir firet oomand as captains onmbeted such features as departing from the port of West Falm Peach sailing aoross the nowth Atzantio through the Straighte of Gibratta, down the Mediterranean Sea, through the Sues Canal, dow the Red Soa up to Kulait, from Kuwait aoross the Indian Doean to Kuri, Japon. from Kuri, Jawon across the Facifio ovean ...

MR. D. EZZARD MILIUE (CONFINUINC): No, Sir, this has to do with freserving the heritage, Six. (LAUGHTER) ....... through the Eanoma Conat across the Caribbean Sea and back tc: the port of Palm Beach. Those are the reaple, sir, that the hemtage needs to preserve. Those are captains - not these people around hero who operate these little dive boats and who are being put on board to give advise as though they were captains. They tre not captains, Sir.

It is pood to cee, Sire, that work will continue on the sports' aomplex and, arain, sir, I beg to differ with the terminotogy used in the Throne Speech. I do not tike words tike 'should' or "would' or 'oould', Sir. that gives Homourable Members too much Latitude to duek and weave, sir. I would, like that to read, "..... sports' aompinator shal.2. be arpointed".

The Honourctile Member is wine to tive me the assurance of 'shatt' now, Sirs, so that is all right.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: The let of Apriz.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Aprit foot's doy remember.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTTNUING): I knOu, Six. (LAUGHTER) Thank you for putting it in the right fersective. I did not want to saly that, but when the Chair says it ......

MR. PRESIDENT:
I did not say who was going to be
footed. (LAUCHTER)
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUTNC): Rtght. When the Chair sule it no one can disagree, Sir. Fowever, I with be wound on the 2nd of Aprit. I an not going any place. I am not taking up reeidenee in Costa Rica. (LAUGHTER)

Mr. President, the Throne Speech goes on to say that 500 new hotel rooms in the Cayman Istande will be available by the end of 1986. hei I mentioned before, No. Fresident, this is going to entail a signifieant number of jobs fom comanions and I canot repeat often encuigh on emphasizo too much what I feet Government needs to atart taking astion to provide and equip the Caymanians to take the oppoxturitice that are going to be provided in this industry.

Mr. President, a 45 per oent inoreape
in tourist figures in one year in any country is a great achiovement.
Mr. President. I note with eatisfaction that Coyman Aipwaye plans to meet the ohallenge of keepint wo with the growth of the hotel oapacity in the Cayman Ioluads.

It is gond to ace thot the airline hoo gotten to the stage under its new management and the new Government where it can do such forward plawning ae far ahead as for the season for 1987 in terms of seeking an ther arocplane to cosit it in meetine the ohatienge of this increase in touriam.

Mr. Iresident, it is guny how the publice can eeize half a ventence of $\therefore 12 \% 13$ pase speoch. I have gotton more telephone cat te over the week-end and over the last ooupte of days about Cayman Aixways buying another ararevanes, and I have tried to go to lenaths to ewplain that they are not buging another airoraft, but are simpty troking at the movitility of teasirg one on a short-time basis to meet the needs as they aro foreseen.

Mr. Ercsident, ptanming for that airline is going to be needed. That airline is going to meet the demand of a 45 per oent increase in traffic. However, I mot at all aure that that objective an be achieved without the introduction of another United States carvier. There cre aeverat benefits, Mr. Fresident, that another United States carmier would bring to this ocuntry - an increase in advertieing and increased competition. Fopefutiy: the airfaree between here and Miami will go dam. They are probatizy the highest in the world today rer mite. Howaver, thope, siv, and I trust that Caymon Airways with be fiven the opportunity. I think it now has the management axpertise.

Secaking about the axperties, Mr. Prosident, expertibe is a wird that is tossed around litermill in bars, restaurants and everything in this oountry. Erwertiae is even used by some people to ridicule nthers whe cre simply trying to establish a proper footing, a proper baeis for evatution rand a proper foundation by asking questions. Mr. Fresident, construetive oritioism is better than negatioe aritioism, but there me times when negative aritioism is bettor than no aritionsm heocuse at the very teast it stimulates those involued to think about the other side of the coin in case it olvuld aver fits on them.

Mr. Prosident, poople bhould be carefut when making remanks and then trying to tio exportioe in a derogatoxy fashion about people. There is, six, an old souing in Cayman. "bush got ears" It ueurity gots book to the inaivituat, but the hard, oold factsof tife are that if those peope who are attempting to ridicule ue politiovens whout axpertias in bors, on the steps of bars and in restaurante, stocteri, that the expertise,

MFi. D. EZZARD MILLEER (CONTITVUING): things ct Cayman Airway might not be, or might not have been in the position that they are in today. It is unfortunate, Mr, President, that somo politicians do in fact have more expertise in theit areas than they have. But, they have to live with that, sir. That is $n$ fault of the politician. We we here to play politics and that we are going to to.

Mr. Fresident, I would like to raise one other issue which is not mentioned in your Throne Speech. but it has to do with Cayman Airwouys, I trust, six, that in raising this issue it will be accepted in the light and in the intent for which it is being raieed, and that the Honurable Merber responsible an make a stctement in his debate, or at some other time, to olecr up this mieconception. That is, Mr, Fresident, the Fruect connection. Mr. President, I complaints by the public who perceive the Fcucett rightly or wrongly as a cocaine comection beecuse it ormes from the cooaine apital of the wortd. I have no proof that it is bringing Imugs. I have mo pronf that it is not. The rumours are rampant on the streete that it is. There rumours are there as to why it coanct of to Micmi and as to why Cayman Airways has to take up the slack. People aire wondering if it has a connection with why we caymanitns are now being hasseled by customs and inmigration in Miami mare so than we were prior to this.

Mr. Tresident, the perple of this country deserve adequate explanations as to why the Fucett aonnection oonnects in Cayman. If there are other airlines doing simitar thinge in other countries and what was the reason, if it oar be stated and I believe it oon be, why they decided to use coyman as as connection beccusc, as I said, six, pightly or wrongly there are members of the pubtic, and a good decl of the pubtic, who perceive it as a druy connection. If it is not true, the people of this oruntry deserwe to be informed and they shoutd be.

Mir. Iresident, in on answer given to me by the Honoupable Member responsibte for Tourism Aviation and Trade concerning the oost of operating the servive to Coumch Broc, it should lay to rest the querice ond the denamde by the pubtio that this service is a complete rightooff, or that it has to be subsidised 100 per cent by Government. I think it indioated that it was in fact bringing some revenue and that it is not a total $20 s$ to the airline or to Goverment. White, Mr. Fresident, my personal conviction is that both Camman Brac and Grand Cayman could be better served by a more suitable aircraft thon the Trislander, proviaing a shuttle service of two or three round trips a doy which would allow connections with the jet from here, althrugh there are sufficient safety margins, and there is no question remily about the safety of taking that jet into Cayman Brace provided all aystems are 'po' and all aystems are workable, cod forbid the day thet it hos to go in without all eystems working chd something should go wrong.

I would be remiss in mi duties, Mr. president. if I de not say that I am disappointed that there is a foreigner still flying the Triskunder whioh is such $a$ simple circraft that it does not need a co-pitots, yet we have six Cotymanians who are out of jobs in their ehocen profossions. These are the kind of areas where Goverrment must ster in to see that caymanians who tire qualified for these things are given the opportunity to perform. I believe they with bees Six, but in my opinion it is taking a little long to oume and we need action now.

Mr. Fresident, I also conour with the proposat to introduos legislation for the oreation of a Civit Aviation Authority locally. I betieve that this will. enhance the development of the facility. It is also encouraging to see that general cuiction, that is private aireraft ficilitiee, ctcetcra, are being constantly

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): inproved and encourageds because, Mr. President, that is the kind of elientelewe need in the tourist industry. When those fellows come down here flying five million dollar lear jets, they are not going to go to the restaurants and look at the menus and say, "ioh, they are not serving hamburgers or cheese sanduiches, so let us go somewhere etse.". They are going to walk in and say that they want the most expensive bottle of wine on the menu. That is the kind of thing that is going to circulate money. These charter-flight-hamburger-people one oan get too much of, sir.

> Mr. President, I hope that in sotting up this statutory Authority, some consideration witt be given to enable Goverment to get oontrol of the airport in Little Cayman in one form or another because that airport needs to be under the control of Government for many reasons, sir. It might be used by the wrong people if we do not control it. Development is going to have to take place and Government is going to have to take a step to develop this. Mr. Fresident, the major buitding progronme for the fire service cannot, in my estimation, come too earty. The Chief Fire Officer has to be complimented and held in high esteem for his management ability to keep his staff motivated, active and produotive in such a degrading environment. My onty concexn about the building progromme for the fire service at the airport, sir, is that it is now $12: 16 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. On the 5 th of March, 1986, and it has not started yet. I was hoping that after budget alloation was made it would have. been almost completed by now. However, I guess that witl start on the lat of April, too, Sir.

The sub-fire station in Wert Bay is a need that has to be addressed and I support the building programme for such a need. The whole development programme in the fire serviac, Sir, can only enhanoe the morate and the productivity of the people involved in the aervice.

It is good to see, Mr. Eresident, that the labour legislation is going to be presented very soon. That is a different Honourabte Nember so $I$ do not expect that will be on the 1st of April; I guess that will be the lat of May.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: He thought that was your birthday.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Oh: Not so early. They want to give me a birthday present, Sir. That is all might. I witl take it and form the labour legislation any time.

Mr. Fresident, labour legislation in this country is going to be controversial. It is going to twuch all of ue in some form or another. It is going to be one of the more important pieces of legislation that this Honourable House ha had the opportunity to grapple with. There are those out there in the private sector who do not want it. They have their own individual reasons for not wanting it. Mr. Fresident, that must not detract us from the fact that it is needed.

Mr. Eresidents if I may just jump ahead
of myself a little bit to mention the economic plan in the some breath; this is again one of the things where it appears the private sector, the Chamber of Comnerce and others do not want to support very readily. I personally am disappointed in the stance they have taken in the queetionnaire mailed out. These some people are the one who are telling Goverronent that it has to identify probleme, find solutions to the problems, come up with implementations of those solutions, evaluate those solutions to ensure the objectives are reached. However, they do not seem to be willing to provide information within the frome-work so a proper decision can be mads. They must know that Government must: ascertain most of this information from other pecords. The questionnaire

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): is simply a form of getting it in a more uecul and a more useable form from Govermment, ehort-outting the buireaucratio red-tape and inefficiency of the Service in trying to extraet it from five or six different departments. Thely have a legitimite concern about the confidentiality, but doee the end justify the mocne? Do you know; Sir, they do not want that economic plan. They do not want Zabour Zegistation because of the practices that they have been perpetuating in this oountry in ordex to keep themselves here and enjoy the sunshitne, the tax-free status and everything else. They will no longer be altowed under this tegislation and Caymonians will be able to rise to the surface and take those provisions caway. That is what they are scared of, Sir. They are not worried about the oonfidentiality or how much they are paying or whether Goverrment knows that they are paid $\$ 50$ or $\$ 5,000$ an hour. They are concerned that Goverrment may come up with a plan to develop. the homan resources in this country to replace some of them. Mr. President, I respectfully submit that that is our duty and that we are going to do.

These peote are the firgt to comptain that Government makes, what they consider, wrong decisions... Yet, they are not enthusiastic about providing basic information which is neoeseary for making proper deciaions. I think, sir, that they shoutd stop griping about the confidentiality bseause the oonfidentiality is asaured. Government does not intend to use the information for any utterior use. If it wanted to do that, the information is avaitable in departments of Government which oan be extracted. Buit the mere fact that Goverment has come forward and put it in the form of a questionnaire indicates that it is not going to be used for any ulterior motive: It is going to be used for exactly what it says it is going to be used for.

For to tong; "sir, those peopte thave had a strangte-hotd on the eoonomy and the upward mobility of Caymanians in thit comunity. That strangle hold is going to be broken.

Mr. President, I notice that there is going to be some amending Legistation to the Motor Veficle Insurance. Lou. I hope that thie legislation is going to includes in some format, the introduction of no false insurance.

I note with satisfaction, wresident, that the Eublic Works Department is subject to a comprehensive review. and that the recommendations are being acoepted. There ugatn we opme up with some words as 'generally'. These kind of words Zead one to wonder whether it has been really acoepted, or generalty, or the first paragraph; or have the specific recommendations been acoepted to. reorgonise this or that department? I am going to give the benefit of the dowbt and assume that the departments are being reorganised to make them more productive.

I could agree move, sin, or offer greater support to the taea of the development of a mater-ground-tranaportation-road-system for this country. That is badly needed. It neede to be done so that developere an be ware of where the new traffic bearing ronde are going to be placed. I hope to see the ground transportation plan in the very near future, Mr. iresident.

The building oode, Mr. President, has been kicked around in this country for yeare and I dm glad to see that. it is finally coming to frution beeause the investing public in. this country whether foreign or Caymanian- whether onty inveeting for ones own purpose in building up a home to improve prie's own equity standing-need to know what the stondarde are; how they are going to be applied, where they are going to be applied and what standrads. are to be met. And, Mr. President, some way has to be found to stream tine the process of obtaining pranning approval in this, ocuintry beecuse night now to appears that one has to apply to about five different agencies - electrical, water, sewer, planning. These should all be on

MR. D. EZZARD MILLEK (CONITNUINC): the Central Planning Authority where the decision is being made. Feople should not have to submit separate plans.

Wr. Fresident, f question the legatity
of the Water Authority for instanes which may turn down a plan after the Central Planning Authority had approved of it: on the electrical department of Govermment tuming down a plan after the Central Planning Authority has approved of itt: These things should all be done before planinig approval is giten. "The mechanism has to be put in place so that can be done - whether is done by the planning department which sende copiee of the ptins to the relevant departments for the ir approval on whether those representations are put to the planming board and a decision is made finat there and then. We should not have to tell people that they have to cubmit five copies of the plan to ptanning some to the Water Authomity, sone to the electrical department. There shoutd be one submisetion which should be deatt with at one time.

Mr. President, I believe that the mace ine parks are now in effeet and Goverment is to be comptimented, I betieve, Sir, in the way that it handled the who le idea of mamine parks. Goverrment certainly solicited and allowed publice input into the whole process of taying out these marine parke and in the whole idea of marine parks. Those Cabmanians, and I know there are going to be some becauee you acnnot please everybody all the time, who are not satisfied cannot ady that they were not given the opmortunity to contribute whether they wanted to do so construetively or destructively to the whole idea of maxine parks in this oountry. I am glad it is finatised and not in effect. My only desire now, sirs is that they cre enforced. However, itr. Fresident, the people of this countrif must understand that in something ae important as marine parks, we could never hire enough police officers or fishery officers to enforce this in this country. It is incumbent upon every citiaen of this country to assist and to see that the marine parks' proposat, which they have accepted, is adequate and workable and in force.

Mr. Tresident, there is only one thing I would like to see added to the marine parks, and I would ask the Honourable Member reaponaible to in oome way oommuricate to the fishexmen who take the trips across the llorth Sound not to remove starfish from the water. There is not a day, Mr. Fresident, that a tourist does not walk into my shop looking for Formaldehyde to buy. When they are asked what they intend to do with it they say that they have a dosen starfish in a bucket outside which they want to cure. I tell them that I do not stook Formaldehide because we have a marine conservation tow in this oountry, the intent of whioh is that they enjoy Zooking att it and it must De left behind for somebody else to took at. They are astonished. Some of them are frightened, but the starfish are alpeady dead. They say that the boat-guidee say that they can take them and can take all they want. So I think thesc boat-guides need to be informed that although starfish may not be spelt out in the Low or the regulations as a protective species, they shoutd be discouraged from enoouraging toumiots to take them out of the water in large quantities and take them oway.

Mr. Fresidents I agree that enough could never be said about the positive contribution of the Mosquito Researoh and Control Unit to the development of this country. It has done a fantastic fol, in all areas of mosquito ooritrol and it continues to do a good job. It shoutd be given all the cnoouragement we can give. I note with satisfaction that it is now starting to look at the Targe swamp areas between Bodden Town and North Side so that those areas can be more adequately treated to prevent mosquito breading.

MR. Do EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident, it was heartening yeeterday morning to ariver in the Assembly and find a tetter on my desk from the Chairman of the Central Flanning Authority seeking the establishnent of eommittees in each district to wok at revisions for the Development Plom 1977. This, I betieve, is a legritimate way of involving the commuity in developing something as inport as a development plan becauses, Sir, a plan such as a development plan is only going to be as effective as it is acceptable by the people. We cen. tainty do not want to let happen what happened in 1975 and 1976 to this plan in that it becomes a big potitical voo-doo' having the theoretical and other benefits of a plan completely ignored. Ore is only reminded by certain persorts twisted intervetations that Governmentris only going to allow you one house on five acres of tand, and this type of thing.

I betieve the right thing to do is to involve the people conoermed at all levels in the development process and we will then have a plan which will be deve toped by the paople, of the people, for the poople and none of us potitionans witl be able to misconetrue what the people are getting and what they want. I am not afraid of that kind of process. Sir.. I think that is good, heatthy democracy.

Mr: Presiclent, I have voiced in the past my concerne about the Law Sohool. My concern was that we were taking Caymanians who were quito oapable aoademically of achieving recognised qualifications and offering them: something for which, in some instances they may have to work harder - put in longer hours, pass move diffioult cxaminations and get a qualification which is not recognised beyond these shoros and which in bome instances, probably most inetancos, was going to regulate them for aterk jobe in las. offices. They were going to be the bays who would take the prapers dow to Lands and survey to howe them registened and they would have, for alt intents and purposes, gone through the some academic proceve as peopte who come out of recognised universitiee would have hod, but they would not have had the rocogntition.

I hope that this external oonnection with Liverpool University beomes a reality so that there will be some semblance, beoause, Mr. President, I believe that we ooula have taken those students and chortoned an aeroplane to take them to Kingston every Monday moming and ohartered an aeroplane to bring them back every Friday evening so that they could have attended the Norman Manley Law Schoot which is a recognised institution - a part of the University of the Weat Indies - and it would have been choaper than what is costing us to sond them to school now. I wondex, Sir, if something could not have been worked out with a nearer institution like the Norman Manley Lav Sohool at the University of the West Irudieo of which we are contributore and of which our contributions are going to waste.

Mr. Presiclent, I, too, hope for a satisfactory mutcome to the present negotiations with the United Kingdom and the United States for a mutal assistanoe treaty to be conotuded in the very near future. I think the uncertainty produced in the minds of some peopte, rightly or wrongly - but you aee, Mr. President, whether those people are right or wrongs they wre oowinced in their om mind that their interpretation is right so we have to aroume that they wer: right beause that is the uay they are:going to react to it - in relation to the tax hoven industry of this country brought about by the 1984 Marootios Agreement has to be removed. I believe the approach taken by Goverment is the right aproach. I believe that they have been succeseful in a lot of areas. I betieve the country witt be well served and indeed the professionate involved in the tax haven induetry in this country witl be satisfied with the finat product under the mutual assistanoo agreement treaty.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTIVUING): Time $i s$ of the essence, kr . President, and it has to be done although I realise that such negotiations are long and complex. The sooner it is done, the better.

Mr. President. once again I would like to congratulate you on your optimism in the Throne Speech and in your own words concentrated, on looking forward, I think that is the purpose for which we are nere. We have to deal with the day-to-day problems of this country, but we must never let the day-tomay drudgery keep us from looking fomard, anticipating the problems for the future so that we can plan to prevent, where they can be prevented, and aertainly at the very least, sir, to have in place the mechanism for treatment and cure of those problems as they ariae.

Thank you, six.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The hour at which we nomally break for tunch is quite olose, so I doubt whether it is worth inviting another Member to start speaking now, but I have been advised by the Serjeant-at-Arms that some parts, I am not quite sure which parte. of the eeiling are liable to fatl down. I ann not oertain whose head is threatened (LAUGHIEF) but the Public Works Departinent has been invited to come and attend to it over the lunch hour and it is suggested that pernaps we should not, in order to give them time to complete their task, resume until 2:30 p.m. So aubject to Members' conourrence $I$ will suggest that we now suepend until olightly later untit 2:30 p.mos but faur ly promptly at 2:30 p.m. I hope.

AT 12:42 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2.34 P.M.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Please be seated.
I am advised that the various gaps in our ceiling means that inmediate dongers of life and limbs have been averted, so I hope we can safely reswe proceedings.

The Elected Member for Worth Side had concluded his speech. The motion is still open for debate. Does anj other Member wish to speak? No other Mimber wishes to apeak? I with give it another 15 ecconds. Ten ........... five. Does the Mover wish to reply?

HON. DENAIS H. FOSTER: Yee, Wr. President. If there are no other speakers, I with repty.
Mx. Fresident, I would tike to join with other Members who have spoken in congratulating you in the detiventij of the Throne Speech. In doing so, Ar. Presidont, I would tike also to congratulate zou on the neid format in which the apeech took this year. Such a speech, Mr. Preeident, int this format can be kept by the Membero with Portfolios right on their deske and every week they can examine it to see how they are getting on with what was anticipated for them to do during the year.

Mr. President, there is no doubt in me mind that this country over the last 18 to 20 years hae achieved much. We have come a long wat. The eause of this achiovement, Mr. Fresident, was the cooperation between Members of this House ard the Civil Servants.

HON. DENNIS $H_{1}$ FOSTER (CONHINUTNG): Nany a time people have asked me if we hawe political parties and my answer was atways "no". And they would ask; "thell, what do you have?" I would say, "We have personalitices, but our real success is that everyone olected in the House has one common goal and that is to achieve the hest for their peovle and for their country. :

Mr. President, now that we are getting. to a position to where we oan boast of many of our facilities and much of the infrastructure that is here, I think it is time that all Members. with no exceptions, Mr. Fresident, take stook and work together. Ther" are atways ways and means of discuesing things to ensure that we get the best for our people. However, Mr. President, there is no time for we to be degrading or hitting one another. Onty one thing can be achieved by that and that is the breaking down of the country.
kr. President, I sincerely and honestly request and pray for the Membere of thtis House, for the future, to work hard together and everybody witl enjoy the results.

Once again, Mr. President, in closing I comment you in the detivery of the Speech and ite contents.

The motion ie:
BE IT RESOLVED THAT THIS HONOURABLE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RECORDS ITS GRATEFUL THANKS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR FOR THE GRACIOUS ADDHESS DELIVERED ON FRIDAY 28 TH FEBRUARY, 1986,

QUEGTION PUT: AYES
MR. PRESIDENT: I think the "ayes" have it.
There is no other business down on the Onder Paper for today, but there is other business to be taken during this Meeting. So I will invite the Honourable Firet Official Member to move that we adjourn wntil tomorros morring when we can continue.

## ADIOURNMENT

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. President, I move the adjouranent of this Honourable House untit 10-00 o'olook tomorrow morming.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The question ia that this House do now adjourn untit 10:00 o'cloak tomorrow moming.


## STATE OPENING AND EIRST MEETING OF THE (1986) SESSION <br> OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBEY <br> HELD ON THURSDAY, $6 T H$ MARCH, 1986 <br> (FIFTH DAY)

ERESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G FETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESTDENT
GOVERNMENT MEMEERS

HON DENNIS H FOSTEF, CVO, CBE.JP FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBEH RESFONSIBLE FOR INTEKNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

HON MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC,LLI.B SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIDLE FOR LEGAL ALMINISTRMTION
HON THOMAS C TEFFERSON, OBE, FIF
THIRD OF'FICIAL MEMBER RESTONSTELE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT.

HON BENSON O" EEANKS MEMDER RESPONSTBLE FOH HEALTH EDUCATION जAND SOCIAL SERVICES

HON W NORMAN DODDEN, MEE : MEMPER RESEONGIBLE FOR TOURTSM AVIATTON AND TRADE

WON CAPT CHARLES L KIFKCONNELL
MEMREH' FESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP
MEMIEER RESPONSIRLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

| ELECTED MEMBERS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ME: W McREEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMEEA FOF THE FIRST |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST EAY |
| MFS DAEHNE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY: |
| M | SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAIT MAMRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE THTRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MF JAMES M AODDEN | FITST ELECTED MEMBERI FOR THE FOURTH ELECTOTAL DISTRICT OF BODOEN TOWT |
| IfR G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMTER FOR THE FOUFTH EEECYORAL DISTRICT OF DODDEN TOWH |
| M6F L EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMEET FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| If JOHN E McLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |

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THURSDAY
6TH MARCH, 1986
10.06 A.M.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Prayers. The Honourable second Etected Member of Executive Council. In his absence perhops the Fourth Elected Member of Executive Conoil would like to read the prayers.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHMSON: Let us pray.
Almighty God, from whom ail wisctom and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direct and prosper the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled, that all things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glomy of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Bless our Soverign Lady eueen Elisabeth, the Queen Mother, Philip Duke of Edinburgh, Charlee Frince of Wales, Diana Frincess of Wates and all the Royat Fomity. Give grace to all who exercise authority in our Conmonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be established among us. Espeeially we vray for the Governor of our Islonds, the Members of the Executive Council and Members of the Legistative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfully to perform the responsithe duties of their high office.

All this we ask for thy great Nome's sake, Amen. Let us repeat the Lord's Frayer.

Our Father, whioh art in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy Nome, Thy Kingdom oome, Thy witt be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day oun daily bread:. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation; but detiver us from evit: For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lord bless us and keep us: The
Lord make his face to shine upon us and be gracious moto us: The Lord lift up, his countenance upon us and give us peace, now and atways. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT: ..... Please be aeated.
East End.
Questions. The Elected Member for
' $\cdot$ QUESTKONS
THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FORTH ELECTED
MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIL RESPONGIBLF FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

MO. 24: $\because$ Would the Honourable Member state Whether an Envirommentat Impact study was required by covermment befors granting approval to dredge at the project known as the Cayman fatands Yacht club?

ANSWER:- Outline approval for the Cayman Islonds Yacht club Project was granted by the Centrat Planing Authority on 1st. February, 1984, and final approvat on 19th December, 1984. To complete the approval process which began in February 1984, Executive Comeit oonsidereh a ooastal works licence application for the project in Tune 1985, and the licence was granted. Attached to the lioence was a number of conditions designed to ensure that the proposed dredging was conducted in a manner to protect the North Gound from any possible adverse effects.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON (CONTINUING):
It is important to note that the developers were not required to submit an Environmental Impact Statement as the project involved land-enolosed dredging. Government has, however, requested the compony to ciear the channel leading out of Governor's Harbour so as to facilitate all boats using the hanbour. This channel was previously dredged during the Governor's Harbour initial development.

## SUPPLEMENTARTEZS

MR. JOHN B. MOLEAN:
Supp Zementary Mr. President.
$I$ wonder if the Member could say whether it is comect that the channel mentioned, did not only need clearing, but it is my understanding that it was too shallow in the first place, and this is the reason why. I wonder if the Member aould clamify this for $m$ ?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. President, I an not aware of what the Member is asking. To what is he referving in the development?
MR. JOHN B. MCLEAN: Mr. President, I am referring to the channet, and I am referring to the dredge which will be used. Is it oorrect that the reason for clearing this channel is that the equipment brought in needs much more water to float over, in order to get to the $\rho$ thee where they witt be dredging?

FON. VASSEL G. TOFNSSON:
This is not comect Mr. President. The ahanet in its original oreation was made to a depth of ten feet. What is beina proposed is just a clearing of the channet so boats ean use it, and it will be mare veoesentible to the boats using it.

MK. JAMES M. BODVEEN:
depth to be dredged in this chonnet lementary. What is the proposed witl be dredged?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Mr. President, as I understand it, the channel was originatily dug to a depth of len feet. But of course, over the years it has been filled with silt and other things, and it is a matter of really clearing the channel to regain that original depth of ten feet.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ think the Member was alsor asked how far out it was going. I do not know whether he can answer that.

IION. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Well Mr. President, it is right in alose wroximity to the chanmel of course, the barge will have to work perhaps from 200 feet away, in order to start doing this clearance.

MF. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. President, with all respect my
question has not been answered.
MR. PRESIDENT:
you might tike to ask it again, because I do not think it has been onswered, I think you are quite might.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: I have just stated Mr. Fresident that it will be 200 feet from the shore, from the channel itsetf.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Certainly, the Member shoutd know more about his Portfolio than this. I think he seems to be confused in his repty. I am trying to determine how far from the edge of the ooastal land, extending out into the sea will this dredge commence its operation. Will it be a thousand feet, will it be five hundred feet? It certainly cannot be two hundred feet.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Mr. President, the distance is two hundred feet, and I have said so already.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: How much draft does this diredge draw?
HON. VASSEL G. JOHVNON:
Mr. Presidont, I thought we were discussing the channel and not the dredge. If the dredge can get within two hundred feet of the channel to atart cleming the channel, then it must have sufficient draft to get to that distance.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEV:
Mr. Freaident, with respect, we need not split hairs. We are talking about the project. The question posed by the Member for East End asked about the project, and I do not appreciate the evasion. The dredge which is doum there in my opinion, ould not approach within two humdred feet of the shoreline, and that is why it is important to know the draft of this dredge. If they are going to dredge a charnel ten feet deeps, and this dredge is drowing twelve feet, then this dredge is going to have to start out further than two hundred feet. This is why I would tike a repty to my question. I am sure the Member ehould know it.

HON. VASSEL G. JOFNGON: Mr. Presidment, the dredge has a draft of eight feet. The dredge was lightened to get into the North Sound by the removat of some of the migs whion it carmied.
MR. AAMBS M. BODDEN: Is she drawing aight feet now, or

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. Fresident, mal understanding is that she will draw eight feet when she goes into operation.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Well Mo. President, to enlighten the Member a little. He con take his charts and look at them. Nowhere in that area is there oight feet of water, two hundred feet from the soast. You need to look at it, I am asking a relevant question, and when the credge starte working, and if it is drawing eight feet now it is going to we drowing at least ten feet, because it has to be down by the head in order to give it power. SO, I would like the Member to really try to onlighten me as to where this project is going to start, or how far it will go?

MR. PRESSIDENT:
I think the Momber has already tried to answer that question. I realiss he has not ancwered it to your satisfaction, but $I$ think he has answered on the point.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
If we are goting to dredge from the seathed,
where wilt the filit be disposed of?

HON. VASSEL G. IOHNSON (CONTINUING): Mx. President, the fith witi be put on shore where the development is taking place.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: The Member in answering said that this was a project, on-shore I think. which would be carried out on shore. How is the dredge going to git on bhove to do this work. You witi have to open this up to the North Sowal. Is that what is proposed to be done?

ILON. VASSEL G. JOIINSON:
Mr. President, that area is might on Govermon's Harbour Sound. The dredge can get in there and the dredge can get onto the area where they will start working', because there is also a channel which allows that.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
That maybe quite correct Mr. President. But the spitlage in the area being out, there has to be sediment from it, which will be going into the sea. So there is no use in tetling us that it is an on-shore project, beause it fase to be open to the sea. An I not correct?

HON. VASSEL G. JOINSON: Mr. Fresident, when the dredge gets to the area where the operation will begin, it will ctose the channeq behind it, so that no silt will get out from its operation into the open sea.

MR. PRESIDENE:
I think we should pass on to the next question. I think we have; had enought supplementaries on that one, beause we have. nine questions to do.
$\frac{\text { MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: }}{\text { is stifled. }}$
Weth I thank you for the way the baby

MR. PRESIDENT:
THE ELECTED MEMBET FOR EAST END TO ASK 2FT HONOURALLE FOURTL ELECTED
REMBER OF EXECUTVE COUNCIL RESPONSIRLE FOF DEVLOPNENG AND NATURAL RESOUFCES

WO. 25: Would the Honourabte Member state whother Govermment has any ptans to develop and offer for pubtio comment, guidetines and criteria for North Gound dovelooment and generally in connection with isewome of a coastal works licence?

ANSWER: Guidetines for North Sowa devolommant generatiy, deating largely with dredging, are mate being prepared. Fegarding any othen physical developmentr, the basio auidelines and criteria ave given in the Divetopment Plan and the Development and Planning Law and Rogutations. If accepted by Exeoutive Council, the dredge guidetives witt be put forward for public comment.
With respect to coastat works tiocnoes, these are deati with by Executive Counctil once the projeote to whioh they pertain have been approved by the Central Flanning Authority. Since proposed coastat works moy vary in nature and sxtent, applicatione for tiecnces are dealt. with on an individual basis within the established planning ariteria.

MAv: JOHN B. MoLEAN:
'Supp Lementary Mr. president. I wonder if the Member could say? Since the North Sound Development and Marine Farks can have cross effeots on each other, why were guidelines not prepared and discussed at public meetings held recently to promote Marine Parks?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Nr. Iresidents we are talking about tio different thinge. We have in that North Sound, dredaing aoina on at the present time approved by the former Goverment, and this Government is now considering how to deal with these mattere. So to prepare guidelines for dredging, we witl have to take into oonsideration those operations which are now there and silting the North Sound.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Supptementary Mr. Fresident. Can the Honourable Member say in the dredging operation which presently is, and has been going on, was this over put to the publid for consultation?

HON. VASSEL G. JOINSON: Mr. President, I scarcely knew about it untit I entered Govermment and found that it was aoing on.

GR; JAMES M. BODDEN: On a point of information Mr. Fresident, please. This has been a very misleading answer which the Member has just given, particularly when he was a part of.....

MR. PRESIDINT: The Member must not make statemento.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Mr. Mesident, thie is a very important
matter.....
MR. PRESIDENT:
Whether it is a very important matter or not, the Member cannot make atatements in the gutee of supplementaries. If there is a Stonding Onder under which, the Member wisites to make some sort of statement at some stage.....

MR. JAMES M. BODOEN: Mr. Fresidan:s this dredging operation
to which the Member is refarping in North sound had been going on since before 1976, and was passed ty a Goverment of which he was a part. It just continued from 1976 to 198 A , but it was passed before 1976.

MF. PRESTDENT:
The Second Eleotea sember for West Bay.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUGII:
Mr. Freaident, wotd the Member expitain in view of the other Members statoment, whether this in fact the projeot by the Camibbean Club which is the matter I am deating with, whether tt was in faet going on Eefore 1976, or whether it started arowd 1981 or 1982, or exactly when?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. Eresident the dredeing operations to which I am referring, the dredging operation was atorted around the 1980s, either before or soon after 1980.

MT. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: So, am I understondino correctly that the project behind the Caribbaun Club or in that area, Cannat Point I betieve I am not certain, that projeet started around 1980, am I understanding this correetly?


#### Abstract

-6- .

HON. VASSEL G. JOHINSON: I am not too sure of the date.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: 'Mri. Preaident, when did the project behind the Caribbean club start, in the tate 1970s, or did they staret the the dredging in 1980 or there aboute?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. President I am not too sure of the exact date, but I know it was around 1980.

MR. JOHN B. MoLEAN: Mr. Mresidents geeing that the Member is more able to give answers which affeet the past Govermment: $T$ wonder if: he could undertake to explain to us exactly huow the projeat now in question was done?


HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: I am not too sure what the Member means Mr. President by the project now in question. "Because as the Member who was responstible for Development and Naturat Resources in thoef days, he shoutd be vary welt cavare of those permissions which were aranted.

MR. JOHN B. McLEAN:
Yee sir I am, but t woutd just tike to say that since the matter of the project crerose from the Caribbean ctub has been brought up by the Seoond Eleoted Member for West Bay, I was iust wondering whether the Member who is answering the queation would point out that this project in question was reatty not one which was started from the area which would affeot the North Sound, that wors an inside dredging project.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. Tresident, that operation dredged out
the Worth Sound sea bottom some one thousand feet, and I underetand that the dredging went beyond that.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ think we are straythg from supplementarie:
which really arise from the question, and we are taking rather a tong time to anower each question, and we are not gong to get through them. So li witt ask the Merber for Easi End to ask Question No. 26.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOH BASZ END TO ASK THE HONOURABLF FOUFTH ELECTED MEMBËR OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL BEGPONSTBLE FOR DEVELOMMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

NO. 26: Would the Honourable Member otate what tis Government's policty towarde promotion of development and how io this poticy currently being implemented?

ANSWER: The question in its present form does not state elearly the type of development being referred to. In the broad sense, devetopment is a subjact which retates to:ati the. portfolios of Govemment and there is an established tiaison between them for examining these matters if necessary before they are presented to Exeoutive councit on the appropriate body or authority for a dectsion.

## SURTLEMENTARIES:

Me. G. ILATG BODDEN:
Mr. President, may $T$ ask the Member if
his ampwer realty means that Govermment has no policy with regard to promotion of development?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNGON:
Mr. Fresident we are still earrying on the old policies which we found there. We are fust now trying to formulate and devise new development methods.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Is that plan devised with regard to helping those that you know and thoee that you do not know, to get no he tp.
$\frac{\text { Mr. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { Or }}$
Order, order. The Member must not impute

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: That neers to have been the polioy of The previous Govermment Mr. President.

MR. PRESTDENT $\quad$ Order, order. The Member must not answer in that way either. Order. order.
im. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, ant I ask in the light of the answer which the Member gave to me, does the Member realise that almost two years have gone in his term of office, and if he tis still yet to formulate the policies, what time will he have to implement them?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNGON: Nr. Fresident, much water has gone under the bridge in these two yeare which he ta talking about. But it is not two years reatty, November this zear witt be tio years, but in the short time we have been here Mr. preoident, we have created a lot of jobs in these Islands. Well, alt over at least, poople are not running around looking for jobe now unless it is those who are tooking for jobs and not work.

| MR. G. HAIC BODDEN: : Does the itember mean that they have |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| MR. PRESIDENT: | I think we might pass to the next quest |
| The Second Eleeted Member for Bodden Tom. |  |
| THi SECOND ELECTED M | ODDEN TOWM TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD |
| OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FTMAMCE AND DNVMOEMENT |  |

NQ. 27: What Import Duty was paid on the Atlontis submarine ond other equipment and supplies brought into the IsLande for that operation and what tioenoe fees are being paid to Crovermment in respect of that operation?

ADSWER:
(1) In August 1985, appinoval was granted by Executive Council for the duty free entry of the Atlantis submarine into the Caymon Istands.
(2) Ao atl related equipment and sumpties were considtred as forming on integral part of the sumuritice atmucture or essentiat to enabte its opration, the axmmotion oranted. was intended to smbroce att such thems.
(3) Fees patd and payable to Govermment are:-
(a) Seoa Looat Compantes Lience Fiees (payable by Atlantis Tours which is a suhsidiary of sub Aquatio Corvoration), renewable mmatizy:
(b) \$365 upon registration as a ship and \$60 per annum;
(c) $\$ 100$ Trade and Business Licence renewable annually:
(d) $\$ 7,340$ paid in respect of the issuing of nine gainful occupation licences, plus $\$ 2,800$ in cash depostt:
(e) $\$ 1,470$ paid for the obtaining of 18 temporary work permits which were issued during the initial start-up period.

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
MR. G. HATG BODDEN: Mr. President, can the Member eay what oriteria was used for allowing the duty free exemption?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFPERSON: Mr. Fresident, to the best of my
knowledge the criteria used was that the submarine is an attraction to touriats and will help to enhance not only the tourist traffic to the Islands but also to those who are not awnive of it, facilities for tourists to use while on the Jslands, thus adding to the facilities on the Cayman Istands.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, may I ask the Member what the authority is under the Customs latw for admitting attractions' duty free?

HON. THOMAS C. IEFFERSON: Mr. President, the vessel which was admitted to this country to the beat of my knontedge, would quatif! as a ship; was on the deck of a ship and was over 25 feet, and I betieve, if my momy is not failing me, would qualify in any case for duty free status under the Second Sehedule of the Customs Law.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Freaident, regarding the 12 temporary work permits, can the Honourable Member say whe ther any steps Thave been taken to fill these 12 temporamy. work permits by permanent positions by Caymanians?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Fresident, I think it is earty days yet, but if my memory is not failing mer $I$ have seen some advertisements in the newspaper.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Following on on that last question, is thereany Caymanian at all employed by this company?

HON. THOMAS C. JHFFERSON: Mu understanding is that there are Caymanians employed by this company.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: In offering relief of such magnitude to this project, diditalso include the permits which were given for the ironshore development?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, in an eartier answer to a supplementary, I believe, I stated that the property was owned privately. but Government did give permission for the coastline to be concreted to allow for the safe dooking of the submarine.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Was this a decision which was made by Executive Comotls or the Member in charge rather than by the Planning and Development Board, beeause of the strong stand which has been taken with regard to development in that area?

ION. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. FYesident, I think I can ansucr one part of this, and that is that it wan Executive Councit's decision to grant permission.

IR. JAMES M. BODDEN: I think that ancuers the big question. What was the declared value for duty purposes?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
The deolared value of what, Mrw. Preeident?
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Of the equipment which was brought in, the submarine and att the attendant equipment. There had to be some value put on it, for Customs purposes.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I do not have that information at hand Mr. President. If the Member wishes me to, I will certainly pase it on by correspondence.

MF. JAMES M. BODDEN: Is this company Bermudian owned?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. PRESIDENT:
No. 28. The Second iteoted Member for Bodden Tow
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDFN TOWM TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FTNANCR AND DEVELOFMENT

NO. 28: Would the Honourable Member say what assurance can Government give that information required for the expressed purposes of an kmployment Survey will not we used in connection with establishment of Income Tax or fon other purposes not intended or atated at the time the information is gathered?

ANSWER: The Member probably has two concerms: the first of which is that information collected for etatisticat purposes should not be used to the detriment of the individuat bueiness or employee. In acocrdance with the statistics Low, information reported by buelneses in respect of their individual employees with not be revealed outside of the Statistics Unit. In addition, after the figures have been satisfactorily put into a datafite on the computer, the returns will be destroyed under oonfidential conditions. The recomds on the computerised datafite witl be identified by a reference number knoim only to Statistion Unitr staff and a system of passwords will deny access to anybody entes. When the final results are completed thene will be littile need to retain even the computerised datafile and it could be entirely deleted. Further, the published statistios with be so arranged by the Govermment statistioian that contributions from individual businesses and data about individual employees cannot be identified.

The Member's aecond ooncerm is perhaps whether the statistics themsetves yitl be used as backaroma information for the purposes of establishing a system of taxation. Certainly figures of earings by industry or by ocoupationat groups could provide some guidonce on introducing Incons Tidx, but I will repeat eariver assurance that this is not and I repeat, is not, the intention of this Government.

SUPPLEMENTARY:
MR. PRESTDENH:
The Third Elected Member for We st Bay:
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT: . Thank you Sir. In tight of the question which has been asked by the Seoond Ftected Member for Bodden Trim: regarding Income Tax being tevied on our peovte. Would thee Bonourabte Member care to oonfirm to this Hovee that this (rovermment has not until. now, nor does it intent to in the future, atray from our campaign promises now to deceive the Caymanian pubtio as appeard to be the nom of the 1976 to 1984 Govermment?

MR. FRESTDENT:
I do not think that that is admiseible, the last part of it was certainly out of order, and the first part hos atready been onswered, no it io struck out.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
left to break.
MR. FRBSIDENT:
were referring.
MR. JAMBS M. BODDET:
MR." ERESIDENT:
Beoond Elected Momber for Bodden Town, Question No. 29.
THE SECQND ELECTED MENBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELEECTED AEMBER OF EXECUTTYE COUNCIL RESFOASTIPLE FOF TOURISN AVIATTON AND TRADE

## MO. $89:$

Would the Honourable Member state what was the total cost to Govermment to prepare for (inoluding the fitm and alz supporting materiata) and send a delegation to the Miami Confisenoe on the Caribibean?

ADSWEK:
The oost to Govermment of partiolpation in the Miomi Conferenes on the Caribbean was $91,583.06$.

## gUFPLEMENTARIES:

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplemenary ity. Fresident. Does the Hember have the cost of the film which was ued at the Miami Conferenee to hand?

HON. W. HORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, Government's oontribution to the cost of the film which was produced for the Miom Conference was \$500.00.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think it is onty fair to the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town, to ask him to read Standing Order 23 (6) carefully beoause I do not think the question ean ao doum tomorrow. It says that no postponement shatt be athowed. So I think if you want suestion No. 30 asked, you will hrve to ask......

MR. G: HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, if no postronement can be allowed, it is not my fault if the Businese committee makes a mistake, and aertainly I should not be denied the right to have mu question answered. So. I think in fairness to the miblic, Standing Orders should be waved to correst the error made by the Business Committee, so that my question oan be ansuered either today or tomorrous it does not matter to me.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. Prestlent, on a point of atarity, it would appear that the fourth question would not be admissible by you, so there is no question of postponement of that fourth question' becauee the Section $23(6)$ reatly would not apply in thin ease, so the fourth question shouta be abte to be put on the Daper for tomorros morming, innce only three questions can under the standing orders be asked in one day, by one Member.

HON. DENNTS H. EOSTBR: Mr. Prasident, as Chairman of the Business Committee Sir, I neoept the reoponsibility for the mistake, and I would not be against the suspension of standing Ordere to take the question this moming.

MRT, PRESTDENT: $T$ do not thirik, with respeat, that the Seond Elected Member for George Town io might. I do entirety symathise with the Second Elected Member for Iodken Town, because it is in no sense his faut that the mistake was mades ond I an graterul to the Eirst Official Member.

What I sugaest is that we ask the Zast question which oan bo asked, and invite the First offioiat Member to move the suspension of Standing Orders to enable to postponement of Question No. 30. and to enable it to be put dow on tomorrows' Order iaper, and that I think would be satesfactorl:

Now, cre thero any further supple-
mentaries I think to question. No. 29?
MR: W. MOKEEVA BUSH:
Yes Mr. President. Can the Honourable Fember state whether the film and surporting material wis produced by ( tocal firm?

ION. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. Wresident, the film was produced
Wrough the assistonce of Fadio cayman, and the looat office of the Coyman: Is lands hews Bureat.

## MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:

One last supplementary Mr. President. Did all the Members who were asked to go by the Govermment, did they attend or did they go somewhere else?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, I have no idea as to What the Member asking the question is referming. The Members with whom'I went along as part of a Govermment delegation, they were at. present and in their places. They attended the meetings which they were supposed to attend.

MF: PRESIDENT; As has been explained, Question No. 30. I have precluded from calling, and we will come back to the point later. The Second Elected Member for west Bay,
Question No. 31.
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEE' FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE FONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSTELE FOR FWALTH EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVICES
10. 31: Would the Honourable Member state the average number of studente to a elase at the Cayman Ielands Micdle Sehool?

ANSWER: The average number of students to $a$ olass at the Cayman Istands Midate Schnot is twenty-che.

SUPPLEMENTARTES:
MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: SuppLementary Mr. Fresident. Can the Member eay whether some clasees have so?

IION. EENSON O. EBANK:: Sr. Treetdent, my information is that no elass has 40.

MR. W. MeKEEVA EUSH:
Supptementary Mr. Fresident. Could the Member say whether any class has 30 ?

HON. BENSON O. FBEANS: Mr. President, I do not have any information which would give me that either. But what 1 think what the Namber is really trying to find out is whe then olasses are larger than 21. The fact is that four olasses have hotween 35 and 39 atudents.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: So Mr. Fresident, the first answer should have been yea, close to 40 .

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: No Mr. Eresident. The Member asked if there were any alasses with 40, and there are no atasees with 40 to the best of my knowledge.

Mr. TRESIDEWI: I think that ooncludes question Time. Perhaps I could, before inviting the Honourable First official Member to move the suepenstion of Stonding Ordere, seek advice from the second Officiat Member as to whether $I$ am righe in my understonding of Standing Orders. It is clear from $83(0)$ that I oannot call more than three questions, if more than three are standing in the name of one Hember. It sajs that if they are not catled, they shatt be answered as provided for in paragroph eight which says that inh question whiteh is not received on orat answer ehatt be nostponef and placed upon the Order Faper for repty at some later siteting within the same Meeting.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONFINUING): But it then goes on to Bay 'bave no postponement shatl be allowed." Ferhape I was wrong, and perhaps they can be put down on a subsequent Order Paper.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: I think Mr. Frasident sir. that the ahort anewer is that your Select Committee on standing Orders did not do its consequential amendments closety enough. As I see it, the words "save that no postponement phatl be altaved" should have in jact been deleted from (6) As I understand it, it aan under (8) be placed upon the Order Paper. I would say that the substantive provisions of sub order (8) take precedence.

MR. PRESIDENT: I am bound to sal that the more I read it, the more nonsense it seems to make. I think it probably can be put doum for tomorrow perfectly alright, and that no waiver is necessary. $t$ am sorry, I have probably confused you.

MFP. JAMES M. BODDEN: Ne Z2 Mr. Fresident, it is past eleven olotock anyhow, the time for Question thes, ond I wonder why the attempt to try this stifle over my colleagues question being put on the agenda for tomorrow.

MR. PRESIDENT: What we were trying to do was to ensure that it could be put on the agenda for tomorrow. I think that it aan be, and I think probably we ought to look at Stondira Orders sometime to see whether the words "save no postromement shall" be allowed" ought to be deleted, to make sense.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I certcinly would not be surmised if somebody invented something by tomorvow to block my question. I would not be surprised at all.

HON. W. NORMAN. BODDEN: He does not have to worme Sir, I
have an answer.
Mr. Fresident, maybe the beat thing MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, maybe the be

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KTPKCONNELL: Nr. Presicient.....
MR. FRESIDENT:
That is mother ways you could suspend
$\overline{\text { Standing Orders }}$ to enable the question to be asked now, verihaps that would be best of all.

Mir. JAMES M. BODDEN: You said yesterctay that you did not want to get into the habit of doing that every day.

SUSPENSION OF STANDING ORDER 23(E): (7) \& (8)
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mresident, I move for the suspension. of the relevont Stonding Order.

HON. CAFT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL:Mr. Fresident, the question as it stonds by itself Sir, does not make sense:-
"Coutd the Hionourable vember identify any inveator who decided to invest in the Cayman Istands, as a direct result of this expenditure".

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
That is not my fault. It is either the President.or the Business Committee producing thie nonsense. I put the question intelligently, ind they have broken it up to make. separate questions.

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: . MM. Preaident Sir, Question 29. asked about a matter, an expenditure; and Guestion 30. follows up 29. and that is probably why we made a mistake, trying to get them, one to follow the other.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: GuriPresident, it should really be one quection, with an ( $a$ ) and (b) part, but I cannot see why a question cannot be put in that form. What has been done recently is an attempt to break down every question, so that the Member has so many questione that he cannot get them answered. It is just one other way of blocking getting information in this House. We have dealt with technicalities until we have effectively controtled the freedom of speech in this house.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: ITr. Fresident Sir, I gecond the motion which the second Elected Member for west Bay proposed.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think the motion was that standing Orders be suspended, and if I con put it into the language which is necessary, it will be that in acoordunce with Standing Order 33 , Standing Orders 23(6), (7) and (8) shoutd be suspsnded to enable question No. 30. to be asked.

QUEGTION YUT: AGREED.
STANDING ORDER 23(6), (7) and (8) SUSPENDED TO ENABLE UUESTTOR MO. 30 TO AE TAKEN FORTHWITH.

MR. PRESIDENT:
his question.
The oyes now st, the Hember may ask

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
Nou Mr. Freeident: ame bright Member will have to move amotion to corpel me to ask it, because I refuse to ask it under this harassment.

MR. PRESIDENT: If the Member does not wish to ask his question, he certainly is not comnelled to do 90 .

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: But, Mr. Preorident.
MR. D, EZZARD MILLEK: $\quad$ So that prontite it from being put dom for another day, if the opportunity is heing given now.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, we moved a Standing Order for the question to be asked. There is no harassment here, the question is on the Order Paper. The Member answering the question has said that he has the answer. Why not ask the question?

MB. PRESIDENT:
....need to answer.....
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Turty time that abuse an heaped on thio side of the House, it is done. There was no reason for the resident to bring up what he did with regrod to the question this morning because to precluded.....

MR. PRESIDENT:
preeludes.....
MR. TAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. PRESIDENT:
MH. JAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. PRESIDENT?
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
In am about to go to London on this too, can nome me as well.

MR. FRESIDENT: Only one Member so far has said anything which needs to be withdraum. That is the Firat mected Member for Bodden. Town.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: I witl not withdrow that on my deathbed.
MR. PRESIDENT: In that case the Member will have to be
nomed.
In acoordance with the provisions of
Standing Order 41(4), I direct the attention of the Howse to the fact that the First Elected Member for Bodden Toum has refused to comply with a direction from the Chair that he should withdrow a remark which showed disregard for the authority of the Chair. It catl won the Honourable First Official Member to move a motion in the terms of standing Order 41(4).

MOTTOM
STANDIWG OFDEK 47 (4)
HON. DENNIS H. FOGTER:
Mr. President, I move that the First Elected Member for Bodden Town be suapended from the service of the House.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The question is that in accordance with
the provisions of Standing Order 11(4), the Fipet Elected Member for Bodden Tow be suspended from the service of the House.

Witl those in favour please say "Aye". Those against "No". The "Ayes" have it.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
MR. PRESIDENT:

Mr. President, may I have a division

Yes certainly.

## $A Y E S$

Hon. Dennis H. Foster
Hon. Miahael eI. Bradtey
Ion. Thomas C. tefferson
Hon. Benson O. Wbanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Chartes Kirkconnezt
ilon. Vasset G. Johnson
Mrs, Daphne L. Orrett
Capt. Mabry Kixkconnelt
Mr. D. Ezanard Miller

10

## DIVISION <br> $190.3 / 86$

Mr. G. $\overline{H a i g}$ Bodden
Mr. John B. MeLean

ABSTENTIONS
Mr. W. Mokeeva Bush?
Mr. Linford A. Pierson Mr. Jomes M. Bodden

3M. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
thing has become a jote Mresident, it an not voting, this There is too much dis in here.

FON. MICHAEL J. BRADIEY: Mr. President Six, I think the First Elacted Member for Bodden Toum's name was not called.

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MR. PRESIDENT:
eatl. the nome now.
If that is so, perthaps the cterk would
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OLDPK:
Mo. Jim Bodden.
MR. JAMES BODDEN:
$I$ :abstaini.
Mit. PRESTDENT:
I dectare the motion oarriad.
QUESTION IUT: AGREED. MOTION CARRIED BY A MAAORITY
In accordance with the provistions of
Standing order 41(8), the Member is directed to leave the House and
its precincts.
In accordanee with the provisions of
Stonding Order 41(6), the suspenaion is for two days.
I witl now....scrmy.... . second time?
MR. G. AATG BODDEN:
On a point of order Mr. President, it is certainty the first time in this new session of the Howes. So that Stonding order oannot apply. He can onty be suspended for one day, Sir.
MR, RRESIDENY: Can you direct me to the Standing Order whioh makes that atear? I woutd have thought that is reasonable.

HON. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY; PerhaDs, Mr. President. Sin, you could ctamfy for Members of the Iouse whether or not this is the furst occasion that the Member has been suspended in this sitting.

Mh. PRESIDENF: It is centainty the first ocoasion. Yes it is the fixst occasion in this Sitting, you are quite reght. The suspension is for one days yes.

I witt now suspend procecdings for
approximately fifteen minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED ATT 11:40 A.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
The Fingt ibeated Member for Bodden Town was diveoted to withdraw, hoving been Buspended whder Standing Order 41(6). He has negleoted to obey the direotion to do so. In acoordance with the provisions of Standing order $41(9)$, I aall the attention of the House to the fact that recourse to forge is necessary, in orden to compet obedience to my dimeotions and that the Hember named by me as having so refused on nequeoted to oboy the diveotion, must now without further question put, be suspended from the service of the House during the remainder of the sitting.

I with suspend procesdings for approximately five minutes white the Member is removed.

## AT 11:42 A.M. TYE HOUSK SUSPRNDFD <br> HOUSE RESUMED AT 11:47 A.M.

## OTAER BUSINFSS

## ERTVATE MEMBERG' MOTTONS

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Elease be seated.
Item 3. Other Business. . Yrivate
Member's Motion No. 2/86. The Socond Elected Member for Bodden Town.
PRTVATE MEMBTHR'S MOTTOM NO. $2 / 96$
RE: INVITTING THE PUELTC TO COMMEMT AS TO WIHETUER
THEY WANT A REFEREDDUM LAW
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Treotident, I beg to move Frivate
Member 's Motion No. 2/86, inviting the phitio to oonment ab to whether they want a Feferendum Law.

WHEREAS it has on various ocoasions been suggested that a referendum should be held to determine acouratety the wishes of the elegtorate on a given iasue of mblive concerm;

AND WHERHAG there io presentty no
Feferendum Low on our statute booke pursuart to whioh a duly authorised referendum could be held in this oountry:

AWD WHEREAS it would be in onder to ast:
the public whether they want such a towl:
NOM, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the
public be invited to comment as to whether they want a Referendum Low with basic provisions as follows:
(1) the purpose would be to estabitish the demoeratio procedure of refertendum in order to determine acouraiely the tivases of the etectorate ferther of any partioutar electorat district on of the country as a whot:) on any issue of pubzic concerm;
(2) the machinemy (including the liot of negistered voters) of the Elections Law, 1983 (Law 36 of 1983) to be adopted and applied as relevant and apropriato;
(3) the referendum procodure to be initiated:
(a) by motion of the Legislative Assembly: or

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (COIVTINUING):
(b) by petition of a majority of the registered voters on the most recent official list of registered voters for any one or more electoral districts who are alive as of the relevant date (that $i s_{\text {, }}$ removing names of deceased persons from the relevant list for the purposes of determining the requisite number to constitute a majority), and
(4) the referendum question to be put to a vote within ninety days from the date that etther the motion is passed or the petition with the requisite number of signatures is delivered, provided that if that date falts within six months of an upeoming general election or by-election then the referendum question to be put at that general election or by-election.

MR. JOHN B. McLEAN: motion.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Mr. Preeident, I beg to eecond the

The motion is Private Member:s Motion No.2/86 inviting the public to comment as to whether they want a Referendum Law. The terms of it have been read out by the mover. Does the mover now wish to speak to the motion?

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, this motion asks the Govermment to seek public input as to whether they want a Referendwo Law, Some countricis use the system of testing major issues, and if such a low were in pzace, the Govermment of the day would have a vehicte by which they coutd find out the public's wishes on certain important matters.

I reconmend the motion to the House.
MR. FRESIDENT:
Does any Member wish to speak? Council.

The motion is now open for debate.
The First Elected Member of Executive

HON. BENSON O. EEAMKS:
motion Sir In me President, I rise to oppose this motion Sir. In my opinion it will ereate a precident not found int most Commonwealth Law jurisdictions. In fact sir, if this motion were to be accepted, I believe that Members of this House woutd become delegates rather than representatives.

There is no Referendum Law as such which I can find on the books of the United Kingdom, being the mother of Farlianent. To my knowledge there has only been one referendum held in the United Kingdom, and that was held under a specifio Act known as the Referendum Act 1975. That referendum Wr. Prebident, sought to determine whether the United Kingdom should remain a member of the European Economic Commmiti. With reference to that referendum, a general note says:
'the holding of a referendum is a novel constitutional device in the United Kingdom.'

Referendums whenever they are rarety used Mr. President, are used to determine matters of the aravest magnitude and of concern to the country concerned. The onty other referendum of which I have knowledge in neighbouring Caribbean Commonwealth countries is the referendum held in Jomaica in the early $1960^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ or 1959, as the aase might have been, to determine whether the people of Jamaica wished to remain a member of the West Indies Federation.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTITUING): Mr. Fresident. it was not held under a standing neferendum Law, it was hetd under a speoifio tow passed by the Parliament of the day, to put the iesue to the people for a vote. Because, obviousty there was not clear determination in the minds of the Covermment of the day, what the feelings of the people were on the matter.

Now Mr. Fresident, the questions which I coutd see needing to be put to a reforendum in this country would be, for example, whether the Constitution should be changed to provide for internal self Government, or independence, and even that Mr. President, would be put only had a covermment been poted in at a General Eleotron without having made that issue a plank in their platform. If it had been a plank ind if a Govermment, or if a proup of peonle standing together in a General Election in a country, were to make that an issue and they were returned at the polle in a free and fain election with an overnheliming majority, then even that, in, my opinion, would not be necesary for it to be put to a referendion. Because, the people would have been on notice that the people for whom they were voting had the intention of moving this termitory into intermat self Govermermt and eventwally, independence.

Now, if as thave said a group of people, and I an using this in the abseres of formal political parties in the Cayman Islands. If a group of poople atood for election. swearing on the Bible that they would not chonge the Constitution to provide. for intermat self Government and indseentence. and then when they aseumed poiver, attempted to have the Constitutton changed, that wot to be a matter for a referendum, and I would fope that aris anoitive Government which found itself in such an urwomfortable position, would in fact, seek to pass a law providing for a referendwen on the issue.

It would be interesting to note Mr. Fresident, that in the oase of the reforemdum in the United Kingdom, the United Kingdom had in fact joined the Europeran Economic Commuity. There was a difference of opinion betwean Gowamments as to the terms on which the United Kingdom had joined the comnotity. The Govermment in power in 1975 in fact, neqotiated new wh what they coneidered. better terme of membership for the lnited kingdom foining the Common Market, or Etropean Etonomic Commmity, esperiatly regcrding the treatment of British manufactured goods and the oost whinh the United Kingdom would be oalled upon to pay towards the muning of the Ewropean Farliament and its other servicee. So kr . President, that was a matter, since there was a division of opinion as to whether they should stay in the Conmon Market, even under the revised ciroumotances, which properly could be put to a referendum; simitanty, with the peferendw in Jamaica. There are other condonweat th countries Mr. Tresident, who have ueed the referendum procedive to determine certain matters. Australia has used the referendum route when it was seeking to chonge certain aspects of its Constitution. For excmule, there was a referendum Bill whion was destoned to anerd the Austratian Constitution, so as to ensure that so far as pmotionbte, a casuat vacancy in the sienate is fitted by a perem of tha same politicat party as the serator chosen by the pearle, and for the balance of that Genator's term. Thene was ateo a rererendum An ne Pesident in Austratia, and this was in 1984 , which proposed among other thinge, that eimuttaneous elections for the Faderal Howes of Farliament be held with those for the State Farliument. It is interosting to note Mr. Fresident, that one of the paramount reasons for notding that neferendum, and for seeking that ohonge, was in order to reduce the number of ateotions and to reduce the cost of the election process in Austratia.

HON. BENSON O. RBANKS (CONTINUINO): It says:
ithe passage of the proposat should reduce the overatl number of elections, and be a substantial saving to tautauers." On present prices, each separate half Senate Election costs Australians $\$ 17$ mitlion. .

And it goes on to say:
"Twa frequent elections state and Federat, cause enomous dismption to Covernments and the oommuity, and upeet business planing".

Now, Mr. President, in the Coyman Istands we have a duly constituted House as a result of free and fair elections. And in my opinion, to seek to put a standing Referendum Low on our books, so that public input coutd be sought by way of referendum on basicat th any issue, would be a disruption to the smooth working of the Partiamentary and Hemooratio process. It would dismupt proper business planning and the work of a fovemment. It would also Mx. Fresident, create additionat expenditure innecessarity for the Country.

In the case of the referendum in the United Kingdom, those groups who held opposing views were each altocated, that is, two partioular groups were named in the Low and they were each given $5125,000.00$ to use in the ompaign whioh was charged against the public revenue.
in Austrolia, they ueed the process of preparing what they calt a' 'yes/no' pamphlet which oives briefty the pros and oons of the issue to be decided, which is paid for out of Government funds, and so is the dissemination of that information.
of course Mr. Finesident, needless to say, all of the expenses of holding the referendmare in addition to that. I guess Mr. Fresident, I should atso asy that the nearest thing to what is being proposed here today, would be found in the Province of Guebee in Canada. We all know that that is a renegade Provinoe; they want to separate from Conada and become a nation within a nation: and of course, that would also mean that they would oome out of the Commonwealth if they had their wish. But, won in Conada and etsewhere, the referendum. Mr. Fresident must cost a tot of money and time. We witt remamber that the referendum on the succession of Quebec was soundly defeated in the end, and that renegade: and dogmatio Premier of the Province hastily beat retreat within a short whiles and I am reading Mr. President from extracte of Lato Reviews on Legislative povers, and they are not outdated Mr. President, they are 1984 issues ond onwards of the Low doumal. This is what one of the commentames on referendums generatly says:
"Submission to popular vote prevente hasty action, butt it does not necesarity afford protection for minorities".

Mr. Fresident, to deat speoifically now with the motion before us, we would say that weme we to place a permanent Feferendum Law on our statute books, trat it would in fact impede the work of the Government. It would bring uncertainty in business and Covermment planning, and in my opinion Mr. Trostdent, result in general chaos. Because, the motion suggests that the Law witt provide for the xeferendum procedure to be by motion of the Leetalatine Asembty, and Mr. Eresident, if we can take the performance of the tast 25 or 16 montts into account, it will be acen that this Govemment which is dutw constituted as a wish expreseed by the peopte in a free ond farw election, would be hampered, detayed and atl of the buences intereste which are now showing interest in investing and buitiding up our country, would be left to wonder at what time would there ba a ohonge of Goverment.

HON: BENSON O. EEANKS (CONTINUING): In fact, Nr. Fresident it is my betief that to put sioh a Law on our boaks would reduce this Country to a banani republic type of government, where one nepor knowe whitoh Monday morning who is going to be in power, or what whdertaking whioh was given to an invester would be taken away the following day by this procedure.

We subseribe ond athere in this Country Mr. President, to the Parlianentary system of democracy as practiced and handed dow to wo by our Mother Gourtriv, and it has been adopted by most, if not all, Commonweatth countries. $I \mathrm{~cm}$ not prepared to stond here and say here today Mr. Fresident, that we have a perfect system, but when somane oan show me that there is a better system, thon I wilt subseribe to it, but, I believe in the system which we have. The people of this Cowntry have the opportwity everty foux years to make a decision, as to the representatives thay consider beot able to represent their interests, and to guide the destiny of the Country for the next four years. To me, that is democnaty at work.

The motion Mr. Fresidant, even makes provision for determining matters at the district levet. Now, Wr. President, there is no Local hovernment sustem in this Comtry, therefore oup etection tows which are womally odopted for our referendum have with modifications of course, no proviaion for tocal district elections. Alt eloctions are nationct, axeept of course, in the case of a bs-election caused by the resignation, death or exputaion of a member. So it would be a time consuming ond cumbersome process to put this in, and I would venture to soy that the balance of the torm of this Goverment would poseiblu be spent in trying to work out such a Low, and the machinery to carry it into effoct, tet atone the expense.

So Mr . Fresident, I earnot support
this motion. In the Cabman Istands no one is ever far from his oonstituents. We normally adopt a procedure or pullie noetings and fortoms to determine the wishes of the majority of our oonatituents duming the term of our office, so that we are never out off from our conotituents: This is a matl Contry Mp. Frosident, and euch an etaborate provioton ws is being suggestot there is unnecesoary, cumbereme? and would be buidensome in terms of publice axpenditure.

We are cosare Mr. Eresicdent that not every person in thiscontry witl endorse the actions of the present Government. This was knom on the 15 th Novembers 1984 . But in a democracy rute to by the majority, and the Members who ait in this House and who form the Covermment, won their soats by resounding margins. But Mr. President, in my constituency for crample, there weresome 38 per oent of the peope on the registered tist ono did not vote for me, and I respect their right to axet their batlot for the candidate of their choice, and by so doing, to reject my ideas for the development and gord Govermment of the Country, that is their might. Having beer elected I witt reprevent their intereste whenever the opportunity arises. But Mr. Tresident, I connot be auryed by every voice of dissent which is raised. I have todoy, and we have today, what we consider to be in the national interest and to the benefit of the greater number.

This type of Goverment Mr. Fresident. if we were to submit to this Refenendum Lau being permanently on our books, so that every time Govemment made a decision, it could be ohaltenged by referendum, by a motion of this House or a petition taid. the authenticity of the sighatures is ever difficult to determine. I have not Mr. President, had time to, and I hope I an wot straying, examine all the signatures on a recent petition or two.

HON. BENSON Q. FBANKS (CONTINUING): I saw one name, and that percon woutd not know his ow nome in six-foot letters, and hio nane ie there as though he had signed it; his mark is not witnessed. So, even the route of petition has its problems.

But Mr. President, any Govermment is elected to goverm, and if that Govemment is not free to pursue its policies, how can the electorate have the opportunity of making up their minds without confusion, at the end of four years. A Govermment must be able to rule and of course, if a Govermment neasure is brought before this House and it is lost, Govemment has to accept that consequence and carmy on. But Mr. Fresident, no Government could operate suceessfulty with the shacktes of what is suggested in this motion, around its feet. I believe that on this motion, as in all other matters we must act construetively and in the best interests of the majority of our people, and in the national interest. Mr. President, having set that criteria, I have to vote against this motion, and I would hope that the majority, if not all Members in this House, inoluding the Member who proposed $i t$, will on the question vote against $i t$.

Thank you Sin.
MR. PRESSIDENT:
The Fourth Etected Member of Executive Commeit.
 somment as to wether they wath a Referendum Lai:

Mr. Frobidents as the last speaker has fust outlined in some detail, peferendums are used in the countries which have seen fit to do so, on what we regard as national isoues of great importanes. and exanples of the countries which have used referendur in the time that we can reatl, have atco been given by the Honourable Eirst Flected Member of Exeutive Counci?. in hive deliberations a while ago.

In. President, the question whioh' 1 would like to pose is - if a referendum hod been considered so important by the mover and seconder, why was it not thought of over the eight years when they were the Government of these relands? It seeme to me Mr. President, that the thought of wonting to introduce a referendum at this partioular time is as my cotteage said a white ago, they wont to oppose every mattex which is deatt with by this Covermment, which they would regard as an important iosue. But Mr. President, we have to face reality. We pave to decids as a Consmment what is peally in the begt interest of this Country. We have a Coverment which has been duty eleated, and therefore, the question of petition, or the question of referendum rather, shoutd be a question for the Government and not a question for the opposition. In alt the referendums which fave been held in other countries, it was a decision of rovernments to call for a referendum.

Mr. Preatent, in our little Istonds in the situation which we see here the Ganeral Etections which are hetd every four years, or the petitions which come forwand from time to time from the opposition, are quite suffictont in my octimation, to deat with what we would regard as Emportant ienus' in the Country.

The lath olection Mr. President, was a testing perioa to deoide whether the peopte of these Felands wished to return the Covemment of the day, or whether they whad for a change, and I would regard that Mr. Pematent. as a very intortant issug; it was done by a General mection:

FON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON (CONTINUDW): In that election Mr. President, I as many other candidates who won a seat in that etection, used as a oompaign principle the fact that the group who went foruard to contest
the election did not advocate any cluange in the Constitution of these Islands, now or in the foreseeable future. That Mr. Fresident, was another very important issur to thie Country. It was settled at the pollo when the people of these Istands in a majomity, deoided that they wanted a new Govermment and that they wanted a Govermment who would advocate no chonge in the Constitution of these Islande.

Mr. President, we have in these totands over 9,000 registered voters. We sau reont petitions coming fomjard with names on them, and athough there were duplications even triptications there were minors on the list, and god knows what else. They represented a very smatl minority of the peoples who would normalty take decisions in this Country, lite the rerratered voters. Those petitions carried approximately 300 nomes, and those names in accordance with what they are, should be judged againet the 20 , 100 people of these Islands, not the registered voters of these rotando. Mr. Fresident, if the subjects dealt with by those petitions are oonsidered by those who brought them, as 'wery important rational iseues' thon the number of names on thoee petitions should not be clamming to onyone.

Mr. President, we have seen these proteste lead by people, wone of whom are opposition, some who aro supporters of that opposition, but I would way Mr. Fpestdent that in faimess, that is one channet of commumication to this Governoment, and it shoutd not be treated lightly. Howeven, the peopte making the protest as set out in those petitions should understand that often protests not supported by the Government are ropresentation of a minomity; perhapo people who were defeated at the polls. Mr. President, the Goverrment in any democracy rust represent the majomity voice of the peonte. the majority as I said a white ogo, ewoke Zoud and clear when this Govermment was eleoted in November 1984. We should therefore remember that it was a vote for the potioies which we pepresented, ard a vote against the polices of unsuccessfut candidatos intion elected thio Government. It. would, therefore, Mr. President be remise of wh today to athos ourselven who are mepresentatives of the majority of the penze of these Is lands to be dictated to by an wnaucessfut minority. That isr. president I would regard too as a alap in the face to the majority of votera who elected this Govermment, and would indioate too Mr. President, a defect in the demooratio process of theet lolonds.

Mr. president when we find merit in
oroteste, and as thove eaid before these ahouzd be attended to, where the process is merety on opposing voice promotino defeated policies, the majomity voice of the people must continue to be heard.

Mr. President wh are on open Government. willing to listen to timely and oonstructipe ooments and suggostions, and to act on them when they are benefichal to the people of theas Istande, Referendums are a tosting device for important issues as I have said wefore, and a devioe which is catled for by Govemment for testing these issues. I do not agree Mr. President, that it is something which the opposition shouta promote. we ds a Govemnthent can see no just reason for the motion which is before us at the prosent tine. $A$ motion asking for this matter to bo put to the pubtio to decto whether they wish to have a Referendum Law.

Mr. President I connot support the motion, If there were any good reasons for such a liow to be put on the statute took of these Islands, I an sure thet thie Govemment would suppont the proposal. But, as has already been outlined wh on this side oan bee no Inst reason for introducing such logialation, ainee the issues which wris consider as important national issues. war be taken oare of in other simpler fome such ar Generat Ethotione, and the peorte who want to bring a petition an do so.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON (CONTTNUING): Therafore MA. Freaident, I will oppose the motion, and as the last speaker has said. I hope the majority of the Members here will find it wise to atso refect the motion.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
t think rather thon invite any further Member to start a speech, it may be convenient if I now suspend. procedinge for the lunoh break, until approximately two fifteen.

AT 12:44 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:25 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Frivate Menber's Motion No. 2/86 -
Inviting the Public to Conment as to whether they want a Roferendum Law. We continue the debate on it. Does any other Member wish to speak?

The Elected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZAARD MILLER: Mr. Fresident, while I am not entirely adverse to the democratic principle allowed in referendums, I cannot support this motion as it appears before the House.

If at any time in our history a motion was brought to establish a referencum for a specific purpose and it was something that I thought was of great enough nationat importance and that the answer to the question coutd be more adequatoty determined by a public referendum rather than by the Etected Members of Government going what they are olocted to do, I would support such a motion.
However, Mr. president, I cannot see the purpose nor what good it would do this country for us to do as this motion suggesto to have a referendu: to find out whether we want a Referendum Law whioh would altow a reforondur: on all and sundry: becouse that might lead to a kind of Mickey houee government and anything and ovorything from the namo of atreets to whether we should go independent would be deoided by referendum. I agree with the oulmission made by the Honourable Firct Elected Member of Executive Council in that wo would no longer be representatives of the people, but would simply be delcgates in here xepresenting a cause. pro or con, whith has been canvased to the peopte through a referendim.

The other thing that bothers me about this motion, sir, is that in ocetion 3 it saye, the referendum procedur. to be initiated by a motion of the Legislative Assembly or" and this is the part which ooncems me "3y petition of a majority of the register. ed voters". Mr. President, the interpretation of the word "majority" seems to be differed because we heard a coupte of days ago that a petitich that"had lees than 10 per oent of the voting population in this countro signed to it, represented a wast majomity and a great concern of the people. Now, Mr. Fresident, a majority in my mind is aryinting greater than 50 per cent and not lese then 10.
ilr. Fresident, I do not feel that a law such as this which would althe ropondums for arything and everybhing would serve the democratio procese in the country. It believe it would serve onty to oonfuse the mindes of the poonte on the weal iseues when the eleotions to elect a proparly conetitution govermment are held every four years.

We are aleoted to pover for those foum yeare and I belicue, Sirs in faivnoss to the preacht bovmment, even though I may have agreed with them on many issucs and oritiotoca thom at times, they sertainly have allowed public input, publie interaction and they have changed things to suit what was determined to be the majority view of the public. That is a demoeratio proosss and I think it is at work and is eeroing tho country wotl.

My interpretation of a referendum, sir, is something which is to be held for a spectifio pmepose and that purpose is usually something of great nationat tmportance - a subicot such as whethor the oountry should becone indepordent or not.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): I betieve, Sir, that if we passed ond put on our books a referendum low which would allow referendums to be initiated by petitions of a minority of registered voters, it would only lead to abuse of the privilege, and if and when the opportunity or the need aver arose to have a referendum by a properly constituted govermments, it would only lead to ohaos.

Na . President, the country tis govern. ed by a duty constituted government. We witl face the greatest referendim of all in 1988 when the Generai Election is being held, and at that time the people can choose to continue the way they are being governed or to change the way they are being governed. Mr. Fresident, I do not see the need for a referendro to determine whether we should allow referendum low, so I cannot support the notion.

Thank you, Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The First Elected Member for the Lesser
Istands.
CAPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident, Privatc Ltember's Motion No.2/86 - a motion inviting the public to comment as to whether they want a referendum toul, is a motion whioh I cannot eupport. I fait to see the need for it in eterritory as smail as this. In the Mother country it has not been deened necessary to have that as a low. I do not see that in subh a small country as ours.

In my distriot we have publio meetingo
regutarty and we can have a referendum there any time we want. We call a publice meeting and put something to the vote. Everybody has freedom of speech and we truly represent the views of our district. I think that is what being a remesentative of the poople is all about. They do not need a referendim 2 aus to tott me that I must do what they elected me to do or any other Member of the Legislature.

I thirkit is a sad bituation if there are representatives electcd to this Honourable Hotise who are neglecting their duties and who need a referendun low to brivig them back to reality. I do not see the necesoity for. it. Mr. Preaident, and I will never support such a retroctrade stop.

What it would do is that in every bill that was defeated here in the normat demooratic process there woutd be attempts made to put itite a referondum which wouid be costly, time consuming and would caues one logialation to be further bogged down. I cannot see ary mocine where this would help our country. We have a country which we nood to develop. It is simall in size and has mony expenses. Wo eertainiy do not need to inour athitionat expenses.
$I$ realise that Gencral Flections every four yeare is when we are tried and see whether we have done our jobs welt or badty, if peopte have the ohance at that time to pass judgment. History has totd what that has been done in the ohange of government on manj oecasions and I hope it witt oontinue to be that way. That is one of the cheques and batances we have in our democratice process. Therefores. fir. Eresident, I ask all Honourable Members to join me in noi supporting this motion.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Mr, President, I miee to oppose the motion before this Honourable House. The concept of partianentary democracy is a sacred concept. Wo one can dare quastion its validity as the ideal form of govervment arid the one whibh enables the eitizens to achieve his fullest self politiontlu.

In cortain countries, however, partiamentary demoeracy is being acast aside like an out-moded model of a motorear to make room for a modified model which as told to the eitizens will be able to take them on the road to more political and economic fulfilment. The new models hove crashed and wrecked themselves against. various obstactes which they couta not bypass.

We, in this countru, must never forget
this. We must never forget that the same thing could happen here. The same thing could happen here if some of these hare-brained ideas put forward are accepted.

Mr. President, we have had adult. suffrace for many years and it is working.' "We have ohanges of government and atthough many peopte did not tike it, no tanks were in the atreets to announce, no cannone have boomed and no heads have rolted. This is a proud record in a world sparkting with unrest. and dissatisfaction. However, for we to continue to sueceed, what is required is the desire of wo parliamentarians to preserve the system and to make it sufficiently effective and viable.

Yes. Mr. Priesident, we do have problems, but in genuinely trying to wolve them we should do our sincere best not to oneate other ones.

Now, Mr. prodident, this is how $I$ view this motion. I view this motion in the light that it is a vohicte to create and compond our probtems. In light of the behaviour of this Howa since 20 th November, 1984, I question seriously whether this motion has been browhtt out of concern for the democratio system or for that mattex out of concern for the people of this oountry whom we are here represchting hers today.

Mr. Trosident, a Lot of noiso has, been made in the House and needless to say I hove made some, but conetruetive opposition is one thing and destructive opposition is another. The noise that I hear seems to be spreadine dissatisfaction and distmet more than it scems to air the issues

We have here a Legielative Aesembly elected under the Constitution to load this oountry for four yeara. At tha end of our four years, the people whom we represent witt have another constitutional referendun and will judge ue, and that will tell us alt what they think of us.

W: haw fuet gone through an election some 16 months ago now. The people must have wanted the Members in this House and that is why thoy cleoted we by such a wide margin. Mow having oleoted us to represent the countrus what is the use of asking us to go back to our people, before another oleotion, to ask them to vote on a subject wintoh the opposition might not like and have asked for a referendum, juet to areate ohyns and oonfusion.
this idea of a refercrian every time that an opposition thinks they hove an issue about which they ean stir up some unvest, is nothing more thion à dioruptive toot - a stwhbling block to the demoencatio sustom, a democrotio oyotem that is working nioely in this oountw: T questicri oericusty why the Members who are bringing this motion todity did not think of this duming their eight yeare on the govemment bonch whien they had a silent majority, a majomity who did not open their mouths." Thet could have passed anything - and they did.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): I wonder if they
referendron when they carefulty embarked upon the ill-advised course of dismanting Cayman Ainuays.

Mr. President, I could cive a tot more examples of thinge which were done in recent yeare. Thinge that might not have been done if they had boen put to referendum and which might have saved this country some grief and money.

I beliove, Mr. Freaident, in democracy and a democratic syatem, and I believe I have a right and a God-given duty to protect that system from those who set about to obstruct and connive and like Yary Marx, used the very toole of the system to destroy it.

For those reasone, Mr. Fwesident, I oppose the motion and I enoourage all well-thinking Membere to do the same. I have never heard of any referention other than one in the West Indies, and, Mr. President, looking at the lais of Jamaica in which that referendum was held, a specific low was made to deoide whether Jamaica would movo from the Federation. The then government thought it necessary to move a taw to provide for that reforendw. This is the only way that I would support a law for a referendum if it was brought for a spectifio constitutionat purpose something that I felt that I could not decide upon in this House irithout the wishes of my people. $A s$ I said. it has to be something of great nationat importance like the changing of our Constitution or moving from one eyetem of government to ancither.

Mr. President, I can only term this motion as a disruptive tool to wee to destroy and connive and oreate problems in this country. Let us go about doing goodifor the peopie and not dismupt the work which might hove been started to help our people. I oppose the motion strongly.
i'
MR: PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member bish to speak? The Third Elected Member for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE LS ORRETT:
Thank you, Mr. President. Private
Member's Motion No. 2186 --Inviting the Fublic to Condent as to whether they want a Referendum Law.

Mr. Prosident. I would like to ask a
question and $I$ am almost tempted to ask that question ond then sit down, but I am wondering why such a motion has been brought to this House at the present time, However, not to be repetitioue since many fine reasons for not suppoxting this motion have already been put forward, I would tike to state here, Mr. President, what as far as I am concerned the wishes of the electorate were made quite clearty in 1984, and that without any question as to whether that was an aleation run on a very honest eystem.

In West Bay, Mr. Fresident, every pote that this lady received was an honest vote. So I have no reason to doubt in my mind that the people of West Eay spoke in November, 1984. as to who they wanted and for the type of govermment they wished to have. However, in this petition it is stated on various occasions that it has been suggested that a referendun shoutd bo held to determine accurately the wishes of the olectorate.

New, whether or not they are speaking of a few instonces when this was mentioned over the last few weeks, I do not know, but certainly in our distriot no ooowsion has arisen as far as I know when any of our constituents indioated they wonted such a tow. The wishes of the peopte were accurately made known in November, 1984.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETY (CONYINUING). The Petition also states, "there is presently no referendum low on oir statute books pureuant to which a duly authorised referendtm could be hold". As far as I om concermed, if the meaning of the wird referondum is takens that was held in 1984. It gres on to say, "it would bo in order to ask the public.". The public gave we their decision in 1984.

Now, I do not know which particutar electoral district they are going to go to, but in looking over the tist of nomes, Mr. President, that I have seen attached to some of these motions brought formed, for one, how can it be proven that each and every nome recorded on that list is a registered voter? Now, I do not know about the other distriets, but I took some time in looking over the numes as refleated from West Bay and, Mr. President, there were thrce things which cane to my notiee. One was that there were nomes written, up to seven in some instances, with the identical hand-writing. One fomity, one hond-writing. No signatures. The next thing I noticed, there were a number of names there that were definitely relating to minors. Some just 15 years old. Now, do not tell me that they are registered voters and do not tell me they should make up a part of the majority.

There were signatures recorded of a few people who, I an a are, are not capable of signing their nanes and there were no ' $x$ 's' alongsids to indicate that it was their mark.

Mr. President, I am convinced that the opposition is out to try to wreck and ruin this prosent Govermment, but believe it or not I may have mentioned it in this House before and I woutd like to repeat it. If I am convinced of anything, the hond of God was on that election in 1984 and believe me I will not tet any instrument of satan oause this Govermment to be dismupted In a manner in which the opposition is trying to to. Itare aro a few things that they have to boar in mind. They are going to have to live with this Govemment untit 1988. They are giing to have to acoept the fact that the "Unity Team' is no Zonger in power. They are going to acoept the fact that the people of the Caymon Istande are pleased, happy and relieved. Yes, Mr. Fresidents perhape ishoute even say exalted over the fact that they have a Govermment that they can trust. Through any means whith the opposition may aare to use, they are going to be defeated because the some people who helped to work, proy and strive to get we in here are stitt supporting us, and in addition, we have won over mand members of the 'thity trom' who diad not even vote for us in 1984.

Now, Mr. President, if in 1988, after four yeare of trying to goverm this country, the pocple see that they are diepleased with what we have done, tot the peopla speak and tet the opposition sit and try to give the support they ought to give in the ways in whioh they should give it, instoad of trying to undermine what they know to be oompetent representations of the people of the Cayman Islands.

Ono onive has to stit, listen and watoh to bee the tactics that are used in this House to realies that it is the intention of the opposition to cast a reputation on this country at the present time that would couse it to Zook very smalt and ineffective in the sight of both the zocat peopte and the foreign investors in this countiry. They lost in 1984, Mr. Dresident, and what is hurting is that every day they are beooming less popular. They would do better for themerves if they tried to work with this present Goverment. I have notining to be ashamed of . The majority of the Members of this Govermment, Mr. Fresident, aro oommittod to

MRS, DADFNE $t$. ORNETY (CONTINUING): one thing and that is to represent the peopte in these Istande the way they ought to be represented and to ensure that somobody does not take it over and tet it go in the direction it was going prior to Novenbers, 1984. I an committod to one thing, Mr. Fresident, and that is to represent these people.

I quoted a verse of soripture, I think. it was on Monday, whioh saik, "They that wait upon the Lord shath renew their strength." Fienco it. It shazl nount up with wincle like eagzen." We are beginning to soar. nh. Frosident. "They shall rus and not be weary." There are times whon thinge may not bo as rosy as it appears to be today. Sometimes we may evon walk, but we shall not faint. Mr. Frestdent when one works honestige one reare hinat they sow. That is why the 'Unity Toun' must sits anh take what it doee todan. It is receping what it is sowing.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Thank you ver: mucks inr. Fresident.
I was trying to attract the Menber ${ }^{\prime} s$ attention, but the Member did vot catoh me.

If the Nomber io finished. I need not
say what I was going to.
Does any other Member mioh to speak?
..................... In that case does the mover wish to exercise his right of reply?

MR. G. BAIG BODDEN $\quad$ Mr. Fmerident, I hall ontiotpated the treatment which this motion has received, becouse the motion is a denocratic one white some Members get up ond tatk about democracy, "thero is a difference betweon taik and rutting democracy into action.

This motion is democratio in that it would allow the publio to give the opinions on mpontant issues. this is something that some Members evidently do not want.

Listening to the speches, I came to the conctusion that their ided of demoracy is a systen under whioh a hondfut of bureaucrats make decisions and then ran them down the throats of the publio without couy publice input.

I an glad. Sire, that you did not interrupt the last speaker as she etraged into making her 1988 incugural oampaign speech. and

MR. PRESIDENT:
I Gitite agree, that is what she was making and I was about to tintexpupt her ond teth her she must not. So do not make yours too Zong. Thet is all I ask.

MR: G. IIAIG BODDEN: Sirg I an not going to stray into these dark and mudy waters. However, there was cuilence from the repty to thits motion that oome Menbars are utierly confused by a referanctum. Sone of them believed it was a generat eleation where the pubtic would state that they wanted $M_{r} X^{\prime}$ or $M_{r s}{ }^{\prime} Y^{\prime}$ to be their candidate.

Some Members were confued in believing that a referendum was a petition. Woret of all is that the Executive Conncil Member seem to believe that a referendum is a different form of govermment. I heard so muoh talk about internal self-govermment and independence, and so many ure lated matters that I was really cletighted. Sirg thent wou did not try to stem their irrezevancies.

Whis motion, which if it finally resulted in a tous, would be wo difforent from the motion passed in the Houso a coupte of days ago when certain private dembers brought a motion to impose fees under the partrurship: Low. All this motion is asking for is that Government give consideration to inviting the public to give therir thoughts as to whetker they want a tam. Thio has nothing to do with independence as somo Nembere try to cloud the isoues with. This

MR. G. HATG BODDEN (CONITNING) shows a basic lack of knowitedge on the subject. As Sir Winston Churehtll onee said, "They lost a gotden opportwity to koep silent:", becawe in not underetanding the motion they have displayed to the pabilic the faet that they do not understand it..

MR. W. MOKEEVA BUSII:<br>We understand it. That is ithy we voted against it.

Mr. PRESIDENT: Order! Order:
MTi. G. HAIC BODDEN:
The motion does not ask the Legiolative Assembly to pass à low. This wos another oonfusion with some Members. This is simply because they had not read the motion carefully. All the motion asks, and I can road it, is: "....... BE IT RPESCLVED that the publio be invited to comment as to whether they want a Referendum Law ......". The notion was carefully drafted so as not to ask this Legislative Assembly to instruct the Leagat Department to drafta Law. It simpily aske that tine publio be inviled to comment as to whether they wort a referendum lav.

So the question before the Houso is whe ther the Membere feets in a cemocrotic societ:s, that it io might to ask the publio if they would like suoh a law. This in, in my opinion, the height of democrack in action.

If the Membere chooes not to support this motion, what they are doing in effect is saying, "Fe have deciaed that you people out there do not reed such a law". The motion is simply asking that Government try to find out whether the publio want a refarendum low. If they an live with that type of democracy, well, I imagine that is their business. The type of democrocy whereby a feu people docide what is right or wrong.

The intention of this motion iss that if the answer from the public is in the affirmative, a Law spelling out the procedure would then be drafted. It whid simply be a vehiole for maning a referendum. Just the sane as the eltections Law is a vehicte for moming a wherat atection or a by-suetion if it is necessary, and just the ame as the Constitution is a dooment for the proper goverment of the countris.

Ore Momber sate that he couti support a motion if the motion wae seeking a neferendum for er epecifie. purpose - a purpose that was of great importance, but thot he ould not support this motion. Wetl. thio motion ts not asking for a referendum to be taken on any matter. It is aimetu first, asking the prople whether they wont it and scomatys if they do want it to set out the procedures so that if in the future it tis negessary to hold a referendum, the meanomios for doing. it wht have been in place.

It is a mity that overy Momber who hes spoken on this motion has shown to the publice that chey did not understand the motion and that their opposition to it was simplys to use their own words, oprosition for the sake of opposition. And, I may add to that, opposition mimarity because of the acource from which the motion flowed.

MR. W. MoKEEV/. BUSH:
Thet is mot true.
Min. F. HATG BODDEN:
The Ilonoumabto Fingt stected Member of
Executive Councti said that this motion witt create a preoedenoe not found in Commonwealth jurisclictions. The Second Elocted Member for Weat Bay satd he the not know of any other ocees oxcopt the oase where a reforendum was held to deride the future of the Foccration of the West Indies.

Mh. W. MokEEVA BUSH:
Mr. G. HAIG BODDEN:

F said in the West Indles.
I oan repeat mi statement. I said that the Member said he knew of no other instance in which it was used and the excomple he gave was when somaioa wonted to find out whether ite people should remain a part of the weat Indian Eederation. However, it is not my bustness and I do not think anybody else is concerned. But, the two Members who made theee remarke hone limited knowledye of the subject, and it docs not affect the issue ot hand. Whether they do or do not know is inmatomal to the question which they are aoked to decide - the question whether the publice should be asked to aay whether they want sometiing or whe ther they do not want $i t$.
the Bonourable first Elected Momber of Executive Council baid Mombers would beome delegatos rather than representatives. How can this be? How can a reforenzum on an important political question or a referendzo on an important economio issue make a Member of the Legistative Assomblu a detegater. This has to be utter nonevee. This hos to be tatk which flows because the mind was shut before the motion wos read.

The Honourable Firet Elected ncmber of Exeoutive Council, the First ELeeted Momber for Weat Bay, said euch a law cannot be found in tho United kingdom. Hourever, it hae boen my experionce in legislation that in of fow instonces the Unitud Kingdom has lagged far behind the oummen Islando in formarch-looking legistation.

Some Members seom to belicve that if this taw were in foree, a referendum would be held on a daily basis. This is not the case. This is not the intention of the motion and would not be a part of the low.

One Momber found fault with the faet that the motion said that the reforendim would be weel to deoide things ever on a diatriot thot, and tee to afriad on that one. I wish we hat had one on a dietriob tovet in 1975 when he we trying to put in that Development Plan whion would have caused the prox peopte in East End cond Bodken Town in murat arocus, to own five acres of Zand befowe they could build one house. The bad part of the quastion at the time was that even if'one owed the five acres and butlt a house, one could not clear but one hatf of an acre of the land. His conscience must be biting into him when we mention thinge at dietriat levets. It ie important iasues such as this that may have to be decided on distriet. Zevels ae well ne on national leveits.

Some Membcre felt that we do not noed a referendum tra because the Constitution provides for an etection avery four years, and for bijwloctions if any Merbor's seat is vacated. Hore again I muat say that the basio imisunderstandings with the suffering frow, elearly proves that stotement beoause the eloction which is held evory four yecres simply reflecte the woy the public feels about individual Members and oonnot have ang beaning on aotions taken throughout the four yecre. For exomple, we had the situation recently brought about by womd-be-things in the Eleotion Low, ani this is a mattor that the last clections ooutd not have decided beaduse it is a mattor that has cirisen since. So a referendan is never, and I state this again, to nevos to decide on the membership of the House, but rather to dectide on specifio actions or speoific things. What a refererdum does is to gwe the registered votere a chanee to exprese their opinions.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINTING) There was an editotitat in the neanspaper on Wednesday the $26 t h$ of February this year; in which the idea of the referendum was weth sumported. Comments were made which I think are worth reading:
"REFERENDUMS: WE CAN THINK ABOUT IT'
When the Legislative Assemity is to look at a proposat to create in the Cayman Istants a legat fromework under which referenizons could be held, mme may think it to a strange idea.

The pronosat should not be dismiosed as a mere politiont move. It is true that democratio prinoiples aro being adhered to when every four yeare the aitians of this oountry have a chance to select their leaders and that in this way they give the MLA's powers to make deoiotone for the common good.

It is also true that such deoisions, onee they aro in the making frequently lead to more than logitimate public. discussion. We have asen numerous petitions to the Governor and to England. We have sech local popte expressing a sense of futitity when they betieve that no mattier what poople may eats Goverment with adhere to their plons.

We have seen pubtio meetings heta to sotiot public opinion whens unfortunatolys onty poople of one opinion. turned out while the other atayed home.

No one aan possibly fout a deoision that is baod on a referendum which would give all the regiutored votere a ohonoe to express their vicu.".

That paragraph is oo important that
I would like to duell on it a little.
We: one, anil I think we could insert here, no one, but some of the Mombors of this Ledistative Asembly oan fault a decision that is based on a referendion, because the referendum would give the regtstorca voters a chanos to express their view. Oftentimes when Members get up and taik about reprosenting the pooples. they are really putting foward their own individual views. We huve seen this happen to this Governnent since 1984 and in faat thoy have suffered mony aclanaties. They have put forward many motions, bills and rogutations that they had to puit back as quickly as they put them formard beocue they wre put fomard without any consideration of the publice roaction. If I wonted to, I could talk the batanoe of the ouoning on them, but suffic: it to say thelw would not have had to have made so mony onondmonte to the thtrine Conservation Low if they had takcm the time to got some publice input before they started out.

> The editor then goee on:

[^5]Mr. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUING): It is not onty the ingrained sense of democracy that oharacterizes the swiss people, but it is atso the strong sense of patriotism - having whät is best for theix country. Here, today, it is regrettobie that a damouratio idea with be shot down in this manner.

The Uonourable Firot mileated Member of Executive Councit, the First ileoted Nember for Wost Boy, went to great lengthe to degrade the pmovince of Quebec. Forhaps it is because he does not speak French and doos not understand anything etse. However, he reforred to their renegade and dogratic premier in the same fashion, about a year and an half ago, he reforred to the Attomey-General of the United States.

These sidelines and this sidetracking from the issue does not help hie ouse because he was unable to put forward a single idea why the demoonatio procose should not be atlowed to work in a reforendum, and of oourse made up his objections by referring to isolated aases that have wo bearing at alt on the quetion we are deciding today - tho question as to whether we should ook the people of the Cayman Islands if they want a referendum. In fact, the Honourable Member went on to say that Cayman itself would be reneade if it adopted o roferenclum low. I am hoping that he did not think that sentence just giving it off in tho heat of his argument, becaues putting in another demoeratice process would enhance the reputotion of the Cayman Islands and would in no way noke its any less than it $i 6$ 。

He said a reforendum tow would bring general choos and woertainty. The opposite is true. A peferendum tow would bring oertainty buccuso through it paplo ould spoak out on matters on which they wre iecrly conoomed.

One Homber, and, in fact, more than one Member referred to the performance of the Legialative Assembly during the last 15 months. Of counse none of them sought to give any examples because the Members whe made the statement knew futl well that at times they, too, had not bear the ident partiomentarion. this is to be espected. We, here, are in a parlicment whioh is a dobating forum and Members are fres to exprose their opinions, and to otash with other Members who differ from them. The cut and thrust of debate should never disappecr from a porlicment.

Mr. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Glad to heari you eay that.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Do you know there are some people who comptain about the way I speak and ther they sit down and try to imitate me.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I wonder, docs the Member ploth to ontinue for some further period or is the Momber nearing the ond. I an just wondering whethor it would be

MF. G. HAIG BODDE'N:
Yes, six, I an on poge one of five
pages of notes.
Mat. PRESIDENT: WCIL, I think in that oase I am aure
the hember neede a little refresiment.
Let us surpend proceedings for
approximately 75 minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:52 P.M.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Elected Member for Bodden Trum.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONIINUTNG): Mr. Preeident, one Member said in opposition to this motion that if it were pasesed it would reduce this country to a, banana requblic. In fact, Mr. Eresident, it would have the opposite effect because it would allow majority mule which is the essence of a referendum and the essence of demorracy.

One Momber worried about the tow if it went into effeet and wroved about what it would do to Govermment's policies and actions after they had been committed. However, the referendion would be nothing to them after the fact if it were an important matter such as having one man, one vote. The referendum would be used before the taw to be drafted and so the referendum would not chatlenge, as the Member srid, the actions of Coverrment after the actions had been oommitted. The reforendum would serve as an indicator as to whether the policies would be accepted on not.

One Momber referred to a referendum as a shackle. Ho seems to think that a reforendum whioh is a domooratio proceso would homper the cotions of Government. It could never hamper those actions if the reforenaum had been taken, unless the Covermment intended to put into action something that hal not been approved by the public.

The ltamber worries about the opposition's use of $\%$ referendum. but why should he wormy A referendum would decide what the majorith thinks and the actions that follow would be actions whioh would meet the desire of the mofority.

One whiter satd that there can be no domosracy unless there is a basic respect for opposing ideas. If there is anything that is interferring with what Mombers oatl the behaviour of this House over the last 15 monthe, it is certainly their's or some Member's lack of basic respect for opposing ideas.

One Members and, in fruet, I think two Members threw out a situy question saming that if. this iss so important why did I not think about it during the eight yocre that I served in Executive Cowncit? To shon how silly that question reallu is I could ask why did he not think cbout some of the things he is doing now when he served for 17 geare in Govermnent.

The fact that a person has had one year or eight year, or 17 years in Government does not mean that that person must think of everything during that term, or terms in office, and we must not belicve that he no tonger hos a right to think beccuse he may be on the other side of the House.

It is tirue as one Member pointed out, we have a duly elected House. I betieve every Member was honestly returned at the potts and that the eleotions were fire and accurata. However, that faet that a pergon has been duty olooted does not mean that he really knowe how tha: publice is thinking on why particular matter, especially if that matter is a now iaca. Of course the prepent Covermment knows this better than andbody else beccuee they have found themsetves having to pult back in their elothes much faster than a cat would.

Some of the businese in this मouse at this Meeting, such as the petitions, is pmof that there is need for such a law.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONYTNUING): If my oolleague fmom Bodäen Town and I had not staged a walk-out over that drastio onange in the Eleetions Law which was rudopted by the House in Deocmber (1985), we would now today be debating a bitl to ohange the Eleotione Lew to divide up the eleotoml districts. So, some of the very bueinese on the floor of this Howe at this partioutar Meeting shous that there is a need for some devioc to test the foclings of the pubtic. Is it bearuse the Members are afratid that the mblio witl say, "Yes, we want a referendum low", which is why they are donying this motion? Willicm Gladetone in the House of Commons in 1870 baid, "The opression of a majority is detcetable and odious.". Hexe we have many thinge which are definitely oppressing the majority of our people and they find it impossible to get the air of the Goverrmont. This in my mind ts one of the reacons why they are rejecting this motion today. Anil, when they say they can see no just reasons for this motions. I belicue they really mean they carnot see it because they are afrata of what the publio may, say.

The Etected Member for North Side even mentioned Miokey Mouse in doaling with this motion and I oan only say to him that while I am a great admirer of Walt Disney, it is my belief that this refcrendim low would prevent many of the Mokey Mouse poticies whioh this Goverment has put formad.
$\frac{\text { MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSt: }}{\text { from - Walt Dicney. }} \quad$ So that is where you got your ideas
Min. G. HATC BODDEN: We boast that we aro pepresentatives of the people, but are we when we do not listen to the people whim we represent? When we witl not make avatiable to them the referendum tow which would give them an apportumity to apeak in a demooratio fastion on major iocues.

Abrathon Lineoth onoe satd, w man is good enough to govern another man without that other's consent.". Here the Membere are saying that they with not allow thise motion because they want to govern without onquirivg from the public what they would like.

Finatlu, Mr. Fresident, I wouta tike to just restate that the motion simpty aeko that the Goverpment initiate an enquiry that would shou whether the pubtio would like to have such a tan on not. It doos not seek at this time to put in the taw. This enquiry oould be made nexi Monduy night on Operi Line. This could wetl be a topie. We have a News Bureau which is now pory good at spreading all the propaganda it wants to armocd abcut marino conversation and other matters. They oould spread some propaganda on this and got some feedbook. So, it nead not be an expensive oxercise. This would show the mbtio that the Govornment is demoaratic.

It is my intention to vote in favour of this motion simplu, because $I$ feel it is a democratio motion, and I atso feol that a rejectinn of this motion would be on indication that we do not want to ask the people whether they want this law or not and that we aimply want to say to them, "You do not need it.".

The question is that Prionte Manber's Motion No. 2/b6 - Inviting the Fublice to Comment to whether they want o Referendum Lcw - the terms of which weno reod out by the mover when he firet moved $i t$, shouta be passed

QUESTION PUT: AY\#G AND NOES

MR. PRESIDENS: ... I think the "ojes" have it
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
HON. DENNIS H. FOTHER:
MR. PRESTDENT: (LAUGHTEF) 7 an pery sormy. You are a think I meant that the "noes" had it, but since we have been asked for a division the mater witl be......

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
have it. (LAUGHTER)
MR. PRESIDENT:
I will tryy not to tat my feelings get the better of me on another ocoasion. Wanwhiles, in order to ascertain the position beyon? why doubts tet us hate the division for which the Member oalled.

DTVISTON
120. $2 / 86$

| AYES | NOES | ABSTENTIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seoond Elected Wember | Hon Frist Offreial Member | Scond Elected |
| for Bodden Trown | Inen Socne Officiat Member | Menber for |
| Elected Mcmber for | İon Third Official Member | Goorge Toun |
| Ecast Ent | Ilon Piret Elected Momber |  |
|  | Hon Sownd Elcoted Menber |  |
|  | Hon Third Lluected Member |  |
|  | Hon Eourth Elected Member |  |
| : | Second Eleated Member frop West Bay |  |
|  | Thind kloctod Member fors West Ean |  |
|  | First Eleeted Membor for hosecr Istands |  |
|  | Electod Momber for Nopth side |  |
| 2 | 11 | 1 |
| MR. PRESIDENT: | I hope I get it right | thie tirne. I |

$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { deetare the MOtion toet. }}$

PRTVATE MEMBEK'S MOTIOA NO. $2 /$ G6 DEFEATED BY MAYORTTY

RE: ASKING CARIBBEAN UTILILIES OO LTD TO AMEND THEIH LICENCE TO RESTORE THE IMPORT DUT'Y ENEMPTION

MR. JOHN B, MoLEAN:
Mr. President, I beg to move irivate Member's Motion No, 3/86 - Re: Ksking Caribbean Utilities Co Ltd to cmend their Licence to restore the import duty cxemption - which roads:
"WHEREAS under the now liocnoe Govermment recently isoue? to Carbboon Utilities Co Ltd (CUC). consumers of electricity in Grand Cayman are having their rates inoreased as a result of removat of exemption from import duty

AND WHEREAS GCvermment needs revenue, there are alternative sources from which to derve such revenue that witr not so adversely affect consumers of etectricity:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Government ask CUC to arree to omend their licence to restore the exemption from inmort duty and thus to lower their rates acoordingly.".

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I second the motion, Wr: President.

## MR. FRESIDENT:

Private Member's Wation No. $3 / 86$..
Asking Caribbecn Utilities Co Ltd to anend their licence to restore the import duty atemption - is duly moved ond seoonded.

Would the mover like to apeak to it
now?
Mr. President, this motion is a veru
MF. JOHN B. MOLEAN : important one as the matter involves ath and everyone in these Islands. Electricity is used in one wat or another by almost everyone and nowcdays it is considered a necereity by all.

Mr. President, tit was brought out quite alearty by the Honourable Thim Eteoted Menber of bxecutive Council in charge of the Fortfotio, when a question was aoked that as a result of this levy of umpret duty the oonsumer will pay more eventually, I know, Mr. Frosident, that Goverrment neede revonue, but I also feet that therehave to be altomative sources rather than to continue to put pressure on our pente.

Mr. President, I know that without a doubt this motion will be defeated in the same way that the petiticnwas which I brought here earlier. However, the publice still know the maning of that petition as it represented their miows, in the sane way in which this motion iloes. I feet that every responsible representr. tive of the people show feet that ativemative mearures shoutd be looked into and wher, at alt poseble, we should do wh utmost not to pressure our people further.

MF. JOHN B. MOLEAN (CONTINUIMG): I an avking fon the support of the Members of this House in having this motion passed. .

MF. FRESIDENT:
now open for debate.

Private Member's Motion Mo. 3/86 is

- Does ony Member wish to apeck? The Honourcible Thire Rlacted Member of

Executive Council.

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIFKCONDELL: Mr. Prestident, I beliove the mover of this motion generally has the interest of our country and its people at heart. However.s I camot agree with his reasonings in this instance.

The rate increasee in electriotty to oonsuners in Grand Cayman are nontigible and witl dause them no horclohip.
hs a rosuit of imposing duty on
Caribbean Utilities co $L t u$, the company found that it would
have to ratise the rates by one and an hatf per cent. An applioation was made to Govemment by the oomany and it was allowed to increase the rate to one and an hatf per oent on the 24 th of Jonuary, 1986.

This one and one half por cont inereapes the basio oost to small oonsumers using 250 kilowctts per month from $\$ 39.17$ to $\$ 39.76$. An increase, Mr. Fresident, of $58 \dagger$ per manth.

Consumers using 500 kilcouct hotipe per month have their mates incroaded from $\$ 7.70$ to $\$ 72.85 \%$ An Znerease of $\$ 1.07$ per montru.

Consumens usine 1,000 kilowatt houre per month have their rates increcead from $\$ 136.58$ to $\$ 138.60$. An increase of $\$ 2.02$ per menth.

Mr. Trosidont, since aigniny the agreem ment, the price of diesel fuet has troped dromationity and at this time, despite a 1 bh per galion auty imposed. the ormany is paying tese per galton for fuet thon it was paying prior to thth Jomuctry, 1986, when the agreement wos stigned. This recluction in fuel price witt be pussea on to the onawmer, ommeroing with the Aprit bithings. The increase to consumers will unloubtedly be removed ompletely at this time, thus cancelling out the incressee on the basio pates.

The mover of the wottons. Mr. Fresident. said that it was brought out quite otearly that the omsumer would hove to pay more eventualth. Yestrergy at question Time $I$ satid that had there not been a decrease in the prion of fiut, there woutd have been an increase and that increase as btated at that time would be \$3.00. I did not have the exact figures at hand when I more wy less agreed to that figrere, however, the ecact figure, hal there not been coy inowow would have cmounted to \$2.15.

Imp:rit duty, Mr. Presidont, is absotutety nedeseary and is our numbor one rovonice ocrmer. It witit provide ue with 32.2 por eent of oue revonte thit yoar. Wo neel cuvry penny of tht to rrovide the services whioh our peotle oxpect.

The mothods used to oollect revenuc through import duty from Garibbean Utilition oo ltd is in keeping with our revenue collection system and therefore should wot bo waived. other oompanies which sell omsimon goide coutd alse use the some argument to keer their oosto dow. Cit oompanios and merohants, for instance, could arige that if Goverment ramoed the duty on oit and food, their oustomars would be abte to purchace their gro and aroceries for lese, and thus keap the oost of tion dinn. It outa go on and on, Mr. Preeident.

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KTRKCONNELL (CONTINUING): ALL Other businesses are charged duty which they hace to ondourto int the oos of their goods. and Caribbecn itilities ob thai is no diffenent. It waid bo unfair to expect other ompanies to pay duty and not cariphern litritities Co Ltd.

The franchise which was signed with the company in January last was not taken tightily. We spent a oreat deal of time and effort going through the negotiatioris. In fact, it took over two monthe, and a great deal of hard work to cone to an agreement which wa fair and reasonable to both oides. We did? wot hurry or rush the negotiations beeause we wanted to be sure that this Island would oontinue to anjou a dependable and efficiont service at the best possible prioe. I honestly balievo that we have an agrea.. ment which is fair to Caribbean dtilities Co Litd and to the poople of this Istand.

When the original licence was grented to Caribbean Utitities do Ltd, twenty ycars age, there was a need to assist the new ommany with duty-froe ooncessions on fuet. machinow, opare parte, ete. Govermment hod to hetp etablise the now company so that it could survive. Niw, afor twenty years, we feet there is no longer a need to gront the company concescions as it ie now well ostablished and provides the finest service in the Camidueon.

The duty paid by the omporty witt go terards providing mony of the services the pecples expect us to movide. Mr. president, I $d$ not know of any altermative aouroe from which Goverrment onul derive $\$ 1.4$ million at such little oost to the people. Sinoe we had to eommit the Government for arother 20 years, we felt it wo more than fair to use this metrod plua the annual fee for the franchise to provide this Goverment, and future govermente, with the nocessagy won we bate with which to plan ite development and semices.

Mr. Fresidents I an sure that the nover of this motion will rectize that it te ingeseitle for Government to acoede to hie request and I would ask ther Mortuers not to supprot this motion as it whid te deprivino thie Goverpment, ond future goverments, of revente that is needed to mun our oountiry.

Mr. Enesident. I appese the'motion.

## MF. FRESIDENT:

Dooe when ther Momerp whin to speak? The Howorati le Thim of fichat Member.

HON. THOMAS C. JBFPERSON: Mr. Frosidont just t: hetw to entighten some of the mattere in this regard, the previous apeaker did make some salient points in pespect of the neu franchise put together between Government and Cambbean Utilities oo Ltd.

I think atl Members wro well aware of the situation in this Istand during the mid-otaties in respect to alectricity production, and I think we ocn atit os they say, taka our hats off to CUC, its shareholdors, stoff and all concerned. Howdow', Mr. Fresident, what was necessam 20 zears wo ie no longer. in my wiew, necessary and that is to allow the onmony to impre al ite materinle in duty free. The needs of our nenke are becoming more and more 4 finoncicilly burdensome. therefcic, there is a need to find cdditionat soupoes of revenue.

In ald businessoe whioh come and take up residence in the Caymen Istonde, It . Fresident, shouta make some contribution towards our people. I feel certain, Mr. President, that the increase resulting from the new fronohise will not outuse any real burden on the onnouncrs but it aertainty is sy sytam of mising additional revenue for use by this oovernment to seme the perate.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON (CONTMUING) - When we took at what this witt oontribute, Mr. President, wate hecred many speoutations about the oost of living inoreases. Wroures indicnte that the fees that were increased in relation to cors and petrol and to bioyctes, the impact on the oonsumer prioe index for the Teriod of Septembor to Decembers 1985, was one haif of one pre cent - mistogering inflationary effects Mr. Fresident.

We hoves, as a Govermonts and I an
sure all Members agree, to find altermative means of revenue to meet the demands of our people as we do on yeax by yerr.

In the now franohise, as entier indicated by the Honourable Thtrd Elected Momber of Executive Counoil in on answer a fow days ago the ompany io roguired to pay a licence fee. It is required to pay 10 per cent duty on ath thems being imported after the 17 th of Jomury, 1986, whth the ameoption of three plants which had atroady been oontrootually agreed upon whal financing put in place. Therefore, thits Govorment did not wieh to put and further financicl burden on that company by requiring 10 per oent duty on those three plants, ond thus extenced the dity free concession on the previous fronohise to these three plante. Twenty years down the rond it ie subjeat to reviow again when they will have to pay 15 per cent, in the year 2100.

I feel, Wr. President, that although I understand the concern of the Member, $I_{\text {s }}$ too, oxnot support the motion.

Thenk you, Mr. Prosiclent.

MR. FRESIDENT: I make it wout 30 seoonds before IK30 p.m. and I think rather than invite any other Member to speak and out him off in no time at all, I would wak the Honcurable Fipst Official Member to move the okjouminent.

## ADTOURNMENT

HON. DENHIS H. FOSTER
Mr. Presidents, I move the adjoumment of this House until $10: 00$;"clock tomorrow morning.

Mh, FEESTDENT: The question is that the House do now aljourn untit 10:00 o'elouk tonorrow morning.


## STATE CPENING AND FIRST MEETING (WE (ITE (1986) SESSION OF THE LEGISLATTVE AGSEMELY IELD ON FITLAY 7 TI VAIGI, 1986 (SIXTY DAY)

RESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY WHE GOVEFMOR MF Q EETEF LLOYD, CMG: CVO - PRGSTDENT

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| HON DENNIS II FOSTEF, CVO, CEE, dF | FTHST OFETCIAT, MENEER HESYONSTRLE FOI INTEERAL AND EXYERNAL, AFFATRS |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL. | SECOND OFTICIAL MBMBER RESFONSIDLA FC. LEGAL ALMINISTRATION |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OTE. IF | ITFTBD OFTCTAT, MEHEET RESTONEIELE FT: itmance and deveisimment |
| ITON BEASON O EEANKS | MEMIEF hESECNSIELP FOR REALTH EDUCATTON AND GOCTAL SEPVIVCES |
| HON W NORMAN MODDEN, MEE | WEMTET: HESTONGYHLE FOR qOUSIEM AWIATION AND THADE |
| HON CAPT CIAARLES L KINKCONNE'L L | MEMTER RESTONEJRLE FOR COMWDNICATYOWB WGeks and dishtof aminhempition |
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| ELECTED MTMDM: |  |
| MF: W MCKEEVA WUSH | SECOM ELECTED MAMER FOH TIE FIRST ELECTOAL DIETRIGT GE WEST BAY |
| WIS DAFHNE L OLRETT |  ELECMRAI, DTSTHJCY OF WEGT BAY |
| HR LIAFOHD A PIERSCNs d | SECOND ELECTED HEMSEI: FOR THE SECWD BTHCMOALA DISTRICT OE GEORGE TOWN |
| CAP' MABRY S KTFKCONDELL |  ELECTOLAL DISTEICM GT LESSER ISLANDS |
| Wh. TAMES M IODDEN |  ELECTORAL DISTRICY OR TODUEN TOWA |
| M G HAIG BODDEN |  ELECTORAL DISTICT OF BODDEN TOWM |
| WTV D ELZARD MILLBA |  DISTIICT OT NOIPH SIDE |
| UTE SOHN D MCLEAN |  DISTHICT OF WASY EN |

1986 STATE OFFNING
FiPIDAY
$7 T H$ M $\mathrm{ARCH}, 7036$
(SIXTE DAY)

1. PRAYEFS

TO BE READ EY THE ELECTED MEMRET FOH EAST END.
$\therefore$ PRESEMTATHON CF FATERS AND FEFORTS

FVYAL CAYMIV ISTANDS BOLICZ - AMUUL TEECTT 1085
TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE MY TPE HOMOMGELE FTRET OFFICIAI, MEMDER, TEADER CF GOVERNMENT RUSTNESS.
3. QUESTITONS

THF SBCOND ELECTED MEMRER FOR FODLEN TOWD TO ASK MWE HOWOLRABLE
GECOND ELECTED MEMIPR QE EXECURTVE CUMCTL REGEODEIFLE FOR TCORISM AVIATICN AND TRADE
 DECIDED TC IMVEST IM THE OYMAN ISIADDS AS A DJPECT मFGULT GF THIS EXFEMITVRT: (IN RELATICN TO THE TOTAT COST TO GOVFRNMENT TO TRETAEE EOR ABD SEMD A DFLEGATACN TO TTE MIAMI CONFETEMCE ON TEE CAPTPEEAN.)

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMLWR FOR PODDEN TOWN TO ASK TER HONOURALIE FITGT OFFICTAL MEMREN PESPONSIELE FOR INTEMN'T, AND ENTEFMAL AFPAINS

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& \text { NO. 32: WOULD TUE HONOURABTE MEMBER ST:TE WHLT STEPG HAS COVEMPMMFWT }
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TRADESMEX AND HEAVY MOUIPMINT OPEBATGE BENEFIT EQUITABLY
FROM DRVELTMMEAT DY FOREIGN INVESTVRO?
 ELECTED MEMEETY OT EXECUTYYF COUNCTL RESFOMSIELB FOF ?OUTSM AVIATTON AMD TAADE
 FROMOTION OFFTCE IN TWR UNTHED STRTWG?
4. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

EILLS:-
PTRGil MADINC
(1) THL' MEFCHMNT SIIIFPINC (FEGISTFY) FILL, 1986.

FITGT AND SECGND READINGS:

(3) THE SUNLAY TFADING (AMEMDMBNT) BILL, 1086.

COMMITTEE THENEON

(6) THE SUNDAY TRADIING (AMENDMENTY) BILL, 1980.

## REFORTE THETEON.


(7) THE SUNDAY TRADINC (AMLNDMENT) DILL, 1966.
5. OTHER BUSINESS

PRTVATE MEMBERS' MCTTONS:-
(1) TFIVATE MEMEDE'S MTTCN NO. $3 / 80$

RE: ASKINC CARTMEAN DTILTYIES CO LTD TO GRED THETH LIOENCE TO FESTORE TIE MFCMT DUTY EXFMTTON

CONTTMUTATON OF DETMAE THEFEOA.

TO SK MOVED RY THE GECOND GLECTED NEMEL: FTE WEST BYY

(3) PRIVATE MEMREPSMOTION N. $6 / 96$



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## FRIDAY

MR. PRESIDENT:
In the absence of the Member for East
End, I will invite the Second Elected Member for George Town to say prayera.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: $\quad$ Let us pray.
Almighty Gods from whom all wisdom and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direat and prosper the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled, that all thinge may be ordered upon the best and supest foundations for the glomy of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Istands.

Bless our Sovereign Lady Queen Eliaabeth; the queen Mother, Phitip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles Prinoe of Wales, Diana Princess of Wales and all the Royal Fomily. Give grace to all who exercise authority in our Commonwealth that peaoe and happinees, truth and justice, peligion and piety may be established among us. Espeovally we prof for the Governor of own Islands, the Nembers of the Executive Counoil and Members of the Legishative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfulby to perform the reeponsibte tuties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great Name's sake, Amen. Let us pray the Lords Prayex together.

Our Father, which art in Heaven, Hallowed be They Name, Thy Kingdom come, They witl be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespase against uss And lead ue not into temptation; but deliver tus from evil: For Thine: is the Kingdom, the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lord bless us and keep us: The Lord make his face shine upon us and be gracious unto us? The Lord lift up his oownenance upon us, and give us peace; now and atways. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Presentation of Papers and Reports.
The Honourable First Official Member.

## PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS

ROYAL CAYMAN ISLANDS FOLICE - ANNUAL REPORT 1985.
HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. President, I beg to tay on the Table of this Honourable House the 1985 Annual Report of the Royal Cayman Islanda Police Force.

MR. PRESHDENT:
So ordered.
Item three Questions. The second
Fleated Member for BơZden Tow, Question Number 30 .

## QUESTIONS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIBLE FOZ TOURISM AVIATTON AND TRADE.

NO. 30: Could the Honourable Member identify any investors who decided to invest in the Cayman falands as a direct result of this expenditure? (In relation to the total cost to Govermment to prepare for and send a delegation to the Miami Conference on the Caribbean).

ANSWER: Although some enquiries have been received to date, no investors have" decided to invest in the Cayman Islands as direct result of the Miami Conference on the Caribbean.
MR. PRESTDENT: No supplemertary question? $\quad$ Invite the Second Elected Member
for Bodden Town to ask Question Number 32.
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK. THB HONOURABLE FIRST
OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTEBNAL AND EXTERNAL AFBAIRS.

NO. 32: Would the Honourable Member state what steps hae Govermment taken to ensure that Caymanian labour, Contractors; skilled Tradesmen and hedve equipment operators benefit equitabty from development by foreign investors?

ANSWER: Legtslation atready exists in the form of the Caymanian Protection Low and the Local Companies: (Control) Low providing reasonable aafeguards to protect Caymanian interests. : In safeguarding these interests, the statutory authority responsible (The Caymanian Protection Board), fupctions in a conseientious manner and subject to legialation passed in the House. A representative from the Labour Office also advises the Caymanian Protection Board as to the availability of local labour.

MR. ERESIDENT:
The Second Elected Member for Bodden

## Town.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr. Preaident, may $I$ ask the Menter,
has Government published any guidelines for the Centrat Planning Authomity, so that they may condition licences in such a manner that local workers and local ouners of equipment would benefit from the projects?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. President, I am not sure whether the appropriate Portfolio in charge of the Central Planning Authority has issued arything to them. However, I can say that the impontation of foreign construction labour, whether skilled or not has been drasticalty reduced since the late 1970's and earty $1980^{\prime} s$. Currently, there is a fair measure of full employment there Six.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
supplementary, is it not a fact that
the wages which are being paid by some of the foreign contractors now,
for far Less than the prevailing local rate?

HON. DENVTS H. FOSTER:
Not to my knowledge Mr. President. We
have oniy two foreign contractors on the Istands with licences, MoAlpine Limited and Hadsphaltic. I do know that Govemment pubtishes yearty a wage soale which we pay, it is not compulsory for them to follow, but to the best of my knowledge, I think in most cases, they do foltow it. If they do not, they aluvaye pay a little. higher.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Summementary. I do not know whether the contractors on the Hyatt Hotel are considered local, or foreigh contraotors, but I undergtand that wages being paid to cormon. tabonu there are around three dollars fifty to three dollars seventy five per hour. Does the Member have any knowledge of the wage rates which are being paid by them?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. Fresident, the Member could be pight, I realily do not have any rates paid by them Sir; on hand.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Summpelentary. Has any attempt been made to assist the local heavy equipment operators to secure work with their equipment in these new development operations being camried out in these Islands?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:- Mr. President, as far as $I$ know, the heavy equipment operators have had meetings with probably both the Protection Board and I think with the Member pesponsibte for that Portfotio. I am not positive as to the outeome of the meetings, and if it resulted in any heavy equipment being used where necessary.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Following that questions another supplementary: How does Govemment expect the heavy equipment operatons to secure work for their equipment, when Govemment is allowing the oontractors to bring in their own heavy equipment, and I understand in most cases, duty free?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTEF: Mr. President, we have no wage control and other controte to eover thic type of attuation. We betieve in a frees enterprise system, and if I had a prece of equipment I would go and get work for it. I would not sit down and wait for the Government to come and beg me to go and do a job, for a foreign company operating here. I think that those people with heavy equipment shoutd go and look for it, and give a competitive rate, and get work:

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. President, I fail to agree with part of the Members reply. How can these peopte secure work with their equipment when the people from whom they would secure it, already have the equipment which they have brought in, in most cases duty free?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: $\quad$ Mr. Fresident, ould I ask a supptementary sir. Could the Member ptate whe ther hee knows of any case in which heavy equipment has been brought in recentty, and that the heavy equipment came in duty free?

MR. PRESIDENP:
I think that the Third Officiat Member witl
have to be invited to answer that.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
I know of no swh oase Mr. President.
UP. TAME It appears that no one can answer the questions. Could I have an answer to this one, and I am sure it relates to the quastion befone, because it savs 'has rovernment taken any measures to ensure Caymanion labour' and so forth. So my question is, hon many vermits have been allowed for the redevelonment of Paradise Monor?

MR, PRFSIDENT: $\because$ If the Member oonnemed does not have this information, perhaps he would undertake to supplus it to the : questioner.

TOY. DENNIS H- FOSTER: Wht the Member repeat the queation for me str.

MR. JAMAS M. RnDnFig: How many work permits have been attowed for the redevelopment of Paradise Manox?

HON. DPMIS H. Bogrit. $\quad I$ with. umiertake to get that information.
in $x^{\prime}$ T do not have it.
Vh. IAMES M. BODDFN: $\quad$ Ton many for the Funtt propeot?
HON. DENNIS H. FOGTFR:
I with undertake to aet that arr.
MP. JAMFS M. BOnCrn: How many for the Cauman Talands Yacht
Club projeat?
MR. PRFSTDENT: Ferther the Member with undertake to aet that one too. The Memher has nodded, I think we non.

MP. JAMm M. ROnnrin: The oxew and overators of the Japanese dredge which is neree to whik on the Cayman Istonde vacht club, are they tocat or are they of Japanese extraction?

HON. DFNDIS H. FOSTER: Mn. EPesident, if then are JCOMese, they are corbainuty not caymanians. I do not know how many of them are working on the project and whom they omprise, reatlu sir I must be homest.

IT. PRESIDFNT: $\quad$ I think the First Offiaiat Member did undertake to get firures of foretign workers for the Yaoht ctub project, and perhaps he could identify which of them, or how many of them are working on the dredring equipment. The First Flected Member for Bodden Town.

Mr. JAMES M. BORDe日: As uart, I see that no one seems to know what is going on. I am sure that the Member did not misinterpret what I said. On the Jopanese dredge, I did not imply that there had to be Japanese labour totally aboard the dredge. I was trying to find out whether we have ony tooal Catmonians who witl be working, or are working aboard the dredge?

HON. DEVMIS M. FOSTPT: $\quad \cdots$ not know the answer to that sir.
I do not know whether the Company has emptoyed anybody to work aboard the dredge, as yet, or not sir. An of this morming the dredge is not in position yet, and no work has been started. I can tmi and find that out.
NT. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ The Firs: Flected Memher of Trecutive

IOY. BENSON O. FRANKS: Yoe Mr. Presitent, a suprtementary. $\bar{I}$ wonder if the Member coutd state how momu Catmanians are engaqed by reat estate fims to sell real estute in these Istands? answered by the Mernber responsible, and not by everybody on the Government bench taking turne to anower it either. So if I an out of order, they were out of order before me.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Well, I have not ruled anybody out of order. But the supplementaries have strayed to an extent that several different Members of Govermment had responsibility for some of the areas covered.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Eresident, may I ask the Member, does Govermment plan to take any furthan steps tà ensure that Caymanians get their fair share, and benefit equitabty from development by foreign investors?

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. Fresident, the Protection Board is doing that alt the time sir. It is the avenue, or the machinery which we have to use to ensure this, and I am sure that they are doing so.

MR. FRESIDENT: The Second Elected Member for Bodden Town.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Preaident, aince the Member is sure that the Protection Board is doing as he says, can the Member telt us anything about the guidelines which the Board are now working on, to ensure this?

MR. PRESIDENT: The gitidelines have been published, and questians eannot be asked, seeking information which is available...

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I was saying Str that there are none.
MR. PRESIDENT:
There have been published directives
to the Frotection Board, they are public documents, publically available:

MR. PRESIDENY: If there is no further supplementariy.
With the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town ask Question Number 33.
THE SECOND ELECTED:MEMEER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLF SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE.

NO. 33: Does Government have any plans to establish a Trade Promotion Office in the United States?

ANSWER: NO.
MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no supplementary, we witl pass on to item four, Goverment Business, Aitls Firgt Reading.

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS
BILLS
THE MERCHANT SHIPPING (REGISTRY) BILL 1986.
FIRST READING
CLERK: THE MERCHANY SHIPPING (REGISTRY) BILLI? 1986.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bill entitled A Bill for a Law to confer .. certain powers on the Govemor in Council in respect of the Registry relating to ships, is deemed to have been read a first time and is set dow for a second Readinit.

Bills first reading, item two.

THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL AID
(AMENDMEDT) BILL, 1986:
FIRST RDADING
CLERK: $\quad$ THE AGRTCULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL AID (AMENDMENTT) BILL, 1986
MR. PRESIDENT:
A Bitl for a Law to anend the Agricultural and Industriat Aid Law, 1978 is deemed to have been read a first time and is set down for a second Reading.

CLERK: THE AGRICULTU/RAL AND INDUSYPIAL AID (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
MR. PRESIDENT: The Honourable Third Officiat Member
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, I move the Seoond
Reading of a Bill entitted A Bill for a Law to onend the Agricultural and Industrial Aid Law 1978, Law 24 of 1978.

The purpose of the Bill Mr. President, is to allow, or to extend the functions and povers of the Agricultural and Industrial Development Board, and to enabie it to provide finaneial assistance to students undertaking courses of education.

The procedure at present Mr . President is that the Education Councit reconmende oertain students for Zoans, and the Treasury carries out the disbursement of those loans, after receiving the approval. of the Camibbean Devolopment Bank.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON (CONTINUING): All we are seeking to do here Mr. President, is to alilow the Education Councit to continue to advise on student loans, but the accounting function will be transferred from the Treasury to the Agrioultural and Industrial Development Board.

The loans Mr. President, traditionally: had mainty covered academio courses of higher education, but the funds are not limited just to the academio side. The junds oan also be used for teohnical and vocational education. It is a new requirement, that there should be a priority list of subjects to be studied, and that priority list must be fully published and circulated, enabting persons: who wish to take short courses in automechanics or electronices, to also seek funds for that purpose.

Under the Caribbean Development Bank Zoan Mr. President, there is no requirement for the person to be bonded to Government, but the person is required to work in the countrm, and work in the Cayman Islands for at least one year.

I recomend these minor amendments
to the Bill to the Honourable Members.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The question is that A Bill entitied
A Bill for a Law to anend the Agrioultural and Industrial Aid Law 1978 be given a Second Reading. "The motion is open for debate.

The Elected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. Fresident, I support thit Bill
in principle. It is a step in the right direction sir, but $I$ think it is only half a step.

The part of this Bill with which I disagree Sir is Clause Three, which deato with Section 5 . of the frincipal Law, Section 1 (e). It says 'to provide financiat assistance to persons pursuing oourses of education approved under paragraph (aa) of Section Six. Paragraph: (aa) of Section Six says.
'to anter into such arrangements as it thinks fit
to assist suitable persons to pursue such courses of education ds may be approved by the Education Cownit established by section 3 of the Education Law, 1983.

Now, Mr. Preaident $I$ ady I agree...
with this in principle, because for a long time there has existed a great area of need in this Country. People who need financial assistance to further their education both academicatly and in the technical and vocational fields, and mostly these people could not qualify for a scholarship to be granted by the Education Council. for various reasons, such as the Education Council did not recognise the institution to which they had been acocpted, or that the Education Council did not feel, beoause of prionity, there was a need in the Country.

I woutd tike to see this fund for education set up separately and apart from any control by the Edueation. Councit. The honourable mover of the Bill says that there is going to be a priority list. I would like to know Sir, on what basis is the priority list going to be established? Is it going to be established by the manpower needs, the future needs of this Country? Is it going to be established with some attention being given to the type and number of work permits being issued by the Caymanian Proteotion Board, in certain voeationat, technical and academie areas, or on what basis. is this priority list going to be set up?

Mr. President, why set up a different
funding mechanism, if the people are going to have to be approved by the aame Education Councit, which never approves schotrashios.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): I know of instances where people wanted to do technicat, and in some cases, professional courdes, and they were turned down by the Education Councit for that very reason.

I woutd like to see this Mr. Prearident, set up under the Agricuttural and Industrial Aid Board, aeparate and apart from anything to do with the Education Council. "I think the students should have to meet the financial obtigations of the loan, and should have to qualify financially to get the loan. I would like to see them given a moratorium on the repayments for the loan for the duration of the course, whether it is one year, two years or three years. Of course, the principat sum would have to aecrue interest during that period of time, and repayments start when the student returns qualified. But I think Sir, that if somebody who is interested enough in a subject, wants to go cway to some institute of higher learning, "qualify for that vocation, be tt technical or professionat and they can meet the financial commitments which are necessary to qualify for a loan under this Low, they should be given the loan, and the Education Council should have nothing to do with it.

I realty believe sir, that there ia a need for courses, and for people to have some avenue of ascistance which the Education Council witi not approve.

I support the Bill Sir, but I would like to see the requirement of setion 4 (a) removed from the Bill, and it be carried out on a strictly financial basis, and the students altowed to do the course (i) which they are interested in and (ii) which can provide the job which they are motivated to perform. I. agree that they should have to work in the country, this could be an added stipulation, I would accept it, for some specific period of time, so that we can develop the workforce in the country. But I do not see the need, if a person is going to have to pay it back financially, and meet the financial requirements, white approval is needed by another Body in Government which has a separate role, in that it determines who can be given Government Schotariships and what Government Scholarehips are going to be given. I know of no manpower survey which has been carried out from which this priority list can be established. So I am very concerned about how this priority list is going to be established, and $I$ would like to see atudents' applicatione with the Agricultural and Industrial Aid Board evaluated soley on their fincmaial merit, that is the ability of the student to repay the loan, or the ability of the surety, whether it is his fomity, putting up property, or however, to guarantee the toons bo the student con get on with his education.

Thank you Six.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Second Eleoted Member for West Bay.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresident, I mise in support of a Bitz which is long overdue, and I add my congratulations to the Government in what it is trying to do to help our young people become better educated. Mr. President, we still have a long way to go.

I have certain suggestions for improvement;
but what I feel is that generally it is a good Bill. I remember having gone to the Financial: Secretaries office some weeks ago; it may be months now, and talking to him about the same si.tuation whiah my friend the Honourable Member for North Side and I were speaking of, and I told him at that point that I intended to bring a motion for the setting up of a Students toan Scheme. Well at that point ?e explained to me that the Government had intentions of doing something similar, and I said 'well. Let us wait and see what we will get'.

MR. W. McKĖEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): To go on with this Bitl Mr. President, whover administers the funde enoutd keep a keen watoh for the expertise needed for our development, that is the development of the Country. I maintain that those soeking to acquire those needed skithe or expertise should be given priority. This should be so, whether or not the course is at the College/Intversity level or at the Trades School level.

Mr. Fresident; I know what plans are in the works to upgrade our Commmity College, and I believe that every apportunity I have had to epeak on this partioular subject, I have urged Government to move faster and faster in this area. Mr. FPresident; to hightight my ooncern, $i_{2}$ this particular area on the tradee in thio Country, in the answer to a question in the House the other days it was said that in our very small tabour force we have fourteen electricians on work permits, seven from damaica, five from Canada, one from the United States and one from Barbados, and that we had three plumbers on work permits, two from Jamaica and one from Belize, making a total in the eleotriciand and plumbers area of 17. Mr. Fresident, this is a targe figure in my estimation in our very small labour foroe, and it shows the need and hightights the need for Government to be about getting this Communty College instituted, where all the people can be trained in these areas.

The one thing which I wanted to ask from that particular question was how much we had in 1984, how much we had in 1983 and how much we had in 1980, to see whether we are outting down or whether we are going up, But Mr. President, this is a serious situation as far as I am concerned, and I would suggest that if we look at the nefrigeration service, we will have a simitar example. If we look at mechanics, we would have a simitar example. Mr. President, yes, our people are not being trained in these areas, therfore they are not being afforded the financial ascistance which I think we need to give them. To emphasise again, I have never heard before 'well Government put it in a statement and said soholawahips are open for mechanics, or one can appty for a scholarship', I have never heard it. We nogd to let our people know what kind of eervice they oan get under this Law.

Now, Nr, Fresident maybo I witl be muled out of order, but in tatking about edueation, I want to saz sir that I think we have the need now for another High School.

MR. PRESIDENT:
$t$ think you witl be ruled out of order, you are quite right, it really is atrajing very for from this Biz2.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
... and maybe I will be ruted out of order again, but I would like to say that it looks as if we need another Middle Sohool also.

MR. PRESTDENT: I hope you are not going to make a habit of saying things which you know are going to be muled:out of order.

MR. W. MOKEEVA BUSH: I know about your ruling Sir.
Mr. President, after a student gets a soholarship, how much attention is paid to that student, that is a question which I pose in this House? It is one which I feet needs answering. If a student goes away on a scholarship, is it made certain that their other needs are attended to, financialty. That was the sort of tirie I was thinking of when I was talking about a Students Loan Soheme.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING):- do not think I with say much more on this Mr. President, except to tate again that we need to re-emphasise in the minds of our peopte the need for peopte who witl work, or do refrigeration work. People who witl be etectricians, people who will be plumbers. I keep asking the question, how many pilots can Cayman Airways really accommodate? And this atone highlights the fact that our people are really not told of the areas that they should be in, because Cayman Airways cannot hire everybody who wants to be a pilot.

I trust that thte Govermment is getting the drift of what I am saying. I will give the Bill my support.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Honourable First Eleoted Member
of Executive Council.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: my oar in on this one too.

Yes Mr. President, maybe $I$ should get
Mr. Preaident, I support this Bill
Sir, it is a simple Bitl, and their education is of much importanee to all Members. :So the opportunity witl be taken to drive home their support for it. But, if Honourable Members will cast their minde back to the Budget Sitting I think it was. A repolution was passed authorising the borrowing from the Caribbean Development Bank, and included in that borrowing was $\$ 300,000.00$ for elucational scholarshipe. Mr. President, this is not the first sum of money which Government has received from the Caribbean Development Bank for educationat soholarships. The problem which this Bill really seeks to correct Mr. President is that we in fact were borrowing money prior to the establishment of the Agricultural and Industrial Board, but the money, as the mover said, was diapersed by the Treasum, and broause sometimes the funds from the Caribibean Development Bank were used in conjunction with the Govermment funds, the amounts actually became comingled, that is aven the amounts which were repaid.

What is being eort here now
Mr. President is to tidy up that operation so that echotarships which.: are funded by moneys borrowed from the Caribbean Devetopment Boonk. and approved by the Education Council will be dispersed, and repayments made through the Agricultural and Induetrial Board. This is to prevent the comingling of funds, and so that the position as regards the Caribbean Development Bank money witl be known at all times and in all placee. Now ir. President.....

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: by that.

You are missing the bullet.
I am not sure what the Member means

MR. D. EZZZARD MILLER:
you are missing the boat.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
I am getting to the boat. I am just on the wharf now, I am walking towards it Mr. Fresident. The awarding of schotarships
Mr. President is not an easy task, but I would challenge any person in this House or outside to nome one instance where an applicant who was qualified, applied to fovermment for assistance for education, and did not receive that assistance. It is true Mr. President; that the Education Council has certain oriterias and it is a minimum oriteria in my opinion. One must have attained at teast four ' 0 ' tevel passes at grade $A, B$ or $C$., in srder to qualify for a schotarship.

HON. EENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): Mr. President this is a minimum qualification, and what we have done in the oase of those students not attending the Cayman Islonds Ihigh Schoot or not qualifying under the British system, we have used the American SAI' score, and set an equivalent score in the view of the Board, to a person who would have obtained four ' $O$ ' Levels. So that even those persons not faving four ' 0 ' Levels, have in fact qualified, and have received soholarshipo providing they could neet the minimum score on the SAT exams.

Now Mr. Fresident, if one studies the document which covers the conditione under which, this loan is made, it will be clear that it is not the intention of the Caribbean Development Bank to lower the standards of eligibility for toans. In fact it speaks of not being able to meet the minimum entry requirements of regional institutions, and the borrover, the Government is encouraged to lend us money for persons attending regional institutions, where the course of study desired is offered at a regionat institution.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Technioat sohools do not require
four ' $O$ ' Levets.
HON. BE ON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Fresident, I an coming to the technical aspect of it, and again Mr. President, the Board of the Education Council has, in the past where the otudent applying even though he did not have four' 'O' Levels could make the SAT' grade, awarded scholarships to persons to attend institutions in the United states. I believe the Member ehould recall one who received such a scholarship, and that was in a technical area.

But Mr.: President, the truth of the matter is that no amount of money can make a racehorse out of a jackass, and the quicker we understand this in this Conntry the better off ath of us are going to be. Because, if Govermment began doling out money to anybody who came and asked for a sohotarshin, whether in the opinion of the Council that person was serious about study, or was onty looking for a hotiday in the United States, and hr. President this has happened. Not with the Education Council luckily enoughs. but I know of one instance where an in-sarvice training schotarship was given and the recipient of that soholarehip was not in sohool, and it was detected some years later where the person was having a holiday, I think it was in Miami when he was supposed to have been at schoot in New York.

So Mr. preaident, one should not under estimate the efforts which have been made by Goverment over the years to provide money for tertiary education abroad. For example Mr. President, when the Caribbean Development Bank instituted its bduoational Loan Soheme it was available only for attendance at institutions in the region. The limit on the money which was set could not cover the cost to a Caymanian, certainty to attend an institution overseas outside the region, and Covermment negotiated with the Caribbean Development Bank to make this money available to be lent to students to attend non-regional institutions and to increase the limit in the oase of the Cayman Islands and one or two other areas which happen to have been represented by the same Governor of the Bonk at that time.

Mr. Frestident: I don agree unth the points that meant that we should be in my orinion. pushing for more technical and vocational training.

MR. W. McKEFVA BUSH:
Who made that point?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): I think I totd you that a coupte of days ago.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT:
I think he is telling me a lie.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Order, order.
trim to put greater emphasis on votech. subjects within the High Sohool curriculum, and as all Nembers know, we are moving as fast as we san on the Community college. In fact, it is already doing some exceltent work. Now that we have had the premises aoross the way whioh were formally ocoupied by the Agrioultural Department, released, work is starting to convert that area for further votech. trainirg including an improvement to our Hotel. Iraining Schoot....Mr. President, it is my hope that during these four years we will even see the Commuity College on its oun campus and in better surroundings even than across the way.

But, Mr. President, I cannot see how Members could expect anybody to be more highty and better quatified to deal with the granting of seholarshipe than the Education Council. It is made up of a number of teachers, and responsible people from the community. But Mr. President I will repeat again, standarde have to be set. "If we lower our standards and allow people to go off to some of these sub-standard institutions abroad, what we are going to end up with is a bunch of, I guess we will tave to call them graduates if they have got their certificates, coming back waving a certificate and demanding a job and they have no more idea of what they ought to do than before they went. We have to keep standards up, and that is the only way Mr. President that Caymanians are going to meet the challenge of this technological age in which we live. As $T$ have axid, no amount of money or no length of time spent abroad in an institution can make a racehorse out of a jackass.

It is thue that as a Government we have to try to find employment for everyone, and I was glad Mr. President that the Member made the point of so many people wanting to be pilots. I would like to share with the Member ard the House, an experience which I had a few days ago, to show how far bright youngsters in this Country are thinking. I was visiting the Primary schoole and I said to one youngster, "what are you going to do when you grow up"? He said "I am going to be an Airline Fitot Siri. I eaid "Well, do you think by the time you grow up, Cayman Airmays will have enough planes to employ all the people whom I have heard are going to be Airiine Pitots"? and immediatety he shot back at me Mr. Fresident "I am going to work for Republic Sir". So that youngster had made his plans, he has his marbles in line, and alt such students ae that one, when he comes of age to apply for a schotarship, I am sure the will have no problem because he is obviously thinking and plannind.

I would like to agree with one other comment which was made, and to assure Members that this area is atso. being addressed, and that is that I am convinced we do not place sufficient emphasis on career guidance and counelling within our education system. It is basically a charade to have, I believe it has been extended to two or three days now Mr. President, what we calt a Careers Convention at the High Sohool for the last two or three days of the tast two or three years of a childs education. Wes, in my opinion Mr. Fresidents have to reach the ohtidren much lower down the rung, and I can assure the Members of this Howse that action is in place to correct that deficiency, and others within the system.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): This has nothing to do with the Bitl before us really, and as I have said, the Bill here is seeking to really make an orderly job of expending the money which has been made available to Government by the Caribbean Development Bank for atudent loans, and this is the object of the Bill, to amend the Agriouttumat and Industrial Aids Law so as to enable that Bill to list among its functions the dispersal of student loans.

I welcome the need Mr. President, because we will know where we are with Govermment funds and the borrowed funds from the Caribbean Development Bank. Thank you.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The Second Elected Member for George

## Toum.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. President, the Bitl before us is a fairly straightforward Bill Sir, as it seeks to extend the functions and powers of the Agricultural and Industrial Aid Development Board, to enable it to provide financial assistonce to studente undertaking courses of education, approved by the Education Council.

Mr. President, the extension of the debate on this Bill is somewhat unfortunate Sir, and I refer specifically to some of the comments made by the First Elected Member of Enecutive Council., who is also the Member for Education. I would have thought Sir, that the Member would have had a better understanding of the needs of the people of the Cayman Istands. The Eiducation system in the Cayman Islands is in my opinion, an extension of the old Grammar sohool. system, and is the Gramar sehoot system in its verified form.

The Comprehensive System of education should cater to one and ali. But I think that the statistics of our sohoole will bhow that we can expect to drop, or have only about 20 per cent of the students each year going through the school system who will qualify before all others. Or indeed, will qualify for bertiary education in an acoredited institution overseas.

The question remains Mr. President, what is being done to assist the 80 per cent who will not qualify? I would have thought Mr. President, by this that attention would be focused primarily on this group of individuals. Because, I also know Sir, that at the base within the 80 percent, we are experiencing a number of social and other problems.

The Member for North Side dealt specificiatty with a very important point, regarding the training of vocational and technical students. This Mr. President, is perhups the area which this amendment should address most forceably. This is the area which requires the greatest attention, and Mr. President, in my support for this Bill, I would hope that the Member who spoke just before me will re-evaluate the Educational bstom and the sitwation in the Cayman Istands, and that he wilt bo much more sympathetio and much more sensitrve to the needs of this 90 per cent.....

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:

## (INTERRUPTION)

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: I know Sir that the Member is giving eome consideration to this, but I betieve Sir that this amount of consideration which he is giving is sadly Zacking.

The Education Counal's envolvement
I have no problem with, because I feet that it is an appropriate Body to deal with scholarships of atl natures. The only problem Mr. President is the guidance of the Education Councit. I feel Sir, that they are somewhat misled into feeling that soholarshipo must be given only to the academic students, and for the Member to refer to individuat Caymanians who may not be able to obtain four' 'O" Levele as 'Jaokasses' is most unfortunate.

MR, LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): I am aure he wizt regret this and probably pray about this tonight.

There are a lot of studentsi....
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Jackass's day.
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:... who witl not come out with four TO' Levels, Mr. President I think it is obvious that we are getting a lot of booing here today from across the House, but it is obvious Mr. President, that there are a number of students who witt not come out with four ' $O$ ' Levels. We know that some of the most industrious and successful men in the Cayman Islands today, are men who perhaps never finished elementary sohool, much less come out with four 'o' Levels. What would have happened to those people had they not been given a chance, and Mr. President, we are in a position where we can hetp this majority.

Mr. President, I know, regardless of the whispering I get from across the hall; that the Member is convineed that what I am saying makes a lot of sense. Mr. Fresident I support this Bitl, and as the Member for North Side has said, I trust that more attention and sensitivity. witi be given to those students who may not be academicalty oapable of reaching the four 'O' Levels. Thank you Mr. President.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think perhaps it may be a oonvenient moment to take our break, before I invite any other Member to speak, and so I will suspend proceedings for approximately twenty minutes.

AT 11:20 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 11 : 7 A.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
The Third Eteoted Member for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. OFRETT:
Thank you Mr. Fresident.
The Bill, seeks to extend the functions and powers of the Agricultural and Industrial Development Law, to enable it to provide financial assistance to students undertaking oourses of education approved by the Education Cowncil.

I xise to support this Bill, and I shall make my remarks few, but in listening to some of the debate on this Bill, I ean only agree that there has to be a standard set for deserving students to receive aid from the Agriculturat and Industriat Aid Development Board. What I think this Bill is seeking primamily to do, and the major change as $I$ see it is in the amendment of Seotion 6 . whion is:
"to enter into such arrangennts as it thinks fit to assist suitable persons to pursue such courses of education as may be approved by the Education Cotmeit to astabtished by section 3 of the Education Law.:

Mr. President, finst let me say that I an very sympathetic to alt students who would like to further their education. It must be a bit disheartening when one has certain grades set, and one is for one reason or another, unable to realise those goals. However Mr: Fresident, there are students who are extremely bright, there are those who are not so bright and those who fall in between.

MKS. DAPANE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): For the Education Council to be able Mr. President, to offer finanoial aid sohotarships to any and every student who would like to have a scholarship seems a bit impossible, for one reason or another However Mr. President, one of the things which I am very much in favour of is that a student must have something to which he is going to work towards. Should one not be rewarded for hard work, for dilizent study, for applying oneaelf to gain passee which will enable him to have an edge on those students who do not apply themselves. If a studint reatises that he does not really have to push, that he really does not have to discipline himself nor to make any sacrifices whatsoever, in order to get the best in " 0 ' Level pasees, or Grade One C.S. E'e, whatever he might be trying to achieve. If that student thinks for one moment that he can go out there and whether or not he has the passes, he can get a scholarship in any case. What really is there for him to strive for? What is the incentive, what are the rewards? Thre are many students who could do bettor if they would appiy themselves. Mind, Mr. Fresident there are thos students Who do, and for some reason are disappointed when the results of the exams are received. However, in these relarido we are very fortunate in that any student: who does not achieve thoge passes; when having taken the exams at the High school, is able to pursue his education at the Community College. In fact, it is arpanged in such a way, even if that student has a job working duming the dat, he can attend svening olasees. If he is working at night, he can make arrangenents to attend day classes.

Now Mr. Fresident, there are many peopte today who have reached the top of the ladder, and it was not alwaye easy going. There are many who have reached for the stars and have got there. There are others who hove reached for the stars, and have not got farther than the moon. But Mr. President, they have the reuards of diligerst study, hard work and pursuing a goal. When a young person does not have a goat he coutd have as many echolarships as could be handed to hims, and he witl make nothing of them. I think. it has to be seen that a young person is really interested in purguing an eduoation, and not just merely having to way 'T' werit overseas to College, I have a Cotlege Degree,' at cetera.

The Eduoction Council has to have standards set, and one has to meet those standards. It fottows in any area whether it is work, whatever it might bes one has to meet certain standards. If in the sohools students are not aurare of the fact that they have to push to get ahead in tife today, we witl see even less than that which we see not.

Mr. President, I feel that more deserving students are going to be over looked by the Eduaation Council when it is proven that that student is reallyserious atout what he wants to do. I reoognise that not every child is geared to medroine or low, or teaching of social servioes, there are other areas. But the same appties, if a student is realty interested in pursuing that goat, he will prove himself.

Now Mr. Irootdent, when the First Elected Mmber of Executive Councit mentionsd the ' 'Tackass' and the racehorse I think, I merely took it that he was making a reference such as one might say 'you cannot make blood out of stone'. I am sure that there wasothing intended in orying down students who do not have four 'o' Level passes. I think he was just trying to get a point across, and I would like to re-emphasise here that we are not trying to belittie, on discourage the students who do not oome out of the Iigh School with foun 'O' Levels.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): It is just that they do not fatt intio the some category as those children who do. They can, by applying themselves to further studies, or they adn decide whether or not they would oimply tike to take the other route in not being granted a soholarship. But for the Education Councit to change ite standarda to suit certain individuale, I aonnot see this Mr. President as being good at all.

The students at the High School, I
belisve are becoming muoh, much more interested in arreex opportunities. I believe they recognise that in the Cayman Islands today there are opportunities for them to reach the top, and many of them are applying themselves in order to meet the challenges.

Mr. President, I would tike to support this Bill and I trust that other Members would seek but to do so.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Second Elected Member for Bodden
Town.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, the Bill before the House. sceks to extend the functions of the Agricultural and Industrial Aid Development Board.

Many peopte these days try to get on the band waggon of the Agriaultural and Industrial Boord. I would tike to point out that there is nothing new in what the Govermment is doing today, because this Board was set up in 1978 under a well known Administration. In fact, the student loans themselves were started prior to 1976. I think the first student loan of $\$ 50,000.00$ from the Caribbean Development Bank had been approved even prior to 1976. So there is no need to oongratulate the Govermment on what they are trying to do today, beause they are doing nothing nen.

However; I would say I support the
Bill, in that I feel it is time to expand the soope of this Board, and the Member introducing the Bitl made it alear that the amending Bilt seeks only to make it possible for the Board to deal with providing finanoial assistance to students undertaking courses of education approved by the Eduation Council.

The last speaker seemed to say that the Education Council should not be asked to change its standards for schotarships. I would like to say that when the Member for North Side spoke, and the Second Elected Member for George Town spoke they did not give me the impression that they were asking the Education Councit to change its standards of four 'O' Levels for sohotarships. I did not get this impression. What they were saying was that there are children who deserve scholarships or student loans, who do not attain four ' 0 ' Levels. We know this is true, not only here but alt over the Country, and all they ape saying and I support their view that move emphasis must be paid to this, one of the Mambers called it the 80 per cent, who do not achieve as high an aoademic standard, but whose contribution to society is equally as valuable. If a person wants to enter any technical area such as electrical or mechanical. or a hurdred and one other fobs, Govemment should make available to those persons the same terms of soholarship and the some terms of toans, so that they can receive their six monthe or thres jears training, whatever it takes, to qualify them to fitl their jobs in society.

The Bible says that there will always be hewers of wood and drowers of water, which in my interpretation means that in every society there will be jolse for everybody. A small percentage will be doademically inclined, and perhape will become doctors and lawyers.

Mr. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTTNUING): But a society needs builders, it needs plumbers, it needs electricians, it neads street sweepers it needs somebody to do every job which needs to be done.

I support the Member from North Side and the Member from George Town who raised.....

## MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: And the Member from West Bay
.....who raised this vital point. It is very necessary that the Education Department take the necessary steps to make avaitable $t_{n}$ these studsnts the necessary trainin? and funds.

Government had started in a small way to provide some training tooally, and I was alarmed to learm this week that after a visit by the Member for Education to our Trodes Schools, that one of the teachers received a letter or a telephone call saying that his services would no longer be necessary because his class would be no more, and the students in that clase would be transferred to another class.

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HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Do you know how many studente are
involved?
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MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
$I$ am talking about your action. You would not like to hear this but I think you have heard enough from Members this morming, to show the whole world where your interests lie.

HON. BEXSON O. EBANKS: If you want to get personal and pay some more:

MR. G. HATG BODDFN:
Thank you Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: I would Mr. President, Ronourable Members, tural and Industrial Aid Law.

Bitt for a taw to amend the Agricut-
Mr. Fresident, I speak on this Bitl since the subject of AIDB will soon be returning to the Portfolio of Development and Natural Resources. But in the case of the student. loan scheme which is being debated here, and Mr. President, it seems to me that because some Members did not have the opportunity or did not take the opportunity to debate the Throne speech, that they are making use of these facilities debating these Bills to get a bit of their Throne Speech debate on it.

Spexking of the student Zoan scheme Mr. President, this has been in operation for quite a long time, over ten years I would salf. The procedure which was uesd in the past was long and cumbersome. This bitt is seeking to simptify that, to speed up proceedure and make it a bit more tolerable to students. For instance, in the earlier days the application would be made to the Education Councll, from there it would be forwarded to my Fortfolio of Finance and Devetopment and then forwarded to the Caribbean Development Bank for assessment, and if the Caribbean Development Bank approved of it, it would come back to the Portfotio where the Treasury would deat with the releasing of the funds and the administration of the funds.

IION. VASSELL G. JOHNSON (CONTINUING): NOW of course, this Bitl is seeking to place that finanetal control under the $A T D B$, because $A I D B$ te largety administering $C D B^{\prime} s$ funds here, and so it is quite simple to place another of $C D B^{\prime} s$ echemes under the $A T D B$; and put them att together.

Mr. President, the Caribbean Devetopment Bank administering the scheme awards scholarship loans to students who have been approved by the Education Couneit, but the funcls are limited whioh means that the students must find supplementation from some other source, but the Loan alone from Caribbean Development Bank would never put them through a course of learning at any learning institution in the wortd, and so this must also be bormes in mind, and it is rather the parents subsidising the scholarship, unless of course, Goverrment does it themaelves.

Mr. Preaidert, the scheme approved by the Caribbean Development Bank restricts the Zoan funds to be used onty in those termitories with association with the Bank, but the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom are inctuded, and those ape the areas where most Caymanions attend schoot. Sir, there is no difficulty where our students are concerned in using the facilities of the Caribbean Development Bank.

It is a very useful facility, because education has got to be one of our foremost goals in the Country. -Young students in our local sohoole must atways find an outlet to higher education, and this acn only be obtained abroad. We have many students here whose parents can very well afford to findnce their higher education,: but we also have a number, quite a large number of less fortunate chitdren who must either go to Govermment or to some institution like the Caribbean Development Bank with their stuadent loan soheme to finunce their acholarships abroad. We hope that Caribbean Development Bank with see fit from time to time to improve the facilities which are offered in this scheme. In other words, to increase it so that it can be used by a greater number of studente.

Mr. Presidents a mention was made
a white ago about the dismissat of a student/staff as the case may be, a teacher rather. The situation Mr. President was in that particular arrangement, eix students to two teachers, which was costing quite a lot of money, and reducing the teaching ataff by ane was a Togicat way of adjusting the finanoiat arrangement there.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
And getting rid of a good Unity Feam
Bupporter, right.
HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: .. As far as I am concerned. Mr. President, it does not matter to me whether it was the Unity. Team of some other team. The thing is that we must be conscious at all times, of the financiat implications in all the semiees whion we offer.

Did we get a job just because we were
a Unity Team supporter?
HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Mr. Presidents I am bure that the debate on this small bill which is so widely supponced by alt the speakers who have debated it already. It neede very litite more to be said about it, and I thought I would make my smalt contribution, and again I support the Bitl Mr. President.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak who has not spoken atready? The First Elected Member for the Lesser Ietands.

CAPT. MABRY S. KTRKCONNELL: . Mr. President, the Bill now before the House which aeeks to extend the functions and powers of the Agricultural and Industrial Aid Development Board, to enable it to provide financial assistance to studente undertaking courses of education approved by the Education Council, has my fult support.

I feet that it is our duty to help studente who are in need of financial assistance. I would like to call to the attention of the Honourable Members of this House that these are student loans, they are repayable, and to those who will benefit from them, it is very incumbent upon them that they make their repayments according to the schedule, so that others who follow will have the same opportunity to draw down on loans. For if the $y$ do not make their repayments as they should, it means that the fund could be depleted, and they would deprive students coming behind them from the opportunity which they enjoyed.

> I too, like previous speakers am
concerned about those who do not qualify to go on to Iniversity. I feet we have a need in our community for vocational and technical training. I know and support the Community College, I look forward to when they will have their permonent home, so it can expand. But in the meantime, I feel that as much of this loan money as can be made available for vocational and techniad training, should be ahannelled in that direction.

Mr. President, there is a limited number of professionals whom we can place in our society. There is no sense as was said earlier, of having many airplane pilots, many doctore, too many lawyers and other professionals coming back to our Country aeeking mployment, when the commmity cannot absorb them into our society. We muet depend on the fact that the majority of our people will need technical and vocational training.

I would ask, that in administering this fund, that those who are responsible $d$ give apecific emphasis to teahnical and vocational training.

Thank you Mr. President.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? In which case, does the Mover wish to exercise his might of reply?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Yes, Mr. President.
Firstiy to say thanks to Honourable Members for their support of the Bitl, and perhaps while $I$ an on my feet Mr. President, I need to clarify a bit further, some points which I did try to make.

In dealing with the bonding Mr. President, I may have stopped short in the explanation. I believe I remember saying that the person would be borded for one year. But it is right to correot it, to say that it is one year for every, $\$ 2,000.00$ of the scholarship, with a limitation of five yeare for a surn of $\$ 10,000.00$ or more.

One Member did raise the point in relation to $a$ moratomion on the repayment of the loan while the student is pursuing his study. There is, and there always has been Mr. President, a moratorium period. Presently the student is required to repay the loan three months after he has taken up employment. Further Mr. President, pexpaps it would be good since some conments were made that adequate publioity has not been given to one specific side of the Education Council's CDB Toane in partioutar, and that is the vocational side, the eligible progranmes of study under the student Zoan Mr. President vary from law to medicine to engineering to dentistry, to business to architeoture, agricultural aourses as well as vocational studies, inoluding handioraft, catering, welding, automechanics and upholstery.

FiON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON (CONTINUING): Also inctuded gre oourses: in tourism and restaurant management, and on the techmieat studies side pharmacology, electronias, quantity line surveying, dietetics, banking and perhaps lastly. I shoutd say veterinamy studies.

There ware some points made earbter as wett Mr. President, relating to persons who appty for a toon, or an Education Council scholavship requiring four ' $O$ ' Levele. This ise true Mr. President, the Education Council in some casee requings that the applicant shauld have four ' 0 ' Levels, devending on the course and. the institution to which he ts seeking admittance. I remember in a nuber of cases where the person who applied was not in the publio High schoot system, but was in the Triple 'C' or Tmath for youth. Schools, and provided they sat the SAT soones and came up with favourabte results, soholarships woutd be given as well.

The toan in " Tresident, atlows etudente to btudy within the region, by that we mean within the Caribbean community, the Eiasterm Caribbean, the Comonmarkets the Organisation of: Eastern Caribbean States, the University of the West Indies, or such other institutions as may be approved by the' bunk. The loan also, allows extra reqionat education institutione, which means an educational institution in non-regional member countries of the Bank, for example the United States, on any other dountry which the bank must opecify in, " writing.

Mr. Presidont, the loan agreement and the guidelines; oovering this Zoan agreement, this student loon agreement is to some extent flexible, there are requirements. which att of uo would agree, have to be met by any student who takes up a Zoan. He must cign a bond to return to work in the countrma mot to work for Goverment, but to work in this country, as mentioned eartier when we offer over US\$2,000.00 with a maximum of five years.

Thank you Mr. President.
MR. PRESIDENT;
The question before the House is that: a Bill for a Law to amend the Agricultimat and Industrial Aid Low 1978 be given a second Reading.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED: THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL AID (AMENDMENI) BILL, 19B6, GIVEN A SECOND READING.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad \therefore \quad$ Bills. First Reading.
THE SUNDAY TRADING (AMENDMENT) BTIL, 1986.

## FIRST READING

CLERK: $\because$ THE SUNDAY TRADTNG (AMENDMENT) BILIL, 1986.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

The Bill entitled a Bill for a Law to
conend the Sunday Trading Law is deemed to nove been read a first time, and is set down for Second Reading.

CLERK: B Before the Second Reading, I would tike to say to membero that I have now circulated a reprint of the firbe Green Bizl, with reference to eection 81 sub-section (c) to the amendment.

## SECOND READING

CLERK:
THE SUNDAY IRADING (AMENDMENT) BTLL, 1986
$\frac{\text { HON. W. NORMAN BODOEN: Mr. Freoident, I move the Seand }}{\text { Reading of the Bill entitled a bill for a Law to anend the Sunday }}$ Trading Law, Chapter 161.

This Bill seeks to make a number of amendments to the Sunday Trading Law, which have been olearly set out in the Memomandum of Objects and Reasons.

Mr. tresident $I$ arave the indulgence of this Honourable House to relate or outline as briofly as possible, the events as I see them which led up to the present situation, and the stage we have now reached with bringing necessary amendments to the Sunday Trading Inxw, to this House.

26 yeare ago, the wegislators of this land saw fit to pass a Law to consela Sunday Trading. However, prior to this Aet, and as far back as most Caymanians can reeall, tittle or no business was aver allowed to be transacted on Sunday, Good Friday or Christmas Day. So while it can be said, that wo to 1959 there was no written law against sundaty Trading which toas passed locallys and I am not sure perhape before that, the taws of Jamaica applied here in that regard. But of one thing I an cerrain, and that is that the people of our Country follow without fatling the religious faiths, principles and traditions of their forefathers and atl the aettlers of these Istands who kept those daye free for worship at thes Chureh of their choice reserved for a closer family life.

Generatly speaking, this is stitt the wish and desire of the majority of the peoples, but as I have said many times before from this platform, a price to paid for progress, and bit by bit, we have witnessed through the yeare a steady change in our life styzes and a graduat erosion of our hemtage and oustoms. The heavy finarcial demands of 'koeping ut with the Jones's' hrings about, have taken their toll, and we are all aught up in this modern trend, which to my mind can threaten the very fabrio on which our small, but so far secure sooiety has been founded.

In the years since the Sunday Trading Low was firest passed, we have seen our Islands transformed from what was once described as 'the Islands which time forgot' to a popular tourist destination and international finanoial center. We have gone from a Country which played host to 31,000 touriste in 1970 to 403,000 in 1985, just 15 years, from a Country with a smatt budget of onty $\$ 600,000.00$ in 1960 to a budget of $\$ 69,000,000.00$ in 1986. Our Trade and Business Licences have increased from 830 in 1973 to 1,833 in 1985, a span of 12 years.

## Despite our ohvious prosperity and

 progress, I would dare say that there are still those among us who at times might perhaps be tempted to tong for the good otd days, but there can be no doubt about $i t$, we cannot turn back the olock, neither do we really want to. For in the progess, we have beeome the envy of many Caribbean countries as well as others around the world, from a materiatistic point of view. Therefore some changes are to be expeoted, some changes are inevitable with which we, ae Caymanians, must team to cope and to accept. Nevertheless, this does not prepent those of us with a serious ooncern for the future of our Country, to take a stand for what is most suitable to our particular case at this time." We do not have to be just like the rest of the world in every respect.HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): I am certain Sir, that Legistatons in 1960 desired the Sunday Irading Lay to neet the needs of the Cayman Islands of the day. But with the passage of time, a revision of this Law has now become both necessary and urgent.

Naturatly, the need for serviees demanded primarily by a growing tourist industry on which we have beoome so dependent for economic survivat, haw to be met, and so through the yeare we have witnessed the establishment of a vast variety of businesses, some of which are required to provide services sev $n$ days a week. We have seen big hotels built, many condominiums, restauranto, bars, larger and different shops such as Duty Free, those speoialising in souvonirs and large supermarkets. We have airlines flying in ard out night and day, the development of organised, welt equipped operatione, sightseeing attractions of many varieties and so on. of course, there was a Sunday Trading Law somewhere about, but it has remained rather domant. Some seem willing to tum a blind eye as business activities increased on sundays, and no-one seemed willing to tackle the unpopular or popular, depenaing on which side you look at it, task of dealing with this Lau.

However, complainte from the public started coming in, and serious coneern was being strongly expressed by a cross-section of our communty. After fiving the matter serious oonsiderations, Govermment decided that something had to be done. The Law had to be enforced, amended or repealed, and to face facts, there oan be no doubt about it if the situation which has devetoped in our midst is ignored or left unattended, we could easily reach a stage whereby our great Caymanian tradition and way of life witl be completely tost. It will no longer be just a smalt oomer stall open nin Sundays for a few items, it will spread to other areas and to much larger operators. Our identity and many of the qualities whioh attracted visitors to our shores in the first place will disappear. so the views of the publio on Sunday Trading were solicited, and as oan be expected many varied and different views were expreseed. The publio was invited to write in to the Portfolio on this matter, and over a period of six weeko the following tetters were recelved, some of them supported restrictions on Sunday Trading, white others would just as soon see Sunday trading prohibited altogether. There were 12 letters from various Church groups, one of those letters carried 72 signatures, one carried 65. There was one with 45 signatures and one with only two signatures. : Additionally, we had 12 lettere from 12 individuals, one with four: signatures to $i t$, one from an organisation with sist signatures and one from a sohool with two signatures.

On the other hand, a total of seven letters were received in support of allowing trading on Sundays. Two of those lettere said it was necessary and five fert that trading on Sunday should be allowed because Saturday is the brbtieat Sabbath and the day when trading should be prohibited.
$I$ would like to take this opportunity to thank alt those individuals, organisations and churches who took the time and interest to write in. I san truthfutty 'say their views and conments are very helpful to us.

MR. PRESIDENT:
moment, whill he be some and If In ine for a few minutes?

Perkaps, if this is a convenient point to break his spe oh, it will be sensible if we take our tunch breck now then, would that be....

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: That woutd be fine Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
In that case I will suspend ppoceedings. :"
untz approximately two fifteen.

AT 12.47 ץ.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:28 F.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Proceedings are resumed, the second Reading Debate on the Sunday Trading (Amendment) Bit2 1986. "The Second Elected Member of Executive Council.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. President, when the House broke for lunch I was referring to the various letters which had been received, and the various views which had been expressed.

Now I have the greatest of respect for every mans religious convictions and beliefs, and the rights of religious freedom in this Country will always be upheld and supported by this, or any other responsible Govermment. So everyone is entitled to hold to their own religious convictions. It is not my intention in this respect, to enter into any argument or position in relating to this matter.

I would only like to point out that we are not introdueing a new lins, we are dealing with the updating of a low already on the books, which deale with trading on a apecific day or days. Now I underistand that there is a move underway in the United Kingdom at this time to repeal their legistation on Sunday Troding altogether. I also know that there are those who olaim that we should perhaps be like theirs, that the Sunday Trading Law is foolishness, and that any attempt to amend it is a waste of time. Welt as I have said before, everyone is entitled to his or her views, and white $I$ can respect them $I$ do not have to acoept or necessarily agree with that line of thinking.

The Sunday Trading Law, just as any other taw can serve us well if property enforced, and respected by the people whom it is designed to serve. It is mb view that if there were no laws to restrict Sunday Trading the results would be a trading free-for-all, something which would further deteriorate the family units datd glace a strain on the family and in fact, could be bad again for our society and also the Church. Fomilies witl be separated on the one day of the week which they ordinamity sperk together as a family, and even the one day of the week which th mormally free of traffios, with go, and there can be no doubt about it, oosts are bound to go up.

To enforee the law as it stande presently, would undoubtedly oreate inconvonience and perhaps an. unreasonable situation. To sorap the taw as some would euggest. is unwise and unacoptable to the majority. It is therefore Govermment'e position that we should"keep our Sunday Trading Law, but with the necessary amendments to suit as far as possibze and praoticable the particular needs and circumstances of the Cayman Istands.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): Admittedly, this is no easy exereise but at the same time it is also true, that the easiest and most popular route is not always the best.

The current tow has several irregularities and ambiguties and loopholes which have to be corrected, and there are several categories of businesses which witl aleo have to be exempted.

Therefore Mr. President, this surddy Trading Bill is brought before this Honourable House today for the consideration of Honourable Members. It is designed to regularise the situation in order to allow those businesses generally considered essential to tourism, as well as to provide limited services to the general public to trade legally, but at the same time, to prevert any further large soate esalation of business activities on sundays. I am sure that this will not make the law perfect, for no law is, just as ne one is infallible. But at this time this seems to be the right and most suitable means of meeting the needs of our Country, white salvaging some semblance of the Sunday which the majority were traditionally brought up to respect.

Now Mr. Eresident, to deal with the proposed amendments. Clause 2. seeks to delete the definition of "tourist", which in fact is a consequential change. Tourists, in the law as it etands now relates to a passenger or arew member whoge stay did not oxceed 12 hours, and was used in subsection 3 . of Section 6 to differentiate between sates made to persons who were considered tourists, as opposed to those who were not. A fine was also imposed for any sales made to non-tourists on Sundays. Also in item 8 , under the first schedute dealing with the opening of stores for sates to touriste is also being deleted. It is also proposed to delete sub-section 3 . of Section 6. and therefore it will no longer be necessary to make a distinction, and there is no need to define "tourists". As to my mind, a sate is a sale made regardlese to whom it is made.
clauce 3. seeks to make it mandatory for an order iesued by a Constable to close a property, to be conplied with forthuith. The word "forthuith" has been aldeds. in order to etrengthen this seation of the law.

Clause 4. seeks to amend Section 5. by making it also an offence to sell goads on a prohibited day, by addition of the word melln. Because, as the law now stands, it states onty that a person shall not offer or expose for sale any goods. It must also be the sale of, which is the offence, and this is seen as necessary in order to strengthen this section.
clause 5. which amends Section 6. of the lows, deletes the reference to the Seoond Schodule which th has been decided to eliminate and combine with the First Sohedule, by listing the exempted establishments and specific titeme which oan be sold, att under one schedute. Additionally, the opportunity has been taken to insert "Governor" in the place of "Administrator". Also the oubseotion dealing with the sale of duty free goods to cruise ship passengers on sundays is being repealed. It is felt that this witl not adversely affect oruise ship arrivals on sundays. Very felw oruise ship armivate are scheduled on that day, and in the event that there is the odd request received, the operators will just have to be politely told that they are welcome to call here and enjoly what the Cayman Islands have to offer, but the stores are closed on Sundays. As I mentioned eartier, eubeaction 3. dealing with sales to persons other than tourists is also being deleleted.

HON. W. NOFMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): Clause 6 amends Section 7. Wu deteting the reference to the soreening off of premises, and makes it clear that when there are two small bueinesses situated together, one of which can be legally operated on sunday, then it must be property partitioned off from the other.

Clouse 7 with amend section 9: by repeating subsection 2 which made provision for the offender to be charged with a separate offence for each article sold, and intromues a new subsection 3 in order to bring the penalties for breach of the Law to a more realistio tevel. In the current Law, the fine is five pounds or two months in one instrones, and ten pounde or three months in the other. The nel seation increases this to $\$ 500.00$ for a first conviation and $\$ 1000.00$ on six monthe imprisonment for a second or subsequent conviction. Also reference to the old post of Stipendary Magistrate has been updated to Court of Summary Durisdiotion.

Clause 8 detetes the provision for a tubs established under any Law, as this is now coneitered unnecessary. It amends the reference to certain already exempt establishments, by clearty identifying the items which can be cotd, and the specifice purposes for which an establishment oan open to conduct business on a prohibited day. It combines the Second schedute with the First, and adds severat new categomies, types of businesses whioh are generatty considered essential to our tourtst industry, and to some extent the general public. These businesses have been and are atready: perating on prohibited days, and this amendment seeks only to reoutarise the situation, in view primarily of their importance to tourism. Due to the fact that the Finst and Second soheduteo have been combined. I would tike to take this opportunity. to raview the combination of the sohedules, and what the nev tou with appear to be.

Con number 1. Drugaist shops and Diepensaries, in relation to the cate of metioat stores onty, is an aremption which already extsta in the Law.

Number 2. Restourants, Hotels and Lodging Houses are already listed as exempte? businesses under the Low.

In number 3. reado, eptablishments for the sale of 'motor fuel or oit' and what has been amended to be added to that are the words "in relation to the sate of those items".

Number 4. Motor Vehicle Repair Shops; or Service stations, and what has been added in retation to the sate of those items, and of spare parts for motor vehietes. Hstablishmente for the sate of bread, iee, ine areom, non-atconolic beverages, milk, newspaners in relation to the sale of those items the Law already provided for severat of these items, and we have added a fow more.

In number 6 . Establishments governed. by any Inw for the time being in force in the Istands, requlating the sate of intoricating liquors and what has been added are the words "in relation to the sale of intomioating tiquor".

Mr. President, I would like to atate here that many of the letters which I received on the Sumday Trading, we were asked to do atuat with the opening of bars on Sundaya, and I. would just like to point out that for this matter to be dealt with, it would have to be handled through an anendment to the Liquor Licensing Deto, not the Sundaly Trading Law, and Section 11 of the Liquor Law states that eate as otherwise specificalty provided, no ticense other thim a hoter lioensee, a restaurant tiocnsee or a wine and beer licensee shati dispose of intoxionting liquor on Sundays, Christmas bay or Good Friday. I onty make thie point beoause I betieve it is a misunderstanding by certcin seotors of the community, that atl bars ape allimed to be men on Sundays, and this is not sorrect.

HON. W. NOPMAN BODDEN (CONTINING): No regulare bare, full bars are atlowed to be open on shondays. This under the tiquor Licensing Lan" provision has made for bar restaurants onty, meaning that a meat has to be suppitied,

Item 7 dealing with clubs has been deteted, also Item \& relatina to shop or store for the sate to tourists has been deteted.

Item 9. which 7 tiats establishments approved by the Governor in Council, by pubtication in the Gazette, for the sale of duty-free goods.

Item 10. Establishments concermed
in water sports or sightseeing attractions.
Item.11. Establishments within the
curtilage of a hotel in relation to the aale to guests of that hatel of souvenir items, toiletries and mediact supplies.

Item. 12. Establishonents engaged in the sale or supplys of funerat oaskets or flowers, in relation to the sale or supply of those ttems.

Item 13. Establishments for the sale of victuats, stones or other necesbaries required for a ship or airoraft on arrival at on imnediately befone departure from a port or arport in the Islands, in relation to the sale of those items.

Item 14. Flatrdressing and bexuty
salons.
Item 15. Airline and shipping offices.
In adlition. Mr. President, I have circulated a Committee Stage amendment which I propose to make when this Bill is being dealt with by Committee, and that adds Item 16. Establishments aarrying on retail business at an airport, and

Item 17. Establishments concermed in the rental of motorcars, motorcycles or bicyoles, or in the rentat of charter of boats in retation to such rentals or charters.:-

These Mr . Fresident, are the items and establishments which are exempted under the Inw, and as $I$ have said before, I know that it is not perfeot, but considerable thought has been taken in develowing the list for exemption. Some changes have undoubtedly become necessary, but sir, it is importont that we keep our Sunday Trading Law, and that it be in foroe by the Police, and that it be respected by the oitizens of our Country. There is absolutely no need nor necessity for us to copy evem bad habit from every country around the world. We have our identity which must be maintained, and I feel that this Law will enable us to supply the eervices which are needed in the development of our Country, at this stage. I believe that it is reasonabte and fair Mr. President, I conmend this Bitl to the House, and I ask all Honourable Members for their support.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The motion before the House is that a Bill entitled a Bill for a Low to anend the . Funday Trading Laww, Chater 161, be given a Second Readina. The motion is now open for debate. The Second Elected Member for West Bay.

[^6]MP. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUTNG): Diffieult Beoause as aprogrebsing Country we need to do everything in thie world possible to help our poopte. Difficult, because we recognise and have reoomised in thïs Country that a Sunday is a hoty day, and so from the bottom of my heart, it is a difficult aubject. It is one that should not'be used for political reasons.

Mr. President I qute wett remember going back a oouple of years to how it used to be on sunday, and hwing more or leses come from a onemparent home, I remember quite well what my mother taught me. Surkay is a holy daw, and we as chitdren should keep it hoty. We were never athoued even to get out of the house after we came back from chunch. We stayed in the house unitit four or five o'clock, then we sow the suntight by going back butside juat before it was time again to get ready for church. he I have said, this Sunday business goes deep with me.

Mr. President, mi debate on this is not going to be long, beause whether it ia used againet me potitically or not, I will stand by my convictions. I will try to be as fair as possible.
nro. Fresident, mony people have called me. I have had representations from most of the ohurohes in my constituency and they are strietly against anything beina open on sunday, and while I sympathise with some of their feelings, we have to reoognise also that this Country will not ontinue if we just alose dow everything on sunday: White $I$ do not arree, or $I$ do not atways acree with a Thatf-uay house, I think that we are doing mitht if we try to satisfy the majority of the people.

I am ooncerned however, that there are people who do not open their stores on Saturday for instance, but they open them on Sunday. Now the other thing is, that we can not legislate for every religion or every other aspect in this Country. but I have to be concerned when $I$ know that peopte witl olose up their stores on Saturday white other stomes att around them are oben, and they are not making any noise about it: One has to question that partioular situation, those perple, and I an referring sir to the seventh Day Adventiets, because I have the greatest of respect for that denomination they are not a pressure group, and they do witnees to the wortd in thetre works, and as far as I an oncerned, this is christianitu at work. I am a presbyterian str.

In this particular Bitl there are items
for instance, items for babies, such as pampere ard other itema, an? it is possible that the need for these miaght arise on a sunday in an emergency. If one does not have a bamper on a baby; one knows what kind of mess one will have, it will be an even bigger mess.
$M \mathrm{r}$. Fresident, there are items such as water which are not covered under this Bitl. Again it coutd arise in an emergency, and I feel that these items ought to bo covered, and when $I$ say that $I$ am not alwoys in agreement with the hitf-wty situation this Bilt is $I$ believe alt that, trying to ptease one side and trying to please the other. It is a difficult thing to do, but those partioular items I feel need to be oovered.

Mr. President, sone people oome to me and they spoke to me ooncerming the duty-free tems eaying that we are killing the toumiate and stopning tourism. Well, this may be twue, I have not seen any statistics to prove it. I doubt that the Nember is trying to kill tourism. I think he io doing his level best to bring it up. But what I feet is going to kill it in dealing with these duty-free items is the hiah cost of these items

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): The other day T une talking to two tadies and they were on a ship, and they told me that att they could do was look, they could not buy because things were so expensive. I talked to same toumists and I asked them how they felt about it, they said it wrs netther here nor there for them. They oome in late on Saturday, night, sometimes the Condominiven Monagers know when they are coming in, and most of the time they do, and are prepared for them. The condominium where my mother worke, the Manager there does just that, shemakes provision for things whith she knowe that they witl need if there is a late flight, and I think it. is a very good thina. Mr. President, as I have said, I witl
not be long. I will support this Bill. but I do feel that we ought to be more reatistio in the things which can be ootit on sunday. With these fow words Mr. President, I trust that this matter witl not be blown up as a political thing, with political hay made from it. I think we will be doing ourselves a areat disservice.

Thank you very much sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? No Member wishes to speak? I think, the Third Elected Member for West Bay.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT: Mr. Ereeident, I rise in support of this Bill in respect of the Sundy Trading Law' Sir. Needless to say, I may be a little bit mone conservatipe in certain respects thon the Member who has provosed this Bill before us. "I do not know that I with need to be vary Long either, because it is no aeoret to anyone sitting in this House that Sunday has tradtrionally been a very hoty and respected day. It is also very welt know to the Members sitting in this House Sir, that over the past several years throurh simple oapelessness, and in some instances ionoronce perhats, but I doubt whe ther there was so much ionoronee amongst our local people. The Sunday which we knew to be kept as a day of rest and worship, and a day to be spent with the fomity happene to be one of the biagest partying days on these Istands. If one takes a walk or a ride down the Wet Bay Road and Seven Mile Beach, one has to wonder whether one is really in the same Camman Islands of a few years ago. The only. strong argument which I can hear from anyone as to why this has come about, is that we have to oater for tourists. Mr. Presilient, we may be a small: country, and we cannot compare ourselves by the siae of our population with many big aountries in the world, but. I would venture to say that any traditions which they hold dear, any customs whioh they might have, it is not possible for us to go there and ohange them. The size of our population should not in any wy diminish our determination to hotd on to what we know as being good right and proper. To hold on to those things which we know have done us no harm, but rather a lot of good.

There are very fou services
inn. President which I oon think of, that if our people knew they were not avaitable on Sunday, they would not make provision for it on Saturday. Even if one has a toothache or a hearache, one makes sure to get to the hospital or the dental alinio on the days that it is open, because it has to be a"dixe emertency to get helo othemrise. The drugstores are olosed, and mony other places are aloocd.

As far as tourism goes $M r$. Enesident, I have been in: pooition in reeent months, and over the weans as velt, to speak to visitors to these Tratands, at one time or another on this particulor subject, and I say this honestly and truethfully, the majority of those peonte to whom I spoke saw no reason why Caymonians could not stick to olosing places of business on sundays.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUSNG):In particular, I was dealing with the people who visited condominiums, and they would be the type of touriets who would find it most difficult. In a hotel of course, one has pestauronts where breakfast, Itaneh or dinner may be served. But. in condominums it is a bit different. Food has to be in the apxrtment if one is going to cook and have breakfast and so on, sinoe restaurant facilities are ubually not provided for in a ondomininm complex. However, Mr. Presiolent, it has been going on for some time, and I see no reason why it canot oontinue to do so, that Condominium Managers for the few, and repeat that; the few arrivats on sundias, o $t$ does not have ten on twelve on fourteen, one might have three or four parties arriving on Sunday. The Condominium Managers make it a point to get breakfast items and a few other things put in the aportment, sending the bill there and it is paid for - the guests are hapru. The restrurants are open, they are able to 90 apross and if thely wont breakfast, tunch or dinner they may purchaee it. So I feet that here is a situation where we do not really have a strong argument ce to the reasons why stores chould be open, without any restriations what so ever on a Sunday.

Mr. President, the fact that it is tradition is one thing. Things change, progreas oomes, years go on, but believe tt or not, even in large oities in the Inited states I hate seen advertisements on the television and in the press of supermarkets and other stores which make an effort to get across to the publice "we are otosed on sunday", and this is not where it ends, they state the reason why they are olosed. They believe that there must be a time for familice to get together, to be able to worship together, to be abte to spend time whether it is just to ait at home and talk, but when one has employees who have to to eompolled to go to work on Sunday, in alt areas one has a probtem. $t$ am think pight now of $a$ Zarge supermarket ohain in the United States 'Publios' it is one of the most profitabte supermorket ohains in the United states, and they time and time again advertise 'We do not orer on sunday, it is a day of rest ond worship and a time for famities to be together'. Mr. Fresident, I do not noed to go into alt the sooial problems which we howe in the Cayman Islands today, but I would venture to say that we dertainiy do not need to add to the reasons behind atl the problems which we are having, and, $I$ have a strong feeling that in no small way, the fret that parents and often times children as welt are out, they are working, they are not getting together seven days a week, there is no olosoly knit conmuniaation, nothing being done together, and Mr. President it has to have an adverse effect on this oommity. We are not the Unitex, States, we are not any other place, This is the Caimon Istands. If we are different in some respects, and in the areas in whioh we are different it is not to our detriment, then $I$ see no reoson why we should at this stage, allow these things to just go down the drain in the name of tourism.

If a toumiat understrads that he
sannot purchase his duty-free items on sunday, he will purchase them on Saturday. Mr. Presidant, the some goas for our locat people, there are emergencies, I know there are omergencies, and I feet that this partioular Bitt has perthaps aone as far as tt orn go. $t$ woutd venture to say in oertain enses trave it as it was, but $I$ an wondering sir, if those places whioh are permitted to carmy on business woutd be prepared to say to an employee 'I with pay wou doubto time for sundays'. Is one going to get extra poy for oming in on Sundayas

MRS. DAPHNE L, ORRETY (CONTINIING):Mr. President, I was somewhat under the impression that the Sunday Trading Law might have affected the Liquor Licensing Los. Of course I. have tearnt for quite some time now that that is not the case, ionever, Mr. President tould Tike to remind this Honourable House that it is my intention to bring back a motion to this House that we seek to curtail the sale of liquor on Sunday, and when I do, the tourist is not going to be upper most in my mind. The tourist is going to have to accept that one of the most detrimental thinge we have in our society tokly is aloohol, it is abused and Sundiay is the day when most of $i t$, in my opinion, is sonsumed. Betive me, if one aanot go to the store and pick up a bag of suate, then one ought not to be able to go to a bar and piok up a drink. Mr. President, here and now $I$ am Zettina thio House know that this is one of the areas in which I witl ba seeking an anendment to the Liquor Licensing Law.

MR, W. MOKEEVA BUSF:
What happens if they buy it on saturday
nzght.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Mr. President, I would venture to say here that within this House it is not alt fun and ames, and some thinge are really not funny to me, and when I am deating inth a matter as serious as the abuse of aloonot and drugs. Mr. Prestdent, that is not a joke.

These Istands are in a semious state of affaire, and I trust that this Honourable House with realise that money is not alt we need to qive our chitdren, and if we do not hand them some values and some luteals which oan hota them in times of troubte and strese, one could give them a mituion doltare Mr. President and it will not do very mueh good for them.

In the Cayman Istande today we have got to reatise that there are certain moral and spirituat values which arnnot be reptaped by the dothar we recetve from $a$ touniat. Mr. President, I an convinced that we witt not loose one beoause we deatded to hotd on to the traditions which we have hade in uphotding Sunday as a day of rest and worship.

Mr. President, our touriets respeat
the Caymanians for more reasons than one, and I and assure you that I have had bome mention to me onty recently, "Daphne ati $I$ pan bay to you to this, if you make the change and you allow sundry to be as other days, you witl have tost, you witl never get tit back again".

Mr. Fresident, I m saying here and now, this is not fust tradition, we nuat have a time whon we recomise that rest and the worship of Almighty God is eseential. If a person has to go into work, wowally he does not get to go to worship, and the more we attow this to happen, beaabe some of the peopte in the caiman. Islands, I telt you, they tike a dothar, and beticve you mo simply because they can do so, they will. I feel that this is something which shouzd be Zooked at very, very carefully.

Mr. Hesident. I knou of mony bustnesses who made it without opening on Sundry. Sometime ago I ara a newapaper item where a sertain businessman had satid that he had teeided not to oontinue with a half mitlion dotlar exprnsion beoause alt of a sudden. he was hampered in selfing on sundat. But that some individual Mr. Fresident, surely had it made long befone then, by not openting on sunday, and $I$ am not saying that that individual is not hetring many people around here, tut he got it made without opening on Sundau. I am saying that one has to live and tet tive. We cannot have everything in the wortd, recogntse that there are other things which a person must arasp in life as wett as money. I know one oannot ret atong without it.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTTDIJNG): Retieve you me, $a$ min who sits up in church seven days a week and does not oo to work, he is not going to make it very wetl either. But on the other hand, there has to be a time and a place for everything, and certainly Mr. Fresident, our morat and spirituat vatues must be held on to. We mist reatise what the wishes of the maiomity of the people on theses Tstumds are: : We must recognise that our chitdren are arowing up with wirtuatiy no morat or spiritual vatues, because we have teaided that getting an almighty doltar in our hand is more important than anything etve.

Mr. presidents, it is very important that the peopte of the Cayman Istands, when this Brit if it is passed, reoognise that it is up to us in the Coyman Tslands to preserve this Country, and to give to our ahildren something which they will be proud of. Look around us, and see mony of the other Caribbean Is tands, who have gone this route in the nome of toumsm, and onswer me one question. Do you find tourists that anrious to go there? Only last evening, I met a certain gent leman and his wifo who said to me "ean I tell you something. Please hold on to what you have, and what ever you do, do not let gambling into the Cayman Islands. You witt get money, but the other things you get besides it, you will never get mid of".

Mr. Fresident, we have to be careful in these Islands, there are peonte who witl trm to aonvince the that prosperity lies onty in the omount of monely which is made. But oan I say something, oom I remind this Honourable House of something. God witl bless those people who choose to honour him, and that is not a muth, that is a fact. There may be times when thincs may not atuaus go smoothly, but Almiahty fod is still in charge of this wiverse, and Ir Prestdent, the people who choose to respect and homour him witt be btessed of him. Mr. President I am oonvinced of thats, and in these Islands today we need a madakening; we need a spiritual revival in our midst, because our people hove altpod and strayed too far, in the name of modermism and in the nome of prosperity.

Mr. Dresident, with those few remariks I wish to say here and now that I tmat that this Honcurable House witl see fit to rectify the situation which we have had with regard to our Sunday, and our Sunday Trading Law.

Thank you vern much.
MR. PRESIDFNT: I think perhaps it may be oonvenient for the House if, bofore I catt on any other Member to speak, we suspend proceedinas for approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 3:21 P.M. THF HOUSE SUSPEWMFD

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3.41 P.M.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Proeeciniqs are resumed.
The Seand Peading Debate of the Sunday Trading Amendment Bith. The Third Fteoved Member of Frecutive Councit.

HON. CAPT. CHAPLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, I supnort a Biti for a Low to mend the Sunday Tradina Law, Chapter 161.

The Member presenting the Bill has ably done so, and $I$ do not wish to be repetitious. I also commend other Members for their contributions, and I would like to at this time make a small contribution which will be very short and to the point.

ION. CAPT. CHARLE L. KIPKCONNELI (TONTINING): The Till Mr. President, seeks to update, alarify and atrenathen our preeent sunday Tradina. Lny; and remove any doubt as to the intent of this Government, with reagard to business places onening on prohibited daye.

Clause 4, seeks to cmend Soetion 5 by making it abundantly atear that no verson shatt offer or axpose for sate, thy goods, wares or merohandise on a prohibited day. The present Lat provides some protertion to neople who wish to spend their sundays in a particular way, but it does not protect those who go not with to work on prohibited days, uniess it was absolutety necessarh. The proposer amendment seeks to correct and otarify this situation. The increasoc in penalties for a breach of the Lrw will make those whe insist in ofremventing and breaking it, stop ania take heed, as they with be dealt mith severely when this Bitl becomes L/m. It is the intention of this Government to oonsider mat acommodate the various businesses whioh mest semice our toumist industry. Put it will not tolerate miy other bustness which open for the sote purpose of increasing the weokty sates. I an convinoed Mr. Prosident, that if we were to allow trading on prohibited days, we would harm our fomities, as working on those days mould fragment our fomilies and put areater preseure on our marriages. Our Churches would be harmed, becaue many of our feltow worshippers woutd be prevented from foining us in worship, beocuse they woutd have to find themsetves at work, or lose their fobs.

Mr. Fresident, it was a teader. of tha
French Revolution who said "If you would destroy Chmistinnty, you mast. first kitl Sunday". Our ommanity witt be harmed, as there would be no weekly refuge from traffic notos, litter and commercint activity. our Istands which aro now beooming stress-burdened, would become a burden even more.

Mr. Prosident, $I$ betieve that the Bill.
before this Honnimable House will do a long wiy townds axtisfying the needs of our tourlot industry, and reasouring our beople that we intend to see that all prohibited hays are reapented and observed.

Mr. President, I support the Bith.
MR. ERESIDENT:
Does muly other Member, the second
mieeted Member for George Toun.
MT. LINFORD A. PIERSOM:
Mr. President, the Bill hefore us, a
Eill for a Law to amend the Sunday Trmding Taw, Chanter 7 ह1 is a very sensitive piece of teqialation. Sensitive in that we the Members of this House must deal with this Lan from two pointe of view, That is from the view of the people who with be affeeted, and ateo as it would apply to the Churches, and as the Churohes woutd be affeated by any changes made to this Law.

Mr. President, I have said in this House before, and I will repeat that any Law to be a good Loth, it must be good for the people who have to tive under the Lath.

I want to commend the mover of this Bitt for the very sterting jot he did in covexing many areas of the bitt. I must ealy that he did an excellant job indeen, in not oonmittint Fimself one way or the other, Int I can thdenstand that, because as I have said, this is indeed a very sensitive issue.

Mr. President, I feet that there are many tsaues to be onsidered in discussing and fobating this Bitl. A very important issue is the development, this Country has taken ovion the past 26 years, since the sunday throting hou finst aame into effect. Be this as it may Mr. Fresident, I an not advocating or even sugoesting here that we should open the door wide and imore the views of the Churches or even the views of those who wouth twont to protect sundrus as a prohibited day, that is from trading.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident, t betieve that the amendments made oould have been wider. I also feet sir, that there are areas which were left within Part 1 of the Second sehedute, which pertaps should have been deleted, if we are so concermed about the harmful affects of Sunday Trading.

One area Sir, is the sale of ciqarettes, digare and tobaceo. These amnot by any stretch of the imagination be considered as eseential products. I betieve six, that we oould also reasonably add to the amendments the items of toiletries, which woutd inolude such things as toothpaste, soap, toilet paper, paper towets and so on. Also Six, mention was made bu the Second Etected Member for West Bay that consideration should atso be given to items such as baby products, other than alothing and tolys. Hr. Fresident, I will seek to make this motion during the Committee stage to include these. items.

Mr. President, it is of interest to note that no mention thus far has been made of the feelinas of other religio s, and the day which they reqard" as Holy, and perhape would wish to have regarded as a prohibitad day. I speak opecifioatly sir of the Seventh Day Adventists, even though T know that Sunday is. regarded as the hoty day of rest for us here in the Coyman Islands, and indeed this is also the day on which $I$ oo to churoh. I am aware. Sir that there are a number of church-going peopte in the catmon Islands, and I would ady very strunch Christians who worship on Saturday. I have yet to hear these deople omplain of trating on Saturday, Het Mr. Fresident what I think was the main reason for so much attention being praced on the Sonday. Trating tove nas not out of interest for the desecration of Gode day. This was not the reason why this first oome about. I am in receipt Mr. President of a letter. dated December 1985, and one in October 1985 when this matter was first brought to light, and the reason riven in the letters was that it was felt that those who were allowed to trade on a prohibited day were in a distinct commeroial advantage over those who were not trading. I trust Mr. Fresident that there are other wery good reasons for not wanting to trade on Sunday.

Mr. Presidont I would aleo foin the previous speaker in saying that we wont to maintain and retain what our forefathers have butit up over tho years. We wotld want also sir, to set a day apart when we can rest, when we con rest from our taboure, when we can fellowship with our relatives and friends. . But at the some time Mr. President, I beliave as teqistators it is inmmbent upon us to donsider the majority of the people, because the principle of our parliamentary demoonaoy is built up on majority wishes and maiority rule.

Ar. President, from the presentation made by the Second Elected Member of Exeoutive Council; it is quite olear that there were more people against trading on Sunday than there were thiode who wished to trade on Sunday. I do not myself betieve. that this is the way that most people feel, but the Member has on ty those letters to ao by, ao he muat be auided bi the letters he has received. I atso. Mr. President have Ziotened to thive matter beina debated or discussed on open Line, ind it was obvions to me from the feed-back that there were many, many people who felt that the Sunday Trading Low ehould be relaxed.

Mr. President, there are many of us here today who perhaps feel that this Law should be relared, but I doubt very much that you are going to hear them saying that. The reason for this Mr. Freeident is that the Churoh detemsines to a large extent the result of our elections, and this is one reason whu I'feet that this matter will not be discussed as openty as it would have.
M. LINFORD A, PIERSON (CONTINUINF): Mr. PYesident, I want to make it abundantly alear that I am here to represent the wishes of the peaple. This is the purpose of each one of us being here. if it is the wish of the people that we close on Sunday, that we do not selt eertain items on Sunday, then I am one hundred per cent for itt. But it does seem a contradiction Mr. Fresident, when we will allow bars to open on Sundays. Members of the publice can go to any of the hotels, they can get stone-btind drunk, they aan beaome a hazard on the street, yet that is allowed. We seem to be in a position where we are straining at a gnat but we will suallow a camel. I do not feel that it is might for this sort of system to continue. We have to be consistent in what we are doing. I am not, and $I$ repeat $I$ am not advocating sunday Trading, but in the same liaht Mr. President, I do not see where it is also right if we prohibit the sale of aertain items in a supermarket on a sunday, but we would allow the sale of liquor, cven though I realise that this oomes under a totaliw different Lat. What I ateo find to be amewhat inconsistent $M r$. President, is that we are going to allow the sale of certain serviees on the beach to touriste, but yet we are not going to allow our own people to get certain of the essential items in the supermarkets.

I believe sir that we need to take a very, very elose look at this whote Lain. I believe sir that we cannot have two sets of standards. If it is urong, it is wrong. Perhaps instead of dealing with this Law in what would appear to be a somewhat piecemeal fashion, maybe we should prohibit any troting on suntay in ony form. But if we are going to allow a centain omont of tradina then I feel that we need to look into this matter much more carefulu, and this is not Mr. President, to eritieise the efforts which have been made in this respect. I think the Member responsible has aiven this matter very serious oonsideration, and te has atso allowed members of the public to make their representations to hitm. But I can see Mr. President; that in time to oone this Law witl cause problems for a number of people. I ach see where it with not be foir in a way, for those peopte who reqard saturday as the geventh Day Sabbath for them to be told that they cannot selt their supermarket items on a Sunday. All these matters Mr. peseident, must be taken into account. We oannot have just oneaided ideas in this matter

Mr. President, I believe Six that we would have many tess probtems with the observanoe of the sanday Trading Low if we made it basier for peoale to live with. While Mr. President, $I$ do not want to be accused of trying to use this opportunity to debate your Throne Speech, as was suggested eartier.....

MR. PRESIDEHT:
I have every oonfidence that the Member
will not (LADGFHRP)....
MR. LINFORD A. PIFRSON: - ....t feet sive that this is an opportunity for us to look very cloesty, not only, at this Ritl before us, but there are others whioh will be coming before us during the session. We have to give these onending Bitls very, very thorough oonsideration. We have to do this with all our Bills ooming here, and this will avoid some of the withlrowals of Bills I have seen recently in this House. If these bitle were property thought out, then there should be no need to have to be adding littze bits here and there. To have to be withdrawing these Bitls, or some of these Bitls

Mr. President, I im a sunday worshipper, my parents worshis on saturday and $I$ kave very, wem atrong respect for people who adt saturday the Sabbath, because if we are to look into the details of thio, then might have areat justification in feeling that it is the holy day to keen. But we are not diecussing that here today.


#### Abstract

MR. LINFORD A, PIERSON (CONTINIING): Sunday is stated in the Law as a prohibited day, and it is regarded as the day of worship. But Mr. President, it would be wrong for us as representatives of the peonte to totally ionore the wishes of the minomity. It would be urong for us to be look at only one side of the coin. Mr. President I feet that in Committee stage if at all possibte. other members shouth. as I am doing, bxing amencments which ould make this Indo a better Lnw to live with. Something which is more practicat, something which is better, something which is good for the people of this Country. I thank you hir. President.


MR. PRFSTDENT:
The First Elected Member for the Lesern
Tstands.
CAPT. MAYBRY S. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, I mise to support a Bitl for a Low to anend the Sunday Tradina Law.

I have studied the Bitt very carefulity. and have tistened very carefulty to the debate here today. Firstiy, I: would like to congratulate the Secon? Etected Mermber for Ececutive. Council for his able presentation of this Bill. I would atso tike to oomplement our Govermment for bringing this Bill to the House, they could have easily dodged the issue, and tot it continue to be a smotuldering pot in the comminty. But let ue hope whon we have voted on it today that we an put it to rept.

I would 7.ike to state that this Low not only oovers Sundays, but to covers Good Friday and Christmas Day as well, which prohibite alt that we have disoucsed here. I too see certain other iteme which could have been included. The Bonourable mover said that he with inotucle water, becouse water is onte of the essentials of tife. ntso I think that private Melical clinies shoutd be given consideration, if the mendrent being put forth is qoina to give consideration to the mental of motorcars, motoroyeles and bicyctes, aertainty Medioat clinios should be const/fered, as they are neessary for the heath of the people.

A previcus speaker hats said that maybe we do not aluars sneak our tme convictions here, but I would like to make it very alear that every time I havo aroken in thto Honourabte Howee I have spoken in aecordance with who wishes of my people.

This haw has been around for a long time, and it has caused a lot of conoerm in mu. distriet. We to not have stores traditionally open on Sunday there, but neverthetesa, the people show their conoern. We were towht as ohitiven to have respeot for Sonday, Gool Friday and Christmas Day. As we grew otder, we taught the generations behtid us to do the same, and I canvassed the membere of my oonotituency before coming to Grand Chumern, and I was instructer? to support the Sunday Trading Law provided it was not made too bad, and in my judgement. I can tiote with the amendrents whioh are being proposed. Therofore Mr. Fresident, I support the Bitl.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Foupth Electad Member of Executive

## Conot.

HON. VASSEL G. TOHNSON:
Mr. Prestident, Honourable Members. I reckon this is one of the hotrest sublecte in the Country today, more so than increased revenue, hecauce Mr. President, I helieve that the entire aross section of the conmunity has an interest in this sunday Trading. I betieve that Sunday Trading is a subject which is split right down the centre tine of publico opinion. There tree those who support sunday Trading, many of whom I am suro would wish to see the Law abotished.

HON. VASSEI G. JOHNSON (CONTINUING): Then there are those who have tremendous aupoort for retaining sunday as a excred dxy.

Mr. President, it seems to me that there is a genuine pase in this Sunday Trading for a ompromise, beoause if the community is split down the centre tine in their opinion, and we want politicalty to indicate that we have concern for pubtio interest here, then I submit that we have on 24 one course to adopt, and that is the course of oompromise.

Ar. Presigent. I have lived in this Country for a tong time, and I dare say from the trme I orme here I found that the Country was steeped very deeply in its neliaious tradition. But Mr. President, I am afraid that that tradition is perhans gradually passing on, beoause $I$ see today, and I rm speakina about our present-day situation, that there is an erosion in the fabrio of our Christion heritage.

Ar. President, onoe we admit economic development, and when I sau 'admit eoonomic development' I refer to those days following alose up to the end of World War II, when the peonte of thece Istands had to start anew from a mar orienten society, tooking for a tivelinood, into a peacefut atmosphere. In those days Mr. President, the coonomio future of these Tstands looked as dim as the twitight houre after suneet. The young men of these Islands had to teave home and go far afield in searoh of a lizelinood. Luckity enough, tovarids the end of the $1940^{\prime} s$ when Coumonions had difficulty in arining inmiaration entry into the Untted States in serroh of their livetihood, working on board ships, that the Ameriocon Government kindly arranged with this Gowermment for the issue of non-immigrant wisas. So that visas could be tosued to Caymanions, who coutd then have free acoess into the United States and on to their ship and on to their jobs. Following that significant deveroment pr. Prosident, we came into 1954 when the airport development was oompleted; and we were on the way then to another form of devolorments or I shoulf say, we were onto peat eoonomio development. Then in 1061 and in 1969 the Government introduced two eoonomie progrommes, which meant Mr. Fresident that wo had by that time, aoopted eoonomio devotomment in these Istands. need not say that along with eoonomin tevelopment oome the evits of the outside world. We too savis some of those coming through our front door.

As the mover of this motion saict
Mr. President, we ocnnot turm back history in these Islands. We ocmnot turm baok the alock because we have reached a stage when eoonomio. development must continue. We must provide sob opportumities for young mit upooming Coymanians, and becouse of this Mr. Fresident, we are conmitted to continue supporting eoonomic develioment.: As sure as the night follows the dat, we are goina to have some of the outside evits, we are noing to have some of the outsine attitudes, we are roina to Thave some of the outside soctat conoents of everydat life entering our society. We are going to have a growth of the pooulation which witt inctude indtgenous and foreign peonle.

Mr. President, there to no doubt that tolay we are having varied vieus within our sociaty, not onty regavizing Sunduy Trading, regarding many other things. Mecause the inftuence of non-Cozmonians must also be regarder, because they form a fairly taxige proportion of our potuiation todny. Hony of those neonle tave been. acoustomed to trading on sumbus in their own oountries. We hove heard that Great Britain is now oonsidering nemoving sunday Trading in their oountm. We know that our aloseby netghbour the United states has been operating sumaly Trading from many yearis wo. The frot is that why peopte from these Istmas go there over the weekend to be enpagod in trading, buying, murchasing merchandiee.

HON. VABSEL G. TOHNSON (CONTINUINF): I have been there on many sindrus Mir. Fresident, and I hive never yet been tempted to go into the stores beause I still cherish sunday as a rotion ous dog. But, I have nothing aginet mybody else who wanter? to ao there. If they invited me to go along, I would say no thank tou.

Itr. President, we must froe reatitit todays and as Members of this Legisiative Assemblu, we too have to oome to reality with the aituation we see before us today. We annot saty that we are going to support one ride on the other. We will have to find $a$ way for the compromise I mentioned $a$ white rago. We are going to need to support worshipping on sunday, and we are roint to have to support in a veru limited form dentain trading on sundays beause Mr . President, as $I$ see it, reacmiless of whether $I$ im a strunch Sunday keeper or not, I see st todky that in onder to aupport the present economy of thie country, we are going to hase to support as well a limited amount of sumath Trading. But I would wioh Mr. President, that even the relicitous boties of these Istonds mill ateo come to grips with the situation of torlary. Becruse, ve are not tatking about the situation of 20,25 or 30 years ago. As I Thape said, once we admit devetoment in these Istands. wes must also expeot to have in our sooicty some of the evits, and I swe evit here of the things we would prefer not to hrove.

Hr. President, we have hear mention of two days, the Sabbath Saturian observed by the Seventh Day Actuentists, and we have Sunday which is obsemed by the other retiaious denominatione. I should think that in most countries of the world who reogmise the Christion reticioy that Sunday is constrdered a state recomised day of worshim. We hove nothing against anyone who wats to foin the Seventh Doy hoventists. One of mu sisters at one time was tatking about the seventh nou filventists, and it seented as If she was fatling for the religion, wht toe sild to her, wee it is because you want two days rest, and ahe cromped the ided, and remained a sunday keeper. Put as I hatue asit fro. President, it is entirely up to those who want to, to observe saturdal. I think that cyery individuat must be allowe freetom in empessing and observing their oun conviction as far as religion is omoermed. The Presbuterions, which is my denomination, was perhars the fingt chureh to be reormised. in these Istronds. I rm still a Tresbutemion, althourth it is known today as the thited Churoh of Jomatoa and Cmma! Caymm. But, Mr. Preoident I mention this heocuse each one of us, whether we are a Sunday keeper or on Adventist, we must uphold oun om wellogione conviations. We must ofseme, and oontinue to observe sunday as a religions day becruse In. Prosident, whatever our thouotht man be about the society or about our ow IVves, inthout the Ohmistian herritage in us, without continuing to support a relicious tralition within our society, we are going to be in a sericus mroblem. Mony times, I betieve Mr. Prestident that it is onty beanse of our strong oonviotione the support and to continue supporting retivious tracition that this Country with survive, and $I$ would hove that that tratition, even though I mentioned in my orening remarke that it was rmonalty fadinh and that thene was seen erosion of the fabwe of our Chmistion heritage, that we would twy and otrenathen these as much as wossible, so that whatever comes to us we dan stitl boast to the world that ve hava a Christian heritage in our socictu.

No doutht Mr. President, that is why the vieitors who come anona us call us friendiu, leoruse ony neovte who continue to cherish that Christion hemitace and that retirious tradition must the pleascont to antone whom then mpet. It is one of our sates gimmiokes one of the noints whteh oelts the Caynom relands, to atl who oone here, atit who know the Coumanizine.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON (CONTINUTNG): By amanding the sunday mirading Law we are not breaching that tradition. Anr. President, this Low was introduced in 1960 . Those were the days before reat eonomio. development had started in these ritands.
in the sohedule in this Amendment Bitt we see wider Section 8. Item (d) the words "sale of intorieating liquor". But Mr. President, I would ant that in the omiginal Lawwhich come into effect in 1060 the sohertules 1 and 8 also allowed Sunday Trading in certain commodities, and on the Sohedute was inoluded. hotel operation. In hotels cuests have access to hotel bars, and as far as I know, and as for as I understand that hotets have been. "tispensing liquor on sundays, onty to their quests, and Mr." Fresident as fars as I am aware, one cannot walk into the hotel and just buy a drink, one has to be eatina in there in order to be sorvod a drink.

So, Mr. President I cannot see that any hiccup can be oreated over the fact that intoxicating liguor is mentioned specifically in this Amendment Bill. It is ontw that it was not spelt out in the oriainal. Low, but the hotel openation is there.....

MR. PRESTDENT: $\quad$ think we are iust coming up to
four thirty, if the Member wishes to finish one tittle bit......
HON. VASSEL G. IOHNSON: If 3 w witl mive me a minute Sir, I with wind up.

MTR. PRESTDENT: $\therefore$ Yes.
HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. Freoldent, pubtio bars are not allowed to be open on sundays. I imagine this is the area where we might receive some flack, that Cxumanians are not allowed to buy tiquor on Sundays, but touriste are altowed. Well, you know, if we are going to maintain our tradition and our Chwistian heritare, we should not be out there buyina liquer on sunday. Let us set an example to the foreigners and the toumists who come here, and tell. them that we ocnnot drink tiquor and we onnot buy liquop on sundry. They might ston themselves.

Mr. F Fesitent, the Member moving this Bill explained the detaila, the sections of the Rill, and I have no intention really of aring through any of them. I matiafied with the explomation whioh he has given, and. so I would just like at this time to say, onee again, that I support the Bill. Thank you sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: It is a moment past four thirty. I shall invite the First Official Member to mone the adiournment, with he prease do so.

## ADTOURNMENT

HON. DENDIS H. EOSTER: Mr. Fnestant, I move the adjournment. of this House untit 10-00 a.m., Monday 10th Mareh.

MR. PRESIDFNT:
now adjoum; with some Members on their feet atreadu; untit $10: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on Mondry the 10 th March.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. AT 4.32 F.M. THE WOUSE ADJOURWED YNTIL $\cdots$ 10:00 1.M. MONDAY, 1OTH MARCH, 1986.

# STATE OPENTIVG AND FTRST MEETING OF THE (1986) SESSION 

OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLT
HELD ON WONDAY, 10 OH MARCH, 1986
(SEVENTH DAY)

PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G FETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| HON DENNIS H FOSTER, CVO, CBE, JF | FIIST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL. $B$ | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMDER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| FRON THOMAS:C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | THIRD OFETCIAL MEMBEF RESFONSIBLE FOK FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBEF RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATICH AND SOCLAL SERVICES |
| HION W NOPMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMEER: RESTONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIFKCONNELL | MEMBEF FESTONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTFATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |


|  | ELECTED MEMSERS . : . |
| :---: | :---: |
| MF W McKEEVA BUSH SECOND ELECIED MEMBER FOR THE EIRST |  |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE L' ORIETTT | THIPD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIDST |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MR LTMFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTE'D MEMBER FOH THE SECOND |
|  | ELECTÖRAL EISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAFP MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMEE'S FOR THE THIRD |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSEH ISLANDS |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE FOURTH |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LODDEN TOWN |
| MP G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE FOURTH |
|  | ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MK D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE EIFTH ELECTOHAL |
|  | DISTRICT OF WMPTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MoLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL |
|  | dISTRICT OF EAST END |

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ORDER PAPER
    1986 STATR CTENING
        MONDAX
    1OMH MARCH; 1.886
    (SEVENTH DAY)
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1. PRAYERS

TO KE READ BY THE HOVOUIMBLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMEEI, LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.
2. MESSAGES

COMMONWEAITH DAY MESSAGE TO BE READ BY THE CFAITMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OT THE CAYMAN ISLAMDS ERAMCH OF THE CCMMONWEALTH FARLIAMENTAF Y ASSOCIATION, THE HONOURABLE: SECOND ELECTED MENRER GF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
3. PRESENTATTON OF EAPEFS AMD FEDORTS

REFOTT OF THE STANDINC HUSITEES COMMTTEE
(Meetings held 26 th February and ath March, 1986)
TO DE LAID ON THE TABLE PY THE HOWURABLE FTFGT OFEICIAL MEMBETI, CHAIRMAN OF THE STANDIWG EUSTNESS CCMMITTEE.

1. QUESTIONS

THE SECOND LLECTEN MEMFER FGR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK TLIE HONOURAELE ROUPTH ELECTED MEMBET CF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESTCNSTBLE FOR DEVELCFMEMT AMD NATURAL RESOURCES

> NO. 34: WCULD THE HONOUAABLER MEMBER BROVIDE TEE DETAILS OF THE COLSTAL WOKK LICENGE AMT FLANNING PEHMISSTON FOH ATLANTTS SUIMAKINE ZROJECT?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMIERY FOW WEST PKY TO ABK THE HONOUEABLE FTRST ELECTED MMBEF OF EXECUTYVE COUNCIL RESEONSTELE: FOR FEALTH FDUCATMO TND SOCIAL SERVICES
NO. 35: CAN THE HONOIRADLE MEMBER STATE HOW MANY PERSONS WETE RECIPIENTS OF OVERSEAS MEDICA L ATD FRCM JANUARY 1 bグ UNTIL IAMUARY 1986, GIVING A BREAKINWM OF EOW MUCH WAS SFENT MTR EACH FERSCT AND THE NATURE OF THE AILMENT?
$\therefore$ GCVFRDMENY DUSINESS
FILLA:-

THE SUNDAY TRADTWC (AMENDMENT) PILL, 1985

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COMMITTEE ON DILLS
THE AGRICULTUFiAL AND INDUSTMIAL AID (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986 THE' SUNDAY TRADING (AMENLMENT) BILL, 1986
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IREFDTSS THETEON
THE AGKICULTUFAL AND IMMUSTRTAL AID (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986 THE SUNDAY TRADING (AMENDMENY) BILL, 1986

THITW READINGS
THE AGRICULTULAL AND INDUSTRIAL, AID (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
6. OTHEF BUSTNESS

PIRTVATE MEMLERS' MOTIONS:-
(1) PRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION no. $3 / 86$

RE: ASKING CARIDEEAN UTILITIES O LTD TO AMEDD THETH: ETCENCE TO RESTORE THE TMEOTT DUTY EXEMETION CONTINUATION OF DETATE THEREON.
(2) PRIVATE MEMTEF'S MOTION NC. $4 / 86$ - DISFOSAL OF DRUGS TO BE MOVED DY THE SECOND ELECTED NEMDEF FOR WEST BAY AND SECONDED BY THE ELECTED MEMBEF FOR NORTH SIDE.
(3) ERTVATE' MEMBER'S MOTION NO. $6 / 86$ AFPOINTMENT OF SELECT COMAIUTHE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE TO RECONSIDER PROPOSEL CHANGES TY THE EEECTTONS LAW, 1983
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Mr. PRESIDENT:
Erayers. The Fonourable Fingt officiat
Member.
HON. DENNIS:H: FOSTER:
Let us pray.
Atmighty God, from whom alt wisdom and power ape derived: we beseech Thee so to dipect and prosper the deliberations of the Legistative Asvembty now assembted, that all things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glomy of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfane. of the people of these Ielands.

Btess our Sovereter Lady कueen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Philip Drke of Edinburah, Chartes Prince of Wales, Diana Princese of Wates and all the Royal Family. Give grace to all who exereise authorty in our Commonvealth that peace and happiness, truth and iustioe, meligion and pietly may be established among us. Espectally we pray for the Governor of our Latands, the Memberg of the Executive Couneit and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfulty to perform the responsible duties of their hiah office.

All this we ask for Thy great Name's
sake, Amen. The Eord's Prayer.
Our Father, which art in Heaven, Ihtlowed be thy Nome, thy Kingdom oome, Thy with be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgite us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation; but detiver us from evit: For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the glorty, fremer and over. Amen.

The Lird biess 4 s and keep ue: The Tord make his face shine upon us and be aracious unto us. The Eord lift up hive countenance upon ua and give us peace now, and athays. Imen.

MR. PRESIDENT: Please be veated.
Messages. The Honourable Second
Elected Member of Frecutive Councit.

## MESSAGES

HON. W. NORMAN B IDDEN:
Mr. President,
today being Commonweath Day, it is an honour for me to read the following Commonvealth Day Message:
'Though sottered over' bix continents, the Membere of the Comnonweatth think in unison on many matters of ommon concern to humanity at large.
Today on Comomwealth Day we take pride in belonging to a commonity where familiarity and friendohip, oo-noeration and conoultation are watch-words. It is the day for affirming our resotve to further strenathen the bonds that have held us together.
The Commonweath has been the most sucoescfth example of intermational co-operation. It has served as a bridge between ruses and cultures, countrise ond oontinentes, and has provided a cense of betonging conch to members.

## HON: W. NOFMAN BODDEN (CONTINUTNG):

In time of orieis a member finds some emotionat security in not being alone. He is abape that an organisation of friends is behind him to lend a helping hand. The Commmwealth has tried to provide a healing touch when ever a arisis situation has developed in any part of the Conmonivarth. It is a body bereft of ony mitituru force, but by its moral authority it restrains the nations from straying into mong paths. Its appeals have a eionifiocmt bearina on world opinion and tternationat retations.
The Commonwerth has engaged itself cometmutively in various fielde and tried to better the tot of the deprived mase of humanity through a number of progromes and a network of institutions and organisations working on the philosophy of mutual oooperation and consultation.
The Commonvealth Parlionentary Aseociation is an oramiisation of Legtstators. Here they are engaged in a joint search for solutions to the problems or distrust, conflict and the arms race, as welt as to the erodication of poverty, ignormee and disease. Heve their hearts pulsate thith the one thought of bettering our world. Brought together by history, they are devoted to the comon ideals of peace, democracy and respect for the diqnity of man. The CPA serves as on instmment to strengthen these ideals.
On this Comonweath pay, therefore: let us each make a promise that we shatl continue to do our utmost to create a society which is just and equitable, and that we ghat stand by the people who are still oppressed by poverty, racial diserimination and cotoniat domination.'

Signed by Dr. the Hon. Fat Rom Jrkhtar, Me:'
Speaker of the Lok Sabha, Indio, and Chairman of the Erecutive Committee of the Commonvealth Farliamentary Association.

MR. PRESIDFNT: Thank you.
The First offieial Member.

PRESENTATION OF FAPRRS AND REPORTS

REFORT OF THR STANDING BUSINESS COMITTIEE
(Meetings held 26th Februarm and sth Mareh, 1986)
HON, DRNNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. Eresildent, I bea to tay on the Thble of this Honcurable House the Reront of the standing Pusiness committee for the meetincs hetd on the $26 t h$ February and the $4 t h$ 'arch. 1986.

## OUESTIONS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURAFLE FOUPTH ZTECTED MENBER OF EXECUTSVE COUNCIL RESPOASTBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT: AMD RMTURAL RESOURCES.

N0. 34: Would the Honourable Member provide the detaits of the coastal works lioence and planning permission for Atlantis Submarine project?

The Atlantis project received final approvat from the Centrat Planning Nuthomity for a ticket office and a submarine dock on 9 th October', 1985, subjeet to 7 conditione, one of which was that Executive Councit mprovat was to be obtained for modification of the ironahore to enate the submarine dooking Gacilitu to be built. Exeoutive Councit approved the proposed works and the necessary licenoe thas issued allowing modification of the ironshore, with two of the oonditions being that -
(1) The Licensee shatl take alt reasonabte steps in the removal oreration to reduce the mount of fine materiats being returned to the sea:
(2) The Lioensee shatt permit Mncy to inapect the site before ony beach-rook is wemoned and aqain 6 monthe after the operation is completed.
The only ooastat wopks approved at the Atlantis site thas the removat of the two outorods of ironshore.

## SUFPLEXENTARIES:

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: supotementary.

Mr. President may J ask the Member a
Ilad any study been compteted to determine the adverse coological effoots of the interferencewith the natural growth of ironshore and corat in that area?

ION. VASSFI G, IOHNSON: Mr. President, to the best of my
knouledae, a study is not necessamy to romove a bit of ironshores: in order to facilitate the dooking of a ships a submarina or whatever. This has been done in the past around the ironshore of these Istands.

MR. PRESIDEINT:
The Seond Elected Momber for Eodden
Town.
MR. G. HATG RODIEN:
M. G. HATG RODREN: Mr. Trestalent, may 7 ank the Member If the case history of the other development very neq to this particular project, had been taken into acoount when agreeing to this development. I am talking about the development of Mr. Fibonks.

HON. VASSEL G. TOFDSON:
Nr. Prestant, as far as I know, these
are two distinct and separate issues. The Attontis site deats with the adjustment of the inonshore in oraer to aceommodate dooking. The other development which ts being neferned to and to the west, did not include oostat work.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The Seoond Wheoted Member for Bodden Goverment for a marine refuelling installation, and this was for the hurying of fuet tanks atongeide the road, where there was a lack of proper docking and handling facilities. Mr. Preoident, this matter aftex being refused by the Centrat' planning Authority on two ocoasions was referred to Ereautive Council, and from Executive Council it was referred to the Appeats Tribunat. So Mr. President, this was a completely different matter to that of the Atlantis Submarine doek.
MR. G. FATG BODDEN:
Mr. Fresiddent, may $I$ ask the Member $\overrightarrow{\text { f the real difference } i s ~ n o t ~ i n ~ t h a t ~ o n e ~ a p p t i c a n t ~ w a s ~ a ~ l o c a t ~ p e r s o n ~}$ and the other applicant was a foreian investor?

MON. VASSEL (7. JOHNSON:
Mr. President, applicationo before Govermment are not iudged on the basis. of whether the applioant is local or foretgh. There is a set mite or set mutes, which apply to all aeross the board. There is no double standand as far as this Govermment is concerned.

MR. W. MCREFVI BUSH:
Supptementary Arr. Fresitent. Con the Fonourable Member say when Mr. Ebanks made hie appliantion," and when it went to court and wis turmed down?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: The two nonasions were between 1979 and 1981.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President; mre I ask the Member how it is, that in spite of the Courts ruling and in spite of the Central Planning Authority"s initial rejection of the plon, how does the new Board and the new Government find to so onsy to acouiesoe to the new application?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNGON: Mr. Preaident, as far as I am aware, the Court aronted the appeal for tho proiect to the west of the Attantis dooking facilities. As far as the Atlantis Gubmarine dook is ooncerned, the specifio approvat of the Centrat Planning Authoritu was cranted with certain conditions, and those oonditione are in the approval aranted by the Authority.

MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no further supptamentary The Scoond ETected Member for west Ray moy ask Question No. 35.

THL GFCOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOUPARLE ETRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTVF COUNCIL BESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES.

No. 35: Can the Honourabte Member state how mony persone were recipients of overseas modical aid from fonuary 1977 until danuary 1086, riving a breakdom of how much was spent for cach persom and the nathre of the ailment?

Mr. President, as witt be seen from the questron, this is a very wide question sir, ond the information required to answer it is not yet avaitabte. I would therofone, manest permission of the House under Stonding Order $23(5)$ to defar the masering of this question until the infomation, to chatle an answer to be given, is at hand.

Me. PRESIDENT: It is not absotutety atear from the Standing order whether when a question or an answer is deferred Zike this, whether the question appoars on the Zater Onter Foper, or whether a written answer is given. I would take it, that subiget to arithing. Frekine May may aay, that provided the information becomes abatabie before the meeting ends, the Member would popose to give it oratly.

HON. BENSON O. EEANYS: That is the position Mr. Prosident. It is a bit of a ditemma, but if the information beeomea avoritable before the end of this meeting, I would mopose to advise the clerk and the Business Committee that I am in a position to answer it oralty. If not, I would undertake to let the hembere of the Flouse have it in writing.

Me. PRESIDENT: I think.....
Mr. W. MoKZZEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresident, i think I have to oppose its, even though the Member saye that he does not have my question ready, or the information is not ready. I think I put the question in anite some time ago, for the ansuer to be ready, even thouth I know that it is a oumberoone one. But I know that they knon that I needed the information for this ession. Anyway, I would like it to be answered If it is not going to be anowored in this session, that it be put down for on orat onsuer sir.

MR. FRESTDENY: I think you perhaps mean this meeting not this bession, do you not.
so you are sayina, that if it ocnnot be chswered omaty during this meeting, you would ppefer it to be postponed.....

Mh. Wr. MCKEEVA BUSH: I would let it mide to the next meeting.
HON. BENSON O. ERANKS:
Mr. Fresident, $I$ would inust like to make
tt clear Sin, I do not know how tone aro the Member put in the puestion to Farliament, but it has not been with my fortfotio that tona, and I are assure the Member that staff have been workina up to sir thirty and seven o'olook in the evening trining to get this infomation. So I would not like the impression to be left, that the reason for the non-availability of the infomation is that the staff have not been working hard to get it. But it is a very comprehonive question, it imbodies from 1977 to 1986, wad the staff have aven had to go into the orohives to get some of the information str.

MR. W. MoKFEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, neither would I tike the impression to be left that my guestion rase not in tong enough.

MT. PRESTDENT:
It was in in plentu of time. It was
in whthin the time specified bu standing onders. What I will do, if I may, is to look at Enskine may with a view, untese there is somethina which precludes this, in which oase t witt report to the House, with w view to arranaing that the question be incluned again for orat onswer curing this meeting, if the First Elected Momber of kreoutive Council reports that he has the information awritable.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTXNING): But if he does not kiave the information available before thie meeting ends, then that the question be carried cuer until the next meeting and put dom for oral answer then,

As I say, if I find that Erekine May contains something which means that it is not pemissikle, I wilk report to the House.

Item 4. Govematent Business..."Bills, Continuation of the Second Feading Debate on the Sunday Trading (Amendmentl Bill. M recollection is that the Fourth Member of Erecutive Councit had finished speating. The Motion is open for debate if any further Member, who has not yet spoken, wishes to speak now.

I take it that no further Member wishes to speak? Does the mover wish to exercise his right of reply?

## GOVERNMENT BUSTNESS

BILLS
THE SUNDAY TRADTNG (AMENDMENP) BILI, 1986.

## CONTINUATION OF SFCONL READING DFEATE

EON. W. WOFMAN BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, I would like to thank Members for their contribution, ond thein rupport of this Bitt. of couree, it was not aluays easy for me to determine in listening to the various comments and pointe which mere made, eactly where they would place their vote. But I om confident that in the finat analysis, they witi give this Bill their full support.

I wial try to reptur in general terms
to some of the comments which have been made.
One Member', Mr. President, made reference to the competition between different businesses, and that some properties had a conpetitive aduontroe over others, and indicated that perhape this might have been one of the reatsons whu this Bitl was brought to this House. Welt, Mr. Preoldent, ail buoinesses oould open $t$ suppose, if there were no Lath. They would fare ts well on Sunday as they would the other six das of the week. So a matter of competition really wa not reason enough for us to give this Law any attention, and therefore bring the Bitit to this House.

I maintain the reason the Bill was brought was because of the growing pubtio onoem that the conducting of business aetivities on Sundays was on the inerease, ma wre rapidty spreading to large oomponies. This fact, ooupled with Government's determination that some action had to be taken. Here we had a Lnw paseed some 26 years ago, which allowed limitod trading on sundays, on Good Friday and on Christmas Day. Through the yearo the situation. shanged, as was pointed out. Veru atcarlu, the tow had to be enforced, it had to be amended on repealed. But very derinitely, it tas Govermment's position that it could not contirue to be ignoved and disreqarded.

As I rointed out proviously, a number of businesbes, many essential to tourism, have energed in the past deverat years, whion were unheard of or ththowht of in the year 1960. Therefore, we had to make an effort to acommodate those businesces, because to enforoe the Law as it now stands, was bound to bring. difficulties and hardshins, and actualty oreate on unsatisfactory situation. It would be umise to repeat it beause the majority have indioated that they do not want it repealed.

HON. W. HORMAN BODDEN (CONTINJING): I feet that we must therefore keep our Sundoy Trading Low, but reach a oompromise with the needs of our society today. In onder to do that, we muet maintata a batance, and to maintain that batance, there must be some form of legistation in place whioh limits and controte Sunday Tradivig.

So, antending it sing was the only atternative and the most logical route to be taken. Mr. Fresident, we arie not attempting to turn back the olrok: What we are doing, or endeavouring to do is set the time right to meet the neede of caymanians today.

One Member thought that enempted businesses should have been made wider. But Mr. Fresident, the line has to be drom somewhere, otherwise the Low will indeed have to be scrapped, if it is extended and extended, and people are altowed to do as they please, wett, and in att honesty, we might as welt not have a Law. Hypothetical cases and oomparisons oan atuays bo mate, dependino on where one stands. If supermarkets and targer operations are atloned to operate unrestricted, what about Bonks and Trust Companies and other offices? then, what about Govermment offices: I am sure that overyone in our conmunity oould find something. which they could get done, or something which needs doing on Sunday, if these offices were open. But since they are not one waits until Mondry or some other weekday in order to conduct ones businesc. However having mentioned the expansion of the exempt businesses, note has been taken of the few essentrat items suoh as water and infont supplies, and also one estabtishment which was mentioned by the First Eleated Member for the Leacer Islands regarding private Medioat dinios. I see come rational and reason in these suggestions, and these can veru well be deatt with when the bill reaches Committee stage.

The offects of tourism was ateo mentioned, but based on what reseatoh $T$ have been able to carry out, it is felt that no adyeree effect would bo brought to our other inportant toumism industry here. Mention whe made of condominiums, and it is true, that mony of these are omer-gonutod mo advance armongements and etand-in arpangements are alwats made before hand. of oourse, I am not trying to gay that the odd inoonvenienoe oannot ooour, but one knows that this is not onty twue for the Cammon Istands, one can be inoonvenienced in fust as big a city as Now York. One gets there at a certain time dat or might, one oon suffer somo thoonvenience there as well. So it just goes to indiaate that we oannot provide for every eventuatite.

I do not arree Mr. President, that the proposed amendments are ocrtradictory, or inoonsiatent, neither that the legislation is being handled in a piecen-neal jashion.
Mention was made of the opening of bare on Sundays. As I have oata Eefore, this is provided for under the Ehour Licenaing Ictu, not the Sunday Trading Law, and if the questiom of bar meotcurants merating on Sundays is brought book to the House, ther Membere at that time will. have an opportunity to place their suphort where then choose.

As to inconsistenou, becuse oertain.
properties whioh mainty operate on the beack are axempt, white supermarkets are not, the reasone given for Government's position, $t$ betieve str, werequite elear and reasonable. The protention of our toumst industry which is so importont to all of us is acknowleaged by all of us. our atm str, is 10 proteet those industries, but at the same time to areate the terat framework for preventing any further futlecale escalation or arpansion of business aetivities on the prohibited daus.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): This legislation must be in place otherwise we can certcrinty areate a free-for-atl.

Mention wae also made sin, that the Churchs determine election results. I con not too sure about that. But if it is so, I will say this much, it could not be with a better. group of people in my view.

But sir, I have to repeat that these arenot amenaments for a taw which dictate to people on what daye they shoutd worship. Religious freedom tike domocracy must aluays weign supreme and be upheld in our country. I have the highest respect for the religious nonviations of the Seventh Day Adventists too. But this is not a Bill on religion, this is a Bill sir, to amend the Law which deals with business being transarted, not onlu on Sundays, but on Good Friday and Christmas Day as well. So sir, this should never be confused with a persons neltigious beliefs, because it forces no one in this Country to change his or her views, on to worship other than on the day that they ohoose. Nor sir, is it an attempt to legislate for morality. We know that this cannot be done. We know that this Bitl, when passed into amending the Low, uill not necessamity make Chwistians out of Camanians, or boumiets. It witt not necessarily swell. Chureh attendance on Sundays, but sip it wilt oertainly give the individuat the opportunity to spend the time with his or her fomity, and attend the Churoh of their choice if they so heaire. At least we mith have one dal of the week common to the maiomity, and free from normal pmessures.

Mr. President, it has been said that I have done a good job of not conmittina mperf as to my pocition. But as I have satd in my onening remarks, it was at times difficult for me to decide exactly where Members would place their votee. Wetl I have confidence that their conociences witt be their guide, and I believe that they Fave been convinced that Government is in fact doing what is rioht and best for the Comman falands of today, and that they will give this Bill their futl support.

I would like to teave a thought with
Members, and that is that they muet bear in mind that a vote oast in Covour of this Bill is a vote for the preservation of an importont part of the Caymonion way of life.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDEAT:
The question before the House is that a Bill entitled a Bill for a. Low to amend the Sundoy Trading Law, Chapter 161 be given a Geoond Reading.

GUESTION FUT: AYES AND NOES
MP. PRESIDENT: $\quad \therefore \quad I$ think the Ahes have it.
HON. W. NOFMAN BODDFN:
Could we have a diviaon Mr. Prestident.

## AYES

Hon. Demnis II. Foster Hon. Michael t. Bradlew.
Hon. Thomas C. defferson
Hon. Benson O. Ebanks
Hon. W. Noxmon Bodden
Hon. Capt. CharLes KipkoonnetL
Hon. Vassel゙ G. Johnson
Ar. 需. Mokeeva Bush
Mrs. Daphine J. Orpett
Mr. Linford A. Pierson
Capt. Mabry Kirkconnell
Ar. D. Rstard Milter

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MR. FRESIDENT:
AGREED BY MAJORITY:

NOF: $;$
Mr. Jomes M. Bodden
Mr. G. Haty Bodden

MT. PPESIDFNT: GTVEM A GFONO PRADMNC.

The Fouse witt now ao into Committee
to study a Bite entitted the Agriculturat and Inductrial Aid (imendment) Bill and other Bills.

## COMMTTTEE ON BILLS

THE AGRICUITUPAL ARO INDUSTRIAL AID (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.
COMMITTEE THEFEON
Mh. CHATPMAN:
Flease be seated.
The House it now in Committee. Before $I$ invite the Clerk to read the Cluses, perhorps $T$ could iust seak $m$ assuranoe from Members that it would be their wish that we shoutd, as usual, authorise the Scoond Officiai Menber to corvect any printing or simitar errors, and it is not therefore neocesary for us if any have been spotted by Members, to seek to comrect them as we go through the Bitis, Clatuse by clause. Untess any Member seeks to corment or object. I will take it that that whioh has benome the stondard practioe is acoeptable to Members on this occasion.

Perhape $i t$, would also be onnvenient For Members if I mention now that I have been aitern notioc, and I hape atl Members have received oonies of the notion of a pronosed conmittee Stage Amendment to the Aqrioultume mal Industrial Aid (Imondment) Biti. It is an amendment to clawes 3 and on omendment to clause 4 , of which the Elected Member for North side gove notice.

CLFRK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE.
Mr. CHATRAAN: The question is that Cleuse 1 do
stand part of the Bizz.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUGR 1 PASSETI.

CLERK: CLAUSE 2, AMENDMENT OF LONG TITLE OF LAN 24 OF 1978.
MB. CHAIRMAN: part of the Bitl.

QUESTION PUT:. AGRFED. CLAUGE a PASSPD.
GLERR: CLAUSE 3. SURSTITUTION OF SRCTION 5.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clanse it do stand part of the Bitl. I confirm as I have suid before, I have given the Mleated Member for North Side leave to move an amendment, whioh perihaps he may wish now to move.

MP. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. Chaiman. I would tike to move an anendment to Section $5(1)(b)$, the effect of which woutd be of removing the ariteria from the Zoon, being that the course woutd have to be apmroved by the Eduation Comoli and the penson would have to hove 4 ' $0^{\prime}$ Levels at cetera. It would in effect, make the toan a finanoiat transaction, an individual would have to meet the finmoiat requirements of the Board, and the course would not neeessary have to be approved ty the Education Councit. If this mendment is successfut, then Sir a monsequential omendment rould be the deletion of clause 4 .

MR. CHATRMAN: Do atl Nembers haive conies of the proposed mendment. "Is there anybody who has not, because you have not actually read it out. If every Member has a onp, then that witl suffice.

MR. D. KZZARD MILLER: I assume that nlz. Members have a copty Sir, which is why I did not read it out.
MR. CBAIRMAN:
The First Elected Member of Executive
Councit....

I can read it now if you would like six.
Mr. CHATRMAN: If alt Members have got a oopy. I would
Thave askad you to read it, if mubody had not got a corm. Do you. not have a copy? Would you like it read out? Perhaps if you oould read it out. You have a copy now?

Mr. D. EZZARD MILLEF: There was just a drafting empor on the first one. The amendment reads sir that the proposed new Section 5(1)(b) which now reads:

The functions of the Board are to-
(b)provide financiat assistance to persons pursuing courses of education aporoved under parafraph (aa) of Section 6. .
(i) that the proposed new section 5(1)(b) as it appears in Clause 3. of the Bith be amended by adding a "fuit-ston" after the word "education" in the seoond line and deteting the remainder of the clause.

Section 6. (al) reads-
'to enter into such amongements as it thinks fit to assist suitable persons to pursue such oourses of education as may be approved by the Eaucation Council establiehed by Section 3 . of the Education Latu, 1983.'

FON. MICHATL. J. BRADLEY: Win. Chairman Sir, dould I just atarify in my own mind that the Member does in fact mean the last words, and deloting the remainider of the ctause. Because the effect as $I$ see $i t$, of those words is that the whole of the proposed nev sub-section 5(2) ts also deleted, which are the functione of the Board.

MF. D. EZZARD MILLIRR:
No Sir, just the last six words in E(i)(b). The reniainder of ctimuse $5(1)(b)$ is the only thing to be deleted.

BON. BENSON O. EBANKS: In other worde, to detete the words 'approved under paragraph (aa) of seotion 6.'

Me. CHAIRMAN: I think that your omendment then would have to end not by saying 'the remainder of the Clouse'. But by saying the remainder of the proposed new section. Othervise it is going to moan something quite different.

Mh. D. EZZARD MILLER: Atright Sir, that is deocptable.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The onty worts in clause? which you want to delete are the words which apper in the provosed new section 5(1) (b) as fotzows:
'approved under parairapt (a) of seotion 6.'
That is all you want to delete is it not?
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Yes Sir.
MR. CIIATPMAN:
I think the First Elected Momber of
Frecutive Council earlier wonted to....
IOON, MICHAEE J. BRADIFY: Sorrat Sty bofove you go ahead, perhaps you could give leave without notice to move that amendrent to the amendment, because we are anending the moaning.

MR. CHAIRMAN:
Yess it is quite true. I will grant teave for you to otarify or to aorrect your amentment, becouse thrt is what you intended alt the time.

Did the Firet Elected Member of Executive Council wish to spoak, you eartier oavght my cye. HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: $\therefore$ Mr. Chaipman, I was draruing on my memony, but up tilt now I have not been able to find the relative. standing Order. I seem to realt that an amendment oould not be made to any Bith whioh was inoonsistent with the Memorandum of objects and Reasons thereof. It seems to me that this is a daee in point. $\vec{T}$ am teryting to find the Standing Onder. I am not sure whether I am oorreet or not. I do not knou if the seoond official Membor could help me on this.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Chatrman Sixe a Memorandum of objects and reasons is ithustrative ani explanatory, but it does not fom part of the Bizt. I think , what the Honourable Member may be thinking of, is that the long titile muet not be inconsietent, or the contents of a Bill must not be froonsistent with the Long Tithe of the Bilt. Beause, there aro mary acses in which we set out the obiects and pexsone for a Bitw when include a number of things which subsequently get defeated, of are ohanced in Committee stage.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFPERSON: Mr. Chairmon, I am unable to support the amenoment coming forward from the thected Member for North Side. The quidelines for this partioular loan from the Caribbean Develomment Bank which we have to use as a aide, when we are putting formand leonislation, indieates that there should be a Student Loan Advisory Committee. The Members of that Student Loan Advisory Committee are the majority of the people presently on the education counctl. So. it was my view at the time, that the rdueation Council has on overali systematio uay of deating with sohotarships, and is the most suitable group of people to advise in this particular case. Therefore I oannot support the amendment.

MR. CHAIRMAN:
Am I maht in thinking that even if the Bill is passed, worded as at present, this would not prentuds the Education Councit from gronting in future, loons to a rother wider rome of students for a pather wider range of courses, than has been the proctice in the past.

HON. BENSON O. BBANKS: Mr. Chairman, this is the whote idea of getting this money. But I would roiterate what I said in the Second Readind, that in the past the Education Council has assisted with vooational and technical subjects when these have been at recognised institutions and at reengnised levels.

What this proposed omendment would seek to do, is to remove the disbursoment of thees funds oomptetety cway from the, shatl I say......

MR. D. EZZARD MILIFR: 'Belonger Statuo' Education Counoit.
FON. EENSON O. EPANKS: $\quad$....ADVisory Board which the Third Offretal Member mentioned, namely the Education Councit. Mr. Chairman, the Fancation Comnit does not oporate in a vanum, in frat we are at this moment attempting to coen bring it further and further in tine with the Public Sorvice Commission and other bodies of Govervment, to make sure that we are producing the tupe of person whon the country and the economy reatly need. This witl further be strenathened by the establishment of the Community College undre a proper Board. ambodying members of the cormunity and the private sentor. It to our intention to put iust about every eonocivable soctor of the commuitu on that Board. "For the speaific reason that we will get input as to the nature of persons who are most needed in the oonmunity.

Mr. Chairman, to put it in a nutshelt,
Ito not see the purpose of this amendment. Maybe the Member can. otaborate.

MR. D. EZZARD MTLLER: Yes Mr. Charman.
HON. BENSSON O. EBANKS:
I do not know whether he has some personal
feelings against the Education Council. I personalty think that it is a property and welt balanced Councit, but mopbe the Member has other ideas. If he an elaborate, maybe $J$ ann tatk a titthe more alcorly about it.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLERR:
Mr. Chatimon, I with be happu to elaborate, and I witit try not to break.

I have no personat interest in this matter Sir. The Country has a probtem, there are peopte in this Country, studento who wish to undertake vocationat, technical and professionat coures in some cases which are sonetimes of short chation, six to eight monthis. but they are very axpensive.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): The financial institutions, the banke btcetera, really have no provisions for any kind of Student Loans, where the student could borrow and get a moratorium," such as coutd be posaibite under this, to start repaying the loan aftew the student has got hie or her job.

I know of many people str, who have applied for these types of coursee, torthe Education Councit and have been turned doum. In sane cases they have had the academic requirements, but they were told that the Education Cotoncil wad not granting echotarn ships in that field, and I respect. that decision of the Edvation Council. They may have their oum reasons for establishing some priority for the $k$ ind of courses for which they are going to offer echolarships. This is not a scholarship Sir, this is a loan which the student is going to have to repay, and if the student has the interest and the motivation:to undertake a partioular vooational, technicat or a profeseionat oourse, and unlese this kind of a loan is going to address the problem, then this legislation is a waste of time. Because, the only people who are now going to get scholarshipe or loans, are thove who meet the criteria of the Eduoation Comoit. Then the only thing to do is to add the funds to the Eduoation Cowncit, and let them disperse it as a sehotarehip and not as a loan.

What this Country needs Sir is a secondaxy meohaniam by which people om finance their own learning, and poy it back and do what they want to do, and serve the Country. I do not feet sir that the academic nequirements of the Faruation Comeit, since the Member responsible mentioned.personalitise, yes $I$ believe there has been some conflict of personality, not inith me Sir, but with people who have appled to the Education Councit. In otherwords they were not Presbyterians on they did not have 'betonger status', and they were not well considered in any detail for the course for which they had applied.

I see, that if we are going to meet that need sir, we are going to have to addrese the matter from a financiat basis. A person must produce the cottaterat, they or their parente must provide the guarantee that the loan is goina to be repaid, and the student must be made to repau the loan so that the money continues to circulate sir. If we are not going to address that problem, I think we are wasting our time in this Legtstative Assembly, let us just leave it with the Education Council and let them arant scholarships.

HON. BENSON O. ERANKS: Mr. Chaiman, I thought that the Member was under bome misaprehension. For his infomation Six, it has not been the practioe of the Education Council for some time, to grant fult scholarships. Every arant by the Education Councit for the past severat years has had a component of loan, or the parents, depending on their ability, were required to finconce a portion of the couree of study. The Educatton Council has not been encouraging local schotarships unless the cirounstances of the applicant were such that the Councit was moved to give, taking that into oonsideration, a totat scholarship. But they have been few and far between, and the idea of making a loan component, a part of the rront is to cause students to have a commitment to their oourse of study, and to give them d sense of respomsibility.

> Mr. Chaimion, the only aper which I
can think of where the Education Concit certainty in my time, has not seen fit to grant a scholarship, or make a grant for studu is in the area of Law, and I think this was a decision whioh was taken when the tow School was established.

HOM. BENSON O. ERANKS (COMTIMING): I do not midenstand the argiment Ff the Member, when he sayis that the pducation Council should aroat schotarships to persons who"to not have betonger atatue'. (1) If by thes he means Caymantion statue, I agree with that. Why should this Government grant scholarshtps to persons without Caymanim status. Thes should go to their country of origin to seek aseistance. Our money should be used on Cammiano, and Mir Chatman the Education Councit:has on it. every retigion that I car think of in thege Islands, including Seventh Dou Adventistis. Just about everp private sohoot is represented, the: ooverment system is welt represented, and the private sector is. represented." so nobody häs been denied, certainty ta, my kootedge, a soholarship on the basts of their retiaion.

MR. W. MoKREVA BUSH: Mr. Chaiman, sane white ago the Member wrs talking about recognised oolteges. I wonder if he oould tell me whether the Mandervitte Teachers Cotleae in Jumica is recognised by Government?

HON: BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Chaiman, I believe that it is, but I would eat to him that what we nomally use as a recomised college is one which is acoredited in the cataloques published for this purpose." That is it must be a recomised college in the ooutry in which it operstes. I betiove in the oase of the one whieh the Member has mentioned, certininly for aertain aubjects it is a recadnised institution.

Mr. chairman, thappen to know sir the case that the Member has in mind. The truth of the matter is that that was an applifation for a teacher, and the person did not have at that point, the four ' 0 '. It was sucqested that the person take the four' ' 0 ' Levels at the Comminity College and continue to work here, but the person could in fact, under the rutes of the college take further subjects and obtain teacher training at the same time. I know that subsequently, there has been comespondence, but the Councit has not been able to identify or equate the type of examination that this individual has taken, with any other examinations whioh are know to us, and we are presently invetigatin this matter with the University of the west Indies, and the education authorities in Jomarea:

MP. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
That is a good explanation Mr. Chaiman. He knows the case of which I have been taiking, but he nould havergone a little bit furthers and said that the airl furthered her stulies in Jomaica, and she asked for hetp an for as payment of rent etcetera was concemed. I fett thit the Education Councit should have taken this. into consideration, but they aid not.

MR. D. EZZARD MILILER:
Mr. Chairman
(INTERRUPTION), I, think we shouta
MR. CHATRMAN: get avay from individual peraonalities in debate, and discuss the Bizz......

MR. W. MOREEVA BUSH:
Mr. Chaimon, it is not a matter of individuat personalities, it is a oase dealing with eduaation.

MR. CHAIRMAN:
What you are doing is bringing up a partioular case and arduing that in that case the Fducation Counctl, or the Government shoult have done this or that....


#### Abstract

MR. D. EZZARD MJLLER: Mr. Chairman, if the whote idea behind this Bith is to stmplify the acoounting procedures in Goverment, then it is an exercise in futility sin.


MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr. Chairman, I indioated in my debate
that I had strong support for the amendment whtch the Member from North Side is now seeking to make, I bay that the First EleatedMember for West Bay does not seem to understand the idea behind the North side Member's onendment. He is seeking an amendment which hopefulty, wouzd altow looms to be made to people who do not have the four 'o' Lovel standard as previously requiped. But, the Thiret offictal Member did point out that cne technicatity whioh I am in symathy with, is that this whole Law initially oome into effect in 1978 to cleal with furds the source of whioh, was the Caribbean Development Bank. If we are going to make substantial choriges, I woutd have thought that the Member who introduced the Bitl would have taken this entire matter to the Caribbean Development Bank and obtatned their approval for any anendments. I do not see hou todar we con continue to deal with this Bill. I suggest that it be postponed until the next meeting in May, during which time the member undertakes to oleax these mattens with the Cambbean Development Bank. So that the Member from North. Sude can get his amendment, which is very escontiot in this Country. We heard in the debate that probabty 80 pox dent of sohooz leavers would not qualify for loans, by the oriterix set here. It is for these people who witt be teaving eotool witront the acalemic quatifications, brit being quite able to train as mechanios, who: we need, to train as technicians whom we need, and they shoutd not be barred from those funds. Beoause, remomber these toans from the Caribbean Develooment Bonk are approved and quararteed by the Govemment, and everybody regardles of hts or her aoademio qualifications, should be allowed to benefit, if he can benefit. This does not mean a louering of the standards, but simpty a mechanicm to altou maybe schoot dropouts to qualify as mechanies if they have the rathual aptitude and ability to qualify.

So, I would suggest that although it has been the practice of this Covernment to hastelv push through amy bit of legislation which comes, that then take my reconmendation and withdraw this Btill, untit such time as it aan be eterared with the Caribbean Development Bank. Go to them and telt them what the Noxth Side Member wants and whas the Bodden Toun Momber wants, and what the public needs, and let us get this matter straighted out, and do not tet teehnicalities bri a moh needed amendmeni, whion would certainly go a long way to filling a need which does exist.

MRT. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
I see that this debate is becoming a sort of a personality matter. I think in debating this, we need to decide what is bsst for the Country, as was said earlier. It to not a matter of personality otashes here. In my debate Eir. I pointed out that it was my experience as a past member of the eduoation council and a past Principal Secretary for the Portfotio, that there were a number of students making applications who aould not meet the requirements, the four 'o' tevels. This is the major input whioh this amendment would seek to bring about.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): I see that we are talking here at cross purposes. The Third offioial Member quite riahtly said that there are ceritain oriteria now established. But to not acoept this amendment Sir. would seem to bring about an oxtension of what now axists in the Eduoation Councit. I botiove that we need to make some provision for the 80 per cent on so of students who cannot and with not quatify for four ' $O$ ' Levels, and this is what this anendment : woutd atso seek to bring about.
$I$ also betieve sir, that the point made by the Seoond Etected Member for Bodten Tom is quite retevant. This is a very, verip important matter with which we are deatina, and $I$ do not believe that it woutd be in the best interests of thia Cmintry to want to rush this matter throuah. I believe that if we do not have att the answers now, and if no prior contact has been made with the Caribbean Development Bank, perkaps it is in the best interests of this Country that this matter shoutd be postponed untit the next sittina of the House, when the matter could be droperty revised and reviewed., and we could come baok here statina the position of the Cambbean Development Bank in this matter. But J believe sir, that the amendment should seek to help att, and as many people as possible. and not fust that 20 per eent.

HON. BFNSON O. EBAMKS:
MR. CHAIRMAN:
HON. BFNSON O. ERANKS:
MR. CHATRMAN:
is tiabte to go on for some onnederable further time, whd we have think it wilt probably be sonventent to take the break now, and resume the disoussion after the break. So I witt suspent proceedings for approximotely fifteen minutes.

AT II:20 A.M. THE COMMITTEE SUSPENDED

COMMITTEE RTSUMED AT $11: 44$ A.M.

MR. CHAIRMAM:

HON. THOMAS C. JEFPFRESON: made eartier by Mambers, the qproval of the Caribberr. Deweqarding Eank has been received in relation to this amendment. There has been: lots of discussion around the four ' 0 ' Levets required bu Executive. Councit, but Mr. Chairmon, the First eleoted Membor of Councit can speak better on that isome thom I.

This Loan Aareement doee not require any suoh number of ' $O$ ' Levels. What it snus is that the strudent must gain admission to the institution, and $T$ woutd hove thought that the Education Councit should be the Govermment body to saty whether that institution is roceptable to Government or not. Thank you.

Please be seated.
We resume in Committee.

HON. BENSON O. ERANKE:
Mr. Charmani.......
Wett. . . .
Mr. Chariman
No not yet. I think that this AFsoussior

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): I would like to qive this House the assurance that the needs of at students in the education stystem are being looked after. For example Mr. President, I have here a new examination called the Certificate of Etucation whioh is being set for us under the cuapices of the weteh Joint Etueation Committee.. This examination witt meet the needs of that lower end of the academic spectmom in our education system, those ohitdren who cannot, in the opinion of the teachers, make either the CCE ' $O$ ' Levet or the CSE standard. This excmination, in addition to being marked on the performance at a specific exwination, witt take into aceount the performance, effort," attendance and other records of the stwdent during his yeare of study at the High Schoot.

So Mr. Preoident, when I campaigned on a manifesto which said that I would, if peturned, be putting more mphasis on vocational and technical subjects within the currioulum, are being met by this new examination. It miaht be interesting to Members to note that we are not lagring far behind, beoause this was onty introduced to the Unitad Kingdom in 1984. Th addition to this, Mr. Chairman, students are allowed to sit examinations such as the City and Guilds, the Royal Society of Arte and the rest of them.

There was a problem Mr. Chairman, with the oriteria set by the Eduoation Council, in that there was no latitude on the four ' 0 ' Level requirement. The Fhueation Conetit sot up a Comititoe to study the criteria, ond to swgost amendments, and in draft form it is now before the whation Council. As I said in mu Second Reading Debate, there was an momaly in the requirements of the Council, in that we as a Council, were grantind soholmships to those institutions in the Istands which did not sit' 'O' Level on 'A' Level examinations, and we were basind thetr eriteria on the sAT score. Mr. Chairman, if this is foreign to some people, it means the Soolastio Aptitude Test, administerved in the United States to determine the eligibility of students for acoeptance into various institutions. Because this anomaly eristed in tho conended remutations whioh hopefully, the Council witi approve during this month, there is oriterid for considering the SAT soores for the aund of schotarships. In addition, in the case of votechsubjcats, as the Member piloting the Eitt the Honourable Finanoial Seoretary, has pointed out, the FMoation Council has auggested amenonents to their oriteria to meet the very point that Members are making, that is that once the applicant has aooptonce to the institution, the fiduoation council an in the case of the votech subjects, give sohotarships. . But as $I$ said in the Second Reading Debate Mr. Chairman, when it comes to persons seeking more academic oriented careers, we dannot affor, to lower the stondard.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: We are not talking about that.


#### Abstract

HON. BENSON O. EBMNKS: We woult not Mr. Chairman, be serving the best interest of this country. For exompte, if wo aceented a student who was unabte to aain four ' 0 ' Levels, to send that student. off to become a teacher to put into our education system, we would, to use another cotloquiatism and I do not care whether it is misinterpreted or not, but in my opinion we would then be setting out to have the 'blind leading the blind.' We must in ocritain areas', keep our atandards up.

But $I$ give the House this assurance that every level of the academic spectrim whitl be rrovided for inder the revised rules, and they with have cecess to this money, providol they meet the soreaning of the Conmittee.


HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINIINO): The Caribbem Development Bonk envisaged in its approvat of the funds, a soreening Committee. - Mh aontention is M. . Chairman that there is no Committee available to the Agricultural and Industriat Development Board which is better suited to sereen applicants that the Education Council. This has obviousty been acoented by the Caribbean Development Bank.

In the aase of the potech subjeate Mr. Chairman, I think the mover made it olear that they woutd not be bonded to serve Govermment on their return, and therefore waid be subjected to tess rigorous scrutiny. He made it alear. of course, that the Caribbean nevelopment Bank had aaid that the person would have to sign a bond to return to work in the territory for one year for svery $\$ 2,000.00$ of the amount lomed. This is indioative too Mr. Chairman, the Caribbean Development Bank does not intend this money to be frittered away. We have, as I have srits got to have a acreening Conmittee and I betieve that the Elucation Couneit is the best and most sutted body in the Islands to undertake this screening. I would hope that Members having had the assurance, both from the Financial secretary and myself, that all speetrims of the doademio body in our sohools witl benefit from these funds, witl find it nossibte to aceept the Bill as originativ presented. To detay this matter Mr. Chairiman witl only mean that these funds witl be phit on ioe and will not be available to students this year.

I think we need to got as many people quatified in our society ae is possible. So I would ask Members to please acoept the assurances which I have given which are conerete and watertioht assurances. I assure them that what they are seekina to do, we are one step ahead of them, and have the se regutations in draft form to be approved by the fitucation council at its next meeting.

MF. CHATPMAN:
The Fourth Elected Membar of Fxecutive Counct.

Mr. Chaimen, I too omnot support the
HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: amendment being proposed by the Member for Nerth side. Simply becouse the student Ioan soheme was introdueed by the Coribbean Devetopment Bank back in the early 1970's.

At that time, and I think it is still oo, the Caribbean Dovetopment Bank eotabtished the oriteria under whioh lorne would be granted. Furthermore, they salit that what was required here was that there shoutd be a soreening body which should be a. professionat body, We at the time suggested that the Education Councit woutd be the appropriate body to do the soneening, and the Caribbean Development "Bank aceepted this. The soreening whioh is carmed out by the Education Councit Mr. Chaiman, is not done merelt from oriterir laid dow by the thuation Council to deal with these applications. They are doing so on the basis of the eriterta latid down by the Curibbean Development Bank, and wie must understond this. The only change which is coming about in this amendment low is that the prooess required the Treasury to deal with the fincmatiat administration of the Loan, after it was approved, or after it had heen supnorted by the Education Councit and finctly approved by tho Camibbern Development: Bank. Now the fincmeixt administration is beina moved from the Theabury to AIDB. So, ITr. Chairman if we are noting to move the Education Councit out of the processing of these toms, I in afraid that Cambbean Develorment Bank is not noing to queet it, and therefore the student Loan Scheme witl cone to an end, untess the AInB an set up a professional boty for soroening and exomining these loons which witt be acoeptable to the Caribbean Development Rank.

HON: TASSEL G. JOHNSON (COVITNUTNG): The Amendment Law here Mr. Chairman is only deating with the financial aspect of the soheme. But the scheme itself has been set out under certain critemin of the Caribbean Development Bank whioh has been explained to you.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
MR. CHAIRMAN:
Ceorge Tow who firts caucht my eye.
MR, LINFORD A. FIERSON:
Thank you. I think most of us are wett aware of the procedures which extst within the Combbern Development Bark. We know when thoy were instituted, but it is not the point Mr. Chairman. I heard a previous speaker say that the Education Conneit is guided by the students, meaning acceptance by on institution. Thie is not quite cormects the Education Council has its om criteria which includes having four ' $O$ ' Levels, untess this has been changect recently. We atso see a Member introducing some itraft guidelines which with be introduced in the futwre. We are talking about what exists at present, and we would like an assurance that something will be lons. Put for us to sit here and not allow this mendment, I think would be doing an infustice to the majomity of the people of this country.

MR.' CHAIRMAN:
No, the Third Blected Member for West
Frid.
MRS. DAPFNE L. ORRETT:
Mr. Chairmon.
It was the Seeond Elected Member for

Thank you lif. Chatrman.

I have no difficulty in undenstonding what has been browht forward here by the Third Offiaiat Member and the First Eleoted Member of Councit.

Tr reaty oannot sumport the cmenament
which is being proposed. As I see it sirs the Carthnean Develoment Fank is tike any other bonk. It has a set of males and reaulations, and anyone going to a bank here who conmot meet the requirements does not get a loon. The Caribbean Develonment Bank is no diffement. I understrand and it has been mentioned here that this Government shoutd soy to the Caribbern Development Bronk, or pronoso to it what its requirements should be in order for us to distribute these loans to certitin individuate. I oannot see how anyone oan diatate to the cruibbern Develoment Bonk what the oriteria they are going to net tom is aoing to be, I continue Mr. Chaimm to insist that while we want to hetn as many people as possible, there has to bo a reward for diligence, for striving for exceltenoe, for a student getting hio mind made up as to what he wants. If in fact, a student lewes the Figh sohoot, or in the case of some of the private sohoots, does not score on the SAs test to the level which would suite the Rducation Councit, then Mr. Chairmon, what is wrong with that student pursuing within the communty College, subjects which wout quatify him for meeting the omiterin as set down by the Caribbean Bank and, or, the Eduction Councits fre we goind to say to students that they oan study as hard as. they want or as tittle as. they want, becxuse when they leave sohool and rpmy to Government thayill receive money to further theire othoxtion. Thare has to to a reward for hard work Mr. Chairmon. If a student, no matter what his finonoial backaround may be, if the or ohe are keenty intereated in getting aherd, I think that provision is male in the Eigh Schoot. suatem and within the private High sehools for that student to qualify, and if he does not do it first time around, Mr. Ohairmian he tries untit he sucoeeds. Fortunately for us there to the Commanitu College where one can pursue those subjeats, and study tilinently and pass.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORAETT (CONTINUING): If in fact there is a student who for one reason or another is not apable of reaching those standarde, it is not for Goverment to say "we wilt have to relau nur standards" because of such and such an individual." I feel that here is an area where we have to be frank about it. Not everybody oan qualt fy, but thoee who are diligent, and it does not matter what theire religious, finaneiat or social backaround may be, if a student wonts to get ahead and he proves to the kducation oouncil that he is willing to try," I do not believe that he is going to be turned aside.

MK:' CHAIRMAN: $\quad$ I think the Member has made her point.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETH:
MR. CHAIRMAN:
speeches in Committee stage.

Thank you very much.
We axe straying into making tong, long.
The Second Elected Member for West
Bay eartier aught my eye. I do not know whather he stitl wants to speak.

MS. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Chairman. I quite understand that Caribbean Development Bank has its ariteria, I think I: have known that for many yeare. What I an most concemed about, and the issue has been somewhat mudted, are the oourses which mill not now be provided by the Community College. My concern ie for the student who has not. reached the high academic level which I have been hearing about now. This is the student whom $I$ most conoemed anout in this Country. because this type of student is in the majority. Maybe I am repeating what somebody elee has already said, but I fust want to....

## MR. CHATRMAN: <br> $I$ think you have made the point too.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: $\quad . .$. make the point more strongly.
The other thing is, ( $I$ ave not finished yet Mr. Chairman and I want to make the point again that I feel that this particular area has no business being at the Agmicultural and Industrial Development Board. We should have a proper Loan Soheme in this Country. I went to see the Einoncial secretary and was told that they are going to introduce it, well $I$ do not see it. I see it in another forms but if it ann be produced in that form then I am satisfied, but it hae to be done where those people of whom $I$ am mont concerned are aetting aid.

MR. CHATRMAN:
The Member has made his point. The
First Elected Member for Bodden Town.
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Chairman, as I see $i t$, maybe we are loosing sight of many things in this discussion. We connot expect to have a nation of only bankers and lawuere and top professionats. The majority of the people who cannot qualify for those courses must be given an opportumity, those who an atterd a teohnicat schoot without having four. 'O' Levels on two ' 0 ' Levels or whatever it may be. we have peopte who with want to train to be plumbers, electricians and. so forth, and they with play a witat part in, the buitding of this country, and these poovle we should try to herp. f. am in favour of people getting the best education they cons, but. when they teave High sohool, and they have not got the ' $O$ ' Levels which will cnable them to go on to a higher institution, then we just comot let those people drift, we must hetp them in every way that we can, and this was the originat intention of this scheme.

MP. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINITMS): Tt was first brought about several Mears ago in the original loan from the Caribbean Development Bank. For the Member to give us promises and we have hat all kinds of promises which have been broken; we should not go through with legislation based on a prontse. We should go through leaistation based on fact, and the best thing whioh could happen this moming is for the Government to withdrow this Bill untit such time the House aan be acoured obtat the issues raised by the Member from North side and disoussed by other Members, aan de dealt with. Because, the present Govermment to whom I am speaking, does not appeas to have the interests of the tess fortunate at heart in wany was. Training schools were set up to hetp the less fortunate people in this Country, and I understand that they have almost been disbanded, and the teachers have been dismissed, etcetera, so what are we doing carmina on apoepting promises. We cannot aceept promises any more, and I think we should deat with the problem realisticalty. Govervment shculd withdraw this.Bill until the next sitting of the House, which is not very long down the road, and let us deal with the Bill in a ompleted form at that time.

MR. CHATPMAN:
The Member for Nortin Side.


#### Abstract

MT. D. EZZARD MILLRR: Mr. Chaiman, I with acoent the undertaking of the First Fitected Member of Recoutive Councit on one oondition. If he will meet that condition: I am prepared to withdrow the omendment, which is, that as som as the oritemia is finalised, it is oublished for pubtic knowtedae in the looat newevapere and on Radio coyman, and coupled with this is their priority list for aranting sololarships and loans et cetera. But it has to be pubtiened, so that it is sommon knowledge.


MFi. JAMES M. RODDEN:
Eut if that ariteria does not meet.
with the wishes of this House, and it does not embody the things which are going to proteat the people of whom we are talking, this can be done once we put this into tegistation today. They are then empowered to do anytining they wist to do with it, and the only thing then is to bring back another amerdment to try to correot it. , what $I$ am saying is, that whatever we want to put in to the fitt shoutd be done at the time the Bitl passes the legislature of this House. Beoakse, we are the people who are heve to repreaent the people, and to make our voices known as to what we think is best for them not some other Boaret which has been set up on the outside which does not hrve to contend with the isaues of this House.

IION. THOMAS C. TEFFERSON: Mr. Chatirman, the statement made by The Elected Member from North side regarding the priority tiet which he refers to, has to be publishert in the newspaper under this Ioan Aqrement.

MR. CHAIPMAN:
The Eirst Rlented Nember of mxentive
councit.
HON. BENSON' O. EBANKS: Ye Mr. Ghaimar. I have ane at.
What I can do to make the position clear. In my Seoond Readina contribution, I saicl something to the effeet that no amount of money, or opportunity oould make a facknes into a racohores, and some Members found that figure of speech offenstue. All I am eay ie sir that while I agree that a jackass oan. be made into a better tackass, I repeat that a jackass can never be made into a maehoree. Forse aenso is gomething which a jaokass with never have.

MF. LINFORD A. PIRRSON:
Mr. Chairmon, on a point of onder, what $2 s$ the purpose of the braying of the Member apross the aisle. We are not hear to talk about jackasses and moehorges, we are talkina about toman beinas....
ION. BEDSON O, EBANKS: " Yea Mr. Chairman.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Nember should understand that.
.... And it is time I think that the HONV. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. Chaiman, I understand that very woll, and $I$ am going to make a point as $I$ am not finished. I have riven this House every assurance that evem academio apeotmm within our society will be attended to. I was onlly referming to the remark $I$ made, that is the exmple I qave to any that it appears to me that some Members have settled to prove exactly what I have satit.

MA. JAMES M. BODDEN: You have given an assurance......
MR. CHALAMAN:
No. sorry, the Member was asked for Th assurance. I do not know whether he is intending to aive it, or. not. He might care to make that olear, beoause, I think it would heto the Comititee.

AON. BRNSON O. EBANKS: Mr. Chatrman, I gave that ascurance
in my tast.....
No, you were asked for ar assurance.....
MR. CTALRMAN:
HON. BEHSOS O. EBANKS: $\quad .$. . In retation to mabtication, I think Mr. Chairmon that that is an on going thing.

M2. CHAIRMAN: You were asked for ar ascuronce.... HON. BENSON D. EBANKS: . Anmuatly.

MP. CHAIRMAN:
hit you blease tet me finish. You were asked for an aseurance to publish certan aritema. I have not heard, I may have missed something, but I dertainly have not heard such an assurance yet. If you believe you hove aiven one, perhops it coutd be repeated beoaue I think it mioht be heltofut to the Mouse.

MON. BENSON O. EBANKS: $\because$ I think that the Financiat Secretamy
mule it clear that it was a condition of dispensing the lorns, that this oriteria be made publio.

MR. CHAIRTAAN:
There were two pointo which the Elected
Member for North side had made.
One was about the pubtioation of the oriteria and the other was about nriorthes. The Fintnoint secretary dealt with the one about priorities, the the one about ariteria pubiiation has not yet been dexte with. I m inviting you to aive an ossurance now, if that is your intention.

HON, BENSON O. FBNHWS:" Yes he Chatman. The criterta is bet down in regutations under the Education Irw. , कo the oriterit in a probite document. The existing one is, the monded one is, and $I$ would have no hesitation providing I an not roind to man Goverment into wnecessary expense to pubtieise it.' Eut I do not know that I an going to qive an assurane that it io goint to be pubtished in a newspaper, and pubtished over hodio Commen esterx.

IION. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): Onoe it is given indeepread publicity, I think that we have disoharged our duty.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: But Ar. Chairmon, these ruzes and ariteria by which these grants or locns will be made, will be set by a body of people who witl be mainty civit servarts or peopte drawn from the pubtic sector. They do not woice the opintono and the feetinge of the Legislative Members who represent the people. Ao to the Member miving his assurance, this witl not be good enowh for me personatly because he and his supporters have given mam promises to the people of this Country which have been broken. So thit asouranoe would not mean one thing to me.

FON. BENSON O. ERANKS:
Mr. Chaismans, I would catt your attention to Stonding Onders sir, about insulting and abusive remrarks. I have never lied to farliment, and $T$ have no intention of doing so nou. If the Member can give an exmrule of where I promised to do something in this House and did not do it, I will be happy to do what ever is necessary to put it right. I have no knowledge of ever doing $t h i s$.

Mr. CHATMAAM: I think t witl ask we Conmittee to oompentrate again on the comendment which has been proposed by the Member for North Side, to the alause of the Rill. which we are debating, from which we have strayed a tong wry.

Dose the Member wish to oontinue with the amendment, he thought at one stage about withdrawing it. Do you want it put?

MR. D. E'ZZARD MILLER:
yeo Mr. Chaimm, since I carnot have the assurance that it is going to be made mublic....

MR. CHALPMAN:
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
MF. CAAITMAN:
Bitl chould be amended in the sense question is that clause 3. of the side proposed. Members with recall that the wording re circulated, was with leave amended to olarify the Member for Ilorith Side's intention.

QIESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES - THAT THE AMFNOMFNT AS AMEMDED do stand part of the clallse.

MR. CHATRMAN:
find it difficult.
MF, W. MoKEEVA BUSH: to Members.

AYES
Mr. W. Mekeeva Bush
Mr. Linford A. Fiereon
Mr. James M. Bodden
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr, D. Esadrd Mitter
Mr. John B. MoLern

Mr. CHATRMAN:
I think I woutd prefer a division. I

Are you not qoing to aive the ariterid
$\frac{D I V I S T O B}{B D}$

| NOES |
| :---: |
| Hon. Mrohact \%. Bratley |
| Hon. Thomas C. Teffersont |
| Hon. Benson D. Ebraks |
| Bon. W. Nommen Rodden |
| Hon. Coot. Chrries L. Kirkeonnelt <br> Hori. Vaseet g. Johnoon |
|  |  |
|  |
| Crpt. Mabry S. Kirkannnell |

9
$I$ deolare the amendent lost.

MR. CHATEMAN (CONTINUING): So we now ao back to Clause 3 . of the Bili as is uritten in the Rill.

MR. W. McRTEVA BUSH:
Ar. Chaiman witt he send the criteria to Members, a copy of the ariteria to Members? I meant to ask that before Sir, you never gave me a chance.
MR. CHALRMAN:
He said that the oriteria is going to be published.

MR: W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
MB. CHATIMAN: imagene.

Mr. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
MR. CHALRMAN;
onty three in future.
Mi. W. MOYEEVA BUSH:
$\frac{\text { MR. CHAIRMAN: }}{\text { etond phart of the Bitl. }}$

We will get it in the Gazatte.
You will get them in the Gazette, I

I get at least four copies of it now.
Maybe we ann eoonomise by sending you

One witl do sir.
The question now is that Clause 3. do

QUFSTTON RUT: CLALISE 3. - AYES AND NOFS

MT. G. HAIG BODDEIT:
MR. CHATRMAN:

Mr. Chairman, may I have a division?
certainth.

## DTVISION

10. $7 / 86$

## AYES

Hon. Dennis R. Foster Hon. Michael J. Eradleu,
Hon. Thomas C. IEfferson
Hon. Benson O. EDanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Chartes L. Kirikconnett.
Hon. Vasset G. Johnson
Mres. Daphne L. Orrett Cqpt. Mirbris S. Kirkeonnelt

NOES<br>Mr. W. MoKeeva Bush<br>Mr. Linford A. Fierson<br>Mr. James M. Bordden<br>Mr. G. Heter Bodden<br>Mr. D. Esarard Miller<br>Mr. John B. McLem

MR. CIIATEMART:
I declare the motion arrried. Clause 3.
stands part of the Bilt.
OUESTTON PUT: CLAUSF 3. PASSED BY MAUORITY.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
What a disatpointment.

CLERK: CLAUSE 4. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 6.
MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clauee 4 . do Fitand part of the Bizt.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
ME. CFAIRMAN:
HON. MICIAEL I. BPADIFT: $I$ sormy. I do not know whether in view of the defeat of the previous amendment.....

MR. CHATRMAN:
I was going to say, I take it that the notice that we were given of anendments, the omendment to clause 4. was consequential on the amerdment to clause 3. and really it eannot stand on its own.

HON. BEMSON O. EBANKS: We hane tost the battle, but I do not think we have lost the war sir, we are getting there.

MR. CHATRMAN: The question then is that clause 4.
stand part of the Bitu.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 4. PASSED,
CLERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND TIIE AGRICULTTRAL AND INDUSTRIAL AID LAW 1978.

MR. CHATRMAN: The question is that the title and enaeting Clause stond part of the Bill.

OUESTION FUT: AGREET. THE TTMLE ANO FMACTTMG GLAUSE PASGED.

THE SUNDAY TRADTNG (AMENDMENT) BTLL, 1986
COMMITTEE THEREFON.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
In respect of the Sundar Trading Amendment Bilt. Firstly, I think I am right in neoalling that there was a nevised version of the green copy of the Bitl ciroulated. It was not intended to be attered from the criginat, but a number of typing crrors were corvected, if I am riaht, and secondty, I have thad notice of two proposed committee stage amendments. One has been aiven to me by the mover of the Bill, the Second Elected Member of Executive Council and the other, given to me by the Second Eleated Member for George Toun, both of them affect clause .8. of the kith.

CIERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE.

| MR. CHATPMAN: <br> stand part of the Bill | The auestion is that clause 1. do |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION PUT: AGREEN, | CLATISF 1. PASSED. |  |
| CLERK: CLAUSE 8. A | MENT OF SECTION 2. |  |
| $\frac{M R_{1} \cdot C H A I R M A N:}{\text { stand port of the Bizt. }}$ | The questio | clause 2. do |
| OUESTION PUT: MGRTED | CLAUSE 2. PASGot. |  |

OUESTION PUT: NGRTED. CLAUSE 2. PASGTD.

CLE'RK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMFNT OF SFCTTON 4.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that Clouse 3 do
stand part of the Bit\%.
QUFBTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 3 TASSED.
CLERK: CLAISE 1. AMENDMENT OF' SECTTON 5.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
the question is that clause \& do etand part of the Bill.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUISE 1. PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 5. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 6.
MF. CHAIFMAN: The question is that Clause. . do stand part of the Bill.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 5. PASSED.
CLERK: CLALISE 6. AMFNDAFNT OF SRCTION 7.
MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that clanee 6 do stond part of the bitt.
gUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLALMSE 6 PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 7. AMENCMENT OF SFCHION 9.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clause 7 do
stand part of the Bith.
OUESTTON PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 7. PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 8. AMENDMENT OF FTRST SCHEDIILE.
MF. CHATRMAN:
The question is that clause 8. do etond part of the Bitt, but as it mentioned eartier, $I$ have bsen given notice of two pronosed omendments to clanse s. The first, the notice was given by the Second Eleated Nember of Executive Councils. and I with thivite him now to move his amendment.

FION. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. Chairman; in acoordance with Standing Onder $52(2)$, I hereby aive notice of this Committee stage omendment, and move the following amendment to Clowe 3 .
That clause 8 be monded by deleting the moteg and last fultstop at the end of proposed item 15 of paragraph ( $q$ ) and by adding the fothowing-
"16. Establishments carrming on retall business at an airport.
17. Establishments concerned in the rental of motor-
cars, motor-cycles or bicucles, or in the rental or charter of boats, in relation to such rentale or charters."

Thank you: I suspect that the initiat quote is not necessary, but I have no doubt that the second officiat Member will attend to that; if the amendment is carried and the Bill is altered in consequence. Do tou want to speak to explain the purpose. of the amendnent?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Only Mr. Chaiman. to point out that these are establishnents which ore in the retait business, for example at airports which would be generatly affeeted the towism and traffic in and out of our airports. Item 17 deals with the rentate of motorsars and other vehicles and also the sharter of boats, which often take place on a Sunday, and is again an establishment whioh is oonsidered a tourism related business. The idea is to make provision for these two different types of buriness under this amendment.

Mr. CHAIRMAN: $\quad \because \quad$ The question now before the Comittee is that Clicuse $B$ of the Bill should be amended in the manner moved by the Gecond Eleoted Member of Executive Councit. Doee any Member wish to speak to that?

In that oase, iwitz put the queetion, that clouse 8 . be mended in that sense.

OUESTION PUT: AGREED. AMPNDMENT I PAGSED.
MTR. CHAIRMAN:
The second mendment of whioh notice was given was as I thave eaid, one to be moved thy the second Ftected. Member for George Town, and I invtte him to move his anendnent now.

MF LINFORD A. PIERSON: Thank you Mr. Chaiman.
In accordunce witi standing onder
52(1), I beg to move the following Committee stage amendment to this Thill. Amendments to clause 8 .
That clause $?$ be conended by adding-
"18. Establishments chaged in the wale or supply of toiletries in relation to the sale or supply of those items.
19. Establiahments engaged in the sate on supply of baby products (other than olothing and toys) in retation to the sale or supply of those items."

In 19 Mr . Chatimm, after 'sate' 'or suppzy' should be inserted to make that correct.

MP. CHAIRMAN: I trke it that we aan asowe that
Hou hove yourself assumed that the Second Officint Member witt take out quotation marks and put them in where their aro necessary, and so on, just to tidy it as it were.

MR. LINFORD A PIRRSON: Quite might sip. $\frac{\text { Mr. CHATRMAN: }}{\text { What you have read out. Do yom want to speabetomee of to that: }}$

But the subetimee of the amendment is
MR. LINFORD A, PIERSON: $\because$ Briefly, ihr. Chaimmon. I have apoken
to to the mover of thise Bill on the pmonsed anendment, and I have aton alerted other Members in this raspeot.

Mh. LINFORD A. PIERSON (COMTINUTNG): I see these two omendments as being reabonable. I would exptain that on 18 Item 8(10) it is intended to include such items as soap, toilet naper et cetera. It ts not the intention to have a wholesale sale at any supermorket in toiletries. I have in mind that this itsm would eover the minimon bare essentiats that a household, regariless of whether thes are tomists or otherwise would be needing.

On the quastion of 10 Baby Froduote, this is intended not to inolude alothina and toys, or simitar or related items.
mhank you Mr. Chairmith.
MR. CHAYRMAN:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. Chairmon, I reoomise that a part of the probleme when witt develop in conneotion with this taw when it is amended, is enforeement. As I have said in mis ontribution a tittte while ago to the Debate, we must drow the tine somewhere. Although I on against really increasing and adding and widening those businesses which are exempted, I see in this partioular amendment 18 and 19. that there are $I$ suppose, a fea more iteme which might be beneficiat to the smatl grocery store operator whioh would not be attractive to the larger store owncrs, who thus might not be bemoted to open on Sundays juet to provide these few items. Where ae it might be beneficiat to the small oomer gronery store if you want to adt it that. So $I$ feel that these aro not unreasonable, and I con support the anendment as it stands.

Mr. CHAIRMAN: Dos any other Member wish to ateak?
?1R. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Chairman, having been the first apeaker on the Second Reading Debate, I brought to the attention of Members, those partioular items. Another item water.....

MR. CTATRMAN: The Nember, is he wanting to mend the amendment to inctude something etse, or is he speaking to the menoment itself?

Mr. W. MoKEBVA BUSH: Welt I do not know whether it arm be Enserted, or whether you would acoent on onendment. But....

VIR. CIAITMMAN:
I think that really it uots wont something
atse inctuded, it would have to be a ceparate mondment, of which notice would have to be qiven. I see that the seocna official member is nodding to me. The firat schedule evidently tiste in turn, att the different sorts of estoblishnents, all the different sorts of goods whien an be sold. I do not think you am just. Lump water in with baby rpoducts or toiletries.

HON. MICHAEL J BRADLEY: . I think Mr. Chairmon sirs, the normat procedure in Committee is that one nomally requires om andment of this type to be in writing, so that Members con soe them in front of them.
$\frac{\text { MR. CFAIFMAN: }}{\text { gnnt to say. }}$
That is riont, that is what I was".

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Chairman....

MR. CHATRMAN: I think what we witulhave to do is to deal now with the Seond Fiteoted Member for George Tom'e amendment, and mapbe, if we mise as we probably shatt in a few minutes, for tunch, you might get an opportunity to try anf draft an amenduent which we. may be able to consider aftervaris. But I think it needs to be a separate amendment, so to give veu....

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: That is alt xight with me sir, so long as you witl give me the assurance that you witt take the amendment.

Mh. CHAIPMAN:
MR. W. MOKEBVA BUSH:
HON. MTCHAEL J. BRADLEY:
I thought that the Honouroble Member several days ago, but he did not put dow an amendment.


Mr. CHAIRMAN: I con indeed, but.....
Mi. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: You have athowed it before sim.

MR. CHATRMMN: If it muts all the Committee to
inconvenience, I would be retuctant to. However......
MP. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr. Chaiman, fust before we atose
on this point. I aqree with the Senond kteated Member for Weat Bay, and. I would also tike to point out that thits Btll makes' no mouisions for emerqencies, For examile, $\begin{gathered}\text { f we have a natural disastex like a }\end{gathered}$ humicone how coutd one open a shop to se7. plupood and whatever might be necespary to batten up for a huriveane. It atso makes no provistons for other essentiat services such as eteotricity and teterhones.
CUC cannot sell their eleatriaity rroduats on Sundou, and I think we are being very stupid trying to rush it. We have to make provision for electricitu, teiephones, oneracnaies and other essentiat servines.

MR. CHATRMAN: it is unfortuate.... If had such maion moints to raise,
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: No, it is not infortuate Sir.
MR. CHATPMAN:
It is unfortunate that wou did not atve


[^7]MF. G. HAIG EODDEN:
Order, omter.
I am only mentioning it so that they
with know of the deficiencies which then are oreating in this Low.
MR. CHAXRMAN: I think we are now limited to discussing the amendment mropoced by the Seond Liteoted Member for George Town. Let us first dispose of that.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. AMENDMFNT.IT FASSED.
I think I witt suspend proceedinas
now for......
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. Chaizman, ono point before you Do. Maybe the Second officiat Member would tike to took at 8(11) where it says in relation to the sate to guests of that hotel. The shops might howe a problem in identifying guesto, so $I$ do not know whether you might want to anend it during the lunch hour.

No. CHAITMAN: Well, we witl tenve the clause as arroady twice amended stilt open for further disoussion after our tunoh treak. Since we are breaking a tittle barly would Members prefer to return at two fifteen or two o'olook?

HON. DENMIS F. FOSTERT:
MF. CHATRMAN:
wo fifteen. very well. $l$ whi suepend whe try to be fairly prompt.

AT $12: 32$ F.M. THE COMMTTRFF SUSPFNDET

COMMITEEE RESUMED AT 2:21 P.M.
MR. CHATRMAN:
Please be seated.
We were in Conmittce at the time when $I$ suspended proceedings for tunoh, and we were considering Clause 8. of the BiLL, to which two amendments had atreadt: heen proposed and agreed. I see now that two further amenomento have veached me, and I take it that all Members have got copies of theae two further amendments, one of which is to be moved bu the Seeond Eteotod Nember of Reentive Council and the other of whioh is to be movet by the Second Elected Mempsr for west Bay.

As the seoond Fileoted Member for west Bay's amendment affecte the earlier part of the Clauses if I have got it right. Perhars he might care to mone his first.

Me. W. MoKEFVA BUGH:
MR. CHAIFMAN:
MT. W. MoKEEVA BUSII:
MR. CHATPMAN:
3R. W. McKEPVA BUSH:

Mr. Chairmon, do you want me to read

I think it is...
Alt Members do have it.
Do all Members have it?
Yes six, I am certain they do.

NR, CHATRMAN:
It is an anemaments just to be quite sure to Claise $B$. paragraph (e) to insert 'bottied water and water ing butk" immedtatelif after the word "newspaper". Is that might?

MP. W. MCKEEVA BUSI:

MR. CHATRMAN:
Correet Sir.
it show $i t$. You cextainly must move it.

MR. W. MoKFFFA BUSH: In acoordance with Thanding Order 52(7). teave of the Chairman having been so granted in accordanoe with stianding Order 52(2), theg to move the fothowing Committee stage amendment to Clause 8. parafraph (c) of the Sumday Trading Anendment Bitl 1986 :
By inserting "bottzed uater and water in butk" inmediately after "newspapers" in paragraph (o)."

Mr. Chainman, I think the amendment speaks for itself, I do not need to present a conment on it.

MR. CIIAIRMAN:
Docs ant Member wish to sweak to the amendment?

HON. W. MORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. Chatimran, I wowth just like to
Bay that this is an essentiat item and ofton it is sotd due to water chortages which monly householdere have, and they have to ordex water which is detivered on Sundats. I feet that the onendment is a reasonable and juat one, and $I$ int $\overline{\text { juge }}$ it mus support sir.

MR. CHATMMAN: Unless ant other Memher wishes to speak, I wit put the question that chano 8 . of the Bill be anended in the sense and the manner moved by the Seoonr Elected Member fors West Boy.

QUESTION PUT: AGREFD. AMENDMENT III PAGGED.

The other dmendment I mentioned is by the Second Eiected Member of Executtve Councti. Woutd he litke to move' that now.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mx. Chainmon, in acoordance with Standing Order Se (I). Teave of the Chatr having been so aranted in aoordance with Standing Order $52(2)$, I beg to move the fotlowing Committee stage amandment to ctause 8 . naragraph ( $q$ ) of the sunday Thading Amendinent Bill 1986 by.-
(i) deteting 'to guests of that hoteli: in proposed.
item 11: and
(ii) addind the foltowing new item 20 -
"20, Establishments conecrned in the provietions of such eqsential services as may be presoriber. by the Governor in Counct 7 by order."

Mr. Chairman, it has inst been drown
to my attention that the first anerodment which $t$ read out should be worded "to guests of that hotel's instead of "to quests at that hotel. "

MF. CHAIRMAN: The amendment proposed, or the two amendnents really, there are two separate ones but both moved simultaneousty, to Clause $g$. of the Bill proposed by the second Elected Member of Executive Councit, have been read out. Does any Member wish to speak on them?

Maybe we cat aoknowletge the ontri-
bution made by the Second Eleoted Member for Eoden Toun.
In which ease, I will out the question.
OUPGTION FUT: AGREED. AMTNDMNT IV PASSFD.
MR. G. HATC BODDEN:
Mr. Chaiman; just before we move on, I Weutd atso like to say too, as I mentioned emtier, that this Bill seems to make no provision for emergencies sueh as fires, naturat oatastrophies like hurticanes, where it might be necessary to open a place of business on a sunday or a trontbited doy. Atthough I know that it might be covered in eay the Furmieane thos on somethinh similar. But $f$ do not think the Hurricone Law covers say, a case of fire if om establishment was burming dow. Or if it were necessary to open a oarticulcr business to get eay, water to fight a fire or somethina, I would tike to vee a clause which would embrase alt or this. Although, I know the hurriacthe is coverd under the regutations of the National Preparedness Disaster, or what ever it is. I think theres is some provision and some reguzation somewhere on that, but I do not think it is all comprehensive onough to cover every event which oould ocour. It would be bad if it were a criminal offence ond one oould not open a ptace bectuse a fire happened to be on a Sunda, when one can open it on Monday. It might be necessary to purchase some item which is aboolutely necessary from a hardware store, for arompte fire ares. $I$ would like to see a general provision to cover this.

MR. CIAIRMAI?:
If think there is a general provision
in the Law atready.
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Nr. Chairman Bir, I would like to thank the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town for hia contribution. My feeting without having the materiat to reserroh it at the monent, is that such situations are arbauntely covered under other tegistation, Energenoy Powers Legistation Hurmicane Disaster. But oould I bry sir, that I am sure the Honourable second Elocted Member of Executine Councit ond myeelf will both look into the matter, and if it seems neosserry to take the matter back to the Legislative Assembly arain, we woutd not hesitate to do so.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Yes sir, that would be a better arurse Whan mi moving a motion, whioh would be defeated nutomatieally.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: It is not the defeating, it is the drafting whith I would worry about.

FON. W. NOPMAN BODDEN: Not onty that, it is atso quite oorrect that no tegislation inotuding this witl be able to provide for every aventuality. Of course $I$ take the Members point, if one has a fire sir some serious incident which required ocrtain spesific items to be provided from i store nearby, I on sure soma arrongement could be worked to make this possible. But, if we are trying to cover overy eventuality we oould end up with a tist whioh woutd be moh langer that $t$ betieve ony of us would be abte to omprehend or imarinu. So, J would go along with the reocmmendations....

MR. CHAIPMAN:
The present Law does contatin a provision, unlese I have got an out of date copl, whion entbleo the Eroutive Councit to adi or ditete or anend thinge in the sohedulc. I am supposing there were a natural dieaster, it would surety be possible for Executive Council to then, using that power, authorise the opeming of att neoessary shops. Itowever, if the matter con be mesearehed further mid since an undertaking has been given to bring brok furthar Tegiatation if it is found that further tegislation is nenessary, perhope we com locuent at that.

Mcanuhite, I think we did approve that amendment did we not? Texhaps Members an hetp no. Did" we take the pote on the Seoond Elected Member of Rxoutive Councit's mondmont. I think we did, did we not. Te that might. We did not.

FION. BENSON O, EBANKS:
Yes, it wro taken,
MR. CHAIRMAN:
It was taken.
HON. BEHSON O. EBANKS:
Yes.
MR. CHATRMAN: And it was carried? In that acase we have now got the chause 8. amendect four times.

HON. BENSON O. BRANKS: I do not believe wo had the divistin though Sir.

MR. CHAIFMAN: We atd not have a divinion. Did I not oalt for vorees. Welt, let us fust be quite sure about that.

QUESTHON EUT: AGPRED. AMENDMBNT IV FASIRD.
So that puts it beyond doubt. We do now have four mendmente, alt of which have been ranced to. $I$ do not trave notice of ony further amentments. So the auestion eouzd now be put, that clause o re mended four times do stend part of the Fitt. Intesa mu Member wishes to speak, I intt put that question.

OUEGTTOM PUT: AGREED. THAT CLAUGF B. AS FOUR TTMEE AMFNDED PAGSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 9. REPEAL OF SECCND SCHEDULE.

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## REPORTA ON BILLS

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MR. PRESIDENT: Please be seated.
Reports. The Agriculturat and Incustriat
Aid (Amendment) Bitz.
THE AGRICULTUBAI, AND INDUSTRIAI, AIH: (ANENDDMEND) BIML, 1986.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFEFRSON: . Mr. Eresident, I have to report that
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Atd Low, Law 24 of }7978\mathrm{ wao considered by a Committee of the whote
House, and passed without onendment.
Mh. PRESIDENT: The. Bitl id aooovdintaty set down for
Third Readinq.
THE STNDDAY TRADING (AMENDNENT) BILL, 1980
FON. W. NORMAN BODDFN: Mr. Freeident, I tave to report that a
Bith entitled a Bith for a Low to omend the Sundou Trading. Law,
Chapter 161 was considened by a Conmittee of the Whole House, and passed
with four amendments.
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Mr. PRESIDENT: The Fizt is acoondinglu set dom for
Third Reading.

## THIRD READINGS

GLERK: THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTHTAL AID (AMENDMFAT) BILL, 1996.
HON. THOMAS C* JEFFERSON: Mr. Tresident, I move that a BitL
akority to be entitted the Agricultumct And Indurtriot Aid (Amondment) BeLL I986, be given a Thivd Reading mad passed.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Guestion is that a Bitl shortly to be entitled the Agrioutturat And Industmint Aid (Amendmont) Bitl, 1986 be given a Third Redifing ma prased.

UUEGTION PIT: AGREED. BILL GTVEN $A$ THIRD READIMG AND PASSED.

## OTIER BUSTNESS

## PRTVATE MFMBERS' MOTIONS

MR. PRFSTDEATT:
Item five on the Order Faper - other Tusiness. Private Members' Motions. Private Member's Motion number 3 of 1986 .

MA. G. HAIG BODDEN: reading of the sunday Troding?

MR. CIAIRMAN: It was not on the Onder paper for some reason. So I did not put it. I take it, it witt probably appear on tomorrows Order Paper.
$I$ m iust cheoking that mil recollection was oorrect. I think that after the mover had mover the Frivate Member's Motion NO. $3 / 80$ and tt had been formal. 7 y seoondec, the Third uleoted Member and the Thira offiatal Member of Enecutiote Counct both spoke, but they so far have been the onty speakers during the Debate on this motion. So the motion is now open for debate, and if any Member whe has not yet epoken ard wishes to oneak, he mat do so.

PRTVATE MEMBER'S MDTHON NO. $3 / 86$
RE: ASKING CARIBBEAN UTITTNTEE CO. TMB. TOMNEWO THFIF LICENCE TO RESTORE THE TMPOR' DUTY EXTMPTION

## CONTIMUATION OF DEBATE THEREON

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSOM:
Mr. President, the motion before us, Frivate Member's Motion No.3/86 is asking Cambbean Utitities to amend. their ticence to restore the Import Duty exemption.

Mr. Eresident, white $t$ an fuity appreaiate the motives behind this motion, and while $T$ can support what the motion is aeeking to aoomplish, I betiwe fir, that there is a more importont area of the oneration of Cll that mos warrant our very keen attention.

I Delteve Mr. President, that the recent reduction in the price of oit world-wide with atso have a. major favourable effect on the Caymon Istands. T note Mr. President from an issue of the Cajmanian Compass on the 2ith Tebmary, 1986 that it is indeed the plan of CUC to reduce the electricity rates. I betieve Mr. Fresifent that it is now incumbent on our Government to censure that this is put in ptace. t have atoo Mr. president, ormined the fuel adjustment formula which has been agreed betwoen Govermment and the ouc, and I believe that it inlu be favourably applied to the people of the Cayman Islands in the monthe ahead.

What is of ooncerm to me Mr. President, and $t$ hroe expressed this soncern to Membere of Exerutive Councit, and I have received some assurance that thits oncerm is atso a oncern of theirs, and that attention will be given to it. It is the fact that the rate of return formula could be abusod if this is not carefulty looked into. This Mr. President, $T$ betiove is of areater concern to the people of this Country, than would be the amount of Duty and the incidents of this Duty as it would writy to the consumers of the Cayman Tstands.

It is noted that an inerease on fuel with be thirteen oents a gallon. white increases on equipment witl be in the vieinity of ten per oent. This, when it is fistributed Mr. Frasident, amonget the population of this Country witt not be a Eurden too heavy to bear. Mr. Fresident, I have atood uo in this House and I have spoken stronsty against increnses in taxes in this Country, Not of the increases themselves, but the macnitude aoncernes me nost. Fut Mr. President, I feel that the increase oontemplated by CUC would not be a burden too heavy for the peopte of the coumon Istands to bear. When one tooks at the amount of inorease to a smalt consumer, one can see that somehody. using 250 filowatt houne per month would be paying an increase of around 69 oente per month. For 500 kitonatt howirs per month the increase is in the vicinity of 131.07. Fpen for the very big oonsumer of 1,000 on 10.000 litowat hours per month, one is looking at around \$2.02. So, Mr. Tpeetdent I do not see where, When the fuet adjustment formula is applied where this witt affeet the consimer too adversett.

But Hr. President, the area whioh I feel that Government must pay a lot of attention to, has to do with the rate of return. Mr. Fresident, a rate of return on oapital mployed is basioatty the net inoome position over the aset base. The asset base aco vary from company to ompany. which may include fixed assets and also working capital assets.

MT. LINFORD A. FIERSOR (CONTINUING): I betieve in the case of CUC, the mafor problem Mr. Fresident may apol: to areas where nood witt and other similar forms of asset are inotuded in the aseet base. Bu doing this Mr. President the bigger the base of the asset is made to appear, the ematler will be the return on aapital anployea... In other wonds, ten over one hundred would give you ten ner cent. But if that is placed over $a$ thousand it reduces it to one per cent. In other words, the income remains the some, but the returm is diminished. This aon be made to appear this way just by inoreasing ones aseet base. I have disoused this matter Mr. President with the Member responsibtei, and I have been given an asaurance that this matter is also the ooncerm of Government, and that this will be given very urgent and keen attention.

The other area Mr. President; which may be of interest is the amount of expense calted 'interest expense and guaranteed fees'. Also, the might off of affiliated compony debt et oetera., which is used to reduce the income fiqure.

Mr. Fresident, CUC cannot strate that they have not done very wett in the Cayman Istonds. This is the reason why twenty yeare wo they were given a period of fronohiee of twenty years with a duty free exemption. But they are at a position now, at their cross' roads, where their fiscal position io very heal thy indeed. Mr. Fresident, I never stand in this Fouse untese I can support what $I$ any by figures, and I have before me the 1985 Annuat retum, a report of cuC, and they have made it quite clear in here that they ontinue to do vers, very wett indeen. I to not soe Mr. Prosident, from what they are aetting here, why they shoutd etill be given thaentives such as duty free exemption on their fuct.
the inerease in tmport Duties Mr. President, with anount to something like si. 1 million per annum. This sort of finconeing and revenue Mr. Fresident is badty needed, and I betieve that thite money om also be used in subsidioing many of the poor people in thie Country. I also believe Mr. President, that if there are cases where people cannot afforg to pall their eteetrieity moter, that Government shoult also oonsiden thooe particular cases.

Mr. President, CUC has always been very, wery carefut in pointing out that thell should be altowed fifteen por aent return on their aapital. This is reasonabte, and this is oomething whioh should be enoouraged. This is the reason why they are in business to make a profit. But at the sare linke; ant I would atress this, Govermment's responsibitity is to endure that the interesto of the peopte of this Country are protected. I would tike to strese that. It is not enought for Government officials to stond by and bay that a fuet formula has been arrived at. It is thein responsibility to see that thits fuel adjustment rommla works, and works in the intereet not mily of CUC but of the people of the Cayman Istande.

Mr. President, while as I have said, I could not in my good oonscience. suptort the motion whioh is before us, beaxues $I$ feet that the amount and the Benefits to be derived from the $\$ 1.4$ mittion fir outwoy the benerite which would be derined from individuat consumers. I nonethe7ess feet that Government officiats; the Finanoial Secretaries Department, the Member reoponsibie for Communication, and others, shoutd ray very, very otose attention to the rate of returns the fifteen por cent of profits over the asset base. CUC went to great paine in their 1 sth February issue, which was entitled 'CuC Explains'. They went to great pains to state that the ifteen per cent applied to ampary resets, and not to expenses. I to not know Mr. Tresident, who would be mixing this up, becouse I think most people know that a mate of returm is calculated on the net inoome position of the capital base, it is never of the arpenses.

MR. IINFORD A. PIERSON (COMTININC): So this seems to have been, in my opinion, an exercise in futhithty and did not really acoomplish very much, beoause it was not sayina too much to the general pubitic. The important thing is that the fiffeen per oent is the net inoome of the oapital base, which inctudes aseets, fixed assets and other forms of assets.

Ifr. President, this is a major areat of operation within CUC, and J feet that it should be given very close sorutiny.

Thank you Mr. President.
MR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to apeak? If not, the Second kieeted Member for West Bay.


#### Abstract

MF3. W. MoREEVA BUSH: Mr. President, I cannot auppont the motion before this Mouse.

Mr. President, to ask Crribbean Utitities to restore the axemption, the Import Duty, would be a detriment to these Istands. Caribbean Utilities have done welt in this Countrm and theu have given a good semice, but the people have paid for it. . now that the Govemment has made it posoible, whoreby Caribbean ltitities are bong asked to pay an amount which up wntil now they have never done, $I$ find it unreasonable to ask. Govemanent to restore their eremption.


Mr. Tresident, I have a motion before this House to deat with what I feel is over charging winioh $I$ witl not go into at this point. Fut I witt have mi saw when that motion is put. Ar, President, it seems that Carifbeon Utilities witl be reducing its rate because of the fatl in fuel prices, and this I will weloome. Of course we will have to see it first.

Mr. President I take objection to this motion, specificatty the second part which states:
"Whereas fovernment neede revenue, there are attematwo sources from which to derive such revenue, that with not so adversely affect consumers of electmottr."

Mr. Fresident, I can agree with the particular section, but I an wondering what the mover and the eeonder are talking about, because on Frviday I put forward a motion to ask Covermment to make requlations to put on fees on the partnorship Lan, and the Members and in pantioular the Second Elected Member for Bodden Toum opposed the motion. Now he is bringing a motion to this Fouse saying that the recognises that covernment needs other aroas, and this, Mr. President, the motion which I brouaht was only going to bring in a few thousand dothars. Nevertheless it would have been revenue which was due to this Country, but here in this motion before us today, they are asking Covermment to take off some one mitition dollars from CUC. I do not understand their pepresentation, 'I juet oannot understand it. Maybe in their winding up on this, they witt omplain to me and to the Mouse why they noutd not support me motion. and now they are asking Govermment to take of the one point something miltion dolzars.

I have quite a bit to say on mu
motion which atso deats with cUC, but I just thought that I would tike to point these things out, and ask them to olarify the point $T$ have made.

Thonk you six.
MR. PRBSSIDENT:
Does any other Nember wish to speak?
In which case $I$ shall invite the mover to areroise his maht of pepty if he wishes.

Mr. JOHN B. MoLEAN: Mr. Prostdent. I. With berwry brief. I have moned my motion. I moved it in good faith; and I reatise by the Gope of the debate that I have lost the battle:

T would inst like to point bit that
the battle which $I$ tried to put forward was onoe again, on behalf of the people. Nr. Fresident, it ceems as if some peombe are oonfused bif what this motion really intended, and nobody an convince me that if something is levied on Caribbean utitities Compony timited, that the people of this countru will not pay for it. Regrratess of how tittle it may seem, to sone consumers of atectrioity it with hurt: But as I have said Mr. President, I know it ts useless to go into this further because of the soope of the debate, so $I$ therefore leave this matter to the conscicnces of the Members of the dnecmblu, and t trixst that by moving this motion, thave done no damage to anyone.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The question is that Private Member's Motion NO. $3 / 86$ which asks Caribbean Utititios Compony Himiter to amend their Licence to reatone the Import Dutu exemption, that that motion be passed.

QUFSTION TUT: AYES AND NOES

MR. PRESIDENT:
MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
MR. PREFTDETRT:

Do you want a division? Yes of course.
Can we have a division.
Yes.

AYES
Mr. James M. Bodden
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. John B. MoLeth

## NOES

Hon. Thomas C. Jeffereon
Fon. Bernson O. Pbonks
Hon. W. Noman Rodden
Fon. Capt. Chartes H. Kirkeonnelt
Hon. Vasset G. Tohnson
Mr. W. Mokesva Mush
Mro, Rapline I. Orrett
Mr. Tinford A. Pienem Capt. Matry S. Kirkoonnett Mr. P. Frasard Miller

MR. EAMES M. BODDEN: $\quad \therefore$ Whice Ayes Mr. President.
Th. PRESTDENT: $T$ think the Member was int the Chamber In time to be allowed to vote. 50 I think it orm be reoonded as three aves. But the motion is neverthetess tost.

PRTVATE MENBER'S MOTION NO. $3 / 66$ DEPTATED BY MAJORITY
Private Member's Motion NO. 4/86. The
seond klected Member for West Bay.

WHEREAS there is consideroble distress in the minde of the publio ooneeming the inereasing dmag abuse anonget our youth.

BE IT PESOLVBD that a spectal Comittee be appointed to varify the disposal of dmas which have been confiscated by the Fotice.


Mr. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Preaident, I know that maibe some people wit try to make this motion a controversial one." Sir, we in this Legislature, elected by the people to some the people. mist never be afraid of controveroy to the extent that we fati in our duty to our peovie. Mony people, not onty from the Nest Ery Diotrict, but all over as woll, have brought mamours ind sugpioion which may or may not be justified. But howerer it mal be, I havc always folt that manours and suspiaion witt onty grou and inerease, untess we do somothing to assure the pubtio that their suspioione are unfounds. Fut into simple language, the present methoci of the disposat of confiscated druge by the potioe during the oonsee of their dutw, has ome under suopicion by the public, and all of us here in this House wotid like to be asourea? that those suspioions are unfounded. But mainty sir, we must ensure that the pubtic is satisfied with the handling and the Geatruction of the drugs, ond that they are oarried out in proper order.

Mr. Fresident, in on answer to a
question the other day, it was stated by the Honourable Chief Seonetany that the drugs were not weighed in the presence of the oustices of the peace, but only marked by them for identifioation in the anse, oertifying such destruetion. I would tike to sioy sir, and to remempasise that thie is not a reflection on those who may be prosent fon the destruction of Imas, for the ake of verification. I perooncly, and suery other Member I have spoken to has eonfidenoe in those peopte. so I want no one to misoonstrue the intention of the Motion. However, I do faet that by having a Conmittee comprieed of other atizons, fr. Presidont people like Brother fomes Arch, and I an talking tbout Ministers of the Gospel, Winston Rose, the Revonend fermie Sohwarts ow my own Pastox the Reverend Talmaqe mbanks who are alt good aitiachs, and in addition to those we haje now, with hetp to assume the pubtio that. the drugs are all being destroyed. This is all the Motion is seeking to do, and I ask for support from alt Members.

MR. PRFSIDENT:
The Firet Official Member.

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. President, I had realty hoped after the lenothy answens given sone dive aro, that the Member would hove been convinced that the momours and suspicion of whioh he speaks would have caused him to withdraw the Motion.

However. Mr'. Tresident, I am not going to oppose it, but I would like to say that the Juetices of the Fexee. who are asked to witness the destruction of these Aruas are honourabie toople, othemise they would not have been appointed as such. In my view the destruction of drugs io property orqanised and property witnessed. However, the Member wishes some of the otergh, if they witt acoent it sir, because it is not a nioe thin to witness, especiatly aetting a little bit of the amoke sometimes. I an doubtfut whether they woutd want to accept it. However, as I have said there is no harm, and I on quite willing, to aocept a Committee, or recommendations for a Conmittee, bearing in mind that we have to ask them, and that they have to aceept before we can appoint them. Maybe the Members an tose it around their minds as to where the best rlace is to drows on. Is it the atergy, or some other orgmisation maybe. But I would. have no objections to it at all. Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Seoond Elected Member for Georae Town.
1T. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Nr. President, I feel I an atmost competted to make a few remarks on this Motion as a sustiee of the Peace, and as one who has been involved in nvergeeing the destruction and disporat of divase.

Mr. Fresident, Private Member's
Motion NO. A. is a ommendabie Motion, and I brote no probzems in supporting it. But Mr. President, I believe that the method this Motion seeks to adopt will be somewhat ineffective. I betieve fir that we have very efficient organieation and supervision for the disposal of drugs at present. I betieve that the probtem, if there ts a probtem, is. not in the method of disposat of the druas Sir. I have every confidence in the offioers in charge of the disposal of drugs, that this is being mopsily done. I say that this is not from heresay, but from my oun peroonat obsempation.

Mr. President, with ati the reapect cue to the peopte who have been mentioned by the Mover of the pitt, I acnnot see how they would bo in a position to distinguish ten pounds of flour as opposed to ten pounde of cocaine. Untess this was properily analysed by an analyst, and I say this with due respect beacuse atl the nomes mentioned are those of ver? honownable peorle. But Mr. Freeident I cannot see where a Compittee of any number of Ministers in this Country woutd be in a better position to detemine whether conaine for instance, of marijuma for that matter wae being properiy disposed of. It is the same proktem that the dustioes of the Thace may home. The hove to rely on the analysts and on the Folice officers who are technicalty qualified to assist in thio respeot.

As the ITonoumble Fipst offieial
Nember has said, I can aleo support it Mr. Fresident because I believe that the more support we get, the better it would be in such a aensitive area of operation. But Mr. Presillont, I have to join sir tinston Churchitt in my wiev of committees. I batieve that for a comittee to be effeative, it should be kept to a minimum. I think he said that the bert Committee was a Committee of one, and I botieve that to have six, sevon or eight penple otanding there watching morifutha burn on cooaine being dostroyed in stith not the answer.

MR. LINFORD A. PJERSON (CONTTMUING): Ae I have said Ur. President, if there is a probtem with druas at the potice Department, and the scourity area, I do not believe that that problem is unith the disposat. I have seen at first hand the manner in which dmugs are lisposed of, and I believe Six that this is being property handled. It is never carried out by a eingle Folice officen, it ie carried out by two or three Tolice Officers, each one havina a beparate key. So wo one person can have acoess to the druas at the rotice station.
sin. I would be remies in mut dutios today, if I stood here and qave the impression that I have any doubts at att that the disposal of drugs is being property handled at the Potice Department. But as I have satd sir, I would have no probtem in supportind this Private Member's Motion.

Thonk you.
MR. PRESTDFNTT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? Does the Mover wish to exercise his rioht of repty?

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MR. W. MoKFEVA RUSH:
Mr. Eresident, maybe the sitence means consent.
Mr. Tresident \(t\) want to re-emphasise again that I am not here trying to lamaete or itt rembe anybody. I betieve that when our poople are apprehensive about something, it is best for us as Leqislators to do ati that is within our potser to ease that apprehension.
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The other day, some troubte makers were using the telephone to oall certain penple to telt them that we were here aatigating them. If that penson had not had good sense, there woutd probably have been a lot of troubte here within these precincts.

Mr. Twesident, I want to re-emphaeise ngain that I an not here to oastigate anybocy, it is not the purpose of this Motion. The Motion speaks for itsetf sip. I trust that alt Members will give it the support that is due.

Mr. Preotdent, yee, I feel that we ao have some good peovte in the force, but to say that tightening up hoes not need to take place, it would be remiss of me to say anything to the contrary, t to not care who tikes me for tit or who hates me. I have a duty to my people and $r$ intend to carru out that duty.

Myybe $T$ wizt be muled out of order, but I would like to oxtend my congratulations to those uman? men in the force who have iust been pronoted. I went to sofloot with some of them Sirs, and I think their promotion has been lond overdue.

MR. FRESTDENT: You are quite rioht, you will be miled
out of order.
Mi. W. McKEEVA BUSH:

I figured that Sir. Anytay I will.
bow to your ruling, Mr. President, and I do not care to salf any more. on the Motion, the Motion speaks for itself.

Thank you very mush.
MR. PRESIDEMT:
Motion NO. $4 / 86$ about the dismogt. of drugn be nos put to the vote.
OUESTION PIIT: AYES
MR. Wi. MoKEEVA BUSE:
an I have a ditision Mr. President
HON. DENNIS FI. FOSTER:
I presume you witt appoint the Committoes

DTVISION
MO. $9 / 86$

## AYES

Hon. Dennts $H$. Foster
Hon. Michael I. Bradtey
bon. Thomas C. Jefferson
Hon. Benson 0. Ebouks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden.
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkeonnelt
Hon. Vassel Tr: donnson
Mr. W. MoKeeva Bush.
Mrs. Daphne L. Onvett
Mr. Linford A. Piersont
Capt: Mabry S. Kirkeonne l 2
Mr. dames M. Bodden
Mr."D. EazardMitzer

## FPTVATE MEMBER'G MOTION NO. 486 PASSED BY MAJORYTY

With regard to the point raised by the First Official Member. It is not' a setect Comittee, and it says in the Motion that a special Committee be appointed. I have in mind after this meeting is over, to white to all Members of the Assembly to ask any of them whether they would wish to be considered for appointment to it themselves, or altemativelt, whether they have people whose names they woutd tike to suggest for oonsideration. I think in that way we can seek to aproint a ocmmittee. Although of oourse, as was pointed out during the debate, there maty be peopte who are not that keen to serve.

As it is now about tweraty paet three, I think it may be convenient for the House if I susvend proceedings for approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 3.21 F.M. THE HOUSF SUSPENDED

HOUSF RESUMED AT 3.15 P.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Ptease be seated.
Private Member's Motion No. 6/80. . The Seoond Eleoted Member for George Toun.

PRIVATE MEMBER'S MORIOM NO. 6/B6
APFOINTMENT OF SETETT COMMTTTEE OF THL WHOLE HOUSE TO RECONGIDFR TROPOSED CHANGES TO THE ETECTIORS LAW, 1983

MR. LINFORD A. PIERGON:
Mr. Fresident, I beg to move private Member s Motzon No. $6 / \mathrm{Q} 6$ whioh deate with the orpointment of a select Committee of the Whote House to reponstder proposed chances to the Elections Law, 1983.

> MR. LINFORD A. BTERSON (CONTINUING): In accorfance, therefore, with Stonding Order 24(9)(it), it is moved that a Seteet Comittee of the whole House be appointed to aonsider, in accordance with Standing Order 15(4), the Petition of memberg of the pubtio afiainst the suggested introduction of single member constituencies as omtained in the 1985 Seleet Committee's Report on the RLeotions Lanu, 1983, regarding propooed ohanges to section 4. of the Electione Low, 1983. Further, that the terme of reference of the setect Comittee be expanded to include all other matters relating to the Lous of the Cauman Islands regarding elections, including the Report of the previous select Committee.

Mr. G. HATG BODDEN:
Mr , President, on a Point of Order, $I$ would drow your attention to Standing Order $24(B)$, and as thie matter deale with a matter that was dealt with on Gth December, 1995, it aannot properly come before the House.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Thank you.
I fid coneider this with some care because initially I was myself uncertain. Eut, standino onder 24(8) does not actually say quite what you said. It saus, "No motion may be proposed which is the same in substance as any motion which during the previous eix months has been resolved." Resolved to not quite the same as "dealt with."

It is perfectly true that in December there was a motion which did deat with this same subjeat. Tt was a motion which wae introduced when the Feport of the Seleot Comittee who had been oonsidering amendments to the RTeotions Low was lavd.
ih recollection was that when that Seleet Conmittee Report was laid, it was made alear during the course of the debate which foltowed, that Members were not being invited to accept the reoomendations in the Report, but that the were being invited to go and oonsult with their aonstituents and the publice, with a view to the matter oming back to the House again for further sonsideration at a later date.

I have since oheoked the Honsard, and indeed that is so. I am not absolutely oertatn, and I think I have mentioned this privately to the Second Flected Member for Bodden Town, that the procedure whioh we followed baok in Deaember, was a procedure for which provision is made in our stonding ordem. In other words, I think perthaps if we had spotted this in December, we should have limited ourselves to hoving the Seleet Committes Report taid without introducina and debating a motion of the kind we did. Sut, I am in no doubt whatsoever, that what the Fouse beltaved it was doing in necembers was to deeide that Members should go back, shoutd oongutt their constituents, should consult the publio and that the matter woutd thereafter return here for further consideration. Under those oircumstraces, mus onotusion was that the matter had not been resotved, and in that regard it was quite different from the mattere whioh were dealt with in the sechd Petition, I think, which was laid earlier in this Meeting, which were sought to be the subjeot of a motiom which. I ruled out of order, on the basis that the materes deatt with in that Petition had undoubtedtu been resolved within the past six monthe, because it was the Budget, and avernthina to do with the Budget which undoubtedly was resolved.

MR. G. HAIC BODDEN: Ur. Fresident, $r$ woutd atso tike to refer you to Robert's mules of Orders - page 2Qs. on the adoption of Reports, which say in essenoe. that onoe the Report is adopted the leaislature is then hound to act on it. They have rocepted it, so the matter has been dealt tith or has been resolved.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUTVG): AlaO I mMitd like to" point rut that the Honsard bears out that the Members knew what they were doing, beoaise you reminded them, after you had taken the yote, yet they went on and had the division with ten of them votina to adopt the Heport.

The Point of order I'dm raising, is on page 25. When the Report of the Comittee has been recelved, that is has been presented to the hesemb2y, and either pend or honded to the Chair on the secretary, the next business in order ic the disposat of the Report - the prooer disposition depending upon its nature. If the Peport contains only a statement of fact or opinion for the informiation of the Aesembly, the reporting Member makes no motion for its disposal as there is no necessity for action on the Report.

The second part applies to us. But. if ony action is taken, the proper motion which should be made by someone olse, is to accept the Report which has the effert of endorsing the statement and making the hssembly assume pesponsibitity for it. And, it goes on to say while the motions to adopts, to recept are often used indiseriminately and the adontion of any one of them has the effect of endorsing or adopting the opinions, actions, recomendations or resolutions submitted by the Committee as: the axse may be; yet it is better to use them as heretofor stated.

So the noint I m makind is that.
Stondina Order s4(8) says, "po motion may be provosed which is the same in substonce as any motion which during the prevtoue six monthe has been resolved." And ma crament ts that this matter was reselugd on oth December, 1985 and cannot be brought back unleas we waive the Standing Order. If we waive the standing Order, we would be adopting $q$ double stondords, singe the Bouse did not waive it for the other Petition.

If one reads the last paragraph of the Honourabte Goond offioiat. Member's speech in winding up the debate, one with be convinced that this motter was resotuod. And he ends it by asking, "sir. I beg that the Report be adorted." And then you as" President, made the motion - "The motion is that the Report of the Select Committee on the Elections LTw be adopted." And the question was pat-"Ayes" and "Noes" and you say, "t think the "Ayes" have it." And then you went on to have the division which showed that of the 17. Members present, ten voted in frvour of the adoption.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Might I trouble the Member ato be kind enought to read out the wordo $I$ said immedratelu before the Division was put?

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Yee Sin. I thought I had mentioned this when I said $1 /$ reminded them of what then were doing. But. ?now words were said after you had taken the vote, but before the Division.

Let me read the whole thing:
"MR. PRESTDFRT:
the motion is that the Report of the Select Committee on the Fleetions Trmu be adopted.
QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES
MR. PRESIDENT: I think the "Ayes" have it."
(Mr. MoKecur Bush asks for a division tha Mr. President replies)
'MR. PRESIDENT: : Of course tou com. ' (Merning you
oan have the Division.) Femember wou ane not votina for or against the recomendations. We are voting for the adoption of the Report which as has been erptainea, maxns aioung it pubtioity and considering it. "

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTIUNIIGG): And so you went on to take the Division. But the plain fact is that acoording to this, onee the Report is adopted the Assembly assumes responsibility. Before you took the Division, Hembers aoutd have satd, "Wett we do not want to deat" - I asoume responsibility - "We want to postpone it so we can qive publicity." But they could not sau that beoase cartier in the Meetina they hat poted against a motion made by the Eirst Eleated Member for Bodden Town to postpone the debate, so that we could no on with the debate on the Budget Adclress. So the House knew that it was doing. It did not want to postpone the debate on the Etections tiaw. It voted to adopt the Resolution, and having done that the Assembly must now assume responsibility and all that is left, is for the Degrat Department to make the teonnieal amencments to the Eteotions Ims to put it into force. However, if we do not want to go anead, now in the light of What has come out, the Honee does not want to go whead, oertainly it does not have to act on it $-i t$ can wait, but it must wait for the six monthe, or now move tinat we suspend the Standing order. And it is my contention that it acnnot be suopended. If it is, the whole House would be acting on their doubte standard, beecuse this is just as much in substonoe as the other potition was, and both matters ware dealt' with in December.

So, we have a dilemma, and I would suagest that the motion be withdram unt the six monthe have past. I con in favour of what the Member is putting forward, becouse I feet that the Seleat Committee erred in its conetusions and in its Report; and I feel that we should not go ahead with the suggestions mado. Bit technioally we cannot do it today untess we suspend that standing Onder.

MR. PRESTDTRNT:
Welt, I most gratefut to the Member for the Benefit of hia tearning. I an wett betieve, that had we had. the benefit of it on 6th December, 198s, we should not have made the: mistake which I accent we did now mole. Sut the fact of the matter is, that I an quite sure in my oun recollection and from what wres recorded in the Hansard, that Members aid not betieve that they were resolving the matter last December they believed that they were post poning it and indeed, $I$ helped mistead them, if thot is what one should catt it, by confirming them in that betief by what I said. Therefore I have no doubt that their intention was to enable the motter to. return to the House after they had had an opportunity of oonsulting the pubtic, and not to do what, is it Mr. Robert's tearned words say, that they were doing. And I do not think that it would be meallh fair to Members if I were to say now, that beowse of a technical mistake which was made then, to which noboch dreu attention at the time, they shoutd be debarred now from debating the motion which the second Elected Member for George Toum has sought to introtuce. I am nevertheless most grateful to the Gesond Rtected Member for Bodden Toun, and with certainly ensure that $I$ do not make the same mistake again when ony other Beleet Conmittee Reports or aimitar Report, is taid, because I do now realise that if one is adopted, one is adopting the recommendations in it, and one ommot calort the Report whithout adopting the reoommendatione.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Eresident, I too would like an opportunity to speak on this, on the point which has been raised by my colteaquie from Bodaen Town.

MP. JAMES M. BODDEN (COMTTNITNG): $I$ am in sumpathy with the motion which tis being placed before the House by the seond Elected Homber for: George Town, and may even consider voting in favour of it.. However, the merits or demerits of the motion, in partioulan, is not the question before us today.

The question before us is that we mist not only appear to be doing what is right, but must I woukd suy, tediousty pursue in order to see that it is done correctly. We cannot and must not support a double standard in this House. To agrae to place this motion for debate today is, in my opinion, adopting a double etandard. My colleague from East End, a few days ago, placed a motion before the House, and becouse of your miling that it ame under 24(8) of the Standing Orders of this House, you would not atiow that motion to be rebated.

Here we hate a motion which ore deatt with, or surrounding this, we dealt with a partioular motion in Deosmber, and I do hot see how anyone an interphet it athempise. Hero is the Report of the Committee. Now the Committee hae some reoomendations which many Members of this House were not in favour of accerting, and the public at 2 rrge seemed to be against. But yet, I do not see how the Members oan pote on it aftrst time and then vote again a seond time on the Division, and now say that they do not know what they. voted on; because in the presentation made by the Flonnirable second Offioiat Member, he summed ut at the end by sating, "Mir", I beg....... that the Report be adobted." And bu a unanimous vote, it was adopted. Sn, we did deal with the substantive issues in this motion in Deoember. And I think it would make the pubtio feet much batter, to know that we do not operate under a doubte standard, and that the some ruling which was made on mu collenoue's motion from East Eind, be made on this one, and that it lay over until the next weeting of the House. It would make the pubtic feet that we are onerating fairtu.

I connot undenstrad why a decision could have been made not to debate the motion placed by my ootleacue from Bast End, and yet that toldy we would aluov this Motion here dealing with another issue which was dealt with in December, 1985, to be debated. Is it beenuse this particular Motion has been seoonded by the Honourable Second Eleated Momber of Executive Councit (the Government benoh)? For what good reason aqn be given to the Members of this House and to the people of the Cayman fstonds, that there is a iust reason to allow for this Motion to be deall with, and not to allow the other one.

Mr. Ppesident, you mo3 mule me out of order for saying this, but I think it would be a dereliation of duty if this porticular Motion was dealt with at this Moeting of the Houee.

MR. PRESTDENT:
My understandina of the position, is
that this is not a matter about which a vote io taken. It is simptu my muling on a point of onder, or a point, of procedure, on whether the Motion is adnissible on not admissible.

In the case of the motion which the Elected Member for East End sought to introduce, I muled tht was inadmisstble, and there was then a debate on a motion to suspend Stonding orders and there was a vote on that, beoauee of couree, it was a different sort of iscue.
$I$ do not know whether any othew Member
wishes to make representations to me about the notht of order which has been raised. I have heard both the First and the second Eleoted. Members for Bodden Tom. Pertaps, the Honnumble Seond orfiozat Member...

## -47-

HON. MICHARL J. BTADLEY: I trink, Mr. Treairent, sir, that sinoe I was the Chatrman of the Select Commitwee, and struce I boought the Report of the Select Conmittee back to this Bonounatte House, that it toulit be proner for me to say, Str, as to wat mul intentions were when I brought this Report back. I think. I oan do no better than to alarify what my intentions were at that time, than to repeat what in fact I satd at that time, and that was that it shoutd be made quito atear to the rublio of the Couman Istands that in acepoting and adopting the Report, the Govermment has not yet reached a firm wiew on thts partioulax recommendation, and it is the feeting of Govermment that thene must be more public debate and publio input before this reconmendation is to be implemented.

Later, near olosing: sire I would further say what I said carlier, that the recormendations should be the subject of consideration and debate, both within and without this House, and that this particular recomendation which is on single Membor constituencies, should be oonsidered on a national basts.

It haid been my intention sir, when I same to the House with the select Comittee Report, to prosent it and for there to be a feedback from the pubtio on the reonmendations containes in it. It had not Sir, been my personal understanding that the Members of the House were bound to implement each and ovem one of the reconmendations.

I with say siry, that if arrat when I wer have the honow again to be Chairman of a select Conmittee and oome back to make a report to the House. I ahat be very carerut. eolely to report.

ME. JAMES M. BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, would wou alton me to fust point out one more thing. In the Government motion No. 7/85 the Motion stated:
"BE IT RESOLVED this Honourable House appoint a seleet Committee of the whole House to stuly thase reocmmendatione with a witw to preparing an amending Bitz."

And in the speech qinen bu the Ilonourable Second Officiat Member, he did ask when closing his prosentation to the House, sayina:
"Y beg that the Report be adorted," and he said "T shoutd add Sir, that I an asking that the rieport be adopted and I would urge Members, having established the Seleet Committoe, having.... the Conmittee carefully work at meetinas, at four mestinas and come with reoommendations that they should do the select Comittee the politeness of acoenting and adopting the Report, and thereafter take whatever stepo may or may not be necessamy to apprise themselves to the worthiness of the recommendations".

Sir, this uas adid to the Hmese in the adoption of this Motion, and I fait to see how the House aan aet on it, unithout moving for the susrension of Stonding Orders, to give it permission to do so within the sit month perind.

MR. TRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Second Elected Member for West Bop.
MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, I riee oathousty, but just for the sake of the reoord ooncerming this heport from the seteot Committee on Fitections tau.

MT. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): The pote taken on 6th December, mb abstention is reoorded there. I did not yote on it. and I did not vote in the Conmitter. My minority vote was there, so in case it has been inferred that I voted all the way for this, I fuot wont to olarify the point.

NR. PRESIDENT:
I was really seeking cony representations any Member wished to make about the point of order, as to the admissibility of this Motion. I an not inviting any wider conment.

If any other Member has anything to add to the representations made on the point of order, I would be glad to hear him. The Elected Member for North Side.

MR. D. EZZARD MTLLEEF:
Yee Mr. President, $I$ think that the two key issues here are the words resolved" and "deatt with". Ir do entirety agree with the Chair that the word "resolved" carries much more wetaht than "dealt with", and I think it has been brought out quite olearty, especially by remarks as quoted by previous speakers, the Honourable second Official Member, as to what he said in his ovening remarks, and to what was read by the First Elected Member for Boditen Town, where they invited Members to take whatever steps necessary and to"publio debate"oleartu inferms that the matter was not resolved, it was deatt with. I think Standing Order 84(8) is auite clear that the matter cannot be browght brek if it has been resolved. If it has been dealt with, it is still open, and the Motion. can be put Sir.

MR. PRESIDEVTI: The second....not trying to wateh my eye.

I am ready to aeoond the Motion Sir.
MR. PRESTDFET: $I$ am gratefut to the Members who have made representations. I think, if it is not too theonvenient for the House, what I would prefer is to have some time to study the recommendations and to revead the Bansard whioh has been quoted to me, so that I oan either oonfim mu earlier view that the ruling I gave to the Second Etected Member for Roddon Toum remains my ruling, and that I still believe it to be comeet, or can review it.

If therefore, the Howe withbear with me', I woutd suagest that toe now adioum and $T$ will took at the matter overnight.

## ADJOURNMENT

STATE OFENING AND FIRST MEETHNG OE TIF (1986) SESGION
OF THE LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY
HELD ONTVESDAY, ITTE MARCH, 1986
(EIGMTHi DA $\bar{Y}$ )

ERESENT:
FHIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR $C$ EETER LLOYD, CMGs CVO .. PRESIDENT

GOVERNMENT MENBERS

| HON DENNIS H FOSTER, CVO, CBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSTBLE FOF INTERNAL AND EXPY'RNAT, AFFAIRS |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL of BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON IHOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBEy JP | THITV OF'FICIAL MEMBEE RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVETIOMENT |
| HON BENSON O EBALUK | MEMEER RESPONGIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESPONSIBLT FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KInKCONNELT; | MEMBER RESPONSTBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE , JP | MEMBEP RESPONSTBLE FOS DEVELOEMENT' AND NATURAL RESOUFCES |

ELECTED MEABETS

MR W MOKEEVA BUSH

MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT

MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JP

CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL

MR JAMES M BODDEN

MR G HAIG BODDEN

Wh D EZZARD MILLER

MS JOHN B MCLEAN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTOFAL DISTRICT' OF WEST BAY

THIRD ELECTED MEMBEER FOR THE FIRST ZILECTOBAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTOFAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN

FIRSC ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE THIRD ELECTORAL DIGTRICT OF LEGGER ISLANDS

FInST' ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE FOURTH ELLECHOFAL DISTEICT OF BODDEN TOWN

SECOND ELEETED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODUEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE

ELECTID MENBER FOR THE SIXTY ELECTORAL DISTMICT OF EAST END

## ORQBMGAPRR

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1986 STATE ORENING
                    TULSDAY
11TY MARCH, 1086
    (ETGHTH DAY)
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1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY yHE FITITT ELECTMD MEMEER FOR THE LESSER ISLANDS.
$\therefore$ GOVERNMENT BUSINESS
BILLS:-

## ETAST AND SECCDH READINCS

(1) THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURF CODF (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

COMMTYEE TEERECNT
(2) THF CRTMINAL PFOCEDHF CODE (AMEMLMENT) BILL, 1986

FEPNT THEFEON
(3) THE CRIMINAL FRCCEDUEE COIE (AMENMMTNT) BILL, 1986

THPHz: READING
(4) THE SUNDAY TTADING (AMEMMFMN')BILL, 1986
3. OTHER BUSINESS

PRTVATE: MEMBERS: MOTTONS:-
(1) ERIVATE METGEEP'S MOTION W. $6 / 86$

AFFOTNTMENT OF SILECY COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE TO RECONSIDER PROPOSED CHANCTEF TC TYE ELDCFTONG LAW, 1083

CONT TNIATITON IHERECN.
(2) ERIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. $5 / 86$ COST OF LTVTNC IMCTEASES
TO BE MOUND EY TYE SECOND ETECTED MEMBFF WOF WEST BAY AND SFCCNDED BY THE ELECHTD MEMBEK FGR DURYI SIDE.

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qUESDAY

## 117H MARCII, 1986

10:00 A.M.

MR. PKBSIDENT:
for the Leseer Is Lands.

Prayers. The First Elected Member

## PRAYERS

Let us praz.
Almighty Gods from whom all wisdom and power are derived. We beseech thee so to direet and proper the deliberations of the Legistative nosemblu nou assembled, that. atl things may be ordered won the best and surest foundations for .. the glory of Thy None and for the safety, honour chal welfare of the people of these Istands.

Bless our Sovereign Lady Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Fhilip Duke of Edinburgh, Chomileo Finince of Wates, Diana Prinoess of Wales and all the Royat Family. Give grace to att who exercise cuthority in our Commenveat th that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be established among us. Eopectatly we pray for the Govemor af our Iatands, the Members of Executive Councit and Members of the Legistative Assembly that they may be enajled faithfulty to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this the cek for Thy great Nome's
sake. Amen.
Let us say the Lord'o prayer together. Our Father, which are in Heaven, Hallowed by Thy Nome, Thy Kingdom oome, Thy will be done, in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation;" but detiver us from evit; For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the gloriy, for ever and ever., Amen.

The lord bleso us and keep us: the Lcrad make His face shine upon us and be gracious unto us: the Lord tift up: His onuntenance upon us and give us peace nou and always. Amen.:

## MR. PRESIDENT

Ficase be seated.
Goverynent businees -- Bitls. The first peading of the Criminul. Ercoedure Code (Amendment) Bill, 1980. Pexihape it may be hetpoful to Members $i_{f s}$ before I invite the clerk to proaed further, I just say that mb undergtanding from the Clerk is that the copy of the Bith whioh hires I think been circulated to Members this moming, is not invended to be a different Bilf from the one that was ciroutacted eartier. It is interded that on numer of printing ermors nade in the firet version should have been correated. In flat, by no meane ath the arrors got compected by the printer ent in my opy, at least, and I imagine in Members' acpies there are still a number of manueript oorraotions.

Bille. Firet roading - if the Clork
will proceed.

## GOVERWMENT BUSINESS

## BIILS:

THE CRTMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.
FIRST PEADING
CLERK: THR CRTMINAL PROCEDURE COOE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.
MR. PRESIDENT: A Bill entitled A Bill for a Lnu to amend the Criminat Procedure Code, Law 13 of 7075 , is deemed to have been read a first time and is set dow for a Sooond Reading.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE CRIMINEL PROCEDURE CODE (AMFNDMENT) BIIL, 1986.


#### Abstract

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Sir, I beg to move the Second Reading of a Bitt shortly entitled the Criminat Procedure Code (Amendment) Law, 1986.

As Members of this House know, there are three main planks upon which the system of Law exists in the Cayman tstands. These three main planks are:


> The Penal Code - which is the main body of taw setting out the various criminal offonces.

> The Evidenoe Law - which sets out what can be said in mattore berone the court, and how, they can be said, and what is a dmissible and inodmisaible.

The Criminal Procedure Code- which wote down the codes of procedure in retation to oriminat matters in the Cayman Istands.

As Honourabie Nembers of this House witl recalt, tast year I brought before the Fouse a Bitl to anend the Fividence Law. And at that time, I indioated that in relation to matters which felt within my Portfolio of responsibility as these three Laws do, that it was my intention in acooridnoes with my oum feelings and what I felt were the feelinge of the Members of this Honourable House, that instead of bringing formrrd session by Sescion, Meeting by Meeting a number of short anending Inills: that I should ondeavour to lessen the burden of the Howse and to make the amendments more comprehensible, by waiting at intervale of at least a year before introducing any amending bill. But doing so, those amending Bills would of necesaity, incorporate a number of proposed amendments, some minor and technical, some of substance and great substance and import in relation to matters not direotly amneeted with each other. Mr. President, in saying that, I aim to keep the batance between wnduty burdening the Membere of this House, and the public, with short amendments at cuer inereasing frequenoy. And at the same time, not allovina the Iaw to bocome fossilised, beoause I think as we have seen in this Meeting of the Legislative Assembly, that unless one aonstantit look at ones Lans; unless one constantly updates thom and conembethem, that they fath into disuse. They are not looked at, they are not enforced. This happened. sir with the Sunday Troding Law, and Sirs, if that happens and they are not used and they are not enforcel, then in mut opinion, the system of Low and Order within the community also fatte into disrepute, beacuse a Law if it is there should be used. If it is unouttable for the conditions of the time, it should be changed.

HON. MICHAEL i. BRADLEY (CONTINUING):The Bitl before thts House has set-out very briefly at the beginning, a Memorondum of objects and hearons, which I will propose firs to read, and then hount read, to go into a little more detmit in respeet of the sim or geven different matters appearing in thite Piz2. 了ecuse I think it is importiont that we etearly understand what the tan is, what the proposed ohonges are, and what those ohanges witt do. Having axid that, the Memominitum of objects and Reasons reads as follous:
'Clause 2 of this Bitl soeks to intrrease the iumisdiction of a summary oourt in retation to the imposition of fines from two hundred to one thousand dollars.
In Cluse 3 provieion is vought to dive statutom effect to the common tau riaht of a surety to apply to the aourt for retease from his obtigations under a bond.
clause 4 seeks to aive the courte the express power to order forfetture of a bond in any anse where a pereon who has been bonded to appear before it has failed to do so.
Provision is sought to be made in alause 5 to restrict the written publioation or broadoast of any matter likely to lead members of the publite to inentify woman ase the aom plainant in a oave invotving a rape offence (as dofined) and to provide for oriminal penalties for oontrovention.
chause 6 seeks to introctuce into Fart $y$ of the code specific provisions in oomittal proceedings for an acoused person to be committed for timial on the strength of writton statements of int tnesses. Suoh "shomt-form" procedures is based on that used in the Urited Kingaom and contained in the Criminal Justice not 1967.
Clause 7 seeke to remove from an acoused person the right to make an unsworn statement in sommittat proneedings, and clause 8 contrins oonsecuentinl mendments to sectiom 87 as is result of such removat.
This Bill seeke (in olause 8) to mend the code by atlowing an accused person an election to be tried bu a Judas alone, instead of by a oudge and iury, in mhy oase where the acoused person is of the opinion that a foir trixt ontd not be obtained due th the nature of the case or of the gurrounding circumstonces.
In Claues 10 , provisim is sount to be made to clarify the persons who con prefer an indictment.
By olause 11, it is bowth to put right an anomaly regrading a reference to seetion 118 of the Fenal Code.'

As you aan see, foving read this, that there are eome matters there which are of tectoniont and procedurat importance ontw, md there are aome which are matters which hwe aiven me and have given the iudiciary, and diven the members of the legat fraternity much, much thought.

I witt now, sir, with the permission of the House, proceed to go throwh the otruses and the prooosrts in a tittle more detail.
clause 2 of thits bitt, as I have atated, seeks to increase the fining power of the summary court. At present there are in the Criminat code and in the Tenal code, a number of offences to whioh the aenerat maximum finine power of the summary oourt appties, thd in respect of which, even though there is power under our present Law, and it is not interded to change it, for the swmary oourt to sentence in resoset of these offences for up to two yerrs.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (COMTINOING). The maximam fine presentlu impossible annot exceed two hundred doltron, and t think when I read out a fes of the offences in respect of which this fine of two huntred doltars is the maximum, the Honourabte Members will realise that it is fit and proper that the fining power of the Court should be increased. At present the timit of two hundred dottar fine aprotes in the summary court to the offences of wounding, theft, of handling stoten propexty, of fraud, of concealing the birth of a chitd, of taking cuay $x$ omveyance, of occasinningactual bodity haym, of obtaining property by deception, of agareqated trespass, of kitting onimats and of malioioue destruction of property. This. timit presentiu applies even though the offence with which the person is oharged, is not a firist offence for that, and even though there may have been a number of previous oonvictions for the same tupe of offence. It is therefore proposed that this present maximum jurisdiction to fine two hundred dotlare be inoreared to a thousand dothars. This propocal has aot the support of the judiciary and of the private sector. As it is onsidered, that not only would it bring the seotion un to date and in to line with the present eoonomic situation; as incidentally the United kingdom updated and brought their marimum fine in the summay court in generat cases up to date in their jurisdiction in 1984, where in 1984 the jurisdiction to fine was increased from one thousand pounds to two thousrnd pounds. Not onty was it up dated, but it is also felt that it would benefit the community because it would result perfuaps, if the courts realised that they could fine up to a thousand dotlars. The number of oustodial. sentences impocsible by the oourts who would be inclined, if they had the ability to fine more hecoily, to fine instect of imprisoning. This Sirs, I think in view of the crouled state that our prison gete into ocoabionatly, whla be no bond thing. Sir, in ease amy Members of this Chamber feel, as they have fett in the past, that the increase is too drastio an incrense. let me remind Honourable Members that it wasonly yesterday at Committee Stage, that they unimimousty voted on the Sunday trading Low for an increase in the maximum fine there from five pounds on ten doltars to one thousand dollare, which was the inanimous wish of this House, that in that respect it be increased bu a thousand per oent. So thope no vember witt sal thot the increase from two hundred dollare to a thousand dotitare is gross ard exaessive.

Mr. Mooident Sin, alause 3 of the Eill seeks to deat with the situation where a pergon has stecuted a bond, and Sir, the power for the court to take a bond and to bind somebody to appear is contained in Section 21 of the Criminat Frocedure Code, and that aivee the a mut to require a person to execute a bond with or without security, to make sure that he appears in crurt on such days as mabe appointed. There is no provision at present oontained in our Law to enable a person who had aone surety, who has gone guarantor to apply to the a int to be peleaser from the bond of surety thich he has entered into on behatf of eomebody else. It is felt by the courts, and by me sir, that it is appopriate to give the ourt a discretion to allou a suretu to apoly to be released from his bond; and it is sought to do this by afting the fotlowing proviso:
'PROVIDED that the oourt may, on the appligation of a
surety at any time, release him whally or partiality
and with or without onditions from his obiligations under the bond if the court is sabisfied that it would
be just to do sc.'
This oan deat whth the oocasion Sir, when a person has acne surety for a berson, and either the fincncial circumstances of the surety chances, so that it would bo harsh and theonscionable if the wore to be held to it.

HON. MICHAEL $f$ BRADLEY (CONTENUIG ): On, if airoumetandes ame to tight which if they had been knom to the sumety at the time the suretyship was entered into, that they would have never entered into it. I consider Sir, that this is a fit and propen ameridment to the Criminat Procedure Code.

The next proposed amendment is in alause 4 which deals with forfeiture of bonas. At present sir, section 22 of the Criminal Procedure Code mereth provides that the nonappearance of a bonded person enabtes the oout to issue a warrant directing that such person be arpested and brought before the court. There is no specific power under our law to have the recoantiance declared to be forfeited. Whereas, in mony other juriediotions inctudina the United kingdom there is oertain apecifio power in that respect. This is a gat in our lons, whioh has beon brought to my attention by the summary court Magistrate, and based on his reeommendation, this amendment is provided for. A further mrovision of this amendment leals with in the next system forfeiture of bonds which om be forfeited if it were a fine.

Sirs alause 5 of the Bill is brourht. forward to insert a new aection in the Cximinat. Procedure Code to the effect that there shatl be anonymity of complainarite in rafee and similar aases. This sir is an important provision, and is a sionificant provison, but is a provision thit without doubt should be brought forward in the interests of justice. It is in the interests of justios that no person should be deterred from taying a omplaint where a oriminat offonce has been committed, by reason of the faet that they fear that it will abound to their detrement tater on. In our courte sir, if a person, a woman complains that she has been raped: if a minor complains that he has been assculted on abued; whilst there is power and has been peeently put into our Law 'power to protect the chonimity of ahitdren' no simitar power eniste in respoot of a femate complainant. Fart of the defence which is open to a person acoused of such sexuat offences is to crose-examine the commlainant, the person who has alteged the offence, who thas stated that she wras rapeds or had a simitare semut offence committec on her. is to cross-axamine that complainant with s view to discrediting her evidence and to imply that there was oonsent made to that cot. Knowing that to bo a very oommon line in conse-exmination, there without loubt extsts in this communty Sir, instances where women wave been molested, where women have been abused, whepe women have been maped bot where they hate not oome forvard, have been reluctant to make statements, have been reluetant to appear in court beamse of the faot that they kneu that there was publishable in the papers, that there inte mermitted to be broadeast over the air if it was thought fit, the nane and adreses and not only the name and address of the emplalnont, but the crosssamination to which they would be submitted. We have in these Trlande generatly, a very responsibte media and think orr that where there has been this tonger in the past; that the media hove exeretsen The diocretion. However, the intention of the proposed anlendment is to aive a statutory protection to that lady, to that female who was atroed, so that she knows that when sho goee formard and oomedins, that there ts not a fran and a possibitity that her nome with he spread now the entire width and breadth of the Istands.
tt wos noted itir, that this imendment extend further. It was suguested that in such type of cases, the court, the Magistrate, the rulge sitting be given power to exclude members of the public withe eertain tupes of ovidence of trin wivt were being aljust, as there are simitar provisions in matrond.

HON. MICHAEL J. BEADLEY (CONTTNUTNG): Having thought carefully about it Sir, your Government feels that one step at a time is the proper approach to make, but at the moment there should be this vemy limited statutomy provision brought in, whioh inth give the major effect of protecting the anonymity of the complainant, but witl not go further. to itve a power to exalude members of the pubtic lest it be thought that by that, justice was not only being done but being seen to be tome. I Sir, have no hesitation in putting this amendonent before Honourable Members of this Assembiy.

The provision which is sought to be
put into the haw ia a new section consisting of fipe sub-sections, and the main sub-section I will read Sir:
'After a person is accused of a rape offence (as difined); no matter likely to lead membere of the public to identify a woman as the woman aqainst whon the offence is alleged to have been committed shatl be publighed in a uritten publication ajaitable to the pubtio or be broadoast except as authorised by a direction of the court.

And the penalty which is proposed for infringement bu the media of that pronibition is a maximum fine of one thousand dollars. I commend this amendment also to Fonourable Membere of this Assembiy.

Clause $e$ sir, seeks to provide a shont form of procedure on comittat for trial babed on witten statements. At present Sir, where there is an inditable offence, nomety an offence which is tryabie either only by the lrand court or by the election of the accused in the Grand Court, there are two ways in whioh the preliminavy enquiry can be conducted.

The first is the nomal way which is used in the mafority of cases, and that is by parole evtdence beina. given by the witnesses before the court, subject to arose-expination to estabitish whether there is a prima-faeie base.

The second brocodure exists presently
under soction 24 of the Fuidence Law 1978, whereby written statemente con be brought. in and read before the court, and reat out and over by the court, and the live witnese need not mpear in those circomstances. There are certain Zimitations there what there are certain. delaye in that procedure which even though it is a shorter and more expeditious procedure, have the effect of toking ip the time of the court and the time of attorneys and witnesses whin ome batted, and hrove to stand by. Beoruse, att these statements are read out in oourt. and then after they have been deate with, the lharistrate then mrkes a decision whether to commit on not, based on the evidence which has been read out or summarised.

This new procedure whioh is proposed by clawe 6 seeks to enable bu arreement, with the trunler who is representing the defendant, or if there are more than one dofentont, bif agreement of alt the Tawhers who are representing the defendants, and only in those circumstonaes that a rimber of statiements be received by the court which do not need to be read out, but which corn be acopted 7hy the oourt on the totality of the evinonce presented by the proseoution, on the basis of which, the court oommits the person for triat. The object of thia Sirs, to to benefit the aministration of iustioe and atso to help aeoused persons who are being tried for inditrobe offences. One of the main argmente which is presented against our juratory system of pretiminary enquiru, and main trial in the Grond Court, is not only that tit takes up the time of the surmory court tut that the nesources of the aoonsed persons are very frequently expousted bu the neeessity of having to employ attorneys who are engmed for days and fays in the sumamy court in the preliminom enpuiry, when it is abundontly olear from the statements made, and the evtrence male, that the pereon is returnable for twial.

IION. MICHAEL $J$. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): Whut this merdment aeeks to do Sir, is to enable the prosecution to prepare a tritatity of written statements, which attenders to the oourt. And," if the aocused and ath of them are represented by Counsel and, if there is the consent of Counsel of all those acousel, whe have exmined the totality of the whiten statements that the court may forthosith instead of taking a week or two weeks.on, the pretiminary encuiry, in the interests of justice shorten the preliminvry enquim and procoed to commit. I will say Sir that $t$ have eirculated to Honourabte Membere a Commitee Stane amendment to this. The main effect of which, is to delete the proposed. sub-sections 2 and 3 of the new section $83(\alpha)$ because, $T$ oonsider that it is not necessary to insert these into the Criminrt procedure code as identical wonding is already contained in the Fvidence Law in Section 24 sub-bections 3, 5 and 6 which dent with the intermediate procedure of each statement being read out and sonsidered individuatiy. Sip, I hwe no hesitation in presenting this amendment to the court, ao this speedy, cheap, eapeditious procedire arn ontt take ptane with the armeement ofiatl acoused, who must be teqatly reoresented and with the oonsent of their legat representatives.

Mr. President sin. alause 7 and otinuse 8 of the Bill deat with the right such as it still existe, of an acoused person to make an unswom statement from the dook in oonmittat proceedinga. Honourable Members of this Chamber will remember that in tu ty 1984 this Wouse passed an amendment to the Miminat. Prooedure Cofe th that time, to the effect that an woused perem thas not entitited to moke an unsuram statement in the dock. This was at that time thought by this House to be in the pubtio intereot, becaued it envbled a pexson to make a statement. To be utterzy privileqed in whtever do fonatory atatements he made in that statement from the dook, zut not to be subject to aross-examination in pespect of it.

Cluses $i$ and 8 of this Bill seek to make the necessam consequentiat amondments to Dections 36 and 97 of this Cole, to make it quite olear that such a restriotion applies atso to oomittal prooeedines. And let me arain emphosise that no person is being in my way deprived of the wight to srogk. No person is prevented from going into the rook, from wearing before almighty God that he is going to tell the truth, and from diving evidence there.

Mn. President Sir, alcuse 9 is with pespent sir, in as much as $I$ an able to make a qualitativo judgement of the various atmises of this Exil, perimpe the most important propneed shanze.

Clause 9 of the Bill six, seeks to make movision that in certain oircumstances a trial mat take place in front of a juble alone, without a jury. Anch, that the onovee as to whether a person be tried with a jury or without a jury ties not in the proseoution. not on the bench but with the accused. I pologise sir. if I rm goint to take a little more of this House's time, but I do consider that this is a very important provision, and I feel that it ie my duty to explain it in a little more detail, and to show Membere of this Fouee the reasone why it should be passed.

Mr. President at , we ara a smatt
territory, we have a small population heve. Te have a population which is intergrated, who are voent, who are intettigent and who are neutely augre of what qoes on in our community. Being a amall community the problems, the evidential problems, the probtems of patcncing the intereste of instice with faimoss to an accused person an be tota7ty different from large oomplex societies tike the United Kingdon or Comad, with very, very large populations in the fifty the sixty mittions as in the United Kinadom.

HON. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): And the Ocasion does arisa.sir, when a.arime is oommitted in a smatiz oommuity that because of the smallness of the community, because of the type of orime and the seriousness of orime, becauge of the reaction of the population of that smilt territory to that type of amime, that it am be hand for a person to have a fair triat. Coincidentally, in other small Commonwalth jurisdictions this happened three times in the last three years. There was a ase in the Falkland Islands, a charge of murder. There was a case in the Seychetles, a charge of murder. There was a oase in St. Helena, a charge of murder and in these cases, the problems and the onoern which the cormunity, which the judioiary, which the Legistature expressed was sufficiently great for the Conmomealth Secretariat to onmission an enquiry to be made into the problems of jury trials in smatl jurisdietions, by Sir John Spry. Sir John Spxy is a distinauished furist; President of the Gibraltar Court of Appeat; Chief Justice of st. Hetena; one-time Vice-President of the Gourt of Appeal for Enst Africa and Chiaf Justice of the Britioh Indian Doean Territories. He presented a report last year as a result of his enquiries, ont I think sir, that it is fit and rroper that I real some mall portions of this to Membens of this House. In the early part of his Report, he mentiones the jury system, and I quote:
"It may be usefut to berin with a ghort note on the dury system. It is unnecessary to ao into its earty history, but it ehoutd be remembered that it develored largety as a protection for the individuat arainst nepressive acts of the executive, in the titys when Jutges weme very much the King's Iudqes. With the growtif: of the indoprendence of the judiciam, it is no lonaer so necesoary, but it is still a valued and useful institution. Its memits are ommonty held to be:
a) that a jury is able to hring its coltective wisdom into play on deciding issues of fact, particutarly regariing the avedibitity of witnesses.
b) that a fiury can on occasion, soften the operation of the Law bu a ommon sense or humanitarian approach, where a iudue who has to oive reasons for his decisions, is bound to apply the Law as he finds it.
a) that a jury by acquitting against the weioht of evidence can act as the voice of the mublic expressing disapproval of a partioular Law, or the bringina of a particular proseoution.
d) the constont ohanqe of composition means that each jury comes fresh to a case, where to a. Judge it may be just the latest in a succession of similar eases.
e) the eystem altows the ondinamy oitigen a major role in the administration of fustine, and helps towards a mutual understanding between the Judges and the public.
These merits anply equally to the smatl termitories of the Comonuealth, and in the tarmer.

HOT. MICHAEL U BEADLAY (CONTINUIMG):
The eritioisms of the fum sustem are:
a) that frut triats Zast Zonger than triats heter by a tudge, witt or without rssessore, and are consequently more expensive.
b) the juries are not equipped to atudn anplicated acoounts, on other documentary enidence.
c) thet: where there are severat asoused, and partioularty whene the charge is conspiracy, juries find it difficult to appreciate which parts of the evidence are admissible, against some defendants and not others.
d) that jumies maty be swayed by sumpathy or prejudice, and in extreme cases, by mitic hustemic.
Of these, the first three are equativ valid for large ont small territories. The fourth to more tiable to occur in the smabler termitories, and is the most difficult to prevent."

Mose are the words of the Renort presented by Chief Justioe Spm in his Report to the Comonnealth secretariat. Te anes on, and again I am going to quote direotly from him, bearuse I feet that his words can present the matter before this Ilonourable House far better than mi feeble attempta. If aoes on arit deals with prejudiee against the acoused:
"The thenger of Erejudice
> it is somettmes allenec on behalf of an aceused person that he is untikety to receive a faim and inmartial trini beause of prejudice fett by the peovte likely to constritute the jumi. such prejudice may be against the acoused pereonalty or against. him on account of this nationatity, rane or retiaion.

Local knowledge max, but does not neoessarity, thad to orefudice. This is not a serious probtem in lange iumisdictions because juriee are drown from a mide nange of peonles because thetlers in aities have, as a aeneral mule, little krowidge of on interest in their neiohbours: mat peause if there is looat prejudice, it is easity avoided by ordeming a change of venve.
In smali communities, almost att the motentiot iurors man know, or know of, the acoused. They mat know the witnesses, and their reputation for veracity. News of the incident witl hroe streat ravidly biy word of mouth, and wite have loot nothing in the tetting. inven if a potential juror knows nothing about the incident itrelf, the thll mobabty know the baokaround: the famity feud, the quarrel over a right of way, on wateven it mon be, ah? he maty know of the acowed's whminaing, the compant he keens and his oriminat reoom, if ha ho one.
Cum knowledye does not of itgelf mean that a iumy will be ineapable of considering the evidence dispasoionately and returmina a fair perdict. A omiminal record that. Whes not neveal areat moral depravity maty be ignored and knowterige of th acoused nerson's background may induoe symbathy rather than antipathi. The danger of a biassed juru oannot, howenex, be imunere. If the offence is one that shooks the communith and if the aomsed has been convicted, or even suspected, of simitiar offenoes in the past, a jury may presupnose his auilt. Ant a whole oommunity may have lost patience with a man who is constantlu making a minance of himself.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUIWG): Those Str again, are the words of the Report of Sir Tohn Spry. I feet I have taxed the patience of Hembers, in spreading our before them why it is considered that we should change our trow to oive an acoused person, if he believes that there would be prejudise, to ask for a trial by a judge alone.

In other jumisdictions, it is possibte to remove the danger: of prejudice by a change of venue. In the United Kinadom it oan be moved from one wity to another, where the furors will not know the acoused person. In the Eastem Caribbean Supreme Courte which incorporate now, a number of inciependent commonweatth countries, the jurisdiction aan in fact be moved from one island to another. That a person who is alteged to have oonmitted an offence in St. Lucia can be tried in Dominiea. A person who is alleged to have committed an offence in St. Vincent ern be tried in Montserrat. We Sir, do not have that tuxury.

Sir Johm spuy in his feport (and Members of this House, I will be hixply to aive them the Report if any of them wish to read it, after this Meeting has oonoluded), set out a number of proposals of atternative procedures, one of whinh is the system whioh takes place to a great extent on the African Conmonwealth Countries, where a judge sits with assessors, who either have a voice in the decision, or whose role is advisory onty. However, in his ocnclusions and in his recommendations as to the need and the desirabitity of deating with the problems of jury trials in amall jumisdictions.

The Report to the Commonwalth Secretruiat which was either aceepted on afopted depenting on which word you prefer, by the Commonvealth Seonetariat and airoulated to all small jurisdictions. It says:

My recommendations are that in small jumsatiotions where trials are on inditement or by jiury:
a) there should be an attermative procedure:
b) that the alternation procedure ehould be trial by fudge sitting alone:
c) that the acoused should have the might to elect whether to be tried by jury or by the juflge:
a) that where it is practicabte and convenient, reciprocat arrangements should be made between states for the secondment of judges to try cases where the looal judges might not be seen to be impartiat."

And the reoonmendations ao on:
> "And I further recommend that certain itasses of offence be excluded from the might to triat by fury. Such offences should be tried by a judge sitting alone. They might inolude charges of conspinaoy and froud, and charges relating to controlled drugs and possibly other offences, acoonding to looal circumstances.:

In relation to those reoomendations Sir, Honourable Members of this House witl see that the proposat is to give the acoused the option for trial in the nomat wiry, by a judie and jury, on for triat by a judge alone. That we have not; your Government sir, qone further with the recommendation of exturting certain types of offences from the right to be tried by jury. If think Sir , that in certain matters including complex froud cases, there is very great weight of argument to sou that we should do, what in fact the United Kingom are noing to do, and that is exolude those aomplicated eases from the ambit of a jury.

HON. MICHAEL d. BRADLEY (CONTINUIVG): But as I howe satd earlier six, let us proceed in our jurisdiotion stouly, with temperanoe, with cation. I think that the proposed amendment that is being made, $i_{s}$ again Sir, one which is not only justice beind done, but being seen to be done.

I with say Sirs, that I have aleo
proposed a minor Comittee stage amentment to this, to provide for the situation and to geell out the fret that if there are a number of co-defendants, that for the eveotion for trial by a fudne alone, that it must be made by all of them, and that the mere eleation by one of a number who are aconsed, to be tried without a jury woutd not have the effect of the others being tried without a juru, against their wiz.

Mr. Fresident sir, the neat proviston of the Bill before us is olause 10 . At present sir, it oppears under our Law that inditements against perrons, either wotuntary bill of Inditements, or more commonly, a $8 i t i$ of Inditement after a preliminary enquiry, where a person has been returned for triat; oxn only be preferred either by the court or by the Attorney Generat.

Clouse 10 sought to widen this, to provide that there could be consent be civen by the Attorney Generat for inditements to be preferped by certain officers in his Chunbers. Having thought about this Sir, $I$ am seeking the teave of the House at committee stage to delete this alause, beause I wish to aive the matter further thought and I feet that at the prosent tine at least, the knowledye that the Attorney General in person has to prefer an indited ment aqainst an acoused and take responsibility from the preferai of that inditement. is seen bu the pubtic as another firther safeguard of the rights of the individual. I am thinking thout other formilations for it Sir, but at the present time $I$ witl seek leave of the House to withdrow this.

The final clause in the Bitl Mn. Prosidant,
is to change schedule 1 of the code by substituting certain words. This Sir, is quite frinkly necessary becouse there is an inconsistenoy between the Penal Code and the words of the Criminat Pronedure Code as it is fromed at, the moment.

Section 118 of the Penat Code provides the offence of taking oway a woman against her witt for the purpose of marriage or camat knowledos, and prescribee a penatity of a maximum of ten years. The Criminal Frocodure Code mresentiy provides in the Soheduze which retates to the mode of twial, a drfferent definition of the offence, and provides the offect that it says the maximum penaltu is onty seven years. This ctarly is inoonsiotiont, this clearty is brong and it is merely to remove an inconsistency that alause 11 is proposed.

Mr. President Sir, I hope I have not taxed the patience of Member of this Honourable House in trming to set out before them the reasons why each and evern clawe in this Bill is presented. I think, as I have satid before, a number of them are very inportant changes and a number of them are minop and technical ohanoes. However, this bill and the provisions in it have been orrefuity oonsidered by the legal profession, by my Chambers, by the fudioviary. They have approvat from att those, they hove been supported by your rovermment Sir, and I have no hesitation in movina the sesond Reading of the Criminal. Procedure Code (Amendment) Bill, 1986.

Thank you.

MR. PRESIDENT: entitled the a second tine.
aiestion is that a Bill shortw

The motion is now open to debate. The Second Elected:Membex for George Toun.

MR. LINFORD A. PIBRSON: Thank you Mr. President.
The Bill before us, a Bill for a Lrw to amend the Criminal Procedure Code is one which I can support, and I would take this opportunity to congratulate the Honourable Second Official Member and the mover of the Bill, for a most comprenensive presentation. He has covered most areas which I had noted, white perusing and studying the amendments, and I think Sir that as a result, he has made my job much easier, and my eontribution will accordingly be brief.

The Member mentioned the three main planks
on which a legal system exists. We have made amendments to two of these before, the Penal Code and the Evidence Law, and it would seem fitting Sir that we should now also be looking at the Criminat Procedure Code. One area which I think Mr. President to which we need to pay very close attention is the amendment of Section $b$ of Law 13 of 1975, regarding the increase of the fine from $\$ 200$ to \$1,000.00. In a way Mr. president, thie may seem somewhat of a big jump, but I can see where it may be in the interenests of some of the peopte brought before the courts if the Low, or if the judge has the prerogative of sentencing or oharging the accuad, rather than sending him to prison for two years. It would seem that if on offence is a serious one, that a judge being a human betng and not God, may take the view that the purishment should be two fears rather than $\$ 200.00$. So this may work also in the interests of the person brought before the court.

Mr. President olause 4 , insertion of new Section 22A. would seem to be fair, especially in view of section 220. (2) which states the court whioh deolares a bond to be forfeited may 'at any time, inswead of adjudging any person to pay the whole sum in respect of which he is bound, remit the whole or any part thereof either absolutely or on such conditions as it thinks fit. fit first Mr. President, I had been somewhat concermed with the foreiture of bond under Section 22A. because it would seem that the purpose of a bond under the court is to ensure that persons bound to appear before the court, and if they do not do this, then their bond would be forfeited. But it did seem somewhit uninst for the individual to also be issued with a warrant of arrest, but section 2月A. would seem to correot this. Section 22A. (9) altows the person whose bond has been forfeited to give the oourt a satisfactory explanation as to his non-appearonce, and thereby, the courti may remit the whole or any part thereof either absolutely or on such eonditions as it thinks fit.

Clause 5 Mr . President, deals with the anonymity of complaints in rape ete. cases. This is a Section Mr . Fresident; which I feel that great cure must be exeroised, as women assured of anonymity of reporting sexuat offences, could be encouraged to make false reports out of spite, out of dislike or out of matice. But here again, I think that there is a sestion which covers this. This Section Mr. President generally, is a very good provision. which is to be found in may Commonwealth countries and Commonveatth jurisdictions. The purpose of this provision is to prevent the situation whereby a girt or woman is frightened to make a complaint to the Potice, or to give evidenos in court because her name coutd be published in newspapers, or hroateast on the radios, or when we get on to general television.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUINC): Conversely, it could encourage persons, as I have said, to make false allegations and hide behind this guaranteed anonymity: But I think we need to remamber that the following steps have to be taken:

* The evidence of the complainant must be strong enough before charges are laid against any accused person.
* The complainant witt have to make a suom statement, and thereby subject herself to the possibility of a charge of purgery if she is lying. (I an aire the mover of this Bill was gcing to clarify this point).
*. She may have to undergo giving sworm evidence at the preliminary enauiry stage.
* And she will have to give sworn evidence at any trial.

Obviously Mr. President, the possibility
of a person making fatee allegations witl exist. It is therefore extremely important that Folice Officers are vigitant, professional and are cware of this provision of the Law.

If one is going to introduce this provision Mr. Fresident, then it follows that there has to be penal provisions against any brodeasting or publication which would contravene the prouision.

In clauss 6 whioh is the insextion of new saction 83A, this is an excellent provision again, in line with many Common Law and Commonwealth jurisdictions. It saves the umneeessary previous wate of time, and it also saves unnenessary expense to the Govermment and to the accused person. However, the right to have a long foxm preliminamy enquiry is still open to any acoused person. It is extremely important that this right to have a tong form pretiminamy enquiry should remain.

Mr. President atause 7 which is amendment of a 3 otion 86. Mony people are of the view that the right of an acoused person to make an unsworn statoment from the dook at trial should not be removed. However, as this right to make an unsworm statement from the dock has recently been removed, it might as well be removed at the preliminary enquiry stage, as it really does not serve any purpose to have this right at the pretiminary enquiry.

Mr. President, otause 8. which is the amendment of Seetion 87 contains the consequential omendment to that suction. I agree with the mover of the Bith Mr. Preeident, that perhaps Clause 9 of the Bill, insertion of new Section 121A. perthape the most important clause of this Bitt. This is a good provision, and may ensure a fairer trial for an acoused person who may be very well known in a relatively omall conmumity. I know Mr. President, that in certain cases where, if the juror was summoned from that particular area or district, there oould be a situation where the individual would be found guilty before even being tried. We have to be very aareful in oases like this. I think it is important that we issue one word of caution, that this should not lead to the possible seaond step of removing the right of an acoued person to have a triat by jury.

Mr. Iresifent, att in att. It think that the amendments to the Criminat Procedure Code are well fitting. I feet that a lot of thought has been given to this, and I give this amendment Bitit my support.

Thank you Mr. Frosident.

Does any other Member wish to speak? If not, does the mover wish to... the Second Elected Member for west Bay.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Presidents first of alt i woutd tike to offer a word of congratulation to the Mamber on his comprehensive presentation of this Bill this morming, and in so doing, I mise very aatiousty and I trust that you will atlow me to develop my argument on the particular area of which I an a littte wormied.

Mr. Preeident, not for one minute would I have tit said that. I in any way protect any kind of criminal. When it comes to a person who can or may rape or diagrace a woman in any shape or form, I think they should pay for it. But I do have some ooncern about the power to charge more thon $\$ 200$ and up to $\$ 1000$, even though it may be done with some discretion. And, my concern this morning is in light of our development, my concerm is in view of the present wage structure in these Islands, a wage structure which in the Zower strata of living in these Istonds, and $I$ am speaking specificalty aonberning the conmon tabourer which is playing havoo on homes.

Mr. Fresident, now the Member can correct me and I will give way if I am wrong, but I thought he mentioned things like burglary, theft, robbery and I took it that these are the areas where the iudge witl have disoretion to oharge more than the $\$ 200$ and up to $\$ 1,000.00$. Mr. Fresident, if we take the Fotice Report for this year, we witi see that these areas of oxime are up. Detection is up, and tu well, in camparison with other years, and this is another area I guess, where we should offer oongratulations to the Fotiee Department. But if we take theft for instance, we see where we had 310 cases reported for tast year, and 83 a ases ateared up. Burglary was up, and those are the areas Mr. President of whioh I am most obreerned. I believe if one checks one would see that these people do come from the lower strata in our commanity.

Mr. President; all economic indicatons in these Tolands are pointing to some good years, but there are complaints from our people, and the one prime receon and nothing elee is the low pay, the low wage factor in this Country, and Mr. Eresident, in relation to crime it has some effect. Mape I will be told that I am wrong, but i have to be proven so first. Mr. President, inereasing a fine is not helping our society. Putting a person in jail is not hetping our society, and as I have said, steating is on the inorease and it will get. worse if something is not done about that partioutar situation. I feel. sir that before we should here this morning, and I am referring only to that one area, before we should come here and say increase, because that is exactly what it io doing from $\$ 200.00$ to $\$ 1,000: 00$, we should be tere doing something about the minimum wage which is $\$ 5.00$.

Mr. President, I just wanted to bring that to the attention of Members, and I just could not sit doum and let the Bitl pass without voicing my opinion. I am trying to point out that increasing a fine and putting nomeone in fait is not helping us. Let us take the other step, and see whether it witl not out down on some of these areas as reported in the Folice Report.

The Bill Sir is a good Bill, that one area I have some trouble with, but in generat the Bill is wett needed. Thank you Mp. President.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think it may be a convenient moment. now to suspend proceedings for approximatelu fifteen minutes, and I will do so.

IOUSE RESUMED AT 11:44 A.M.

| MR. PRESIDENT: | Please be seated. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Second Reading Debate on the Criminat |
|  | boes any other Member wish to apeak? |

Procedure Code (Amendment) Bill. Does any other Member wish to apeak? Does the mover wish to exercise his right of reply?

HON. MICAAEL, J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Six, I woutd just tike very briefly to thank the two Members who oontributed to the debate, and spoke thereon.
in relation to the speech made by the Second Elected Member for George Toun, he wae wormied about the amendment creating anonymity for female complainants in rape and allied cases, possibly resulting in false reports being made. I would like to aseure the Member that at least, in my opinion, that risk does not arise. First of all, any complaints made to the folice on any matter, when it is the subject of a Police enquiry are oonfidential and the question of lack of anonymity only arises when a deaision has been made based on the evidence that there is enough material information about the conmission of an offenoe to bring it before a court. In that respect false reports to the Police, the situation is no different under the proposed amendment than it is at present.

In relation to the worry that if anonymity is draped around a complainants, that she con go into oourt and on oath make false allegations against an acoused without the risk of hex being in any way shown to be making or to have made false statements, that problem is dealt with by the fact that there is specific power in the proposed Section 28A. which says 'no matter likely to identify shatl be published, exoept as authorised by a direction of the court'. And I could str, see the court making a direction in a oase where there was a fales conplaint made against a man, that he was oharged with rape, that she anonymously grve evidence that the jury or the judge alone requitted beacuse it was mply demonstrated that there was false and malioions reporting of a sexual assault. That in those cases it would be open to the court, as I am sure the court woutd in those circumstonces, direet that the name of the complainant be published so that it could be demonstrated to the worta that the veit of anonymity had been taken oway from the person by virtue of the fact that she was demonstrably shown to have made a false and maticious report.

In retation to the speech by the Second Elected Member of West Bay, he had a conoern about the raising of fines from the present level up to a maximum of $\$ 1,000.00$. May I say Sir that the raioing is a general raising. It is not just in respect of the offences which I listed in my speech it is a general. power unless there ts specific statutom prowiston for higher or different fines in other laws. That being so Sire maly I emphasise that the discretion $i_{8}$ in the hands of the courte, that the increase in the maximum fine which the court can impose will be ueed only by the court when it considers that the ciroumstances are fit and proper, and there are oases where a person appears in front of a court, where it woutd be olearly inapropriate to inpose a sentence of impmsomment, and where the tas at present imposes what has been considcred by the judioiary, and by the prosecutors and by society to be an inadecuate peratty of $\$ 200.00$. As I see it Sir, the increase in the maximum permiseible fine in the Summary court will grant that oourt a greater flexibitity in sentencing policy, and wilt resutt possibty in a bonefit to the conmumity, in that further people with be serving custodiat sentences.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): May I say sir in relation to this, that our system of justice is totally divorced from the concept of tooking upon our courts, or our administration of justice as a method of raising revenue. Our courts are courts of justice to soe that the Qucen's peace, that the Law of the land, that the peace and tranquitity whicheach eitizen is entitled to enjoy, is observed, and that the fabrie of society is not torm. We are not sir', persons who in the situation of emall mid western town where they look upon their traffic department as a source of revenue, by having radar traps. We do not, and as far as $I$ an concerned we never with look upon the powar to fine as anything different from a method of ensuring that the penalty fite the crime.

Mr. President Sir, I oommend the Bitl
to Honourable Members of this House.
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: . : But the evidence is not removed, right.
MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ The question is that a Bill shortly entitled The Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Law, 1986 be read a second time.

I think the ayes have it.
QUESTION PUT: AGRFRD: BILL GIVEN A SECOND READING
The House witi now go into Conmittee to study a Bill shortly entitiled The Criminat Procedure Code (Amendment) Law, 1986.

THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE COUF (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.

## COMMITTEE THEREON

MR. CHAIRMAN:
please be anated.
The Howe is now in Conmittee. Finetly, perhops it would be profer for me to repeat that I shatl, untess Members wish otherwise, again assume that it is the wish of the Committee that the Second Official Member, be invited to make any necessamy corrections to printing errore and the iike, and inded there are a number, beoause some have been made in manuscript, even though we have not specifically drann attention to them, and corrected them during our clause by clause examination of the Bill. And secondly, it may be convenient if If say too that I have received one notice of amendment which in fact ineorporates amendments to threo separate ctauses of the Bill. It is a notioe that I think all Members will have received, given by the Second Official Member, the nover of the Bitl, and as we come to the respertive clauses I wit invite him to move each part of the amendment as three separate motions.

CLERK: CLAUSE 1 SHORT TITLE.
MR. CHAIRMAN: part of the Bitu.
qUESTION PUT. AGREED CLAUSE 1 PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 2 AMENDMENF OF' GECTION G OF LAW 13 OF 1975.
MR. CHATMMAN:
The question it that clause 2 do stand part of the Bizl.

QUESTION PUT. AGREED CLAUSE a EASSFI.

CLERK:
CLAUSE 3 AMENDMENT OF SECTTON 21.

## MR. CHASRMAN: part of the Bitl.

QUESTION FUT. AGAFED. CTJAUSE 3 PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE I INSERTION OF NEK GEICTION 229.
MR. CHAIRMAN: part of the $\bar{B} i l l$.

QUESTION PUT. AGREED. CLAUSE 4 PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 5 INSERTION OF NEW SECTION 2BA.
MR. CHATRMAN: part of the Bizt.

QUEGTION PUT. AGREED. CLAUSE 5 PAGSED.
OLERK: CLAUSE 6 INSERTION OF NEW SECTION 83A.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clause 6 do stond part of the Bill, and Clause 6 is the firist of the Clauses in respect of which the notice of anendment given by the sccond Official Member applies. So I would invite him to move the relevont part of the motion.

GON. MICHAEL" ot ERADLEY: Na Chativmon Sir, pursuant to Standing Order 52(2), I move that clause 6 be amended by -
(a) deleting "(1)" where it appears immediately before "Notwithstanding" in the first line of the proposed new section $83 A_{;}$:
(b) by inserting "ard the provisions of subsection (5) of section 24 of the Evidence La, $1976^{\prime \prime}$ inmediatety after "Part" in the thinal line of proposed new section $83 A_{s}$
(c) deleting proposed new subsections (2), (3) and (4) of the proposed new section $8 \bar{A} 4$

The effect of this will be that there will be just one substantive section $83 A^{\prime}$, and sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) witl be etiminated, because these sub-seotions are a repetition of sub-sections (3), (5) ond (5) of avetion 24 of the Evidence Law, and it hac been thought by me that the repetition is mnecessary, and could lead to confusion.

The other amendment basically ie that it puts in the words which make it cleas that 83 A is not inconsistont in any way with seation 24 of the Evidence Low.


QUESTION PUT: ACREED. AMENDMENTS PAGGED.

## CLAUUSE 7 AMENDMENT OF SECTION 86.

MR. CHAIRMAN: part of the Bitl.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE $?$ PABSED.
CLERK:
CLAUSE 8 AMENDMENT OF SECTTON 87.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that Clause 8 do stand part of the Bill.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 7 PASGED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 9 INSERTION OF NEW SECTION 121A.
MR. CHATRMAN:
The question is that Clause 9 do stand part of the Bill. But this is the seeond clause in respect of which notiae has been given of an amendment, and I will now invite the Second Officiat Member to move that amendment.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Chairmon, pursuant to Stonding Order 52(2), I move that the Bitl be amended in Clause 9 by adaing the following new sub-section to the proposed new section 121A -
"(4) In cases where it should be, where there are two or more acoused persons joined in the some indictment, the election mentioned in sub-segtion (1) shall onty be exercised by all such acoused pereons jointly."

The objeot of this antendment Six, is to deal with the possibitity that there could be a number of persons co-accused jointly of the some offence, and of the persons, not all would elect to be tried by a judge alone. In order that there shall be no artifiaial splitting of a joint change, it is proposed that the election bhatl only be exerciseable where atl the docused jointly elect, and I would recommend the amendment to the Memberes.

MR. CHAIRMAN:
Does any Member wish to speak on that amendment? In that aase I will put the question that clause 9 be conended in the manner moved by the Second Offioiat Nember.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. AMENDMENT PASSED.
MR. CHATRMAN: : I will now put the question that $\quad \because \quad$ as.
Clause 9 as amended do stand part of the Bith.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 9 AS AMENDED PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 10 INSERTTON OF NEW SECTION 150A.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clause 10 do stand. part of the Bilu. I hesitated because the third amendment of whioh notice has been given is a proposed deletion of Clause 10. I am not sure whether in accordonce with Stonding Orders that that is admiseible. I think we have to negative the clause, do we not, which hae the same effect. I think so, so perhaps you would like juet to explain briefly to Membere why you now conaider the ctause should be deleted.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADIAY: Mr. Chairman sirs in the Bt ZZ as it is presently before the House, the proposed new Section 150A. entarges the ability of indictments to be preferred, not only presently as they are by the judge or by the Attomey General, but coutd also be with my written consent, preferred by any person hotding the office of Senior Crown Counset or Crown Counset. I think that it would be over sxtending the delegation of jurisdiction, if there was a general power for other members of my Chombers to prefer indictments in my nome. I had thought, and inserted this provievon, as I consider at the present time Sir that perhaps it gives an over wide power of delegations and despite what any inconvenience there may be oaused by having in each case to prefer an indictment personally, for the present time I would prefer thot situation to continue, and oceasionatly I would tike the clause as in the BiLl, to be negatived.
MR. CHAIRMAN: So in fact we are not proposing to
amend the Clause, and unless any other Member wishes to speak, I will
put the question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED, CLAUSE 10 NEGATIVED AND DPLETED
CLERK:
CLAUGE 11. AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE 1.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that Clause 11 do stand part of the Bitl. I doubt whether it is necescary to move a format anendment that it should now be renumbered 10. I think that is something to which the Gecond Officiat Member would be authorised to attend in the course of correcting printing emons, and the tike.

So I will put the question, unless any Member wishes to opeaks that ctause 11 do stand part of the Bill.

GUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 11 RE-NUMBFRFITD CLAUSE 10 EASSED.
NEWLY FE-NUMBERED CLAUSE 10 PASSILD.
CLERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMENY THE CRTMINAL PROCEDURE CODF: CODE, LAW 13 OF 1975.

MR. CHAITMAN:
The question is that the titte and enacting olause do stand part of the Bitl.

QUESTION FUT: AGREED. TITLE AND ENACTING CLAUSE PASSED.
MP. CHAIRMAN: That conclurles proceedinge in Committee. on a Bill entitled the Criminal Frocedure Code (Amendment) Low, 1986. The House witl now resume.

HOUSE RESUMED
MR. PRPGTDENT:
Ptease be seated. Reports. a Bitl shortly entitled The Criminat Procedure Code (Amendment). Law, 1986 has been considered by a Committee of the whole House, and passed with three amendments, namely in Clause 6 by one amendment to the proposed new Section $83 A(1)$; and by the deletion of proposed new sub-. sections 83(1)(a) (2), (3) and (4). Secondty, in ctiause 9 by the addition of a new sub-section 4 to the proposed new section 121 ; and thirdly, by the deletion of Clause 10 of the Bitl.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bitl is acoordingly set down for
Third Reading.

## TIIIRD READTNGS

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\text { THE SUNDAY TRADING (AMENDMENT) BILE, } 1986
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CLERK:
THE SUNDAY TRADJNG (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, I move that a Bitl
entitūd a Bill for a Law to amend the Sunday Frading Law, Chapter 161
be given a Third Feading and passed.
MR. PRESTDENP:
The question is that a Bill shortly
entitled the Sunday Trading (Amendment) Laus, 1086 be given a Third" Reading and passed.

QUESTION FUT: . AGREED. - BILL GIVEN A THIRD FRADING AND PASSED.

OTHER BUSTMESE
PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTTONS
PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. $6 / 86$.
APPOINTMENT OF SELECT COMMITTFF OF THE WHOLE HOUSE TO RECONSIDER EROPOSED CHANGES TO THE ELECTIONS LAW, 1983.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Private Member' $\varepsilon$ Motion No.6/86.
Just before the adjoumment yosterday, a Point of Order had been raised. A number of Members had spoken on it, and I had underataken to consider the representations they made to me, and to announce my decision this morning. The mover of the proposed motion, the Second Elected Member for George Town, represonted to me earlier this moming that he had not himself, spoken during the discussion on the Point of Order, and that he would wish to bring his views to my notice before I miled, since it is his motion, it seems reasonable that he chould be allowed to do so, and I witl therefore hear any representations he may wish to make before I give a miling.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Thank you Me. Tresident,
Yesterday six, $t$ was not fortionate or privy to have a oopy of Roberts Rules of Order, but I made sure during the adjourmment that I obtained a copy, and last night I spent quite a bit of time studying Roberts Rules on Fariiamentary Procedure.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (COMTINUING): his, Fresident, wo $I$ have said, I too have done some research on Roberte Rules of Order, as far as it applies to motions. Mr. President, Roberts Fiules retuting to motions is quite comprehenoive, but $I$ an just Laaming that these rules were generally accepted in this Houce, and would now sem to take precedence over Enskine May, which as 1 understood it, is the Eible of partiomentary procedure. And of course, our om standing Orders by which we are guided.

I believe bro president, that we are opening up a 'can of worme' because hereafter Roberts Rules of Order will be very much in we in this Ascembly. I. have purchased a copy, and I intend to study it as I have said through and through, and I would recommend to each Member of this Honourable House that they do the same, because I shatt in future, God wilting, be making very frequent references to these Rules if they are acoepted here today. Mr. President, I believe Siro that it is up to you to decide whether or not you intend to establish this precedent in this House. I do not Sir, feel that every time some Member is agrieved by your ruting, that we should be confronted with this rule and the other, which is not conmonly used in our Assembly, and of which very few Members have even received or have bought a copy. Se this as it may Sir, it must be understood very clearly that whatever precedents are now set, will have to be applied in the future. This will not only apply to matters retating to motions, but to other matters fathing within the scope of Roberts Rules of Onder. I should mantion apeerfically that Roberts Hikes deal quits specifically with impelavonce. In other words Sir, it states quite alearly that motions and other matters before the House must receive debates, whioh are directly relevont to the subject. I think it will be diffiout for mady of ue here to stiok to these mules.

Mr. President. on this motion, to avoid any embarrasenent to you Sis. of beina acousea of double standards, I would graciousty withdraw my Erivote Member"s Motion No. 6/86 if I thought that this uas neassary. I wn prepared to go on the potiticat platform in this Country tike any other merter, ard defend the action you took on this motion. I am not prepared to ait by in this case and hecr anybody acouse you of douile stondards on this particular issue. The peopte of the Caymon relaris shoula be made to understand that conybody oan rake a techniod error. But it was wolt known and understood in this House in December that the matter was being taken back to the public. Mr. Tresident, I oonnol help but feel that the rules in question aro being conveniently used to suit the idiosynorasies of certain Members. I wonder Sir if we would have heard any mention of these mutes, had the motion, made to reconeider the tar increases, been allowed by you. I think not Sir. I too Mr. Fresident have had time to examine the Honocurds with regard to the Feport of the seteat Committee on the Fifuivik Ean, which was praserted to this Honourable House on December 6th, 1985, "I too Mr. Fresident, agree that there are certain grejy areas surponding the procodures covered. Specificatly Sir, I find it somewhat inconsistent to adopt a Report without accepting its recommendations: But, Mr. President it wae specificatty noted and made quite clear by you that the reason for adopting this procedure was to allow Membere the opporiunity to take the matter back to their constituencies, and to obtain their views as to whether on not they wish to introduce singlemember constituencies, My enquiries Mr. President reveal that they do not want singlemember constituencies. If it had been the intention Mr. President to adop: this fully, you would not have found it negessary to have asked us to takn it back to the pubitic, if you had already adopted it in this House. Beoruse we att know; the next procedure after adopting the Report would to to write it into Lch.

Mr. LINFORD A. FIERSON (CONTINUING): This is a technical error, and we an see, anybody who is reasonable about this, oan see thrt it was a technical error. You would not have told us to take this back to our people if you had decided in your mind that the matter had been fully pesolved in this House. It would have been an exercise in futility, it would have been nonsense. Therefore any of us oan see that this is a technieal error, and it is only God who is above making errors. We all understood in this House Mr. President, what you were saying. We understood that we were to take this back to our people. If this was not the case, why did so many other people whon I approached, sign this petition including Members of this House. Mr. President, I cannot help but feel that this is an aet of mischievourness.

Mr. President, the Honsards of this House witl show that I personally questioned the procedures of adopting that Report, and also being told to take it back to our people. But I was relieved, and I was happy when you told us that we were not accepting the recommendation which formed the substratumof the Report. What is a Report without the recormendations to the Report. What were we acoepting? It is quite olear that you told us that we were not accepting the recommendations to the Report, that there was no Report. It is quite clear that it was a technical error. It is quite clear that we are not in breach of Section 24(8) I think it is, of the Standing Ordera. There was no matter resolved in this House. If there had been, as in the case of the Budget, then we would not have been asked to take it back to our people.

Mr. President, again, I cannot hetp but ask the queetion whether we would have heard any mention of Roberts Rules of Order, had the motion on taxes been atlowed. Io this action now in the interests of good pariiamentary procecture. You answer that question Honourable Membera, time will tell Mr. Fresident.

Mr. Preeident, standing Order 24(8) is quite clear. It states that no motion may bo proposed which is the same in substance as any motion which during the previous six months has been resolved. Mr. Prosident, the key word here is "resolved". This is the operative word, and the Standard Bnoyolopaedio Dictionary gives the following meaning of the word "resolued":

Arived at a decision - no decision was arrived at here.
To make up ones mind - if we had made up our minds on it, we would not have had to take it back to our people; so that is also clear. concluded that the Select Committee's Report thas resolved. At the same time you requested Mombers to take the matter back to their constituents. I contend Mr. President that Roberts Rules cannot be abstractly applied, they should not even be admitted in this House. The Bible of this House is Erskine May, not Robert, some two-bit ongineer out of the United States. It is Erakine May which is the Bible of this House, and Roberts Rules should not be admitted or accepted in this House. We use our own Standing Orderis, and if thore is any doubt we go to Erskine May. Mr. President, in alt cases of Law, as the Second Officiat Member will bear out, we cannot just use Law without equity. The equity in this oase is the understonding whith the Members had of the gituation. - It was our understanding that the matter was not being resolved in this House. Mr. Fresident, why did we not have the benefit and entightenment of Mr. Martin RoDerta on the 6th December, 1985. Mr. President, I do not see where you oould recsonably, and I witl repeat it, reasonabty be acoused of doubta standards, and I with take this to the political platform if neede be.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): I will Zet the people of the Caymarl Islands know the position in this matter. We connot have a situation of intimidation in this House, right is right. And when I find that something is wrong, Members here will vouch that I an the first to get up and say it. It does not matter which side of the House it comes from. I support what I feet is good for the people, and $I$ reject what I feel is bad.

Mr. Frosident, white $I$ an wiling to have my motion postponed as I have said, I do not see the neeessity for it. If I truely fett that this matter had been resolved in December 1985, I would be the first to abide by the Standing Orders which state and of which I am quite famitiar, that a matter pesolved could not be brought back within six months:

Mr. President, I believe it would be a travisty of justice if Membere of this House were not allowed to vote on this motion, or to be able to deal with it. I believe Sir that it would be going against the understanding that we att had here in December 1985, that the matter would be brought back. I further feel Sir that the people of the Coyman Istonds witl support your action and will see you as a strong speaker. Will see you as doing your duty as you see it to be, without intimidation. Nobody is going to criticise what they see as being fait. I do not see any double. stondards here. We are talking about apples and oranges, two distinetly separate issues.

Mr. Fresident, you made it abundantly olear that the contents, or recommendations were not being accepteds and so did the Second Official Member, the Honourable Attormey Generat. We were told to take this matter back to the people of this Country and come baok here, whether on not there was a technical error in taking a vote for the adoption of this Report. It was the understanding of the Members of this House that the substratum, that the recomendations of the Report were not being accepted. So it is quite olear that this was indeed a technical error.

Mr. President, as $t$ have baid; I feel very hoppy with this motion. I do not feet that we are doing anything which is wrong in this case, and I have no hesitation in moving that this motion continue, and I would therefore ask for the full support of the House in supporting the motion if you attow it sir.

Thank you.
MR. ERESIDENT:
The Member must not move his motion yet, we are not at the moment debating ony mobion. It is simply a Foint of Order which has boen raised. I do not want anybody to misunderstand the position. The Second Elected Mamber for Bodden Toun quite rightly raised an important Foint of order. ft seemed to me to be sufficiently importont for me to hear the views of Members on it, but no Member speaking needs to solicit the support of Members of the House, or to hope that they will vote for him, benause there is not a vote to be taken on the issue. If the motion is allowed propeodeed, then of course you can move it and then we shatl come to.....

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Will we be altowed to speak twice on this Point of Order?

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ I have taken it on the point of Order, the normal rules which prealude speaking more than once on a motion, because it is not a motion to not apely. Fut I do not want to encourage a tot of further long speeches, I witl allow the Second Eleoted Member for Bodden Town who first raised the iscue, to make any final representations he wishes. I did say final, because I can forsee that we shatl go on for a long time.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
MR. PRESIDENT?
With respect.....
drow to any relevant miles in our Standing Orders, in Roberts, in Erekine May, to any rules any Member thinks are relevant. And I really have had my attention faixty fully draw to most of them.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: The reason I mentioned it sir, is that $\bar{I}$ have cut mine short, but I have some left here.

MR. PRESIDENT:
(LAUGHTER) Well I think we were treated to a faixty fult exposition for which I am very grateful: I would not misk wishing to have to mile you out of order for repetition.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: opportunity to repty....

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Yes Mr. President, I appreciate the

## MR. G. BATG BODDEN:

Since I had moved the Foint of Order I would like to say that if you examine our Standing Onders which should have first preference in dealing with this matter, you witl see that the options open in $72(5)$ is that when a matter is being dealt with there are three options; that the reoomendations contained in the Report be adopted, modified or rejected. And without going to Erskine May or Roberts Rules of Order, our Standing Orders make it clear that a Report from a Select Committee oan be adopted, modified or rejected. I woutd ask you sir, to accept that in this particular instance the Report had been adopted by the Bouse... Furthermones the motion whioh is being presented to the Honce at this time relates to a Petition by the Member which acoepte the fact that the matter had been adopted, and this is very important, beoause the Petition asks that we now reject that report. This is. fomd sir, on the last page of the Petition, which says in the paragraph before the tast "Wherefore your Petitioners pray that your Honourable Assembly will reject the proposed amendment to Section 4 of the Etection Law, 1983 as oontained in the Committee Report". So how can they now ask that this Report be rejected and be sent back to a Seleet Committee, if it had not been adopted originally, and I would ask you to oonsider that Sir.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, could I make one
observation Sir.
MF. PRESIDENT: If it is very brief, because really I...
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Yes Sir, I wouldi just like to call your attention to $m$ interpretation as to what was done in Novenbers, was the adoption of a modified version of the Report.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I shatt have to speak at aome length I am afraid, to deal adequatety with this matter, but as it is of some importonce I hope the House will bear with me as I do.

The Point of Order ratsed was that under Standing Order 24(8), no motion may be proposed which is the aame in substonce as any motion which during the past aix months has been resolved, and it was represented that a debate which followed the laying of the Select Committee Report on the E'Tections Law in December 1985, was of such a nature that that Seleet Committee Report on the matters dealt within it had been resolved last December.

MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): When I reread the Hansard of that Debate to refresh my mind, it seemed to me as indoed my understanding is, that it has seemedito mony Members of the Honse that alt of us were clear during December that what we intended doing was, to enable the filected Members of this Assembly to go back to their oonstituents and to the public. To take soundings about the reconmendations, and in particular about one controversial recommendation which fiad been made by the Select Committee, in order that they should be abte the better to determine whether or not the Low should be monended in acoordance with that recommendation. To put it another way, the intention of the House it seemed to me from the Hansard of that debate, was to bring the matter, back to the House in due course, after Members had had an opportunity to ascertain public reaction to the proposals made, and to determine whether they wished to go ahead and inplement those proposals, or whether they wished to alter them.

Now, my attention has been drown to a number of learned works, and to various Standing Orders. Perhaps first it would be best if I dealt with the question of Roberts Rules of Onder. My understanding is, that the particular Rule to which my attention was being drown was that which is contained on page 224 of the addition which I have of Roberts Rules, and which says:
"If a Report contains recommendations not in the form of motions, they should all be placed at the end of a Report, and the propex motion is to accept the recommendations".

My understand is as I have explained
already, that when the House discussed the Select Committee Report Zast December it did not do so on the basis that it was adopting recommendations and that there was no motion befone it to adopt the recommendations. It is therefore very possible that we were not following the course advooated in Roberts Rutes of Order. But the fact of the matter is that certainty it seems to the, we were certainly not following that course. Moreover, whitst I find them an interesting and in some ways helpfut guide, I am most douttful whether Roberts Pules of Order have any application to our procedure and practice here. Our own Standing Orders as has beer generatly acknowledged, are what we must first look to for guidonee about what procedures we should follow. And our oun Standing Orders do contain a specific order which says that in any matter not herein provided for, resort shall be had to the usage and practioe of the Conmons House of larliament of Great Britain and Northerm Ireland, which shatl be foltowed as far as the same may be applicable to this House. Now the Bible, so far as the practice and the procedure of the House of Commons is concerned, is Erskine May, and it is therefore, by krskine May rather than by Roberts Rules of Order that I woutd be guided, when guidance was necessary.

My attention was drown ateo to our own Standing Order 72(5), and perhaps I may read that in full, as the Nember onty queted a part of it. That particular paragraph says:
"The Special Report together with a copy of the Minutes of Proceedings of a Select Comittee shatl be presented to the House by the Chairman, or other Member of the Conmittee acting on his behalf, and shatl be recorded in the Minutes of Froceedings of the House, as having been so preeented. And the Chairman or any Member may forthort th and without notice move that the recomendations contained therein be adopted, modified or rejected. And if the motion be seconded and unopposed, the presiding offioer may forthwith and without debate, put the question thereon".

## MR. PRESIDENT (CONTINUING): Faragraph six continues:

"A motion moved and seconded under paragraph s shati, where it is opposed be deemed to be an original motion of which notice has been duely given".

Now paragraph 5 which I read out, provides for two things. First, for a Report to be laid, and the Select Committee Report was duiy laid last December, and I do not. think there is any question about the propriety of what was done so far as that was concerned. But the becond part of paragraph 5": provides for the Chairman, or any maber of the Select Committee, forthwith and without notice to move that the recommendatione omtained therein in the Report be adopted, modified or rejected. The motion therefore, should be that the recomendations in the Report be adopted. modified or rejected, which is in fact very much what Roberts Rules said too. But that is not what in fact was moved last November. Now what was moved, was that the Report be adopteds and it now aeems to me as I did'I think say briefly yesterday, that the motion was very poseibly out of order. I will come tater to the question of whether I definitely think it was. But it was possibly out of order, or at any rate, it was not covered by the procedure laid down in paragraph 5 of our standing Order 72. If any Member had last December brought it to my notice, or if I had noticed it myself, I dare say I would have miled the motion out of order. But frantily, I did not notice it, nor did anybody else and therefore the second Officiat Member was allowed to continue. And indeed, if you read the Hansard $I$ think there was even some uncertainty in a number of poople's minds about exagtly what if any motion was being moved. The one thing which is quite certain, if you read them, is that nobody betieved that there was a motion to acoept, adopt, modify or reject the xeconmendentions in the Report.

Against that backgrown, it seems to me that one cannot say that in December 1935 , the House intended to resolve the matter, and as I read out earlier it is onty where a mattar has been resolved during the previons six monthe that a motion, the some in substcince, may not later be moved. I did nowever, out of interest, look at Erskine May to see what procedure oan be fottowed when Select Committee Reports are brought to the Aouse of Commons, and it was of interest to me to find that Erskine May, and this is the twentieth edition at page 719, that debates on Select Conmittee Reports now usually take place upon motions to take note of a Peport. And in fact I thenk that probably is the sort of motion which we should have had tast December, and it may even be the sort of motion which Members believed they were debating. If they did not think that they were intending to accept the reconmendations, then they probably thought that they were taking note of the Report. even though we used the word "adopting", or abused the word adopting. There is atso in Ersking May on the same page 719 twentieth edition, a paragraph about recommittal. of Feports, which says that the Report of a Seleet Committee or pant thereof may be recommitted to the Committee, or it may be reaomitted and the order of reference amended, and the effeet of recommitting a Report is to undo all that which has been previousty done in the House with reference to the Report, and to throw back the subject. into the hands of the Conmittee for revision or completion, or for whatever purpose the recommittal may be ordared. That was a procedure which we could have followed perhaps last Deomber, but quite sertainly we did not think we were doing that at the time, because there was no reference to recommittal.

MK. PRESIDENT (CONTHVUTNG): I mention it onty because it is something of which we might usefulty all be caurpe for the future, in that if simitar circumstances arise where it is not wished to aceept the reconmendations made by a Select Committee, but is wished to enable public consultation or further debate upon the iseue, that perhaps is a possible way of arranging the matter.

Against that background I have after the study which I have done, confirmed the provisional view which I mentioned yesterday that this motion is in order and that it is not ruied out under the terms of Stonding Order 24(8).

As it is now a quarter to one, I will suspend proceedings for lunch until approximately two fifteen.

AT 12:48 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

## HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:20 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be suated.
I think that the Second Eleeted Member. for George Town had moved his motion, and that the Point of Order was taken before it was seconded. So I will now invite the Second Elected Member of Executive Council to second the motion formally.
$\frac{\text { SECONDING }}{O F}$
PRIVATE MEMBER ${ }^{\frac{1}{S}}$ MOTION NO.6/36

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS. Mr. President, I beg to second Private Member's Motion No. $6 / 86$, moved by the Second ELected Member. for George Town.

MR. PRESIDETV:
Private Member's Motion No.6/86 dealing with the appointment of a select Comittee of the whole House to reconsider proposed chonges to the Elections Iawli 1983 , is now open to debate. Does the mover wish to speak to his motion?

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: It will be warmeshort Mr. Fresident, as I with save my oomments for winding up if this is neeessary.

I think most Members of the House are cware of the contents of the motion. The motion its seeking to refer the decision in the Report contained in a Report which was presented here in December, back to a Select Conmittee, and I would just like to briefly cover these points, to refresh the minds of the Members in accordance with Standing Order 24(9)(2).

It is moved that a select committee of the whole House be appointed to consider, in accordance with Standing Order 15 (4) that the Petition of mambers of the public against the unggested introduction of single Member ocnstituencies as contained in the 1985 Select Committee's Report on the EZections Lau, 1983 regarding proposed ohanges to section 4 of the Filections Liw, 1983 and further, that the terms of reference of the seleot Conmittee be exponded to inolude all other matters relating to the Lows of the Ccilman Islands, regarding elections inctuding the Report of the previous Seleet Committee.

MR. LINFORD PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. President, we have gone into the detail of this Private Member's Motion, and I would ask that the Members of this Honourable House give this motion theix support.

Thank you Mr. Preaident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The motion is open to debate. Does any Member wish to speak? The First Officiat Member.

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. President, when the Report of the Select Conmittee was presented in Deaember, it was definitety the intention and $I$ do not want to be repetitious, so $I$ will not read the sections of the Hansard of that day, that this matter would be taken back to the constituencies by each Member, to get their input on the matter and then it would come back to the House. By the terms of this motion which seeks to revive virtually, the Committee to go back into that and other points, seems to fit in and solve the problem very nicely.

Mr. President, I support the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Third Elected Member of Executive
Councti.
HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident, I mise to support the motion Sir, but I would ask Members, all Members to be sure and attend the Select Committee. If all Members had attended the meetings of the Seleet Committee we would not have this motion before the House today. So my request is that all Members please attend the select Committee, ond thank you Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Second Official Member.
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Mr. President Sir, I also mise to support this motion. As Chairman of the previous Seleat Committee I have spent, as did atz the other Members who attended it, a considerable amount of time and thought in trying to present a constructive and helpful report to this Honourable House.

I would reiterate what the previous
Member said. If the attendances through no fault of their oun, of Members were not as great asthey should be on thotse occasions when we met as a select Committee before, it then may have produced an effect that the Members who did attend were voting how they felt, and expressing their feelings. But that even though it was a Cormittee of the whole House, that inadvertently through abstentions, that those decisions and reconmendations made and brought back to this House were not decisions or recommendations with which the remainder of Members were necessamity in concumence. I think sir that it is lees than fortionate if there is a select Committee of the whole House, and that Select Committee uses the techniques and procedures of informality, of confidentiality that are open to it in Seleet Committee, that. having been given those advantages, if the select Committee presents a Report which does not meet generally, with the wishes and thoughts and ideas of the Members of the House as a whole. This maybe, and I an not prejudging any issues, but this maybe what may have happened with a number of the recommendations in respect of the previous select Committee.

## I would, however Sir, as well as

recommending and urging Members to be diligent in their attendance, and $I$ know how difficult it could be, to urge whatover Chairmon is appointed by you sir and I personatly hope to be attending as an ordinary Member, and listening to detiberations under a Chairman.

IION. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONYINUINC) I think Sip that what I would urge that Chairman to do, is not to oonvene this select Conmittee if it is so appointed, until he is satisfied that olt the necessamy consultations, all the necessary mertings which: I stated in my Report to this House from the previous Select Gormittee hai taken place. I think if we are going to adopt this alightly unusual step of basically having another Select Comittee of the whole House consider matters which have at least in part, been considered by a previous Select Conmittee, that this time the Select Comnttee through its Chairman should make it absolutely olear that the timing of the detiberations of that Select Committee are suoh, that the process of consultation which $I$, which the Goverrment and which Members thought advisable nay necessary had taken place, so the Members of the Seleot Conmittee were fully informed of their constituents wishes, of the feelings of the people of this Country before in that select Cormittee, they made their informed decisions.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Second Elected Member for Bodden Toun.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, I an proud today that
I was one of the four Members who staged a walkout in December of 1985, on the day that this Select Committee Report was adopted by this House. That Select Committee proposed substontial ahanges to our Elections Low, and had it not been for the courage of $n y$ cotleague from Bodden Town and two other Members, today we would not be discussing sending back that Report to another Select Conmittee. We would have been passing a Bill which would have amended our Eleotions Law to introduce the evilapractice of gerrymandering.

The motion which is before the House.
flows from a Petition which the Second Eleoted Member from George Toum
brought to the House during this Meetings and in that Petition, the Petitioner and the other signatories acoused the Govermment of gerrymandering, and I was really surprised to ese the Earond Eteated Member of Executive Counoil as a Member of the Govermment seconding a motion which accused the Govermment of germyandaring. The Patition reads:
"The proposed amendments to Seotion 4 of the Elections Satio 1983, as contained in the Report of the Select Conmittee of the whole House, appointed to study certain recommendations with a view to preparing on anenting Bili, could have the effect of introducing gerrymondering within elec toral dietricts miltiple seats."

Also in another part of the Petition on the seoond page in paragraph $3(b)$ the acousation is made again. It reads:
"Secondly, the proposed amendment goes much further, to the extent of having the effect of splitting up the electoral districts of George Town, we it Bay and Bodden Town into singte Member constituencies. Under such a system we could conceivabty have a situation where election resulte could be predetermined through gerrymandering."

Gerrymandering, atthough an avit practioe has not heretofore raised its ugly head in the Caiman Is lands, Most scholare know that the word 'gerrymandering' comes from' a former Governor of Massachusetts who lived between the years 1744 and 1814.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUING): This man Gexry Etbridge was the (fovernor of Massachusetts between 1810 and 1812, and duming his terme of office:he rearranged the electoral boundaries to the disadvantage of his opponente, so that his party, the Republiaan Party would have a diatinct advantage in the next election, over the Federalists. However, like the motion before the House, he was caught red-handed with his pants down and with his hand in the cooky jar like a little ohild. And this is why the Govermment has mushed to support this motion, and to second it, because they know they have been caught red-handed.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, could I catt your attention to the Standing Order regarding irrelevance. We are not here to debate the Petition, the contents of the Petition.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I did think about that, but I came to the conclusion that as we are debating a motion which seeks to refer the Petition to a Select Committee, it is not wholly irrelevant to mention the amtents of the Petition. I hope the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town will not mention them at too great length, otherwige. I should start to think he was straying. At the moment, I thirk he ts in order, just.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Yes Mr. President, thank you. I
understand the Members concern, because he is foremost among the Membere who have been caught red-handed.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, I bow to you ruting Sir, but I youtd ask you to read the contents of thit motion again, and it is against the suggested introduction of single Member constituencies, as contained in the 1985 Select Conmittee's Report on the Elections Loul. We are not dealing with the interpretation which might be droum from those who signed.

MR. PRESIDENT:
With respeat, the motion as I understond
it is that a Select Committee be appointed to consider the Petition, against this and that, and therefore I think the Nember is entitied to mention the Retition, and therefore $I$ stick by what I have said. We are appointing the Select Committee to do the studying of the Hetition, we are not really debating its merits here. The Member is in order to refer to it. As to substantial allegations he is making, other Members will get a chance to answer them.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Thank you again Mr. President. The First Elected Member of Executive Council may quibble as much as he likes about semantics, and he may quibble as much as he likes about parliamentary procedure. The fact is, having accepted the motion of the Select Committee, the House is guilty of accepting a Report which, had the Report followed its natural course after its adoption would have opened up our Elections Law to where electoral procedures could have been monipulated, and this is gerrymandering. And while I do. not want to put too much emphasis on the word, I think I should say in passing that the second part of that word 'mandering' comes from salamander, and the salamander is an animal like a snake whose body is very plyable and supple, and can be changed into any shape, and distorted as election boundaries could be:

So, I support this motion which will
send the Seleot Comittee Report back to another Select Committee, in the hope that our Elections Low will not be changed as had been suggested in the Select Conmittee Report which had been Tabled and presented to the House in December of 1985.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN (CONTINUING): Members were quick to say that it was their intention to take this Select Committee Report to the public, but their actions belie their statements, because when this Report was brought to the House in December it came on a morning when we were in the midst of the reply to the Budget Address, and the Second Feading of the Appropriation Bill. My colleague from Bodden Town moved a motion in this House which requested that the debate on the Select Committee's Report on the Elections Low be postponed or adjourmed, so that we could go on to debate the reply to the Budget. Had that motion been paseed by the House, I could believe that the Members wanted to take this matter to the members of their constituencies. That motion, had it been passed. could have saved the red faces, and the jumping up and the braying which has continued ever since. But the House did not see fit to allow the adjoumment on that election motion: and it is:my contention that the House not only wanted to, but did in fact, proceed with that motion and disposed of it as quickty as they could, for fear that the contents of the motion might be exposed, and that thetrysaces would become redder when the public foma out and the paspage of the amending Bitl to change the Elections Law woutd have been mudi more stormy than the thoughts which are racing around in ther mixicbs today.

I agree with sending this Report back
to Select Committee. In fact I see no need to ohange our Elections Law in this partioular respect. Our Eledtions Law has been in operation from the $1960^{\prime \prime}$ and has served the Country welt. Many honest slections have been conducted under this Law. In 1983 . there was a substantiai revision of the Law, a revision which wab, welt accepted by the public, and under which the 1984 Election was condueted. It is quite clear that the Elections Law worked well, becatuge there was a substantial change in the Government, and not a single election petition was filed at the time of the last General Elegtion. So there is no question as to whether our electoral system under the 1972 conatitution and the 1969. T believe it was, Elections Lais and the revised fom in 1983 have served this Country well.

Some Members have raised the point that they hope all Members will attend the Select. Cormittee, if this motion results in the matter going back to a Select Committee, and some Members have even gone as far not perhaps here today, but in their general conduct to imply that Members are failing in their duty if they mias a Select Comnittee. Everyone knows that the Members in the minomity of the House are not well received in Select Committee. I have had Sirn the closure motion moved to prevent my debate from being aiped in Setect Committees, this is a fact. When a Member attends a Select Committee in a minority position he has the right to have his say, and to put forward his views regardleses of how redicutious they may be, in hiss onn maner once he abides by the mules of that Committee. But abuse has been heaped on Members in SeZect Committeess far more thon publically. If I do not choose to attend every meeting of every Select Committee it does not mean that the Select Committee has a right to produce a preposterous report, and I maintain that the report which is the subject of deliberations in this House ia indeed a Report not in keeping even with the desires of the Members of this House. Becaus?, if my memory serves me wight, sometime ago a Private Member's Motion was introduced on the floor of this House, which sought to introduce the one Member constituenoies, and that Pmivate Member's Motion was defeated, yet we see the tome idea oreeping baok into the select Committee Report, and finding its way on to the floor of this House.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINIING): I have heard stories totd here of how the tail wage the dog, and I am wondering what is happening when we see a motion of this type brought to the House in December, dealt with not laid aside, not adjourned, not postponed, not aired on open Line, not advertised in the press and the Members just sit here and vote for it because they have that end block voting machinery know as ootlective responsibility under our constitution. And Sir, I congratulate the Member from George Toun who introduced this motion today, although I had my misgivinge about certain procedural matters, which I witl not go into. But I congratulate the Members courageous stand in moving this matter, this important matter back into a Select Comittee, and I would trust Sir that when this matter is approved, as I know it will be approved because the Government has to save its face now, when this matter has been approved and will be recomitted that you will call the attention to the passages in Enskine May dealing with the recommittal of Reports, and that they will have special instructions from the House to carry out specific actions with this Report, and perhaps it may be necessary for you to adjourn to study this matter before we finalise the debate, if it should be finalised today.

One Member has sought to divorce the motion from the Petition, but it is my opinion that it is the Petition of the citizens of this Country which has triggered the motion which is before the House, and while some Members may search in vein for some ancient ruling or precept. We dannot separate the Petition which triggered the motion which is before the House,' and which hopefulty, will reverse the recommendations of the Seleet Conmittee as far as the Elections Low is concemed.

I was greatly alarmed by that select
Committee Report in more ways than one, beoause not only did it make possible the practice of germyandering, but it sought to tolerate favoumitism. A special case had been made out for the district of the Lesser Islonds, so that they would be exempt and if for no other reason, thie motion needs to be brought today benause that practice could never be If we are going to split up the district of Bodden Town, we must also split up the district of Cayman Brace. Because, in dealing with these matters the cardinal principle of English Law is that not onty must justice be done, but it must also appear to have been done.

That Seleet Committee Report must go back, not only for the reasons I have previously mentioned but there is a recommendation that the Attorney General would hove the right to make consequential amendments to the Eleetions Law...

HON. MICHAEL J, BRADLEY: On a Point of infoxmation, my memory Sir, is that the Attormey General would have the might to propose consequential amendonts to incorporate in the Biti. There was no proposal that he had the authority to ohange the Law.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Fresident, I would like to refresh
the Members memory, on the exact wording of that Report, and on page $6(2)(o)$
amongst other recomendations it says:
"The Cormittee makes the fotlowing recormendations that the
Honourable Attormey General have the authority to make any
necescary consequential amendments to the Elections Lau".
It does not soy that he has the right
to propose amendments. The recommendation was that he has the right to make necessary consequential amendments, and this is a serious matter.

MR. G. $\operatorname{HAATG}$ BODDEN (CONTINUTNG):If, there is no sthoh word as relevant Where this is concerned It says that the Attomey feneral have the authority to make any necessary oonsequential amendments to the Electione Low, and this would be bad praetice. We have in our Laws, most of them, a provision whereby the Executive Councit as a whote oan prescribe certain matters by requlation. But, in an important Low like the Elections Law we should not give one person, no matter how oompetent he is, no matter how honest he is, and I am not questioning the integinty of any officer of the Government: "But we must never delegate the responsibility, which is the responsibility of the Parliaments to a single person.

There were many other minor matters which I will not go into in any great detail, buit just to mention two of them in passing. There was a reconmendation that we have a fulltime Supervisor of Elections, which uoutd berutter nonsense. Why employ a man fulltime, have him on the Govermment's payroil, even if one pays him by the day to supervise elections, which are held one day in every four sears - this would be a waste of priblic funds. Another recommendation was that there would be a Deputy Supervisor, who I imagine would also be paid 365 days a year.

What this motion is showing today is that this Select Committee Report was a bit premature. I do not want to be critical of Select Committees because they are part of the House, and I know the disadvantage to which a select Comittee is put in that its matiers cannot be discussed publically untit after the report has been made to the House, But here we seem to hate had recormendations which were far reachung ond which would have made very dromatio ehanges some of them not for the better in my opinion, brought forward, pushed through the House in one day the 6 th December. Members not even having the right to adjoum the debate for a couple of days, and it is no wonder today, that the Govermment has gone to ettremes to aupport this motion, to second it something unheard of. I howe never seen thy other Frivate Member; s Motion from this side of the House seconded by a Member of Exeautive Council. . .

IION. BENSON O. EBANKS: $\quad \therefore \quad$ The original oopy of the fomcius Toterer Bill was like that.

MR. G. HAIG HODDEN: $\therefore$...which shows Mr. President, that the First Elected Member of Executive Council is suffering under a areat degrees of preesure today, beoause he has been caught with his pants down over this motion.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
You will find out whoee ponts are doum.
MR. G. HATG BODDEN: So the motion before the House seeks I imagine, to set up a new Conmittee. The motion perhaps, because it was hurridly brought seems to be deficient in spetling out the terms of the work of the Committee, but this Sir can be improved upon if Members will the second time arourid pay diligence to the matter, and it appars to me that while oritioism has been leveled at a few Mcmbers on this side of the House who did not attend the select Committee, that the oriticism should have been leveled at those who attended. Becouse: those who did not attend appear to hove done a better job than those who attended, because those who attended produced the peport which is not acceptable to the people of this Country. Those who attended have turned out a document which does not reflect the best interests of the people of this Country.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUING): Those who were absent witl come out in the long ron as being the saviours of this Country, in that our strong action in resisting Govermments actions on 6th December have brought this matter to the forefront of the publicls ette, and the entive population of these Islands with be watching the nesults of the new Select Committee. Whenever the public is vigilant, and whenever the public scmutinises Govermments action there is a guarantee that the pubtic witl get from its Select Conmittee, or from its representativee the kind of Govermment which the public of our fair land deaerve. "I would not like to be in the position of the Government Members today, particularly the Elected Members of Executive Councit, because they did not have the courage in December to adjourn the debate in this important matter. They did not have the courage to do what they should have done, and so today they hove been forced to acquiesce, and to accept the criticiams in the Petition. They have been dubbed as people who gexrymander, and by the action of the Second Elected Member of Executive Council, who have come out and endorsed the Petition, and endorsed the motion of my good friend here from George Town. This is not the first time the House has rejected Select Committee Reports, and I doubt whether it will be the tast, because our Standing Orders make provision for the House to aecept, to reject or even to modify reports.

Mr. President, $I$ find great pleasure in supporting the motion to send this Report concerning election matters back to another Committee, in the hope that the new Conmittee witl be able to find a better solution than the original Committee did. It is my sincere hope that our electoral bondaries and our electomit matters conceming the dual constituencies will not be interfered with, and if it is still the feeting of some Members that they must do something to improve on our present system which has served us well for 154 years, that before they make any changes they will advertise these matters to the public.

We have had representative Government and elected Members aince 1832, and I would be sorry to see any major departure from the system of Govermment we have had for all these years, and $I$ would hate to see any interference with our Elections Law whereby people could be accused whether mightly or wrongly of germmandering or fixing eleation results.

Thank you Sir.
MR. PRESTDENT:
I think perhaps it may be a convenient moment to take our austomary aftemoon break, so $I$ wilt suspend proceedings for approximately fifteen minutes, before inviting any other Member to speak.

AT 3:17.P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:38 F.M.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, I hove listened with interest to my bearned colleage, the Seaond Elected Member from Bodden Toum, and. T. would like to congratulate him on his voiciferous and verbose: interpretation af the recommendations made by the select Committee on the Elections Law, which he did not attend.

Mr. President, we have heard a lot about the reason for the walkout in March, and I have heard three people of the four so far, claim to be the leaders of thatwalkout. It is a good thing that we have dowble doors on the front of the Assembty, so that they could all leave at the same time. The only one who has not clatmed to be the leader of that walkout is the Elected Member for East End, who is usually absent, and just happened to be here for that walkout.

Mr. President, I need not remind Members
of my stand on single Member constituencies. I was the author of the Private Member's Motion in March seeking single Member constituencies. I have no apologies to make for that sir. I am convinced now, as it was then, that single Member constituencies are in the best interest of continued good Govermment in this Country, and Mr. Fresident as usuat I tose one battle in a war, I do not necessarity"give up nor do $I$ bend to the wishes of the majority, if my convictions on the matter are strong enough as they are on this. Mr. President, I presented my case to the Select Committee and I argued with the Seleat Committee. I was successful in convincing the Getect Committee to give this matter further thought, and not just kick it out of the door as was done in the Private Member's Motion in March. Mr. President, this is proof of the democratio progess which transpires in the Select Conmittee. It is proof that if one attends Select Committres, if one puts onee case formard in the Select Committees, consideration with be given to ones point af view, and in some cases one will be successful. It is clear proof Sir that the voice of a minority and the vote on this issue, my motion in Maxch where I was the only one who voted in favour of the motion, so I was clearly in the minoritif in that instance, and oan in fact influence the decision of the Seleot Committee. Mr. President, as the elected representatives of the people it is our duty, it is our responeibility and it is in our oun best interest to attend the selat Committees, ba use Mr. President if one cannot contribute when one attends, once certainty cannot contribute if one is not present.

Mr. President, the Second Elected Member.
for Bodden Toum had a lot to say about the germymandering et eetera, et cetera, which would be allowed if single Member constituenoiee were introduced. I do not subscribe to this idea; but I would just like to remind the Member of what he would' like to have seen in my motion which was brought in March, when he suggested Sir that what he would like to have seen were national elections, being that the whote Island vote for twelve acndidates and have no electoral distriats at all. Mr. Preaident, I wonder what would happen to the North Siders, the Cayman Bracers, the people from Little Cayman, the people from East End in a national eleation where constituencies tike West Bay, George Iown with three and four thoueand voters could swamp four hundred voters in North Side, and they would wind up with no representation at, all. Sir, I believe that that kind of a system would allow for much mone aermimandering than single Member constituencies within eleotoral distrieto.

Mr. President, the section concerming what the Attorney Generat is impowered to do under the recommendations of the Committee, I think it says that the Attorney Generat is impowered to make consequential amendments. Mr. President, there is nothing wrong with this. The word 'consequent' means following as a natural result or effect there from, and he was oonfined to making amendments which are a consequence of the amendments which were recomended by the Committee.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING):To say Sir that the Report was a proposterous Report; it is rather unfortunate Sir that we poor mortald who produced this Report were not graced with the great intellect and experience of the four Members who did not attend most of the select Conmittees, and therefore Sir we produced this termible Report becauge we were not privileged to have their verbose input into the process which we had established.

Mr. Eresident I have no problem supporting this motion. I will stick to my guns. When the Feport goes back to the Select Committee I will continue to fight for single Member constituencies, because I believe Sir that. they are in the best interest of these Islands.

Thank you Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Second Elected Member of Executive Council.
HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, as the seconder of Private Member's Motion No.6/86 I mise to support this motion. 'It was always my understanding from the beginning that the Report from the select Conmittee was being Tabled to enable Members to solicit more input from the public on this important matter, and It was my understanding that in due course this would be brought back to be dealt with by the Select Committee, which I feel is the proper place for dealing with such an important matter. . From the very bedinning, I never ever supported single Member constituencies, and $I$ witl never ever support any move for George Town to be divided up. I think that when this matter was being discussed in Decembers the Hansards of this House will ctearty reveal my position in this matter. I did not support it then, I do not support it now, and I witi not support any such move in the future.

The nature and importance of nthis matter was such that it was Gowmment's position from the very begirning, that a free vote should be allowed, and Mr. Tpesident, as the Member who seconded this good motion, who has ome in for at lot of reprimanding and midicule, I think it is only fair that I stand here and say that as an Elected Member of the peopte of Geonge Toum I have certain wighter and privileges in this House, which I intend to exereise, and that there is: no anount of shouting or any farm of dramatics from any Member which will deter me from oxrrying out my responsibility as an Elected Member of this House. I do not feel that the Second Elected Member of Bodden Town should be si rpresed that this motion was seconded by myself. There is nothing whatscever in this to be surpmised about.: I support the mover of this notion in his viewe negarding single Member constituencies, and I firmly believe that if the interests of this. Country are to be served, and the interests of the people are to be met, that it will take the combined efforts of Members on both sides of this Houes to achieve it. So I cannot wonderstand the surpmise, but I was invited by the Second Elected Menber from George Toum to second this motion, I felt that it was perfectly. in order, I so did $\because$ I have no apologies to make to anyone, and I am barinning to wonder if the Second Elected Member from Bodden Town, if his annoyconse was not due to the fact that he was not so invited by the mover of this motion. Mr. President, I feet that this motion is quite in onder 1 ank pheaed to see this-mattex being taken back to a Seleet Conmittee, and I give this motion my support.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? If not, I shatl invite the mover to exercise his right of repty if he wishes. Does any other..... the Second Elected Member for West Bay.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSI:
Mr. Freeident, I would congratulate the honourable mover and his seconder, on bringing this motion. I think we are not debating the merits on the demerits of the Report, so I do not have too much to say on this partioular Report. I will however, reply to some of what has been said by the Second Fivected Member for Bodden Toun.

Mr. President, everyone knows that I
took a stond against the single Member constituencies, umless I could get the support of my people. I said that I would abide by the wishee of the people, whether they wanted single Member constituencies or whether they did not, and to have the temerity, to have the audacity; to have the nerve, to have the unconscionableness, to thave the shamelessness to infer that all Members of that Conmittee were in agreement with the Report, when he well knows that I put in a minority Report. and in all fairness to me, could have said so. Really, the Member does not surprise me.

Now Mr. Preaident, the Member from North Side said that he had brought a motion to get in effect, the some thing which the Report was auggesting, and he said that he was not ashamed of it, it was hia betief and he still hotds that betief. When I seconded the motion for him, I told him that I would listen to the wishes of my people. But you know something Mr. President, we are wasting. time in this House, and they really are not telling the whole truth. The truth of this whole matter is, and I can not afraid to say so because I have no connections with anybody on whose toes I might be afraid of stepping. The truth of the matter is that Nembers of this Howse are soared to death of foreign people becoming Eleoted llembers wider the single Member constituencies, and sveryone has beaten wand the bush and has beaten up the bush saying something else. In. Fresident, if any Member in this House believes that our people are not asking for change, or that they are not aware of what is haprening in this cowntry politicallus, then they are not dow in their constituencies $t_{i s t e n i n g ~ t o ~ t h e i r ~ p e o p t e . ~}^{\text {a }}$ because people are demonding changes, and the sooner we accevt that in this House the better it with be for this Country. On this particular issue, if my people tell me they want it I am satisfied. Once they are satisfied that they do not want it I wizt fight with every bit of strength I have to see that it is not done. Now you tell me what this would have done to our system of Government, and you are talking about foreigners being elected in this House. We would have had a House full. of foreigners under that system. Now Mr. President I will kow to your muling, but I am repeating, or I am referring to what he has said, and $I$ do not expect to be called out of order Sir.

MFi, PRESIDENT:
You were inviting me to tell you various
things. I an afraid I amot tell you things like that, you must invite the Member concermed.

MR. W. MoKEEVV BUSH:
No, no not you sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
me", you must address the Chair
That is what you said, you said 'you tell

MF. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
the Chatr Mr. Preardent.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I was addressing the chair. You are in

That is right.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Mr. President, I do not want you to sidetrack me Sir, because that is what you are doing. You are in the Chair and I am referring to you, because I have to speak to the Member through you. Welt, I said you meaning the Chair.


I support this motion whoteheartedly.
MR. PRESIDENT:
for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Any other.... the Third Elected Member

Thank you Mr. Tresident.
I will not have too much to say, but I hope you are not going to ruze me out this evening either.

MRS, DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): The trivate Member's. Motion No: 6/Be, regarding the appointment of a Select Conmittee of the whote House to reconsider proposed ehtuges to the Etections Law 1983, until yesterday Mr. President I must say, I was a litile confused: I had been of the opinion originally that this matter had not been resolved in this Chamber Bowever, after Whaving listened to the Second Etected Mimber for Bodden Town, I was a little oonfued and wonderad whether in fact some technical emor had been comitted. But with your timely and clear explanations this moming, I could support your views.

However Mr. president, and coupled with the faet that I now in a position to support the motion as has been put forward by the Second Elected Momber from George Town, I thought that I would at the same time like to clear a feu things which I felt were not exactly put forward in the way that they ought to have been by the Second Elected Member from Bodden Toum.

The Nember mentioned that in setect Conmittees the minority is not given an opportunity to speak. In fact Mr. President there have been a number of oeoasions when my constituento have told me what they have heard on the radio, and the impressions they had received as to the attitudes and actions of Members. One of my frequent comments is "I wish you could see the Mombers in the Conmon Room as wett as in the Select Committees, beccuse they aot altogether differently." Mr. President, in select Conmittees, and I have been able to attend most of those which we have had," and we have them fairly often, because I think it is a vital arm of governing our people here. But, time and time again when Members who might call themselves in the minority, are there, they are atlowed to speak, they are allowed to speak freely, they are allowed to pass on their views. Other Members tisten to them, and $t$ have seen nothing to inaicate that there views are not respected. I cannot recati any closure motion to bar a Member from speaking. So I reatty have been a bit confused. I think that I would just like to make it clear. In select Committees, each and evexy Member sitting in that Committer has an opportionty to speaks and to make his contribution. The fact that he is not there for whatever reason, be that as it may, but when any Member of the House is there, they are altowed to speak. Rather than have it be said. that İ am repedting myself, Mr. President, I would just like to re-enphastse that every Member in the Committee has an opportinity to speak, and each one $i_{\beta}$ heard.

Thank you siry and I support the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Nember wish to speak?
The First Elected Member of Executive Conneil.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr President I an not intend to go to
Massachusetts Sir, to support my argument, but. I intend to go a little bit around the Cayman Islands, and hope I witl be given the latitude to do so.

The seponct Elected Member for Bodden
Town in his contribution on this motion, eatl that if he had not the courage to stage the walkout in December, we would probably have been debating the amending Bill to the Etections Lht today. For the sake of the weoorde Mr. President, I would Zike to make it atear that the walkout was not staged in connection with the Report, or the contents of the Report before the House in December. "The paikout was staged becouse the Businiess Cormittee of the House followed stonding Order in and placed the items on the Order paper of the day as set out in Standing Order 14. This ment that presentations of the Reports of Select Conmittees came before Question Time and Other Business.

HON, BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTTNUTMG): The controversy arose because, as I have said, the Business Commttee eet down the orders far the day, in the way Standing Order 14 dictates, and had that format been foltowed the First Eleated Mamber for Bodden, Town who had been debating the Throne Speech, or the Budget Speech the day before would have been dented omen of the time which he would have had during that diay to debate the Budget. But Mr. Fresident, he would have been entitled to his full time on the debate, but ae I understand it, he was teaving the Islands that afternoon and wanted to aatch the plane, po that was the reason for trying to rearrange the order of business for the day. Naturally, the House opposed the motion and that is when the watkout trok place. Nothing contained in this Petition caused the walkout. "Had the Member stayed Mr. President, maybe he would have been betten informed than he is: today on the whole matter of the mation before the House.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: - Mr. President, the Member does not know if I am informed or not, I have not apoken, so how con he be presupposing something. He is talking about my aolleaque the Second Eleated Member for Bodden Town who spoke, not me. . Watt untit I speak before he presupposes what I am going to say.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President.s thought the Member would have understood that I was tatking about the Sscond Etected Member for: Bodden Tow, when I said that if he had stayed he would have been better informed than he was todoy.

The First Elected Member for Bodden Town will have an opportwity to show how ill informed he is tater on. The Second Elected Member for Bodden Town hr. Fresident, made one valid point in his contribution, and I want to make sure that the House and the people who will be listening to this debate do not miss it, and that is when he said that the contents of our de liberations of the Select Committee could not be made publio until they had been placed before the House. And Mr. President, that is where the mib in this whole controversy lies. When the Report was brought in December, and the contents were made public, it was only after then that Members of the Aesembly could go back and convass their constituents on matters contained in the Report. This is whyt the question which was placed before the House on that day was modified in such a way, as to make it clear that Government was not committing itself to any action, until such time as Members: had canvasesd their constituents on particutarly, the matter of single Member constituenoies.

The motion before us Nr. President; in my opinion could have avoided a lot of dobate, because this motion merety makes reference to a Fetitiom submitted on behatf of, and the motion says 'members of the public', and for the record $I$ would like to make it clear Mr. President, that the Petition which I received said that it was presented by the Second Elected Member for George. Town on behalf of Mr. Alfred Lowrence Thompson Senior and 383 other signatomies. As I understand the motion, the motion seeks to get this Petition placed before the reconstituted Committee to consider the views of those 383 , or 4 or 5 as the case may be, ifone is going to include the Second Elected Member for George Toun in the number, to be considered at the same time as other Member's findings from their conatituente are going to be considered. So, we should not have gone, in my opinion, into the merits or demerits of the Petition. The reference to germjmandering in the Fetition Mr. President can only be the view of the 383 people who signed this Petition. A vemy small ininomity of the regiatered votere in this Cotontry.

FON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTTNUING) Nevertheleas Mr. President, their views will be taken into constderation. Mr. President, I think in December I made it clear that I personally support the concept of aingle Member constituencies, and let us get it clear, we are not talking about reducing West Bay to one representative, or George Foum to one representative. What we are talking about is dividing these constituencies in a fashion where you have three constituencies within that electoral district. As I said in Deeember, this would be done by an Electoral Boundaries Commisaioner, an axpert with experienee in these matters, and the boundaries would be so defined that each electoral district would comprise persons of different economio standing; probably different ethnic origins and so on, to that we woulif not have an umbalanced group in any one constituency. I too Mr. Eresident, made reference in December to the Report of the Constitutional Commissioner the Rt. Hon the Earl of Oxford and Asquith in 1971, when he visited the Country to advice on the present constitution which we have. I was able to quote fairly accurately from momory what he had to say about the single Member constituency, but Mr. President I now hove in my hand a printed version of his Report, and I would like to read for the benefit of Members Section 40 of that dooument, dealing with the orgoniaation of constituencies. It says:
"There are at present six constituencies which vary in size and return one, two or three members according to their population. It has been suggested that those returning more than one member should be divided so that in future all constituencies are single-member constituencies. I discussed this idea with the present elected members and most of those now representing multi-member constituenctes were opposed to it."

Mr. Fresident I will get back to this Zater, because I want to undertine 'most of those now rerpesenting:'
"Among members of the publie, I found few who held strong views either way, although a fair number felt that with singtemember constituencies they might get better attention and moxe service from their members.
In the absence of political parties or strongly marked divisions of interest, the present system seems to work quite satisfoctomily; but $I$ consider that, in the long term single-member constituencies would be preferable and likely to reflect more closely the wishes of the electorate. Under the present system, a well-organised party with superion electioneering tactics could secure a maiority of seats in the Assembly by gaining control of only three constituencies with a small majority of their votes, atthough, in the coloney as a whole, two-thirds of the votee might be opposed to it. Under a single-member system; the chances of such "unfair" results would be much less; while a form of proportional representation with transferable votes, oould avoid them altogether. A single-member system would give the advantage, noticed above, of a closer relationship between constituents and their members.

The matter is at present regulated not by the Constitution but by the Elections Law, and at though the Law has in any case case to be revised before the next alections, it is doubtful whether an amendment to this effeet would be approved by the present Assembly."

Mr. President.
That is the Assembly in 1971,

## HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING):

"If therefore it were decided to make the chonge, it might be preferable to provide for it in the Constitution. The redrowing of constituency boundaries, together with the registration of electors in these new constituencies, would, however, take some time and it seems unlikely that this could be completed between the time when the new Constitution was approved and the date, in April 1972, when the next elections are due to take place. Although $I$ consider the matter to be of some importance, I do not regard it as one of urgency and do not therefore wish to press that the change should be made before the next etections. I reconmend, however, that during the tifetime of the next Assembly a change ehould be made in the electorat system (whether by way of amendment to the Elections Law or amendment to the Constitution); and that such change should provide either for the abolition of multi-member constituencies or, if preferred; for a aystem of proportional representation."

Now Mr. President, I was one of the Members in 1971 who was not omonget those now repreaenting multimember constituencies, who opposed the view. I held the view in 1971 that a single-member constituency where one person had one vote, could best represent the wishes of the electorate, and that it would give the electorate better and closer representation from their members. I hold that view today Mr, President, and simitarly, as I did not force this iasue in 1971, I do not intend to force it todoy. But $I$ intend to put the matter again fairly and squarely before the electorate in my constituency, and have their reaction. I have lived under this Constitution from 1972 when it was introduced, and if it is the wish of the majority of the electorate in this Country, that it remains as it is then. I will abide by the wishes of that majority. But it is a matiter of significant importance Mr. President, and significant enough in my opinion to warrant Members taking it back to their conatituencies, after 15 years or 16 years as the case may be, to convass their views again.

I have already arnounced in my last public meeting in West Bay that I will be calling with my colteagues a meeting, specifically to discuss thit matter, and I will put the proo and cons fairly and squarely, before them, and I will abide by their wishes.

I could go on Mr. Fresident, and say that in our system, or under our Elections Low where shut-ins, siok people and absent people are permitted to vote by postal ballot, it is my opinion that the outcome of all three seats in a multi-member constituency could be won by the party or vote which secures the most of those votes, and it is my humble opinion that those votes Mr. President, do not always represent the wishes of the voters whom they purport to represent, and splitting the constituencies would make this outcome less likely. But Mr. Fresident, I oan see where such a system as we have would suite Members who tike that type of gerrymandering of the vote.

Now Mr. President, I believe that that question of absentee/ill postal ballots is probably more often used in my constituency than it is in others. So maybe some Members have not really focused on this point. But as an example Mr. President, on Election Day 1984, 124 postal ballote weve handed in in one single. batoh in my constituency, and it is my opinion that those ballots did not represent the view of att the voters which they were purported to represent.

> HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): In those oircumstances Mr. President, one can understand why I might support guoh a view. Mr. President, I would also crave your indutgence Sir to read one other chapter from that Report. Since we got as far as Mascachusetts, and somebody got their hand Jammed in a cookiejar, I would like to show how some people can jam their honds in cookie jars right here in the Cayman Istands.
> Section so of Iord Asquith's, Report deals with Administrator's power to act contrary to the advice of Executive. Council (Section 10 of the Constitution).
MR. PRESIDENT: 1 will listen for a minute. but I hope
the Member is going to be able to relate this to the....
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: … To the trip to Massachusetts.

MR. PRESIDENT:
No, to the motion. I think the trip to Massachusetts was fairiy related to the motion.

IION. BENGON O. EBANKS:
on yes.....
MR. PRESIDENT: It took us a long way I know, but I
think that it was proper.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
MR. PRESIDENT:
KON. BENSON O. EBANKS: I am using this Mr. President, to show two points, and the strongest point is that when this Constitution was canvassed, that the Commissioner who come here went throughout the Islande to seek for himself, with the permission of the Govermment and the assistance of the Government, to asosrtain the views of att the people in the Country, and as there were opposing views, $I$ would like to put both sides before the House.

MR. PRESTDENT: Opposing views about what subject?
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: The Administrator's power, I could read it for you Sir it will be interesting.

MR. PRESIDENT: But $I$ do not think it is clearly gaing to be relevant to ahanges in the Elections Law.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:

But Mr. Fresident we went to Massachusetto...
MR. PRESIDENT: We went to Massachusetts to gerrymander, and I do think the trip to Massachusetts was a good deal more relevant, than the Administrator's power sounds likety to be.

[^9]
## ADJOURNMENT

HON, DENNIS H. FOSTER: Mr. Fresident, I move the adjoumment of this House witit. $10.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. tomorrow morning.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The question is that this House do now adiourn whtit 10.00 a.m. tomomow moming.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. AT 4. 30 P.M. THE IIOUSE ADJOURNED UNTIL 10:00 A.M. WEDNESDAY, 12TH MARCH, 1986.

STATE OPENING AND ETRST MEFYING OF THE (1986) SESSION OF THE LEGISLATYVE ASSTMMEL.Y
$\frac{\text { HELD ON WFDNFSDAAY, } 12 \text { THI MAFCFI, } 1986}{\text { (NINTH LAY) }}$

PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G FETBF LLOYD, CRG, CVO - ERESIDENU

| GOVERNMENT MEMEBERS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON DENNIS II FOSTER, CVO, CBE, JF | FIFETY OFFICLAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOH INPE ENAL, AND EXTRHNAL AFFAIN'S |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, OC, LL. 3 | SECOND OFFTCIAL MEMBEF FPESPONSIBLE FOF ZECAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JT | THIRD OFYICIAL MF:ABET RESFONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOK HE'ALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR TOUAISM-AVIATION aND TRADE' |
| HON CAPT CHAFLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBEF FESFONSIBTA' FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS ANU DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESFONSIELE FOK DEVELOPMENT AND NASURAL RESOLRCES |
| ELECTED MEMBERS |  |
| MR W McKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELHCTED MEMIER FOR THE FITST ELECCTOLAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THITD ELECTED MEMBER EOR THE FTHST ELECTOFAL DISTHICJ OF WEST BAY |
| MF LINFORD 4 PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELLECTED MEMBEH FOH THE SECOND ELEGYORAL DISTHICT' OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAET MABFY S KIFKCONNELL | FITST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ETECTORAL DISTDICT OF LESSEH ISLANDS |
| /Rİ JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTWT MEUMSR FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DIGTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| Mi G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMTBEF FOR TIE FOURTH ELECTOMAL DISTRICT OF DODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLEE | ELECHEL MEMEBH' FOH THE' FIFTH ELECTOKAL DISTTICT OF NOITII SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MCLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE STXUH ELECTORAD, DIETRICT OF EAST END |

## CAYMAN TSLADDS TEGISLATIVE ASSEMELY

## QFDER PAPEF

1986 STATE OTENTNG
WEDNESDAY
$12 T H \mathrm{MAFCH}_{2} 1986$
(NINTH DMY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST FLECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIL.
2. QUESTIOMS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR WEG? BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FTAST ELECTED MEMAER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESPONSTBLE FOR BEALTH EDUCATIGN AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 35: CAN THR HONOURABLE MEMBEK STATE HOW MANY PETSONS WERE RECIPIENTS OF OVERSEAS MFDICAR AID FROM JINUARY 1977 UNTIL JANUARY 1986. GIVING A BREAKDCWN OF HOW MUCH WAS SPENT FOR EACH FEFSON AND THE NATUSE OF TH: AITMENT?
3. GOVFRNMESV' BUSINBSS

BILLS:-
THIRD READTNGS
THE CBIMINAL, FROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL 1996
4. OTPIER BUSTNESS

PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTTONS:-
(1) PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION MO.6/86

APPOITTMMENT OF SELECT COMMINTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE TO FECOASIDER PROPOSED CHATGES TO THE ELFCTIONS LAWs 1083

CONTINUATION OF DEEATE THEREON.
(2) PRTVATE MEIMBER'S MOTION NO.5/8E COST OF LIVTNG TNGPEASES

TO BE MOVED BY THE SECOND FLHCTED MFMEER FOR WEST BAY AND SECOMDED WY THE ELECTED METABET FOR NOFTH SIDE.

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129 H MARCH, 1986
$10.05 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Prayers. The Honourable First Ebeoted
Member of Executive Councit.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Let ue pray.
Almighty God, from whom alt wisdon and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direet ind prosper. the deliberations of the Legistative ascembly now assembled, that all things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of thy Nome and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Bless our Sovercian Lait Queen Elisabeth, the Queen Mother, Ehilip Duke of Edinbuirgh, Gharles Erivice of Wates, Diana Pricese of Wates and all the Royal Fomily. Give grace to alt who exercise authority in our Commonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be established among us. Especially we pray for the Governor of our Islands, the Memberg of the Executive Council" and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfulty to perform the responaible dutiea of their high office.

All. this we ask for thy areat Nome!s sake, Amen. Let us pray the Lords prayer together.

Our Eather, whoh art in Heaven, Hatlowed be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom gome, thy uritl be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give ue this day our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them: that trespers ngainst us: And tead us not into temptation; but deliver us from evil: For Thine is the Xingdom, the power and the glori, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lomt bless us and keep us: The Lord make his face shine upon us and be aracious unto us: The Lord tift up his oowntenonce upon us and give us peace now and atways. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
for West Bay.
Please be seated.
Questions. The Second Etected Member

## QUFSTTONS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK. THAT FONOURABLE FIRST BLECTED MEMBEF OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTI, RESPONSIBLE FOR FEALTH ELUCATION AND SOCIAL SEFVICES

NO. 35: Can the Fonourable Member state hol momy persone were. recipients of overseas mediand aid from danuary 1977 untit January 1986, giving a breakdoum of how much was spent for ench person and the nature of the ailment?

ANSWER: During the period Jonuary 1980 (the eartiest date for which information is readitu aval lable) to January 1986 , a totat of 363 persons were referred for medioal aid overseas.
Details of the oost of ench overseas refermat and the nature of the ailment (as far as could be ascertained to date) is provided on the annex sheets attached.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Supplementary Mr. Treoident. Can the Member ady who determines how peopte receive averseas medioal aid?

> HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: : Mr. President, if in the opinion of the Chief Medioat officer the aitmentecoannot be treated or property diagnosed within the Islards, the patients are referred to specialists overseas.

Mr. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: Supplementary Mr. Fresident. Con the
Mmber state if my of the persons on this list have an ineome in
excess of $\$ 25 ; 000.00$ ?
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: No, Ar. President. A persons' income in my opinion, does not affect whether they are sent overseas for medical truatment or not. Now it would affect whether on not they pou the cost, but these include in my opinion, all persons sent merseas.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Supplementamy Mr. President. Could the Member state whether anything is being done to tru and staridardise. the chrrges, beoause one will find items on this tist such as CT soms varying, and whether any attempt is aoing to be made to try and get contract prices such as DRG's et detera?

HON. BENSON 0. EBANKS: Yes Mr. President. As the Member knows, the murrent trend in the dnited states is to have as he auoted, Deg's and PPO'sand all sorts of things which give basically at least a base rate for most aitments, and the Deorrtment is takina steps now to try to eatabiish services for which we have needer treatment overseas, and it would be our intention to approach the major providers of these services, particularly in the Miami area, to have oompetitive bids made, for providing the services.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Supplementary Mr. Fresident. In an answer to a sumplementary, the Member said that if in the opinion of the Chief Medical Officer, the problem could not be treated here, then the person is sent off the Island. I am wondering whether problems such as hypertewsion, dental problems and ailments of that nature cannot be treated here in this Country?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Presitent, ocrtainly cormon fillings, extractions and oteaning and so on, but it would dorend on the severity of the ailment Mr. President. There are, in my orinion, for example. dental problems which might need oversens refermy.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUGT:
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:

And hupertension?

## Likewise.

Mr. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President; this is a lot of information, and I want to pubticalty congratulate the Portfotio for going through it. But the problem whioh I was looking for is weli hididen and I connot find it. I am wondering whether the Member could any whether somebody went abroad for a tonsilleotomy, and if they did go abroad, why could the operation not have been performed here, and who authorised that particular overseas medioat aid, and whether the bitl was paid in fuzt by Govervment?

MR, PRESIDENT: $\because \quad . \quad i$ think it is a nity that if the Member wanted simply that information, he did not ask the question acoordingly in the first instance.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ Yes Mr. president, but that was some of the information I was looking for. If you remember the question, I had names dow which woutd have given me the information I needed.... You miled that out of order Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
You cannot nome peopte, but you have
just asked a question without naming people" a moment ago.
HON. BENSON O. EBANYS: Yes Mr. President, I did not see the question in the originat form, but if it did contain names, you were perefectly right in ruling it out of order. If names were given Mr. President, it woild be a breach of the very confidentiat nature of medical records, and those are acorosanct. Neither myeelf nor the Health services Department can divulge on individuats medicat record or any ailment for which they have been treated.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Yes Mr. Fresident, I m well aware of this, and when the question was sent baok to me it was aladly put in the form it is in todaly. However, my suphlementary is not asking for a name. My supplementary is, did someone not ao abroad for $\%$ tonsillectomy, and why could the operation not have been performed here. Who authomsed that particular overseas medical aid, and was the bill paid in full by Government? I om not asking for a name.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President, if it does not appear on the tist, being the ailment to which the Member is referring, I am unable to hetp him. It might be under some of these very technical nomes Mr. President, but I miself would break my jau in trying to pronounce them.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think with ath respect to the Member, if he had asked in the first inatance the urecise questions that he has now sought to ask as supptementaries, it might have been possibie. for the Member to have obtained the information. But he hats sought so much information that realty I an well understand that the Member oannot answer in the precise detait he now wants.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
$T$ have another oupplementary Mr. President
MR. PRESTDETVT:
Weit ask it, or I......
MR. W McKEEVA BUSH: You with agree that this is a vast cmount of information, and give us a little time to go through it sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Third Elected Member for west Bay, is bhe seeking to ask a supplementary?

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORFETT: ' Thank you Mr. Preaident. I wonder if the Member might be able to shed come tight on. Item 156, 1985, \$67,281.15. It indicates here that there is no information avaitable in the docket. But for sixty seven plus thouand dollars, this seems. a tittle bit unusual, and I wonder if the Member might be able to shed any further light on this?

Mr. President, I understand that that was a neonatat case and the cost of treating this is veru expensive in the United Statee where this vrocedure took place. The infomation was found subsequent to the compilation of this sheet, and I have iust been made aurre of it by a member of my staff.

MR. PRESIDENT:........ The Etected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILIFRR: Mr. President, $t$ wonder if we could jave some assurance from the Member that, in the future, records are going to be kept more adequately beanue there are quite a few asterisks on this sheet which amount to severat hundred thousand. dollars for which information is not readity available.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President, I aCn give the House the assuranoe that every attempt with be made to tmprove the recond keeping system at the Hospital.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Second Elected Member for George Town.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Would the Member state whether it is a policy of Goverment to arrange for patients sent abroad for overseas care, to make repayment where this is possible?

IION, BENSON O. EBANKS: Yes Mr. President, that is oorrect.
Mr. PRESIDENT: Does the Second Filected Member for West Bay have any more supplementaries?

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ Ir. President I have quite a few supplementaries; but I guess I will be told exactly the same thing I have been told before, and I cm not going to ask them. But. I woutd say this, that I have had problems, on probteme have been reported to mo - I am getting to a supplementany sir - I need to state the position. I have had probtems reported to me, I have checked them out with the Chief Medicat Officer, and in ohecking them out with him he agreed that there was a case, although borderline, there was a ase for the Govermment to step in and do what they could for the person. When he did come back to me it was decided between him and the rortfotio I belisve that it could not be done. One of them was a Civit servant Mor. Erestdent who an...

MR. PRESIDFNT:
This does not sound very like a question, it somde like a long tale. Turm it into a question quiokly, or $I$ shall bove to ask you to sit dom.


MR. PRESIDENT:
The Member must sit." This still has not become a question dispite my warning, and I must abk the Membent to stop as we realizy cannot have long statements in the grise of oupplathentaries.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: But Mr. Fresident, Six. In as much as what has been introduced might reflect adversty on someone. Could I.... make a simple statement.

MR. PRESIDENT: Very well.


#### Abstract

IOON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President I do not know to what the Member is referring, but I can assure the Member that the Portfolio does not attempt to influerce medical opinion, and if the medical personnet advise that someone should ao overseas, then that aase is treated in the same light. Mlt cases are treated equathy and fairly. What cannot happen Mr. President, is for someone to lecre the Islands of their own volition and then tris and turn it into a ase where the median departmentes sent them overseas.


MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementary Mraprestient., fo the Member sayting that this has never happened in the past?

HON. BENSON O. ERANKS: M. President, that $i s$ so. $\boldsymbol{n}^{*}$ : ivent

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Well in future, when the Hospital machines break down, what do you want the people to do, sit doum and die?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mn. President, I am confldent that the Hospital staff would not allow myone whose life, in their opinion, whis at risk to remain at the Ilospital whether it is because of a breakdown in machinery or otherwise.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Welt Mr. Tresident, I am not telling a tie to this house. It was told to me bu the Chief Medical officer, and the Member should be abie to give the question.....

MP. PRESIDENT: $\quad \therefore \quad$ Order, onder......
Mi. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: . ...this moming. I have not been abte
to put it.....
MR. PRESIDENT: Order, order.
MR. W, McKEEVA BUSH: Yes siza.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Supp Tementary Mr. Fresident. Item 78. in 1982, it appears that $\$ 40,000.00$ ptus was spent on a actl btadder operation. Is this a misnomer?

MR. PRESIDENT: 79 I think you mean.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Item 79. yes, \$40,416.46 for a gatz
bladder operation. I think there is somethina urong there Sir.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President, the Member is obvioust on his toes. Mif information is Mr. President that although the diaqnosis in the first instance, was that of gall bladder, but when the procedure was carried out in Miami it was found that the aall btadder was in fact matignant, hence the high coct of this procedure.

MR. PRESIDENT: If there is no further supplementary, we pass on to Goverment Business. Biths, Third Readings,

GOVERNMFNT BUSTNESSS
BTLLS
THE CRIMINAL EROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMETHT) BILL, 1986
THIRD READTNG
CLERK: THE CRIMINAL PFOCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.
HON. THOMS C. JEFFBREON: Mr. Fresident, with your permission Sir, I move that a Bill entitled The Criminat Procedure Code (Amendment) Bill, 1986 be qiven a Third Peading and passed.

MR. PRESIDENT
The question is that a Bill entitled a Bitl for a Inw to amend the Criminal. Procedure code, Lats 13 of 1975, be aiven a Thitrd Readina and passed.

QUFSTTON PUT: AYRS AND NOES
MR. PRFSIDENP: I think the ayes have it.
Mi. G. HAIG BODDEN:
please.
MR. PRESIDENT: Yes.

## DIVISION

AYES
Hon. Dennis $H$. Foster
Hon. Thomac C. Tefferson
Hon. Benson O. Ebanks
Fon. W. Norman Bodten
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkeonnelt
Hon. Vassel G. Johnson
Mr. W. MoKeeva Buch
Mrs. Daphne $t$. Onpett
Mr. Linford A. Fierson
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkconnett
Mr. D. Esacard Mitler

MR. PRESIDENT:
$I$ declare the motion carried.
AGREED BY MAJORITY: THE CRTMINAI PROCEDVRF CODR (AMENDMENY) BTYL, 1986, GTVIBN A THIRD RPADINC AND PASSED.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Cther Business. Trivate Member's Motions.
The oontinuation of the debate on Pridrate Member's Motion No. $6 / 86$
which dealt with the appointment of a select Committee of the whote House to reconsider proposed ohnoges to the Electione Law, 1933. The: First Eleoted Member of Executive Counoil was apeaking.

OTHAR BUSTMNESS

> PRTVATH, MEMPERS' MOTIONS

ERTVATE MEMBER'S MOTTOU NO. 6/86
APPOIWMENT OF SFEECT COMMTTEW OF THE WHOLR IOUSE TO AECONSTDER PROFOSED CHANCES TO THE ELECTIONS IAW $12 B 3$

## CONTINUATION OF DEBATE THEREON

HON. BENSON O. EAANKS:
Mr. President, at the adiourment yesterday Six. I was attempting to make the point that if the proposal to divide miltiple Member constituencies into single Member oonstituencies, it would not be done in an adhoc manner. It would be done only after the widest publicity and discusaion with the electorate and in the final analysis, it would be done by an Electoral Boundries Commissioner, an expert with experience in the area. I lacs using as my proof of that, reference to the Constitutional Conmissioners Report 1971, which is the Report by the Rt. Hon. the Eart of Oxford and Asquith, which formed the basis for the present constitution which we now have, and of coures, the present ateetorat system. I had reached a point Mr. Freaident where I was sauing that despite the fact that Members had oarvassed their conotituents fulty, that Conmittees had been set up by the House to stwdy the matter. The Committee requested that a Constitutional Commissioner, romeone who is wett experienced in constitutional matters be brought to the relands to arluise the Conmittee after he hat himself, oanvassed public opinion. Mr. President if one looks at that Report, it will be seen that the oonsultations by the Conmissioner spread over a month, inctuding talks with the Administrator, Senior officials and meetings on severat ocoasions with Eleated Members of the Legislative Assembly and interviewo with members of the public, tnoluding lawyers in private practioe and Members of the Chamber of Commerce. He made himself available for interviews with att the main centres of population in the Istande, and about 100 people took advantage of these opportwities. In that way Mr. Fresident, the Commissioner was abte to determine that the views expressed by the Members of the Assembty, coincided very closety with thoee views expressed by the pubtic with whom he spoke. He did indioate that he had encountered Mr. President remarkably few who were in favour of any radical change. So that basically, he was abte to move on the information which had been given to him by Membere of the Legistature and reinforced by his visits to the constituents. In fact, Mr. President, at one point he did say something to the effoct that he had encountered one amall group move radically minded than the rest who had made some rather novel suggestions to him . Mr. Presildent, if one reate that Report, and then referrs to the 1972 Etection Manifesto of the, what. I would consider and I think in thone days they were batled "Hetp. and more recently became knowm as 'Unity'.....

MR. PRESSIDENT:
IT hope the Nember vill be abte to con-
vince me soon that this is retevart, Decause what the 'Hezp Thean'. put in its 1972 Minifesto does not seem to howe a areat deat to do with the Select Committee to look at the Elections Law.

HON. BENSCN O. EBANKS:
Eut Mr. Presidents in the debate yesterday Sir, it was suggested that if the present Govermment had had its way, we would have instituted these ohanges uthout reference to Members, or to the public, and I am basicalty tying it in with that, and $T$ an coming straight on to it sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: I am sure 7 ou are entithed to explain what the present Govermment's attituade to consuitation is, but it does not for the purpose seem to me to be altogether necessary to go back to what happened at the time of the 1979 elections.

HON. BENSON O. EAAONKS:
Mr, President, you know $I$ an using more time than I would have done, had I been allowed to finish that sentence. I was only saying that the identity of the personts in that group oould be made.
$I$ aee the secont Etected Menber, for Bodden Town looking in amazement Mr. President. I an awape that he did not sign it, but it is the published man feoto. But the Firet fieeted Member for Bodden Town Did.

IAP. JAMES M. BODDEN: And proud to have done so sir.
IION. BENSON O. EBANKS:
And it is welt. Fnom Mr. Iresident that When the Firbt Elected Momber gets a sore throat, the seoond Elected Member gets whooping cough.

Mh. JAMES M. BODDFN: What does your group get - entoker pon.
HON. BENSON O: EBANHS:
So, Mr. Prestdont todid what we are hearing is not novet, it goes brok a tong time.

Mr: President, $T$ will sumarise my
contribution to this debate six, and say that $T$ support this motion wholeheartedty. As far ae I am concemed, we are only doing what was . onvisaged when the Report of the Select Comittee was presented to the House in December 1985. The Second Elocted Member for George Toin obviousty beat most other Members to the stryting gate, and he canvassed opinion early, and to prove his point, he brought it in the form of a Fetition, which of courpe Mr. Preoident, if one reads the motion which we are debating, it is olearly stated that he expecte that his views will be taken into account at the some time de the views of att other persons in the Tstands are submitted to the Conmittee, and this is democracy at work.

I said yesterday Mr. President, that I personally favour the single Member concept, but $I$ believe that in a democracy everybody has a ridht to their opinion, ond if there is a majority against, I abide by the decision.

Mr. President, there was one point made yesterday by the Seoond Elected Momber for Bodlen Town, which I think I should attempt to clear up; and that is the recommendation in the Committee's Report that the Second Offionat Member who was Chairman of the committee, be authorised to make subsrquint cmendments to the Low, as a result of substantive amendmente made by the Committee. The Menber gave the impression that the Committee had detegated to the Second Official Members, powers to legislate. Now Mr. President, it should be well know and understood that thewe is only one body in these Islands who aan legislate $l$ wo, and that is this Legislature. The Legislature oan by Law delegate regulation making powers to the Governop in Executive Comeli. But, it showld be clearly understood by alt that what was merety being done by that recominendation, was to request the Second offiaial Member to place in any arrending legistation which was being brought to the Committee and subeequently to this House, those consequential amendmente which outd not be made at the time.

HON. BENSON O. BBANKS CONTINUING): Because, for example, it was not known whether the conqept of single Member constituencies would be accepted. If they were accepted' it would aall for many consequential comendinents. But Mr. Fresident, the Second official Member could not bring those omendments into Low, they would have to go through this House in the form of an Amending Bitz. Thre is no question but that on Amending Bitl will have to be brought to the Houee to cover many of the areas recomended in that Report, Beeause, Mr. President, it is well known that the present version of the Elections Law ia riddled with typographical errors and other incocuracies. The wrong form being quoted in the wrong section, and the wrong section being quoted in forms and so on....

## MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: eandidater

Their Members were nominated by the

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
And Mr. Preaident, Members will recall
that to get over that hurdle in 1984 I think it was an errata to the Law was published for the guidance of officials and voters. We would be remise in our duty. if we did not make these deficiencies in the present Law right. As I have said, I support the motion, and certainly while I personally do not subscribe to all the views expresceit in the Petition, they will certainly be given:my fullest consideration at the time that they are being considered in the Committee aaain.
$I$ hasten to give alt my assurance that in anything to do with the conetitution, or Election; Low, regandless of my personal feetings, I will be guided by the matomty of the electorate of theee Istands.

Thank you sir.
MR. PRESIDENT: Leseer Istands.

The First Electad Member for the

CAPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELE:
Mu Presidenty I rise to support Private Member; s Motion No.6/86. A motion to appoint a select Committe of the whole House to neconstider proposed ohanges to the Eleotions Law, 1983.

Mr. Presidents I did not feel it was necessary that this motion. should hape been brought, but since it is before the House, I support it. But I would like to explain the position I took in the Select. Committee. As it has been explained in this House by other speakeris, "we were unable to consult our constituents about the single Member eonstituencies being satablished, while it was stilt in select Committee, axd nould not have been done until after the Rwort hat bern brewth, bry to the House, I said then, that we did not feel that it was workable within the Third Electorial District whioh oomprises: Cayman Brao and Little Cayman, and I say that beoause we have quite a unique situation. hs all Members know, there are two Istands: Eqeh Istond is over ten miles long, so it is over twenty odd miles from the east to the west end with mibbon development along the two Ielands. Most of the population or the largest part of the population being in the easterm end of Cayman Brac, and just how one would divide the electorat districts there, makes it hard for me to see hou it would work. But nevertheless, fulfilling my obligation to my people, I did attent the Setect Oommittee Meetings, and mademy contributions there, which is more than att the Members of this House can say they did. I made my views plain there, that I toas onty speaking my oun personat view then, and had to first consult with our members, before we could actually say what they wanted.

CAPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL (CONTINUTNG): I witl be ompletely muided by the deaision of my people, whether they want to be a part of it or not. But I personally do not support single Member constitueneies, I must be very fronk about it. A lot of what I have heard Members sau takes place in Grand Cayman, it does not take place in Cayman Erac. In a General Flection, at the countina of the votes, we open our Civic Centre to the public, provide them unith tally sheets and pencils, if they desire to tally the results, they are weloome to come. They are not bored, they are not looked outside and guarded and the doors are not guarded by the Police or anything like that, they are welcome. It is their election, we are their candidates. We have all the confidence in our people there, and I feel that they are satisfied with the method by which they eleot their candidates, and that is the reason why I took the stond which I did in Select Committee.

So Mr. President, with those few
words I took forward to further disoussing this with my people, and in the new seleot Comittee.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The First Elected Member for Bodden Toim
MR, JAMES M. BODDEN: In speaking on this motion, I would Iike to make it ptain at the beginnine that T. oo agree with the principles of this motion, and at the end of the debate when the vote is taken $I$ with probably be woting in favour of it.
"The objection I wish to make Mr. President
is that in my opinion this motion is basioalty the same in content as the motion which was placed by mu cotleage from Foxst tind, and which this House was not allowed to debate. In mu opinion the ruling to allow this motion to be debated at this time rather than to have set it over for the next sitting of this House, eonstitutes partiality. I with hope that sometime in the not too distant future, this fouse witt begin to operate on a different basis. I can readily understand why the motion braught. by the Elected Member from East End was not allowed to be dehated in this House, because tt would have been embarrassing to the Govermment of the day to debate the: onerous tax measures which have been inflicted on our people.

My colteage from Bodden Toum and myelf brought to your attention at the beginning of this debate, several reasons why we. thought that this motion should not have been debated at this time, and I would auggest that you should have read Erskine May's a little bit more thoroughty than you did. Page 895 of Mays, page 379 of Mays would have both given some other indication as to the monner in which this motion should have been dealt. But $j$ will refer all Members of the House to page $79 . \cdots$ of Mays, and onee you read page 79 of Mays, I am sure you witt wecall, that that is the basis under which this Houge operates. "For the benefit of Members, t witl read it at this point:
"In the year 7593 in reply to the usuat petition of the speaker, Sir Eduard loke, the Zordkeeper said-
Liberty of speech is granted you, but you must know what privilege you hate; your privitege is to say "aye" on "no":"
That is the privitege which we have in this House, and is getting to be the onlu privilege.

MR. JAMES M. BODDFN (CONTINUTNG): One Nember in spaking, spoke I would say against Roberts Rules of Order. I have never been acquainted with the Roberts who wrote the Roberts Rules of order, but in the Comard I see that he happened to have been a General in the United States Armu. So he aould not have been some petty individuat. To have attained that rank, whether it was in the American Amby or even the Cuban Amm or the Jamaican Army, the man should have had some ability. I'can only say that Roberts Fules of Order has been used extenstivety throughout the free vorld, and maybe also in the commitst areas. One Member sooke on the Members of thie House in speaking aqainst this motion, as being misohienous." Are we going $t$, be alled mischievous beocuse we look at an arqument from both sides.: A Member said that he would stand aqainst anyone who satil that you as President of the House was biased with negard to makini a decision. Well Mr. President, I am here to state that $I$ think there thas been some bias in the decisions which have been made in this Bouse, in this Sitting, as well as in the previous Sittinas of the House.

Roberts Rules of Order has been quoted and used extensively in this Kouse, and the Haneard whit bear me out on that submission. The Member said that no mention would have been made of Roberts fules if the motion placed by the Member from East Fnd had been allowed to have been dehater. Mr. President, that may have been so, but the fact remains that atthough the tro motions were basicallif one and the same thing, the one put forwand by the Member from East End was not allowed to be debated in the Chombers of this House. He said that we cannot have intimidation in this House. I mightfuliy and readily agree with that assertion, but the intimidation is coming from a aource higher than the Members of this House. It is four olitigation Ar. President, as the President of this House to protect the right of the minority. It is enshrined in the stanting Orders of this House, and it is enshrined in Roberts Rules of Order and atso in Eriskine May. Ona Member in speaking satd that he was in favour of the sinate Member constituenoy, but aaainst the present system, because one political group oould get all the seats. I reatly wonder what was meant by that statement Mr. President, in view of the foot that democracy must have been carried out in the 1984 Election, because that particutar Member along itith his state of eandidates was elected in that District. So is he doing to discard and throw away the same thing which thas been good for him. Is that what he is speaking about?

Mr. Presitent, the Conmittee which was formed to study the Elections Law, was fomed with the intention of mreparing changes in that Law. To adopt them and then for the ohanges to be drafted and brought back to the House. There is no doubt that that was the intention, and we woutd have had before us probably at this sitting, a new Flection Law being disoussed, mather that a motion to go back into Committee, if a few Members on this oide of the Rouse had not obiected to certain things in the Comititee's Report.

The Members at this time cannot say that that Committee Report was to be modified and be ohanged, and that it really meant nothing becauce they voted in frovor of $i t$. Members voted in favour of the House adopting and accepting that that recommendation of that Committee's Report, and when one votes in fapour of adopting something one is giving ones oonsent, and one connot come back a few days later and say that although one voted for it, one rid not agree with it; and there is another meaning to be attached to onoo action.

Mr. President, hore is the wording of the recommendations of the Committee whioh were presented to this House by the Honourable Second Official Member:

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINUING): The Committee makee the fottowing other recomendations and it goes on to state what those recommendations were. Under No. 6 on page 7 of that Report it says that the Committee agreed that the Honourable Attorney-General prepare an omending Bill for presentation to the House as soon as possibile in 1986. There is no mention of this going to the public. There is no mention of any input into it from the other Mombers of the House in the future. It says that we are adopting the recomendations of the House, and we are recommending that as soon as possible, a new Electione tow be Irafted and presented to the Asaembly. So it is ridiaulous for Members to stand in thio Houee now and say that they did not vote in favour of accepting the recommendations. They might not agree on second thoughts with the recomendations, but they did agree to accept them. They agreed that this House would adopt them.

I have been in many Conmittees of this House since the year 1972, and I an quite famitiar, having been on both sides of the House, as to how Committees operate.: I do not need a "wet behind the ears" Member, who has just entered the House to tell me what the miles of the Committee are. My colleague from Bodden Town and Muself since 1972, have worked as a tean, and there has never been and never will be a roason for us to go outside Bodden Town to get anyone to second a motion for one or the other of us. We intend to continue to take that stond in this House. One Member, as. usual, thought he could be quite cute in reading from Lord Asquith's Report. Hr. President, I can telt the people of this Country at any time my potitical beliefs and my stond. I am proud of my stewardshit of , this country for the tast 14 years. I am proud of every manifesto to whioh I have attached my signature, and have stood on for election. I was a Member, and very proud to have been of the Help Organtsation. I have boen a part of the Unity Team and very proud of it. So what does the Member think he is going to get from it by getting up and reading from a Meeting which we had with Lord Asquith in 1971. I con tell the House, and I can telt iny people in Bodden Town as I have done, I can tell the people of the Istonds what I told Lord Asquith. If I had had any trepidation in my spirit to think otherwise, I would have been like some of them, I would have hidden and not told him anything.

One Member was speaking and said that consequentiat amendnents to the Low really had no meaning. Mr. Preeident, that is being a bit ridiculous. One Member said that any consequential amendments which would have been made in the litections Law, and carpied out by the Honourable Attorney. General would have hal to come back to" this House to be ratified. Mr. President, that is incorrect: if we read the Minutes of that Comittee, and that which was reported to this House, and what the intention of the House was when they adopted that Committee's Report. Mr. President, I betieve that the workings of this Parliament or ony other free democratio Pariiament is sacrosanct, and I believe that the power rests in the honds of the Elected Members, whether we agree or disagree, this is demooracy. I do not agree that the Honourable Second official Member with all the respect I have for him, or you or anyone else, should have the might over the heads of the clected people to amend or ohonge any. Low whioh is on our books', and I will read the Report which come from the Select Committee which wais Tabled in this. House, and was adopted by this House, and it says under other recommendations on page 6 of the Committee's Report, I think it was October" ${ }^{*}$ Oth 1985, that the Honourable Attorney General. has the authority to make any necessary consequential amendments to the: Eleetions Law. Let me give you and the House the definition of tbonsequentialt as it in is given in the dictionary. There are four desoriptions in the dictionary.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTINUING): 1. Following as the naturat effect. 2. Having the onsequence fintivy connected with the tremises.
3. Assuming the air of a person of importance. 4. (which is the important aection of the definition) Important. So, how aan this change the definitions of the words in the diotionaries which we have always been tought from's and say that todny in 1096, the Members of your Govermment are capabte of changing the meaning of the word 'consequential'. Instead of it being important to say that. it is not important.

Mr. President, this Moetin has heena stormy Mentin, and we are coming to an end of it. Yesterday evening I took some time to read the Hansards of the last Meeting of this House, and to read the Honsards of this Meeting. I was shocked at some of the things which I smo in those Hansards. I was litepally throum out of the Chambers of this House for stonding on my belief. Yet, Mr. President, if anyone will take the time to read the Hansards of the first Meeting of this Assembly this "year, one will see that certain Members of this House were allowed to say more or leso anithing they wished to say with regard to the Members of the Unity Tean who are also Elected Members in this House. And not at one time were the Stconding ordere ever Zevied against them. Then impuned our character, they impuned us as individuals, theyimpuned us as potitieirns and nn muling was ever made from the Chair:

Mr. President, the other morning when we alashed head on in this Assembty I will admit, my temper readity soared, and I wondered why the miling had been made. from the Chair with regard to what I had said. When I said that we were sick and tired of the biasertway in which the Legislatrue was working, and that in my opinion, my oollearue from Rodren Town had a might to have his questions answered. I have listened to those tapes at teast a dozen times, and find no reason why wou should have taken affront at what I had said at that point. Iatep on Mr. Fresident, I dicl say some thinge which you oculd take affront to, and for that, in one sense I witl apologise but I do not apologise for mu firct wotion, and neither do I apolonise for my tast action. I hring this out, and you may eay that it is irrelevant to my diecussion, but I bring it out because I am stitt of the opinion that the rutinge of this House are against the minority, and when this Parliament Sescion is nver, I will be submitting to London, the Hansards of the tast Meeting of this House and the Hansards of this Meeting of the House, to prove my point. I am sure that there witi be no justice Jone from London either. But, I an prepared to go there and plead my case, beoause I feel that the Members of the Unity Team who are atill Elected Members of this House have been dealt with unjustly since the 1984 Eiection with regard to the rulings of the Chair.

Mr. Fresident, I submit my feelings
in their entirety on this matter.
MR. PRESIDENT: Does any' other Member wish to speak?
The Fourth Elected Member of Fxecutive Council.

| FON. VASSEL G. JOINSON: Mr. Prestilent, I <br> too would tike as my cotteafues on this side of the House have done, to support Private Member's Motion No. 6/86, appointing a Setect Conmittee of the whole. House to reconsider propoecd changes to the Elleotions Law 1983. |
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HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON (CONTINUTNF): Irr. Fresident, atthough I am eupparting this motion, $I$ would tike to nake it quite olear that although I signed the Report of the select Comittee, which recommanded the Single Member conetituenoys it was, with the olear indiaation Mr.. Eresident, that this matter in my pandid opinion, toas looked upon as a nationat issue, and.that no iseve in this: Country which would be looked upon as a nationat issue, should be deatt with as a simple matter. No recommendation of a Select Conmittee sould be submitted to this Honourable House, laid on the Table and followed by anendment lenistation. This Mr. President, was bome out when the motion on the aloption of the belect Committee'e Report was taken hewe, I made it quite. olear in my contribution to that particular debate, that I would net be supporting it if it sha the intention of the public to oppose wuch a moves to move cuay from the multi-Member constituencies and to create alt single Member constituencies, especially in Grand Cayman. Mr. Tresident, It think that was the feeting on the Govermment bench, and I wae not singutom in this respect. However, it seems as though it was a gotden opoortunity for anothgr Petition; and so the matter was torn completely out of proportion, and taken to the probic. : There is no objection to that Mr. President, for I regard it as a nationat issue and by alt means, the public must have an input as to whather they agree with the sustem or not.

I should say too Mr. Presidents, that
we saw a Petition taid on the Table of this Honourable House signed by three or four humpred people. We have not yet been able to examine those petitio s very careflity, to see if all the signatures are qeniune, whether there are duplications, whe ther they are signed bu under aged individuals, athough there is betief that alt these are apolicable to that Petition: But Mr. Fresident, if we are going to seak the input of the pubtic, certainly we cannot accept that Petition as the wiews of the public, for we have in these Istonds over nine thousma reqisterad voters, and we hove a poputation of approximatety twenty thouscond peopte. When we are comparing three hundred signatures, unknown signatures some of them, to that number of regietered woters, or the population, we are talking about a very, very mall. minarity vieu of the public.

T think it was clearty understood here Mr. Eresident, that in order to devide whether the recommendation would be acceptable, that we should hove the picw of the pubtic, and that Nembers were asked to take it to the publie and onvonss the pubtio for their views, and they would oome back to this House for further examination, Buttof ebruse, Mr. President, those who led the Petition took the lead and ame back saying that the public are objeoting to the single Member constituencies. I am personatly aware Mr. President, that whatever mij vicise may be, that there are many peonte within these Istands tho support the single Member constituencies, and we have not yet teated the waters, as far as the issue ts concernod. But I must say that the motion which is presented here is something which this Goverment would have done in any case. For tit was already agreed that the single Member onstituency issue would be wall teated before the mattex is ever raised asain.

Mr. President, it is wett known that the Govomment bench was spitit in their views on this issue. So I am not too sure what the areat hullabatoo is. I know it brought a tot of political rhatoric and another opportionity for the sound of petition. Mr. President, in pasing, I should aleo say that I was very distressed when I read the editoriat th the "Compase Neweponer of a few days ago, and especially in one of the last paragraphs which said that the Chair needs to be exceedingly sensitive to avoid woh otashes in the future, ard needs to be scrumulously imarblat. Mr. President, I have been in this Houee for a long, Zong time, longer than any other Member sitting here at the present time.

HON. VASSEL (7. JOHNSON (CONTINIIN(): I have always know this Hoube to be conducted in a very discintinary monner, and every. Member haf had the greatest of reapect for the Chair, and the Chair has had the some respect for the Members, because there must be respect on both aider; the Chair for the Members and the Members for the Chatr. If this is not the case Mr. President, we wilt find that the Leaistative Assembty witt lose its appeal to the Country, in the same manner as when the dignity of the Court goes.

We, in this Chamber must at alt times have respect for the chair, and I am quite satiafied that throughout these Meetings since I am back here as an Elrected Momber, that the Chair has exeroised diligence in representing what it stands for in this Honourable House:. I am very disturbed when the wress would cast these sorts of remarke about the Chaix. You oan aooept it Mr. President, that 1 have every regard for the Chatr and the manner in which this Assembly is conducted. It does not matter what any other Member wants to $s x y$.

Mr. Fresident, I must also bay that
the Second Elected Member from West Bay, speaking testerday, said that there was something deeper behind the elashes over single Member oonstituencies. That one of the reasms is that Members wish to avoid foreigners sitting in this Chamber. Mr. President, be that as it maj, in my opinion single Member constituencies would offer a greater assurance that this would not hapnen; Deeause there io no area in any of the constituencies of these tolande where one witi find nothing but groups of foreign persons living, "and that is the only way Mr. President, that single Member constituencies could ever return a non-Caymanian to this House. I know that fingers have been pointing at me because I was not Bom in these Tstands. Mr. President, I"howe ropeated this over and oftenagain, that I have lived in this Country for 5 a thears. : I have served this Country in many reapects for over 40 years. I sat in this Leqiatature for 17 vears as an Official Member. Ar. President, I do not think anyone here needs to worry about a repetition of mu aase, because it is peculiax in sver, respect, and so nobody should compare it.

As far as the indrovidual is conoemed Mh. President, I will say this, that the voiae of the people of George Wown replied to that oritioism that I was not qualifien to represent the people of these lstands, and it is not only the reople of George Town, beaause this was a pophtar vien throughout the Cayman Ietands. But I would ask Members here that if there is any axcitement about a similar dase to mine happening again, that this an be dismissed because there witl be no other case tike mine.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think if the Member is planning to opeak for a little further time, this may be a oonvenient moment to interrupt him we have gone stightly beyond the time at which we normalt. suspend proceedings. So I witl suspend them now for approximately fifteen minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED AT 11:59 A.M.

MR. PREGIDENT:
Member's Motion
再
HON, VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Mr. President, $\mathbf{I}$
am sormy that I broke concentration when the adjournment cama up). Anyhow $t$ have but very little more to say, beauae I am sure that the subject. has been thoroughty debated atready this morning, and the mover is sutith to wind up the debate.

I woutd tike to say Mr. Fresitent, that on the question of who sits in this Chamber, and who should not. . It is entirety a matter for Legistators to deoide. I must say this though, that I have always bean a supporter of the view that the Legislature should consist of people who were born in these Tslants, and on the basis of that view Mr. President, I remember back in the early 1970's, it could have been in 1970 I was asked by two Members of the legislature of that day, Captain Eldon Kirkoonnell and Mr. Purns Rutty if I would assist them to draft their resotution which they wated to present to. this House, and that resolution clearty was requesting the Assembly to agree that there should be an amendment to the Elections Lmo, and to the constitution, to allow only persons who were borm in the Cxyman Islands to be eligible for election to the House. Although the motion did not sucoeed in achieving its aime, out of the motion mony good thinge come, one of whioh was the Caymanian Protection Law. So, Mr. President, there io no question about it. that I have atways been ready to supnort that view. Mr. Fresident; much water thas passed under the bridge since those days, and I think the Legiolative Assembty has fored veru welt in anoiding people who were not bom here hroing a seat in the Assembtu. Beoause as I have sata before, I am nemthos the exceention, and I doubt orey much whether any Member here witt have and probtams or any fear that a similar oase witt bother them in the futwe.

Mr. Frealdent, in atosing, I would say wain, that it is with deep regret that the Chair has heen chastised today, beoure as far as I am oonocrmed, think the Chair did its duty and did it well in maintaining diseintine in thto Howes. I hone that the strenath of the Chair continues to maintain discipline here. I know Mr. President, that when things do not suit us we oan make that know, and we can atso make things difficult for others. But that is the case in all Prritiamonte, and with alt that has been satd about our meatings here Mr. President, past or present, I think we have one of the finest Legislatures and one of the most tiscimtined Legistatures throughout the Commorwealth.
ifr. president, I support the motion and I look fomard to being one of the Mombere to re-examine the Elections Low .

Thank you very much.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to woak? In that ase, I will inoite the mover of the motion to exeroise his right of reply, if he wishes.

MR. LINFORD A. RIERSON:

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
Etirstly I wish to thonk all Members for their very constructive oontributions to this dobate, even though at times it was diffioult, and I found it difficult to aecortoin what matter was being dohated. I found quite a bit of the debote to be somewhat irrelevant to the motion, but I understond oxaetly whero the sentiments were coming from.

MR. LINFORD A. PIEFSON (CONTINUTNC): The second Elected Member from West Bay intimated or imvited that perhans I would have a long unding up. I am sorvy to disappoint him, becouse I betieve that much has alpeady been said on this motion, and I aather from the debates that perhaps I witt get the unanimous support of the House in the passage of this motion, or at least a majority.

However, Mr. Preaident, there were a
few points raised which I feel. I should try to alarify. One whe made by I think it was the Seoond Blected Member for Bodden Toum, with reference to the petition, thit the Fetition acoused Government of gerrumandering. I wuld tike bo state that what the Fetition actually said was that an antending Pitl undertines atl the rocommendations made by the select Committee, oould have, the offeet of the introduction of germmondering. I think that thtt shouth be made speaifioally olear. It did not accuso the Covernment of remmmondening, it said that it could have that effeot.

Anothen moint nated by the same Momber, was with reference to paragraph $3(B)$ of the Wetition, where again it was aqia that the Petition acoused the Gonemment of gerrumandering. What the Petition actually said was that buch a system oculd, oonceivably have a sitwation where election reautts ooubd be predetermined throubh germmandering. so M. Freotdent, you with see that that is distinotiy different from what was said by the member.

Mr. President, I have noted the ${ }^{\text {t. }}$
sentiments expresed by Members regarding their with and hop'e that alt Members will attend the Select Conmittee. I do not betieve Mr. President, that after what we have asen here today, arta in the past debates, that we with hate ton mush towng about. I betrove that this is one Committee which with be attonded futty.

Mr. President, mention was also made reqarding the number of sianatures to the Eetition. I wouta like to alarify any misqivings which nembers might have had conceming the Dat gignatures which were preeented to the Howse, out of the $733^{\text {a }}$ totat signatures. These were in fact ohecked against the election list. So there is no question Mr. Fresitiont, that some of these signatures may have been signatures of ohitdren. Thooe were oignatures of att eligible yotere, and peonte registenal on the registration tist. But Mr. President, to ooment on this point, I betieve tirat Members would appreciate that it would not have been possibte for any ome Member of this House to have atheped att the signatures which they may have mished to howe gathered, because of the tack of tine and because of other constraints on their time. This is one of the reasons $M r$. President why it was stated meotifeally in the "last paragraph of the Petition, that if the Membera of the Houso were not satisfied that a maiority was ropresenter in the Fetitiom, then porhans an official polling of potere should be aamiad, aut. I belicve that this may be a matter for ue to dismuss in welet Committee, if this motion io passed, that this maybe the best way tol have this done, bocuuse it witl be very difficult for most Members to contiot all the registered voters in the Country, and also to hario an official potivng done, it will avoid any doubtes as to the authentiatity of the signatures on the Petition.

Ar. Presilent, with reference to the comments made on the 797.1 Report of liond Aoqutthis Orf-p.? I adn onty say he": Sir that that Report was at that time refecten, and I belzeve that the best formm to disouss this, wouta be at the Soteot committee stage. $I$ do not think we should go into a full debeles, as to the pros and oons of Lord Asquitt. \& Ouford's nonort.

MR. $\operatorname{LINFORD} A$. PIERSON (GONTIMING): It woutd seem Sir that the people of this Country should degide on whether or not we should have single Member constituencies. After all, they were nesponsible for the system of Govermment which we have here today. It has done well over the many, many years in which it has been in existance, and I find it difficutt for any one individuat, reaardtess of whether he ts Lord. hsquith or otherwise, to telt us within a month what is best for us in this Country. The people of this Country. Ir. Preardent. must decide on what is beet for us.

On the roint mo. Fresident, raised by one of the Members concerning paragraph 2(c) on page 6 of the Report made by the last select committee on a point of consequertiat amenments to the Low. I too Mr. Presidents, took the liberty of checking out the meaning of this word, and to oonfimin my mind that I had the riaht tefinition. It saye Mr. Fresident that it means an effect or result, and it would seem to me Sir that this oonsequentiat amendment to the tow would have been one resulting from something which had already oocurred, and it would not have been bringing new iosues, but would have been based on something which had happened before. Put this is a technioal matter Mr. Fresident, and here again this is a matter whioh we can resolve in the Selent Committee stace.

Atro Mr. Tresident, mention was made regarding one of the Members prosition on your ruting sir. I feet since I was that Member who made the reference, that I woutd surport umur miting and I did not see it as a matter of double standards in this House. I stand here to support that. What wour miling on this motion oan not by the wildest stretoh of the imagination be regarded as double standards. I knot, as hat been said, the Chatr was subjeoted to an amount of chastisement this morning, but. I think that in this particular iselue it is unwarranted, and Ara. Fresident I stand in support of what I have said. These two issues are distinctty senarate issues, and I believe that most Membere understond this.

I atso said Mr. President in mp. debate on the Point of onder, that $t$ did not feet that any mention would have been made of Roberts fules hat the motion on the taxes been allowed. Mr. Fresident, my mosition on this has not been altered. I stitl feet that way, but I will not make any further oommente on it. When I referred Mr. Tresident to intimidation in this House, I did not level this at any particular individual, beoause as the Hansarts of this House witl show, I musetf have had differences of opinion in this Ilouse. But $T$ feel sir, regardless of this, that due resnect must at all times be shown to the Chat, and the intimitation oan oome from any side of the House.

One Member mate a remark about other Members being wet behind the ears. Mr. President this is true, but I hear a tot of Memberg in this Houee sauing that they have been here Ton 15 years, 20 years and so on. Fut exrerience is not necessarity as a result of the number of years one has anent in any particular organisation or even been borm. One can have a situation where six months or a year is multiplied by the time of the years one has been in operation or have been alive. So one aan have somebody who has been in a position for fifty per eent of the time, perhaps being more knowledgeable in that position, but I will not foltow this up because $I$ do not think the Member was referring to me.

Mr. President, one Member, and I do not know whether he was supportive of singte Member oonstituencies or not, because he seened to hove supported the idea, but at the some time he sald he was rejecting it. This Member was also conoerned that there were ulterior motives to this motion.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON (CONTINUIM(T): Mr. Fresident, as the mover of . this motion I think most Members know that I am straight fomarif. There are no ulterior motives, and I feel that we need to look into alt aspects of the proposat under the proposed motion. I believe that the second paragraph of the motion will altou for the terms of refference to be expanded, to allow for various other disoussions, and I believe that that is good for the Country Mr. President. beaause we in the Cayman Islands want to ensure that thingo are done in the best intereats: of this country and for the people of this Country.: I am not hare Mr. President, to castigate foreigners, but I am one of the Gaymanians who feel that anyone who sits in this Assembly should be a Caymanicn, But this is a different issue Mr. President. I have seen proposed amendments on this subject from the Young Caymanian Businessmen's Aseociation, and Mr. President perhape during the deliberations of the Select Committee, if this motion is passed, consideration should be given to some of the points raised in this.

Mr. President, it was David Butter who said in his missive on democracy at the polts that an electoral system-is a means of translating the popular will into an elected Assembly. The nature Mr. President of the electorat system adopted by democratic countries, varies tremendous $7 \%$, and aan be based on the aingte Member constituency principle, majority principle, proportional or semi-proportional reppesentation ot cetera. Alt of these numerous variants Mr. . President have their advantages and disadvantages. A system Mr. President which is good for one country, or a partioular oulture, may not necessarily be suitable for another of the same identioat demographic and geographicat proportions. Mr. Fresident, the establishment of constituency boundries is one of the most fundanental elements of the electoral aystem in a Parliomentary democracy. The mafor and specific issue before us is whether or not multi-Member constituencies should be replaced by sinale Member constituenoies, and the wisdom and the rationale behind the introduction of single Member constituencies. Also Mr. President, the inherent dangers in a small country such as the Cayman Tstands. Mr. President there are many factors which must be taken into consideration in. determining constituencly boundries. A major one being equality anong the constituents. While in principle Mr. President the one man one vote is adopted in certain countries, as I have said, it does not necessarily mean that what is good for one country is good for another. If one took all possible variants Mr. President into acoount, under the principte of proportional representation for example, we could conceivably have a situation ocourring in George Town for example, where it was seen to be necessary to establish seven or eight seats as it would be in West Bay, when we compared this area or this constituency with say one of the single Member aonstituencies like North Side, whioh is perhaps the smallest one within the Cayman Istands. A major fact Mr. President which must be considered is equality amonast the constituents. One must consider the geographieat size and the population density of the various constituencies.

A major factor Mr. Freeident, is the
one man one vote system in single Member constituencies and the inherent danger of germpandering. We have heard much said about gerrymandering, and $T$ betieve Sir that move has been said on this since my time here in this Assemblu from November 1984, and since the introduction of this motion and the petition than ever before, and this is because this matter might have then been hightighted, and I do not believe that we have had the question of single Hember constituenaies before now. But Mr. President, I' have had the experience of travelling to many of our Corribbean Ielands, and I have seen the danaers of gerrymandering in many of those islands.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTTNUING): I have seen the leaders of Govermment change electorat bownries overniaht to suit their oin purpose." Mr. President, thie is one of the dongers of playing around with. electoral boundries. Mr. President, we cannot also ignore the possible social ill effects. But kn. President, ac I have sdid, many of the sssues which may arise under this motion, and will, no doubt be discussed in the Select cormittee have been aired here todays and I betieves six that the Members will give this Committee their full support. That the Members will also support this motion 80 that we oan again took at this very important subject;. The subjeat Mr. Fresident of our Elections Law is penhaps one of the most imporiant to ws as Legislatons, and I believe that it oarnot be"skimned over, it must be looked into in areat-detail, and I believe that the wishes of the peopze must be looked at closely. I believe Mri, Exesident, as I have said eartier, that in order for us to satisfy all Members of this Fouse that an official polling will be necessary, because each: Member with hie oum individual views will indeed try to influence the electorate to his way of thinking. This is only natural.

Mr. President, in olooing; may $I$ again thank each Member for the contribution whichithey thewe made to this: motion, and I would ask for their full support in voting for the motion.ss? Thank you Mr. President.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The motion be fore the House is Fmivate Member;'s Motion NO.6/86 deating with the appointment of a Setect Conmittee of the whole House to reconsider proposed changes to the Elections Law, 1983. The terms of the motion were read out by the mover at the time he moved it.

QUESTION PUT: AYES
MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ I think the ayes hate it.
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
Can we have a divistion Mr. President;
MR, PRESIDENT:
Certainly.

$A Y E S$.
Hon. Dennts ${ }^{H}$. Foster
Hon. Michael. J. Bradley
Hon. Thomas C. Jefferson
Hon. Benson O. Ebanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon.' Capt. Charlen L. Hirkeonnell
Hon. Vassel G. Johnson
Mr. W. MoKeeva Busi
Mrs. Daphne L. Orrett
Mr. Linford A. Pierson
Copt. Mabry. S. Kirkoonnell
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller
$\therefore \overline{13}$
NOES


I dertare the motion carried.
AGREED: ERIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO.6/96. PANSED.

| $\frac{\text { STANDTNG ORDER } 69(2)}{\text { OF CHATMUAN FOR SELECT COMMITTEE }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  | OF THE WHOLE HOUSE |
| (RE: PR | VATE MEMPER'S MOTION NO. $/ 186$ ) |

Stranding onder 69(2) provides for me
MR. PRESIDENT: to nominate the Chairman of any Select Comittee which is appointed. Despite his reluctance or his disclainer, I think that Members might wish me to ask the Honourable Second Offieial Member again to Chair the Comittee, having Chaiped the last one.

Mת. W. MOKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESTDENT:
MR. H. MCKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT:
Meetings, because his attendmoe

Is he going to come to the Meetings sir.
I. am sormy.

Is he going to oome to the Meetinge.
I expect he is coing to come to the record was memarkably good.
My recolleotion is that it has often been my practige to prescribe a quorum at the same time, on $I$ corveot about that. I aanot find the standing Order which gives me the power to do so actually, nor indeed the Standing order which provides how a quorm should be presoribed. There is a Standing order.....

HON. CAPT. CHARLES I. KIFKCONNELL:Mr. PYesident you should make it the whote House or not at atz sir.

MR. PRESIDFNY: (LAUGHTEK) I think I witl leave the... Can I leave the Seleot Committee to detemine its oum quorm. There is not anything, I am sure there is not which says who preseribes what a quorm shatl be. standing Order og is stdelined appointment and quorum, but does not mention the word quorum afterurxrds. Standing order 70 (3) says in ascertainting whether there is a quorw present the Member in the Chati shall not be exoludec, but nothing says, or nothing that I oon find says who Lays lown the quormm. I shatz leave the Conmittee to determine its oun quomom.

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: What if the Conmittee cannot matse a quorum to make decisione Mr. President?

I think that it would be quite in onder to suggest that the quorm be the quomm of the Houses. and that is senen Mombers.

MR. PRESIDENT: Welt, that is oux nomat practice gertainty, perhape it would be wiser to do that then. Ath riaht will stiok to that. That is, I think has aluays been our practioe, seven Mombers:

I think we have time to start item (2), Erivate Memboris Motion No. $5 /$ B6. The Seoond Ftected Member for West Bay:

## PRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. $5 / 86$

 COST OF RIVIVG INCREASES4T. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
tr. Presitent, $T$ would like to move Motion MO. 5. standina in mu name.
mppeng the wetrit cost of propane ars, arsolinenan. etectricitu has recently boen trioreased:

AND WHFPFAS it has been alteged that the inorease was due to higher ticence fees:

BF TH PGGOLVPr that the Govermment ampoint a sneaial committee to establish the facts and to report back to the Legistative Assembly:

MP. D. FITARD MILLBR: $n$ n' Frogitent, I beq to seand the Motion.
"F. PRFGIDFWT:
The lotion is tue 7 m moved and seconted. So Priphte Member's Motion No. $5 / 86$ is now open for debate, and the mover may speak to $i t$.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, this motion is intended to otarify and hopefully if necessamy 3 , to vut might some of the suspiefon and controversy whioh has develotied in this Country stince the hudget Session last year, when sevarat fees were increased. It witz be nemembered sir that I at the time rid not supnort some of these meanures because I knew that they woutd be passed to the consumer in a highly profiteering manner. Ar. presidont, mightiy Govermment has committed itsetf to continue with a system of no direct taiation. mis Leaves Govermment with very $Z i m i t e d$ sources of revenue, the main one being the Import Duty imposed on imported goods and services. whereener or however this duty is imposed. of one thing we oan be sure and that is that it witz ultimate ty be paid by the consumer. That Mr. Prestident inctudes:all of us. thader the system and in the absence of any kind of price controt we only have to depend on competition to keep prices and costs to a minimum. I believe that it is working relativety welt, working welt excent of course where there is no competition, where in faot there are trirtual monoooties such as the propone gas. It tig so ensy sir for the suppliens to take advantade of our syotem and earm what mays very welt be exnesaive profits. I. good example sir has been the recent flood of letters in the press in reoent monthe in which it was demonstrated that the extra revenue imposed on the suppliters of propane gas mounted to 14 cents ner cutinder Vet the onst to the oonsumer whs naised by tuo dotlars, Mr. President thene are the peopte who are orying crocodite tears for the man on the street. I fait to see in the light of the information from the suppliex that the fee raise amounted to 14 cents per oylinder, how the two dothar raise per oylinder oan be justified.

Hy. President, the most defenceless group in our Cowitry today ares. the consumers, they strnd naked to the four winds of heaven, and with nobody to protect them. The price changed to the consumer is something with regard to which the conawner has no protection whatsoever. : Mx. Fresirent, fris ant neasonable profits are proper. Consichartion must be given to tha cost to the company, but there are no explanatione which could be aiven for this wide epread, and wide spread over the nast years. The supptier in partioular of the propane aas has said that the increase was levied because of the fees increased to him by Government. And fees have been increased over the years with the excuse that the oost to the supplier was rising. ive 77 Mr. President, propane gas is very sheap in other countries.

MT. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTTNUTNG): In Jamaica which has a vert high cost of tiving index, it is in our mones come 17 Dottars for a cytimder of gas. In Mexico it is some four doltars per oylinder. Now. Honourable sembers should ask themselves why in the word in the Cayman Fstande it has to be 38. Rolzars.

Talk about the oost to tim, and how much was spent by him on salaries and so on, has also been aired in certain letters. Mr. President maybe it. is high time in this Countpy that a Prioe, Revicu, Board be set up, whose function woult be to took. into increased prices, and the case of any paxticular commodity as the inoreases are brought to the Board's attention. . In other ocuntries. such a Board examines the books, the profit and toss statembnts and the cost acoounting material of the particular incustry concemed, in order to find out whether or not inorcared wage coste and increased costs of the matervals warranted the increase which was being inposed upon the public.

Mr. President, I aucse if $I$ were to recommend such a Board, you would horr that Government would be interfering with private enterprise. But in such casco, such as the propane. fas, what is there to protect the public. Mr. President I am a strong: believer in free ontererise, but more than that Stix, I believe in free competitive enterprise. I do not betieve that onse can have free onterprise in the trusst aense of the word untess there is oompetition. Therefore when we tialk of free enterprise, the word competitive is extremely important, beonuse enterprise cannot be free without competition.

The purpose of the Motion then Str
is to have Government appoint a Committee to look into the inoreases, to ensure that they are fair and just to our peobte, and that the tax burden is distributed as fairlt as is possible under our proent system. There must be some kind of potioing in this Countri, and Government must be the watehato because we have no price controt, on no other kind of coneuner protection. Mr. Fresident, $T$ know that Members hove. been waiting diligently on this particular motion, and so $I$ have given them the opportunity now to say their preco. I trust though, that when the debate has ended, they witi cast a 'yes' for' thito motion. Thank you Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Honourable Third Flected Member of lreotion Council.
HON. CAPT. CHARLES t. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, the Government rocepte thm
motion and will appoint a specrat Conmittee to investiaate the matter as requested, and wizt report back to this Honourable Legiolative Assembly.

In reply to some of the remarks made by the movar 1 six, I would like to make a few remaks. He spoke of the defenceless cunsumer. I would tike to say sin, that with regard to that remark, competition nomally takes oave of the consumer, and the wrioes which are charged. We tho no prieo oontrot fere, neither do we have any wage controt. The propane plant it is true, is a monopoty here. When I say monopoty it is the onty ptomt in the capmon Iolconds, but it is not a monopoly preeluding others from establishing a propone. plant if they so desire. So it is open to the pubtio if they woutd like to establish a propane plant here.
I. would alse tike to point out to this

Honourable House that electrienty is remilated and oontrolled by a licence between Caribbean utitity Company Iimithat and Govermment. There was an increase of one and a hatf per cont in the basir price to the consumer, which amountod to an increase of so eents for consumers. using 250 kilowatt hours per month.

HON. CAPT:CHARLES L. KIRKCONELL (CONTINULNG): Thewe was an inerease of $\$ 1.07$ for constmere ueting up to woo kitowatt hours per month, and consumers using 1,000 kilowatt houre, there was an inerease of \$2.02.

I have Mr. President, a letter here from the Managing Direotor of Caribbean Utilitics Company Limited, stating that he tows applying to the Finconial seoretrry to allow the Company to alter the fuel faotor. This alteration Mr. Prebident, in the fuel factor will mean a rectuction in consumer bitlinas which as predioted, will be reftected in the Aprit billings. This reduetion will more than offset the increase in the base rate. There will be a savinas to consumers using 250 kk lowatt hours of 86 cents per month. To consumers using. 50 kilowatt houns there will be a savings of $\$ 1.72$ per month, opd conswners using 1,000 kilowatt hours per month, there witl be a eaving of \$3. 44 per month. The impact of the fall in fuel rrices, as I have said before, wit start in the Aprit biltina, and as the Members uritl readity see, the anvinas in the fuel factor will more than offset the increase in the base price.

Mr. Prestdent, I see no problem in complying with the request of this motion, and I witl oladly weleome it, and will assist the Members in evemy way possible to act the information which they have sought in this motion, and we will brind back a Report to this Legislative Assembty.
$I$ support the motion Mr. Frestident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
noes muy other Member wish to speak? The Second Elected Member for Bodden Toum.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, I oppose this motion and am not a bit surprised that the Govermment has fumped to support it. In a similar fashion, to the wou in which they iumped to supoort the one about the Flactions law.

MR. PRESIDENT: I wonder, without wishing to inconvenience the Member, if he is going to speak at some tenoth probably it would be advisable that we take tunoh. If he was ontw goina to be a minute or two...

MR. O. HAIG BODDEN:
Fir, I shalt be sraking for a considerable time.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Sn I sucpeater. In that case perhape before you aet into the fult flow of youx discourse, let us suspend proceedings until approximately two fifteen.

AT 72:45 P.M. THE HOUSE SIISEENDFD

HOUSE RESUMED AT $2: 21$ P.M.

Please be seated.
Resumption of the debrate on Private Momber's Motion No.5/86, dealing with oost of Living increases. The Seand Etected Member for Bodikn Town had iust bequn speaking.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, I feet there is no need to aet up a Committee in order to establish the fatets which are alleged in this motion. The motion bays that it hae been aitequa that the increase in the price of propme, gasotine and electricity has been due to hiaher Zicence fees.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN (CONTINUINF): If I ware not in the Leqislative Assembly I would have laughed at this motion n $^{\text {because it is ludicrous. }}$ The whote of the Cayman Iszands know the reason for their inoneases in the prices of these products, and it is time that the Legistative Assembly accepts the fact that the Assembly together with the Executive councit caused many of theee increases.
ontur a coupte of week ano, on the
front page of the newpaper there was an item whioh stated that the cost of living index had gone up in these Islands. This should be no curprise. The present Govermment has been working very hapd to send up the cost of tiving index in these Tatands. Ever since the November 1984 Election many of the netions of Goverment resulted in increased costs to the looal people. Economic growth starting from the very first meeting in 1984, there was one in November and one in December, and then throughout 1085, and in many of the meetings of Executive Council in addition to those, Government ruthtessliy and continuousty thereased taxation on this Country. No one will ever know the exterit of these taxes, but in the Budget session there were many millions of iotlare. Taxes had been increased in every area that it was posaibte to increase, and the result which follows from inoreases taxation has to be inflation, beeause of the nature of our indipeot traces on consumer goods.

When Goverrment increased the Import. muty on grooline it must have known that the prioc of casoline would rise. When Government aqreed with Caribbern Utitities to colleat from them duty on diesel oit which had previously been exompt, they must have known that the cost of diesel oil would go up, and would naturatly fffect the fuet escrtation clause. Then Government agreed with cuc to oharge them Import buty on tems which had hitherto been exempt, Govermment must have known that the price of alectricity would mise, on that if the price of electricity fett it would be beeause the world price of oil had fallen, is that the priee of etectmicity would howe fallen much lower had not the Government imposed Impont Duty.

So we do not need any Comittee to tett us this, we onty need comon sense, and a book at Govexament's position. When Govempment intosed inoveased taration on business licences for bulk fuel plonts they must hove knoum that someone would have to pay. What alarms me Sir, is that the Members who have presented this motion were strong supporters of those increases.

MR. W. MeREEVA BUSH: The Nember ie misleadina the House.
4R. G. HAIG BODDEN:
And one of them even went as far as to say that the price oould have gone oven higher on the propane plant. Gertainty, any sensible person would know that sometody has to pay for these increased priees. When Government increased the pmee on the garbage fees which are to be paid by these businesses, foverment must have known or should have know that someone would hove to pay those inoreases, and that the increases would eventuatty trickle doum to the consumer. When Govemment inoreased the strmp duty measure which was fully supported by the second Elected Member for heot Fry, Government must have know that those inoreased taxes under the strmp Duty Low. . . .

Is this not a point of coder. If it is not a Point of Order I will stop him, but you must give way.: $\frac{\text { MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: }}{\text { with something which is relevant to the motion before the House. }}$, teating

MR. PRESIDENT: .. I have taken your point of Ordex. I
think its relevanol is remote, but $I$ think that it is reasonable, and I will allow him to continue.

MR. W. MoKBEVA BUSH: Ye. Yix as long as you give me the same tatitude Sir, and do not stop me mid way through my sreeoh.

MR. PRESIDENM:
Order, ordex. The Member knows that
he gets plenty of latitude.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, I know you understand mu speech, and hopefully other Members do as welt. But for the benefit of the second Elected Member of West Eay. who does not comprehend what I an saying, the relevance of this tine of argument is that increased taxation on bucinesses ultimately result in increased prices to the consumer on the goods which are produced or delivered by those businesces.
so the motion today should not have been to set up a Committee to establish the facts concerming the increase, but it should have been to owmine rovernment:s fisoat notioy. of taxation, which is inflationary and has reallted in thebe inareases. If thad been a Menber who had supported the many toxes put formand since November 1984, I too would we Loome this motion, because it shifts the spotlight from the Govemment to the bueinessman, or tho business firms. This motion tries to change the foous which should be on Government's action since 1984, to the poor unfortunate Dusinessman, or firm which is now the vietim of Govermment's hareh tax measures.

I have mentione before that one of
my favourite comic oharacters is a little auy calted 'Pogo', and he onoe said that we have found the onemy and the enomy is us. We know the cauce of these increases, Why not tell the pubtio that the inoreased raices which we now have, not onlu or these itcms but in att other areas concerning oonsumer yoots, hive been cauged by Government's rotioy which was to lot the publio pay, as ons written out in the Budget Address in March, when the Honourabite Finanoial. Secretary said that the public would be asked to contribute something towards Governments rovenue.

This motion is an insuit to the integrity of honest businessmen in this Country, who hava invested thein capital over the yeare, who have toiled tong hours far in excees of right hours $a$ day to provide the services of which this Country is so proud. The motion ie filted with suepicion and sontroversy.

Atready it has been pointed out in this debate that the three areas mentioned, do enjoy monopotistic positione, and I know that in a free enterprise sustem the best situation for the oonsumer is one where there is farr and adequate ompetition. on the other side, on the other extreme is the situation wheme there is $x$ monopoty: However, not alt monopolies are bad; and in fact some of them are very necessary. For example, our local telephone system oould not operate because of teohnical reasons in any other situation than in a pure monopolistic pocition. The production of electrioity in a small ommanity oanot operite efficiently unless the commeny hae a monorotistir. mobition. We are now reaping eertain benefits beowes Caribbean Utilities now has inoreased demandfor their servioes; and as a result, they are able to buy larger generators which produce the eleatricity more efficiently and at less cost, and this is onty poseible benause they are in a monopolistic position.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONFINUING): If we had three or four other companies around these Istands selling electrioity, we would not have a better service. We would probably have no service at all, and we would probabily be paying a lot more for, it.

So, in some businesses monopoties are
inevitable. Eleatriatty, gas, water, tetephones and any ompetition in some of these areas would be nothing but wasteful duptioation of affort." So it ts necessary that in oertain speciat areas a certatn degree of security is provided by the firm beina in a monopolistic position.

No, let us exomine the three areas which have been complained of in the motion. In the aase of electricity supplied by Caribbean Utilities, while it is tmue that they have a monopoly, they are also to a great deanee controlzed by a Govemment. Franchise, $a_{\text {franchise which protects them againet competition and }}$ a franohise which proteets the consumer against unfair prices. Their present franchise is in my opinion, in the best andition it has wer been in, and when I say that I mean that the pubtio fias some asouraneo that the Covermment witt see to it that the ompany oharges a fair priee, and the company itself wizl have a protection arainst competition. This is necessary because there are plaees where electriotu is supplied by different producers of electriaity, but I do not think that any of them fare any better than in our little tstande where we have a eingte producer. Here the market is too smatt to styport more than one firm. Similarly the Cayman Islands are so smatt, we may find that in one litte tow there might not be room for more than one movie theatre. So an item tike eleetricity which requires substantial intitiatinvestment in capital, we annot aritiaise them beeause of their monovoly position. We should rather appreciate the benefits which aome from a monopoty. in this particular instonoe.

How in others goods such as the sate of food and clothing and smatl items it is nood to have aompetition. But in partioutar services such as the tetephone, where high technotogy is demanded and where equipment is oxpeneve and out dated sometimes within a few jecres, it is necessapy to have monopoltea. So whike atectrictty here is produced under a monopoty situation, we have to remember that being in a monopotistic position docs not atways quarantee the earning of monopolistio profits. It is not beeause onty one person is selling oon oola or pepst cola or heineken beor, that that person can mark his prices and receive whatever profit he wants. So the price which OUC receives dopends on frotors winioh may not be evident unless one has studied it for some time. Neverthetess, they are reat factors. The price devends on the demand for the ecrvios. If the price of etectricity to too high, people fust eanot buy it. They with pay amalt increases, and perhaps even eubstantiat inereases sometimes. The they uitl never pay what is unveasonable. Theu witl find other meons of existance. If we took at the brie of acsotine in these Totands, we find the sme nituation. Bverrone knous that no country in the world oonsumed as much aasoline as the Inited states untit the Arabs imposed thein oil embaryo, and that oountry had to take matters in hand. And where the prices of oil had been goina up rapidly they had to find means of combat tina the pmies inoweaces which they did by getting their reserves at home whioh could now be mined in a competitive fashion with the imported oil. Then had to get smatler oare and so on. They had to go back to weing loos effieicht......

NP. PNEIDAM:
I think the kember knowe that reatty he is straying a but. I wis doubt ful whether ho was retevant severat vimes. I have given him the benefit of the doutt oo far, but a leoture on the oil industry may take us a bit.......

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: All right. Mr. President, I simply want to make the point that Monbers referred to these industries as enfoying a monopoly situation. I qathered from the two Members who have ppoken so far on the Bitt, and probably from others who may come, to whom I wilt not be able to reply, that they felt because pronane gas is sold by one person, or aasoline by two poople. or electricity by one firm, that monovoliee are bad for the Country. I am trying to answer that question; and thus let them see some of the virtues of monopolies. of course, until I anoke, sone of the Hembers did not know that there were any virtues at att in monopolistic positions. But I cannot hetp what they do not know. But. I will not oush that subjeet ary more, there is so much more to talk about. (LADGHTE?).

The gasotine which is complained of
here is sold by two firms, and no one can reatlu oldi, to have a monopoly. However, twe know that firms in this position aon be in collucion and fix their prices so that the consumere pays then both the oane price. This is much better than trying to out the throats of each other, in whioh case, neither one might maks a proftt.

Finaty. I would like to touch on vropane, which has been complained of so bitterty, and which has been the subjeet of letters in the newspaper. The propane business in these Istands does not true the advantage of a Government franohise, neither. does the bulk gasotine nor the diesel fuele,. whioh merms, that there is nothing to prootwite any other ontropreneur from entering the propane Freiness. But what is forbiden in that business is the high oapitat cost of setting up the plant, and not onle the high aapitat oost of setting up the plart but the high aost of distritudion of the produet on the local market. Now $I$ hove seen letters on the subject with which wo are dealing, recent $t_{y}$, whinh were utter noneence. Some of these tetters said that Gonermentrantion would penct. in an increase of 11 centa a oftiner of propanes, and the price of propane had risen by two dottans per aultinder. What has happened io that the neopte who arpived at those exroneous figures ontiy mentioned one item and one of the factors in the totat cost to the producer of the propane: only mentioned one wost which had been inereased by Government. They Iid not mention that the entire oost of tiving index, had gone up, which would affect him in verev area. That the tmuk which he
drives to detiven hio probane he woutd have to pay a hundred odd dotlare a year in increased taxes. Wone of this hat been mentioned. They did not mention that hia arrbage fees had gone up, they did not mention that if he had to fty in a part but ain, the air freight hat gone up because Government had inpooed duties; ther have forgotten alt of this. That is why, in a sanse, although as ludiorous as this motion seems, I an glad it has aiven me an opportumity to remind the mbtio that these ane not the onty aneas where mu with sea thoreases. One is going to find inereases in every item in the surermarket, and in fact, there is going to be a big increase in oll rates next uar. when they begin to feel the affoot of paying Import Duties on expensive vieces of equipment: we with not feet that this year, beowse the Govemment has announed that it gove them an exemption on the plants which they have atroady agreed to purchase. But, one is going to feel it, and of couree, if the price of oit on the world market goes the other way, one with aloo feet a pinch from that.

Now this motion aske that fovermment
appoint a speaial Conmittee. I am glad that it did not ask to appoint a Select Committec, beoause under our Standing orders a Seleot Committee has the power to oatt witnesses, to serd for persone, papers and records, and I an glad the motion reade 'a speotal comittoc'. Becauses had they requested a seleet Committee we touldihave beon treading on very dangerous ground.

MR. G. HAIG BODDFN: (CONTINUTMG): Eccause of the oonfidential nature of bussiness in a tax haven, I feel it would be wrond for this Conmittee to examine the books of CUC and the books of Captain Theo and the books of Esso and the books of Texaco. So thie Committee hopefuluy. witt not have the pouler of a seteet committee whith dan order the production of pecords. Baing a special Conmittee to astabtish the facts I connot see how thise Committee witl be able to estabtish the facts when they oannot demand the booke of the people whom they are going to investigate. In fact, this witl be a yeny impotent Committee. It will be a Committee with no power other than to go out and talk amongst themselves and come back with a Feport which may say, or may not say that they have proved the allegation in the "Whrrsiars Section of the Report, or they have been unable to prove it.

I would make another suqgostion. If the House does agree, and I am trusting that it witt not, but if it does aqree to the setting up of this Committee, that the Conmittee witt be comprised of the two Mombers who brought the motion.

I qione notice that $I$ will not eerve
on this speeial Committee.
It is peoultar that only three iteme have been singled out for the type of treatrient whien this motion seto out to give. When, as I mentioned earlier, the entipe coet of tiving index is up and is getting higher. Wry not a combttee to axamine why the price of goods brought in by air have visen sinoe Goverrment put on the tax on the freight? Why not set up a Conmittee to investigate all consumer items? Are they afraid that the Committee would find that Govermment has been responsible not onty for the increases in oropane, gasoline and elootricity, but in evers consomer ittm? If Members care to earch the reaords, they will fint that I for one predioted this inftationarif spiral whioh we nov howe, and if Government's policies oontinue wnekeked and unchanged, we will find that the next time the Honourabte Financtial socnetary mubtiontes a Release on the cost of tiving index, that it witt be up agrin.

In coriotueion mp. Prestdent, I would That like to soy that I simpathise with the Members who brought the motion, even if the get it passed, bsccuse, thew fave made statements in this House whioh show that they are strong surportere of the Government in some of their tar meacumes. Thet tet me quote fyom a speech made by the Seoond Eleoted Member from West Bay. Flo said that the extra five cents on choques $I$ betrepe would mut wo hurden on anyone, and he goes on to say about another tax, that it could not affect looale rioh or poor.....

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Fintsh reading it....
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
And the Membser for North Side said.
'Now Mr. phestaent, mon has been made of the arethent that the revonue bithe are going to affect thece unfortancte neopte so terribly'.

But Sip, any Government oan but detiver to its people that whioh it got from ito peorze. on the same day the Member went on to sous:
'The fact is that when a banking tioeno goes ut my banking charges go up. When mu banking oharges oo un as a merohint (notioe that word), as is merchant in this companiy the prices in my store go ur). When the mioes in my stone (o) ut, the Litt te man has to pay more for the goods, which he bugs from my store. So to atl winds wh the little mon'.

Mr. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINIING): So he admits that Govemments inflationary tax measures will increase the cost to the consumer. The second Elected Member from West Bay said on another day:
'I cannot see what great amount of hardship will be put on the poople. I do not betieve the pomitao would quibble about a few cents'.

So, if this is their phitosophy, when the tax measures are being imposed, it follows naturally that they support the tax measures. But when the reaction comes from the tax measures in putting up the cost of living index, or increasing the priee of electricity, or increasing the price of propane, or increasing the price of gasoline, or increasing the price of diesel they then bring a motion to find out why. I think they need that motion, beaduse they know why.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Noes any other Member wish to speak?
The Member for North Side.


#### Abstract

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. Preeident, I would thite to take this opportunity to congratulate the Second Etected Member for Bodden Toun for his extensive lecture in coonomics, in which he demonstrated his lack of knowledge about eoonomics.


Mr. President, what I said before in this House I an not ashand of. I was being honest Sir. It is the Unity Tean which in yearg aone by has been increaring taxes to the people through banking licones and inoreased compony foes. ond telling everyone that it was not going to affeet the little mon. Not me, I. said it was going to affect the tittive mor and it has. They have been aaning for years that it was not ooing to affect the little man.

Mr. Fresident, in the Member's
great disecrtation about the world market of petrotem producte, he has neglected to mention the one, singte most important part of this issue, and that is that all the other petroteum related products being gasoline and electricity, and beoause of the world market situation in petroleum products, have been redued in arite of and wen with Govermmente increases in alt these fields. But in this one inetance of propane das, a know stalwart, a fla, carmiter of the Unity Team The price has been inflated out of proporition to all oosts in retation to Goverment fees, by that marked nerson Mr. Theo Bodden (because I have not seen his Captains ticenco, , hav admitted in the public press, in terms of the quantity which ho bas imported into this Country. They are not my figures Sir. I did not manufanture them. He publiahed them, if they are wrong, he pubtished them.

Mr. Fresident, I have no apoloaies about bringing this motion concerning propane gas, aasnine and. etectricity. I agree that if we were putting the motion into wordstoday, we would probably have teft out aasoline and eteetricity, because bot. of them have seen a reduction in mioe since this motion was worded, but certainty, that is not the aage with pronane aas.

Mr. President, let us not kld ourselves. There are honest merchants in this country who prioe their products accordincty. But Mr. President, we have our share of those unsorupulous ones. Those who aince the Government inereased its fees, are non charging a dollar for three atiocs of friod bacon, because mrior to the 31 st December we ontd get two eggs, two atioes of bread and three pieces of bacon for $\$ 2.80$, and after the 7 Iet danuary one only gets the two eggs and the two slices of breat for the 83.89 . If one wants the three slites of fat bacon one has to pail an extra doltar. This is the kind of thing which needs to be investiaated, and he io another Unity Team supporter. He is another fler earmier of the Unity Team.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTYNUING): Mr. Fresident, in eqses tike this where monopolies exist as in propane gas, I will agree; it is not oontrolledthrough a licence by a monopoly, but there are certain reatrictions. I think it is the only oompany which supplies bulk propane et cetera. Why does only one company have it? In cases like thiss sir, with products such as these, which are conswned by everyone on these Tolands in aome form or another, and when thizs type of outlondish wrofiteering is passed on to the consumer, I feet that Govermment has a responsibility to investigate it, and to find out what is going bin. Because Siry propane is a waste gas of a refinery, and if those products which are being refined through the process are going doum in price, certainly the waste product should go down even further in price.

Atr. Preeident, what my recommendation to the conswers in this country would be, is to boycott propane gas, buy etectric stoves until the price goes down. Then we do not have any competition anongst the suppliers siry, $c o$ the consumers in thie instance can take the bull by the horns, buy eleatric stoves and keep the propane stored up there, then the price will go dow.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I an not sure that reference to boycotts is any more relevant than tours of oil producing countries, and the other matters which I spoke to the Second Electen Member for Bodden Town about. So, if you could come back to the motion.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, this motion asks Govermment to establish a Committee to look into the reasons why this price inorease, and it is not me Sir who said that a pmice increase was due to Govermment foes. That is. what thoy alaim, and that is why we are asking Goverment to investigate and see if that is the reason why, or is it just being used as an exouse.

Mr. President, I support the moticn and I trust that Goverment witl bring a Report back in May as to why the price of propane gas, the one petroleum product which is inoreasing in cost to the consumers of this countrm, white alt the other petroleum products are decreasing in oost to the oonswimer.

1 support the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The Honourable First Elected Member of Executive Council.
HON. BENSON O. ERANKS: Mr. President, I had hoped to allow
this motion to pass without speaking sir; but I am now compelted to speak, after the Second Etected Member for Rodden Towm has spoken, to clear up a few areae in which, in my opinion, the public might be mialed and in others where he was not specific.

The cost of livinh index Mr. President, published by the Finanoial Secretary gave an inorease of half of one per eent on the September to December quarter. Car licences and business licences were increased during that period.

The Member atso said that duty imposed by Goverment had caused the price of gasoline to mise, and also the increase in the licence fees on the bulk distmibutors of gasotine and diesel. The fact is Mr. Preaident, no price rise registered on the meters other than the five cents which Govermment put on gasoline, and of oourse, gasoline has sinoe been reduced in priae to the consumer by I think it is, 19 cents inclusive of courge of the five sents which Government put on.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): Similarty Mr President, the prioe of etectricity has ane down becaure of the reduction time the price of diesel. Mr. Preaident when Govemment took these steps, there war a olear indication that wortd prices of petroteum produdter wepe on the deotine, and would possibity fatl dramationtly as they have never dome.

So Mr. President, Govermment is getting
some duty which it tut pass on to the public in the form of improved services and anenities, and stitt the pubtie is not paytho any: mone, but paying tese for those two items.

Mr. President, for the eqke of emphatsis,
I would repeat that a half of one per cent increase in the oost of tivina index between September and December 1985 whe idantified by the Statistios Departiment as being attributable to Govermment increases in fees mainty on vehiole reqiatration and annual fees. So tet us excmine Mr. Fresident, what this means. It means that if a person spent $\$ 100$, rbefore this they would spend an extra 50 cents. This is what it means Mr. President and it is not on enormous amount.

Mr. President, I was hoping that some.: where in the back of my mind $I$ would have been able to remember the number of cylinders which were admitted to hove been oylinders of propane aas, and which were admitted to have been imported during 1985. I do not have it, but I did caticulate that $\$ 4,000$ increase on the ticenea fee divided among the humber of cylinders admitted to have been importeds amounted to 14 cents. The Second Elected Member for Rodden Town sought to say that the difference between the 14 cents and the $\$ 2.00$ was the $\$ 100$ a year which was placed on the truek that camied the cylinders around. Mr. President, to me it is a simple mathenatioal exeroise. If 14 cents per aytinder yields $\$ 4,000$ then the $\$ 100$ on the automobile would represent . 0035 of one pent per culinder, or seven two thousandths of a cent, and $M r$. President, if anybody can find it in their heart to pass that on to the public, I wonder. how it could be explained.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
reti them about the other charges
which you have put on.
HON. BENSON O. EBANYS:
such as?
Thases on his garbage feee.
Does he pay gapbage fees?
Every businese pays.
I wonder. In any event if he did, it Could not amount to much, it would probably be about. 00007 of a cent per oylinder. So there is no way that one oan get $\$ 2.00$ out of that.

Mr. Prestdent, the important thing is that the increase in other areas of consumer items by the inoreases which Govermment put on, could not amount to more thon one per cent of the, consumer price inder 'over the following year, provided that the baes" price of all items remain the same. But Mr. Fresident, those of us who are in business have atready noticed that the initial cost of items are beginning to fall beccuse of the reduction in the oost of petrolewn products. So that the overatt effect of any increases which Govermment might have imposed in December zast year witl be more than wiped out by the decrease in manufacturing costs overscas, nesulting in less duty and all "the rest of it, So, the Caymanian pubtic Mr. President, in a couple of monthe witl be smiling at the amount of extra money they have left to spend from their weekend budget.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINIING): As I have said, maybe there has not been a shipment of propane since the prices have begun to decrease, I cm not surg but if therehas, I would have expeoted too to have seen a decrease in the cost of propane gas. But even without it Mr. President I must join the Member who moved the motion, in querying how in damaica a cylinder of gas can sell for CI\$17 when it costs CI\$38 in the Cayman Istands. I think this is a question which should be asked, and should be anewered.

Mr. President, I am happy to have heard the Member, the Second Elected Member for Bodden Trom exbounding the virtues of the monopolies which Caribbeon Utilities, Cabte and wiretess and to a lesser degree the oit comanies enjoy. I can remember listening to him expounding the opposite view in this House. But, I am also hapy to hear him say that the franchise which cuc now has is in the best condition it has ever been in, and that was the franohise sioned just a few weeks ago, to whioh he must be referrino. Mr. President, when the opportunity presents itself, we also intend to have a look at the franchises which other franchisees have in this Country. Beoaue Mr. Fresident, we are dealing with 20 and 25 years dow the future, and we would be lackiro. in our duty if we did not protect the interests of future generations in these franchises. I agree Mr. President, that I could not have done a better job mugelf. Mr. Freeident in expounding why it is a good thing to have onty one oompany providing eleotrioity, one company providing telecommutications and a tetephone service, and the only thing which was missed in lealing with the oil companies Mr. President, was to have said that thore were three oompanies here at one time, but because of the amall market one of them left. So there was not sufficient volume for three.

If this motion can be ariticised fairly Mr. President, it is that I am surs the motion was witten prior to the effects which have been seen from the deatine in oit prices of petroleum products, because they have all drastioathy reduced.

The contribution made some time ago Mr. President, by the Member for North Side whe used by the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town to try to indioate or to suggeet that this Govermment had further raised the cost of tioning to the ematt man by the imposition of targe inereases in banking fees. Mr. President, it is well known and welt understood and well documented, that the increased fees put on by this Govermment on those entities have been minimal. The drastice increases which took place were between 1970 and 1984, and while we admitted that they oould have had possibly some effect, the Govermment from 1976 to 1984 made their fotlowers believe that it would not have any inerease at all. Now if increases of over $\$ 20,000$ per tidence did not affect peopte, fait to see how $\$ 1,500$ and $\$ 2,500$ are going to do it.

So Mr. President, with those few words
I support this motion.
MR, PRESIDENT:
Does any other Hember wish to speak?
The First Elected Member for Bodden Town. Perhaps, actually before you start speaking, it might be better to take our break, so that I do not break into your speesh. I hou not reatised. how late it whe getting.

I with suspend proceedings for
apporimately fifteen minutes.

## HOUSE RESUMED AT 4:00 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:<br>Please be seated.<br>Continuation of debate on Private Member's Motion No.5/86. The First Elected Member for Bodden Toun.


#### Abstract

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: Ar. Mresident, this is a motion which probably should have been muled out of order before it was ever presented to this House. This is supposedly a free society, this is a society where the market tende to dictate the priee. To the best of my knowledge the supptiers of propane gas in this Country do not have a franohise. with Govermment. Covernment is in a position to do something about price controt, if Government has an agreement in the form of a franchise. But this is not true in this case. This man operates a business just like so many other people operate a bustness in the Country. "We have no price controt and we are totd that the information given to the statistical arm of Govermment is supposedly kept urider lock and key, and not for the eyes of the people of this hoscmbly and so forth. So how ave we going about getting the information. Are we going to send the Potice doum and escort Captain Theo to the Goovrment Administration Building while we apply nails under his fingertips to get him to testify as to the conount of money the makes.

If we proceed with this motion, I


an hear to protect the mights of the people in every way that I can, but if we proceed with this motion in this House today, we are not doing Captain Theo Bodden and his oompang domage, we are doing damage to what has been sacrosanct in this Country for years, and that is the mivilege to operate a business freety without controta, and I can only assume as thave gathered from the speeohes of a coupte of the Membere in this House, that this is onother case of personalities. It is another base of windictiveness, another case of victimisation of a Unity Tedin supporter. They have tried to disonedit and to destroy the Unity Tean. They have made a shombtes of the administration and the benefits, and everything which was acoomplished under that administration, and now they are going into the private seator to destroy the individuale who are our supportere. I gather this from what the Members have said Mr. President, and what they have said in opeeohes just"a few minutes ago. This is rediculous, and this motion should have been mited out of order.

Mr. President, the affeot of inoreases could have had adverse affeot in many areas. This is a phitosophy which we have preachee in this Houee fram time to time. If one stops something heve, something here is going to open. If one increases the price here to whero a profit cannot be made, it is going to be taoked on over there, and this oould be attributed to the many high taxes which this Govemnent has put in foree in the tast two years. This may be a laughabte matter when I say it. but it could have been that the heavy taxes on motor cars has affected the sale of cars in his other businesses, thus lowering his profit, and there had to be $a$ profit made in some place to protect his investnent.

One Nember apoke about the terrific increases in bankina ticences from the wear 1977 to 1981, and the adverse affeet that that had on the economy, and that we had totd our ooople that the taxes we had put on had not afferted the man on the street. I totd them that then, I telt them that todar. If I remember oorrectly, the lioence fee for an 'A' Zisenoe Bank in 1977 was $\$ 10,000.00$. In 1984 it was $\$ 25,000.00$. This is not in tine with the $\$ 5,000.00$ and the 500 per oent increases in taxes which we have seen tevied in this House. This wa more or lese keening pace with the cost of living in this Country.

MR. JAMES M. BODDE (CONTINIIN/G): So why make such an aroument out of a $\$ 15,000.00$ ticence fee increase over $a$ period of eight years, to a banking institution. Yet I heard one of the other Members argue that a hundred dollars here or there in a business would not affect the price of anything to the pubtic. When the think about the iverease whion was usually puit on at the rate of $\$ 2-3,000.00$ a 1 ear , when that increase was spread over the millions of dotlars whioh the banks commonty handled in the run of a year, there was no cost passed on to the people of this Country in the inorease in those fees. This is rediculous foolishness that these people will talk about. Then will go to ony lenath to discredit peopte. The same thing holds true as mention was made of company fees. Company fees increaped a kundred dotlans or so, it woutd be hard to figure what the cost would be on any individuat item in a business. Besides, the increase which went on the componies, most of it ixas from people who had land holding companios from abroad, or exempt companies and so forth. It did not affect the cost of living to the average man on the street.

I' see this motion Mr. President, as a
usuat tactio of the Members of the so oalled Dianith Teom. The team who woutd give a utopia if then were succeseful, to this Country. Eut my God, we are tacking in even seeina that utopia, much tess reaching it. Alt we see to personal character ascaosination by the First plected Nember for West Bay, and the other movers of this motion. I have seen aritioism teveled in the press, and it was ondy personalities against Captain Theo Bodden, "a sentor citizen of this Country. It is tme oaptain Bodden like many other Caymaniane may have acoumntated some wealth, but in doing so he has also done a lot for thio Countrys. He has spent a tot of his am time working freety for many, many years with the Mosquito Research thit. He helped buitd and provide the money for the Hett post office in West Bay. He has had a long involvement with the cruise stips. I know some of the Mempers witl be quick to say that he aot paid for it, and $I$ am sure he did. But if we did not have the cmise ships anchoring evert day in this port, this Country would be qosing a lot of money, and he has also helped us over the yeare to bury our dead. Why this vindictivences, it is hard to understand Mri. President.

One Member spoke about the Unitu Tean's flag carrier, where he had lost his bacon. I do not know who the oumer of the restaurant is. I do not know why he has let the Elected Member for North Side lose his bacon, but' as momy restaurants as have been opened under the Dignity Toam, and sinoe thes have thrown the aates wide open under the Liquor Law, I do not see where there will be any shortage of him finding a reetourant whieh with serve him bacon, and maybe aive him an estra strip of bicon if he uants itt. II hate to even have to reply to something like this in thia Howes but it doesrget rediculous to hear this type of footishness. I ion not know whether that particular restauront omer is now charaing a coltar for three strips of baoon, where he gave it cow before, beouse the is hoving to poy two doltare more for a oytinader of gas. I do not know if that is the reason why the arcument was brought in, or not, but it was quite irrelevant.

We hove heard the acousation of profiteering. Mr. Fresident and Members of this House, mry I ask you what is the profit being eamed in the phommaies of this Country? Do we have controfyover it? I am sure wo do ret, and peonle have to buy medicine. "They an go withow their. mopane gae, they amn go back to the caboese if they have to, but if they need their medicine they hrove to buy it, and yet no one has moved a motion in thie House to tie the hands of free enterorise bu saying 'leto investionte the pharmacies and see what their rate of profit is'.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN (CONTTNUTNG): One Hember spoke about the price of gasotine, and that it has been rechoed 19 aents. But may I remind him that if it frad not been for the increase in taxes under this Adminiatration, it would have decreased 24 cents, beonuse the inorease is roughty about five cents a gallon, vocording to what I have heard in this House: : So they omot oover what has been done, beocuse we were lucky enough that the oit prices worldwide went doum. Caribberm Utility rates would have deoreased tremendously if the new tares were not tevied on them.

The First Flected Hember for West Ray apoke about the Cayman people smiling in a nouple of months. It would be the fipst time since November 1984 that they witl have smited, if they are going to smile in a couple of monthe, and I hope they witl be able to smile. The Member said they would be amiling about thee extro money left after spending. I an going to ask that portiontar Nember and the other Members of this Houce, how wilt ther be able to smito after spending, when most of them have no work, and they hawe no money: what are they doing to omile about - poverty?

I see from the detivery given but the First Elected Member for West Bay that we have been aiven a warning, and I imagine that we can expect cnother heavy fee to be tevied against the tetephone company and the uxter company, because they are the onty two other compries which have franchises with fovernment that I know of. If we are going to increase tha telephone bithe any more thom they have been, we might just ae welt shoot down the aatellite.

Mr, Preeident, I will apologise for some of my speeoh, because it is not the type of thing whioh should be debated in this House. But this motion ehould never hotue been allowed to come to the Flotuse, beocuse it infringes on the piphts of free enterprise.

MR. RRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to spoak?
In that oase does the mover of the motion wish to exercise tho might to repty:

MR, W. MeKRGVA BUSH: Mr. President, I hat hoped that there miaht have been a more, responsible attitude on the part of the opposition, but I knew there wouti be opposition. But instead, they wove come here to protect theix political allies. They are good politiciane, so I gusse they are atlowed to do that, they have done so oner the many years I have been in public life. But, the main opposition to this motion oame as is usuat, like all the other motions I have brought to this House, from the two Eleated Members from Bodden Town.

Mr. Fresident, I have brought some ten motions to this Honourable House. Motions whioh with do a tot of good. for this Country, and they have not seen fitt to support them, and in turn, they have derraded me to the tovest, and yet theu stand up and talk about political viotimisation of their Unity feom members. Mr. President, I will forget all about what they have said, it is their usual rhetoric. I am not going to roplu to their foolionmese, but I do have something to lay down here, and I truot that when we reach four thirty, Stomding orders wilt he suspender in order for us to finish the work here this eveninc.

The second Eleoted Member for Bodden Toun stood and arcued aqcinst himsetf, ond argucd woinst evermthing which he has been expounding over the tast coupte of monthe, when he was screaming about the cost of eteotmioitu, screaming about the cost of aasoline. He ven watked out in Deaember and would not even debate the Bulget. Now the has come back and is now expmonith the wirtues of a CUC monopoty.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): One does have to wonder about him sometimes; a fekylt and Hyde. On one deasion he to one thing and on another ocoasion he is something else....

MP. G. HAIG BODDER:
Mir. W. MCKEEVA BUSF: then.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN:
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
TR. PRESIDENT:
Mr. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. PRESIDENT:
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: position from Mr. Fresident, $I$ have wot ohanged mit speech to Hou.
for opposing this motion. It is tudicrous he sait, and ludioroue the let unary tells me meons footishty, funnt, tourfable. Mr. President, let us examine his motion on CUC and see which is the most footish. 5re went on to expound the vixtues of att monopoties in the world, even those in cormunist countries. I m not so much arainst monopoties Irs. president, what I am aadinst, and I stated it in November or in December of tast year. What $I$ stood afrinst then, $I$ etond against today, and $I$ will continue to stand aainet it. I stand arinst the wh in which these monopoties continue to impose unjuetified and umarranted increases in cost to the man on the etreet. This is what. I stood against and $i t$ is what I still stand aqainst. Mi motion seeks to cosk Government to examine the siturtion. His motion aought to ask Government to tet GUC oontinue as it has over the years, bringing everything in and not paying Government anything. So what happens, the puthic is deprived of money which could be welt spent on services to the peopte. I witt come to some of these tater on.

Mr. President, weth firunes suptried bu the Propane Gas Company itself, the increase in licencing fees for this Company anountect to onty 11 cents per cultinter of gas, whioh is sold to the public. These firmures ommot be dismuted, and I believe that it is hich time for us to look at this aituation, anc Govermment. must do it in the obsence of prioe controle on my other form of protection which is not available to the pubtio. That licence fee which Gopernment noweased by the equivalent of 14 cents a cylinder, in my estimation, was only an attempt by the Govermment to aet back a tittte of the huge rofit which this Company ts making from the people who buy from them. iccording to the figures published by the Company, the Propane Gas Company has an over 90 per eent markip on a tank of ras. Thes amounts to about $\$ 18.00$ profit on each oytinder af aas. Mr. President, tett me today, does that sound to you as if they are being hurt, that they tre being wiotimised, viotimised by whom, hurt bu whom? Does it sound as if they are concermed about the pecple, when they inorease the price to the publice on that ame outinter of ras, th, two achlars. Mr. Fresident, Govermment must hove revenue to meet the increasing demand for better nohoots, for better hoepitalisation and betten soikt proyrammes, but the people who have made and are makina Zarge profits in this country, are the eme people who are orying orocodite tears for the little min: they do not core about the $2 i t t i$ te mm .

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSF (CONTIMING): After all Mr. Fresident, they do not need the services in the country. They can, and they do fty the ir sick overseas. They send their children to private boarding schools ond they really have no need for these semices whioh Govermment mat provide for the people. So you aee the notes is not for the benefit of the people, it is only made beoruse the now Govermment hat made that partieular Unity Team supporter pay. Mr. Preeident, this is what has happenes over the many years. Their auporters have got aucty, the big. supporters the ones who wind up the little mon and sends him on his way to campaign against this particulan Comermment. I am talking about the big ones, the importmit ones. What hos happoned dow through the years, is that the previous Govermment took off the duty on ohioken, they took off the duty on notatoes, they took off duty on every item on which they oould take off duty, and who got the benefit? imish that the Member from Bodden. Pown had gone juat a little bit further in explaining these thinge, but he knows when to ator, that is one good thing about the Member. This Mr. President, hae been the mentatity of those people. Govermment took off duty, or put on in this instance, duty on cigaretties and before the new shipment aame in the duty had been added and who was responsiblee for that - their bir surporter, their big supporter.

Mr. President, it is time that oun peopte be taken omre of. Att they were concemed with, and when $I$ say they I mean the previous Covermment. All ther wore concerned with wh pacifying the tittle man, telling him "You see what we have done for you, we took the duty off chicken". Ant what happened, the price was never passed on to him, it was increased in some instances. So They fooled the man, making firm believe that they bope doing such a preat job for him, and now they are soremine viatimisation, they say. Mr. President, this to one Member who amnot Urotimise onybodu. I have been more kind to Inity Taom sumporters than moybe I have been to my own.

Mr. Prest dent, the Seoond Eleated inember for Bodden Toum saty that we rre tying the honds of free enterprise, and infringing on the free enterprise system. Mr. fresident, I do not know how he never did it, but he inteniod to oertainty. If one lookes at one of his momifestoes which aske for prioe controls, I wonder why they did not inatitute it. They were always able to fool the people with their tittle chioken ind potato laws, and where the people received no benefit.

I have been agrinst', and t witt continue to be against these high profiteering people Mh. Tresident.

Mr. President.....

## SUSFENSION OE STANDING ORDER 10(2)

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. President, in aceordance with
Standing Order $\overline{3}$ I would like to move that Standing Order 10(2) be suspended so that we om finish the Business of the House this evoning six.

MR. FRESTDENT:
If the Member really intends to sceak for some further time we witl noed to. I make it cbout two minutes to go. and it thought he was going to finish.

MR. PREGIDENT: Welt in that oase, perhape we had better put the motion which the Honourate First offiotat Momber has just moved. that standing ordere be suspended in order to enable the Axsinese to . be completed tonight.

Does anty Member wish to speak to that?
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Tresident, I have to oppose the suspenszon of these standing Onders heoruse everyone knows that $I$ have advertised a mesting in Savannah toniaht, and it is necessary to make arrangenents for it. I did not expeet that this request for a suspension would hove arisen, and $I$ therefore must leavo. So I pergonallu omnot support the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad \therefore$ Does any other Menber wish to gpeake
I wht put the question.
QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES
M莫. PRESIDENT:
MR. G. HAIG BODDFN:
MR. W: MoKEEVA BUSH:
NF. PRESIDENT:

I think the ayes have tt.
Mn. Fhesident may I have a diviston ptease. Wasting tine.

Yes of courge you may.

## DIVISTON <br> MO. 12/A6

## AYES

Hon. Denntes H. Foster
IIon, Michael J. Bradley
Hon. Thomas C. tefferson
Hon. Benson O. Ehanka
Hon. W. Nomem Bodden
Hon. Capt. Chrmies h. Kirkeonnelt.
Mr. W. Mokeeva Bush
Mrs. Daphne I. Orrett
Mr. Linford A: Biexson
Capt. Maybry S. Kirikoonnell
my. D. Ezaard Mizzer

MR. H. MekEEVA BUSH (CONTINIING): Mr. Tresident, we Fave heard tatk of character assassination from the two Bodden Town Members, and those two Members should be the lrst to talk about oharocter assascination. The only reason why theu are not asaassinating the characters of the present Government is beause we are hore in this House and an defent ourselves. But they assassinated everybody, and maybe some whom we do not know about.

Mr. President, we have heand tolk about the raising of fees, and those two Members again should be the last two to talk about the raising of fees. They ompaigned nr. President in 1975 and 1976. They marched, and what happened, when they got in they ratsed the hospital fees, they raised the licencing fees. So Mr. Eresident, they raised it on aasotine, they raised it on liquor,: they raised it on the post office. I could go on and on. They raised the bank fees \$15,000.00 and they said that it would not hurt the little man, and they said they would take the duty off chicken ond potatoes and oatisfy him. White they were doing alt these thinas Mr. Fresident, no one suffered more in this Country than the little man on the street, who had to buy or had to have the services of those items which $T$ have fust mentioned.

Now Mr. President, they talk of character aseassination, and I want to anster it Mr. President, heanuse last week in a question here in the Houee what. I. had enid was misrerresented. We had one troublemaker wearing a hat, and aoing by the name of a voodle who was alling the relatives of that person to try and cause ath sorts of problems dow here. So, let it not be construed that this motion is a personal attack on ony partioular person in our oountry.

I see that our peonte are being oharged, and charged and charged and there is nothing to protect them. Do not rool yourself, salaries are not going up.

Mr. President, in olosing let me state mu aase again. I botieve in free enterprise, but more than that, I believe in free competitive entempise and I do not betieve that one otn hove free enterprise in the truest sense of the word untess there is competition. Therefore, when we tritk of free entcrmrise, the word 'competitive' is most imirortont, beowuse enterprise cannot be free without competition. fanane gas in this country has no competition, and the reason why prices have not been mased to ham is exaot thas those Members have put it, becauce the has been a Thig camier of the Unity tream.

Weti, I am here to do what is right for att my peopte. T witt not stand by and see peopte who and afford it, keep our little man dom, as thas been going on over the past years. In my short time here tin this House, I witt oontinue to to as 1 have tone these past aixteen months, I will pontinue to brind motions which $t$ feel are necessamy for the benefit of my poonte. We have mased the Fension Motion, a Motion for a Irabour Inco and these two howe been opposed by the two Membero from Bodhen Tom. Neverthelese, I with forgive them of their sine.

Mr. President, I peoomend this motion to the House, as I feel it is a gond motion. It io not a oharacter asacasination. It is not a victimisation of wy one penson in this Country, but the time has oome when these peopte munt see that there are people who represent the Country, whe witt do the right thing for its neople.

Thonk you Mr. Frosident.

MBe DRESIDENT:
The motion berone the House is Private
Member's Motion NO, 5/80, deating with oost of ltving thorecges. The. terms of which were read out by the mover at the tine he moved it.

BUEFTTON PUT: AYES
Mh. PRESIDFNT: $\quad$. deatane the motion anried.
MR. LTNFORD A. PIFRSON:
Arp. Trestdent, may I have a division
please.
certainty.

## DTVISION <br> NO.13/86

## AYES

IIon. Dennis H. Foster
IIon. Michael J. Eindley
Hon. Thomas C. Jefferson
Fon. Benson O. Ebanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Chartes L. Kirkeonnelt
Mr. W. Mokeever Bush
Mrs. Duphne L. Orrett
Capt." Mabriy S. Kirkconnetz
Mr. D. Etadard Mitter

MP, PRESIDENT:
AGREED BY MAOORITY:


I deotare the motion oarried.

PRTVATE MEMTER?'S MOTION MO. $5 / 86$ PASSED.

## TRIBUTES TO THE HONOURABLE FIGST OFFICIAL MEMBFR

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MR. PRESTDENT (CONTTUING): We are indebted to him for atz he hae done for us, and we wish him and his fomity every happiness in the future.

Tlunk you.
MR. W. MoKBEVA BUSH: Mr. Prosident, I would aleo like to add my oongratulations to the Member on his retirement, and to wish him Goa's speed, and God's bleosing.

I wove only been acquatuted with the
Member for some 16 months in this capnoity. I think $I$ have learnt to know the reason why certain things were done before, which I could not understand at the time.

Some people have asked whether I will miss him , and I witl say Mr. President, that I will miss his presence in this House, but I cannot san whether $I$ wint him to oome back or not. Mr. President, at times in the House we hove had heated debate, and I have had to think to myself 'Welt why did the Member take that nartioutar line'? But, we have a House comprised of Civil semonts with Elected Members, and so he has to defend the Civit sexvice and he has done a good job of defending the service.

Mr. President, I wish him Godb Blessing

on his retirement.

## MR. PRESIDENT: <br> The Third Elected Member for west Bay,

MRS. DAFHNE L. ORRFFTT:

Thank you Mr. president.
I count it an honoun to be able to wish the First Officiat Member everything whioh is good on his earty retirement. $T$ think $I$ oame to know thr. Foster when he wis persurded to move to Grand Coymon to work in the old Administration Building. and for the first fow months I did not think it would take very moch for him to leave, but he seemed to get used to the idea of being here. $r$ have to honestly say, that one of the deepest impressions which this gent leman has left with me is that he is truely a very dedioated Civit servant, and I say that with all honesty, that he was truely a very fedicated Civit Sorvant. I wish him every hapriness and God's Btessing as well as upon his lovely, faithfut ond beatifut wife and his daughter, and trust that he witi be here to look us up foirly often, if only to sit in the spectatore seat upstairs.

Thonk you.

MR. PREGIDENT:
The mected Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. Fresident, I too would like to wish the First Official Member a Tong, havpu retirement. I have worked for this Member in one eapacity or mother during the tasti 14'years. Even in here he is my boss in committees. It the been a luee hate relationship. We have had many gond times. We have had some herted dobates. He has offered me much advice on many ocoasions, and six he told me a fow nights ago that he was going to retire to do att those things which he has not done. Knowing him ooer the nast 14 years, I do not believe that there are many things whon he has not done. But sir, I truely wish him; and I beticve thio Country owes him a great debt for hio services, and I sincerely wioh him a happy and a lona retirement.

Thank you.

The First Elected Member for the Lesser

CAFT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, I too would like to congratulate the Honourable First Offiaial Member on a tong and dedicated oareer to the Guymon Istands. I have had the privilege of knowing him all my life. It gives me a funny feeling when $I$ come to give rettrement blessinge to someone in my age group. I realise that ir getting up the tadder myself. Eut neventhetees; having known him all my life, I Zearnt te appreetate him. When he moved to Grand cayman we considered it a terrific loss to Cayman Brac in the initiat stage, soon we realised we had gained a genuine perresentative in Grand Cayman.

He has tmely earned the respeet of all Coymtnians everywhere during his long carcer, and $t$ do wish for him a very long and happy retirement. He knows, without me having to say it, that he is always weloone in Cayman Broc. He has promised us that he will come there before he retires, and I took formird to the opportunity of having more to aay at that time. But forhim and his famith, I do wish for them all the vexy best for the future.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Seond Fiteoted Member for Geove
Town.
 exseption of a very small minomity in this House, I htwe knom Ap. Foster as a Civil Servant in on offieint danacity much Zonger than many, and I axn only bay that during the period I have known tim, he was most helpfut. He was alway a gentleman, a person in whom one could deeply rely uoon. I remomber that I got to know him reatly well during the late, merhaps earty 1960 's when: I whe the Internat Auditor for this Covemment. On my visits to Coymon Brace he took good oare of me, and at that stane $I$ was of course, mioh younger. I needed that support and he gave it to me, and also when he was moved to Grand Caymon, I believe that the position he left when he was momoted to his present position of Chisf secretart, $I$ was then mromoted to that position being Frincipat secretary for llealth, Fiduotion and Social services. So alt in att, thave hat a very entowate monking retationship with Mx. Foster, and I hrve found him to alwoys be a gentteman. shmebody in whom one onuld rety upon.

Mr. Foster, I would wish for you and your family a wemy happu retivement. We are aoting to be missing you. You witl be Costa Ricas'gain and our 7ose. I would have hoded to have seen you one of these Hays as the Speaker of this Howee, heaause I have heard the present speaker sai on man oceastons hat he wants some relief. But I do not beitisve that you are aoing to find a motion being brought to this House to have him relieved. You would perhaps have been the best person to have done that.

Mr. Poster, roxin I wont to offer you
$m$ stncere congraturations, and I moh you atl the best for the future. Thonk you Mr. President.

1R. PPESTDENT:
Welt, the Third Eleoted Member of
Feoutive Council caught my eue first.
IIOM. CADT. CHARLES L. KINRKCONNELL: Mr. President, boday I have mixed
reetings. Arr Dennes our Pirst Official Member has :horked hasd, has eerved this Country well, med he has been a vem dedioated civil servant.

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KTRKCOMNELL (CONTHDING): He has been a personal friend of my father and mother. He was the tabe person to hold the hands of my father when he departed this wortd. His kindness thet, I shatl never forget.

Mr. Foster has done an exoeltent job and he can rest ascured that it has been appreciater, if not by alt, by most of us. He has represented our Iolands well, Cayman Brac and tittle Cayman in particular. He has seen our Countri: move forvard. In the last 15 years it has moved forware 50 vears, and he hae coped with it well. We are going to miss him six, beause what he has is something which one does not get in a book-experience. We will onty miss him when he is gone. I am just sorry to know that this experienee is not going to be topped, it is too preciout. I do hope that we with find ame position for him where this axperience am be used. He certaintu. has left his footprints Sir in the Caymian Istands, and like the areat post said once:

> 'Iives of great men att remind us, We oan make our lives sublime, And departing teave behind us, Footprints on the sonds of time.,

HON. PENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. prosident, I too would tike to. offer my good wishes to Mr. Foster on his retirement.

My association, or mu personal oontact With Mr. Foster goasback some 30 or 31 years. I romamber Mr. Foster oming to Grand Cayman on a short attachment before he went to Turks Taland. Then in 1964 when $I$ went to tho Brac in a private ocapacity, that is within the private sector, I found Mrr. Foeterb knowledge and. ooncern of great vatue. There wan a specifio asse Mr. President, when a safe in the bonk stuck shat, and we had to brinc the locksmith from Jomaica to dmill the door, and Mr. Foster stayed thove until about one o'olook in the moming untit the dob had been dompleted. Not fust tooking on Mr. President, but hetping. Mr. Foster atme to Caymon sometime after, and from 1969-1976 when $T$ was in ftecutive Counait, and of course since 1981, it has been my pleasuro to work with him. For the period 1972 to 1976 I think it was, he was Prinoipal seoretary of the Fortfolio of. $H E S S$, and I betieve Mr. President that I would not be boasting to say that as a team we made simificant progress and a sontributions and much of it was due to Mo. Foeten's advice and his abitity to get things done. Of course I an aff four years on to that, 1080 to 1981 when $f$ have worked here in the Assembly with him.

Mr. Foster is mond the feu remainina in a breed of civit. Servonte who have realty aiven dedicated and unstinting service to this Country,s in whatever aproity he was aclled upon to do. One Momber mentioned somothing Mr. President about feeling a bit difficult, or funny when saying farewelt to Members, when they realise that they too are aetting old. I do not believe that Mr. Foster fo getting very old Mr. Frecident, although he has renohed retirement ace.

I betieve that why whe atwas seemed to
have quite a bit of fun together in wdition to our work, and what we were able to achieve, was becmuse 1 rr . Foster belteved in keoninh young. Ent. in spite of alt of that Mr, President, the welfare of the people and this Countri, were alwaus uppermost in his minh, and atuays of the areatest concern.

I think that this Countrus owes Mr. Foster a debt of gratitude. It is true No. Frosident, that for the tast severat. years, one might be able to sat that Mr. Fohter made masonabty well paid, Hut if one Tooks back to the time when he joined the Serivice, one an understand very easily that he had a dedioation to these Jolands, not found in many of his day.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUENG): Or he would not have been with us here today retiring at the level at which he io retirino. If he had been looking for money and fortune Mr. President, he would hawe done what mony others of his day did, and that is seek. tt abroad.

I would like to publically thank him for alt that he has done for this Country. I betieve that when he has enjoyed a bit of relaration and freednm, we might yet see him back in this House in a different oapacity, clthough he is now vowing not to do so-m I look forward to the day when we might hear that Mr. Foster has been nominated as a candidate in one of the Districts for election in this Country.

I wish for Mr. Foster, Mr. President, and his fonity, a long, happy and wezt deserved retirement,

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT: : : The Second Eleoted Member of Executive
Councit.
Mr. President, I too would tike to join
other Honourable Mombers in offering mu sincere congratutations to the Honourable First Official Member; our Chief Secretary Mr. Dennis Foster.

Mr. Foster, I feel has served this Country wetz. I cm sure that his collearues in the Civil Service with miss him. The public witt mise him for his sound advioe and kind assistonce.

I think Mr. Foster has been wise in taking his retirement at the time when . he has, when he is still able to hear all these nice things being said about him, and to see the people who are adying these nice thinge, and for the many yeare that he has left to enjoy, with his fine family, a wel. 1 earned retirement.

As I hove said before at another plnce and time, I feel that Mr. Foster has boen a fine example to nit civil Semonts, and in fact, to alt Caymanizne, of the heighte which oan be reached for those who are witling to apply themsetves welt. I woutd atso like to take that a step further, and to point out that it has been determination and hard work for 36 years, which has brought him to his present position.

In olosing, I would just like to point out that it is not as if he is leaving the Caymm . Iatands to ao and Tive in Costa Rica. As Honourary Counsel for Costa Pioa and the Cayman Islands $I$ would advise the Costa Fiom Govermment to only athon him to stay there for three monthe at a time. So $I \mathrm{am}$ expeoting him to bo back here quite frequently.

In olosing, $t$ offer mu sincere oonaratulatione to Mr. Poster, and wish him and his fomith every happiness in the future.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Fourth wiected Member of Executive
Council.
Mr. Presinlent, at though I have already
HON. VASSEL C. IOHNSON:
aid tribute to Mr. Foster on another ocozeim, I feel that $I$ ghould oomplete the round of Etected Members here, and pay a few worde of tribute myself.

Mr. President, reflecting back over
the years, we see ablc, dedioated and toynt officens of covernment moving into retirement, ond making way for younger people. This is what ln. Foster is doing now on his proposed retwrement.

HON. VASSEL A. JOHNSON (CONTINIING): Mre President, Iwortd say that the weatth of experience taken out by people like Mr. Foster and his retirement cannot really be purchased for love or gold. Those who are left behind, nevertheless an emilate people like Mr. Foster in oultivating the sort of loyalty and dedioation which we find in him. For Mr. President, in so doing, they with also gain ability and experience to do their job well.

I personatly want to thank Mr. Foster, Mr. President because he has been a tover of strength in this Govermment. I am sure that he oan retire with pleasant thoughts, for the work and the services which he has rendered to Covermment and to the Comtry over the yearis. I have no doubts that Mr. Footer assisted in buitaing and making stronger the fabric of pubiic tirust in the Govermment of the Cayman Islands, ana" I only hope that others wilt continue that fine example.

I would like to wish Mr. Foster and
his wife, happy and pleasant retirement. I would also hove that they will live their retirement in pleasant thoughte, because Mr. President. pleasant thoughts to everybody and to every thing is. what we know as the real art of living.

It reminds me of the worde of wiltiam Tarclay, when he said that the acoent of love witt penetrate where the tone of anger with never find a way.

I wish Mr. Foster etvery happiness in his retirement. We hate to see him go, and we witl mise him too Mr. president. We witl mise him here in this Chamber, we will miss. him in Executive Council and we will miss him in the Office of Chief secretary. Nevertheless, may I say farmelt and pleasant retirement. Thank you sir.

MR. PREGIDFNT:
The Second Official Member.
HON. MICEAEL J. BRADEEY: Mr. Tresident Sir's I of all the people Th the House today am the person who is probably least able or teast worthy to join in the tributes which I have heard, because I have Known Dennis Foster, I have been priviteged to know Dennis Foster onty a short four pears.

When sixs $I$ was in my regional job in the Easterm Caribbean, and making my farewelt tour when $t$ kneu I was coming to the Cayman Ielands, peopile in Antioua, in Betize, in the British Virgin Islants, in Turks and Caicos and other places, said, 'you must look up Dennis Foster', he is a areat friend of mine'. And that Sir is what hennis is, a great friend, a areat person to hove. I think the quility of friendship is not judged in wearo, but in how it develops between peonle, and I hope that I car say to Demis that it has developed between us.

He sir, has served the Civit Serviee of the Cayman Islande, and when you serve the Civit Service of the cruman Istands you serve the people as welt as the Govermment of the Cayman Istands. For a long, long time he has beer an ambassador for his Country in many parte of the world, in London, in Turks and Caicos where ever he has gone. He has been a prime examle sir of serviae above self. He has been an honour and a opedit and a flag oarrier of a selflese Civit Service, they looked ut to.

And sirs it was not until I was sitting here listening to these validictory speeches, thrt I realised quite the number of Eleated Members in this House who fad served under him as a Civit Servant, and I could not har: apeonlate whether the Master would follow indue couroe, the ecme pathe as they hat taken.

HON. MICHAEL \%. BRADLEY (CONHINITNI): In Executive Councit Six, I had the privilege, as we alt had, to sit with him and often as you know we got ourselves into lengthy complieated intrioate discuesione, and it was at moments like those that the simplicity and dinentness of mind of the Chief secretary was invatuable, beoouse he weed to at across a discussion with one simple sentence and oo dipectly to the point.

I Sirp, an proud to have"sat beside
him here in this Assembly. To wave listened to him as leader of Covernment Business and the toteranoe, humour and patienee which he brought to that joh, and for the refreshing interchange of comment that we had as we sat here. I feel sire that perhaps the onty disaduantage that the Cayman Islands has in its riaht decision not to seek independenee io that it witl not have the privitege of acoording to Dennis Fosterr, the supreme acootade of honowir which I feet he would no drubt deserve and get. I onty hope sir that hennis, upon his retirement witl have that retirement brought to the notioe of the appropriate authrities, so that sir, some single honour mand be given to him as a person who rightiy dererves it.
the. President Sir., T too wish Dennis
good fortune, good speed and say 'Well done though good and faithfut. servant'.

ION. PHOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Fwesident, it is aertainty going to be a sincere fose to the divit service, to have Mr. Foster depart on his retirement in about six weeke tinne. The has hetped to moult the Civit Service into what it is today, and he should take fult aredit for it, In recent years I have worked :..... oreeth aith him. having an office next door to his, drid i must suh wis cutance whioh he thas given me over the years, but partioularity in the last form vears has been invatuable. His judgemente, his ordiality and his ruidance on oocasions I think saved my booon.

I wian for Ronnis, Reba and carta a tona, heathy and enfoyate retirement. We hope mp. President that he will call upon us from time to time tust to moke sume that what he has moulded and left behind io stit. on the same track.

I am sure that alt members of the
civil service who witt tater have their oun farevell for him, with be holding him in the respect which this Honourable House does, and Mr. President, again, I wish for Dennie and his family good heath, tong retirement and bots of prosperity.

FON. DENNIS H. FOSTER: $\quad$ Mr. President, I am very sorry that we are having to keer eyerybody over time, tut I with be vem brier sir.

I would like to thank you wnd att the Nembers sir, for the kind words which have been spoken. I have ooupied this seat here during meetings for the Zaei ten years. It has been most enjoyable, educating and rewarding. Yes Mr. Eresident, I received quite a few lioks during those ten years, I quee a few too, but the beauty about it wre that a wwas after, we could have a lovelu conversation or a mitual convereation with the person who aave the ticks.

Terhaps, the most axoiting experience
that I can reatl during that ten years :rs one mominy we were about to start a new Session, thd we ecme dom as usuat a ocupte of minutes before and the clerk had suddenty beome itl and we had no deputy, and I was faced with a dilemma. Anyway Sir. I humpedly aot one of the Clerks who is now an Executive officer here on the present etaff, sat her down there and told her what the har to do, and we manajed to get through the day without ony hitches.

HCN. DENNIS H. FOSTER (CONTINUINF): Mr. President, it had been a ontequive Working with the Members, and the staff past and present. and thank God, I' wres atways able to get on pretty weit with all of them sir.

Mr. Fresident, I äo not woit anybody in the Cayman Islands to get the impression that I an leaving the Catman Istands Siri. I simply have a tittle place over there with plenty of aood fruit where I woild tike to entoy a ouple of monthe out of each yerre. For the time that I om goind to be auday from here sir, I do not think that anybody with really even miss me.

Mr. President, I would like all the Membere to know that I will be conetiontly proying for them, that peace and hamony witt exiet in this House, aty for the betterment of the people and the Country.

Mr, President, in closing, let me say this Sir. Together tue stand, divided we fatl. It takes a lond time to buitd up but it does not take long to break down. To the Members, work together.

Thiank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Thank you.
May I' invite you to move the adjourment
now.

## ADJOURNMENT

HON. DENNIS H. FOSTER:
Mr. Preaident, I move the adjourmment of this House untit Mondry May 19th 1986.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think actuat ty Monday the 19th is a Fhblic Hotiday we have discovered belatedty. I think the adjourvment should be until Thesdau 20th. He is triting a trick on us beause he is not going to cone back, that is what it is.

MR. D. ERZAFD MILLER: Yes, yes he wonts us all to show up here with the Buitding tooked.

HON. DENNIS FOSTEF: I I Am sorry . Freaidents I move the adjoumment of this Ilouse untit. Tuesdoy. May 20th 1980.
AR, PRESIDEN?: The question is that this House do now

The ayes have it, thut before Members aotuatly adjoum, perhape I may say to them that our hope $i s$, and the hope of the staff of the Assembly too, that they with att take just a few minutes to spend in the Members Roon on the wh out, where they will find something wating for them.

QUFSTTON PUT: AGREED. AT S.2O R.M. THE HOLSE ADUOURNED UNTIT.
10:00 A.M. TUESDAY, 20th MAY, 1986.

FRESENT:
HITS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, OMG, CVO - FRESIDENT

GOVERNMENT MEMDERS


ELECTED MEMBERS

| Mi W MokEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMBEP FOR THE FIRST ELECCTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| :---: | :---: |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THITD ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FIAST ELECYORAL DISTHICT OF WEST BAY |
| 4R LINFORD A FITERSON, JP. | SECOM ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| OM\% MABRY S KIRKCOMNELL | FJRST ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLAMDS |
| AtE JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR TEE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTIRICT OF BODDEA TOWM |
| WF G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| $4 R$ D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FLFTH ELFCTORAL DISTRICT:OF NORTH SIDE |
| MS JOHN B MCLEAN | ELECTED MEKGBEF FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTITICT OF EAST END: |

## $O R D E R$ FAFER

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SECOND MEETING OP THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY
(Commencing Thasday, 20th May, 1986)

## 1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY
8. ADMINISTRATION OF OATH
ST
HON LEMUEL HURLSTON - IHIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER (ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FORTFOLTO OF INTERNAL AND EXTERNAE AFFAIRS)
3. PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS

FINANCE COMMITTEE REPORT (Meeting held 9 th Aprit, 1986)
TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HON THOMAS C IEFFERSON, OBE, JP, CHAIRMAN OF THE STANDING FINANCE COMMITTEE, FINANCIAL SECRETARY, FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER AND LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.
$\therefore$ QUESTIONS TO HONOURABLE MEMBERS
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBEK RESPONSFBLE FOO FINAFCE' AND DEVEZLOPMENT
NO. 36: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBER SAY THAT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT
OF REVENUE COLLECTED DURTNG $1 S T$ TANARY TO THE $31 S T$ APRTL,
$1986 ?$

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOHN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOVRTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIDXE POR DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

> NO. 37: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER SAY WHY DID GOVERMENT NOT FUT A SIDEWILK ON NORTH CHURCH STREET IN ERONT OF THE BUILDING NOW OCCUPIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBEK FOR WESY BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIELE FOF FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT
NO. 38: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHETHER THE TINANCIAL CONSULTANT' IS COMPLETING HIS CONTRACT?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESPONSIELE: FOR DEVELOPMENT AND

[^10]THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSIELE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 40: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER GYVE THE COMFARATTVE PRICES CHARGED TO GOVEHNMENT BY EXECUITVE AIR AND BY ANY OTHER COMPANIES USED FOR AIR AMBULANCE SERVICES?
5. GOVERMMENT BUSTNESS

BILLS:-
FIRS: AND SECOND READINGS
(1) THE PATENTS \& THADE MATKS (AMENDMENF) BILL, 1986
(2) THE PRISONS (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986
(3) THE LEGAL PRACTITTONERS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(4) THE PENAL CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(5) THE MISUSE OF DRUCS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(6) THE FOREIGN JUDGMENTS RECIFROCAL ENFORCEMENT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

SUSFENSION OF STANDING ORDER CE(1)
(7) THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

SUSTENSTON OF STYNDTNG ORDER 46(1)
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TUESDAY
$20 T \mathrm{MARY}, 1986$
10:00 A.M.
FIRST DAY

MR. PRESIDENT: The Assembly is in Session. I invite
the Thind Eleated Member fox West Bay to say prauers.

## PRAYERS

MRS. DAPHNE L ORRETT:
Almighty Gods, from whom all wisdom and power are domived: We beseech Thee eo to direct and prosper the detiberations of the Legislative Ascembly now asoembled, that all thinge may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of Thy Nome and for the safety; honow and welfare of the peopte of these felands.

Bless our Sovereign Lady Gueen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Fhilip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles Trince of Wales, Diana Princess of Wates and alt the Royal Family. Give grace to all who exercise outhority in our Commonverith that peace and happiness, truth and justioe, religion and piety may be estabiished among us. Especially we proy for the Governor of our Islands, the Membere of Ereoutive Cownot and Manbers of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfulty to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

Alt this we ask for Thy great Nome's sake. Amen.

Our Father, which art in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done, in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that tixespasc agcinst us: And lead us not into temptation; but deliver us from evil. For Thine is the Kingdoms the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lond bless us and keep us: the Lord make His face shine upon us and be gracious woto us: the Lord lift up His oountenance upon $u s$ and give us peace now and atways. Amen.

## ADMINISTHATION OF OATH <br> OF ALLEGIANCE

MR. PRESIDENT:
Third Official Member.
GON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: I; John Lemuet Hurlston, do swear that $I$ witl be faithfut and bear true gltegionce to Her Majesty Queen Elizabe th II, Hew Heirs and Succesaore, decording to Levw. 50 Help me God.

MR. IRESIDENT: On behatf of the House, may I wetoome
$\overline{M r}$. Furtstons the Administrative Secretary as a Member.

## PRESENTATION OF PAEERS AND REFORTS

MR. FRESIDENT: Presentation of Fapere and Reports.
Finance Conmittee Report - the Honourable First Official Member.

## REFORT OF THE STAND ING FINANCE COMMITJEE

(Meeting hetd 9th April, 1986)

HON. THOMAS C JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I beg to lay on the Table of this Honourable House the pinance Commttee Reoort of gth Aprit, 1080.

MR. PRESIDENT:
So Orderec.
HON. THOMAS C JEFFENSON. Mr. President, the Finanoe Committee upproved on Wednesday, 9 th April, 1986, CId281, 320.00. The detaits of that sum, Mr. Eresident, are as follows.

> Head or (Folice) - Capital Sub+Hecd $40+018-$ Vehictes

A sum of CI $\$ 50,000$ was revoted from the 1985 budget because the vehteles were orrierod in 1985, but are due to arrive in 1986.

Head 10 - Sub-Head 10-001 - Compensation
A sum of CI\$21,000 was provided for an Inpmigration officer who sustained injury at the time of carrying out his officiat duties.

Head 10 - PereonneL Health
A sum of CI\$113, 740 to defray the operational costs of the NCSS Fines Rest Home Butended Care Unit for 1986. Funds were erroneous $7 y$ omitted in the budget for 1986.

Head 19 - Sub-Head $01-051$ - Stray Dog Erogranme
A sum of CI\$28, 330 was provitud to assist the oost of the Stray $D o g$ Frofrrane, and Honourable Members and the pututic witl no doubt reeall the difficutties experienoed: early this year along Seven Wite Beach with strity doge. I am happy to repoxt today, $M r$. Prosident, that the situation appeare to be arrested.

Head - Capital - Sub-Hecal 11-0IZ- Harboura B Docks Sub-Head 41-020 - Purchase of Lards
A sum of CI\$68. 750 wae approved. "CI\$53, 750 to meet the oost of procurement and payment of stomp duty on the properties Block 1D, Parcel 34 and Blook 1E, Farcets 35 and 4. This property, Mr. President, ta being purohased to provide a boat bosin and launoting romp intended to meet the neede of looal boat operators and, in the future, oruise ship tenders and to enhance the faciltties. during MiLlion Dollar honth Fishing Tournonent, now an annual event.

## The 'Ladu Michetle's

Finance Committee atso agread that a motore vesset nomed Lady Michelle, confiseated on drug oharges, ant the Courts having dismissed the appeat by the ouneres wos forfeited to Govermment. Finance Conmittes agreed that the motor vessel be retained to be used by the Dietriot Comrisotioner and the Folice Department in Caymon Brace for the purpose of offohoe dutios and for use in mough weather when the present smalles tranch cannot operate. The estimatied value of that motor vossel, Mr. Fresident, is CI\$ 30,000.00.

## NCSS Pines Retiroment Home

Firally, Mr. Presirdont, Financo Conmittee agreed to a request which was made by NCSS. Iuring 1988 , Covemment granted a Zoan of CIS 300,000 to facilitate the completion of the Pines Fest Home and Finanoe Committoe aproved that that loun agreament be cunended on medifieg. Those modifications, Mr. President, are as follows:

- That the tun year moratorivon on repayment, approved by Executive Councit on 11th Aprit. 1985, be canoclled.
- That the interest rate of st per annum, arread upon to be applied to the reducing toturoe outstonding", be reeoinded. with retrocetive effect.
- That the monthly rental of $\$ 1, \$ 56.62$ withhetd by the Treasury for the period of Apmite to Deomber, 2985, amounting to $\$ 13,109.58$, ptus the receupt of cheque for $\$ 1.890 .42$ making a total of $\$ 18$ s, 000 be cocepted by Govemmont as a principle repayment for 1985 and that the belance outstanding be reduced acoordingly.
- Thit as of 1st taruany, 1986 the rent for the Gomiatrio Unit (\$19.456.62) puis a paytrent from the Fines of $\$ 2338$ per month making a totat of 81,500 por month or $\$ 78,000$ per annum, be applied for reducing tho ongoing batcnee outotcincings and
- That the arrangement as act out in the above paragraph, oontinue for the next $14.2 / 3$ years, theroby kocring whithin the time-frome of 16 2/3 yearester whith the wom shoukd be repaid as agreed to in 1984.

The request was made as a method of improving the dashflow of the NCSS.

Thank yous"Mr. Fresident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
In cecordanoe with the provisions of Standing Order $67(4)$, the reonmendations are deemed to have been aproved.

QUESTIONS

Mir. FEESIDENT:
Questions, The Seooncil ELioted Member
fow West Bay.

NO. 36: Can the Honourable Member say what is the total amount of revenue ootheoted during Ist Jonuary to the 30 th Aprit. 1986 ?

ANShEfi: The revenue ootlectod for the period 1 st January to 30 th Apriz, 1986 amounted to $\$ 27,601,116.00$.

SUPFLEMENTARIES:
MR. G. BATG BODDEN: Mr. Eresident, may I ask the Honowrabze Member if he can telt us how this figura compares with the coltections during the same periods that ie January to April 1984 and 1985?

$$
\frac{\text { HON. THCMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Fresident, } I \text { an abte to give the }}{\text { Comparison for fonuary to Aprit } 1985 \text {, and the ancwer ie \$22, } 298,226.00 \text {. }, ~ . ~}
$$



HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Frosident, if I gine the wrong answer. I hope the Member will apeak to mo agoin as I was trying to detcrmine whether we had a baltpark figure to dive him for the similar period in 1984. I com afraid we do not, but it is about the same amount - it is about $\$ 20,000,000.00$.

MR. RHESIDENT: " I wondor whether the Aonourable Member would oare to undertake to obtain and provide the questioner with an acourate figure if that is possibte?

HON. THOMAS C. UEFFEHSON:
Yee, Mr. President, happitu.
MR. RRESIDENT: If there ie no fupther supplementary, I
invite the Seond Elected Membor for Bodden Town to ask the next
question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEE FOR EODLEN M TNL TO ASX THE GONOURABLE FOURTH
 MATTIRAL RESOURCES

NO. 37: Would the Honourable Member say why did Govemment not put a sidewatk on North Chureh street in Front of the buitding now ocoupied by the Department of igricutture?

ADSWEF: The Agricultural Department moved into their new offices during the woek of 17 th February, 1906. The work on the buitding has not yot been completed and Govemment intends to put the sidewalk in front of the offices of the Department of Agriculture at eome future date.

## SUPPLEME'NTARIES:

WR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Fesident, may I ask the Honourabte Member if he krows whether it is correct that the Phanning Department insisted on the Henderson propertys which is adjacent to the offices of the Agricultural Departments providing a sidewatk before the occupied premises, ond whether a double stondard existe?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Mr. Epesident, there is a main differeme between the two properties, one is a nee buitaing and the other is a renovated building. I cm aware that it was a oondition of planming approval that the Honderson property build a sidewalk as a part of the planning approvat, and I an also aware that the some stipuzation was made for the renovation of the officee now ocoupied by the Agrioultura? Department.

MR. G. HAIG DODDEN.
Mr. President, do I understand the मुonourable Member to say that it was a stipulation thot the sidewatk be put coim before the Henderson property be ocoupied and that the other property which is ouned by ofverment ocn take its own sueet, time and put down the sidewatk, if it likes. in the jutures?

MR. PKESIDENT:
Inde not reatly think that was a supple.. mentaxys it was more in the nature of atatonent.

If there is no further supplementary. the seond Elected Member for west Fay may aris the nert question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMIETT FOR WEST 3AY TO ASK THE WONOURAELE FIRST OFFTCIAL MEMBER RESFONSITLE FOK FHANCT AND DEVELOLMENT:

NO. 38: Can the Honourable Member state whether the Finumaiat Coneultant is completing his contract?

ANSWER: The Finandial Consuttant ompleted hie last two-year contractual engagenent with this Govermment on 31st December, 1985, Howver, ho was granted a three month extension whith would have aupred on $31 s t$ March. This extension was subsequently oancelted, as the Finaneiat Consutant proceeded on locue without ripst obtaining my permiseion.

## SUIPUEMENTAHIES:

MR. Wh: MoKEEVA BUSE: So you fired him then?
MF. PRESIDENP: Order: Order! The Member must ask questions. He must not make stutements.

MR. W. MoKEEVA TUUSH: Mr. President, that was a question. Did the Honourable Menber proceed to get the Finanaial Consultant's oontract terminated then?

MR. PRESIDENT: TU. . F think that is what has been stated already in the first answer:

MH. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: *. So you fired him?
(HAUGHTEA)


HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Tresident, the Finoncial Consultant received gratuity to 37 ot December in keeping with the suecessful oompletion of his originat, oontract.

MP. D. EZZARD MILLER: : Can the Honourabla Member atate what was the stm of gratuity patd to the Financial Gonsultant?

MF. PRESIDENT: I do not really think that the Honourable First Official"Member oan be expected to answer detailed questions like that unless you put down substantive questions. I williallow ham to answer if he has the figunes but I think it is unveasonable to axpect him to come armed with figures like that unless you give him motice that you are going to ask.

HON. THOMAS C. IEFFERSON. Mr. Preerdent, I must ady I do not have the actual figure.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Can the Henourabte Member state why an antwincement was not made in the prees that the oontract was terminated?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: To the best of my knowledges Mr. President. there are no Govemment procedures whioh require that the terminations of cony contractual officeer be put in the paper.

MF. W. McKEEVA BUSH; A supplementary. Mr. President. Can the Honourable Menber say whether that position is now open?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSCN: The answer, Mr. President, is yes.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: . Con the Honourab te Member etate when it is going to be advertised.as a vacont post in Govermont?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: It depends on the Head of Department's view as to whether the services at that level are required.

MP. PRESIDENT: If there is no further eupplementary. if the Eleeted Member for Nopth Side really wonte the precise grituity figure, I am quite prepared to ask the: Honowable Fixet Offieiat Member to obtain it and provide it for him. Do you.............?

MR. D. EZZAFD MILLER: No, Sir. I am iust interestec to notice the difference in the treatment between foreignerg and Caynanians.

MR. PRESIDENT: Order! Order!
If there is no further supptementary, the Second Elected Member for Bodden Toun may ask the next question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOF BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOUFIH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUXCIL TESSONBIBLE FOF: DEVETOFMENT ANI NATURAI RESOURCES

> NO. 39: Would the Honourable Member state what is the aoet of constmution on each cemetery vault by Govermment and its sale price?

ANSWER: The cost of construation of each cemetery vault buite by Goverrment during 1985 was \$425.00. An additional \$25.00 wae ohorged for the phot maktho the finct sate rrioe of each vautt \$250.00.
In 1986, the oost of onnstruotion of each vault was increasec by $\$ 25.00$ making the jinal acle price for each vaulet $\$ 475.00$.

SUPPLEMENTARY:
Mh. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Freaident, may I ask the Member. if these figures also apply to Cayman Brac?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: Mr. President; the oost in Cayman Brac differs from the cost in Grand Cayman. Labour I think is cheaper in Cayman Brac, and so vaults oan be buitt at a. lowar cost.

MR. PRESIDENT:
If there is no further supplementary, I
invite the Second Elected Member for Weat Bay to ask the next question.
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESFONSIBLE FORZ MEALTII EDUCATION AMD SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 40: Would the Honourable Member give the comadactive prices charged to Government by Executive Aix and by any other compontes used for Air Ambulance services?

ANSVER: For the past two years, all Air Ambulance semices have been booked and paid for through Erecutive Air Services. During this time the number of Govermment-arranged transfers amounted to thirteen (13) at an average cost of CI\$5,376.74 for each transfer. Therefores no comparative prices exist.

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Supptementary Mr. Preeident. Is it posstbte for the Honourable Member to give the figure which was ohrpged before this arrongement?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: NO, Mr. Fresident.
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, I wonder if the Mertber mould undertake to give it to me in whiting? I know what it is, but for the record.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: If ouch a figure is avaitable
Mr. President, I will widertake to get it.
MR. PRESIDENT: If there ts no further supplementary. we pass on to titem 5. Goternment Business - Bitis, Finst and Geoond Readinge.


## FIFST READING

CLERK: THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENT) BILLs 1986
1R. PRESTDENT:
The Bith ontitied a Bill for a Law to amend the Fatents a Trade Marks Law, Laure of 1075 is deemed to have been read a First time and is set doum for second Reading.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
BON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, I move the Seand Reading of a Bill entitted a Bitt for a Low to amend the Patents \& Trade Marks Law, Law 29 of 1975.

The Memorandum of objects and Reasons states that this Bill seeks to amend the Patents \& Trade Marks, Law 29 of 1975, by providing for a system of recording service marks under the uxisting provisions of that Low. parallel to that existing for Patents \& Trade Marks.

Mr. Ppesident, as alt Honourable nembers are aware, under the Patents \& Trade Marks Law, Law 29 of 7975 a system of registration has been set up, whereby the rights to patents and trade marks which are registered in the United Kingdom are extended to the Cayman Islonds. However, to date there is no provision for simitar treatment to be extended for service marks. Just the same ae a trade mark is a mark used in relation to goodss a service mark is used in relation to services in order to show the connection with some person us company as having a might to such registered semice mark. It is stated that a service mark can be a device, a nome, signature, word, letter, numeral or any combination of any of these, $t$ betieve a good example of a service mark is the logo of our nationat Airline, cayman Airways. The registration of this Cayman Ariways logo in the United Kingdom, which would extend rights to the Cayman Tstands, indicates that Cayman Airuays is the owner of such a Logo, and that it oannot be used by other persons or companies without permission from them.

This ghort amenting Bill Mr. President, seeks therefore to provide a system for the registration of service marks, the same as is already in place for trade marks and patents, by introducing a new section numbered in the pitz, as 10A which ie set out in clause 3. There are also consequantial ohanges in the long title, to substitute the words "and Trade Marks" for "ITrade Marks and Service Marks". Atso, in Clause 4 there is an amendment to add the words "Service Marks" after the word "Fatent". This is a very straight formard and reasonable Bill Mp, President I reconmend the Bitl to the House, and would ask Members to give it theip support.

Thank you.
MP. PRESTDENT:
The question is that a Bill entitied a Bill for a Low to anend the Patents \& Trade Harke Law, Law 29 of 7475 be given a Second Reading.

The motion is open for debate. No
Member wishes to speak. I will put the question.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. BILL GIVEN A SECOND READING.

THE PRISONS (AMINDMENT): BILI, 1986

## FIRST READING

CLERK: THE PRISONS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
'TR. PRESIDENT:
The bitl entithed a bitl for a low to arend the Prisons Law, Law 14 of 1975, is deemed to have been read a First Time, and is set doum for second Reading.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE PRISONS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: : Mr. President, t beg to move the Second Reading of a biti entitted a bitt for a law to mend the Trisons Law, Lrw 14 of 1975.

The very short Memorandum of objects and Reasons in connection with this Bitt Mr. Preeident, has one sentence onty, and it reads:
"This Bill seeks to delete from the Prisons Law a reference to
the Finger Erints taw 1964, which due to the repeal of that Law
is now unnecessamy."

- $\because:$

One could, therefore, refer to this amending Bill Mr. President as a consequential amerdment, very brief. The clause which contains the onendment seeks to momove the reference to the Finger Prints Law 1964.

The Finger Prints Law was repealed during the December sitting of this House, and ame into operation on the same day as the Evidence Amendment Law oame into operation. The Finger Prints Law 1964 was repeated in favour of new provisions made in the Evidence Amendment Law which enables the Potice to prove previous convictions and give evidence about the Finger Frints of acoused persons.

Section 27A of the Erinoipal Law to which this conendment refers, is the Section which makes provisions for certain documentation of prisoners. That Section is quite short, and $f$ will fust read tt for the benefit of the Honourable Members. It suys that a convicted prisoner on recoption inte Prison, at the conmenoement of his sentence and at such subsequent bime as the Director may require, shall be" whotographed, measured and not withetonding anything to the contrary contained in the Finger Frints Law 1964, shatl have his finger prints taken.

Having repeated the Finger Prints Law, 1964 the reference in this particular section to it now becomes redundant, and this short amendment Bill Siriveeks to remove the reference to anything not withstanding anything to the contrary contcined in the Finger Prints Law, so that the section would then simpty read that as the Director may require, prisoners shazl be photographed and measured, and shail have their finger prints taken.

I commend the Bizt to the Honourable
House Sir.
The question is that a bitt entitled a
MR. ERESIDENT: Bill for a Law to amend the Pmisons Law, Law 14 of 2979. be given a Second Reading.

The motion is open for debate No
Hember wishes to apeak. I will put the question.
OUESTION PUT: AGREED. BILL GYVEN A SECOND READING.

THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (AMENDAENT) BILL, 1986
FIRST READITNG
CLERK: THE LECAL PRACTITTONERG (AMENDMENT) BTLLI, 1986
MR. PRESTDENT':
The Bill entitled a Bill for a Low to amend the Legal Eraotitioner:s Law, 1969 is demed to howe been read a First time, and is set dow for seeond Reading.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (AMENDMFNT) BTLL, 1986.

> HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mresident, Sir, I beg to move the Second Reading of a Biti shorty entitted The Legat Practitiomers (Amendment) Law 1986 . This Mr. Eresident, is a short Bith, and as ban be seen from the Memorondum of Objects and Reasons, there parts to it.

Clacuse 2 of the Bitt seeks to remove from the principal Law, the necessity for the approval of the Govemor in Council to the admission as an Attomey-of-Law of my person who does not possess Caymanian Statue.

Clause 3 seeks to make a minor amendment to Section 12A of the Lrw, as a necessary consequence of the passing of the Caymanian Protection Law, 1984, and by Clause 4 it is sought to inarease the annual practioing fee to CI\$500.00.

With your permiteaion Sir, I propose to go into the changes and the reasons for the changes in these three olauses in a little more detait.

With relation to Clause 2, which reads:
"Section 3 of the Legal Practitioners Lail, 1969, in this Law referred to as the principat Low, is amended by deteting everything apparing after the word "qualification" in the third and foumth lines of subeection (3)."

As that cubsection (3) of Section 3
of our 1969 Law presently stands, it reads:
"The Judge may for due cause refuse to admit any applicant to practise as an Attorney-at-Low notinithotarding that he may possess the prescribed qualification and shatl not admit any applicant who does not possess, Gaymanima status within the meaning of the Caymonian Protection Law, 1971 without the consent of the Governor in Councit.

The comendment seeks to omit the last Words, so that it woulta strmply redit The Judge may for due onuse refuse to admit any applioant to practies as an Attomey-at-Inaw. notwithetanding that he may possess the presomibed gualification".

The Legat Practitioners Low was passed in 1969, and at that time made for the first time within the Cayman Islands provision for the admission of persons to practise as Attorneys-at-Iaw and provided for the rights dutiea and oftigations. It set out at that time the qualifications whioh were needed to enable you to be enrotited here, and also provided that ecritain persons who were at that time carrying on the business of Lat Agente; should upon the coming into force of the Law, be enrolted as Attormeys-at-Law, At that time we had no organised or regulated legal professtion. At that time the oomeroial and finonoiat infrastmotipe whioh is now setf evident in the community, had barely started to develop. So it was thought fit and appropriate at that time, since it was new to the Cayman Istands, the concept of Attorneys-at-Law described by stritute, that a safegurrd should be built in there, that the Governor in Council, the exeoutive arm of Government should be cuare of, and should approve applioations. This was, I presume at that time designed to onsure that there was a watch and a control. However, that Law Sirs anti-dated by two years the 1971 Caymanian Protection Law, and in the 1971 . Caymanian Protection Law, which is still on our statute book now, and has been looked at, revised and imuroved and modernised many timess as the needs of our community deveioped.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): In that Lai, wao set tup a Protection Board, and now at the present time when any person who is not possessed of Caymanian Status seeks to work within these tstande, there is a requirement that such person shatl under gection 24 ot the Onymanian. Frotection Low, that such a persen shalt require a gatmput Decupation License.

In the tho there are provided the ariteria which that Board must apply to Attomeys-at-Iaw as wotl as to ons other person in deciding whether or not to grant such license. And a rumber of the ariteria set out in Section 27 of the Cajtianian Protection Law are important and relevant. They dhati in considering any applioation and subiect to any general direction when the Governor may from time to time give in respect of the consideration of such applieations, take into acoount the availability of the services of persons already resident in the Islands, the protection of local interest, the eoonomio ind sociat. benefit which the applicant may bring to the Istands, or enhanoed by his presence, and generallys the reaviremente of the oommuity as the whole. Wot only are those oriteria to be taken into account when the poard oonsiders whether or not an Attorneu-at-Law should be given a Cainful Ocoupation License. There have been under the authority directions. genem: directions by the Govermor in Councit, and in relation to the gront and renewal of Gainful occupation Licenves, the re were fresh directives made in February of last year, and those direatives inelude as No. 7 that persons or organisations applying for the grant or renewal of Gainful Ocoupation Licenses shall satisfy the Board that (a) no Caymanian staff in their employment are suitable, capable or able to fill the position for which the apptication is made. (1) They have made efforts inotuding advertising for at Zeast two issues in tro consecutive weeks in a local. newspaper to ascertain that firstlys no suitable. bapable or able Caymanians are available outside the orgaisation and secondiy, failing such availability, that no suitable, oapabte or able restdente are so cuailable, and in order to satisfy the Boards sidyt forward with any application, copies of alt repponses received frof Ctynamicons and residents, and (o) adequate staff tratining programes where appropriate have been instituted to reduce the futime need for overseas reoruitment.

Those are general directives, not only are there general directives to the Coymanian Protection Board, but thepe uere made in May of last year direotives relating in particular to aplications for Gainfut Occupation Licenses in respect of Attorneys-atInw. And there is this directive to the Bocra. In the case of an aplication made under Section 25 of the Law in respect of an Attormey-at-Low, the following provisions shall apply:
"(a) the Board shatl consult with the Attornay General; (b) the Board shall establish a policy of not giving a partner of a firm any greater security of tenwe thom any of its former emplowees; (o) the Board shalt ensure that no Zicense is granted if the result would be to crexte a situation whereby the tegat profesclon became dominated by one or two firins; (d) the roard shatl notify the Attorney General of every license applied for or granted. (e) no License shall be aranted except in exceptional circumetances to persons wishing to enton into setfemployment; (f) no license shat t. We iesued to any person who is not ordinamily resident in the Telonds, or who does not intend to be so ordinarity reaident."

It was thought Mr. Fresident, Sir, that with the experience and with the reputation and thoughtfulness and carefulnees and integrity, that the Caymanian Frotection'Board has that there should be appropriate at thit time for there to be removed the qualification and restriction presontly ormatned in the Law, that the eaceutive arm of Govermment should hove the power of veto of applications for a particular form of em loyment, nomely nttorneys.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTTNUING): When such veto power or restrictionc are not in place in respect of any other type of professional or other employment in these Islands.

It is not intended to open a floodgate of expatriate lawyers ooming in here. It ts not, and will not and carnot be used because the Board has firstly under the Lxw, the general miteria to consider under Section 27. The Board secondly, has the general directionsgiven to it and the Board thirdly, was the generat Jirections given to it in respect of Attorneys-at-itaw.

I, Mr. President Sir, as you know am as Attorney Generat, responsibte for the Cajman Istands Law School. It is a responsibility which I take very seriously, and a responsibility of which I am proud. I think that in the four years that the Cayman Law School has been established with the aim of locally training and quatifying Caymanian Attorneys, that it is proven to be an outstanding success and a success that is signified by the fact that we have reached agreement with a leading University in the United Kingdom, namely Liverpont University, that the course of training and examinations undertaken for the course of Attormey-at-Law of the Cayman Islands in our Law Sohool, with qualify towards the awarding of an axtermat Bachelor of Lows dearae from that university.

I an determined Sir, that every Iow Stude: who qualifies in the Law Sohool as an Attomey-at-Law, and the Law Students who qualify abroad, and there are still several of them coming back, witl have the opportunity and the abitity to enter the profescion and to be members of that profession, and not to be deterred or handicapped by having to compete unnecessarity with expatriate lauyers. It is the hope, that without any damage to our commercial or finonoial interests that over the years, as the Law School twoms out qualified tawyers at the rate of four or five a years that these lavyers with be absorbed into the profeseion as a whote, and the need which does exist and has existed in the past, and witt exist for a number of years, to support our very complicated, very intensive and of "a very high stondards legrat fraternity here, will continue.
$I$ would not be standing here moving this, if I thoughtMr. President, sirs that there was any danger or any possibility that by removing the restriation, by pemoving the executive control of the admission of Attomeys, that in any way, the people of whom I am so proud, the newily about to quatify Caymanian Attorneys, would be in any way at a disadvantage. What I an seeking to do, is, to place the legal profession in the same category as all other professions who seek to have expatriates admitted to work within these tstands.

Mr. President, Sir, the econd Ctause of the Bill, I do not think need be sometring that we take much time over. It is merely up dating a cross-reference to the cogmanian Protectiom Law, by substituting the year 1984 which was when the tast Caymanian protection Low was passed for the word "revised".

The third change made, or proposed to be made by this Bitl is to increase the fee for the Annual Mractising Certificate of an Attorney-at-Law in the Cayman Istands, from the present Zevel of CI $\$ 300.00$ to a new tevel of CI\$500.00.

Ritumour has it thr. President that Attorneys-at-Law practising in the Cayman Islands are not the most underprivileged commaty within our shores. I think that an increase from CI\$300 to $\$ 00.00$ is something which is perfoctly aceeptable to the profession, and especiatly, since the reason for the increase is to be able to help fund the new series of Cauman Law Reports, the first volume of which, will come out in the middle of this year, and it is hoped to have an annual volume each year.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): The cases which are being reported and judged upon in our own Grand Court, the Courtit of Appeal and in the Frivy Council where they relate to the Coyman Istands: are of suffieient importonce, and of historic worth that the time has oome to have such annual series of Low Reports rather than rely on the off ohance that it may be ineluded in the West Indiom Lars Report series.

Mr. President, Sir, may 7 commend this Bill to the Members of thie House.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The question is that a bitt entitled
a Bill for a Law to amend the Legat Fractitioners Loul, 1969 be given a Second Reading.

The motion is open for debate.
DEBATE ON SECOND READTNG
MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresident, on receiving the Bith I did have some serious doubts and conoern regarding the Bitl. The Honourable Attorney General has sought in detail to explain what the Government felt it was right to do.

Mr. Fresident, the Executive Council in this Country is elected by the peopte, the majority of Executive Councit that $i_{s}$, and there are deritain areas where the buck cannot and must not be passed. I feet that this area mader present circumstonces is rone area where they should be on top. As I have satid, the. buck should, not be passed to some other arm of Government.

We have, a Liw School here from which Caymanians will soon be graduating, native borm. Caymanians that is, who, and I am oasting no aspersions on conybodys who if this amendment is passed may find themsetves in a fietd apaddeds so crouded that their hard-aamed qualifications could become usetiess,s

I heara the debrite and the reasons. given, but it still dues not stop nut concem sir, and I must pose the questions which I have had in muf mind since the begtnming. What is the use of epending on a Lccu sohool to trat stuthents who with wish to become lowyers and then open up the fload gatessybeause this is the possibility. No matter what excuse can be given this time, that is the way I see it," and that is a posstibtituy.

I just carnot accept the reasons given, and I am not going to support it. Mr. Fresident, I have some lauriep. friends, and some who woutd prefer to see me extinguished. Nevertheless. I have a duty to perform, and I have to go acoording to how I feelw: and I feed that this is not right at this time.

Mr. President, the other matter with which I am not too satisfied is the fee which is prescribed here, moving it from CI\$ 300 to CI $\$ 500$. Mr. Fresident I think the Attormey Generat put it comeotly when he said that they are in a very tuorative businese. CI\$500 Mr. President for a lowser in thie oountry today, whether it io a certificate oi whatever, else he is gettings is a little bit too littlo: too little. We have just raised taxes on our people, the people are not finding it easy to meet some of the raised fees. Some of the bueiness... I have taithed to some people - smatt. businesses I am talking about. Then are finding it hard to operate, and we are going to oharge these peorte who can make CI\$16,000 to CI\$18,000 off one oaso alone, no that is not right. I cannot support it. It should read at least CIs, 000 Mr. Eresident, at least CI\$2, 000 .

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Before closing Mr. President, I will. say that I have some good feelings about the Protection Board. I believe that they witl use their diseretion, that is today. We do not know what will happen next year, or the next, So as far as allowing peopte in here, and saying that the Protection Board urit have the tast say because of the work permit, is not good enough for me. I hold these people responsible, because the people outside are holding me responsible. They are not holding the Protection Board you know, they are holding me I an going to hold them.

I'am not going to support it.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Second Elected Member for George Toun.
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Mr. President, the Rilt before us, a Bill for a Low to amend the Legal Practitioners Lau, 1969 has one or two good parts in it. But $I$ see that there are aleo some objectionable clauses in this Bitl.

Mr. President, under the Memorandum of
Objects and Reasons, Clause 8 of this BulL seeks to remove from the Legat Practitioners Law, 1969 the necessity for the approval of the Governor in Council to the admission as an Attormey-at-Icos of any person who does not possess Caymanian status. This Mr. President, amends Section 3 of the Legat Practitioners Laws 1969. In my opinion, Mr. Fresident, this is the most objectionable part of thio Bill. My question Mr. President, $i s$ why $i_{s}$ this Lxw being amended in this manner at this time?

The second question Mr. President, is what is the real motive behind this amendment? Thirdly, Mr. President why remove the pestriction and adfeguards oontained in the Degat Practitioners Law, 1969 whereby it was necessary for admisaion of Attormeys who do not possess Caymanian status to be approved through the Executive Council?

I congratulate the mover of the Bill
Wr. President, in his presentation but $I$ an stitt to hear from him the real reasons for the amendment. In opening his presentation, he mentioned that he would give the reasons for the oharoes, ow the purpose of the changes and the reasons. The purpose of the ohanges war fairly welt outlined, but I cannot say that I have received a satisfactory explanation of the real reasons for the amendment.

Mr. President, whikst it might be viewel as undesinable, to have control of admiseion of Attomeys in the hands of Executive Council Members, it is equallz undesirable or maybe worve, to have control of this sensitive issue in the hands of the Law Society and other major legal firms in this Country. These people will invariabty make recommendations to the Proteation Board in their own favour.

If the arendments proposed today
Mr. Fresident, are approved by this House. we the Members of this Legislative Assembly will be taking on the resronsibility of reducing our mon graduates and fellow Caymanians to seoond alase aitizens in this Country. We witl indeed, be opening a ftoodgate. for att and sundry tc enter and prastice as Attorneys in the Cayman Tolands.

By the admission of the Honourabie
Second Official Member of this House, he has stated his concerms in the positive, that there will be no problem with people coming into thie Country. I wonder Mr. President, if there is a reason for him makinci note of this particutar eoncern. It could be that he sees the possibility of this danger creeping in to this Country.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUTNG): Mr. President, I houe kept a very close scrutiny and attention on all the direetipeg which paes from youraelf to the Caymanion Protection Boand, and I belicve the Attorneys are welt protected under some of the directives which have been passed to the Caymanion Protection Bowrd.

Mr. Preaident, there should be a olear directive to the Caymanian Protection Board that grant or refusal of a work permit is not based solety, or influenced by the recomnendation or otherwise of the Law Society. This is one of my greatest concems Wr. Preaident, tnis has to beborme in mind "Executive Council is ultimately answerable to the people of the Cayman Islands, the Law Sootetp is not, and I would like to emphasise that point.

Pr. Presidents tif this conendment is passed
boday it would be tantamount to say that Executivep Councit was abrogating their responsibility to Caymanians who are already lawyere, and who witt. in future qualify ae such. They witt be teaving the maion deaisions to individuale within the law Society and other major legat firms, who could have their oum nelfish motives. There ape very few expatriate lawyers in this Country Mr. Fresident, who do not find the Cayman Islande a very nice place to live $i n$, and who are not making a very luorative way of life, or salary or standard of living. It is therefore, not in their best interests to want to have Caymontano remove them out of these positions. It is therefore inowment on our Government to protect: our people, thue the reason for hoving an arm of Govermment called the Caymanian Protection Board. Many times Mr. President, some of the actions we see we wondex how protected the Caymanians are, and whether the name should not have a more appropriate ohange.

Mr. President, it is a fairly wet established fact that aertain lan firms in tho Country witl not aceept lawyers in their fixms untess they happen to be from Ivy League Universitiven. There is this arpogance in this Country Mr. Fresident, and of the average of five attorneys whom we have ooming aut of our Law Schoot, that are not fortunate to be from these toy League Untureities. We have an average of five over the next four wears; which withgive us a totat of 20 and there are more. What are we planhing to do with these tanigers? Will they be given the menial tabk of muning to the Land Registry and taking the little gonja cases, and doing odd bits and pieces around the office. When in fact, they will be owarded thetry LL.B. dogrees through an English University. One of the first questions we hear Mr. President, is the lack of experterce. But when and where will they get the experisnow if they are not given the oportunity.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Does the Nembre axpect to continue for oome further time, if so, would it be conventent for him if we took a brag now?

WR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Yes Mr. Fresident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Very wett then, Tintl suspend prooeedthas
for approximately twenty minutes.

AI 11:25 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPFWDED
HOUSE RESUMED A9 11:G\% A.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Please bo seated.
The Second Reading debate on a Bill for a Law to amend the Legal Praotitioners Law. The Second Elected Member for reorge Toum.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. President, it is notmy intention to make a long debate or speech here today, because like Lord Manoroft, I believe Sir that the speech is like a love affair. Any fool can start it, but to end it requires considerable skiti. So I want to end this speech white $I$ feel that $I$ an still ahead.

When we broke a while ago for refreshments, someone said to me that I should not give them too much hell. Well, I retorted that I never give them hell, I iust tell the tre th and they think it is helt.

Mr. Frebident, what we have here is a very serious and delioate issue. My objection to certain areas of this Bill. is not intended to be reflective of any. insensitivity on the part of those concerned with the Bith, or with the mover of the Bill. This is certainiz, not my intention Mr. Eresident, beacuse I feet that the mover of this Bit2 made the presentation with ainoerity and is indeed a man of integrity.

Mr. Presidont, I have before me here a
letter from Mr. O.L. Pantom who is the past Chairman of the Caymanian Frotection Board, and I think Mr. President it is: very appropriate to what we have before us today. In this Zetter, $t$ will not go into the detaits of it because each Member of this Assembly has been given a copy of this letter, but he too is expressing his grave concem at the proposed mendment to the Legal Practitioners Law, He asked the question 'must we not think of our own flesh and blood?: Mr. President, I eeho those sane sentiments. Does charity not begin at home, and other questions. $M r$. President, even in his civil positions even in his position of not being connected in any way politically at this time, he as a concerned aitizen of this Countriy is expressing his grave concems.

Mr. President, I would not want it to appear that I am opposed to expatriate Attorneys in thite Country, this would be a wrong impression. As a matter of fact I rave a number of fiends who are expatriate Attorneys in this Countmy but the tssue bofore us today goes much further than friendehip. It is an issue of vationat importance, it is an isoue which witt affect jach Caymanian tawyer who will in future come out of our Law sotopl, or qualify in some other manner. My position Mr. President ie not new to this House, because I have in the past expressed my strong support in favour of Caymanians. But I also made it quite atear, even in my political manifesto that the answer ies not replacement of expatriates, but it means working toge ther. In my potitical mani festo whioh I published for the General Elections in November 1984, I made it quite clear that I betieve in integration of Caymanian professionals and not the reptocement of the expatriates. But such integration Mr. President does not mean that Caymanians must take a second plase position in their om Country. $I$ said in my manifesto that, and $x$ quote:
"In our mapidly developing finoncial oommanity it is not reasonable to suppose that we can produce in the short term the required number of lawyeris, accountonts, bankere and others loally with the neesssary expertise to enaure a proper expansion and development of this Country. I. betieve that the key to successful Long-term development of the financial industry, is integration of the Coymanian professionat, not replacement of the expatriate. "

The term "expatmate" here Hr. Fresident is used in its broadest sense. Many of us when we refer to expatriates feel that we are onty talking about Engltish expatriates. But this is not the case hexe. We are talking about expatriates in its broadest sense. whether they be Canadians English, Amerioans, Tamaicans or whatever. I am using this term in its broadest sense.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr:. President, there are aertain expatriate employers who feet that they are doing Caymanians a speciat favour, amploying them insentior positione win their firm. This arrogance, this type of attitude must coase, and it is the Members of this Assembly, in generals and in partiowdor, the Members of Executive Council who must see to it that this attitude is minimised. That everything is done to reduce or to minimise the attitudes which now prevail within some of the firms, sapeaially within some of the aooounting firme, and also the legat firms. It is time Mr. Fresident, that they reatised that Caymanians must be recognised on merit, "and"not" casually brushed aside. This is my main concernMr. Prestadent. Not the fact that they will not be given some position in some firm, but the fact that they will not be property and adequately reagnised on the basis of their merit. They will be left in some menial tittle job in the offioe, draftim this contrat or the next, raning to the Land Registry and so on and 30 forth.

White on the equbject of this amendment
Mr. Tresident, it must be borne in mind that voting, and I strees this. voting in the Low: Society is not pepresentatitue of the wishes of tocal Zegal firms. The wesult is that the langer low firms in this Country carry the mafority of votes, and effectivetu control the decisions of the Society. We may here say that the Society is made up of Caymanians and expatriate Zawyers alike. But the truth of the matter is that the larger firms in this Country are dominated by expatmiate Attomeys who effectively control the Law Sooisty, and they calt the shots. This is why it is so important that this senstitive areds and this sensitive tosue is under the umbrelita doontrol of peopte wh know, Members of our Executive Council.

Mr. Prebicient, it is most important that applications from law firms to the Caymanian Protection Board be viewed very carefully, and that the law firms be required to advertise the positions in the local media, and when I speak of advertising Mr. President, I am not talking of token gestures. I am not tatiking of a situdtion where a Lapher has atready been interviewed, but to satiafy the requirenents of the Frotection Board, an adverticenent. is ptaced in the caymanian Compass. I am talking of genuine advertisements, and that these should be treated with the seriousness which they require.

Mr. President, I' believe that even with Caymanians, that their positions in this conmunty, the financiat commonity and in our society should be on the hasizs of merit. But Mr. President, the only way in which this can work justly, equitabty, is if the Calmanians are given an equat ohonce.

Mr. President, in my opening remarks I stated that my main objection was in respect of Clause 2 which seeks to amend Section 3 of the Legal Fractitioners Iaw, which with effectinath delete the seotion deating with the supsmision and approval through Brecutive Councit. Clause 1 of the Bitl io the short title, there is no problem with that. "Clause 3 of the Biti socks to amend Seotion 12 A , which would seem to be arconsequential change, and Clause 4 of the Bill Mr . Eresident, is anended by subetituting CI\$500 for CI $\$ 300$, which would seem to be reasonable; in view of the fact that lawyers also have to pay a trade and business license as a professionat.

In closing Mr. President, in the ciroumstances I am not satisfied that there is iustificable cause for amendment: proposed to Section 3 of the principal $Z a w$.

Specifically Nr. Fresident, I feel that
it would be in the best interests of caymanians to have admissions of expatriate Attorneys approved by our lixeoutvo Council.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTMUUTVG): Mr. Mresident, I further feet that this conendment was designed and inepired to satisfy the wishes of orrtain privileged individuats who are in the minority. Mr. Eresident, with those few words I cannot in my best consoience support the anendments to the Legal Froctitioners Law, 1969 as proposed.

Thank you, Mr. president.
HR PRESIDENT:
The Seond Elected Member for Bodden Trom.
MR. G, HAIG BODDEN: $\because \because$ Mr. Preaident, I am not easily surprised By the aotions of the Government. But this Bitl really astonished me. It seeks to liberalise the procedure for Attorneys-at-Law to practice in the Cayman Istands, and the Bili astonishes me because $i t$ comes at a time when the Govermment should be seeking to further controt the admission of foreign Attorneys.

We have heard about the good work being done at the Law School, and we know that next year in August, five students will graduate as Attorneys-at-Law from that schoot. In 1988 four mone students will graduate. In 1989 another five students will graduate, and in 1990 yet another five students: wit graduate and so on. So the school seems to be about ready. to train arrd put into the work foroe an average of five new lownexs per wearn The admission of tawtere in the past seemed to have doubled up sinca the Iast Eleotion. Between November 1983 and November 1984 there were five tauypers who did not possess Caymanian status enrolled as Attomeys-at-tand, Oht of these. throe were replacements and in that year only timaditionat new lawyers were admitted. But aince December 198 asmat the present time Which is less than two years, we find that oix now additional Lowyere have been admitted. In fact, eleven in all werr admitted, but we need not oount the additional ones. What I an concemed about is the actual growth in numbers. So that while between $198 *$ and 1981 we onty had two cumitted. We find in the next one and a hatif thers we have six additional. laujers admitted, and for the sise of the profescion which we have, the percentage increase seems to be abromally high. I would think that the Goverrment would have been concemed about the phenomenat arowth in this professions, and would have taken actionseontrary to that whioh tas been proposed in this Eitil.

The fonourable Gecond Official. Member gove some of the histom behind the Legat Enaotitioners Law, whioh was introduced in 1969. What this Law aid at the time was to not only mak. the present law agents Attomeys-at-Iat but affeotivelty controlued the almission of Caymantans into the fietd of Law. Beanuse, it is my underatonding that it would have been very difficult for any Caymanian other than a very wich one to become an Attomerat-Law, because with the law as it existed between 1969 and 1976 the Attorney-at-Law would have had to be trained in London or sume ather place. So the Legat mactitioners Low made it very diffioult, made it impracticat for Caymanians to enter this fields, untess they had the resources to be trazined abroad. Ilowever, after the 1970 Etcotions certain changes were made to the Legal. Practitioners Law which altoval Caymanians to be trained in the Cayman Islands by the Law School. whioh was established, and so after being sxcluded for many years bu oircumstances oreated by the 1969 Lcus, there is now a ray of hope for Coymanians to be trained in the field of Low, and so enter into the wow Foree here.

The Government would not dare to shut doum the Low sohool as it has done in some othan areas which provided muoh needed training for tocal people under loal oiroumstanes, where the knowledge could be gained without coatly sonooling abroad.

MR. G. HALG BODDEN (CONTINUING): But the Govermment has done wowe thath shut dow the Law Sohooz. With this anendment they have opened the floodgates to foredign Attormeys who will now be able to enter the services here, providing they satisfy the Caymanian Frotection board, and the Jucge of the Grand Court.

One speaker, and I betiave maybe two, mentioned that the Caymanian Frotection Paard is not anowerable to the Thotorate, and so the voting public canot romove them from offioe, if they perform badly. The Eleoted Members of Txecutive Counoil are oubject to the controt of the aleotorate, and are answerable for any area in which they fail to perform wetl. 施at is really happening here is that now therecan be, as far as the electorate is concerned, no say it all in the admisaion of people into this sensitive area of the work force. I an not going to make any guessas as to the reasons why the Exscutive Council is now, by this Dill, shedding their responsibility to the electorate of this country. I oan on?y say that it is a fact that: like Pilot, they are washing their hands olocn.

We have tow firms in this Country who
continually clamnex for the admiosion of expatriate lawyere, and is Executipe Council afraid to say no? It is my understanding that tauyers can be found very easily in the United kingdom. Can bre brought here and worked at very low salaries under contracts which would frighten anybody else. I hear that there are ever nastriotions as to where the lawyer can work when his two-year oontract is rus, and prohititions on many other thinge. But because of therewoplua or trayers in the United Kingdom, the firms are able to find lawyers, some of them very good, to wro for them in the firms here.

But tints question goes much deeper than meets the eye. I see it as a matter of potioy for the Government. This is one of the most important areas of the work force, beoause these Istands are a tax haven, they are a finmoiat oenter, and therefore the lawyers who work here, on the numbere who come here shoutd be a matter of voticy for the Govervonent, and it is my futt beltef that if Executive Council washes ite Frands we this important policy matter, they would not be able to fulditz Section 7(1) of the Constitution, and would not be in a position to advise the Governor as recommended, on the formulation of potioy mations under Section 7(1) of the Constitution.

The Honourable Second Official Member tima to make it simple by showing that in order to be admitted, the lauyer must, not only have Executive Counclit permission, but must alto satisfy the Protection Bo ard and the Judge of the Grond Court. I think reference was made that this type of oontrol does not exist with other professions, but I do not betieve that that is so, because in the instance of Insurconce Agents they have to obtain a license under the Insurance baw which is issued 7y Exemtiwe Council. Should Concit feel that there were too many tnouranca Agents and too mony applications for foreign agente, councit might welt deny an application in that field. Also, other professionats like the doctors for instonce. are subject to the control of a Medical Fractitiorers Board, and oannot puatice medicine unless they receive a liosnse or a permit from the Board.

## Excoutive Cownct ommot get mid of

this responsibizity which has dogged the heots of every Executive Councit over the last 17 years, so it is mposition that Council has a resporsibility to the people of these fetands to gucruntee that whon the law Sohool starts turning out its lavyers, that the Frecutive Coturit can find thempetves in a position where they can sot the polioy, so that the now laugera will not have difficulty in tinding work.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUING): The other amendment to this Law seeks to increase taxation and on principle, I have to oppose it. We have heard that the Low is a lucrative field, and I have no doubt in my: mind that it is. But, it does not become lucrative until after many years of hard work and study. We have seen young Caymanian lawyers trying to go out in the Cayman Islands to make a living, and some of them have suffered during the early years of their practice. Becauee we know that the Banke and the Trust Companies who control most of the Luorative work, channel this work only to selected lounjers, and the young Caymanian putting out his shingle in this hostile climate, finds it very difficult to make a living during his early years, and the increase in this fee is not going to hurt the established lanyer who is making a quarter of a mitlion dollars a year. It is going to hurt those young Caymaniana who are coming out of the Low school next year. They are the ones who are going to feel the pinch, and I am not for putting this fee to. CI\$2,000 as has been reconmended, I am not for putting it to CI\$500 as recommended in the BiLL. If it is eonsidered that the CI\$300 now in existance is too much, tet us make a reasonable inorease and put it to CI\$350. I saw this happen in an instance which I know of personally, when we increased the fee for Insurance Agents by 50 per cent at the Budget Session. It was not the established Agent who was hurt. The Agents who were hurt were the new ones. I know of one schonl leaver who had paid the CI\$100 fee in October, and was asked on 1st Januamy to pay another fee of CI\$150, and he had not earmed in that three months comprissions equal to CI\$250, although he had been earing a satamy. These are the people we have to aonetider. So, when we ady that lawyers make a lot of money, this is not always true. The lawyer does not make a lot of money until after he is welt established in his practice, and has put a few years behind him. Then, we have to remember that there are Caymanians abroad, whom I believe are studying low and who may not be earning any money during this period, and they. come back here and they are faced with loans to pay off. They are faced with setting $u p$ an office, if they are going to work for themsetwes, and many of them do struggle to get their foot in the door. This is why we annot tolerate this attitude of 'tax and be damed'. We must consider the people at the bottom of the ladder.

Now, we know with the gtudents who are coming into the workforce shortly, that if things go well for them in another ten years or so, they should be well established and quite able to pay any fee. But, I am in sympathy with these people, and as the taw covers all of them, they will have to pay this fee. And in. fact, I see this increase in this fee as another blow to the atudents who witl come out of the Law School. Not only witl they have to compete with people who will be vying for the job from abroad, perhaps some of them with degrees, even better that pur taw students may acquire. But, they will be hit by this new fee, and I am neally wonderini who it is the Government is trying to help? Is it the Caymanian who is stmuggling to make something out of himsetf? Are they trying to hetp the ones who spend many hours in study, hoping for a better position? Are these people being given any encouragement at alt by the Government. I trust that as there has been no support at all for this Bill, that the Govermment with see fit to withdrofe it.

Also, there is a letter which has come to me, as it went to other Members of the Assembly, from a local Attorney. A man who had started from soratoh in the profession, and has earned the respect of his fellows at tho Bar. . He is concermed, perhaps there are other Attomeys out thene fust as concerned, but perhape not as outspoken. I believe the studonts at the Low sehool must $\bar{b}_{e}$ trembling with fear and trepidation, but they are not opening their mouths because they fear the reperoussions which might oome if they are too vocal in their ariticioms.

MR. G. HATG BODDEN (CONTINUTH) ithis one Zetier is an indication to me that there is concerm out there, and the Elected Government has the responsibility to not let this important issue fall outside their hands.

MR. PRESTDENT:
I think, rather than invite another
Member to start speaking nov, and perthop have to interrupt him quite shortly thereafter, tit may be convenient if $I$ suspend proceedings for lunch, and suggest that we resume at approximately two fifteen.

AT 12:40 T.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:23 E.M.

MR. ERESIDENT:
Please be reated.
second Reading Debate on the Bill for a Law to amend the Legal Fractitioners Law. Does any other Member wish to speak? No other Member rises. I shall..... the Member for North Side.

MR. D. EZZARD MTLLER: Mr. Eresident, I have Iistened with interest and intrigue to the debate on a Bill for a Low to amend the Legal Practitioners Law, 1969.

Whitst I can agree with some of the sentiments expressed by the previous speakers, $t$ an glad sin to ase the Bitl before us, which is going to memove the approval of Attomeys from Executive Council. I nevervelt in m. oun mind Sir, that this was right. I think, like the doctoris and other para-professionals in the medicat field, we are alt licensed by a Health Fractitioners Board, but that in no way gives us the right to work and the Country has not been flooded by uppications from doctors to be registered here. Even though in thie instance the laurjers will now be ticensed by the Grand Court' Judge, et cetera, I do not think that there is going to be a flood of professionals, beeause it should be made alear to these people at the time, or if they are called to the Bar, that they witl still require a work permit issued by the Caymanian Protection Board, in order to work in the Cayman Istands.

Now, some of the statistics heard this morning Siry, one in particular was that in 1984 there were onity two Attorneys licensed by Executive Counoil, whereas since January 1985 until now there have been eleven licensed. Now sir, I am not here to lay acousations as to why that was. Certainty. I have heard many people expond on how strong the economy was in 1984, and how the Country was booming during 1983 and 1984. So the blame connot be laid on an economic footing. It leaves one to wonder if there may not have been some victimisation through the control of the number of Attorneys being licensed by Executive Council.

Mr. Preaident, I betieve in free enterprise, supply and demand, as many of my colleagues in this Honowrable Chamber do, and I think we should allow supply and demand to work here within the confines of the work pormit having to be $i$ ssued by the Caymaniom Protection Board. I do not want us to get into any sociatist areas of Govemment, where the Elected Members who have the majority on Executive Council, do in fact, determine when a person can be tioensed as at Attomey. Beoauso Mr. President, it is true that they could keep foreigners frombeing ligensed here, but it is also true Mr. President, that they could atso. keep Caymanions who qualified at the INw School and in other flelds of enceavour from obtaining a license from Exeoutive Council, if that particular Iawjer or low student happened to be a vocal person who spoke out against the policies of Government or something similar.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUTNG): So Mr. Preaident, there are two sides to the coin; and I would profer to dee; as this Bitl does, the lawyers or attomeys treated like all the other profesaions. They are licensed by their peers, so to speak, and are subject to the test of a work permit by the Caymanian Proteation Board.

I agree too Sir', with inoreasing the annual proctioing fee, but $I$ atso feets, while recogniaing that they do in fact pay the Business and Lioense fees and other fees payable to Government, I also believe that then are not among the least fortunate of the professionals in this Country. I betieve they could stand a littles move than CI500. So if an amendment was brought forward to increase it, $I$ would support $i t$.

Thank you.
MR. PRESTDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?.
The Second Elected Member of Executive Counoit.
HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Me. President, I rise to support a Bizl. for a Low to amend the Legal Fractitioners' Las, 1969, simpty because I beliave that regardless of which way it is termed or interpreted, in my view actually, the control technically and legally remain in the hands of Exeoutive Council. To my mind this Bitt seeks to regutarise an anomaly in as much as the Caymanian Proteotion Board should deal with applications for gainfull occupation ticenses in alt eategories of labour, whether they be accountants, bankers, insurance agents; lauyers or domestics.

I am satisfied Sir, that this anendment does not diminish in ony respect, protection afforded to tocat attormeys. Since, in any event, provision is made for Executive Council to issue directives to the Caymanian Protection Board, and any Board which is seen to be too tiberal in this or in any other regard, the authority still remains with Erecutive Council to act as they see fit to correct any unaceeptable situation which might develop.

I feel Sir, that in some respects, it is a duplication of procedure, and as I have said, this amendment does not diminish in any respect, protection afforded to tocal attomeys.

As regards the increase to the fee from CI\$300 to CI\$500, spread over a period of a year, the additionat CIS200 is a negligible amount, and I do not belisve that any attorney would squawk at having to pay this additional amount, whether they are an old established firm or just hanging out their shingle to start their business. I do not believe that this will adverrely affect the situation, Mr. Fpesident and I give this Bill my support.

MR. PRESIDENT:
First Elected Member of Executive Comoti.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. Fresident, I rise to support thie Bill Sir. I know that much has been read into it, but I think it is innocuous and appropriate:.

In 1969 when the Legat Practitioners Low was introduced, there was no Caymanian Frotection Board, and it was appropriate at that time that somebody be regarded as the regulatory body, as to the numbers and as to the necessity for persons of nonCaymanian status having the permission to work. The Govermment of the day thought that that was best placed in the hands of Executive Cownoit. From 1971 we have had a Caymanian Protoction Board, formed under the Caymanion Protection Law, which in all other respects oontrots whether or not persons of non-Caymanian status work within the Country, and it seems only appropriate that this provision as regards Lawyers be placed. within the Protection Board as well.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): Rxeoutve Councit has not passed the buek, or shirked its responsibilities in any way Mr. Fresident, $b_{y}$ this proposed action. The Caymanian Frotection Lat gives to the Executive Council the statutory right to pase directives on to the Boards that is generial directives, and to me it is onty fair that Attorneys-at-Law be treated in the same fashion as ony other ocupation. To whom would they apply or appeal if Fxecutive Cownoit is pronouncing on them in the first instance. As the last speaker said, itt tsan anomaty, the appeltate body of the Cayman Protection Board is the Executive Council, and it is a case of, as it now extsts, of "appeating to Caesar unto Caesar'. This does not in my estimation diminish in the least the protection which Attorneys-at-Lat of local arigin will be afforded. As the mover pointed out, apart from the generaz requirement which the Boxrd must take into consideration, that is the avaitabitity, suitability and qualifications of looal peroons to do the job, there are specific directives in this instance which gotern such things as the Board making sure that no one or two fixms of Attorneys-at-ianis become too large and monopolise the practice.

Mention was made of medical practitioneres, but Mr. President, medical practitioners are not licensed by Executive Councit.: Thel, are ticensed under a Medicat Practitioners Board. That Board does no more in respeet of medioat practitioners, than pronounce on their fitness and quatifications than does the Court in the case of an Attormey-at-Icrs. The authority whioh really decides whether they work in the Country is the Caymanian Protection Board. That is whe ther their services are needed within the conmunity, so it will now be with the laweres.

Mr. Fresident, T do not fear that because of this changes our low students will be disomiminated against. After all. many of our haw students are artioled to these same expatriate lawyere, as I think they are referred to, sos if there was no intention of seeing these poople beoome qualified, and that they fill their place in the conmunity: I doubt that they would be artioting the local students. If the students have any fears in this regard Mr. President, I assure you that they are quite at liberty to voioe their ooneem. This Govemment is not a Govemment whioh victimises people for speaking their opinione.

The mover, Mr. Tresident, in my opinion covered just about every area to be covered in this Eiti, and anything which I could add would only be repetition, and with these fen words of support whioh I have given, $I$ support the lit 17 in its entirety.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? In that case $\bar{T}$ with ask the mover of the Second Reading whether he wishos to exarcise his right of reply. The Second officiat Member.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Yos, Mr. President, Sir.
This Bitt in front of us zs a short Bili. It is a brief Bill and it is one which I thought the House once they had heard my opening address, would have deatit with in an expeditious manner.

The House however, in itts wisdom, to use a coloquialism sin 'made a meal of t.t'. I think the reason why they made a meat of it nas because they were anxiously and avarieiousty shasing after atl the'red herrings which wave been popped up in the vourse of the debates and they are red hermingo.

The basic question in relation to the seoond clause is whether to keep a dog and bark youreetf. If you have got, and if you as a Govemment appoint from the Caymanians in your oommonity peopte of experience, people of wisdom, people of probity and appoint them to a Board, whose title spoake for itsetfs to protect the interests of Caymanians, and if that Board is given the responsibitity of doing that job under the liaw and the direatives, then it should be intrammeled from outside influences.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CON'INUING): We have heard a tot Sir about how thie will open the floodgates. How the taw students, the few who are left are coming back from overseas, and the ones who are coming out from the Law School witl be penniless and without jobs. I think this is a fantasy projection, and one whith cannot be based on any rationat conalysis of figures. If I may sir, just spezt out for the benefit of all. Members here and of the Low Students themselves, a few facts conceming the profession of Attorney-at-Luw in the Cayman Islands.

At the present time Sir, there are some 55 Attomeys-at-Law with practioing certificates. of those, 23 possess Caymanian status, and 32 do not. You have therefore 32 persons here subject to work permits of between two and three years each. You have on the other hand Sir at the present time, two laul students who witl come baok, one in 1987 and one in 1988 from overseas, and you witl have hopefully next summer, the summer of 1987 the first batoh of our oum Zaw students through our own Law School who started auay back in 1982. The figures quoted here eartier by one of the Members opposite were oorrect. If they all pass their examinations every year on time there will be in 1987. a maximum of five from the Law Sohoot; in 1988 a maximum of four; in 1989 a maximem of 5 and in 1990 a maximan of five. That with the two students from overseas makes a maximion of 21 Caymanians who will qualify in the remainder of this decade and the beginning of the next. Of those, two in the Law sichool and two outside are bonded. to Goverment, and uitl be in Govermment nevvice for periods wo to three or four years, and as an aside sir, there ane atready four young Caymanian lauycrs in Govermment service, two of whom are presently directly in my Chanbers, one of whom is in the Courts Office and one of whom is in the Registry of Lands division. But even if we absume that of the total of 81 lowyers, that alt on them elect to go into practice with firms atready here, and not one electa to put up their shingles; but even if we presume that our conmerical field remains static and there is no inorease in the amount of work demanding an increase in the amount of lauyers; even on those two hypothests there will still be spaces for every one of those students, and spaces for another eleven or twetve.

Let me go back to this point, "the even if there is no inarease". You can produoe frots six, the facts speak for themselves, but at times they speak with differing voices. One of the Honourable Members here drew from the statistios which were produced, that in the yeai between November 1983 and November 1984 there were five Attomeys-at-Latw who were expatriate, admitted with the authorisation of Exeoutive Council. Of whom three were reptacement lavyers and two additional lawyers. There was a further correct statement that in the period from November 1984, in 18 monthe to the present time, there wa a total of eleven expatwiate laigers admitted, of whom five were replacements and six were additionat tamyers. Those facts oan have many inferences drawn from them, and I con not going to favour ony particular inference. One inference could be that since (and I presume this is the date Members are thinking about) 16 th November; 1984 the policy has been too liberal, or before that, the polioy was too atrict, or before that, the coonomy did not iustify the increases in additional Attorneys, or after that, the eoonomy did justify inereases,: Everybody may have their own opinions, but there is one fact which I muet get olear to Mambers here. That the facte as presented were comrect, in that the number of enroliments were those? But in the eleven people who were admitted as Attorneys-at-Law of the Cayman Is lands since November, 1984, in those numbers there were two in reapect of whom authorisation had been given by Executive Councit in the middle of 1984.

FON. MICHAEL, $J$. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): So, if you are looking not at enroliments, but at authorisations bu Executive Council, the figures are that there were seven authomisations in a twetve-month period and nine authomisations in an eighteen-month period.

Mr. Fresident Sir, red hermings were drown in here about the Cayman Islands tow Society, about it being in the hands of expatriates, and severat firms. I an neither going to comment on those or diacuss them. All I will make is a statement of faet, and that is that the Coyman Islande Law Society does not have control of the admission of Attorneys-at-Law, whether expatmiate or local to practice in the Cauman Istonds, and that there is no input by the Law Society either to the Caymanian Frotection Board or to Government.

Another Member questioned the timing and the motives. How the word 'motives' differe from 'reasons.' I an not quite sure. I think they are indistinguishable. That the motives and the reasons are the same. and that is to remove an incongruity, to remove an irratitinality. Any person can say 'why was this Bitl, why was this amendment brought at this particular time', and that oan be said about any amendment and any matter, and there is no anstwer to that except that you decide what is an appropriate time, you decide a time when pressures of other work in the House admit it. You. deoide in the judgement of Government that it is appropriate.

Can I go bock Siry, to say that in relation to the increase for the fees, the armul practicing oertificate of Legat Practitioners, I am pleased to find a general acceptance from Members for this small inorease. There was a suggestion made that perhape consideration ought to be given to the concept that younger qualified Attorneys who qualify in the near future, may wish to set up their oun shingle, and may find even the oum of CI\$500 burdensome. I have taken that on board sirs, and I wilt consider semiousty once our Caymanion Attomeys from the Low School join ue as friende and as colleagues, whether there would be logic, and I witl do it in oonsultation with my learned friend the pirot official Member, in introdueing a system which is not unknom in other jumisdiction, whereby your practicing oertificate fee inoroases in costs depending on the number of years that you have been quatified. It is something which should not be rushed. It is something whioh should be discusced, because it, equally well if rushed could be too hastily done.

In oonatusion Sir, can I say that I urge all Membera to support this Bill. To aupport basicalliy what it is doing, and that is giving a vote of confidence to the caymonian Protection Board, and an assuranes that this Covermment wishes by this amendment in clause 2 to place the legal fratemity and the control. of expatriates who join it as profescionate, in the same position as regards lowyers as they are for every other sphere of work activity within the Cayman Istands.

Mr. Presidents six, I beg to move the
motion.
MR. FRESIDENT:
The question is that a Biti entitted a
Bill for a Law to amend the Legal Fractitionere Ticw, 1969, be given a Second Reading.

QUESTION FUT: AYES AND NOES
MR. LINFORD A. FTIRROT:
May I have a division Mr. Fresident,
MR. PRESIDENT:
of course.


We can continue with Jtem 5, Bitlo, No. 4 .

THE' PENAL CODE (AMYNDMBNT) EITLL, 1986

## FIRST READING

CLERK: THE PENAL CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bill entitled a Bill for a Laid to amend the Penat Code, Law 12 of 1975 is deemed to have been read $a$ Pirst Time and is set dow for Geaond Feading.

SECOND READING
CLERK: THE PENAL CODE (AMENDMENT) BILLL, 1986.
HON. MTCHAEL I. BRADLEY: M. Fresident, Sir I beg to move that a Bitt shortly entitted the Penat Code (Amendment) Law, 1986 be read a Seoond Time.

This Bill Sir, is seeking as the Memorandum of objecte and Reasone states, to make three unoonneeted anendments to the Penat Code, Lan 12 of 1985.

The first olause is the short tithe. The second atause seeks to give the Court power in the cirmumstances therein mentioned, to aurard oompensation under Seation 28 of the Penal Code to a person infured by an offence, which on a conviction for a simitar offence ts taken into oonstidexation by the court.

Clause 3 of the $B t l Z$ seeks to amend Ssotion 68 of the renal Code, so that the mere poseession of a prohibited weapon for whatever purposes would be an offences and in clause 4 the opportunity is taken to put might an onomalous situation that exiato at present, due to the furtapositioning of thres words in Section 177(1) of the Penat Code.

If sir, Members witl bear with me, I would hope to deal with this short Bith in the same way as the previoue Bill, though hopefully, not at such greal longth.

HON. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY (CONTINUINC): At present, section 28 of the Fenal Code reads:
"Any person who is convicted of an offence may be adiudged to make compensation to any person infured by his offence. Any such compensation moy be in addition to or in substitution for any other punishment".

Under this as it present stands sirs, if a person is convicted and there has been injury to another person, theperson convicted may be ordered to pay oompensation to the person injured by his offence.

However Sirs there is a system which operates in the Courts which briefly is that whenever a person is conviated of an offence, that he can ask for other offenoes which have been committed by him to be taker, into consideration. What he does is, that after conviotion he is asked if he wishes the other offences which he has aonmitted, or is alleged he has conmttteds to be taken into consideration: If he agrees the tiet of the offences and a brief description of them are given to the Court and the Court when convioting and sentencing for the offence which was tried before the Court, in deoiding upon the penalty whether he be fined, inprisoned, or both, takes into eonsideration atl the other offenees which he has admitted to. The advantage of this Sir is that basically it wipes the slate olean for the offender. It gives him the opportumity to start afresh, and to know that there are no other ahorger hating over his head in retation to which he is in danger of being brought bafors the Court again. It has the adivantage for the system of tan enforoment of justice, in that againg: it clears off the slate a number of offences in an expeditious manner that they believe have been committed by a particular person, and which otherivise would have to be dealt with by separate trials.

The one defect in this suatem at the moment is that when a person is so oonvioted, and asks for other offences to be taken into consideration, that onen if percons have been infured as a result of those other offences admitted; theree is presentity no power on the part of the Court taking then into considenation to order compensation to be paid. This Clause 2 before this llouse now, seeks to remedy that by inserting in Section 28 the words:
"Or by any other similar offence committed by him which is taken into consideration by the Court in determining aentence", immediately after the word "offence" in the beoond line. So if passed, this anendment would have Seetion 28 read:
"Any person who is convicted of an offenoe may be adjudged to make compensation to any person intured by his offence, on by any other simitar offence conmitted by him whigh is taken into consideration by the Court in determining sentence. Any such compensation may be in adultion to or in substitution for any other punishment."

I conmend this amendment to the House.
Clause 3 of the Bill seeks to amend Section 68 of the Fenal Code. Section of of the Penal Code deals with prohibited weapons. It says: "Whoever -
(a) imports into the Islands, maniufacturers, aells or hires or offere for sate or hire, or emposes or has in his possession for the purpose of sale or hire; or
(b) wears or carries in publice
any prohibited weapon is guizty of an offence and tiable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to a fine not axceeding CI $\$ 1,000$ on both."

IION. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): This deals with prohibited weapons, ant
Sir, 'prohibited wearon' is defined in the previous section as meaning, and I quote from the Low:
"Any machine gun, subumachine gun, automatic mifle or any weapon "of' any kind or description, adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquia or gas and inctudes any btaok tock, bludgeon, flick knife, gravity knife or knuckle duster".

I consider Sir that there is an cnomaty in the Luw, that whitst you dan be eentenced to flve years imprisonment or fined CI\$1,000 or both fined and confined for importing, manufacturing, selling, hiring, offering for sale, expobing, having in your possebsion for the purpose of sale or fire, or even wearing or carming in public, that that penalty applies. But that if you possess it, and have it in youf posecsaion, that you are not guilty of ony orime at all.

The clause 3 before this House seeks to amend Section 68 so as to read, verlf eimply:
"That whoever imports, manufacturers; selle or hires or offers for sate or hixe, or has in his possession any prohibited weapon, is guilty of an offence et oeterat".
$I$ thint this brings logic into Seotion 68. I commend this atso to Honourable Membere of this House.

The third change is in Clause. 1 s and
in clause 4 the subject which is dealt with is Section 177 of the Penat.
Code. In sub-section (1) that seotion presently says:
"A person is not deemed to have kitzed another if the death of that person does not take place within a year and a day of the cause of death."

It has been pointed out to me by the dudiciary that the proposition which the sub-section is intended to set out is not of the "not deeming kind", it there be such a creature, -but rather 'of positively deeming not to be' the case in Law, something which as a matter of fact may be the case. The amendment before this. House seeks to chonge the wording and the juxtapositioning of the words to say:
"A person is deemed not to have kithed another if....."
It is a simple, logical and gramatical chance which does not alter. the substantive taw, but makes sense as to meanting.

Mr. Fresident Sir., I commend this Bitl
to Members of the House.
AR. FRESIDENT:
The question is that a Bill entitted a Bill for a Law to amend the penal code, Law 12 of 1975 be given a Second Reading.

The motion is open for debate. If no Member wishes to speak, I will put the question.

QUESTION PUT: " AGREED. BILL GIVEN A SECOND READING

THE MISUSE OF DRUGS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
FIRST READING
CLERK:- THR MISUSB OF DRUGS (AMENDMENT) BTLL, 1986.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bitt entitted a Bitl for a Law to amend the Misuse of Drugs Low (Seoond Revision) is deemed to have been read a First time, and is set doum for second Nexdina.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE MISUSE OF DRUCG (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Second Pading of Mr. Fresident Six, I beg to move the ionv, $1980^{\circ}$.

I have said Sir, in moving Second Readings of other Bills before the present meeting of this Honourable House, that they were short Bille, and they were sinple Bitle. This.Stix, is a short Bizl but I cannot in alt truthfutness claim that it is a simple Bizl. However, if Honourable Members will bear with me, $I$ shabl try to go through it and explain the provisions which are contained in the four substantive elcuses.

May I seek first to recd out to Membere again, the Memorandum of Objects and Reasons, wo printed in the Bitl mblished in the Gasetto, and it says:
"This Bill ceeks to make consequentiat amendments to the Misuge of Drugs Law (Secona Revision) Relating to the newly created offence of 'Possesision with intent to supply' and to the rewording of the finat paragraph Section $3(1)$ by the introduction of the words "assisting or heing concermed in".

When these amendments were made by Law 19 of 1985, the second schedule of the principat law was not onsequentially amended to provide epeoific penaltice relating to them. The purpose of this Bitl is to seek by clanise $S$ to do this. At the sane time, the opportunity is taken in clause 2 to make a deotaration to olarify the definition "hard drup". The opportumity is also taken to make it plain whioh sentencing provisiono apply to the offence of possessing utensile and to the offences under sub-section 3(2) when they ocour in retation to hard drugs, and this is done by Clause 3 .

Finally, to to sought to oorrect an ambiguity as to the senteneing power of the Cowet, upon triat on indictment under Seation 26, and this is done by Clatue 4.

Siv, druge aro a problem world-wide. The Misuse of Drugs Lan in our jurisdiction has been amended from tima to time and has been amended so as to deal with the inorcasingly fluid and complex probtems which arise in controlling and suppreesing drug trafficking which has arisen through the areation of new types of dmus, and through the various methods whioh are used by drua abueers and dmog traffickers, to avoid the consequences of their criminatity.

Str, in melation to Clouee 2 , the
burpose of this alause is to amend the definition bection, section 2 , so ae to make it plain that the expression "hard drug" ineludes not only, and I quote:
"(a) coca leaf, cocaine, codeine, dipipanons, heroin, morphine, or opium as listed and defined in the First Sechedule, or
(b) any preparation or other product oontaining a substance or product of any of the controlled amug mentioned. in paragraph (ci)."
but albo the various chemical derivativee of thove drugs presently tisted in paragraphe 2, 3 and 4 of the First Sohedule, for examile the stereoitomemic form (paragraph 2), ceters and ethers (paragraph 3), the salte (proagraph 4).

This is to mest a point mentioned
reoently in the Laws, whereupon the Magistrato deoted that the definition of thard drug" drd in fact extend to thess various derivatives. In doing so he followed the Bngtish Common Law devoloper to deat with a different but oognate point as set out in the case of Figina against Creensmith, in the United Kinadom in 1983.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: The point is of great generat importance because cooaine in these Islands as. in North America generatty, is imported and taken in the form of Cocaine Hydrochloride a satt of Cocaine. Practically all cocaine oases in the Islonds have concerned this form of the drug. It has always been assumed by all parties and without question that Cocaine Hydrochtoride was a hard drug. . This amendment is to elarify this understanding, and to give statutory effect to that general assumption.

In Clause 3, the amendment is intended to make plain what sentencing provisions apply to certain anciltary affences when such ancillary offences are concerned with hard drugs. The anoillary offences aoncemed are:
"(a) possessing et cetera, any pipe, utensit or thing used in the preparation or consumption of any oontrolted drug".
That is set out in Section 3(1) of the Iaw, and (b) the offences under Section 3(2) of the Law:
"Of being the oocupier or concermed in the management of premises, and permitting certain activities concermed with drugs to take place on those premises and,
frequenting any place used for the purpose of consuming any controlled drug."

The present ambiguity in the Lan arises
(hom the phrasing of Section 13(4) which says:
"Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), where a person is convicted of any offence that-
(a) is contrary to any provision of this Laws and
(b) is in relation to a controlled drug that is a hard drug, the sentence shatl on summary comviotion inelude a term of imprisonment and a fine in aroordonee with the provisions of Fart $B$ of the Second Schedule.

On the face of it, this is out to oateh the ancillary offences where they relate to hard drugs. The difficulty is that although Fart $B$ lists various offonces and retates them to amounts of the drug concerned, it does not refer conywere to those anoillary offences. It is sought by this omendment to elarify this ambiguity, by making it quite plain that. Seotion 13 sub-section (4) only applies to theroffences actually sperified in rart $B$ of the Second sohedute. The anciltary offences would then fatl under the generat and lesser penalty for Section 3 offences, contrined in Seotion $13(1)$ whioh is CI\$3,000 or three years. The explict reference to sub-seotion (:) sub-section (2) in that Section suggests as a matter of course, that this is what the Legtalature originally intended onyway, but that intention has become clouded by inadvertent $7 y$ sub-section (1) being made subject to sub-seetion (4).
clause 4 seeks to deat with an omission which appears always to have existed in the law, but which has onty recenty been noticed.

Section 26 oonfors a right of trial by jury in certain cases. This would be tratal on indictment. The offenose coneerned atl relate to hard drugs, under the offenoes of, and I quote: "selting, deating in, distributing, supptying, dispensing, storing, iseuing a prescmiption for, administering, importing, exporting, producing, attentiting, contrary to Section 3(1),"

The probtem is that the penalty aection for hard drugs section 1s(4) as mentioned above only refers to sentence on summary conviction. This is not apt to inotude conviction on indietment on a strict interpretation, the Grand Court has no power to sentence at all. This omission has only now come to $l i g h t$, because recent amendments to this provision have widened the category of oases in whioh there may be trial by jury.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): Section 8 of the Miauee of Iruge (Anendment) Law, which this Honourable House passed in 188's, so widened the categories. It may also be Sir, that ide are now getting more hard dmus acaes.

This anendment in clause a seeks to oorreget a technioal deficiency whioh has crent inth the taw as it has groum through mory amendments. It is assumed that the Legislative Assembty of the Caymon Is lands always intended, that after a trial by juyy the Grand court would hove power to impose a proper sentence. The new subestion therefore dectares what that power is, and"atways has been.

Lixstiy Sir, Clause 5. This Clause seeks to omend the Second Sohedute to the Low. "That Sohedute is concerned with setting out tists of offences to which the penalty provision pontained in Sections 13(2), (3) and (4) of the Licu, apply. Sthe basic list of offences under the Law is contained in Seotion $3(1)$. That list has reonttin been amended by the addition of a new Sketion 3(1) paxagraph (m) which oreated the offence of possession wi th intent to suppty.

Seotion 3 subsection (i) was also amended at that time to delete the cumbersome and superftuous list of ways, int which offences could be cormitted. I quote:
"Or who attenpts or offere so to do, causes, procures, solicites, entices, aide, abote, permits or suffers any other'pereon so to do. ie guilty of an offence."
And replaces it with the simpler:
"Or who attempts, aseists or is concemed in any such mattex is guilty of an offence."
And that was contained in Section 3 of the Amendment to the main Law which this House passed in 1985.

Unfortunatol, Sir, neither of these
cmendments was refrected proverty in the Second Sohedule, which therefore: a) omitted to refer to the new offence of possession with intent to supply, and b) did not refer to 'assisting or being concemed in'. Athough it did have 'attempting', beacuse of its presence in the previous vording.

This omiosion has the consequence that for soft dmags the new offence coutd only be penatised under Seotion 1z(1), CT\$3,000 on three years. White in the case of a hard drug, the only peralty section which can apply ie Section 14, the generat penatty of GI\$1,000 or one year. This is clearly worcceptable?, and this comendment in clause 5 seeks to put both omissions right by:

Inserting a reference to the new offence 'possession with intent to supply; into Fart 1 of the Second Sohedule. (That part is a list of offences for noft dmugs, and is refermed to in Section $13(2)$ and (3)). The now offenoe witl now be tisted at smatt poragraph (vii) sub-paragraph (a).
And by further amending Fart A of the sehedule by removing the obsolete wording 'offering, causting et setera' and substituting the new wording 'ohonging on being concerned in'.

Thirdly, again in lart $\Lambda_{s}$ slightly changing the paragraph concerned with attenpting at oetera, to include the now offence of posseesing with intents as atready introduced into the list, by sub-clawe $5(a)$ above, by inserting into Part $B$ the penatties for hard drus offenees the new offence of possersion with thtient to suppty where relevant and again, by inserting in Fart $B$ the new wording "asaisting or being concemed in" apoin, where relevont.

IHON. MICHAEL $J$. BRADLEY (CONTINUIHG): That Sir, believe it or nots is an attempt to explain logically the verysemplex and technioat provisions which this amending Bitt seeks to introduce into a law which itself has become technicat and comptex as it has been amended over the years.
$I$ speak for myself Six, when I say that I think the time has come that the acritans and the barmastes and the difficulties of application and interpretation of our Misuse of Drugs fows is such, that perhaps we ought to try and find time to look at the Law afresh and without altering any of the princix tee or offences oontained therein, revamp and redraft the Law to make tit, what all Laws should be Sir, inteligible not only to the lamyer but to the persons who can be affected by tit.

Sirx, I beg to move the Second Reading of the Misuse of Druge (Amerdment) Law, 1986.

## MP, PRESIDENT:

The question is that a Bitl entitled a Bitl for a Law to amend the Misuse of Drugs Law, be given a Second Reading.

The motion is now open for debate, but
I think before inviting any Member to speak, if any Member wishes to, it may after that long and leamed enmtanation be convenient to take our cuistomary shortsireak, and I with therefore suspend proceedinge for approximately 20 minutes.

AT 3:20 F.M. THE HOUSE SUSFENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:50 P.M.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Please be seated.
Second Reading dobate on a Bill for a Low to amend the Miause of Drugs Law. Does any Member wish to spenk? No Member wishes to speak, I witt put the question. the question is that a Bitl for a law to anend the Misuse of Drugs Law be given a Second Reading.

QUESTION PUT; AGREPD. $\frac{\text { THE MISUSE OF DRUCS (AMENDMENT) BILL }}{1986 \text { GIVEN A SECOND READINC. }}$

THE FOREIGN JUDGMENTS RECIPROCAZ FMEORCEMENT
(AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
FTRST READING
CIGRK: THE FOREIGN JUDCMENTS RECSPHOCAL RNFORCEMENT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bitt ontitted a bitt for a Low to amend The Foreign Judgments Reciprocal Enforoement Law (Revised), is deemed to have been read a First time, and is eet dow for Seoond Reading.

SECOND READINC
CLFRK: THE FORETGN JUDGMENTS RECIPROCAL ENPORCEMENYT (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.

ITON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: : Mr. Eresident Sir, I beg to move the Second Reading of a Bill shortly entitled The Foreion Judgmento Reciprocal Enforcement (Amendment) Low, 1986.

Hovefutiv, Mr. President, my Second Reading speech in retation to this pilt witt be slightly teas oomplex than the previous Bill which received its beoond Reading.

Very briefty, the Foreign Judgments Reciprocat Enforcement Law received its assent and passed through this House originally in 1967, and as Low 32 of 1967.

Howevers throughout that Low, there is reference to aertain things that the Govemor may do by Order in Council. Now Sir, 'Order in Councit' is a term which carries in our relctionship with the United Kingdom as a dependent termitomy of the United Kingdom, a certain direat meaning, and that is:

An Order in Council is an Oyder made under the Royal Enerogative by Her Majesty the Queen in Frivy Councit: Ferhaps the best known example of an Order in Council is our Constitution which is technioally the Cayman Istande Constitution Orider in Councit.

The words 'Order in Councit' which appear in this Bill are anomatous and very briefly, this amending Bith seeks firstly, to put in a definition of 'Govermor' as meaning Governor in Councit and wecondly, wheresocver the words 'Order in Councit' appear, to delete them and replace it with the simple word 'Order'. Thus making it elear that the delegated authority under this Bill is given to the Covernor in Councit to make the type of eubeidiary legistation aatled 'Onders', and that there is mo reference in the Bill to Onder in Council, which is a torm used not in this Country, but by prerogative aots of Her Majesty in Connetl.

With that short axplanation Sir, I
beg to move the Second Reading.
MR. PRESIDENT: The question to that a Bill entithed a Bill for a Lau to amend The Foreign oudomento Reaiprocal Enforcement Lcow, (Revised) be given a Second Readinc.

The motion is open for debate. If no Member wishes to speak? I will put the arestion.

QUEST'ION IUT: AGREYD. BILL GIVEN A GEGODD READIWG.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I think the next iten requires us to euspend Standing Orders. It wonder whether the Second officiat Member would care to mowe that.

## GUSPENSTON OF GTANDING ORDRE $4 C(1)$ \& (2):

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Fresident, Sirs in acoordance with Standing Order 33 I beg to move that stonding Order 40 (1) \& (2) be euspended to enable a Bill shortly entitled The Judicoture (Amendment) Law, 1986 to be given a First and second Reading.

MR. PRESIDENT: Woutd it be possible in the single motion to cover both the two bills that are acing to require this suspension?

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Indeed it would, sir. I was moving it singty in case there were some wembers who fett they could vote for the suspension of ons and not for the other. But if you feel that it is fit, rppeper and safe so to do, I will amena my motion to say, 'to enable the First and Seoond Readinge of the Eilles shovtly entitlud The Judicature (Amendment) Low, 1986 and The Affiliation (Amendrent) Law 1986 to be given their First and Second Readings'.


#### Abstract

MTR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ Let us take the risk. The motion before the House io that in acoordance with the provisions of standings Order 83, Stonding Order 46 (1) \& (8) be euspended in order to enable The Judicature (Amendment) Bill, 1986 and The Affiliation (Amendment) Bill 1986 to be given a First and Second Reading.


If no Mernber wishes to speak? I will
put that question.
QUESTION RUT: AGREED. STANDTNC ORDER A6.(1) \& (2) SUSFENDED.
MR. PRESIDENT:
We can continue therefore with Item 5(7)
on the Order Baper.

THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMEDP) BILL, 1986
FIRST READING
CLERK: THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
MR, PRESIDENT:
The Bitt entitled a Bill for a Law to amend the Judicature Low, is deemed to have been read a First time and is set down for Secont Reading.

SBCOND READINA
CLERE: THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Tresident, Sir, I beg to move the Gecond Reading of a Bitt shortlyentitled. The Judicature (Amendment) Low, 1986.

The Judicature Law was originatly
enacted in the Cayman Istands in 1975, and was amended thereafter in 1976. As the long title of the Bill indicates, it is a Lcow to pegulate the administration of justice.

One of the parts of the adminiatration of justice is the process of Jury Triat, the entoneling of jurors and their duty to seme as jurors in this jurisatiction.

At present sirs the section of the
Judicature Low which relates to the panel of jurors for Court Sessions is Section 74, which says:
"At teast twenty-one days before each session of the court, the clerk of the Court shall take from the jury list the nomes of thirty-six jurors who have not served as jurors in the tast six preceding sessions, and shall sumon them to appear on the day fixed for the next session of the court."

At present the jury panel is so prepared and 36 jurors are summoned to appear. When they appear Sir, there are some who ane excused by reason of intimity, of itl heat th or business. is a generat practise, the effective jury panel is not more than 30.

That Siri, seems an adequate number out of which a jury panet of 12 may be chosen, when one oonsiders a single person being tried, or even perhape tioo persons being tried jointly. However, the difficuty arises when there are a number of co-defendants. There can be situations which with hapen in the Cayman Talands within the next few months, whereby there are severat co-defendants charged. Now, each defendant in a jury trial io atlowed to hove 12 progemptory ohallenges, and the Crown is accorded a similar privilege.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): A pre-emptory shathenge is a chatlenge to stand aside without having to show ay cauce why the juror is being chatlenged. This is distinct from a chatlenge for cause, where you show to the court that the person should not serve won the jury, because of some good reason. In a pre-emptary chatlenge you need have no reason shown. $\therefore$ It is a safcguard for defendants, but in a situation like the one I have postulated where there were say, three defendonts, that means there could be a total of 36 preemptory challenges by the defence and 18 by the Grown - 48. If there were four defendante, there could be 48 by the defence and 18 by the Croin - 60, and of course there are not that number of jurons on the panel.

What hoppens if you mun out of furors.
you have not got 12 , if there have been a number of challenges, and
there are not 12 teft who woutd be swom in? then Section th of the sudicature Law applies, and it is called an entitled talesman, and it makes very interesting reading, because it sape:
"If on the trial of any matter, the number of jurors available
is for ony reason reduced betou the number required, the
jury panel shall be made up by talesmen selected by the clerk. of the Court from bystanders or others attending the Court and eligible for jury service and any tatesman who refuses to serve is guilty of an offence and tiable to a fine not exceeding CT\$30.00. ${ }^{1 \prime}$

If you cornot find from the panel a fult
12 jurors, that is the procedure that is adopted. In my opinion it is a thoroughty unsatisfactory procedure, and one which should be used as a last resort. It is not even a very effective procedure, because I oan imagine if a person who was 'caught' if I may use the word, as a tatesman, being a bystandex or sitting in court, to sarve on the fury, would elect to pay a fine not exceeding CT\$BO. 00 rather than perhaps serve for dayo.

So Sirs, what this short amendment seeks to do is to amend Section 14 to provide that instead of the jury list containing the nomes of 36 jurors, that it bhall contain the names of not less than 36 , nor more than 72 jurore. If patsed, this will enable the clerk of the Court before she prepares a jury list, to look at the court list for the sessions for which the jury panet is being summored, and to determine whether in the intereste of iustice, the court list is such that a number greater than 36 should be empanethed. If so, sine witl then have the disaretion to list a rumber of nomes which shatt not be less than 36 nor more than 72 to serve as furors of their peres in ariminal cases before the Grand court.

I apologise to Ilonourable Members of this House for having had to ask them to suspend Standing Orders to enable this short Bitt to be taken. Ilowever Gtranding Orders are our servonts, not our masters, and in mi opinion the interests of iustioe were such that it was imperative that this amsindment be made, so that the procese of fustice and the workingo of the cowers should not be unnecessarily hampered, brought into diearray or disrepute.

Honourable Members I commend this Bill
to the House.
Mh. PRESIDENT: The question is that a Bill for a Law
to amend the Judicature Law be given a Seeond Reading.
The motion to oven for debate. No
Member wishes to speak? I witt put the question.
WUESTYON PUT: AGREED, BILL GIVEN A SECOMT RFADJTNG

MR. FPESIDENT: A we have already suspended Standing Orders, it is possible to proceed with Item $5(8)$.

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\text { THE AFFIDIATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, } 1986
$$

FTRST READING
CLERK: THE AFFILIATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Bill entitled a Bill for a Lrow to anend the Afflliation Low, 1973, Law 10 of 1973 is deemed to have been read a First time, and is set down for second Reading.

## SECOND READING

CLERK: THE AFFILIATION (AMENDMFNT) BILL, 1986


#### Abstract

HOM. MICHAEL J. BBADLRY: Mr. President, sirs, I beg to move the Seoond Reading of a Bitl shortly untitled The Affitiation (Amendment) LTO, 1986.


As Members with have seen from the white copy which was ciroulated to Members some time ago, or indeed hopefulid, from the green copy printed as a supplement to the Gazette which should now, at this moment in time, be in the hande of Members.

The Objeats and Reasons of this Bill wee to anend the Affiliation Law, 1973 by inoreasing the amount of the weekly sum of money that a putative father may be ordared to pay for the maintenance and education of a chitd.

At present Sir, the Law in Seotion 5 oub-section (2) provides:
"If the court adjudges the mon to be the putative father. it may also, if it sees fit, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, procosd to make an order (hereinafter called an affiliation order) on the putative father for the payment to the mother or guardion of the child of a sum of money weekly, not exceeding twenty dollares a week, for the mointenance and education of the ohiza."

That Low Sir, was passed in 1973, and assented to on the 2nd August. It is now 13 years later, the cost of living, inflation, had reduced effectively the monetary value of suoh maximum order, and this short Bill before the House seeks to do in pelation to illegitimate ohildren, what this House saw fit to do on Annd May, 1985 when it considered an anendment to the Maintenace Low, which provided that the maximum amount of maintenanoe that a parent could be called upon to pay in respect of a child, the subjeet of a marriage, was increased from CI\$20.00 to CIS50.0G r week.

This Law seeks to bring the Affiliation ich into tine with what we have atready provided in respect of the Maintenance Law, because there is no logical reason why the Court should have power only to order CIS 20.00 a weok for an illegitimate chitd, white it may ordew CI\$50.00 a week for a tegitimate chitd.

May I commend this Bill to the Honourabte Nembers of this House. Thank you.

MF. PRESTDENT:
The question is that a bith entitled a Bill for a Law to amend the Affiliation Low, 1073, Law 10 of 7973 be given a Second Reading.

The motion is open for debate. If no Member wishes to speak I will put the question.

OUEGTION PUT: AGRBGD. BILL GIVFN A GECOND READTNG.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Freaident I move......
MR. PRESIDENT:
I am so corry, I thought the Honourable Becond Official Member was trying to soy something to me, but....

HON. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY: I was Sir. I was merely saying that I have been having a private discussion with the Honourable First Official. Member, and seeking on agreement of viewo botween our two setves as to whe ther in this unique situation sir, that we hove actually finished a days business before four thirty, whether there is any need formally to nove the adjourmment of the House, on does it not take place cutomatically, there being no further business to be discussed?

MR. PRESIDENT: Welt it is a nioe point. I think it might be safer if we adiourn, for two reasons. Pirstly in theory, it gives a Member on opportwnity to raise something on the adiourmment, nobody having given me notice two days before, thene will not aotually in practios arise anything of the kind. Scocodly, it does fix when we are to meet next I suppose - that is perhaps firced anyway. But I think it can do no harm to move the adjoumment.

## ADJOURNMENT

HON. THOMAS C. IFTFERSON:
until $10.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. tomorrow.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The motion is that this House do now
adjourn untit $10.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. tomorrow.
No Menber wishes to speak, if with put the question.

QUESTION FUT: ACREED. AT $4: 22$ P.M. THE HOUSE ADIOURNED UNTIL 10:00 A.M. WEDVIFIDAY, 215T MAY, 3086.
(SECOND DAY)

PPPSENT:
HJS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMC, CVO - PRESIDENT

COVERIMENT MEMBERSS

| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JF | FIRST OFFTCIAL MEMIER RESPONSIBLE FOR FIVANCE AND DEVELOFMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | SECYND OFFICTAL MEMBER RESTONSIBLE FOH LEGAL ADMINISTEATION |
| HON JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON | THIRD OFFICIAL METBER TESFONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXT'EFNAL AFFAIRS |
| AON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMTER RESFONSIELE FOR HEALTH ENUCAJTON AND SOCTAL SEHVICEG |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MDE | MEMBETR RESFONSIBLE FOF TOURTSM AVIATION AVIE THADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KITKCONNELL | MEATET: RESPONSTREE MOM COMMUNICITTONS WOHKS ANH TISTRIC? ADMINISTRATION |

## ELECTED MAMPERS

Mi. W MeKELVA BUSH

ITRS DAFHNE L ORRETT

MK LINFORD A PIERSON』 JT

OAFT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL

MT TAMES M FODDEN

MH G HATG BODDE'N

VA: D EZZARD MILLET

MR JOHN B MOLEAN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBEH FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DIGTRICT OF WEGT BAY

THITD RLECTED MEMDER FOR THE FIRGT ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF WEGT BAY

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTHTCT OF GEOFGE TOWN

FTRST ELECTED MEMDER FOF THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT SF LESSEK ISLANDS

EINST ELECTED MDMBKH FOR THE YOUFTH ELECTHRAL DTGORTCT OF BODLEN TOWN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBFF FOH THE FOUTTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF BOLDEN TOWH

ELECTBO MEMDETS FOR THE PIFTH ELECIMRAT DISTFICT OF NOH'H SIDE'

BLECHZO) MEWEER TOR THE SIXTH ELECTOKAL MISTHICT OF EAST END
$Q R D E R \quad P A P E R$

SECOND MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGTSLATTVE ASEEMLLY

SECOND DAY
WEDNESDAY, 215T MAY, 1986

1. PRAYERS

TO BR READ BY THE HONOUHABLE FIRST FLECHED MEMBER OF: EXECUTIVE' COUNCIL.
2. QUESTIONS TO HONOURABLE MEMTEESS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST DAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FTRST OFEICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIDLE FOR' EIMANCE ANL DEVE'LOEMENT

NO. A1: WOULD THE HOWOURABLE MERERE STATb WHETHER THE FOSITION OF CHIEF PFISGA OFETCER AT THE THTSON WMS ALVRRTISED?

ITHE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOUABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COLTOTL RESFONGIDEE FOR HEALTM EDVCATION ANV) SOCIAL SERVICES

WO. 42: WOULD THE HONOUFARLG MEMDER STATE WHAT PROGRESS IF ANY, iAAS BEEN MADE ON THE DHUG REHAPILTSATION PROGRAMME?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBEH FOE WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUZTVE COUNOLL ZESFONSTELE EOİ TOUTISM AVIATION AMD TRADE

NO. 43: CAN THE FONOURADLE MEMEER BAY WHAT WES THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF TODALST ARHIVALIS FROM TANUAF'Y TO 3OTH AF̈THTL 1986 AND WHAT IS THE COMLARISON OF THE SAME MONTHS FOR 1884 AND 1985?
3. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

BILLS: ...
COMUTTEE THEREON
(1) THE TATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1086
(2) THE FRISONS (AMCNDMENT) BILL, 1936
(3) THE LEGAL PRACTTTTONERS (AMEVDMENI) IITLL, 1986
(4) THE FENAL COLE (AMENDMENTL) EILL; 1996
(5) TIIE MISUSE OF DRUGS (AMENDQENT) BILL, 1986
(6) THE FOREJGN JUDGMENTS RECITHOCAL ENFORCEMENT (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986
(7) THE JUDICATURE (AMENTEDN) ETLI, 1086
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4. OTHBR EUSINESS

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(2) FRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 10/86 CTVIC CENTRES
5. ADTOUETMMENT

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WEDNESDAY

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\(215 T\) MAY. 1986
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$10.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Executive Councit.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:

Proyers.
The Honourable First Elected Member of

Let us pray.
Almighty God, from whom alt wisdom and power are derived: We beseeoh Thee so to direct ond prosper. the deliberations of the Legis lative Assembly now aseembled, that all things may bs ondered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Bless our Sovexeign Lady queen Etizabeth, the Queen Mother, Philip Duke of Edinburgh, Chartes Prince, of Wales, Diana Princess of Wales and all the Royal Famity Give grace to ali who exercise authority in our Commonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justices, religion and piety may be established among us. Especially we pray for the Governor of our Islande, the Members of the Executive Council and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfully to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great Name's sake, Amen.

Our Father, which art in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy witl be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this doy our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation; but deliver ue from evil: For Thine is the Kingdom, the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Lord bless us and keep us; ... The Lord make his face ghine upon ue, and be gracious whto us: The Lord lift up His eowtenonse upon us and give us peace, now and always. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Questions. The Second Elected Member for West Bay is not here, has he...II see that the Elected Member for North Side has been asked to ask his questions. . Very well.

QUESTIONS
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFETCIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMEFT

ON BEHALF OF THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY, THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE ASKED THE QUESTION.

NO. 41:- Would the Honourable Member state whether the position of Chief Prison Officer at the Prison was advertiged?
ANSWER: The answer to the question is, yee.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: }
\end{array} \quad \begin{aligned}
& \text { Supplementary, Mr. Fresident. } \\
& \text { Could the Member state whether any }
\end{aligned}
$$ consideration has been given to recruiting a local to be trained for this position?

HON. THOMAS C. UEFEERSON: Mr. Prestdent, perhaps in ordex to give a fuller explanation of the facts, I should begin by saying that the post was advertised in the Compass on 29th May, and 3rd Fwne, 1986; with a closing date of 30th June, 1985. Qualifications weve ' $O$ ' Levet passes in Engitish and Mathenatios, pn eaperience in a Category 'B': Prison with at teast frue years expertence at chref officer levet. The response was disappointing, athough this was to be e mewhot expected. Tho expatriate persons applied localty, but it was felt that beaning in mind the inuortance of the post, a brodder fidid should be investigated. The vacancy was notified to the Florida Frison Service and the Conadian Service. Response from Florida was not snoouragings only one petired officer of 58 years of age would be avaitabie. However, the Canadian Service response was encouraging, as they were prepared to consider. a secondment from the Canadian Service to the Caymon Islands Govermment. This eventually was the way the post was futhed.

The nature of the post makes it very: important in the structure of staff in the Prispn. It is the tink between orerations and mmagement, and carries responsibility for the day-to-day operation of prisoners and pmison staff.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ If there is no further supp tementary, I will call on the Second Elected Nember for Fest Bay to ask the next question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO AFK THE HONOURAELE EDRST
ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE' COUNCTL RESPONSTBLE FOR HEALTH, EDUCATYON AND SOCIAL SERVICES
 has been made on the Dmug Rehabilitation Frogromme?

ANSWER: Progress continues to be made in areas of planning for the development of a permanent drug and alcohot
rehabilitation facility. At the same time, existing methode of deating with drug ahuse and its effecte continue to inprove, for axampte, the visits of the Psychiatric Consultant hove been inoreased from once to twice per month.
SJPPLEMENTARTES:
MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
has reached?
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, I an not sure that I understand the fult implication of the question: But maybe it would help if I say that statisties oontinue to bs ootlected. There is an ongoing relationship, between the Lions Club and the Govermment in respect of finti raising for the building af suoh a facility; and with the Paychiatric Consultant viaiting more regularly, a project document is being prepared which will be the basis for seeking technical or financial aseistonce from technical or finoncial institutions.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementarys Mr. President.
The conswer says 'fon the deve tomant of: a permanent drug and alcohol rehabititation facitity'. Is the Member referring to a mortar and bricks building or a programme?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President, it is envtsaged that wo will have a mortar and brioks building as welt as a progromme. There is a detoxification programme in the works.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Supplementary, Mr. President: $\quad$. . . consideration to the utilisation of all the vacont civicointers around Grand Cayman, and get on with the ptanning of the programme, and forget about the bricks and the mortar side of it for now"

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Freardent, I an not cavare of any of the Civitc Centers having any residentiat quarters which woutd attow for the nomal detoxification programme of whioh $I$ spoke.

If the Member is talking about adviae and lectures, this is ongaing at the hospital at the moment six.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Third Eleoted Member for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETY; Mr. Mresident, I wondex if the Member might be able to say whether or not the visits by the Fsychiatrie consultant in meeting with those persone requiring his help and expertise what I would tike to ask here is if those pereons needing such help, are meeting with this Consultant on a voluntary baris, or is there. a conw serted effort made on the part of the Social Services Department; to find such people and get them to the Poychtatric Consultant, for consultantion and on treatment?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS. Yes Mr. President, there is a combination of the tuo, and in fact, in some instances the rolice have oooprrated in getting these people to the otinio to ensure that they receive their treatment.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Supptementary, Mr. Tresident.
Gan the Member say in what tim seale aan we expect to see something more tangible than the pughiatrio. Consultant?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: NO, Mr. President. Tt ts impossible for me to put a spectfio date on this at this time.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Frosident, supptementary.
We all know that this is a serious matter today in this Country, and Mr. Fresident I would hope that, ... MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ I hope the Member is going to ask a question. He must not make a statement or a speech in the guise of a question.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH:
ohance you know.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Mr. Preeident, but you must give me a

The questions shoutd be quite short. They do not have to be proceeded by opeeches, as the Member very well knows.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH: If the questione on the Opder Paper: were the mght way from the beginning, we would not have to take a round about way in order to get an answer.

MF. FRESIDENT: The Eleated Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: $\quad$ Could the Member state what the projected oost is of the mortar and brieks side of this proaramme?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: I do not think that a finat figure has been put down, but it is certainty envisaged to be in excess of a quarter of a million dollarsit.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad \because$ The Third Elected Member for Weet Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORREIT: Mr. Fresident, I would tike to ask
the Member whether or not he feels that at this points; the present situation warrants more frequent visits by the Psychiatric Consultant. More than perhape twice a month, and if so, would he be able at this time, to say whether or not this might come about within a short period of time?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: Mr. President, at the moment this is all
the finance which has been made available to permit...
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: $\quad$ Supplementarys, Mri President.
I wonder if the Member is aware that for a quarter of a million dollars, we outd twat approximately five to six hundred such affected people adequatelys in fact treatment is guaranteed by institutions in. South Floridc.

$$
\frac{\text { HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: }}{\text { on cony authoxity. }}
$$

No Mr. President, I do not have that

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: ... I wonder if the Member woutd tike me to provide such a progromme for him, and maybe we can start treating people?

HON-BEADSON O. EBANKS: Any assistonee which can be offered in this area in.: President, witl be greatly appreciated.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
MR. PRESIDENT: Tf there is no further supplementary, then I invite the Gecond Elected Member for West Bay to ask the next question.

THE' SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK TIIE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIL RESFONSIBLE FOOR TOURISM, AVIIATION AND TRADE

NO. 43: Can the Honourable Member say what was the total amount of tourist arrivals from January to 00 th Aprit, 1986 and what is the comparison of the same monthe for 1984 and: 1985?

ANSWER:
Tourist arrivals from let January, 1986 to $30 t h$ Apmit. 1986 are as foltows:-

| Air Arrivals | . 61.301 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cruise Ship Arrivalo | 103,727 |
|  | $165 \times 028$ |

This represents a $16 \%$ increase in. Ais Arrivale over the same period in 1985 and a 17.4\% increase over the same period in 1984, and $0.9 \%$ increase in Cruise Ship armivats over the came period in 1985 and $37 \%$ over the same period in 1984.


#### Abstract

NR. PRESTDENT: Unless any Member wishes to ask a supplementary, we can pass on to the next item of business. In that. case Govermment Bills, Committee Stage, and the House will now go into Committee to consider a Bill entitled The Patents \& Trade Marks (Amendment) Bill, and various other Bills.


## GOVERNMENT BUSIVESS

$B \underline{B I L L S}$
THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENY) BILL, 1986
COMMTTTEE: THEREON
MR. CRATRMAN:
Please be seated.
The House is now in Cormittee. I witl
ask the clerk to read the ctauses.
CLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TTTLE
MR. CHAIRMAN:
I am so sorry, I should have prefaced
this by saying that i propose to assume, provided that the Committee agres, that it would be the wish of Hembers that we should as uswitivite the Second officiat member to correct what are ctearty printing emors and the like. I have noticed a number in some of the Bills. Certainly. $t$ have noticed at least one in one of the clauges in the Biti which we are now considering, a Bill for a Law to antend the Patents \& Trade Marks Law. Unless any Member wishes to conment, I think perhaps we ean take it that we will proceed on that basis, and that it witl not be necessary to identify and correct any of the printing errors and the like. Is that alright? very ive tit then.

I an sorry, the auestion is that clause 1 do stand part of the Bill.

QUESTION EUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 1 YASSED.
CLEFR: CLAUSE. 2. AMENDMENT OF LOMG TTTTLE.

[^11]-6-

CLERK: CLAUSE 3. .. INSERTION OF NEW SECTTON 10A.
$\frac{\text { MR. CHAIRMAN: }}{\text { stond part of the Bizl. }}$
QUEGTION PUT: AGRNED. CLAUSE 3 PASSED.
CLILRK: CLAUSE A. AMENDMEIVT OF SCHEDULE.
Ma. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 4. do stand part of the Btil. If noMember wishes to speak. I will put that question.

QuFistion fur: ACREED. CLAUSE a pasShit.
ULERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS LAW
UR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that the Titze and Bnacting Clause do stand part of the Bill.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. TITLE AND FNACTING CLAUSF' IPASSED.
$\frac{\text { Mr. CHATRMAN: }}{\text { of that Bill }}$
That completes proceedings in respect of that Bill, and we tum next to the Frisons (Amendment) Bill.

THE PRISONS (AMENDAENT) BILL, 1986

## COMMITTEE THEREON

CLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE.
Mr. CHATRMAN:
The question is that clause 1. do

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE I PASSFD.
CLERK: "CLAUSE 2.... AMENDMENT OF SECTION 27A OF LAW 14 OF 1975
MR. CHAIRMAN:
stand part of the Bitt.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 2 PASSBD.
CLERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND THE PRISONS LAW; LAW 4 OF 1975:
ME. CHARIRAN: The question is that the Title and Fnacting Clause do stand part of the Bill.
qUESTION PUT: AGREED. TITLE AND ENACTING CLAUSE PASSED.
MR. CHAIRMAN: That concludes the proceedings in respect of the Prisons (Amendment) Bill, and we turn next to The Legat Fructitioners (Amendment) Bitl.

CLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE.
MR. CHALRMAN:
The question is that clause In do stand. part of the Bill. Unless any Member urishes to speak, I will put that question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 1 IASSED.
CLEERK: CLAUSE 2. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 2. OF LAW 9 OF 1969.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that Clause 2 . do stand Mrt of the Bitl. Unless any Member wishes to speak, I will put the question.

| ME. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. Chairman, I think I made my position |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| O Section 3. of the Legal Fractitioners Law is not in the best interests |  |
| f this Country. I know it received the unanimous approval of this |  |
| House, or the majority voted in froour of this Seetion. $T$ an still |  |
| convinced six that the motives behind it are not clear, and I betieve |  |
| that it will not be in the best interests of the people of this Country, |  |
| and acoordingly Sir, I cannot supront the approval of Clause 2. as |  |
|  |  |

MR. CHATRMAN:
I had assumed that you and perhops others Who agree with you will be voting against it. Under those circumstonces there is no need for a motion for an anendment because a vote against has the scme effect.

MR. W. MokEEVA BUSH: Likewise Mr. Chairmen, I too cannot support this section.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Welt perhaps we had better.... I imagine some of the Members will wish a vote on this. I mean a division.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Wr. Chatrman.
Or they can speak if they wish to

MR. CHAIRMAN:
Indeed. But reatly....yes they can indeed. but not make Second Reading speeches. Certaintit they oan say that they oppose the partioular.....

MF. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: No, no Mr. Chaiman I really do not want to waste the time of the House. I know that the Bill is already passed, but for the record, for the sake of the record $I$ would just like to reiterate that I do not feel that we are doing the right thing in removing that Section of the Law from our Exeoutive Councit, people whom we have elected to govern us, who are pesponsible to the people, ond then to: move it to the Protection Board, whom we have no say over. Untess there is on amerdment to the Law, I cannot support that sort of situation. I om not casting any aspersions on the Protection Board, but I feet that the buck stops with the Executive Council, regardless of what any Member of that side wants to say.

MR. CHALRMAN: $\therefore$.... In that case I writl put the question that Clause 2. do stand part of the Bizt.

## QUESTION PUT: CLAUSF 2 AYES AND NOFS

## MR. JOHA B. MCLEAN:

MR. CHAIRMAN:

Can I have a division.
yes certainly we can have a dioision.

## DIVISION

MO. 15/86
Ihon. Thomas ${ }^{\text {AYES } C . ~ J e f f e r s o n ~}$
Hon. Michael J. Brodley
Ihon. John Lemuel Huirlston
Ton. Beneon O. Ebinks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
fon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkeonnell
Ure. Daphne L. Orrett
Capt. Mabry s. Kirkeonnell
An. D. Ezzard Miller

Mr. W. MCKeeva Buch
Mr. Linford A. Pierson
Mr. G. Ilaig Bodden
Mr. John B. MoLean
aH. CHAIRMAN:
I dectare the motion carrieds and claue 2 lherefore, does stand part of the Bitz.

OLAUSE 2 PASSED BY MAIORITY VOTE.
CLERK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 12A.
MR. CHATRMAN:
The question is that clause 3. do stand part of the Bill. Untess any Member wishes to speak, I wizl put that question.

OUESYTON PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 3 PASSBD BY WAJORITY.
CLERK: CLAUSE 4. AMENDMENT OF THE THIRD SCHEDULE.
MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 4. do stand part of the Bill. Unless any Member wishes....

Mr. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Chairman, to get the record straight, can the legal mind in the House, explain the reason for the CT\$200 inorease.

MP. CHATRMAN: $\quad \therefore$ It was explained during the Second Reading.
MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: I annot remember Sir.
IION. MICHABL J BRADLEY: Mo. Chairman, Sirs one of the motivations for the increase witt be to fund the new proposed series of Cayman Law Reports. It is felt fit ond proper that the legal fratermity contribute touapds the extra cost invotved by Govermment.

IIR. CHAIRMA N:
Intess any other Member wishee to speak. will put the question. The question is that clause 4. do stand part of the Bill.

QURGTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 4 PABSED BY MAIORITY.

CLERK: A BILL EOR A LAW TO AMEND THP LEGAL PRACTITIONERG LAW 1969.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
Thacting Clause do stand part of the Bitl. If to Member wisher to and
I witi put that question.
$T$ witt put that quection.
VULSTION FUT: AGREED. TFFLEE ABD ENAGTING CLAUSE PASGED.
MR. CHA TRMAN:
That conctudes the Committee proceedings in reapect of the Legat Practitioners (Amendment) Bitl, and we turn next to The Penal Cods (Amendment) Bill.

$$
\text { THE PENAL CODE' (AMENDMMWI) BILL, } 1986
$$

## COMMTTEEE THEREON

OLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TTTLE

Wh. CHAIRMAN:
stond part of the Bitl. that question.

The question is that clause 7\% do

QUETHITON PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 1. FASGED
CLERK: CLAUSE 2. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 28.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clauee 2. do
stand part of the Bill. Unless any Member wishes to speak, I witl put shat. . . . .

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. Chairman, my only conment on this is in the Memorandum of objeats and Reasons, even though I appreciate. that the Honourable Seoond Official Member did a fairly good job in presenting this. It seems to me that it could be made a little olearer in future, so that we Members can really fully understand as far as is possible, what we are trying to acoomplish here. Because when one reads the Memorondum of Objects and Reasons on the change to Clause 2. whioh is an anendment of Section 28, it is pretty confusing, and I rersonally had to read it over about four or five times, Before I oould even begin to understond what was trying to be aocomplished. I an sure it could be made in much simpler terms.

Mr. CHAIRMAN: I take the Member's point, and I an aure that the Second Official Member witl be hatpy to do what he can to ensure that Memoranda of Objects and Reasons do, in future, present as oloarty and as simply as possible, what the objeets of each olause are.

HMW. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
I would.....
GR. CHATRMAN:
...sonetimes not easy.
ON. MICHAEL T. BRADLEY:
I voutd indeed sirs, and $I$ would atso
thoito all Members of the House, if at any time they have any doubt as to the exact meaning, or intent or effect of a particular otause, to contact me.

CMR. CHIIRMAN:
In fact $I$ am sure the Mombor knows that the Objeots and Reasons witl not get printed $i$ ith the Law itself when the time comes, so it does not affect that, but it is a good and weefut point to have brought up.

MR. CHATRMAN (CONTINUING): I think I probably still have to put the question that clause 2 , do stand part of the Bill. As far as I an nemember, I said. I wae going to, but I had not actually put it... Sos. the question is that clause 2. do stand part of the pill.

GUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 2. PASSED.
Cl, GRK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMENT OF SBCTTON 6B.
GR. CHAIRMAN:
The question is that clause 3. do stand part of the Bill. If no Member wishes to speak, I will put that question.

QUFGTION FUT: MGREED. CLAUSE 3. PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 4. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 177.
Mp. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 4, do
Gtand part of the Bill. If no Member wishes to speak, I will put that
auaction. quastion.

QUEGTION PUT: AGREFD. CLAUSE A. PAGSHD.
CLERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND THE FEMAL CODE, LAW 12 OF 1975.
MIR. CHAJRMAN:
The question is that the Title and macting clause do stand part of the Bill. If no Member wishes to speak, I will put that question.

WIESTION PUT: ACREED. TITLE AND ENACYIMG CLAUSF PASSED.
MR. CHATRMAN:
That conctudes the Committcees proceedings in respect of a Bilt for a Law to amend the Penal Code, and we pan turn next to The Misuse of Drugs (Amendment) Biti.

THE MISUSE OF DRUGS (AMENDEMENT) BILI. 1986

## COMMTTYEE THEREON

GLERK: CLAUSE 1. $\because$ SHORT TITTLE
MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 1 do atond port of the Bitl. Unless any Member whinks to speak, I will put that guestion.

WUGGTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 1. PASSED.
GEERK: CLAUSE 2. AMENDMENT OF SECTION 2.
Tir. CHATRMAN: The question is that Clause a to stand port of the Bill. If no Member wishes to speak, I will put that question. QUHSTION PUR: AGREWD CLAUSE 2. FASSMD.

CLERK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMEM OF SECTION 13.
MF. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 3 do stand GUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSH 3. FABSED.

GLZRK: CLAUSE 4. AMENDMENT OE SECTITN 26.
Me CHIALEMAN:. The question is that Clause 40 do
atind part of the Bitl. Untees any Member wishes to speak, I witl put bhat question.

MESTION FUI: AGREED. CLAUSE 4. PABSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 5. AMENDMENT OF SECOMD SCHEDULE
Fi. CHAIRMAN: The question is that clause 5. do atand part of the Bill. If no Member wishes to opeak. I wilt put that question.

USSTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 5. FASSED.
CLERX: A BTLL FOR A LAWI TO AMEND TIEE MISUSE OF DRUGS LAW (SECOND REVISIOI).
Mr. CHATRMANS: The oucation is that the Titie and Thacting ctause do stand part of the Bitl. If no Member wishes to speak, then I will put that question:

QUISTION PUT: AGREED. TITLIL AND ENACTITH CLAUSE PABSED.
MF. CHATRMAN:
That oonoludes proceedings in respect
of The Misuse of Drugs (Amendment) Biti, and we can tum next to a sill for a Law to amend the Foretgn Judgenents Heovprocal Inforcement hitw (Revised).
$\frac{\text { THE FORETGN JUDGMENTS RECTHROCAL TNFORCEMENV }}{(\text { AMENDMENT) BTLLT. } 1986}$
COMMITTHE THEREON
CLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE.
MTR. CHAIRMAN: $\quad$ The question is that Clause 1. do atand part of the Bitl.

CLAUSE 1. PASSED.
GLERK: CLAUSE 2. AMENDMEXTY OF SECTTION 2.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
WEIGTION PUT: AGRTED. CLAUSE 2. PASSED.
CTERK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMEVY OF SECTION 3.
$\frac{\text { MR. CHAIRMAN: }}{\text { stand part of the Bith. The question io that clause 3. do }}$
THAGTION EUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 3. PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 4. AMENDMENT OF GECTION 5.
Wh. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clauise A. do
stand part of the Bill. If no Member wishee to speak, I will put that gueation.

WESTION PUT: AGRBED. CLAUSB 4. PASSHT.

OLERK: CLAUSE 5. AMENDMENT OF SECHION 10.
MP. CHAIRMAN:
stand part of the bill.
armon
QIFGTTON PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 5. EASSED.
CLERK: A BILL FOH A LAW TO AMEND THE FOREIGN JUDGMENTE RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT LAW (REVISED).

VIP. CHATRMAN: The question is that the Title and Enacting Clause do stand part of the Eill.

QUBGYTON PUT: ACREEV. TITLE AND ENACTTNG CLAUSE TASSED.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
That concludes proceedings in respect of Tha Foreign Judgmento Reciprocal Enforcement (Amendnent) BiLt. We can turn next to The Judicature (Amendment) Bill, but before we proceed with it, perhops I could seek advice from the Second official Member. Wh reoollection is that yesterday we suspended standing Ordere in order to enable us to proceed with the First and Second Readings of that riths and of the Affitiations (Amendment) Bill. Do we need now to suspend Standing Orders, in order to proceed with the Committee stages and the rest?

IIOF. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: My understanding Mr. Chairmang is that needed to suspend Standing Order 46(1) and 46 (2) in order for a Bitt bo get its First and Seoond Readings, but that thereafter, onoe that had been compliedwith by the suspension of Standing Ordarg, it was not necessary, because there are no time limits stated in relation to committee Stages once Rzadings have taken place.

WIT. CHAIRMAN:
Whout further detay.
So, in that oase we con safely proceed THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

COMMITTEF THEREON
CLERK: CLAUSE 1. SHORT ITTLE.
MIT CHAIRMAN: The question is that clauee I do stand pant of the Bill. If no Member wishes to speak, it will put that question. MESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 1. PASSED.

OLERK: CLAUSE 2. AMENDMENT OF STCTITOM 14.
MP. CHAIRMAN: $\quad$ The question is that clause 2. do stand
RUESTION FUT: ACREED. CLAUSE 2. PASGMD.
CLERE: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND THE SUDICATURE LAW, LAW' 11 OF 1975 (REVTSED).

MR. CHA IHMAN:
Eracting Clause do stand part of the bitl.
OlGSTION PUT: AGRBED. TTTLEE AND ENACTTNG CLAUSE EASGED.

MF. CHAIRMAN:
That conetudes proceedtras in respect of The Judicature (Amendment) Bill, and we can turn last in Committee to The Affiliation (Amendment) Bill.

THE AFEILIATION (AMENDMPN') BILL, 1986
COMMITTEE' TIIEREON
CLERR:
CLAUSE 1. SHORT TITLE'.
MT. CHATRMAN:
The question is that clause 1. do stand part of the Bill. If nomember wishes to speak, I will put that Guestion.

MURSTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE' J. PBSSED.
CLDRK: CLAUSE 2: ... AMENDMENT OF' SECTYON 5.
MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that Clause 2. do stand part of the Bitl. If noMember wisher to speak, I will put that question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE 2. PABSED.
GLERK: A BILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND TIE AFFILIATION IAW, 7973, LAW 10 OF $197 \%$
UR. CHAIRMAN: The question is that the Titte and the Enacting Claue do stond part of the Bill.

QUEST TON PUT: " AGREBD. TITLE AND ENACTTNG CLAUSE FASSED.
MR. CHAIRMAM: That oonoludes the Committee Stage
wroceedings in rebpect of that Bith, ond conotudes the proceedinge in Conmittee generalty. The House witt now resuome.

## HOUSE RESUMED

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated. Reports.
THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986 REPORT THEREON

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: Mr. President, I have to report that a Rilt entitled a Bizl for a Low to amend The Patents \& Trade Merpes: Lrw, Luw 29 of 1975 was considered by a Conmittee of the whole House, and passed without amendment.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Fitl is accortingly set doun for
Thind Reading.

## PHE PRISONS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986

## REPORT THEREON

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: lr. President, I have to report that a Bill entitled a Bili for a Law to amend the Prisons. Low, Law 14 of 1975 was considexed by a Committee of the whole House, and passed without cmendment.
$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { Third Reading. }}$ The BiLl is acoordingty set down for
THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (AMENDMENT) BIIL, 1986
REPORT THEREON

ZOM. MCCHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Mr. President Sir, I beg to report that a Bill shortly entitled The Legal Practitioners . Amendments Law 1986, was considered by a Committee of the whole House, and passed without amendment.

| $\frac{\text { PR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { Third Reading. }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| THE PENAL CODE (AMEMDMENT) BILL, 1936 |  |
| REPORT THRREON |  |
| HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: <br> Mr. President, Str, I beg to peport that a Bill shortly entitled The Penat Code (Amendment) Low, 1986 was |  |
|  |  |
| a Bill shortly entitled The Penal Code (Amendment) Lows 1986 was considered by a Conmittee of the whole House, and passed without amendment. |  |
| $\frac{\text { Mr. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { Third Reading. }} \quad \because \quad . \quad$ The Bitl is accordingty set down for |  |
| THE MISUSE OF DRUGS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986 |  |
| PEPOR'? THEREON |  |
| IION. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY: Mr. President, Sir, I beg to report that a Bill shortily entitled The Misuse of Drugs (Amendment). Letw, 1986 was considered by a Committee of the whole House, and passed without anendment. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { Third Reading. }}$ The Bill is accordingly set doun for |  |
|  |  |

THE FOREIGN JUDGMENTS RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT
(AMENDMENT) BTLL, 1986
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY. Mr. President, Six, I beg to report
that a Bill shortly entitled The Foreign Judments Reciprocal Bnforoement (Amendment) Law, 1986 was considered by a Committee of the whole House, and passed without amendment.

MR. PRESTDENT':
Third Reading.
The Bitl is accordingly set dow for

## THE JUDICATVRE (AMENDMENY) BILL, 1986

## REPORT THEREON

AON. MTCHAEL $\%$ BRADLEY:
Mr. Bresident, Sir, I beg. to report that a Bill shortly, entitled. The Judicature (Amendment) Law, 7986 was considered by a Committee of the whole House, and passed without amendment.

Mr. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ The Bitl is accordingly set down for Shind Reading.

THE AFFILIATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
REPORT THEREON
FON. MICHABL E. BRADLEY:
Mr. Prebident sirs I beg to report that a Bill shortly entitled The Affiliation (Amendment) Law, 1986; was considered by a Committee of the whote House, and passed without amendment.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Bill is accordingly set down for Third Reading.

Bitls, Thited Readinge.

## $B+L L S$

## THIRD READINGS

THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMENY) BILL, 1986
CLERK: THE PATENTS \& TRADE MARKS (AMENDMFNT) BILL, 1986.


#### Abstract

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:: Mr. President, I move that a Bill entitled a Bitl for a Low to anend the Patente \& Trade Marks Lad, Law 29 of 1975 be given a Third Reading and passed.

MR. PRESSIDENT: The question is that a Bitt entitled a Bill for a Law to amend The Patents \& Trade Marks Law, Law 29 of 1975 be given a Third Reading and passed. I mitl put the question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. BILL GIVEN A TIIRD READING AND PAGSED.


THE ERISONS (AMENDMENY) BTLL, 1986
CLERK: THE PRISONS (GMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: Mr. Fresident, I move that a Bitz untitted a Bill for a Law to comend The Prisons Law, Low 14 of 1975 be given a Third Reading, and passed.

SR. PRESIDENT:
The question io that a Bitl ontitled a Bith for a Law to amend the Prisons Law, Law 14 of 1975 be given a Thixd Reading and passed. I will put that question.

CRSTION PUT: AGREED. BTLLL GIVEN A TYIRD READING AND PASSED.

## CLERK: THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986.

HON, MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Preeident, Sir, I beg to move that a Biz shortiy entitled The Legat Proctitioneros (Amendment) Law, 1986 be given a Third Reading and passed.
MR. PRESIDENT: The question is that a Bill entitled
B Bith for a Law to amend the Leqal Practitioners Law, 1969 ge given
a Third Reading and pased. I will put the question.

OURGTTON PUT: AYES AND NOESS

| $M R$. JOHN B. MCLEAN: | Can we have a division please? |
| :--- | :--- |
| $M$ M. PRESIDENT: | Certainly. |

## DIVISION <br> D70. $16 / 86$

 Capt, Charles L. Virkoonnelt
Mrs. Daphne L. Orrett
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkeonnell
Mr. D. Eszard Mitler


MR. PRESIDENT: . $\therefore$ I declare the motion oarried.
AGREED BY MAJOFITY: BILL GIVEN A THIRD READING AND PASSED.

THE PBNAL CODE (AMENDMENT) :BILL, 1986
CLERK: THE PENAL CODE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
FON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Freeident six. I beg to move that a Bitl shortty entitled the Penal Code (Amendment) Law, 1986 be given a Third Reading and passed.

MR. PRESTDENT: The question is that a Bitl shortly entitled The Penal. Code (Amendment) Bill, 1986 be given a Thirad Reading and passed. I will put the question.

OUECTTON FUT: AGREED. BILL GIVEN A THIRD READTHG MND PAGSFD.

THE MISUSE OF DRUISG (AMBNDMENT) BTTL, 1986
CLERK: THE MISUSE OF DRUGS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
Wh. MICHAEL J. BRADLFY: Mr. President, Sir. $I$ beg to move that a Bizh shortly entitted The Misuse of Dmag (Amendment) Law, 1986 be avien a Third Reading and passed.


QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: MGy $t$ have a division ptease.
MR. PREGIDENT: : Of courge.


THE JUDICATURE (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1980
CIJRKK: THE JUDTCATURE (AMENDMENT) BTLL, T986
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Sir. I beg to move that
a Bith shortly entitted The Judicature (Amendment) Law, 1986 be given a Third Reading and passed.

Wh. PRESTDENT: The question ts that a Bith shorthy entitted The dudicature (Amendment) Bill. 1986 be given a Third Reading and passed. I shath put the question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. BTLL GIVEN A THIRD READING AND PASSED.

CLERK: - THE AFFILIATION (AMENDAENV) BILL, 1986.
ION. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Rnesident Sir, I beg to move that a Bill shortley entitled The Affiliation (Amendment) Law, 1986 . be given a Thira Reading and pasced.

MR. PRBGIDENT: $\quad$ The question is that a Bitl shortlu entitled The Affiliation (Amendment) Lau, 1986 be given a Third Reading and passed. If no Member wishes to speak? I will put that question.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. BILU GIVEN A THIRD READING AND PASSED.
MR. FRESTIDENT:
That coneludes the Third Readings. It is a moment eartier than we normally take our moming break, but sinoe this is a fairly natural point at which to intermpt proceedings, it may be oonventent for the llouse if I do now suspend them for aproximately 20 minutes, and $I$ will do so.

AT 11:10 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED HOUSE RESUMED AT 12:05 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Item 4. Other Bueiness: Frivate Members' Motions, Motion No. $7 / 86$, the Momber for North Side.

OTHER BUSTNESS
PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOITONS

PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOHION NO.7/86
SAFE AND LEGAL FILOTAGE IN CAYMAN TERRTTORIAL WATERS
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER.
Mr. President, I wish to move Private
Member's Motion No.7/86 concerned with Safe and Legal Pilotage in Cayman Territoriat waters. It reads as followe:-
'WHEREAS the Cayman Islands have jus completed the introduction of Marine Parks, to protect our beautijul reefs and thereby the Tounizat Industrys
AND WHEREAS it is important to protect the safety of ships, their crew and passengers and it is in the intereet of the tourist industry to continue to attrast oruise ships;
BE IT RESOLVED that Govermment re-enact regulations under the Port Authority Law or mena the said Law if neeessary to control, regulate and provide for Safe and Legal Pilotage in ath Territomial Waters of the Couman Istands:"

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
MR. FRESIDENT:
heren duty moved and seconded.

Mr. Fresident I second the motion.
Private Membor's Motion No, $7 / 86^{\circ}$ hao
The mover may wish to sperk to it.

AGR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
irw. ipesident, it is unfortinate that this motion had to be brought here keoause eome monthe ago, Freoutive Councit made what I consider a backwardo stef in removing the regulations concerning pilotage in the Cayman Tslands, ard a dangerous step in doing ao white there was a case pending hefore the courts.

Mr. President, I believe that eafe and leagal pilotage is absolutely nevessary for the continued suceessfut operation of the ports in the Cayman Islaride.

Mr. Fresidant, I seek Membexs support for the motion to re-enact the regulations, to allow for safe and legal pilotage in alt territorial waters of the Cayman Islands.

## Mit. PRESIDENT: <br> Does any Member wish to speak? The.

Thrd Elected Member of Executive Connetl.
IOIV. CAFYT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONDELL: Mr. Tresident, I regret that the Covermment connot support the motion to consider re-enaoting regutiattins whioh have just recently been anerded and repealed. Ine decisuon ta amend and repeal the regulations relating to pitotage, by the Goverm. ment and Board of Directors of the Por Authority was not done hastity ow whout first giving careful consideration to att the implieations. We were advised by the legat department that serious consequences could arise if we failed to establish a proper framewnok for the appointment and the licensing of pizots, and: that we should also enact legistation. which would not impose any liability on the Govermment on the Fowt Authority, for any lose occasioned by the acts or defaults of the pilot.

The Crovermment and Directors of the Wret Authority are satisfied that the safety of shipes their crev and passengers are being taken oare of by the local ship agents who appoint competent pilots. The Directors of the Fort Authority feel that ship conters should be allowed to employ pitots of their. oum choice, and to date there has been no representation made to the Govemment or the Fort Authority by the cmise ship overatore, requesting that a pilotage service should be established. Government is therefore, not propared at this time to enter into a commitment to meintroduce legislation to make pilotage compuZsory.

Howevers Mo. President, this mattes. witl be kept under constant review, and should it be necessary at some future date, when berthing facilities for cruise ships have been establiahed, we will take the necessary sters to ensure that a regularised pilotage service is provided.
$I$ thank you Mr. President.
Wh. TRESIDENY:
Th Seoond Elected Member for West Bay.
TF. W. McKERVA BUSH:
Mr. Frestdent, I am conoemed about
the action taken, and I question the roasons for removing the regulatione. Why remove the regulations before having the desired taw? The Cayman Istonds, Mr, Fresident Sirp, have a grat seamarto heritage, and proper pitorgo could employ severat unemployed Captains. Mr. Fresident, we powe the weamen of thise Country a great debt for the buitding up of thit Country, and for putting it in the map, as the overseas anbascadors that they were.

Mr. Fresident, $I$ question its in view. of the setting up of recent Warine Farks. Mr. Fresident, I find it quite hand to aocept that a fishemon oanot whenor his little 16 foot fishing boat in 16 feet of water on a sandy bottom. But thess big ships can drop big onchors with long lengthe of ohain whioh did destroy and nontinues to do donage to the harbour and the popular dive aite known as Eden Rock.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): M. President, this action should not have been taken. When I learnt of its regardless of what anybody might say, I feit it was wrong, and I did not hesitate to second the motion of the Member for North Side. This action $I$ consider as a retrograde step, and it destroys on has the potential to destroy all the so ealled gaine, of the Marine Farks, which created some howdship for the local fishermen.

Mr. President; what the Honourable
Third Elected Member of Executive Council has given as the reasons, I cannot agree with because I feel that the regulations should not have been remaved before the desired law. So, I eupport the notion Mr. President, and $t$ hope all nembers on this side witi give it supports in order to get a passage through.

IR. PRESTDENT: The Elected Nember for East End.
MR. JOIN B. MoLEAN:
Mr. Tresident, I am eompletely againet the motron Before the Iloude, for several reasons.

I wonder if the mover of the motion has really considered the added responsibility this will areate to Goverment, should there be an acoident in our harbour. Secondly, I honestly wonder if this is necessary at this time. we have had a system Mr. President, that has worked well, and I honestly oannot agree with the reasons given in the first clause, where Marine Parks tre being used as an exouse for the establishment of pilotage. We are aware that Marine Parks have been established throughout these Islands, and we are also aware that there is only one area which is Resignated as a harbour. So, how can we honestly tie the two together.

I would like to go a little further, and to remind Members of the manu thousands of doilars which Govermment. spent not too long ago, to purchase huge anchons which I understood at the time, would be used to establish remanent moomings especiatly for the touristiahipe. What are we going to do with these? Are we going to take them and let them sit on the dock, or are we going to dump them?

MP. W. MCREEVA BUSII: : That does not stop the pilotage:
MR. JOIN B. MoLEAN: : Mr. Fresident, you know I am just disgusted with nasty interruptions in this House. I think the Member has had his ohance to speak.....

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSI: You are not here that often.
MR. JOHN B. MoLEAN: .....and it is only fair when people pre speaking that he keeps quiet.

Mr. President, Government's action or regulations; thin this aase I must soy they should have been commended. I think it was a wise move, and I support it, and I hope and timest that they will do no less for the remainder of their term.

Again I say, I comnot support thie
motion as is. Thank you.
MR. ERESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
In that case...... The Firgt Elected Member for the Lesier Ielands.
CAFY' MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL: "Mr. Tresident. Private Member's Motion W.7/86, Safe and Legat Pitotage in the Caymon Territomat Watere, I sannot support this motion as presented, Mr. Tresident.

GIPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL (CONTMUING): We have heard a tot in recent months about added cost to the people here in the Cayman Islands.
Compulsory pitotage of alt ships arriving in the Cayman Istands, witl again fonce freight rates up, which meane that grocery on the shetwes will inorease together with other inoreases.

I am verul confident that the pilots won serving as pilote here, are oapable and qualified. I think the Fort Authority is quite capable of monitoring the situation. If the need arises for a change, it certainiy witt be made, and I support the wetion taken by the Poxt Authority, and I feel it is incumbent upon us not to areate additional oxpenses, as the Cayman Istands is a very oostly port. As it is, everybocy's supenses here are high, the cost of tiving is increasing and if we on every whim and fancy tend to make it more expensive, eventually we will price ourselves completely out of the market.

So with these few words Mr. Fresident,
I cannot support the motion.
MR. PRESIDENI:: Does ony other Member wish to speak? The Second Eteoted Member for Bodden Toum.

MR. G. IAIG BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, the system of anohorine Bhips, or docking them in Grand Cayman and Caymxn Brao seeme to have wriked quite well in the paet. The whip owners employ if neaessary pilots, and the Port Director has controt under the law as to where" a ship oan anchor.

As for as I am cware, there have bean no acoidents caused by tack of pitotage. The ship which ran aground, the Rhopsody, did so simply because the crew of the ship made some orrors. This did not happen because there was no sustem for providing vilotes, and the matter has worked welt in the past, so I cannot support the motion which is here today.

I agree that the Govermment could in the future, if shipping increases to such on ewtent that it is necessary, meview the position and have the low mendels, on have a opectit law ocvering this subject.

I do not think we should go about changing a system which, while not flawtess, has certainly worked welt. in the past. The peopze who work as pitots seem to be competent, and undoubtedly there are many other Caymanians who que equatty as competent, and arn take on this job when callod upon by the ship oumers to do so.

I am alamed at reoent avents which
hroe led me over the tast aighteen months, to think of the Government as a mail order catalogue where peoplo simply mat in requests, and the requests are gronted, rather than a aysterr of where a potioy is defined and action trken because of aircwnstances rather then individurt requests. I think that Government has dipped its finger in too mony pies recently and need not get into this matter at this time.

I certainly agree that the safety of ships plying our waters, or using our porite siould be of the utmost inportance to the Government. neverthoteoo, I cannot see the Government setting up a system for the lioensing of pizots; having to set up mother authority to do so, to ereate another biuden and to increase tho cost of operating a ship in these waters. At the present time we have bome very large cruiee tiners, coming in here. We have some very large shipping companies sonding their ships here, ond theu must howe oonfidence in the system which now exists, and I am eartain that they would not misk their ships in this area, if they did mot fele that the port could nocommodate them, and that facilities wenc heres, odequate to the needs and that we had the proper mancgement of the harbour, and that. there was rroper pilotage for the ships.

Mh. G. HATG BODDEN (CONITNUNG): I aee no need for this motion, but I will agree that the Goverment must watch the situation alosety and if there is increased activity in our porto, mabe one day dow: the line, they could examine this matter again. But as of toady, I would suggest that we leave the matter as it is.

MRR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to speak? In that case..... does the mover whish to exeroise his right of reply?

ITR. D. RZZARD MILLAR: Yes, Mro President but in the light of what has transpired, $I$ wonder if it would be possible to take the tracheon break now because I would like to do some "additional researoh. If it in not possible, I am prepared to ad-tib it, but I would like to get some copies of tawe, beoause of certain things which have been intimated.

TR. PRESTDENY:
Well it is within five minutes of the
time when we nomally break for lunch. I expect the Members would be willing to acquiesce and to meet you. Fes I see. I think that io perfectly reisonable. So, I witl suspent proceedings until approrimately two fifteen.

AT 12:28 P.M. THE HOUSE GUSTERDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:85 7. M

MR. RRESIDENT;
Member's Motion No, 7/86.

Flease be seated. Resumption of the debate on Private

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Mr. President Sip, the Honourable Member
for North side has kindly indicated that he would permit me to make a very brief point, before he conmences his reply.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Yes Mr. Fresident, as tong as $I$ can have the map to which he is going to refer, when he thas finished.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Gir. he may on Zoan, but not for keeps.

No problem Six. I have alt of them at
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: home. I just was not prepared for this oontroverey today.

HOV. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: The secret of lat Sirs, is not knowing the low but knowing where to find it.

Mr. President Sip......
Mi. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
yes, beavise you have hidden the taws.
MR. FRESIDENT:
order. Order.
HON. MICBAEL J. BRADLEY: $\because$ Mr. President, Stirsin the course of the webate, it was mentioned by an Honourable Member that there were no areas tesignated for amise ships as an anchorage. May I just drow the attention of Members to the Fort Amendment No. 2. Hocgutrtitons, 1986. which ware mobliehed as a supplement to the Gazette of , tprit 14th, 1986, and therein there is dectared a port anehorage area for the Fort of George Town, and the eaduetral survey and map attached show that it is an area extending out from the shoreline from a point approximately half way between the port and the Seaview Hotel on the south, to a point just north of Pageant Beach on the north side of George Toum. I just tuchted briefly to mention that, in case the wrong impression was given that them had been no deaignated wort area. Thank you.

MR. FRESTDENI:
In that ase, I had called the Member
for North Side to repty, and he may now do so.
MF. D. EZZARD MILLEER:
Yes, Mr. President. Juist to asoist the
Zearmed Second Official Member; as he has just said, the seeret of knowing
low is not to know the law, but to know where to find it. I wont to tell
ifim how we came to get designated, these anchorages before I start getting to the meat of my reply. It was because I went to the Director of the Fort and asked if there was designated conohoming for the port of George Toim, and I was told that thexe was not. If wes notice, this is dated the 25th March, 1986. The Murine Conservation Laws oame into effect a while before that as did the Mamine Farks. The onty thing availables prior to this Sir was an otd Admiratty ahdint and a five-tine atatement wode by the Director of the Fort whioh said that the best anchorages wre loated between 200 deqrees and 230 degrees from the tighthouse. So this is all after the fact, because the Port Regutations which were removed by this Government; were removed on the 25 th day of February, 7986. So this is alosing the gate after all the horses have left the pasture.

Now Mr. Eresidant, f am perplexed Ey the stanch Govermment has taken on this issus here today, because very recently I was in the office of the Member responsible, and I was totd that laws are now being drafted for this very purpose. But Mr. Freaident, what coneerre me is dual standards. Mr. President, we have a tow on the booke of the cayman Islands which dates back many years, which tearity, and If will proceed to point out that to operate in this Countru as a pilot without an appointment or a license by the Port Authority
is itlegal. This Goverment and the past Govemment have allowed it to happen, and if we can turn a blind sye to that: then Zets tum a blind eye on Mr. John Fowery's turtles and let the man sell his turtle meat. Because one annot have one standard for some people beoause they are higher we in the strata than some others...

HON. MICHAEL I. BRADLEY: Subjudicy matiters.
MFi. D. EKZARD MILLERT:
Which one? I fave not made any statements Sir, I said 'double standards'. before the evening is out. Mr. President....

MR. PRESTDEWT:
I think I must remind....I am not saying that the Member need witharca anything he fras acid atready, but-I must nemind him about subjudicy matters, and ho must bear in mind that the one mattex that he did mention has to be regarded as aubjudicy.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER; Thank you Sir. But one wonders if subjudioy appties to Executive Councit on not? Mr. Freeident.....

MT. PRESIDENY:
It apolies generally.
SOM. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: wth anything.

I did not reatise they had been oharged

ME. D. EZZARD MILLER: Could the Member repeat that sir. I whid like the public to hear what is being said you know.

Mr. Fresident, the Port Authority Law mao passed in late 1976. It was assented to on the 15th September, 1976 by the then Govemor, Mr. T. Rusect. Mr. Exesident, Section 13 of this Lra makes it quite alear that the Govemor in Counctl may make regulations prescribing, and there are a number of itsmes number oight is pizotage. io there is no doubt in anybody's mind that thene is a Law whioh allows the Governor in Council to make regulatione conoerning pitotage.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUINC): What prompted this Law Mr. Fresident? Whe it a condition of the loan from the Caribbean Developmont Bank. If my memory serves me right, they brought in an axpert from I think it was the Canadion Coast Guard to help them draft the Law. I gueds I witt have to write to the Caribbean Development Bonk and ask them how they feel. about the pilot regutations being removed.

The Law and the Port Regulations inder this Law Mr. Fresident are again, wemy speaific. I have had thase Port Regulations interpreted by the learned Second Officiat Membex of Executive Council, the Attorney Generat and his Chambers. I have had them interpreted by members of the legat fraternity in private practice. I have had to force on explanation from the Legal Drafteman, in the presence of witnasses, that it could be done, and in the presence of the Member and his Principal becretary that it could be done. This is what the Regulations say Sir. Under Part 2. of the Regulations - Navigation: "Pllots to be duly appointed or licensed.' And it says under No. 19: 'No persor other than a duly appointed pilot, (and note, duly appointed pilot) or a pilot ticensed by Law may offer his services as suoh.'

Mr, Fresident, it is tudiorous for the: Nember responsible to suggest that the shipping companies should ask for pilotage, when the Law says ino person may do so, unless appointed by the Port Authority'.

Seetion 20. of the Regulations go on: 'No person other thon a lawfully licensed pitot afloat, and on duty may display a pilot flag of which is under half white, lower half red. Now shall any vessel display such a flag unless under lawfil pilotage.'

So Mr. President, there can be no question in anyone's mind, that the Regulations, and the Law as it wos, ond as it was intended to be, allowed for legal pilotage and the appointment of pitots. There should be no doubt that pilotage is compuleory, because tine Law goes on. It goes on, and there was a lot of hay made here thise moming about the excess cost to Covernment to apoint piloto, and to the shipping componies. Also, a big thing was made out of the fact that Government and the Port Authority woutd be reeponsibte, and that they would have so much licability, if they fulfitled the requirements of the Law and appointed pilots to ports in our territorial waters. Mr. President, Section 22. of the
fegulations make it quite alear:
'Vessels navigating under pilotage, are ansiberable for any toss on damage caused by fault of navigation'.

So, how in chypody's wildest imaginatiom... covernment is going to be responsible or liable it $t \cdot y$ appoint a pilot as is provided for under the Zaw. Mr. Tresident; I used to hove a grofessor in thiversity who talked about wings flypping but no birds ftying. That is what happened here this moming, and has been. happening. for the last year. Thexe are a lot of wings flapning, but there are no brids flying, and it is time that we get some birds to fly.

Mr. Fresident, International Maritime
un removes any tiability for damages. This has been tested in the highest courte internationally. The pilot is not responsiote. He is an aduisor, he is on the bridge in an advisory oapacity, anymhere atse in the wortd excepting the Panama Conal.

Mr. President, $I$ oat here and heard arguments from the Elected Member for East Fhat and from the Second Elected Momber for Bodden Town, and I wondered where they were, when their roverment were making these requlations. Do not tell me that the negulations were made and they did not know what biks in the requitations.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUTNG): Did they not understand what they were making. How many times has this happened in their Administpation? I quese sir, that it ie better to be absent and keep ones mouth shut and be though $a$ fool thon it is to open it and oonfirm it.

Mr. . Fresident, it has been suggested that What we need to do to to lieense pitotss not aproint them. We need to set wa whole bureauoracy, a whole nei Borrd of heaminems to license pilots, we cannot appoint them, but the law allows uou to appoint them or ticense them. Yet, they are trying to telt me and members of the public that it is the appointment which is going to cost them. The ompointment will be made by the Board which is presertly being paid to mun the Port Authority, no added expende to Government. Now if you ane going to get up a whote new bureaucracy, that is added expense. If you cannot find competent vaple to put on the present Board, to appoint competent people, where are you going to find them to put on a Board which you are going to have to create all over again. You are going to bring them from Engiland, or Conada or Jamaica I guess.

Mr. President, I betieve that the Firet. Elected Member for Cayman Brac thit the rutl on the head, and I have been going round in circles with this thing for about two years, and I believe that he hit it might on the head when he said it is going to cost the shipping compantes. Wot the shipping companiss; beoause the atso went on to say that they would pass it on to the 'littive man' whom evembody here defonds, and he is going to have to inopease the cost of living and averything else. But Mr. Preaident, there apain, there is no need to do that, because the regulations also provide for that. Whoever wrote these regulations knew what they were doing It is obvious that it was not certain Members of the past Govermment beccuse they do not know what is in the regulations. But Regulation 23 says that ships of non-Coymanian registry and not being men-of-war berthing in the Islands, may be made subject to pilotige unless exmpted therefrom by the Director. So it is compulsory in here already that thoy must have a pilot, unless they are exempted, and it subs ships of non-Capman regietry, and ships of urr. it is assumed there that ships of Caymon remistry, and of Coymorn ownership oan be exempted by the Port. So we do not have to worry about what it is going to cost them. This is juat another smoke screen, just nore winge flapming, and the bird is going nowhere.

Mr. Exestderit, a tot of the speakere who spoke before are well satisfied that pilotage is being done property. I nave aitreddy pointed out that it is being done illegally, because thene ts only one man in this Country who has been appointed and that was revoked two weeks afterwarde. But they say it is beino done 'oompetently': Mr. Fresident, within the last couple of yexrs we have had a number of shipping acoidents in this Country. Some aould have been wery oatastrophte to the future of this Country. The super torker loaded whth crude oit which went aground between Cayrian Brac and Inttle Cayman. If she had had a proper quatified legatly appointed pitot on hen, ene would not have gone aground. What would have happened to the beaches of thits Country, or to our marine waters had those thouoands of gallons of crude oit spilt out of that vessel. The Rhapsody went aground in our own port. If the Law had been fulfitiled, oompuzsory pizotage, he wuld have had to keep that anohor there untrit they pilot had returned. But here in this Country, with alt of our freat maritime heritage, we wove got poople out there in a littile dowy with a watky-talky and another on the bridge. "Follow that itittle boat yoing in there, wher he gete there drop the anohor into that zittie white hole", instead of teliling the mon so many dcarees to port and so many deareee to starboand, as any rrofessional would do. And make no bones about it, we are made fun of internationally. seomen are making fun of us internationatly.

Mip. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTTNUING): I have been on the bridge of ships in Miami, and the Chief Mate of one of the passenger shivs came aboard to relieve the Captain, and he made fun of the way ships are anchored in George Town harbour - by two people and a walky-talky.

We had one of the Hyber boats come into the harbour', too fast I guess and tore bits out of the dook. More damage would have been done, who was responsible for that? We hat another one of the Hyber boats come $i n$, said they never had any reverse gear when they got near to the docks - ran it aground. If we had been fulfilling the Law, the Coptain would have had to stop a mile out and piok to pitotage. He would have known then that the shir did not have any reverse thpust on his propellers, so the apoident corld have been prevented. What are we wating for, for one of them to wind up in the "Yonky notion'. los had another one, where a car ship itoelf got damageds and the port jot lamaged. But everybody is satisfied that the pilotage is safe and it is illegal. We are alt worried, we are all concerned about the tiabitity to Govermment. What is the liability to Govermment, when we have on our books a Law which says that pilotage is compulsorm, and the pilot must be rpointed, and we are allowing sonebody to on out there and impersonate an Officer of the port, and pose as a pilot without the aut e itication of being appointed by the Fort. Who its liable in that instance?

The Regulations, the Low goes on Sir to provide for those kind of peopte under sgotion $14(8)$. Whoever inmersonates on Officer ( and Mr. Eresident, if the Law says you have to be appointed ae a pitot and you are not appointed ae a pritot and you go out there and you say "t am a pilot" you are imperronathing an officer of the Porty) It says "whoever" impensonates an ofricer is guitty of an offence and is liabte on summary conviction to a fine not axceeding CI $\$ 1_{j}$. 000 or to imprisonment with or without hard tabour for a term not exceeding one year or both". Why is the man not arrosted? Some people can break: the Law, some people oannot. I do not go for that Sir. what is good for the goose must be good for the gander. I wish that statement was bubjudicy sir.

Nr. Fresident, before I go any further,
let me put something in perspective. I have been told by the Govemor, $I$ have been told by members of the pubtic that the only reasor why I an doing this is because I am promoting some member of my fomily. Now tet us put this out in the clear. I am not ashamed that Captain Harmis Atan MaCoy is a cousin of mine. I hove nothing in that to be ashamed of. He is a member of my constituency, and I am helping him colely as his representative. If they are going to out taw representation from members. of your fomily, t could not represent half of my oonstituency, bocause both my grandmothers and other grandrarents were heavy bree lere Sir. so let us put it in perspective. He happens to be a member of my famity, there is nothing wrong with that. But that is not the reason why I am ooneemed about it. I did not go out on the internationat soene, and get his many licenses and many certificates he has. He earned those on hie own merit, and he is not the only one whom I was fighting for, I was fighting for members of the George Town constituency as welt, who were members of the association which he formed. I just want to get that out in the clear so that the public know where I stand, because. I have been hearing it on the street comer. Mr. Fresident, I do not want to hear, as I have heard from the Honourable Seopnt Official Member just before the break, that somebody must make a complaint, because somebody made a complaint. Somebody put it in writing to the Chief of Foliee, gave him 30 days, got no action, wrote to him again, got no aotion, went and filed a aivit case in court. Nr. Freaident, that is where it gets interesting, because the case was set down fon mention on the 28 th Febmam, 1086, and Mr. Fresident this is what I hotd carinst the present Executive Councit Membere. On the 25th duy of February 1086 , they removed atl the Regulations which mentimed pilotage or anythivg afse in the Fort Authority Icow.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLRR (CONTINUING) Now Mr. Prestident, they had to tet that case go to fruition. The than was not asking that he be appointed, that was not the point of his case. He was abking for a judiciat interpretation of the Law. Because, the tanjers were telling him one tining, Government people were telling tim ano ther thing, and Govermment people were telling me the same thing that his Zawyers were telling htm. So he wanted the judoe to decide what was in the Low, and what was not in the Law. If it was in the Law then he asked for on enforement order to be issued. Fortunateld, we will never know beause the regulatione were removed, and Mr. President, I consider that a aerious threat to the judioial system in this country, and a very dangerous precedent, to remove regulations under which a case is filed in oourt. I am not telling the public onything which I have not told him. But what is even more eubtie Sir, is that this matter was done on the $25 t h$ Februarbs the case was mentioned for the $88 t h$, it was put of $f$ and it was not publioised untit the $319 t$ danuam:

Mr. Preaident, we have heard, that the Regulations, the Law did not allow apointments, the Ia allowed only licenses Sir. Yet, Mr. Pesidents on the toth day of duty 1985, the present Executive Councit under the provisions of the Rort Authomity Low, 1977 drafted a set of regulations which said.
'These Regulations may be sited as the Fort Amendment) No. 2.)
Regulations, 1985. The Fort Regulations are anvended by
inserting the following new regulation inmediately after
regulation $21 . "$
Regutation 21 is to do with the pilotage, fareways and whatnot. Appointments of pilots, 21(A):

The Authority may appoint as a pilot; any peroon who:
(a) possesseb a Masters or Mates Coritificate whith the Authority considers appopricite.
(b) has had at least three years experience as a Captain or a Mate of an oeear-ming veseel.
(c) has sufficient knowtedge of toont conditions to qualify him to take charge as a hllot of any pesset within the termitomid walem.
(d) is of good oharacter and soljer habits:

Frovided that no appointment shall be made under this Regulation until the Authority has firet obtained a centificate from the Chief Medical officer that the eyesight cond general physical condition of the perison to be appointed
are such as to enable him to wepform the duties of a pilot'.
Nois Mr. Enesident, the Law did not allow appointments of pilots et cetera, at oetexa. Why draft this rogulation in June 19Q6s? Now thiss in my mind, is on outwight. admission that the Law and the previous Requtations allowed and reauired pilots to be appointed. Yet today pilotage is being donts, I aannot argue with the safaty of it or the adegucey of it; but it is oervainly being done illegally, because no one has been apointed, except Captain MoCoy, who was appointed one week, and two weeks Zater he received a letter souing it was nutt and woid. the person who ave him it, should not hove done so.

Mr. Tresicient: this business of safe, legat and adequate pilotage in the Cayman relands an hove semious revercussions on this cowntm, despite the foct that it is a disgrace on our mar time heritage. Should we have an acoident in that port which oost lives, or we have great epillage of crude oit et cetera, i hope that the Members of this Honourable House oan aleep with a otear consoience after it has hapened. and they have lestroyed the future of this Country.

MR, D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): Now Mr. Eresident, the Second ETeated Member for Bodden Tow talked about Government being like a mail orden catalogue. Now, I am not sure exactly what he was getting at, but I adn only drow my own conctusions. I do not know whan he thinks is making the orders out of the oatalogue, and who to filling them. But Mr. President, that might have been the way it was under the Jnity leam, that the Members of their Goverment had to wait untit they oame here and opened their little box from Nationat Bettashess or from the Inity Team, and pulted out their orders for the day - what they were going to say and what they. were going to do. Mr. President, I am not that kind of representative. If I see a problem, it does not matter to me whether, Government want to accept it or they like it. It is my duty as a representative to raise it, and to ratse it in the strongest. possible way that my oonvictione allow.

Mr. President, people' in this Country can look around and they can see that this Members family is not getting any special favours since I have been elected. Thay san see which companies are getting the business from Govermment. They can see whose fomilies are getting promoteds what members of those constituencies are getting. Who are going from Laboratory Technicians to Assistant Secretaries, et cetera et cetera. They are not from thia Member's fanily, most of them are being kieked the other way, but that is a different tsaue altogether. I just wanted to put it in perspective, when people start going round talking about me fighting for my fomity.

As a representctive of the people, I see a problem and it is my duty and my responsibitity to raise that problem with the Goverment. They witt not aceept it; they accept it; if they want to reject it, they have the privilege to reject it. 1988 is another story around the comer again, and you know the other people are getting marl from places where marl shoutd not be taken, and all that kind of thing, but you know....

Mr. Fresident, the Member for East End was talking about anchors, he intimated that IT was using the Marine rarks as an excuse to bring this isbue before the people of this Country, for some ather reason. But Mr. Frosident, it would do him good to spend more time here, and seme the purmose for which he was elected. Then maybe he would know that I do not atways, or very rarety have to find other reasons than the issue at hand, to raise it.

Now Mr. Fresident, I have nothing versonally to gain other than the aatisfastion of knowing that pilotage is being carried out legalty, being carried out safely and the heritage of the Caymanian people of whioh we are so proud, is being respeeted and it is being upheld. I do not have any tand bo selt to Government. $i$ do not have any streets named after me. I do not want any buildinas plastered with my nome. I do not need this self arcrondisement, my ahouldero are big enough most people an see me.

Mr. Fresident, in a nutshell Sir, what is going on in our ports at the present time is a disgrace and an insult to our forefathers who built this Comtry through their maritime expertise and endeavour. Mr. Fresident, thie is a case where words in this House are going to be like the seeds the man planted wich fett on the rock. I could talk all evening, but nothing is going to cone of it, but Mr. Fresident, I will tet each Member vote on this issue cocording to his conscience, and hope they never have to witnese the destruction of our tourist industry and the economy of these Isionds by bome maritime aocident which may nave been prevented had we had proper, safe and teall pilotage in our termitorial waters.

Thank you Six.

IGR. PRESIDENT: The motion before the House is Private Member's Motion No.7., and I will put the question.

QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOEG
IR. W. MeKBEVA BUSH: That was very weak Mr. President. Let ue have a division, they are not too sure.

Mr. PRESIDENT: I thint we had better have a division
because I really was not too sure whe ther the Ayes or the loes got it. It sounded to me as if the Ayjes won. But if we are to have a division....

Mr. D. EZZARD MILLER: I witi take that, I with take that.
MR. PRESIDENT:
. ... we shatt know.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
I with take it that the Ayes have won Sir.
WT. PRESIDENT:
I think you will find sonebody may then alt a division. So let us have a division.

## $\frac{\text { DIVISION }}{\text { NO. 18/86 }}$

AYES
Mr. W. McKeeva Bush Mr. D. Ezzard Miller

MR. PRESTDENT:

## NORS

Hon. Thomas C. Tefferson
Hon. Miohael i. Bradley
Hon. John Lemuet Hupiston
Hon. Benson O. Ebmiks
Hon. W. Normant Bodden
Hon. Gapt. Charles Li. Kirkeonnel.
Mrs. Daphne L. Orvett
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkonnell
Mr. Fohn B. Motiean


I dectare that the motion was lost.

## ERIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION ND. $7 / 86$ DEREATED BY MAJORITY VOTE

MR. PRESIDENT :
The next item on the Onder Paper is Frivate Member's Motion No. 10/86. The Second Eltected Member for Ceorge Town.

PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTTON WO. $10 / 86$
CIVIC CENTRES
MF. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Mr. President, I beq to move Private
Member's Motion Mo. 10186 on the subject of livic Centres, which reads as fotlows:

WHEREAS there is a need for a Civic Centre within the George Town and West Bat Districte, primamily for the purposes of providing hurriteano she teres, for sociat functions and other aivic activities, and

WIEREAS the people of these too $D$ striets have over the years requested the establishment of such a facility for the purposes stated herein,

BE IT RESOLVED that Govermment consider providing the neeessary funds in the 1987 Fudget for the establishment of Civic Centree in George Town and West Eay.

MR. W. MOKEEVA BUSII:
MP. TRESIDENT:
been duly moved and seconded. motion.

Mr. Fresident, I gladty second the motion.
Erivate Member's Motion No. 10/86 hav
I now invite the mover to speak to the

TF. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Thank you Mr" Fresident.
$M r^{2}$. Fresident, as in other mattere whieh I have debated in this House, this motion reftects my interest not onty in George Town, own constituenoy btet indeed in atl the Caymon' titande. Because, I feel that no oonstituency of the Cayman Islonds ehould be negleoted.

Mr. Freaident, I have repeatedly in this House made reference to my potitical manifesto as it is my intention te sover each aspect of this manifesto during these four years. Some of the pointo raised in mul manifesto have been accomplished by Govermment. But there are a number of points stitl outstanding. While spooifically. not refered to in my manifasto. I have generatly oovered the need for a facility such as a Civio tentres as will be seen in the following: excerpt from my manifesto, and it reads:
> 'A prosperous Cayman Is lands witl largely depend on the aseistance and interest we aive to, and place in, ath our residents regardless of racial, ethnic or sociat background.'

This Country Mr. Fresidents. should be yood for alt, and $r$ will therefore supnort any effort deoloned to Enhonce the financial and economicwell-being of all our people. Bearing in mind that such renard will depend on the apmopriate indtoidual. ffort. It is my belief that more attention should be aiven to assisting the tess fortunate, in providing their basic social necessities. If these areas are neglected, we will inevitablu experience grave eoonomic problems resulting in sociat discontent.

Mr. President, it was Margaret Thatcher who said "we are not in potitics to ignone peoptes' wormies, we are in politice to deal with them". There are many wormies of our peopte to which we should be giving our immediate attention. One such area Mr. Fresident, is in the subject of this motion before this House today. I do not betieve that there is one Member here today. who could not truly say that he or the is not cuare of the need for a Givic Centre in Reorge Tow and wast Bay.

We are atso wett oware of the vamious activities and purposes for which auch a facility can be weed. This motion Mr.' President, covere onty a vary "timited number of the numerows purposes for whioh a Civic Centre in Georpe Yown and West Bay could be used.

Mr. Fresident, any Member who has hat the interest or the sensitivity to move around his oum constituency, must wonder what would be the lot of a number of our less fortunate constituents, in the event of a bad hurmicane, or other major atastrowhe. Even though I am avare that certain buitdings have been destmated as hurricane shelters, when one considere the proximity of theos but ldings to the targeted areas, such as Dog City, Watlere Road and Rock Hole, and some of the other poon areas, we wonder how long it would take those people if there was a sudden oatastrophe, how tong it woutd take them to reach these shelters.

The use of the Civiocentre as a hurniean: shelter is but one of the many uses for such a facility. I am cuare sir, that some of the sehoot buildings, Trm Halls and so on and so fortin, itave been designated as hurrioane shelters. Eut I am not satisfied Bir. that these are adequate for that purpose.

MR. LINFORD A, PIERSON (CONTINUING): One is regularty reminded
$\overline{M r}$. President that the Town Halle, bohoots et cetera are designated for these purposes: But when you examine these facilities, you will see how inadequate they would be for such an aventuality.

Many of the Toun Hatlo in this Country Mr. President, were buitt in the late $1930^{\prime}$ s andearly 40 's, during a time when the population of this Country whs a fraction of what it is today. They were adequate when they were Bimut t"Mr. Fresident, for the conditions which prevailed at that tine." But they are woefully inadequate for the problems of taday. hther than for the Lions Centre and a few other areas, there is no place equipped for targe sociat functions or other major oivic activities. And even then when it rains these functions can become a total dibaster. In this respect Mn. President, I speak from experience of having been involved in functions, large functions which were washed out by rain at the Lions Centre, and in other areas.

At present, Mr. Fresident, there are Civio Centres Looated in Cayman Brac, East End and in Bodden Town. I an happy that the constituents in those areas are blessed int th such a facility. But Mr. President, it is omazing that our largest constituenoy, our largest electorat distriat of Geonge town, and the next largest of West Bay do not have these facilities.

Mr. President, I trust that this motion witt not just be given token support by Members of this House. But I hope Mn , President that if this receives the support of Members of this House today, that immediate action with be taken to do the necessary budgeting for such facilities, so that an appropriate amount can be allocated in the 1987 Budget. There is still much time Mr. Fresident before the preparation of the 1987 Budget, and thus the reason for bringing this matter to the House today.

Mr. Freaident, I feet confident that
with such a motion as this, that I will receive the unanimous support of this House, and accordingly Mri. President; I would ask the Members to give this motion their full support.

Thank you Mr. Fresidert.
MR. PRESLDENT:
Does any Member wish to speak? The Seeond RTeoted Momber for Weat Bay.
QUESTION PROROSED: DEBATE ENSUED:
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Freeident, the motion before this House is asking for Civic Centres for the West hay and George Tom Distriets.

Mr. Prestdent, in West Bay this is a very needed facility. I do not have to point out the Goorge rown need, I think the Member has made a good case. Mr. President my remarks would be in a general forms because $I$ seé a Civic Centre not only serving as a hurricane shetter or for big sooial covitrs but something which can be developed into a Youth Centre, with the required amenities which our young peotie need.

Mr. President, I never stop talking about our sociat aspect, our social devolopment, because I regard it as one of the most important things in this Country today. Something which has lagged far behind our economie develoment. There is danger to this great economic development which we have experienced over the past twenty years.

MR. W. MoKEEVA EUSH (CONTINUINC): Mr. Fresidents inirest anonget our young people today is no longer peculian to ary one district. As we go around the distriets we see much evidence of different forms of wnrest. Mr. President, there is disrespect for families, for parentes, which is affeating greatly our social and our famity life, and is leading to the wrecking of traditional values. There is dispespect for the law, and $M x$. Fresident the drug culture whioh is so prevatent in our society today, has had a profound effect on our young people and our family life.

What is requiped today is a clear and careful analysis of the symptoms of the various problems facing us, and a genuine effort on our part as a Government to find ways of acoommodatinc, our young people.

Mr. Eresident, the need for social worktre
in our district is something which this covernment must oome to grips with as quickly as possible. We see buildings here and buildings there. and I keep asking where are the workers, where are the workers? In my constituency we have an abundonce of problems, and many parsnte have bemooned that faot. "What am I going to do with my child, oan you talk to him: can you talk to her for me"? hr. Fresident, I was a rough teenager mysetf, 30 I can sympathise with parents today. The mafority of them realty do not know how to deal with the kind of mrobtems facing their teenagers, and are ringing their hands in frustration, and asking why they cannot be more like us, when we were there age. But Mr. Eresident, that question is unrealistic, overyphere not only the Cayman Islands, the world over, young people today are mebelling and rejeoting the cultures of their parents and are seeking to oxeate for themselves, sub-cultures to rewlace axiating ones. Why to this, Mr. Prosident? Because at times, they are justified in their impatience for ohange and the improvement of their 7 tots and at times most of all, the insincerity of adults offends them and they reatise that the world which they are to inherit is a world where what they are told, what is deotared, and the actual objectives are potes apart, eo they have no confidence. Mr. President, we need today greater effort to be put on the sooial aspect of this Country, or else everything wa do will fail. I see it coming sir, they ann toll me that I an a fool, or that I just like to talk, but if we do not change this situation today, ten years from this year this will not be a grand Cayman, but it will be a very pitifull Cayman. What is nueded more than ever is moper guidonce, proper counselting: someone with the right kind of training who is able to sit down and discuss these difficulties faced by our zoung peopte. They need someone who can deat with them and look at their individuat problems, and tatk to them individuatly, and on a professional basis. We need workers, Mr. Fwesident, and workers who understand our people. Workers who will not ait dow in an office and tell you when you go to them, to bring your peopte to them. Let them get out there in the field; sitting down in on aireonditioned office Mr. President I wish I had more power becaupe I am oatled a rebel, and I would certainty make some changes. We cannot force values for yound peopto Sir, nor can we compat them to observe atandards imposed by us. It has to be done through a oourse of subtto persuasion, and I maintain Sir that onty those trained and educationatty oble hold out that prospect.

Now Mr. President, all that I have said does not inply that we must abanion the task of providing the amenitios whioh the Second Etected Member for George Tom has pointed out, and :hhich our people are calting for; parks, Civio centree, sporting facilities. No it does not imply that sire, but it implise that we are roknowtedging the ideals of our young peopte. We are aokontedging there hopes and their aspirations, and their needs and that we with work to acoommodate them in our plane.

MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): 410 . Fresident, I do not need as I have adid before, to point out what the Member has atready said, but I would say however, that West Bay hae a Tom Ilall which is being ued for practically evemthing. Mr. President, Churoh ts heta there att day long on Sunday, people cannot even get a reat, they have a band playing down there; you should hear them sometimes Sir. So when the Halt is needed you a mot get it. It is decianated as a murmicane shetter, but it is most inadequate, and fails to protide the basic necessity which would be needed in West Bay in the event of a naturat disaster where it would be nepesacry for those people who tive in very poor conditions. Mr. Fresident, do not think that we do not kave ther in West Bay, and I will try to prove that point on another occasion in this House.

I-witl end by saying that I trust that Members here will give this bitl fair support, and I do not want to hear onything about politios being played here. This motion is put with all the best intentions for the Wost Bay distriet and the George Tom district, and $I$ hope Membere will support it and will ensure. its passage.: Thank you Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The First Fleated Member of Bxecutive
Councit.
MR. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, $T$ rise to givo my support. to this motion, and I was most gratefut for the extent to which both the beoonder and the Mover went in the tr contributions, in touching on the social problems, and the macnitule or the social pmoblems which face the Country.

Thie morning there was a question about the dmug and alcohoi abuse programe. There is a further Private Member's Motion on the Agenda, dealing with indigent houoing, and I could go on to name dosens of other neede which we have. Wic have a desperate need for some form of residential hone for mental cases, and indugent percono Who are either genetioally afflieted or afflicted by drug and alcohot. abuse, and to borrow the worde of the mover, we are not here to ronore the many worries of our people, but to addrese them. I would hope that this motion is acoepted in the opirit in whoh I read the resolved oeotion, to state we have, and I can to on No. Freaident inumenatima; we have a desperate need for some form of mesidential schootina for our more delinquent youtin, so that we do not have to continue to use the foproved Schoots in tamaica. We have need for a Remand Centre and we have need for a Community college and I pould go on and on Mr. President with the needs of our commatities.

I betieve that Civic Centree will serve a very useful purpose in the generat programme of addressing the needs, our sooial needs and the needs of our youth. But as the seconder of the motion saids, what we need above all is probabty progranmes and workers: to institute those programes, and of course. I endorse hito view and the view of the mover that we do need rlaces to execute these progrommen. But Mr. President, in accepting this motion and giving it my support, $t$ want to make it olear that in soneidering the budgets the resolve section of this motion which says:
"BE IT RESOLVED that Govermment consider providing the necessary funds in the 1987 Budget for the establishment of Civice Centres in worge Town and west bay".

I would like to make it olear that in acoepting the motion and supporting $i t$, I an wot saying categoricalty that this will find its way into the Estimatos for 1987. What I am baying is that it will be considered amongst att the other needs, and we together hovefully, wrill allocate it its rightful priority in the many demande whioh will be made in that Budget, and together I am sure Mr. President we can come up with the right solution.

With these fow words I support the
motion Mr. Fresident.

MR. FREGIDENT:
The Order Faper provides for the cdiourmment to be taken early today because I think a Select Committee has been arronged for three thirty.

Does any other Member whish to apeak on this motion, or not? Yes, in whioh oase I think we had better totke the caliourmment and leave the continuation of the debate on the motion untit tomorrow.

SUSPENSION OF STAIDING ORDER 10(2)
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Fresident, I undenstand from my learned Socond Official Member that in acoordance with, or under standing Order 03. we should seek to suspend Standing Order $10(2)$ which requires that we treak at four thirity. We in this case, are seaking to adioum before fous thirty.

HON. MICHAEL J. BGADLEY: I must say Mp Fresident Sir, the crodit is not all mine. The Clerks of the Table brought it to our attention.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ I am just twing to took, I thought there was provieion for anybody to move the adiourmment at any time, but I may be wrong about that. No, perhape it is avpropriate. In that case I shall take it that the First afrionat Member wae moved that facoordance with the provisions of Standing Order 83. Standing order 10(2) shoutd be suspended in onder to enable him to mone the adjournment now. $I$ will put that question firet.

WUEGTION PUT: ACREED BY MAYOBITY. GTAMDTAG ORDER 1O(2) SUSEENDED.
IR. PRESTDENT: In mhioh aase.....

## ADJOURNENY

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Fresidents, I move the adjourmment of this House until ten o'olock tomorrow moning.

MS. PRESIDENT: :- The question is that thio House do now aljoum untiz 10:00. a.m. tomorrow.

WUESTION PUT: AGREED BY MAJORITY. AT 3:35 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSEEMDEE


MESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNORs MR G IETEF LIOYD, CHG, CVO - MRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBEIS

| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, ORE, JT | FITST OPFICIAL MGMBELH AESTONSIELE FOR: FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LLLAB | GECOND OFFICIAL MEMEET AESFONSIBLE FOL LEGAL ADMIMISTRATTON |
| HON JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON | THSID OFFICIAL MEMBEI RESFONGIDLE FOR TNTERNAL AND EXTETNAL AFFATRS |
| HON BENSON O EEANKS | MEMBER HESTONSIELE FOR HEALTH ELUCATTOT AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN DODDEN, MEE | MEMEER RESFONGIELR FOK TOUSISM AVIATIT: AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIEKCONNELL | MEMPE RESFONSTBLE HOL COMMUNLCATIONS WIFKS ANK DISTRICT ADMINYSYRATION |

MAR W MOKEEVA BUSH:

MIS DAFHNE L ORRETT

MR ITNFORE A FTERGON, JF

AATT MABRY S KTRKCONNELL

MR TAMES M TODDEN

MH G HATG FODDEN

MH D EZZAhD MILLER?

ATI JOHN E MOLEAN

SFCOND ELECTED NEMBEh FOI THE FIRST LIECTOKAL DISTRICT OH WTGT DIAY

THIFE FLECHED MEMBEX FOR TRE FIKST ELECTORAL DTSTHNCT OF WEST DAY

SECOND ELECTEL MEMBEF FOR THE SECOND ELECTIRAL DISTNYCT OF GEORCE TOWN

FTFST ELECTED MWMDEIT TOR THE THTRD BLECTORAL DTSTRTGT O LESGEF ISTANDS

FTRGT ELECTED MEMBE? FOQ THE FOURTH ELFCTORAL DISTRICT OF BODNEN TOWN

SECONL ELYCTED MEMDET FOR ZHE FOUFTH ELECTORAL IITVFICT OF BODDEN TOWN

ELECAED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL OISTRICT OF MOTTH STDE

ELECTED MLMBHR FOF TIFE SIXTH ELECTOKAL GISHRTCT OF PMST: WND

CAYMAN ISLANDS LRGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPR

SECOND MEZTUNG OF LHE 1986 SESSION OF
THE UECISLATIVE ASGEMDLY

THIRD DAY
THDRSTMY. 22ND MAY, 1986

1. PRAYEES

To BE READ BY THE FIRST ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE LESSER ISLANDS
2. PTESENTATION OF PAPEFS AHN REFDRTS

REPORT' OF THE STANDING FTNACE CCMMTITTE (Noeting hetd 14th May, 1986).

TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THB GHATMMA, THE HONORABIE FTRST OFFTCTAL MEMBEE, ETHANCTAL SECFETATYY.
8. OUESTIONS TO HONOURABLE MEMBIRES

THE SECOND ELECTEX MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURALE THIRO ELECTED MEMBEF OF EXECUTVE COUNCTU RESFONSTULE FOR CWMUNTCATIONS WRKS AND DISTTTCT ADMTVISTHATON

NO. 44: WOULD YHE HONOURARLE MEMBER STATI WHY THE FORT AUTHORITY regulations bave not inetn mended for tee furfose MENTIONED IN FHIVAIT WEMDEI'S MOTION NO. 19 OF 1985;

THE SECOND ELLECTED MEMDEF FORR BOWEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FINST OFFICIAL MEMBEF RESTONGIBLE FOR F INAMCE AND DEVELOEMEN'

MO. 45: WOULD THE' HONOUTALE MEMEFR STATE WTAT IS THE TOTAL COST TO DATK; TWCLIDNG TEGAL FERS, SIRISING FROM THE NARCOTICS AGREEMENT?
 travel friom the uga to the uk igy onncorde in connection WITH THE CURNENT RE-IEGOTIATIONS ABISING FHCM THE 1904 HARCOTICS ACREEMENT, AWD. IF SO, WHAT WhS THE COST COMPARED TO THH RGGUTAH FARE?

THE SECOND ELECTME MLMBER FOK WEST WIY TO GSK THE HONOURABLE FTRSTT
 ADI SOCIIL SERVICES

NO. 47: ACCOHOING TO FINAVCE COMATTTEM OF FRTDAY, 13TH DECEMDER, 1985 TT WAB AGHED TO THOVIDE A SOCTAL WORKER FOR WEST DAY AND BODDEN TOWN. CAN THE HONOURADLE MEMDER SAY WHETHE: ANY STEPS HAVE REEN TAKEN TO PROVIDE TIESE BOCIAL WORKERS?

THE FLECTED MEMBER FOR WORTIT STDE TO ASK THE HNOURALLE THTHD


> NO. 48: WOULD THE HONOULABEE MEMEER STATE WHEMIET THE FIESENT CAYMANIAN PROTECTION FOLICY ALLOWS FORETGNEUS TO CONSYUCT theIr own houbs awl employ theit felinives fon thi same PURPOSE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS WITHODE ?HE RELEUANT WORK PERMITS?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER COH FEST RAY TO LGEK TUE ILODOURADLE THIPD
 WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATON

NO. 49: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBEH SAY WHETIIER A TOUNIST LANDIMT. SIMITMIN TO THE ONE PLANDED FOR WEST MY, WILL DE DUILT IN THE SOUTI SOUND AREA?
4. OTHER BUSINESS

## PRIVATE MEMSERS' MOTIOWS:

 CTVIC CENTRES

(2) AMENDED FRTVATE MEMIER'S MOTION NO. 8180 TNEQUTTES AMONGSM IAAXS ARD OTEET? CANTENS
(3) AMENDED PRTVATE MEMRHMS MOITON NO. $9 / 86$ INDICENT HOUSTMG
(4) IMTVATE MEMTEN'S INTIOTV NO. 11/26

(5) FETVITE' MEMEER'S MOTION NO, 12/66 FENSION/EX-GIATYT: BAYMENTS
(6) PRTVATG MEAEER'S ROTION NO. 13/80 BROHIFITION OF BALE OF LIQUN ON SUNDAYS
(7) PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO 1 $1 / B 0$

APPOTNTMENT OF SELECT COMATEE TO INVESTIGATE REGULATION FROCEDURWS
5. STHTEMENYS BY MEMEERS OF THE CTVEFMUENY
 OUUNCIL ON THE REPORY OF THE STECLAL COMMTYEE ON COET OF



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THURSDAY
2END MAY, 1986

$$
10.05 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} .
$$

Mit PRESIDENT: $\quad$ Prayers. $\quad$ The First Elected Member for the

## Lesser Istands.

## CAFT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL: Let us pray.

Almighty God, from whom att wisdom and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direct and prosper the deliberations of the Legistative Assembly now assembled, that all things may be oxdered upon the best and aurest foundations for the glory of Thy Nome ond for the safety, honour and wal fare of the peopte of these Istands.

RTess our Sovereign Lady Queen
Eliaabeth, the Queen Mother, Philip Duke of Edinburoh, Charles Frince of Wales, Diana Frincess of Wales and all the Royat Family. Gite arace to all who exercise authority in our Commonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piets maxy bo cstablished among us. Especially we pray for the fovernor of our Islands, the Membere of the Ixeoutive Cowncit and Members of the Iegislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfully to periform the responsibile duties of their high office.

Atit this we ask for Thy great Wame's sake, Amen. Let us atl say together. ...

Our Father, which art in Heaven,
Hallowed be Thy Nome, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgive ue our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass arainst us: And tead ue not into termptation, but deliver us from suli For Thine is the kingdom, the power and the gtori, for ever and aver. Amen.

The Lord bzess us and keep us: The Lord make tis face shine upon us and be graoious unto us: The Lord lijt up his oountenonoe upon us and aive us peace, noiv and atways. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENI:
Flease be seated.
Frosentation of Fapers and Reports.
The Honourable First Officiat Member.
PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS
HON. THOMAS G. JEFFERSON: Mr. Preaident, I beg to tay on the Table
of this Honourable House, The Finance Comittee Rerort for Wednesday, 14th May, 1986.

MR. PRESIDENT: So ordered.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, the meetina on Wednesday
14th May, dealt with a request from Hio Exceltency the Governor to we a portion of the $\$ 10,000$ provided under Head 40 - other Equipment. to De used for the installation of a satellite didh on Covermment Howe zrounds.

MR. PRESIDENT:
In cocordance with the provisions of paragroph 1 of Standing Order 67 the House is deemed to have agreed to the motion.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresidert, I understond the relevant Standing Order Sir, but being a member of the Finance Committee I do not very well recall......

MR. PRESIDENT: Is this a Point of Order because you cannot make apeeches now.

Mr. W. McKEEVA BUSH: I am not making a speech sire.
MR. FRESTDENT: Is it a Point of Order; or not?
MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
Yes it is a Foint of Order Mr. Tresident.
If you are going to ask me what standing order..... If you are not going to give me the chance to try and get acrose, and then you: an telt me whether I am right or wrong.

MB. PRESIDENT: If you are raising a Point of Ordex and wou honestly believe you are raising a loint of Order, tett me what the ioint of Order is.....

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. presitent.
MR. PRESTDENT: whder the guise of a point of Order, you nust sitt down.

MR. W. MoKELVA BUSH: $\quad \because$ You should not say 'honest' Mr. President, but you have not said that.

Mr. Presidenti, I can see that I am not going to get the ohance to honestly get across what I wanted, or to get the information I needed, becauee it was a point of information reatty. That is all it is Sirs, a point of information.

MIT. PRESIDENT:
MT. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT:
for West Bay.

No. Welt, I am afraid you oonnot.
I know that, I figured that.
Questions. The Second Elected Member

## QUESTIONS TO HONOURABLE MEMEEFRS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE TATRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUXIVE COINCIL RESFONSIBYT FOR COMMUNICATYONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

NO. 44: Would the Honourable Member state why the Fort Authority Regulations have not been omended for the purposes mentioned in Erivate Member's Motion ilo. 19 of 1985?

ANSWER: The Fort Authomity Regulations have not been amended because of a delay in getting the coordinates for the designated aneas for skiing and watersports as proposed by the Sub-Committee that was formed to deal with this matter.
The proposed amendments with be forwarded to the Legal Department on receipt of the coordinates for the areas proposed.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementary Mri. President.
Cruld the Member state why coordinates are necessary for the skiing and water sports area, when no coordinates were necessary for the Marine Farks and arichorages, and everything else which was done recently?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KTPRCONDELL: MP. Fresident, the Tortfotio thought it was necessary, Six, to identify specifically the areas designated by aoordinates, I think they have found since investigating, one of the areas which they had proposed, was found to man into the public beach area, and that makes it more denanding that we do get the exact coordinates Sir.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Supplementary, Sir.
If the skiing areas are only going to be looated by coordinates, does that mean that we water skiers are going to have to travel with sextants and compasses to figure out where the coordinates are. Would it not be much simpter to have marks on land and buoyes at sea?

HON. CAPP. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL, Mr. Eresident, $t$ think the coordinates will enable the people who have to establish the marks on the tand and at sea, to put them down aceurately sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: : If there is no further suppzementary? $\bar{I}$ invite the Second Etected Member for Bodden Town to ask the nert question.

PHF SECOND ELECTED MEMBE FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFTCTAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR YINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT

MO. 45: Woutd the Honourable Member state what is the total oost to date, inoluding legat fees, arising from the Narcotios Agreement?

ANSWER: The totat oost to date, inoluding legal fees, is as follows:

| $\frac{1983}{\delta}$ | $\frac{1984}{8}$ | $\underline{1985}$ | $\frac{1986}{5}$ | $\frac{\text { TOTAL }}{\$}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travelting \& Subsiatence | 17,650, 83 | 3\%,786.54 | 41,419.02 | 96,256.30 |
| Legal Fees rexcluding payments to. |  |  |  |  |
| Gray \& Co.) | - | 39,538.33 | 26,537.57 | 66,075.90 |
| total | 17,650.83 | 76.724.87 | 67.956 .59 | 166,332. 29 |
| Fees paicl to |  |  |  |  |
| Gray \& Co. | - | 87.495.78 | 49,599.99 | 137,095.77 |

The payments of fees to Gray and Company have been separated out from the other coste as the Nareotics Agreement is only one of the areas in which theip services have been used.

In addition, other indirect costs incurred were payments to Thompon Zeder as followe:-

| 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25,401.61 | \$523,623.11 | \$186,905.02 | \$742,009. 74 |

Therefore, to sumarise:
Totat direct costs arising from
the Norcotic Agreement
Total indirect oosts inourped:

| Gray \& Co. | $\$ 137,095.77$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Thompson Zeder | $\$ 742,009.74$ |

\$879, 105:57
GRAND TOTAL: $\$ 1,045,437.80$

MR. FRESIDENT:
Unlese any Member wishes to ask a
moplementary question.....the Third Elected Member for Weat Bat.
SUPFLEMENTARY:
MRS. DAP'HNE L. ORRETT: Mr. Mresident, I would like to ask the $\overline{\text { Member whether or not he would be in a position at this time to state }}$ what those indireet costs incurred with Gray \& Company and Thompoon zeder were in eonnection with?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, the indireot costs for Cray \& Company is somewhat related to the Narcotics Agreement, and basically deals with publice relations and other matters where they have arranged for the team of negotiatong to attend Washington on one occasion and New Yorks to tell the Cayman Islands side of the story, in an effort to remove the tarnish which had been ptaced against the Cayman Islands.

In reepect of Thompoon Zeder, it is the cost of defending, or assisting in the defence of the Bank of Nova Sootia in the Bradey case, where the case began in the Southern District Court in Floridas moving on to Appeal to the Circuit Court in Atlanta, back to the Distriat Court in South Florida, and back agdin to the Appeal Court in Attanta. And in additions it was an attempt to rebut the extraterritorial matters used by the United States in this case.

MR. PRESIDENT:
If there is no further supplementary. I invite the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town to ask the next question.

YFF SFCOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURAELE FIRET OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFOMSTRLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVETOFMENOT

NO. 46: Would the Honourable Member state whether Council Members travel from the USA to the UK $\overrightarrow{b y}$ Concorde in connection with the current re-negotiations arising from the 1984 Narcotios Agreement, and, if so, what was the oost compared to the regular fare?

ANSWER:
In March of this year, four Councit Membero, inctuding myselfy did travel by Concorde between Miami and London in conneetion with the re-negotiations arising from the 1984 Narcotice Agreement.
The cost in comparison with the regular fare, which is taken to mean first elase mode of travel. 'was?

Concorde (4 persone)
Less: Rebate E750 a $\$ 1.35$
Net Cost:
Firet Clage travel by British Aimaus (4 persons)

Difference in Travel Cost:
$\$ 18,463.10$
1,012.50
$\$ 17,450.70$
\$13.964.40
$\$ 3,486.30$

However, I would like to state that the Honourable Members who were involved in the Mutual Legal Asoistance Treaty negotiations had no desire to use those negotiations to satisfy any long-feit wish to travet on the Concorde.
On this ocoasion it was a matter of urgenoy and expedience. These Honourable Members were infomed on Friday afternoon that they were expected to attend a meeting in London the following Monday morning to arree atrategy for the final negotiations.
As all Members comprising the negotiating tean were persons with commitments and as usuat were required to make the necessary travel and domestic arrangemants at short notice, it was deoided that in order to meet the deadline on Monday morning, travel via the Concorde would be moet expedient.

## GUPPUEEMEATARY:

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Supplementary, Mr. Iresident. Can the Member say whether that cost is included in the cost giver in the question No. 45 ?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: The COnswer Mr. President to the supplementary question is yes. And may I add Mr. Freeident, that there is an arrangement where Members who are entitled to first elass travel in Government, can arrange for that travel to be had at the first olass cost on a 747... You can tnavel on the Concorde for the some price as a 747.

On this occasion, because we received the notification on Friday aftemoons by which time all London offices were ciosed. We rang our United Kingdom representative, we rang his seoretary, we rang the former Managing Director of Cayman Aiways, who is now representing Cayman Aimays and DoT in Miami. We rang the secretary of the present Managing Direetor of Cayman Alirways, in an effort to get this authorisation. All these people however, were wrable to reach the Manager of Bmitish Airways, who aceords this ooncession; therefore we had no choice but to pay the diffarence.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Unless there is any further supplementary?
$I$ shatl invite the Second Etected Member for West Bay to ask the next question.
TUE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST. BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST:
ELECTED MEMBER OF FXFCUTIVE COUNCIL FESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION
AND SOCIAL SERVICES
10. 47: According to Finconce Committee of Friday, 13th December, 1985 it was agreed to provide a Social. Worker for West Bay and Bodden Town. Con the Honourable Member say whe ther any steps have been taken to provide these Sociat Workers?

ANSWER: Yes, Social Workers are assioned to West Bay and Bodden Toum, as indeed for all the districts. Some districts have more than one officer on regular contact depending on their need.

SJPPLEMENTARIES:
WR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, can the Namber give me the name of the of ficer assigned to Bodden Toum?

HON. BENSON D. EBANKS: NO Mr. Fresident, I do not have the name of the officer.

MR. PRESIDENT: I wonder whether the Member would be prepared to undertake to obtain it, so that the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town won have it.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKC Yes sir.
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: : Likewise Mr. Fresident, I'wonder if the
Member could accord me the same.
IION. BENSON O. EBANKS: Yes Mr. Fresident, I will undertake to to that.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Supptementary Mr. Fresident.
Are these Sociat Workers pemtonent workers for the distriat, or are they just whrers who share perhaps in other areas of work?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS: There is an officer, Mr. Fresident, aseigned to the district generally: but depending on the nature of oaees to be attended to, additional offioens visit the distriot as welt of nourse.

MF. G. HAIC BODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, can the Member say if the worker assigned to these districto uill be giving priority to complaints on requests from these districts. In other worde, will that worker drop whatever else he is doing and give priority to the requests, or the oaser for these diatmicts?

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, that is my understanding of the worker being assigned to that area. That worker with attend to wose districts first, and other cabes after.

WR. PRESIDENT: .. : Tf there is no further supplementam.
I invite the Elected Member for North Side to ask the next question.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIFD OEFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR TNTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

48: Would the Honourable Member state whether the present Caymanian Protection policy allows foreignere to construct their oun homes and emiloy their relatives for the same purpose in the Cayman Istands without the relevant work permits?

ANSWER: The nature of activity is inmatemial. Thes princtple to be applied is whether the activity or ocoupation is for gain or reward. It therefore follows that if one is employed for gain or reward, irrespective of any other conditions or circometances, one would require a gainfut. oceupation licence.

SUPPLEMENTARIES
!RR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementarys Mx. President.
In the light of the rapid growth in real estate values here, can the Member state whether he considers someone building their own house and then putting it on the market for sale afterwards, a form of gainful amployment?

HON, IOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: If the Nember is referring to what would be regarded as blatont speoulation in weal estate by non-Caymonians, I would have to say yes, but that would be wraceeplabte. But certainlts, foreigners who reside in the commontity must have the opportunity of: working for themselves; of inproving their surroundings and if it so happens that a relative comes for a short visit and can tend a heiping hand, we con get into all sorts of rediculous axtremes if we wanted to put in more safeguards to prevent this sont of thing from happening. You could get into the rediculous situation for examples of not being able to build a doghouse or not being able to go on top of the roof and do necessary repairs.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. President, as a suxplementayy Sir. The originat question asked about constructing a hone sir. We are talking about from the foundations to the roof to the clearing of the land, and could the Member state whether he feets that people who come in under this guise of self-helps, and construct their oum homes are not in fact depriving Caymanians in the aonstruetion industry, of work which is desparately needed in some areas, for exomple, my conetituenoy?

HON. JOHN LEMMEL HURLSTON: Mr. PpeBident Sir, that aupp lementayy is perhaps asking me to express an opinion. I believe I cm not expected to do so. I can howver say, if the Member has what is tontamount to being an unemployment problem in his oonstituency, then I would suggest that those coristituents be referred to the Labour office, becaves generality speaking miverderstanding is that we have an overemploument aituation in the Country, and therefore, are having to mety on inported labour. We should not have an unemployment problem.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementary Mr. President.
Could the Member out clearly through the smoke soreens which have been set up, and answer yes or no to this question. Does the Caymonion Protection Law allow poople, foreigners, non-residents in the Cayman Istands to come to the Cayman Istands, construct their own houses from the foundations to completion?


#### Abstract

MR, FREESIDENT: I cannot allow this supplementary in the form asked because it is inviting an answer to an abstract legal question. He oan ask whether, as the originat question did, it the the potioy of the Govermment to allow that, but he cannot ask for an interpretation of the law.


MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: ALl might. Can the Member state whether it is a policy of Government to allow the same question as F have just asked Sir.

MR. PRESTDENT:
I think the supplementary as now asked
is in order. It is virtuatly the same as the original question.
FON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: The short answer Mr. Fresident ts that work, any work in the Cayman Istands done by a non-Caymantan ta legal as long ao it is work which is not for gain or reward. The low has a definition in it regarding what gainful employment meane. It says:
'Gainful ocoupation and gainfulty ocoupied means the carrying on of, or amployment in any profession, trade, business on otherwise avocation for gain or reward in or with retation to the Cayman Istands, unlees expresely exempted by some provision of this law.'

I coutd go on also to refer the
Honourable Member to Section 33 of the law, which says for the rurposes of thia acction:
'a person oarrying on, or employed in any profession, trade, business or other avocation in, or with relation to the Cayman Islands shath be deemed to be so for gain or reward, until the contrary is proved."

So that a person is assumed to be working gainfully. The onus is on that porson to prove that he or she is not. So if the Member has instarees where he suspects that porsons may be gainfulles employed without the relevant permit, I would suggest that he bringe it to the attention of the relevant outhomities.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementary Mr. President. Is the Member auare of people who have been arpested by the inmigration arm of the enforoment authorities, under the same condition in that they were working without a work permit, taken to the Immigration Department and the Director of Immigration let them go.

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HIJRLSTC: No, Mr. Ppesitent I am not aware of that.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Would the Member like me to bring the instances to his attention in witing?

HON. JOHN LEMUFL HURLSTON: Yes Mr. Eresident, and I would also be grateful if perhows we could have the undertaking of all Honourabte Members, that matters which come to their attention in their constituencie: cans, and rightly should be brought to the attention of the appropriate authority, rather than perhaps putting a partiomentary question to seek the chawer.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Statement, Mr. Eresident. $\tau$ did not bring the parliomentary question here. I oalled the authorities first, and had them arrested and the Dipeotor tet them go. I eathed the Attorneny General for an interpretation of the Zaio, and he told me to bring the: partiamentary question here.

MR. PRRSIDEENT:
If there is no further supplementary; the Second Eleoted Member for. West Bay may ask the next question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEEER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THTRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNTCATTONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATYON

No. 49: Can the Honourable Member say whether a toumist landing, similar to the one planned for West Ray, will be built in the South Sound area?

ANSWER: The answer $i s$, no.
SUPPLEMENTARTES:
IIT. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
Supplementary Mr. ireaident. Can the Honourable Member say whether there is one ptan for the portuguese Bint area?

HOM. CAPD. CHARLES L. KIRRCONNELL: Mr. IPresident, there is a proposed Dian for not a tourist landing. but a cruise shtp berthing, but not for a tourist landing. There is some proposal before the Board at the moment.

MR. W. MoREEVA BUSH:
Can the Honourabie Member say whether This is having any baring on the one planned for west Bay?

IION. CAPT' CHARLES L. KIRKCONWELL; No, MP' iresident.
MR. PRESIDENT: If thene is no further supplementarys, ve can pass on to the next item of busineos. Ttem 4 Frivate Members" Motions. It witi be the continuation of the debate on Private Member's Motion No. 10/86. Loes any other Member wish to opeak? The Third Elacted Member for Weat Bay.

## OTHER BUSINESG

PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTIONS
PFIVATE: MEMBER'S MOTION WO. $10 / 86$
CTVIC CENTRES

## CONTINUATION OF DERATE THEREON

BMRS. DAPHNE L. ORRLTTT:
Mr. Tresidont, Frivate Member's Motion. Bo, 10/86 regarding Civic Centres. As has been mentioned bu previous speakers on this motion, civic centrea in both districts
those being Ceonge Town and West Bay I think are? pery necessamy. I think that there are many reasons why they siould be luitt, and buitt as ston as possible.

> I support the motion whoteheartedly

Mr. Fresident. However, in doing so, I should like to point out that there are a number of areas and a number of dire needs whioh perthaps are somewhat more serious and urgent than Civis Centres at this point I would like to say that I support the motion wholeheartedly. However in driving through the distriots Mr. Tresident, I was eemiously thinkivg what indeed could Government do to Hest the requinements of say, some fo the day care centres which I see set w, where ohitdren are housed all day, and would the Civio Centre be used for this purpoge, until the adequate facilities are provided, or other raeilities are provided?

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): The rehabilitation centres at this point Mr. President, seem to be a need which oan hardly be postponed, and 7 would have hoped that in 1987 iff funds are made avaitable for a Civic Centre in each of the districts of West Bay and George Toun, that ony such facility will be made available for the purposes which I have just mentioned. Other than that, I would have to saly that the rehabilitation centres, the day care centres are needs which are perhaps move urgent.

I support the motion. However
Mr. Eresident, if Members feel that this provision acin be made in the 1,887 budget I would hope that the facility woild provide for the needs, ae mentioned, for the rehabilitation centre and the day care centre to wett.

Wh. PRESIDENY:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
One other Member did eatch my epe yesterduy, he has not this morning. Herkaps he doee not.....In that case, I invite the mover of the motion to reply, if he wishes.

MR. LINFORD A. MIERSON: Mr. Preaident, I think I should start
Sy firet thanking the Second Eteoted Member from Eodden Town for not
getting up to support my motion:
Mr. President, I am very grateful to the Members who spoke in support of the Private Member's Motion No.10/86 on the subject of Civic Gentres for Georga lown and West Bay. I have taken note of the points raised by each Members, and in partioular the points raised by the First Fiteoted Member of Executive Council, and also the Third Elected Member for Weat Bay, regarding the priorities as they see them.

Mr. President, in my presentation of the motion, I made it quite elear that I would rather not see any support given to this motion if it meant that it would just be a token support with no real intention of seeing thiat the civic Centres were indeed established. Mr. Fresident, this was the reason why I went into much detait in support of the civic Centres. I am nonethetess Mr. Fresident most grateful. for the support which I have received so far. But as I have said, I am not here toaking for token support. I an hoping that the Members witl see the noed, the necessity for such Centres in George Toun and West Bay and witt on the merit of the need give support, and give the importance which is required for such a motion.

Mr. Fresident, the Second Elected Member for West Bay was also the aeconder of the mation, and I am most pleased by the support he gave to this motion. I cannot hetp but remember in ins fine debate, that he was nomewhat conoemed that he does not have shough power in the House, and I was reminded of" a statement which was once made by Lord Aoton in reply to the question of the exercise of power', when he said:
'Fower tends to cormpt and absolute power corrupts absolutely.' He went on to say that great men are atmost always bad men; and I feet sure that the Member does not want to fall into that ategory. But it was Adelai Stevenson who went on to say in an extension of this, ne said:
'Fower corrupts, but tack of power corrupte absolutely.' So we, most of us on this side of the House could find ourselves in the latter position. I can only remind my aond friend from west Bay that in time, he may be in that position of absolute power, but I hope that he will not let it cormpt him. I an sure he will not, and I om sure the will be most considerate to those of the leas privileged.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. President, the First Blected Member of Executive Councit gave his support. But I am stitt tryina to figure out whether the intends to give serious consideration to including the necessarty atlocation in the 1987 budget.

As the Member from North Side remarked at the olose of the meeting yesterday, he appeared to be giving the apoles in one hand, and taking them back with the other. but I am sure, knowing the Member, that he with sincerely support the motion, and I look forward to sitting with him and trying to figure where the funds witl be coming from.

Mr. Fresident, also yeeterday, $T$ will not go into this point in detait but I thought. I would just mention it, since it was raised in jest yesterday that I was one of the Members who did not support the 1986 budget. Mr. Ppesident, I supported parts. of the 1986 budget, but there werecertain capital expenditure $i$ tems whioh I said I felt ould hape been postponed or othomsise finonced through loan funds: this is still mposition Mr. President, based mainly on oun poor economy during 1984 and 7985. But 1 did predict that 1987 onwards for a few years would sce a change and an woturn in our economy, and I am happy to say Mr. Preotdent that so far this prediction seeme to be coming tmie. So $I$ ase no problem with the First Elected Member for Weet Bay finding the neaessary funds in the 1 1:87 budget.

Mr. Fresident, the Third iteoted Member from West Bay raised some very important points, and I too am concermed with the drug problem in this Cowntry. and I would also see a drug rehabilitation oentre as a priomity. I also feel mr: Fresident that a centre such as a Civic Centre could be used temporarily for the purpose of housing such a centre, that is a rehabititation centres, but $I$ see where this should be really property planed and in a very short time a drug rehabilitation eentre shoula be made availatie to the people of the Cayman Islands.

Aleo Mr. Preetclents as I stated
yesterday; a Civio Centre could be used for many purposes, and the Third Elected Vember for Wost Bay added a new ines, which is as a day care centre. This is vem, very important irr. Fresidents beause there is indeed a great need for day care oentres in the Countrys. particutarly in Grand Cayman, and the accommation is very omalt and there is little of it.

Mr. Preoident, it onty leaves me to thank each Member who spoke in support of this Private Member's Motiom, and to aloo thank those who would have spoken against it, but whom I may have been able to persuade othemrise.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MR. PRESIDENT: I aritt put the question, that Private Member's Motion No. 10/80 be accepted by this House.

GUBSTON PUT: AGREED.
PFIVATE' MEMEER'S MOTTON NO. $10 / 86$ PASSEDU.
Frivate Member's Motion Mo. 8/86; and
MR. ERESTDENT:
I think all Members probably have, I certainty have been given a notice saying that the Second Elected Member for George Tom intende to anend the motion in accaordance with Standing ordens 24(7) and 25(2). Those Standing Orders jointly provids that a Member may vary the terms of a motion, if in my view, the variation dows not matemially atter the scope, or principle ombodied in the omginat motion, and $I$ have agreed that the proposed amendment in this particular case is perfectly aceeptable from that point of vian, and they also say that no leses than two days notice anatl be giver of an onendment, witess exceptionally I mile otherwise.

M9. PRESTDENI (CONTTNUTNG): I think in fact; more that two daye notice was given to the Clerk and the rest, although I am not bure that the actual amended notice got out more than two days ago. So under those circumstances, I an certainty prepared to say that the amended motion is wholly in order, and therefore when moving it the mover may simply speak to the amended motion, and that is what we with debate. So, the Seoond ETtected Member for George Town.

## AMENDED <br> PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. $8 / 86$ INEQUITIES AMONGST TAXIS AND OTHER CARRIERS

MR. LJNFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. President, I beg to move Private Member'a Motion NO. $3 / 86$ as amended on the subject of inequities amongst taxis and other carriers, which reads as fotlous:

WHEREAS there is growing unrest amonget the group of taxi drivers operating within the Cayman Istands over what they regard as an unfair split of tronsportation revenue between themsetves and other transportation businesses:

BE IT RESOLVED that Goverrment appoint a speoial Committee consisting of five (5) Elected Members to investigate these reported iniquities and report back to this House with their recommendations as soon as possible.

Mr. President I second the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The amended motion is duty moved and seconded, and the mover may now wioh to ppeak to it.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. President, I hotd in my hand today an open letter which was sent to each Membor of this Honourable House from members of the taxi industry, or the grow of individual taxi owners operating in the Cayman Istande, and in particular, Grand Cayman.

Mr. President, to refresh the minds of those who may have received this letters. I wold like with your permission, to quiekly read through this letter. It is an open letter to legislatorn and it is addressed to each Member of the Legislative Ascembly, and it reads:
"Dear Sirs
We the undersigned are all taxi operators, who after oonsiderable investment in our vehioles are seeking and have sought to make an honest tiving for our famities in this Island; while hopefully trying to be good ambassadors for our Country to the visitors coming here, both by air and sea.

Each day however, the prospect of us being able to continue this, and survive economicallu becomes slimmer. We are therefore moved to ask each of you as legislators both individually and collectivety to took into the chaotic. situation which has developed and is now worsening in the taxi induetry in this Country.

We betieverit is unfair for this induetry to fall into the effective control of outsidere to the disadvantage of the majority of local drivers. Even if this controt is subtly conceated by using some greedy locals as a front. We point dipeottiy to the Tropicana Toups to which visitors are steered by travel agenta from abroad, and from agents aboard the cruise ships.

## MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTTNUING):

It must follow that beyond being a disadvantage to us as local taxi drivers, this situation must result, as it does. in visitore beino overoharged to provide a out for the offahore agents. This can onty odd to the already high cost of visiting the Capman Islande.

Another alear example of outright abuse in this area is the practice whereby the Kon Tiki which is supposed to be a tour boad, aets as a water taxi. conveying guests from the tourism doek to the notels along the Seven Mile Beach and visa versa. All of this is arranged aboard the cruise ships, we suspect with the taxis consent, if not outright approval of the Department of toupism. We do not betieve that travel agents or so called tour guides aboard the visiting cruise ships should have the privilege of diverting thic large amount of business from the local taxi drivers, who are then foreed to sit Zong hours waiting to oatch any little crumb that may acoidentatly alip through their hands.

It is our opinion that no Covermment in the world would allow such an operation to be so blatantty carried out to the atear disadvantage of so many of ite people, if it is made fulty curare of the facte. We find that in the absence of an organtsation such as a union, we are unable to cope with this probiten. We fret that an unfair advantage to being taken of the situation. It olearly amnot be conoidered as fait competition.

We atso have a simitar situation at the Airport, where certain hotels awe allowed to piok wh and return guests to the Airport as a courlesy sempee.
sir, all of you tike us must find this laughable. In our opinion it is merely a not very subtie rouse to avoid the regulation (rouse of coupse meaning a deception or trick). Tt is indeed strange that hotels in this Istand which are not wery well know for oourtesy, would olaim to be expressing courtesy in this mamer.

Sir, it acnnot be expected that we will forever suffer this indignits of watching our tivelihood being diverted to greedy hands white our families suffer need. Wh therefore ask each and everyone of you whom we have selected or elected to govern ue, to look into this growing injustice and after coneultation with all parties, to bring forward regulations to cormect this.

We thank you for hearing us, and took forward to your urgent attention in this matter."

[^12]MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. Prosident. I say this in a quatified manner because I realise that there are some of the Members who seriously support these motions, but I con also reminded that I have in the past brought motions to this House, which were paseed by this House up to about two years ago, ond to date nothing concrete has been done in support of that motion, or in helping that motion to materialise.

Mr. President, I really hope that I am wrong in my assessment of the situation, when $I$ say that some of these motions are being tolerated and given token support, and that when motions are passed in this House in the future, I would hope to see inmediate action taken, and that the motion is not left on the particular Member's deek to eatoh curt.

Mr. Fresident, I believe that in the case of this motion before the House today, tit is of such utmost importance that it will indeed be given very urgent attention.

Mr. Tresident, I mentioned briefly a motion which was passed here two ycars ago, and I will not go into the details of this motion, but I have had several meetings with the Portfolio concerned, since the passage of this motion but unfortunatety, to date $I$ have seen no light beyond the tunnet.

Mr. President, the Govermment Members are doing a fine job: they have a Lot of work to dos and as $I$ have said in this House, I give them my full surport in matters which I feel I can live with. But Mr. Fresident, the Govemment Members must under. stond that it is not enough to give token support of a Private Member's Motion, I would like to stress that, ...We on this side of the Fhouse Mr. Fresident, are not seeking any favours. We feel that when we take the time and listen to our people, when we bring motions to this Rouse, that it is in the beat intereste of our peopte, whom we represent. We feel that the contribution which :le make from this side of the House is as important as that made by any Member of the House, and it should bo treated with that importanoe. We are not asking the Government to do something which is wrong. We are asking the (overnment to hetp us, the Members of thie side of the House to help to improve standards of living and the well beingof those Caymanians whome represent.
Mr. President I have cooperated in the past with the Govermment bench on matters which I felt justified in supporting. I am cooperating in the present time and I will continue to do this, if I feel that the subject before me is a justifiable one, and in the best interests of our people. Mr. lresident, I would espect to get the same support from the Goverment benoh as I am prepared to aive, and I should say here Mr. Fresident that so far, I cannot oomptain too much because $I$ have been getting support on some of the issuse which I have brought to their attention:

Mr. Preatdent, the 'Reaolve' section of my draft motion asked that the Honourazize House appoint a select Conmittee of the whole Howse to investigato those reported inequities, and report back to this House with their recommendation as soon as possible. This however Mr. President was changed. I wanted the whote House to consider this, but this was changed so that the Govermment would appoint a special Committee of five people. I feel Mr. President that this motion will get the same importance, and have the same effect as it would have if it had been considered by a select Committee of the whote House. So I am not concerned that the Govemment will appoint five Members to look into this motion, but my ooncern Mr. Fresident is that they witl appoint five Members who indeed have the intereste of the taxi drivers at heart, and in partioutar, I. would wish to see two of those Members being the Members of Executive Councit, directly maponsible for this subject.

MR. LINEORD A. FIERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. President: it is my view that a major problem preventing a fair distribution of the transpontation buainess, is due to the unfair advantage whion certain oarriers have over others, especially those operating out of the Georae Town Dock chd the carmiers who are fortunate, as the letter saids to have travel arente steer toumsts and other visitors directly to them.

Mr. President, I an not here suggesting that this is a practice of Government, or the foumsm Department, but if it iss I would ask that urgent attention be given to thits, and I cm sure that the Member responsible witl be Looking into this altegation:

Mr . President, the: maromity, if not att of the taxi operatorss are hard working men and women with onotderable investment in their vehioles, and they are men and women seeking to mike an honest living for their families. But it is not asul Mr. Preaidents, if they are not given the right opportunities, There ts no reason at all Mr. Fresident why the Kon Tiki or any other carrier should also be acting as a taxi on the waterg acling as a taxi and at the same time as a tour boat. I feet Mr. President that it would be a much betier arrangement if the Kon Tiki pioked up the toupisto at Seven Mile Beach and then brought them back, but that the taw drivers were for instance, atlowed to pick them up on the dock and take them down to the pubtic beach. In that dase it woutd give everybody a little bite of the toaf. This is one of the many probtems which the tori drivers face. They face other problems Mr. Preetdent which I an sure witl be the subject of discussion by the five Members who witl hopefully te appointed to this Brlect Committee.

Mr. Fresidont, we the Members of this Honourable House are being asked to aive this matter our immediate attention, not in six monthe times, not in a veare time but our imnediatis attention. We state here that we thate to sae artain things creening into this Country. One such matter which we would hate to see, is the question of a trode union. But this qatter today Mr. Fresident, has sugcested that if there was such a body: titat boly woutd have been approached by the taxi drivers. It thorefore mans Mr. president that. untess we pay urgent attention to the needo of our peoptes, and in partioular, those of the Taxi Assoatation the sublioct of this motion we will be facing some semous problems in the future.

Mr. Fresident, I have heard muoh said
about legislation being contemplated. I hape ever heard that the proposed ground transportation plan and the traprio taws will be the answer to the problem. Mr. President, I regard suoh remarks as telaying tactios. I reatise that the around transpontation $p$ tan and the traffic laws will go a tong way in stralghtening out the traffie position and convestion in the Country. But the probter before tus Mr. President with the taxi drivers is soncowat uniques, and white perfaps indirectly pelated to the problen of the oontestion within the Country, this is not the dirent subject of thio motion.

Mr. Fresident. the Covermment bench oon today take two positions on this motion. They ocm ianore it, they can push it aside. On secondly, and perhaps more visety, they oan take a decision today to aeriously and imrediately deal with this matter. Mr. President, I would warm that to ignore this problem could mesult in social unrest in this country. I am not making a big deal about boctat unrest, because $t$ woutd hate to see it happen here. But I know what caused this motion to be Defore the House in the first place, and it was my desire not to see suoh o situatron oreep up in this Country. It was my desire not to wee the Taxi Drivers Assoctition group themselves together and maroh on the Govemment Ahministration Buitdina.

MR. LINEORD A. EIERSON (CONTTNUING): We do not need this at this time in our development. It cannot do this Country any good. So let us deat with these matters when they come up on a preventative basis Mr. President, rather than a eurative one, because it is much harder when the horse has already escaped through the gate.

Mr. Froaident, the points raised by the taxi drivers regarding spocial favourb given to certain tour. operators in directing tourists to them, and the operationat practices of the Kon Tiki annot be ignoned, but should receive our immediate attention. I cannot make too much of this particular point, and I would like to stress that this is perhaps the most vexing area of the whole problem.

Mr. President, on the question of the taxi dmivers, I have atso told them that they have a major rote to play, it is not a one-sided situation. They have their rote to play also, because $I$ have received a number of oonplaints about taxi drivers in this Country. While I believe that these bad eggss the bad taxi Arivers, are in the minority; they are nonetheless ambassadore to this Country. One of the first impressions that a wisitor gete on arriving in this Countru is when he meets a taxi driver, and that inquession many times can be lasting. I have spoken to them about their manners, about their attitude and even gone as far as to speak to them about their hygienio oonditions. Mr. President, it is also inportant that they coet in a decent, and a nioe and a friendly monner to people who cone into this Commerts, and that they deport themselves fir. a seemty manner. By their own admission Mr. Fresident, they have stated in their open letter that they wish to be good ambassadors, and that they are good umbassadors to this Country, So Mr. Fresident, I feel justified in my position taken with regard to their manners, their behaviour and their generat deportment. It is not enough Mr. President, for taxi dmivers to take the passengers from point $A$ to point $B$. I have travelled in many countries; I have met with some bad taxi drivers; but $t$ have met with some good ones, and the good ones stick in your mind forever. Some of the euperiences with the bad ones will also last, but it is a pleasure to drive with a tami driver who is pleasant, courteous and knows something about the country.

Mr. Freaident, we are nonetheless, regardless of these problems, personal probleme of some of the taxi drivers, we are nonetheless seeking to protect their intereats. We are seeking to help them to gain on equat. chance in making a decent living in this Country. Mr. President, I am sure that with such a delicate and important subjeat as this, that there are other Members of this Honourabte House who would wish to present their views on this subject. But before sitting Mr. Fresident, I would ask for the: whanimous approval of this Howse in support of this motion.

Thank you Mp. Prosident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I think before catling on any other Member who may wish to speak, it may be omventent for the House if I suspend proceedings for our oustomary morning break for approximately twenty minutee.

HOUSE RESUMED AT 11:55 A.M.

MF PRESTDENT: | Whease be neated. |
| :--- |
| Amended Frivate Member's Motion No: 8/8e. |

The motion is now open for debate.
The second Elected Member for West Bay.

## $D E B A T E$

## AMENDED PRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 8/36

ATB. H. McKEEVA BUSH:
The ohaos and unrest amongst tain dxivers in these Istands has long been a festering gore, for whioh visitore to these Islands have paid a high ooat. Our image is often tamished by foolish incidents amongst taxi drivors at the Airport, and on the dock, which is a direct result of this chaos and diseatiofootion. I an sure that it has now reached a proportion where it witt soon adversely affect our tourist inchastry.

Ferhaps Mr. Fresident, there are those conongt us here, and you can betieve there are those on the outside who will be quiak to say that this in private enterprise, and Government should keep their hands off. . But I have learnt from experienoe that this excuee is onty used when there is no other defence. Trivate enterprise - do not trouble it. Suqnily on drmand they say, well Mr. Froblem (LatlGHTER) Mr. president (I would not tike to say that you are a probtem wight now sir). The problem.....

MR. IRESTDENT:
I am conforted, maybe not for long.
MR. W. MCKEFVA BUSH:
The probtem with this supply and demand whoh we keep hearing about, the problem in the Cayman. Islande today is that Caymanians are demanding, but they are not getting too much to suppty.

Mr. Freeident, when a stuation threatens the stability of something as important as our tourist industry, here, it is my opinion that it is our duty as a Govermment to look into that particular situation. Mr. President sirs this is not something which oan affeat onty the eoonomie wetfare of a handfut of taxi drivers, as important as it is to them. Buts it is sometining that ean oary the seded which in the end may adveroety affeot overy pexson in this Country. It is well known Sir, that most of the cabs are mrivatety oumed, and these owners have perhaps put themselves in debt to get their cabs, in order to provide not only a living for their famitios but also a badly needed eervice within the tourism industry.

As I understand it, the cause of the present diseatisfaction is that these private drivers are finding themsetves overcome by what may be regarded initiatly as good busineso praotices emitoyed by a oompany oatled troptoana Limited, and a party boat which is known as the Kon Tiki. Mr. precident, I have always briod to be a fair man, and in the case of thomicana, the two sides If the story are told. Tropicana, it is unterstood by pritor arrangement, is having bisitors steered to them at the nirport by the travel agents who send those visitors here, and one may wett ask what is imong with this, since Tropicana itself is a looal compory. I have to agree that on the surface Mr. Tresident, it is a good morketino and good business techrique. However, we aro stitl left to consider its total effeet on our tourist industry.

Mr. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTTNUTNG): The probtom which is told to us and is happening with that particular situation is that instead of having the toumist transportation dollar spread out amonget all the vehicles, the vast majority of it is in this way being diverted to a handfut of vehicles. Now whatever the arrangement between Tropicana and the travet agonts abroad is, I connot believe that it is fair for bomeone outside this Country to predetermine in which oab a visitor should ride from our Airport to his hotel. Especially Mr. Eresident, when this predetermination is causing the amount of dissatisfaction amongst our taxi operators, and Mr. President that ts one side of the story. Tropicana, on the other hand says thut they are a locally owned company, paying their fees. Why should they not be allowed to operate how they want, if they are operating within the trading laws of this Country, and especially, when many of the tavi drivers are not even Caymanians, and this is Tropioana's arguments and-Stre they do have a point if we are going to be fair. The tourist transportation pio the this Country is targe enough to satisfy everyone if it is shored fairly. Noin, maybe that is the key word. It beems Mr. Treaident, that the Government got into this transportation business itsetf a few. years ago, when the previous Goverwment decided to ticence taxis working from the Airport, and charging them CI\$30.00 per month for that privilege. That act by the then Govermment in my opinion, guaranteed any visitor to this Country dependabte transportation from the Airport to his hotel. These taxis are under constant inspection by the seourity force at the Airport, so there can be no question of inadequate transFortation from the Airport.

One question which arises from this though Mr. President, is whether it is right, and whether it is proper fon Govermment to charge these individual atabe Clt $\$ 30.00$ per month for the privilege of oollecting people from the Alrport, but then allows perhops 75 per aent of the business to be divertod to a fei buses.

There is atso great dissatisfaction. about individuat hoters being allowed to piok we their guests at the Airport, as a courtesy serviee they oall it. It is often said that this is one of those things whioh we alt know does not exist in this world - something for free. But by whatever name the so alled 'courtesy sexvicer' is going by, we all know that the visitor pays for that service at the end of the day. So it is onty an excuse to put more dollars again into one area. Most times Mr. Fresident, the hotels do not even employ a looal driver, for these again so calted 'oourtesy'vehicles, leaving nothing for the local tawi driver who has his oar payment to make, and his familis to maintain. In my opinion, this Mr. President is but an abuse of the free enterprise system which we keep hearing about, and I feel most strongly that this courtesy service should be discontinued. No. fe' and bonds about it, you tett them 'look your service is not required' at the Aimport, so do not go back there', simple, straight talk being no falling out. If these notels feel obliged to have their guests transported to the hotel, let them contract local taxis to do so, but this situation where hotels are in competition, and that is what it is it is competitior. thifair ompetition with our taxis should stop now.

Now, we come to the dook, and
Mr. President Sir, these privately oumed cabs are facing simitar or worge difficulties on the dock, and again here, the vast majority of business is diverted to the Tromicana bus and the Kon Tiki tour boat, by tour operators aboard the cmise shipe who oolleot the cost in advance. When the visitor reaches the dock he has alrady paid for hie tour and he is guided either to Troprecna or guided to Krmiki.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTYNUING): Originalty sir, the rote of the Kon Tiki as a sightseeing party boat was justified, as an added tourist attraotion. If we are going to keep bringing tourlsts here they must have something to do, they must have something to see, and they do not oome here all of them to sit in their hotels, as some people believe. They oome here to have a good time. So that idea, the idea behind it was a good one But, when the Kon Tiki operates as she is presently doing, as a water taxi conveying passengers from the dooke to the hotets on the beach she is disadvantaging not onty the private taxi owners but the whole toumst ariented economy of these Istands.

The passengers conveyed in this manner never get an opportunity of viaiting the logally ouned stores. The passengers on the Kon Tiki do not:get to sen the Turtle Famm, and the passengers on the Kon Tiki do not get a tour to Hell. They do not get a chance of seeing anything on Crand Caman which might arouse their interest to either return or porhaps, to make an investment in this roland. At the end of the day, when these touriste return from the Kon. Tiki well tanked up, to the ship they know no more about the Island and its people than they knew when they arrived, and wo have been devorved of one of the best means of advertising our Istand, something for which Govermment spende thousonds of dotlaws, if not millions ach yearw. They to not know anything about the Country when they go on the ton Tiki. The only thing I can figure out that they would find out Sirs they hoves to put a good band there, and they play guite' a bit. I hear tham playing one song well known 'Ithy Whinny', and if you watoh them six they are doing some whinning. So I do not know whether you could attribute that to them Zearning anything. But watehing some of them Sirs you can believe that they do not learm to dance.

Anwiway Mr. Eresident, we cannot teave that situation as it is. We are going to change it, to bring it in Iine with what we want and what is good for evernbody concerned, and this is not trifling with free intirpmise, I know it is poing to be one axouse. Fowever, a zot of free enterqmins has had too moh excuse and allowed to do what they please without any check or batanoe in this Country.

Now Mr. Fresident, there is yet another angle to this Kon Tiki business, and I question why the Kon Tiki is altowed to uee a vatuable piece of property, such as our pubtic baach, as if they owned it. Mr. President this in itielf must be a good "inoncial advantage for them, and something wioh may be the least Frvoured eitizens of this Cownty are surely not allowed to do. Wurther to that Sir, they are oirompenting the Liquor Law in this Guatry because they eetiltiquor on the Kon Tiki, and according to the riquor Laws of thrs Country they should not be abte to selt any sort of intoxicating liquor outside of a mite limit, I think that is the situation, or inside the mile limit. I arm sure Mr. President, like poor old Iohn Powery, if this was happening to one of our peopte, that situation would have been stopped, and we have to stop it now. So we do not want to hear thie footiehness today in this House about fres enterprise this and free enterprise that, and supply and demand the other. If we do not care for our peonte, who is going to, who san they pun to?

Sinoe thls Kon Tiki business is a private, comnerciat venture I question whether Covermment reeeives any revenue for the use of this beach, and maybe if they do, the Honourable Member for Einance can let me know whether Government or whether the local service Club which has undertaken the maintonance of the public beach, receives anything for it being ured as it is by the Kon Tiki.
Mi. W. MCKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident; the problews which the taxis face are varying ones, and one problem is one which plaques most Caymanians; they witt not stiok together. Mr. Eresident, when a foreigner comes into this Country, if there is a job he lets his friends know about it. If they buitd a house, you see them hetping one another, but caymanians Sir for some reason or another, ape outtina each others throats, or, they are being so worked up by propaganda in thits Countris that they allow the foreigners in the country to rake the aream off the top, while they are being worked up and told all sorts of nonsence, so that they can be diverted from the business whioh this Countmy an offer them today. That is our problem, we do not stick together, out your throat and drink your blood too if you do not watch out. But, $M r$. President, I can see that part of the problem in the taxi business is caused by the faet that they have no organisation to fight for them. They are not organised, and in talking to them many times, I remember M. Fresident maybe to was around the end of taet year, the Member for Tourism organised a meeting at the Airport with the taxi owners that is, and one of the things brought out there was that they should have some sort of an Association, instead of running around, or atlowing people to stir them up and putting them against one another. They are not organiaed, and this Sir is mostly because certain segments within the Txat Association, or the taxi operators go to great lengths to spread that digsention of which $I$ have been talking, amonget the ranke of the private drivers and it is for obvious reasons. So, one thing which I have atways said to them was that they chould get themselves together, get somebody with acoounting knouledro or tegal knowtedge and form their Association to help them, because it is very important.

Mr. Fresident, I know we hear atl sorte of thinge about the taxis. But I have listened to their problems and they have a genuine complaint. As in other places Sir, tari drivers are not usually college graduates. But in the majority, the taxi operators in this Country are honest men and wonen, seeking to make an honest living in their own Country. They ean, and they do contribute a lot to the good image wioh we must present to each visitor to this Country, if we are to succesbfully compete in this fickle iridustry which is the mainstay of our economy. If they are dissatisfied, and if we as a Govermment let this red herring which is being pushed across the floor called free enterprise' if we fail to hear their cry, and if we fail to help them where that dissatiefaciton is justified, then we are going to have more problems on our hands, and we with not be fulfitling our role as representatives of the peopte.

This motion has muf full support 'When
the Second Elected Member for George Town opoke to me about it, and the complaints he was getting, I did not hesitate to talk to him about it. The Member put the case quite welt before the House, and Mr. President if I am chosen to be a members of the Committee, which the motion seeks to set up, and if its passage is successfut, then $T$ will be making some strong suggestions to cure the probleme which the taxi operators are now faced with. I trust that Government witt aceept without change, the reconmendations which the Committee will submit. I hope that I will be a member of tha Committee, and Mr. Prasident, in so doing $I$ ask all Members to help us ensure the successful passage of this motion.

Thank tou Mr. Tresident.
MP. PRESIDENT:
The Third Eleoted Member for West Bay.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Mr. Fresident, I mise in support of the motion before us 'Inequities Amonget Taxis and other Carriers'.

I feel Sir that having listened to the two previoue speakers, they have covered many areas which I otherwise would have done. However, I feel that at this point I need to voice ma, concern over what is exactly, as stated in this motion, a growing unrest anongst the group of taxi drivers operating within the Cayman relands.

Mr. President, during my one month in
Iondon last year, I took the opportwity of spending a little over an hour at the New Gootland Yard with the gentlanan in charge of the Cabby department in the London area, or $I$ suppose the $U . K$. in generat. I did so as a result of the very favourabte impression which I had received for the three weeks prior to thet, when there was hardly a doy passed that I did not take a cab somewhere. It was not always a long distance, but in London as you know it rains. I was so impressed with their courtesy, their professionalism, the general appearance of their oabs, their knoultedge of the area of the tmited Kingdom in general, about things, current owents - in fact they all. appeared to me to be very wett educated men. I am not sure that I ran into any lady taxi drivers while I was there, but I am sure that they have them. However, I was favourably impressed. I was never rushed, I was never treated ootdty on indifferently and I felt that any organisation such as that one, and it had to be dosene of taxi drivers whom I drove with white I was there and each and every one except one, left me with the impression that they were good ambassadors for the City of Londom. I had one taxi driver who refused to take my money from behind, I had to get out of the oar and stand at the window and give it to him, for what reason $I$ do not know. But apart from thats the impresion I recetved was vem fovourable indeed. Mr. President, as I have already said, on secaking with thita gentleman, I spent a little over an hour with him, believe ne there were a few men who at that time were walking in there and they had to face charges on that pink fite which was in the poseession of an offieer. Any complaint at all from one who uses those rabs and that complaint is brought to the attention of that department at New Sootlond Yard. They are immediately contacted and deatt whth. Depending on the osriousness of the complaint, thone taxi drivers atand to looe their licence, and in so doing they are not in a position to sell the car because nobody oumes a cab in London, unless one has it as a businese, and nobody gets a licence by juet uklking in to the ticencing department and saying "I would like to drive a cab". In foot, I was made to underetand that you familiarise yourself with London for three years prior to getting a licence.

Now I know that London ts a big City and we are a small one. But believe me, there io room for strictor miles and regulations in the licencing of taxi davers in this Countmy. ipr. Fresident, very strict rules and regulations are taid dow. One cannot be sloppily dressed, and in many other areas where we fath short here, I found that in that big city those taxi drivere were aware that they had a job: they had a profession which required that they pay alose attention to every area which might othervise cause them to lose that licence. A 515,000 tari cab sitting in your yard is no joke when you have lost your licence.

Mr. President, I wus abte to speak to speak to the Second Elected Momber of Exeoutive Council, and betieve me, his concern in the area of the problems we face with taxi oabs in ithe Cayman Jslonds run deep. It is on area where he has votoed concern manys many times. His shoulders are heavy with many reaponsibilities, as are all Members of Govermment, but I feel Mr, President, realising the rote the taxi dripers play in our totmist industry, we hate a situation which must be addressed, and some way of solving the problems whic? wis face must be found.

MRS DAPHNE L, ORRETT (CONTINUIHG): I am not here to ariticise the Member, becauee believe me, this problem existed when he took office. However, I feet that the problem muet now be addressed, and we canot any longer postpone what needs to be done. In fact Mr. President, the gentleman with whom I spoke inclicated that if this Govermment woutd see fit to do so, he would be ptixsed to come and adotse this Govermment on the areas which need attending to as far as the adb Irivers situation is concermed.

Mr. President, the two Members who spote prior to me stonding here, mentioned some of the areas which aro acause for grave conoerm. I have heard of certain store ownere in tow who selt duty-free items, who have comprained of touriste having gone out on the Kon Tiki, returning as drunk as they could get and ixalking in and out of theix stores, tripping ower and knooking over axpensive bone ohina, orystat - you name it. Mn. Presidenty need I say here that allowing the Kon Tiki to have a licence to selt liquon is an outright shame, because it is setting a precedent whereby. every boat oumer in this Country would probably be adle to use that as an exouse to have a bar on their boat. Now Mr. presidents i know that there are certain boat owners who have a complimentary drink or two on board, there are others who say 'bring whatereer you want to drink', but to altow the Kon Tiki to have a licences to sell liquor on board, and then fow tourists to come back on-shore drunk and stagoering, walking into stores and caucing a problem, I think it is $\alpha$ shome, and I do not need to qualify that word, itt is exaetly what I think $\rightarrow$ it is disgraceful.

Mr. IMesident, as the Second itiected Member for West Bay mentioned, wo need tourist attractions, we do. But there is a certain limit where we have to stop and constder how for we must go in order to oater to the touriats.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSE:
T. was talking about using the pubtio beach, not the liquor thing.

MRG. DAPHNE $L$. ORRETT:
Mr. 'President, the Kon Tiki to a fine tourist attraction but I feel when it oomes to taxi drivers they are aliowed to go a little bit too far in these aneas, if there is such a thing as epecial arrangements having been made for the Kon Tiki to take passengers, and they have paid for their trip in advance and alt this. Then of couxse when they get here they feel obligated to take that trip, rather than pay a cab driver an extra amount of money to tour the Island or to go somewhere else. I agree with the second Elected Member for West Bay, they get to see littite of our Islands, and many of the investors in this Comtry mads their first trip here on a tour ship. In this way, mony of them do net get to see the lelands sufficiently to allow them to decide whe ther this is a place in which they would like to invest, would like to live, would like to rotire, and Mr. president, $I$ oan see why taxi drivers are hurb and are feeling the pinch of this, because att the money is going into one pot.

Mr. President, the Kon Tiki is not only a water taxi, it is a water bar rooms that is what it is.

The hotel transpontation Mr. Fresident
which is atso a cause for concem, bothers ma. I can see the hotels from the easterm districts using their own transportation. Because of course, it is difficult at times to get toxi drivers, say from George Town to drive to East End or Boddon Toun or Nowth Side, Caymon Kai in particular to pick up passengers and take them to the Airport, or elsewhere. So 7 an ses the hotels and other guest fachitities in those areas, but in the George Town and West Bay districts I realty do not see. why cony hotel should have transportation where they can go to the Airport and piok up atl their passengers, as a oomitesy, in fact, I am not sure it maybe something which is buitt in to their hotel daity rate or whatever, but I feel that in this case those hotele which are in close proximity to the Airport should leave traneportation of their guests to the local taxi drivers.

URSS. DAFHNE L. ORRETT (CONYINUING): Mr. President, one of the areas which bothers me a lot, in addition to those taxi drivers who feel that they are not getting a share of the pie, is that some of the tari Irivers themselves are certainly not, good ambassadors for these Islands. The oab drivers, many of them, if you go to the Airport if uou see them when they arrive at the hotels or the condominiums they are oery abrupt, brash, in a hurry. Courtesy is poor, if at alt, and it would seam to me that their mush to either get back to the Alrport or to the londing wharf in town, triggers this - I cm not sure. But betieve ne Mr. Fresident, it is not excotiy what one would coll the friendiness for which the Caymanian is so wetl known.

In addition to that Mr. Fpesident, some of the tari drivers do little, if anything to enhanoe the cab, the vehicte, it is dirty. I happened to get in one sometime ago, something went wrong with my car and I needed to get somewhere quickly, and I called for one, and believe me I was worried when I got out that my dress was going to be a mess, it was filthy. Dust, papers strewn on the dashboard, papexs strewn on the floor, extra shoes sitting inder there, it was a mess. Walk dow here now and again where they park along the CourteBuilding and as you walk, take a look inside and if you see the mess those crrs are in, you have to feet ashomed that the toumists coming to these Islands are asked to sit. in one of them, to take them from the Airport in their fine clothing and what have you, it is a shome the way some ape kept. The way in which some of the trivers dress Mr. President is a shomejut area. Shirts hanging out of their pants, some with missing teeth, some with their hair which appeared not to have been done for three; or four or five woeks, and Lo not get too near to some of thems becouse you witz not be abze to stand long.

Mr. Mresident, I hrte to have to go into
that. But it is the truth, and it is becoming a serious problem. Mr. Eresident, I would venture to aay that not too many true-borm caymantans fatt into this category. Now I have to make a confession to you, but anyone who comes to these istonds must be prepared to live according to our oustoms, and our stantwids of tiving especially whon they axe going to go into an industry such as becoming a taxi driver, and representing these Istands. Thic is why Mr. Fresident I feel that some orqunisation must be in oharge of the taxi dripers in this Country.: They are amon the firat preople that a tourist meete after leauing that Airport, or the thip whioh dooks atong these shores, and need I say what the tourist industry means to the economy of these istande.

Mr. Fresidents wontil yesterday $T$ Bow a near fight in front of the Court Buitdivg. Two taxi driverg; I was pleased that they were not Caymanion borm, but I have a feeting that they have status. I was so ashamed, I looked at them, one of them saw me but the other one was so fumous he could not telt who was around, and I decided I would move out of the area as quiokly as possible, because I think they were going to have a physical enoounter.

MRS, DAFHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident, I reatise that not everyone ean afford a 1986 American mode big oari. I understand that there are some peopte who aonot afford to buy a big van. But betieve ne, there is no excuse for not keaping it clean, and this is one of the areas Mr. President which bothers me. We connot play any stupid games with the tourist industry, and the taxi driver must tearm to realise the importont role which he plays in that industry.

I feel Mr. President," that anyone who has not lived in these Islands for a certain amount of time prior to aplying for a taxi licence, should not be allowed to have one. He should be here long enough to learm the history of these Islonds, to know the importont places of interest, to know when a tourist asks about this or that or the other, he is well verised in the history and the background of these Islands, to take that position. A adi, driver must know more than how to drive at 55 or 60 mites an hour in a 40 mite sone.

Mr. Tresident, what I am saying here is that anyone who is not Caymanion born, or a Catyantian living here for a certain period of time prior to applying for a licence, should have not less than one to two years before he or she $i s$ allowed to drive a taxi on our roads. It is bad enough when our own give us a bad name, but not sonebody elae to come in here anid get the money and let us doun at the same time, that is a shame.

Mr. Fresidents $Y$ feet that we must have strickter mites and regulations. I believe in free enterprise, but believe me, I also believe in survivat, and I witl tell you that if this trend continues, the taxi driver writh put such a stioma on the toumist industry in this Country that we will find ourselves with mone harm than good done through them.

Mr. President, I agree that with all the toumists ooming in to our Istands, no taxi driver should hove to wait for hours at the dook to get a trip. There should be some rule and regulation on that dook, whareby a taxi driver is able to get his share of what is happening out there. You have a few Mr. president, on the other hond, who come near to giving the poor tourist a' heart attack because they fly so fast down that west Bay road, and then back again with their greedy attitude, to get another trip, that one wonders sometimes if on the one hand one wonts them to get it, and on the other one might not beocuee one might be putting the tourist into a situation whene he might lose his life. However, they are in the minority. But again, what I am trying to stress is that strickter rules and regulations must be laid down and adhered to. when a taxi Thiver is involved in an accident where it oan bo proven that that man is at foult, and this happens $X$ amount of times, perthapo twice, his licence should be pulled, because that is not the type of individuat who should be behind the wheet. I have also seen some of them Mr. President, pass along this Court Building, you aon get a good idec what the taxi drivers are like you know, just pass down here a couple of times. I have seen on more than one vecasion; I oan think of two individuals right now who were sitting there waiting. Another time, I sas one standing, and they were very intoxioaterl, and ' $T$ think, that that is a shome, that anybody in a position like that should be abte to hold a licence and to be intoxicated driving tourists around this Country. They should not be intoricated anyua.

Mr. Fresident, I have given the umplearant side of the story. I am ooming to a ctose Mr . President. We have hearn the unpleacont side of the story, but I woudd like to offer my con gratulations here to some very fine taxi drivers, neatly dressed, looking clean, smelling olean, acting sensibly, courteous and very knowtedgeable on things Caymanian.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): Mr. President, it is a joy when they drive u to my condominitom to piek up a guest. It is a pleasure to see them at the Airport, the way they aseist those tourists, and if they never sow anything else while they were in the Cayman Islonds, a tourist would not be able to leave here without feeling that he had been to one of the most friendly places on the face of the earth, fust having mat that taxi driver, ond we have quite a number like that. I am pleased to say that many of them are from the district of West Bay. Mr. Fresident, say what you like, but we have some people with class dow there.

The taxi drivers need to get organiaed, they need to put their act together and stop conplaining and complaining. They must organise themselves and gat themse lves into a situation where they aan hisp to solve the problem and not expect that this Govermment is going to do it all without their help. We have to work at this together.

Mr. President, I support the motion, and $I$ hope that somehow we might be able to come to a decision whereby we can help to alleviate this problem. Thank you very much for listening.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think it would probably be convenient if we now take a tunchtime break, and I witl therefore suspend proceedings until approximately two fifteen.

AT 12:55 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:25 P.M.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be aeated.
Resumption of the debate on the Amended Private Member's Motion No. 8/86. Does ony other Member wish to speak? The Seaond Elected Member of Executive Council.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. President, I rise to speak on Private Member's Motion No. 8186, I would like to congratulate the mover as well as the other speakers before me, for a fair and reasonable presentation. A presentation which recognises that the taxi business tike any other business is a two-way street. I would like to hasten to reasoure the mover that the motion will not be taken lightly. I believe, in fact $I$ know, that Government attaches a great deat of importonce to this situation.

There have been wide ranging and very detailed comments made in this debate, and while we cannot cover every detail, and expect to find a solution here today, as $I$ see it, this is the work of the Committee. Nevertheless, there are cartain facts whioh must be stated. I agree Sirs that our taxi drivers are certainty our ambassadors, and $I$ oan congratulate as other speakers before me have; those responsible, serious and efficient drivers who do a good $j o b$ of representing this Cowntry to our many visitors. But betieve me sir, I have no sympathy whatsoever for those who curse our tourists, who spit on the grownd and ask a tourist if he originates from a certain country, and when the reply is in the affirmative, they spit on the ground and curse the tourist and say "you cannot enter aab". I atso have no sympathy for those who over charge ose tourdsts, and these are but two of the injusticies. We have good taxi drivers, we have bad ones, but it onily takes one bad apple to spoil the whole barrel.

HON. W. NORMAN BOLDAN (CONNTUING): Wr. President, discontent by come taxi drivors. as to what they consider is their, fair ghare, is nothing new, neither are oup attempts to acitsfy unf botue the situation. Because, varions individuate and organsations through the years have made a genuine effort to find a en. iton to what we are discussing here today. This problem is netther unique to the Cayman Is lands. I attond momy tourism conferences, and I hear, , winizar comptainta from many of the conmtries which depench on tourisin as we do.

I sincerely believe that if this
Govermment or any other Govemnent or eormittee, finds a satiafactory an entirely satisfactopy solution to thid particular problem, that those individuals wite be in demand by ailt townst destinations around the globe.

## I can recalt sin back in the earty

 days, and this goes back to 1954 where we had about four or five taxis in operation at the time, and I distinctiy remember one day, receiving a flight in here that fad iust but a few pacsengere. To be honest, I think there were two me of the taxi arivers caught the passenger's eye and encouxdged him into his taxi for a vide to the Galleon beach club. The other taxiddruer held the passengers bagoage, and one took the passerger and the other taxi driver took lis baggage, this was in 1954. While we have increased in numbers, there are many similar problems which still exist. Weverthetess, having stated this, I agree wholeheartedty with the movers, that a caref ful and factivat examination must be made of the situation with which we are faced today, with a view to resolving amy unvest as far as is neasonable and humanty possibze.I wortd aieo like sirs to mention the movers point about discourciurg a nawch on the Governtrent Administration
 the Second Elected Nmber for Geonge Toum; like myself, and atliothero fulty recognise jut how fickte and corpetitive ous tourist industry is. But it serves us well to memind ourelves contirucusly that any move which would cause tomigte to looe confidence in the stability of our Country, and cause then to look etsewhere for a vacation, will cause tis all to lose, not only those tho ara wront, thoge who are right and those who are unong will alt pay is paying the price of imeaponsible acts of temomism, and damage is being done to the ir economy which with take them years and perthas decades to recover from. So let us take heed, Memberg of this Honourabte House, and let up not form noment toke ons tom trade for granted. We must always remember that the hen that lays gutioneggs can de frightened to onother roost.

Mo. President, as I have indicated, $I$ welcome the formation of a ocminttee which will hopefully establish number one, whether or where is in fart we wher optit of revenue. Secondly, atso determine what is responsible for this, and thirdly, if so, what ann be done about it. "In excmining the alleged unfair" split of revenue, it must be bornte in timat that protection cannot be provided for one Caymanion business against, or to the detrant of another Caymanian business." I know that this point was brought ip by one of the previous speakers, but it is twie ont it is a fact "that must be faced. The free enterprise system must prevait where Caimonian businesses exist, as they have a right to do side by side, and where the right price and quatity servico determins their successftut operation. It is ci"faot which we cannot get cray fro. It is also mj view Mr. President, thut while laur and reguations can controz to apoint, it also requires tie flullest oonperation of the general publico in order for tave to $l$ a efteotive, and to accomplish what they were intended to accomplish.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUINC): In alt of our discussions, and in my many discussions with taxi drivers, I have heard of ataime of 'fronting', and it is my view that as long as there are Caymanians who allow themselves to be used to circument the taw to the detriment and disadvantage of sometimes, yea themeetues and their oum peopite, there will atways exist a feeling of unfaix oompetition and unfair business practices.

There is also the claim that the taxi business is dominated by foreigners. Many times on closer samitiny we find that many of those persons are of Caymanian status. We find that many of them are the husbands and wives of Caymanians, who feet that they too have a right to earn a living and raise their forities here.

In looking at developments in the taxi business, there have been many changes which have taken place. We have seen in the last couple of years the majority of four passenger tamis converted to seven passenger station wagons and to 12 to 16 passenger minibuses. This is good Mr. Fresident, I think it is a sign of progress, and I compend those who have the ambition to progress in that manner. But aotually, this is atso too one of the reasons why the situation has changed in that mony times there are tess trips. The market, the tourism market, even though it is growing in ati arrivals and oruise ship arrivals, has now to be shared between so many more taxis. We have also seen Sir a change in the travel trends. In the past couple of years it has become a cormon practice where the trend is formore grow travel rather than individuat travel. This areates a demand for prempackaged tours which are sold in the United States. This is not only peculiar to our Islands, this is the same for att. other tourist destinations, or the majority of tourist destinations in the Caribbean. Additionally, we must also acoept the need to categorise our ground transporitation system, in order to differentiate between our taxis, our tour operators and our puoblic transport buses. Right now there exists a confusion, where a taxi can be a tour operator or visa versa, and everybody is involved in the publice transport bus system. We hope sir to have something acoomplished in this regard through the new Traffic Law, which will be introduced to this Honourable House later this year. We must also docept that there is an urgent need for more rigid requirements to be aplied before a taxi licence is issued. Right now, under our law, it is too easy to obtain and too difficult to lose. We need to reverse that, with all due respect to all conoerned. We must find a means of suspending or amcelting a licence, so that some form of disaiplinary action can be wplied. when and where necessary. A code of conduct must be estabtished, and not only establishad, but fotlowed. Lastly Sir, as difficult as it might be to apply, consideration must be given as to whether or not to place a limit on the number of taxi licences which oan be issued, subject perhaps to an annual review.

These are but few of the many important issues to be addressed, and believe me, no simple solution exists because we will find that what will make one group happys aggravates the other group. But aertainty Mr. Preaident, if there is any gtinmer of hope in finding a solution, then I support it one hundred per cent. I support it because of the indisputable inportance of a good taxi service to tourigm, and the difference a good service or a poor service refleets on the image of our Country in the syes of our visitors.

From a tourism point of view, we have had the cruise ship operatorg ask us to attow them to encourage and offer pre-packaged tours. One of the previous speakers mentioned the limited attractions we have in the Coymon Islands, and this is true. Neither do we have much of the beautiful scencry which exists in many of the other Caribbean countries, and it is a fact that we must cooperate with cmise ship operatons and other tour operatons to offer to their clients a variety of paokages, when they visit our Country.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): Mr. Preaident, the Honourahla Member for Conmunications, Works ard Distriet Administration and I, have"on various occasione met itith a small group of taxi drivers. We have met with some of the eruise directors, att in an effort to try to find some solution to at least some of the problime, if not azt. Some of the cruise directors have indicated that they would be willing to work along with the taxis, if the taxis organised themselves, and agreed to pre-packaged tours which woutd be sold by travet agents in the United States. These cruise ship operators would be withing to sett them. "However, this type of operation involves dertain machinery in place, certain accounting systems which many of the "taxis are not witiling to go along with. It involves acceptcnee of a tovir voucher which must be bitled to an agent in the United States, and then a wait of 60 or 90 days follows before payment $i$ s received, and many of the taxt operators wilt refuse to accept such vouchers. They want cash on delivery, and no paperwork aftervards.

Mr. President, organisation 23 the key, and agreement to oooperate amongst themselves is of utmost importance. Right now we almost have four groups of taxi operators. We have a group, which operates out of the Airport', we have the group which operates from the dock; we have a smatt group which has joined a smatl association and we have a fourth group which is not a member of the association, does not operate out of the Airport and they do not operate from the docks. So we actuatty have four proups which we reatly need to bring together.

Ar . Fresident, mantion wise made of " " the Airport operation and the $\$ 30.00$ a month which is charged for the franchise fee. We feel six that it is the responsibility of the Cayman Istands Corporation to ensure that there is adequate ground tronsportation provided for arriving passongers, and this can onty be done if the Corporation exereises some foim of controt over the group of taxis which arritpe to piek up at the Airport, this has always been in ptace, and betieve it or not, there are times when there are insufficient taxie at the Airport to meet the demiand. Consequently, our security officers have had to put pascengers on buses in onder to dootid tong waits by in coming passengers, as there were insufficient taxis on hand avaitable at that time. There is also the situation when there is a detayed flight. Many times the required number of taxis do not show up at the Airport.

Mention was made of Tropicana Tours.
That operation has been in place for severat years, and Tropicona Tours franchise to pick up at the Airport is limited to 20 passengers. 20 passengers whom, they in a way have been nesponsibte for bringing to the Cayman Istiande, and who arrive here with a tour voucher in their hands." Some daye they might have aroupe of 75 tr more armiving, and all passengers acoept for the 20 they are allowed to pick up, are given to the taxis which are avaitable at the Aipport at the time. $I$ woutd like to elarify a point here, which was made by one Member, that 75 per cent of incoming passengers are diverted to Tropicana and the oourtesy cars. This is not bo, my statistics tell me that at least 70 per cent of arriving pasaengers are tronsponted from Owen Roberts Airport by taxis. There is no doubt Mr. Fresident, and I do not want to mislead anyone, I have to tell the trutin. With the projected increase in air armivats expected in 1980 and carly 1987, as a Member of our Corporition, we are going to have to rethink and revise out policies which exist at owen Roberts Airport at the present time, in order to meet that extra demand. And with att due respect, it cannot be met by creating; or allowing a monopoly to develop by one side or the other. It met be fair in the intereste of providing the type of semice whioh our visttors demand and expect.

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN (CONTINUING): I would further like sir to refer to the letter which was read by the mover of the motion. I would focus on the section which states that hil of this is arranged aboard the cruise ships, we suapect with the tacit consent, if not outright coproval of the Department of Tourism.' I do not accept this Sir,' this is an unfounded suspicion of our Department of Tourism. Our Department is not involved in any such operation. It does not support one tour operator above another. The full time of our Department of Tourism is spent on promoting these Isiands and encouraging tourists to come here to hetp those taxi drivers who are complaining about the situation as it exists at the present time, and to be frank., I resent such an allegation.

Mr. President, mention was made about the abuse of the Liquor Licenoing. Law, as it applies to tho operation of the Kon Tiki and also of its use of our public beach. I think these are two vary valid points which were raised, and will certainly give the Committee that much more work to do, and there is no doubt that the Committee will have ite hande full and its work will be out out for it.

I fulty support Mr. Fresident, a carefui examination of eack operations and in fact this witl be an exercise of interest. I betieve that we should place whatever restrictione whioh are possible, I Eslieve that we dan perhaps examine the area of establishing designated routes for the Kon Tiki and other tour operators. I betieve Mr. Prostdent, that in att honesty we must aix any grievonce in secreh of a sotution, so that mieunderstandings, misooneeptions ond unfounded allegations can be replaced by facte and faixmess.

In conclusion Mr. Freaident, I would suggest that the composition of the Committee ateo inctudes at trast two persone from the private sector. I think the movein has suggested five Elected Members of this Honourable House, with perihaps two Elected Members from this side and three from the other side. I think this is a good recommendation. I believe that in all honesty, the facts will be examined and every effort witl be made to find a sotution. Mr. Tresident I support the motrons and look fomiard to the report whioh witl be made back to this Illonourable House in due course, and hopefulty in the very near future.

Thank you.
MR. PRESTDENT:
Untess any othon Member wishes to spork, I shatl invite the mover to exercise his right of reply.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Thank. you Mr. Fresident.
$t$ wish to take the opportunity to thank all those Members who supported this motions lrivate Member's Motion No. 8/86.

There were a number of very important points raised, which I am sure will be addressed by the Committee which is being formed and is the sreaial Committee to be formed by Government.

I would atso Mr. Fresident, make a fow conments on pointe made by individual epeakers. In particular, tro President the Seeond Fleated Member for whst Bay rated some very good pointe, one had to do with the Aixpont courtesy service. Mr. President, from what $I$ have heard here today, it woutd seem that this is an area which with requite very, very olose somutiny and close attention.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON (CONTINUING): He also made commente on the free enterprise system but $T$ betieve that his anticipation of one of the Members plugging for the free entexprise syatem was somewhat preerteted. Mr. President, the Third Eleoted Aember for West Ray made a very impressive oontmibution, and some of the points raised by her should not be taken lightly. She made the point very strongly that we are talking about a eituation which will require the support and witl require the understanding of all concerned, and the cooperation of not only one side of the fence, but both. The taxi drivers must also do their part, and it would appear that they are sadly laoking in some of these areas. We would not want to give the impression Mr. Preeident that all taxi drivers are atike, this is not so. As the Third Elected Member for west Bay made it quite clear, there are some very, very good taxi dmivers. I can think of. one in partioular, Captain Carl Bush, I do not mind mentioning his name, he is always getting very good praise, and there are many, mony others. I can think of another name, although this person is not now with us, but Mr. Ira Thompon's name will tive forever as not only being a good taxi driver, but indeed a very good man.

I want to particularty thank the Gecond Elected Member for Executive Comeit for his contribution. It is quite true, this is not a very easy task. It is also true that he and the Third Elected Member of Exeoutive Council have in the past tried to deal with this problem, but it has not been on easy one to deat with. I believe sir that with our conserted afforte, that is Covermment Members together with membere of the private sector, we witt make some dent in this problem. We witl make some kind of progress in dealing with this problem, because if we do not Mr. President, I ann see where this problem oould get out of hond, and it witl not only be bad for the taxi drivers but it witl indeed be bad for this cowtry, for the tourism industry. So it is incumbent upon us to ensure that something is done to alteviate and regularising this problem.

Mr. President, again I thank the ismbers for theix contributions and I thank yous sir.

## MR. PRESIDENT: <br> The motion before the Houes is the amended version of Erivate Member's Motion Wo.8/86. I shath put the question.

QUESTION PUI': AGREED. AMENDED TRRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 8/86 EASSED.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The next item, on perhaps it may just be hetpfut to the House if $I$ say that since the terms of Private Member's Motion No. 8/86 as omended where that Covermment should appoint a speaiat Committee, it is not a Select Conmittee of the House, and it is not a matter for appointment by the House hore, it is a separate matter. I am sure that the mover of the motion witt be consulting with the Govermment Member concerned about the oomposition of the Committee.

Private Member's Motion No. $9 / 86$, the same cixoumstances apply as applied in the aase of Privats Member's Motion No.8/86. That is to say, the mover has given notice of an intention to amend the motion as originaliy worded. I have afreed that in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 24(7), the amendment is a perfectly proper amendment, and my understanding is that he did in foot give more thon two days notica of it, at though perthaps the amended covies may not have reached att Members as much as two days agos, and I therefore do not think that he noeds any speoiat dispensation under standing Order 25(2), and the motion is perfoctly in order to be moved as amended, and $I$ invite him now to move it.

## INDIGENT HOUSTNG

m.

MTi. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
orculated in accordane with Standing Orders 24 (7) and 25 (2). It reads:

WHEREAS there is a shortage of tow inoome housing
in the Coyman Islonds:
BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the GOvernment aonsider
taking steps to provide the necessary supplementayy expen-
diture during this financiat year to atleviate this semous social problem.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: $\quad$ Mr. Fresicient, I beg to second the
MR. PRESIDENT:
The motion is duty moved and seconded, and I invite the mover to speak to $i t$.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Prestaent, housing is me of the fundamentals of social and economic devetopment, and I
belteve these may be extended to cover sooict jubtiones, and untit people are adequately housed in a developing country it is fifficult for them to appreciate on to reapond to any kind of freedom in that country.

It is a most difficult thing, to try and enspire a man to any sense of national pride when has has not got a home to go to, now shelter for hie family, nor afpropriate accomodation for them to grow ur and live in.

Going through this Island, I have observed too morys substandard housing conditione, In my district I have pinpointed ten persons and fumilies who are in serious need of basic living conditions. Some Mr. President have a lit of land, others have none, and some have even added to buitd a little shetter, but they need heip, which we muet give.

Mr. President, I never stop talking
about the social needs of thie Country. About the social development as against the economio development, and funt yesterduy I was up reminding the House of what situations axist, and lr. President some people have found out that I have an answering service now so they can call me up and mouth me off without me being able to mouth them off back. This morming sir I received a call from aome person who must feel that they have. and what they hewe nobody etse should have. and that person said that I should stop talkinc ahaut these snoial needs because people are laays and $I$ am only trying to make a nome for myself, and that the perple must go out and work, and I could go on and on, it was quite a long message. Nevertheless Mr. President, when I get those sorts of calls it makes me feel bod, yes, and when $I$ see some of the headlines, or some of the edttoriats I question, but I have a duty to do, and I am going to do it. When we look arownd M. President, and see the affluence in this Country; and on the other hond, we see some of the poor living conditions when we see the lack on the absence of basic living conditions in some aroas, one has to wonder. Sir, our people are beginning to realise that more and more there is a widening gap which gets biggen and bigoer and more diffioutt to span between the havs and the have nots in this Country.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): When I talk about social deterioration and when I speak with some emotion on the lack of sooial develownent, it is only because I realise what effect these growing sooial problems can have on this Country. It ie mily because Mr. Eresident, I realise that the majority of the people in this country have no plice to mon to. We have no green cards; we have no Swiss Bank acoounts set w. Mr. President, this little rook we call the Coyman Istands is home, sweet home to me, and so whatever it takes to pinpoint those needs which I see, I will do it regardless of what any newspaper, ior regardless of what some siak person in this society has to say. The minute one starts to voice on oviniom, you hear that he is a sociatist, or that he is a rebel. These are the kind of statements which get my anger wh, the minute a person tries to open up the eyes of the btinf, he is a rebet, and that febel excuse is onty because they do not care, and they have no intention of hetring a falling brother.

Mr. Eresident I take the biblical admonishion seriousty, and say'verity unto them, in as much as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.'

But those in our commmity who are filled with righteous indignation, who seem to want nothing else but to fill their coffers without blinking an eye to the social needs of this Country. They are going to pay for it, if not now, in ano ther tife. Because the Bible also says to those rich men olothed in purple and fine linen faring sumptuously every doy, and let me tell you what the Bible says on that:

Depart from me the cursed into evenlasting fire prepared for the Devil and his angels. For I was hongered and he gave me no meat. I wis thirsty and he gave me no drink. I was a stranger and he took me not in. I was naked and you clothed me not. I wias even siek and was even in the Frieon and. you visited me not.'

Mr. President, if not now they will ay. So they can go ahead and aatl me a rebel. But it is my duty to bring out the problems faoing my people. I do not mean to over state, of course not, but to pinpoint and form a solution. Mr. President, I om not asking Govermment to do evorything. No, but Government has to oonsider the social impaet and ramifioations and then act. Well I feel we already know the sociat ramifications, and wos need no study, we mast act now.

Consider this Mr. Fresident, consider what kind of social effect this situation has - an eight by eight building, a man his wife and four shildren, one airl of thipteen, one girl of eleven, one boy of twelve and one boy of ten. Do you think Mr. Presiment that this ia a nice situation, conducive to this very affluent society. Mr. Hpesident $\Gamma$ hupe you wizt ailuw me to
 up with the courtesy of Photographic Services, and I went the Sergeant-at-Arms to pass these pictures around No. President, and show some of these Members what exists in this Country, if they do not now know.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I am not sure what provisions there
are for this kind of thing. I am sure thay oould be laid for Members to see. I think pertheps that would be the best. To be truthful unless you wart me to consult Erskine May, I do not, know what the provision is, But I think if they are laid on the Table alt Members......

MR. W. McKEEVA RUSH:
....Mr. Prosident, I believe our Stonding Orders say that we a an ue papers or any material to substantiates or to strengthen. ..
Mi. PRESIDENT:
yes, it is a question of whether the Serjeant-at-Arms takes them round and shows them to sveryone, or whether you bay them on the Table for everyone to see. 'I think if he tays them on the Table for everyone to see, that will probably....

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
When I get them back they con lay on the Table. I just do not want them to lay on the Table, I want the Members to see them.

MR. FRESIDENT: Well that is up to you..
M. W. MCKEEEVA BUSH:

I bow to your ruling with respect.
MK. PRESIDENT:
I am sure your words witt be persuasive enough to ensure that alt Members look.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Prosident, this question keeps popping up, why? Why is a man not in a bettor position, and I keep saying this Mr. President, and I have said it from the pulpits of the Church to the political platform, to here.

The Cayman Istands is not an easy
place to tive in any more. Some of our people just connot get ahead, no matter how hard they try. There is alwaye some abetacle which they connot bypass, and so their lot int tiffe keeps getting worse. It is very easy Mr. Preeident to look down our noses and use another excuse which I keep hearing, 'he is lazy". It is quite easy to do that, but do we really know a man's situation? A man who started out in tife in this Country ten years ago with alt good intentions of beooming a good family man, may find himself today relegated to what is fast becoming a scrap heap of unemployabtes, and unjoys the diaiturionment of this affluent society today, you think that it is not happeriing? We had better take warning Mr. Fresident. We as a Govermiment have to recognise what the needs are of ow prople today, and seek to know how to meet these needs. One need, one dire need is just the basic necessity of living. I am saying 'tet us get on with hetping our people'.

Mr. President, I have gone quite far enough. Those pictures speak for themselves. I have gone to the extent of going to the planning Authoxity, and have had plans draw and atl I an asking Mr. President is that the Members here consider what I have said here, and take warning.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Momber wish to speak?
The Seoond ETected Member....
MR. LINFORD A. PTERSON:
MR. PRESIDENT': I think perhape....I am so sorry, I
think perhaps it might be better if we took our break othembise maybe I shail need to intermpt you. In that case, I shatl suspend proceedings for approximately twenty minutes.

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:40 r.M.
MR. PRESIDENT: Tlease be seated.
Resumption of the debate on Private
Member's Motion No. $9 / 86$ as amended. I had called on the Second Elected Nember for Geonge Town to speak.

DEBATE
AMENDED FRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTTON NO. $9 / 86$
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSOM: Mr. ITresident, I rise in support of this vexy worthwhite motion. A motion of which the subject of indigent housing is very near and dear to me. Mr. President, it is welt known in this House and outside, that I an a chanpion of the cause of the 'tittle people'. So muoh so Mr. Fresident,' that I have had Members of this House poke fom at me for muse of the term 'the little people'. Ar . President, be this as it may, I think each Member of this House is weth aware that we have many of the tees fortimate people living in oup commonity, and it is up to us Mr. President to do something about this problem. Mr. Fresident, fortunately I an blessed with a good memory, and somehow I believe that I witl remember for a tong time some of the remarks, some derogatory which have beon made about me, regarding my stand in support of the little poovie. But I believe Sir that my position is shared by many Membere of this Assemblu, whether or not they are brave enouch to stand wo here and voice their sentiments.

I betieve Mr. Fresident that good oomea to those who wait, and in the words of one of our toeat playwrights, I would say "time longer than rope".

Mr. Presidgnt in the course of the past Sittings of this House, and in partioular this Meeting, I have nade a number of references to my manifesto, because before entering the politicat race in 1984, I felt that I should map out a couree which I felt would be a good oouree for this dountry to follou. I did not unter, not knowing which way I had in mind to follow, but I had mu course well mapped out. So Sir, it is not diffioult for me to make frequent references to my manifesto. It is not necessary sir for me to have to ramble here and there to find sonething worthwhite to say. This has been welt dooumented before I won a seat in this Aonourable House. In this conngetion Mr. President, I specifically made mention of my position regarding housing the indigent. I said, and I quote:-
'I will supporit a system within our Social Sarvices particularty designed to enhance the lije styles of the less fortunate within the soaially acprived areas of the Country'.
I further said Mr. President:-
'I believe that it is necessary to secure an undertaking by Covermment to provide better housing facilities for those indivicuale genuinely in need of such assistance.'

Mr. Presidents in order for Govermment to acourately assess the housing problem in this country, it witl be nesessary for the various intemosted bodies including the Social Services Department to carry out a thoroush survey and assessment of the problems. I was happy to learn recently that this is now in operation, and that the Phblic HeaLth Officer io now preparing a survey or inventory of the problems in this targeted area.

Mr. Fresident, the Housing Corporation
is not the answer. In my opinion Mr. President it is serving very little purpose, if any at all. Before a loan oan be considered by the Housing Corporation, an application fee of some s200 must be paid, and it is my understanding that this fae is a non-refundable fee, and this is whether or not the apptication is approved.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): I further undergtand Mr. Fresident, that the detaite on the fom are so complicated that it would require a Philadelphia layyen to work out the many ramifications of it. The Ilousing Corporation as we know it today, does not fill the nead whioh this motion is addressing. It would therefore secm Mr. Preaident to be appropriate if consideration is given to transferming or realtocating the fees of the Housing Corporation, under the oontrol of the Member responsible for sociat Services, so that they could be used in a theit more usefut monner. I appreciate Mr. Fresident, that in view of the momer in which the Housing Corporation is formed, that this may not be possible. But it would certainty make a much bettor use of the funds which are now avaitable within that Copporation.

Mr. president, I was mueh impressed
by the detaile which the mover of this motion gave in suppoit of the motion, and also am most inpresed that he took time out to so into these areas and get photographs of these areas to show to the Members of this House. While it may not have been necessary Mr. prosident, to make these available to some of us who are aware of these onditions. It nonetheless highlighted. his interest in his people.

Mrny of us Mr. President wilt skirt the reat issue before us, by orying out 'the peopte in these situations are ho lazy to better their conditions." Nr. Iresident this is a lot of mulbiah. These individucats, 90 per oont of them, are individurta who wre vietims of circumstances beyond which they hrwe no controt. They Trew up in these environmentally deprived areno, and it is very, गery difficult indeed for them to pult themselves out of these probtems. And it is for our Government, for the representatives of this Cowntry to try to understand their problems, and make a concerted effort to try to sotve the problems. It is not enough for ua to sit back in our state of mighteoua indignation and feet that we are doing all possible, when in fact we know that we are doting tery tittle. I nonnot understand how some of wo go to Chureh avery Sunday and praise Cod for his blessings, yet we know that thewe are so many of our fallow men who are living way below the poverty level, and we are doing nothing to try and hezp them. In the wopds of the seoond Elected Mamber for West Bay,' 'I was hunory and you know me not's I was in prison and you did not visit me'. I am afraid Mr. Fresident, that many of us here are going to hear that sad story in 1988 - 'depart from me I know you not, beeause you kneto me not from 1984 to 1988."

> Mr. Preeident, it is mazing the little interest which some of our representatives show in this problem. The Cayman Islands boast of one of the higheat standards of tiving, not mily in the Caribbean but indeed in the wortd. We boast of one of the Highest per eaptta incomee within the word. Yet Mr. Ereaident, as affluent as we tend to call oureelves we are doing very little to try to solve the dire straighte and the probleme of the indigent inthin our Teland conmunity. I travel quite a bit around the Camibbean Mr. President, and when I sea what some of the even poorer Caribbean Istands are doing to trit to hetp their poor, I marvel. There aree such good examplee for us here in the Cryman Iolands. What has hamened Mr. Yresident to the sensitivitys the good naturedness, the love, the charity of the caymoniom peopte. Are we to oontinue to brueh this problem aside.

Mr. Fresident, this Goverment would be doing a great service not only to these individuals, who are perhaps In a minority, but they would be doing a great semioe to this whote Guntry, because unless something is done to help these poor people $i n$. these areas to improve their living conditions, to improve their environmental standards, I am afraid that we axe going to fotzow the same path as have some of our neighbours.

IGT. LINFORD A. FIERSON (CONTTNUTWG): We howe seen the insensitivity of a Govermment, the insensitivity of the upper chass destroik a comontry. We really do not have to go far. We could go 180 miles east of us, and that is the problem of that country. Thay did not pay enough attention to their poor people. They did not pay enough attention to the indigent in theire community until it got so bad Mr. Preaident, that the sociat problems destroyed the oountry.

Mr. Prestdents we are so affluent, in the Cayman Islands, yet we have in the past given a million dollare to the Falkland Istands; an istand we knew wothing about, some of us did not even know where it was on the map. Yet, we were happy to Give a million dollare to the comtry, even though I appreciate that this was done through the Mother Country. It nonethelese went to the Falkland Islands. Mr. Freeident, we have our oun Falkland Islande in the Cayman Is tands: We have our own probtians here: What are we going to do about them?

Mr. Fresident, when ever a Member of this Assembly tries to go out there and spearhead a project on his com, the first thing one hears is thiat it is politios. I can recall. I have seen this problem in George Toum for a long times and I an sure the fellou Members for George Town the Seand and Fourth Elected Members of Executive Council have atoo seen this problem. I made it a point irs. President to get a group of people together, and we formed what we oall the 'Goodwill Mission'. Mr. Fresident, I approcched ren om Church and requested them to look into thio matter as I felt it would be very good outreach mission to the poor poople. But unfortunatety Mr. President, some of the elders in that Church eaw my move as politioat. All I can say Mr. President is" shame on them. And att I can say is that they will not get far with that type of hypocrisy.

Mr. Freaident, I would take this opportunity to consratulate one Caymonian son of the soit, by the name of Mr. Linton Tibbetts. He is indeed a true son of the soil, and a man with a large heart and much cherity. Whan he was approachod, and he was told the problem, without any hestration he mads avaitable to our conmittee some building matemiat which did not last very tong because there ware many, many people in need, and in no time at all it was dietributed. About three weeks aro, we peoeived a cooond batah from him. I deoided Mr. President that $I$ would not be involved in the distribution of the materials beacuse I did not want it to seem that there was any political consideration. I felt that people should receive ony assistance on merit, not on political onsideration. It did not matter to me that they were supporters of mine or not, as long as they were in need I wanted to know that they received some assistance. But Mr. Presidents, we did not gat one reply from the local suppliers and merchante on this Iotand. One lady in desparate straights came to me orying and said she had apuroached a merchant who had some stuff outside to be dumed, and ho totd her' 'no, I oannot give it to you because untess I can dive it to others, they will think of me as offering some form of fowoumitism, so I hate decided to bum it'. That is the chamty, that is the hypocricy of some of our leaders in this Country.

Fortunately, after, m, Churoh deot ded that they could not deal with this, I atppoached the Revd. Spence from the Anglican Churohs and I am hapey to say that we hane a Gooduitl Mission now which has been very helprut in auplying some of the needs of the very needy in this Country. Mr. Wpaident, just a week ago, I with not nome the home, but onyone driving from the Aimort atong Shedden Road will see one house in partimilax in a very bad shape. The same Goodurit Mission Mr. Fresiabnt is instrumental now in trying to assist that farity in getting a proper roof over their heads. There are hotee in the roof', the sides are broken out.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON (CONTMNUING) It would not hurt for one merchant in this Cowntry or two, to give a fow sheets of plywood. They keep telling us on this side of the House that we oamot expect Govermment to do everything. We well appreciate this, but we would aloo like to see peopte who can afford $2 t$, asoist.

I would also Mr. Fresident; give much onedit and congratulations to the Thompson Shipping Company for freighting this materiat free, and also to our First Official Member and Financial searetary for arranging the duty-free exemption on the goode into the Country.

Mr. President, we connot view everything Which we do to help our people on the basis of political gratification. There are certain things which we do which will not be heand of. We must do it out of charity; we must do it because we love our people, and unless we have a love for our people, we should not be here representing them. Mr. President it is know, the majority of the people tho form thie very unfortunate group. We see them all around us, but it would be wrong for us to ignore them because we do not particularly like them. "As the mover of this motion stated, anyone who has the guts to bring a motion like this, or to even speak on a motion like this is acoused as a radical. They are acoused of stiming things up 'do not talk about aertain subjects you are stirring things up'. Let me tell you, we had better stir them up now before those people out there decide to do it themselves; because it is going to be bad for all of us. Life will be bad for all of us. I was tooking at a documentary on televiaion on CNN just a few evenings ago, and a city in the United States whioh used to be me of the safest ones to visit, Fort Worth Texas, is now alleged to have the highest orime rate in the United States.

Mr. Treaident, we are very comfortable in the Cayman Istands. We are very quick to say that it is a little garden of Eden, but how long it remains as such depends on each one of us here. Mr. President I had much more I wanted to say on this motion, but I am sure that with such an important iseus before us, that there are many, many Members here who may want to also speak on this motion.

Mr. President in aumming up, even though the resolve section of this motion reads that Goverment consider taking necessary steps as soon as possibte, I sincerety hope that again, this is not a delaying tactic. The term Mr. President 'as soon as possible' can streteh'into infinity.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think the term 'as soon as possible'
is no tonger in the motion. I do not want to interrupt the Member, but as $I$ read it, it is to provide necessary aupplementary expenditure duming this financial year.

MR. W. MaKEEVA BUSH: It is a better one.
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Mr. President, during this finoncial year I hope witl not stretoh. The point I am making is that I am hoping that this financial year will not stretch into 1987, and then into 1988, then we witl have the probilem of 'as soon as possible' not having a mecrivg.

Mr. President, this is a semious situation before us, it concerns each one of us here: I would tike to take the Members of this House around my oun constituency in George Toun, and show them some very, very poor living conditions which would make your hair crout. We have situations Mr. Fresident in this district of George Town where there are eight and ten people living in a tittle room. A father with teenage ohitimen; a father and a mother with teenage children living in these same cromed conditions.

MR, LINFORD A. RIERSON (CONTINUING): How long are we going to allow this to continue. I know Mr. President the Govermment has limited resources, but then I am always meminded of the priomities. I trust Mr. President that they wiil see indigent housing as a priority. Mr. President, I trust that the Members of this Honounable House witi see the necessity for giving this matter their serious attention, and that they will give fult eupport to this motion.

Thank you Mr. Fresident:
MR. PRESIDENT:
Member for West Bay oaught my eye first.
MRS. DAPHNE L L ORRETT:
Thank you Mr. President. I rise in support of Private Member's Motion No. $9 / 86$ on indigent housing. I appreciate Mr. President what has been mentioned, at least in the greater part by the previous speakers, and I venture to say that there is not one of us here who is not auxire that we have a problem.

There is a need for low income housing in the Cayman Islands, and it is born out quite forceably when we saw two examples in the photographs which the second Elected Member for West Bay brought along for us to look at.

Mr. Fresident, I had no difficulty at att in supporting the new revenue meacures earlier this year. I had no difficulty Mr. President because. I realtsed that there were many areas which requiped urgent attention, and to meet neede takes more than chit ohat and long speeches in this House. So I had no difficutty Mr. Fresident in supporting Govermment in bringing along these new tax measures because they were needs which needed to be met, there were areas which needed to be met. The big problem of Goverrment as 5 see $i t$ how $i s$ which do we address first, which do we tackle first, the areas of need are there. Mr. president there are certain people in the district of West Bay who need heip now. If one were to took at it on the one hand, and then on the other, there would certainty be questrion-marks. Because some have been brought along as a result of a cet of circumstonces where a husband and father has taken the wrong course and ended up not being able to assist himself, his wife nor his chitdren. However Mr. President, that does no good for the wife and the chitdren who are suffering and who need hetp, who need proper housing. The least that a citizen in the Gayman Istands shoutd hove is a roof over ones head; a place where ons oon close the windows and doors and the mosquitoes are not in, and certainly, big enough that a mother and a father and ohildren can sleep separately with some sense of pride, some sense of selfworth ind I feel that Govermment needs to address this problem.

I would hope Mr. President that 1988 is not the only reason why we have our people at heart, it is coming up if we live long enough. But right now, I think, my concem for the people of West Bay and I speak for myself is not beoause I am anxious to know what happens in 1988. I am pleased that I have been placed. in a poitition whereby I can have greater influence in hetping to meet the needs which the people of west Bay face. Whether or not 1988 proves to be a successful year for me in politios is another matter. As long as in the four years I am here Mr. President, the Lord willing, that I am able to assist in any way possible to meet the needs of the people of this Country. Hence, Mr. President, each of wi has to be most carefut when we come here and ariticise aon one hand, certain things and expect to get everything else in the other. I an pleased Mr. President that I supported the revenue measures, becaise when things of this nature are now brought to this hlouse, the people of the Caymon Istands once again, are made to see that this Govemment acted responsibly because it had the foresight to see that many areas which had been long reglected, now needed to be looked after.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTTNUING): Mr. Fresident, we have a situation with housing whioh is desparate, and in some acades, I an not sune exactly hou we are going to go about it, but I do feel that Govermment Working together with perhaps the Service Clubs and other aivic minded individuals such as a number who were mentioned by the second Elected Momber for George Town, and others, $I$ feek that if our more prominent and affluent and welt-off people on the Island are made fully auare of the situation, that Government can expect hetp from these indioiduals.

Mr. Iresident, I support the motion, and I trust that we witl be able to find a solution, in at least meeting the more urgent cases of indigent housing in the Cayman Istands.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
First Elected Member of Erecutive Comcit.
HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. President, I have no problem Sir in supporting the motion in ite amended form. When I first saw the motion and it was restricted to one district, it gave me some protzems, not that $I$ was opposed to seeing that distriet being helped. In fact I know the problems which exist, and they are indeed semious and acute in that particular district. But, Mr. President, no more so than they are Istand wides and in George Town in particular.

White the motion speaks of tow income housing Mr. Fresident, I an not sure whether we are talking about houses to be rented or sold at Zow prices. I betieve that we have got problems with, as the motion is headed, indigent housing where the people who need housing the most connot in foct help themselves very much.

Mr. Frestident, this problem is not new
to Government, and particularly the Department of Social Services. At the moment through the cooperation of the Social Services' Department and the Fublic Health Department, under the directon of the Chief Bnvironmental Health Officers, an inventory of substandard housing is being prepared, which witt cover all categories of substandard housing as well as health hazards and problems, because that is the subject of a second survey which has recently been cuthorised.

Mr. President, as has been said, this question of housing for the poor and indigent in our oommenity is not an easy one to solve, and almost every care is different. You find some people have lands but no money to build a house. Others in fact have more land than it would take to build a home, but for one reason or another the land is not used to secure adequate housing. "But once this inventory is complete, it is hoped that a concerted effort can be made towards alleviating this problem. We wilt see mone elearty exactly what the position is Istand wide, and depending on the extent of the problem, a plan of action will be devised to deal with the matter.

As some gpeakers: have said, there are many combinations which can be put together to deal with the problem. Toint efforts between individuals concermed, Government and the Service clubs. In other instances it will probably have to be the job of Govermment and the Sermice Clubs only, or visa versa, or individually. Last year Mr. President, in this way of cooperating, with the cooperation between Service Clubs and the Department of Soctal Services and individuals concerned, we were able to assist with the improvement of several homes in the conmanities. IThis year we continue to assist with the provision of sanitary oonveniences and other small efforts.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS (CONTINUING): Hopefulty Mr. President, and I woutd here, Mr: President before going on to the next point, like to record my gratitude to the Service clubs for what they have done in this regard.

Hopefulty it will be possibte to find
some funds later this year Mr. President, to redress the most serious cases, and hopefully, because of the actions which we took eartier thit year or later last year as the case may kie, we will find it possitible: to provide in next years estimates money to deat with this probitem to some extent. But to go groping in the dark Mr. Fresident to me would be not the most desireable woy to do it. I think the inventory which is now being produced will serve us well. and. Mr. President in giving oup support to tria motion, I hope that Members do not go overboard in raising expectations too greatly in the minds of our people. Because Mr. president the need is great if I did not misundenstand the mover of the motion, when in his opening remarks $T$ believe he baid that he nad identified ten urgent cases in the district of West Bay, and in the original motion, nine were mentioned. I am only mentioning this to show that within that short time, an additional one came to notice. So, the problem is as he said, savere and serious and acute. But to me, nothing can be worse than to raise hopes and expectations in the minds of people which, in the final analysis are not totally fulfilled. I Mr. President, certainly give my commitment to doing all that I can. to see the problem redressed, and I hope and pray that other Members will do likewise. Thank you.

## MR. PRESIDENT: <br> Unless any other Member wishes.... <br> the Elected Member for North Side.

MR. D. EZZARD MLLLER: Mr. Fresident, I rise to support Private Member's Motion No.9/86. I think in all the debate which has taken place so far, there is one thing which everyone has agreed upon and that is that there is a need in certain areas, for something to be done about housing for these infortmate indigent people.

Mr. President, I do not know any of these peopte who are graphically depicted in these pictures. I do not know what their peculiar circumstances are, but I believe that they need help and they need help now. Whether these people were bom into circumatonces which did not afford them to use the facilities of Govemment, Iike education and other means to better their lot, is at this point in time I betieve sir, irpelevant. The rainy season is won us, these people are obviousty slecping in the rain, and something needs to be done now. While I can appreciate the First Flected Member of Executive Counoil who has responsibitity for this, his generat. conecrm and the importance of a survey to determine the extent of theseproblems, and to find some way to attack them in mass. I do not belteve sir that some of these situations can writ whtil such a survey is completed, and experts have looked at it and devised ways and means of meeting these problems. We have had the Housing Corporation going now for at. Zeast four years, and obviously it does not appear that it was ever intended to meet this kind of a need, it oertainty has not. Mr. President, we need to help these people, and we need to hetp them now.

We haua had Fincnce Committee meetings on a days notice, on a weeks notice, and what $I$ propose we do now str, is that we have a Finance Conmittee meeting tomorrow, and we find about $\$ 20,000$ to help these people, while we wait for the surveys. We had one a couple of days ago, but I did not know about it"unt it. $I$ walked in to attend wother meeting, where we approved $\$ 10,000$ for a television dish.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUTNG): Mr. Tresident, $I$ betieve that on the adjourmment tomorrow, I would reconmend that the Honourable Finet Official Member of Government call a Finance Conmittee meeting and we aet together and try to find about $\$ 20,000$. And the other thing I vould chalienge Members of this Ascembiy to do Sirs is that after we have voted the $\$ 20,000$ we att get aside next week Saturday to turn 2p in these areas and to put our money where our mouths are, and try and put in a tittle bit of effort to use that money constructively, and nail the material together and get some kind of housing for these people. I cm prepared to turn up Sirs if the other 15 itembers of the Assembly are prepared to turn up.

Thank you Sir.
MF. FRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak? Does the mover wish to exerotse his right of reply?

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Prosident, $I$ oertainly do, and I Dee that we have about five minutes to no before cloning time. I do not think I can be finished, but I would under Standing Order 83 week the suspension of Standing Order 10(2) I beliave it is, to enable us to go on until finishing this piece of business. Mr. Presidents. I do not think I will be that long, but I wo eertain that I carnot finish in five minutes.

MR. ERESTDENT:
Well. why do you not atart, and Members an then judge how long you sem likely to be be fore they are invited to determine whether they witt adiourn, on whother they witl let you sontinue.

ITR. W. McREEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, I do not know whether some people have appointments, I think the Honourable Firet officiat. Member of Executive Council does, and the in partioular I woutd tike to have here in the House, to hear what I have to say sir.

HON. MICHAEL O. BRADLEY:
Mr. Prestdent Six, there may be another technical diffioulty. It was my underetanding that the Member may have intimated that on the motion for the adinumnent, that he wished to make use of the facilities of Standing Orders to speak. That can onty be done after the intermution of business, undsr paragraph 2 of Standing Order 10, and if we suspend it, then $I$ doubt whether that oould take place.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Wett, I had not been going to put the point quite like that, although $I$ think perhape it is a good point, at though it is a point which can be overcome if you are suspending Standing Orders for one purpose, you oon suovend it for two. What I had been going to say was that when Members hat decided whe ther they wished to suspend the adjournment, they might wish to remember that the Second Elected Iember for West boy had ghen notice that he wanted to raise some subjects on the adjourmment, and that we shatl therefore probably be here for another 20 minutes or half an hour in any oase, those who stay.

Now, with the Member please atart his rem?s.
Mi. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:

Mr. Fresident, the debate on this motion
has drown aome kind, calm remarks, has drawn some kind, calmputoffs, and I an so disappointed Sir that I reathy do not even feel tike replying. But I hove a duty to do, and I will do it.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING). Mr. Tresident. I wist to thank those Mumbers who spoke. Those who gave the motion good, cound backing. Mr. President, in att faimess to the Memben for Soeial Services, I would like to say that he has been oonverising with me on probabla ways and sotutions to some of the housing, situations in our conatituency, and other distriots as well.

Mr. Tresident, I wish to say atso that I make no apology whatsoever for my orianal motion, which asked for a specific amount of housing for West Bay. Govermment however, did not see fit to accept that motion in that forms and I again was disappointed in that too. But in order to get the motion through, and get some kind of oommittment however vague it was, I consented to it in the present form. Mr. Fresident, in putting the originat motion to the House, or Tabling it, I was not doing anything unconstitutional. I was onty doing what the people of West Bay sent me hare to do, to see that their thest interests are protected. Not to say however, that a national interest would have been neglected, but my district has been teft behind in recent years, and white I know of the problems other districes and representatives are faoing, I know west Bay best. I know my oum home best. Even if what I ask for is not supplied, I am going to try, I will never stop trying when it oomes to West. Bay.
$M r$. President, the Third Member for
West Bay sard something about.....
AR. PRESTUENT:
I think I an going to have to intermupt the Member now. I hat been wondering whether he might seem to be near enough to finishing, for me to take advantage of the element of discretion I am allowed by paragraph 2 of Stonding Order 10, but it anes seem to me he intends going on sometime, and indeed he gave notioe that he would. So, untess the Member concermed wishes to move that Standing Orders be suspended, which he is at liberty to do, I shall ask the First Official Member to move the aljournment.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: I am not clear on what you are saying
Sir.
MR. TRESIDENT: I said firstly that standing Orders require me to interrupt yous untess I think wou are about to finish.

## MR. W. MeREEVA BUSII: I understond that part of it.

MR. PRESIDENT: I say seoondly that you did eariter aay bhat you wanted to move the suspension of Standing Orders to enable you to be able to complete your specah, and for us to vote on this. If you want to move that they be suspended, you may do so. But I think you need to remember is you are doing that, it is your intention to speak on the a doumment in accordanoc with the notice you gave me two days ago, that you would need to suspend standing orders also in order to enable you to speak on the adiourmment, as the Second Officiat Member pointed out. Now if you want to move the suspensiom. you can. If you do not wont to, I must ask the First Official Member to move the adjournment. ri. .i

Mg. W. MCKEEVA RUSH:
Mr. President, I an kind of shaken up Mr. Fresident, and I believe that I wilt be better composed to do so tomorrow morning - better composed to finishing debate.

## ADTOUPNMENH:

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: lir. Fresident, in aconcdance with Standing Order 10(2) and 11(5), I move that this House do now adioum.

MR. FRESIDENT:
The question is that this House do now adjourm. The Second Elected Momber of west Ioy did give me notice two doys ago that he wanted to raise some matters on the adjoumment. He is not obtiged to raise them today, i do not know if you are Tistening,: but you are at liberty to raise them today. You can raise them tomorrow if you want, or if there is yet another doy of meetins on another day, this is up to you.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresident, I witt do so now, for the good of it.

MOTION ON THE ADTOURNGEVT STANDIN( ORDER 11 (6)

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Mesident, I am most concermed with the inactionty of Covernment, with projects that money has been provided for in the 1986 estimates, and up to the present time there is very little activity in the various areas.

The areas referred to specifioalty in my constituency are the landing jetty; Fire Station: ramp; traffio trights. In other districts lack of incotivity as well. in projeots such as the renovation of the Craft Market: the abatoir and the Ceorge Tow Fire Sitation, and, in Nowin Side I think there are other projects which howe not been started.

Mr. irresident, when I have discussed projects with various Members responetble for these projects, I just cannot get a firm commitment, and the answer given sonetimes is that the projects are in the hands of Civit Servante who apparentivy diotate the pace at which Govermment is moving. I feet that the time iacs come now that this type of st tuation be tooked at, as somebody has: already talked about the taxes which hove been raised. I alid not see fit to support some of them, but that is not to oay that the poople do not dererve what we say we are going to give them, and if the public has paid the taxes, they are asking where is the beef.

All I wont Sir, is something of a fiym oommitment from Govermment on these projects. I am siok and tired of hearing vaque answers about studiess I have never heard more in my life about studies Mr. Fresident, when we can very weth do aome of these things ourselves if Members on the Covirmment bench wouth only take time and do what they are supposed to do. I am sick and tired of $i t$ Sir.

I am here as a.representative of the people. I am not here as a little boy to whom they think they can talk Town to, and give calm, oomposed excuses, I am tired of that kind of representation, and until I am qiven firm commtments which I can give my people, then I an going on the pution platform and witl let them know what I have had to put up with.

HON. MTCHAEL H. BRADLEY. On a FOint of Infomation Mr. President. Sir. As I read Standing Orders in this situation which has not oocured during my time in the House, that the debate con go on for twenty minutes after the motion. It is not automatic, that the Member of Govermment repites inmediately. Do you aqree Sir?

MR. FRESIDENT:
I had understood it, I have not gone and looked at Erskine May, I had understood it as meaning that the Member who raises the matter may speak for w to 20 minutes, not that other Members may join in a debate that laste for not more than 20 minutes, but I could well be urong.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, ach we stop the glock intil this is sorted out sir?

MR. PRESIDENT: Yes you can indeed.
MF. D. EZZARD MILLER: AlZ might.
MR. PRESIDENT: It probably in prinoipte is rexeonable
that any Member oan apeak during the 30 minutes. If that was the thish of the House, I would be perfectly prepared to atlow it for this evening, without prejudice to future proctice in the ovent that I find that Frskine May says a different practice is.....

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Perhaps Erskine May, at page 290 might Fe of help Sir.
-
I have not got one with me $I$ an afraid.
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEX: The substantive motion for the adiournment may be used for disoussing many subjects other than the texmination of a sitting. Once such a motion has been agreed to, a eitting is necesaamit.t terminateds but it frequently happens that an adioumment motion is moved without any intention of preseing it to a conclusion, and it is consequently twitharawn when its purpose has been served."
'The substantive motion for the adjourment is in fact a technical. form devised for the parpose of endibting the House to diecuss matteris without reaording a deciaion in terms."

MR. RRESIDENT: What is the page?
HON. MTCHABL J. BRADLEY:
Page 290 Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Two nine?

HON. MICHAEL J. BPADLEY:
Two hiondred and ninety.
MR. PRESTDENT:
I rather think....is that not the kind If motion for the adjoumment which is contemplated by standing Order 11(1) of our Standing Orders, not what we are having now? Anywat, I think rather than out the time of the House further $I$ will be prepared to allow debate fors it will be apporimately a further tom minutes. I will go into the question of whether in future I would similarly allow debate. After a further ten minutes, if the dehate ia occupied that long, I will aall upon a Member of Govermment to reply. If it does not last that long, forll all upon him earilier.

Does any Momber wish to speak? The
Member for North side.

## DEBATE

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. Tresident, I too would like to poiterate what the Second Elected Member for West Bay has said.

I supported the tax measures in November of last year. There were a number of oxital projects approved, for which those taxes wepe to assist paying for.

MR. D. FZZARD MILLEF (CONTINUING): Mr. Fresident, todoy is the $22 n d$ day of May, 1986 and nothing has started. I believe the only thing which has started is an incidental thing with the Fire Station in. West Bay, in that the property may have been oleared: in anticipation of receiving some of the fill from the ramp which was hoped to have been completed by Million Dollar Month. But Mr. President, too am perturbed by the negative attitude of the Portfolios. One goes with a problem, and the reasons why it cannot be done now, or why it cannot be done expeditiousty are ad infinitw. I have had an instonce where I have been trying to get a farm rock oompleted in North Side for the last five menthes. Fublice Works said it were going to cost \$25,000. I found a local firm wholwould do the same thing for $\$ 5,000$. I sent the man to public Works three weeks ages and ur until yosterday aftermoon he has been wable to coo the: Direetor of Publto works. With respect to the Member responsithe, he did agree with me that if the private firm could do it for that, he did instruct his Frineipal sucretary to write to the Director of Pubtio Works to aet on with the job - nothing seems to go any further than that Sir.

January 1905 , the four Elected Membens af Executive Council, the Frincipat Secretaries concerned and $I$ stood at Rum Toint. The Members responsible ordered the Civit Semonts to move fill from Rum Point into a playing field in old Mon Bay. Eightegn monthe Zater, not a grain of fith has been moved, except for for that which was moved to the Town Hall in Fast knd and the Toum Halt. in Bodden Town.

Mr. President, I caree with the Member for Weat: Bay, we have tared the people. The people wants as the hamburger chain advertisement in the United States sayo "they want to know where the beef is", and it is tine we wrowuced the beef. I too am tired of excuses. I am tired of being lold that I am young, I witl learn, time ts ath it needs. We are rumning out of time Mr. Fresident.

The civel semonts are wetl paid. We have elected four able men to Executive Councit. I believe they can. do a good job. I betieve they are trying to do a good job. I om juat not satisfied with opeed at whioh they are getting the job done Sir. Most times it is the fault of the administrative arm of Govermment, and Mr. President the four of them have to find a way to whip that administration into line, and to remove that reative attitude, and that ability to produce techrical exceuses. I do not know anybody who con find as many reasons in a law wook or an admintstrative procedure for not doing somathing. Here is an instance we have been dealing with this afternoon, of peopte who are in dire need, and we have to wait on surveys. We have to wait on this; they do not have any land. Covermment has lond dow in Dog City. They built one house dow there some years aro, and they had it looked up for yeare, without anybody in it. Let us have a Finance Committee and vote and vote sone funds, and buitd two houses there and put some people into them.

Mr. Presidents, we need to get some things done Sir, and I'support and endorse fully the sentimente of the Seoont E'Leoted Member for West Bay. Irionk you Gix.

Does ony othur Member wish to apeak?
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:
Mr. President. I must say that I tend to agree with the Second Elected Member for West Bay in certain repards.
thy emerience has not been that the Mombers of Council are not ready and willings and putting forth a great offort to get things done. But then it seems that midetream, we are statted for ons reason or another, and whatever or whover it is who is holding up the projects, and in partioular those for Weat Bay, I would hope that thoy are given some type of whatever it may be, whether they need a fow axtra witcomins or what, something to make them move a little faster, and get things done.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUIFG): I am not usually impatient, but I think that it is time we bee aomething move a little faster than it has over the past severat months, and I feet that the Members of Comert will have to get behind those who actually have to put it in motion, and get it done. Thank you Mr. Eresident.

MR. PRESTDENT:
The Third EZected Member of Executive Council.

HON. CAITT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. FTesident, I Bhare the ooncem of the Members, and I too an inotined to agree that the Rubtic Works Department has not been driving hard enowh to put the works in hand, as has been expected. I do know sir, that there have been unavoidable delajs and constraints, and I am not here Sire to try to form any axmbes for myself, or for ony other dermentent which is under me.

I must admit hero and now Sir, that my Portfolio has not received a capitat works programme for the jear, eetting out the schedule of work to be done, and the time when it is to be done. I have got several of the itcme which have been named in this notice. I have explanations for quite a few of them, some are balcoming the Caribibean Develorment Eonk Loan which is not through. There are others which site the absence of 'an architect as being the reason for the delay. I am not here six. and $I$ do not intend making. any excuses, but what I do tell the Members here today is that I with get a capital works progranme and I have set this in motion, and as soon as I get this capital works mogranme from the Public Works Department, I in turn, will give it to the Memburs here with a soncodule of when the work is to commen in each district.

I oannot do fir any more at thie moment, and I have disousesd this matter thie moming with the Honourable First Official Momber, and it is our intention to get together with the Chief Engineer of Fublic Works and to twit to whip this thing into shape. I thank you Sir.

MR. ERESTDENT:
The question before the House you witi remember $i s$ that this House do now adfoum untit 10.00 a.m. tomnrrow.

QUESTION PIT: AGREED.

## SECOND MEETTNG OF TIIE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY 

PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MF G PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - FRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMPERS

| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, TF | FIRST OFEICTAL MEMBEF MESTONSIALE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMDER RESFONSIRLE FOR LEGAL ADMIMISTRATION |
| HON JOHN LEMUEL HUFLSTON | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR INIERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON DENSON O EEANKS | MEMEER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH HDUCATION AND GOCTAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMDER RESFONSIBLE FOR TOUFTSM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAFT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMEER RESTONGIDLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORNS AND DISTFICT ADMINISTRATION |

ELECTED MEMBERS

MR W MCKEEVA BUSH

MTS DAPHNE L ORRETT

MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JF

CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL

SECOND ELECTED MEMDEF FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DIETTICT OF WEST BAY

TIITND ELECTED MEMBER FOR TIE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTTIICT OF WEST EAY

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF"GEORGE TOWN

FIRSM HLECTED MLMEER FOR THE THIRL ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS

Mi G HAIG EODDEN

MR D EZZAFD MILLER

Mr JOHN B McLEAN

SHCOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF DODDEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH STDE

ULECTED MEMDER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTHIC' OF EAST FMD

ORDEH FAPER

SECOND MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

FOURTH DAY
FRTDAY, 23RD MAY, 1986
7. PRAYERS

TO EE READ BY THE SECOND ELECTED MFMBER FOR GFOTGE TOWN.
2. FGESENTATION OF FAFERS AND RFTORTS

KEFORT OF THE STANDING DUGTNESS COMMTTEE (Meeting held 15th May, 1986) TH EE LATD ON THE TABLE DY THE CHATHMAN, THE honourable fmast officinl mpmien, leaiter of government BUSINESS.
3. OTHER BUSINESS

PRIVATE MENEEHS' MOTIONS:
(1) AMENDED FRTVATE MEMER MG MOTION W, $9 / 80$ INDIGENT HOUSING

- CONIINJATION OF izeply by the movbr of the motion. SHE SECOW ELECTEI MEMIER FOH WEST' DAY.
(2) FRTVATE MEMDER 'S MOTION NO. 11/86 APFOINTMENT OF A JUVENILE ATMDGE FOG THE CAYMAN ISLANDS
(3) PRIVATE MEMTEE'S MOTION NO.12/86 PENSION/EX-GTATIA PAYMENTST
(4) PRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 13/86 FROHIDITION OF SALE OF LTQUR ON SUNDAYS
(5) PRIVATE MEMEER'S MOTION NO.14/86

AFFOINTMENT OF SELECT CWATITTET TO INVESTIGATE REGULATION FROCEVUNES

* STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE GOVERMAEWT.

STAGEMENT BY ITHE HONOURADLE THINV ELECTED MEMVMI OF FXECUTIVE COUNCIL ON THE EETOH'T OF THE SHECLAL CMMITTEE ON COS' OF LIVING TNCPEASES ARISING OUW OF GOVETNWENT MOYON N. $5 / 86$ TASSEB) SY THE LEGGSLATIVE ASSEMBLY ON $12 T Y$ MARCH, 1986.

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FRTIDAY
$23 R D \mathrm{MAY}, 1986$
10:00 A.M.

Mr. PRESIDENT:
George Town.
MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON: Let us pray.
Almight God, from whom all wisdom and power are denived: We beseech Thee so to direct and prosper the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembied, that alt things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of thy Nane and for the safety; honour and welfare of the people of these Istands.

Bless our Soveretgh Lady queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Phtitp Duke of Edinburgh, Chartes Frince of Wales, Diana Frincess of Wales and all the poyal Family. Give grace to all. who exercise authority in our Commonvalth that peace and happiness, truth and fustice, religion and piety may be established among us. Especially we ray for the Govornor of our Istands, the Members of the Executive Council and Members of the Legialative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfulty to perform the responsibite duties of their hien office.

All this we ask for thy great Name" sake, Amen. Let is repeat the tord es Frajer tocether.

Our Father; which art in Heapen, Hallowed be Thy Name, Thy Kinydom come, Thy will be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our datily bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespase apainst us: And lead us not into tempation; but deliver us from evit: For thine is the Kingdom, the power and tho glory, for aven and ever. Amen.

The Lord blese us and keep us: The Lord make kits face shine upon us and be gracious unto us: The Lord lift up his ononteranoe upon us and rito ne peace, now and always. Almen.

MR. FRFSIDENT:
Please be seated.
Presentation of Papere and Revorts.
The Ionourable First Official Member.
PRESENYATION OF PAPFRS AND REFORTS
REFORT OF THE STANDING BUSINESS COMITTEE
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Frestant, I beg to tay on the tabte of this Honourable Howse the Report of the Standing Business Comittee.

## 1P. PRESIDENT:

So ordered.
Item 3. Other Business, Irivate Members' Notions, continuation of repzy by the second Eteoted Member for West Bay to the debate on Frivate Member's Metion No.9/90.

## CONTINUATION DF DERATE

MB. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: ... When we took the adjoumment yesterday I was about to reply to what I considered wnecessary and nasty insinuations, and closely guarded statements made by two speakers.

Mr. Fresident, in the ease of the rhird Elentr:
Member for West Bay, who seemed to think that everything I do is for potitical reasons, and in the case of the Honourable first Etected Member of Executive Councit, that I was raising the hopes of our people, when the faot all I did do was to bring a motion to get some kind of firm commitment from Government.

The Third ELected Member for West Boy went on to talk about those who did not support the increase in last years new revenue measures....Mr. President I betieve in my nineteen months here that I have, and can continue to give a good acoount of my stewardship, and not because $I$ did not see fit to support some of the revenue measures last year, that it means that. I cm going to tum a blind eye to the needs with which I am confronted each day. If that is what the Member or any other person in this Houee thinks, then they have another guess to make.

Mr. Fresident, I know that I cannot get overything that $I$ have asked for, but I will not stop trying. Maybe if I had a little more help at the constituency level, where we must most times confront our people, maybe the peonte would not be so diseatisfied with the type of representation they are getting.

The motion says nothing, and I do not see how it could even be put in, about 1988. Mr, fresident, 1988 is not my worm; I do not have to worry about 1988. If I continue to raise the issues as I see them, but those who are making nasty insinuations every time I try to do something which I feel must be done, had better arace their seats now as often as possible for the next twenty eight monthe. I can go home and face why peaplen with my back straight, because my vision is very alear.

Since I have been a Member of this
House, I have brought many worthwhile motions. Motions which again $I$ fel.t I had to have a firm commitment, not that the Govermment was not thinking about it, Decause we had campaigneat on a manifesto partioularly in my constituency together, the three of us which pointed out those things but which I saw were not batig put in the right perspective. There was not being given any priority to them, so I brought the motions, to get the firm oommiment which I could feed altisfied with, and that is a constitutional might which I have as a Member.

Mr. Fresident, pottrical whetorie aud ohit-chat wos referred to weth, thoen tho motions Mr. President and I an replying to what was said, so do not cot weary. The remetions Law and the Labour Motion and mony others which the people know about, $I$ did not put cony political phetonie in them. I spoke more often on. our growing sociat problems as I see thom. But let me say a faw things. in reepect of potithoal rhetorio. If eertain Monore do not change their attitude, if cortain Members do not crange their aourse and be more realistice to the needs of our people, and stop voting whith the Goverment Bench on evory oocasion, regradiess of the possibitity of the strangulation effeets on our poople, then therg really will be left out in 1089, that is a little bit of rinetomic now, Mr. President.

Mī. W. MoKEEVA BUSH, (CONTINUING): Come 1988 God willing, they will not come here on my coat-tails, you oan believe that. They witl not get here on my back. "But I feel sorxy for the lady Member', I feet sormy for her because ahe is not in tow at the constituency level. The Member did not even know the peopte who have to dwelt and tive and sorounge in this type of situation, and they are in our constituency. $I$ still do not think she knows whom we are talking about.

Mr. President, these taxes whioh
have bsen referred to, if more had been put into the Social servicee of this Country to helpaleviate some of the housing conditions, which the wotion is seeking to address, then maybe I woutd hove supported a few more of the taxes than I did. But no, Mr. President, priority has been given to other projects, and for what reason? Why was indigent housing not a priority? Why was money not put in the estimates, they cannot btame me for that. I do not make up the estimates, those who take up the estimates are those who care very little for these types of situation. But pretty soon, I witl be asking for an Estimates Committee to function property as a representative. Talking about taxes Mr. President, and priomities, look at oup oapital amenditure for this year; look at our capital budget for this year, and what do you see. What do you see - office equipment $\$ 95,376$; office furniture $\$ 58,187$; staff houses/equipment $\$ 14,000$; staff houses/furmiture $\$ 41,000$; wehichtes $\$ 191,788$; other fumiture $\$ 25,300$; Government staff housing (again) $\$ 52,000$; Govermment offices $\$ 12,500$. Mr. President, I could go on, and I nemember specifically in the Indget, cextain Members opposed the amount of over one miltion dollars for expatriate housing in this yeaxs Budget, whom I must say are being paid good sataries, and in some cases more than Caymanians with equal responsibility.

Mr. Fresident, a Finance Meeting was oalled here the other day, without notice. I did not know anything about it until I went to the other Committee leeting - for what? Mr. President in order to get a dish for the head of the Cowtry. Mr. President I am not fighting that prinoiple - what is $\$ 3,000$, but so help me God, Mr. Fresident, do not tell me that we are going to study when we see these kinds of situations existing, look at it. Yet, we can call a Finanoe Conmittee Meeting at a moments notice for a dish. I am not opposing the principle, beoouse I believe that the head of our Country should be kept up to date with world conditions, and the television is a means of doing that. I am not opposing that principle, but so help me Cod, do not sit here and studys and study and get the kind of 'put-offs' I have been getting Mr. President. I am sick and tired of that, and I am going to totl you sir that if you think there are not situations in this Countmy where peonte are so fed u, that there could be an uprising, not because of great mamnon aonditions, but those little things there, those are the kind of thinge the whe (et so mad about. IVo matere how much whe puts in the walimates for parte
installation computer Mr. Eresident, we can have them by the milition, but when our people are dissatisfied to the point that I know I am 7hexming from East End to west Bay, we had better take warning of that Mr. President, and stop fooling ourselves.

You know Mr. Prestant when this year Degan I made a few resolutions. I was not going to tet the opposition aet to me, as they had done previously. But by God, I did not know that my own could bite so hard.

Mr. President, when I was frist onfronted whth that little eight by eight shaok stituation, I inmediately went to the Social Services Department, and I told them the whole story, and $I$ asked for an investigation. But I also told them that it was a projeot which I could not wait on, and I was not going to wait.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTTNUING): But in the interim period of them investigating the problem, I would try to get to ne what I could. Mr. Fresident, the first problem was land, the ooute do not own any tand, as was the case with many of the ten people I pointed out in my original motion, or nine people which $t$ had pointed out in my mriginat motion. I inmediately found a woman who was willing to practically give away a eizeable piece of property. It would only oost $\$ 3,000$, and that is good in todays market, because it was a rizeable piece of property. I wert back to social services, whom I must say in the meantime had contacted the aase, but admitted to me that they could not get anywhere with the couple, and were ready to give up on it, they were ready to close the case. I said that they could not do that, and that we had to do something for them. I asked if Social Services could raise the $\$ 3,000$ to hetp pay for the land. I was told 'where are we going to get it, where are we going to yet it from?' Now you tell me what I as a representative oan do in a case like that. One mist not get frustrated when one tooks at $\$ 61$ million, and these types of people are being left behind beoause they are so insignificant. But on top of that Mr. Fresident, what. hurte more than anything elie, is to come here and hear the sugarooated hogwash about 'do not raise the hopes of our people' about 'groping in the dark; we have to do our study fir'st.'. That is siokening Mr. President, when they an very well see, see here, when they an see this sort of situation Mr. Fresident.' Just say 'By the Grace of fod go $I^{\prime}$, it could be either one of us in that situation. That condition there is a young man of about mu age, but what put him in that position, the sitwation of this affluent soeistys drugs, and ath the reat of it. He has a family, just think, they could be cony one of our sisters, any one of our mothers, but do you care! If there nad been a dog Tiving there they might have got better attention; and more commitment than $I$ heard yeaterday.

Why a study? I just do not understand its I know that there are things which we oonnot do ourvetwes. But so help me God, they could utilize some of the Members on this side. What ane they afrata of?

Do not proach to me Mr. Fresident about going overboard with our peoples. do not telt me that kind of nonsense. I have to preach to mysetf; and say "you did motht" wher you etected Executive Councit". But I am having serious doubtr, beoause we elected a Momber for housing", whom it is no use me saying "look at the housing problem which we have. Are you going to sotue it, "and he says to me. "they do not quatify under the Govemment soheme." Why in the world do we not fix the scheme, so that they ban quatify as we have got 8400,000 there, inetead of teaving our people, who elected us in the. first place leaving them out in the rain. Can they not relate to that. where are the priorities? Just remenber that," that is my priority. Mr. president, you mäy ask why am I giving this kind of peply, when it seems that fovermment is prepared to accept the motion. I with state categorically cven though they with aceept $i t$, by the way the Member responsitht spoke about the way they oannot grope in the dark, and that they have to do their study. My experience over the last nineteen monthe has taught me that he witt to that. He is going to take his time, when he wants, how he wants and with no due consideration to me as a representative who mought the matter to his notice. I oan say that the Member is a very qood Civil servant. They aan between them and the Civil Servante, can and will effectivety blook anything I try to do, pictures nor anything else I ocn produce in this House witl change that oitwation. The manner of support which I receiped, and the motion, my two cotleagues are saying "?ook we will pass the motion to satisfer you, Tut regardless of what you say, we still have the last say, and you are not going to get what you want until I say so, because we annot buitd w the hopes of our people."

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Welt, Mr. Iresident I am saying to them "do not pass the motion, reject it, because it is bstter to rejeat the motion than to sit here and fiddle white Rome burms." Beoause that is what they will be doing, buitding the the hopes of the people who are aleeping in the rain, untit it satisfies them to get going on this aubject.

Now, if I have hurit bome feclings, you can betieve that mine have been hurt a long time, and this thing has been coming to a head. Mr. President, I would like to close by saying that we cannot give enough thanks to the Lions Club and Kiwanis and other Service clubs for the many good deeds they have anone, and are atith doing, concerning housing. . I do not know what we would have done without the Lion's Club.. I am a great betiever in the works of the Iions, and appreciate tremendously what they have done, when we consider that over the tast eight years we have budgeted and apent three hundred million dollars on the situations whion they are takind care of, and it is good that they can do it, and that the comminity helpe. Govermment was given no priority to that type of situation. Buizd up the Coverm. ment Administration Building; build up the Tower Building; build up the services, but your sociat development must stay put, ard that is the condition which can destroy the Tower Buitding, the Govermment Adminietration Building, destroy thia Assembity and whero would we be?

I will not alose Mr. Eresident until I ugain reiterate that it make no apology for the first motion I Tabled to thie House. That is my reaponsibititts taking care of the needs of West Bay as I eee them. I know you are going to hear a tot about whetoric, well you con believe that pou got some this morning. But, it is the truth, and it is what $I$ have erpsrienoed and I say to the Members "do not pass the motion, reject it, rejeot the motton", if they have no intention of hetping me quickly ows that type of situation. Thank you Mo. Tresident.

MR. PRESIDENT: $\quad$ The motion befope the House is the amended Private Member's Motion No. S/86. I shatl put the question.

GUESTION PUT: AYES

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Can we have a division Sir. I do not
think that some people voted.
MT. PRESIDENT: Certainty.
DIVIGTOM
NO. 19/86

## AYES

NOES
Hion. Thomas C. Jefferson
Hon. Michael J. Bradley
Hon. John Lemuel Ihurtston
IVon. Benson O. Ebanks
Won. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkeonnell
Mr. W. McKeeva Bush
Mr. Linford A. Meroon
capt. Mabry s. Kirkoonnelt
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller
Mir. John B. MoLean

MR. PRESTDENT:
They have all voted now, anart from the absentees, 12 ayes and no Noes, I deolare the motion carried.

The next item is Private Member's Motion No. $11 / 86$ to be moved by the Second Elected Member for West Bay.

## PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 11/86

APPOINTMENT OF A JUVENILE' JUDGE FOR THE CAYMAN ISLANDS
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSI: $\quad$ Mr. Mresident I beg to move Private Hember's Motion No.11/86 standing in my name.

WHRREAS the juvenite problemb have inereased both in complexity and frequency during the last deade in the Coyman Isliands;

AND WHEREAS there is need for consistent and continuous expertise in dealing with these problems;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that Govermment inveotigate the possibility of appointing a tuvenile Judge.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. President, I wish to seoond the motion.<br>Private Member's Motion No.11/86 has<br>MR. PRESTUENT:<br>been duty moved and seoonded. I invite the mover to speak to it.

Mr. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Mresident, this subject here which I wh asking the House to coneider. I suppose, will not pass or get the approval. Nevertheless, I see this sitwation as something which I should point out and express my feelings on.

Mr. Freaident I' see great need for come continuity on the bench of our Juvenile Court. Mr. Fresident, one of the greatest dangers to the stability of this Country is our growing social problem, and we uroentily need to attack this problem with all the toots at our disposat. The root cause of these arowing social probleme as most of us witl likely aqree, are aur juveniles, and this appears to be the aase but I for one after observation, an convinced that the real cause of our growing juvent te problem is in the home.

Mr. Fresident, we have spent and are spending considerable sums of money providing Sports Centres, Commont ty Centres this and the other, somehow thinking that this will bring us tha answer. Alt these things are good and neoessam, we need them, and I have just asked for a Civie Centre for West Bay, and I did so because no effort is too great for our yount peopte. However Sir, with all these things going for them our youth will benefit but little unless we can find a way to attack the real oause of the problem, which in my opinion is in the home.

One of the grsat probtems as I see it is a lack of parontal discipline and control. There are many reasons Sir why this problem has developed, ond to rapidly growing in our conmmity. One of the reasons is the growing cost of tiving in this country, which we are told is only four per aent, and in which it has become impossible for too many one-parent earners to provide the bare necescities of tife for their family, thus requiming the second parent. usuatly the mother, to practically abondon her God given rote of staying at home and supervising the children. Instead of this, she is requirod $b_{y}$ bare need to go out and take a job which takes her oway from home where she is most needed. Mr. President I do not know what we can do whout that situation, beouluse we are not engh roognising the faot that this four per cent cost of living which we are tatking about ie out of context with the Cayman life as it is.

Mr. Wh MoKgEVA BUSH (CONT TNUTNG): Another cause Sir, and this is a cause about whioh we as a Govermment oan do something. There are many parents both father and mother who bring ohitdren into this world and then neglect them. It is a known fact Mr. Fresident, that most of our iuvenit. problems oniginate in the one-parent home. Mr. President I am not onty refexring to illegitimate ohildren where the father doas not acoept hie pesponsibility. But $I \mathrm{am}$ also referring to children of wedtook who have been deserted or neglected by one or beth parenta. And sadly to say, I an atso referping to chitdren who have been brought into our commonity in recent years. As an exariple of what I am talking about, and one: of these instances I know of eases where a foreign wom with no oonnection with these Istands has come here, marwied a Caymarian man in her quest for status and then monthe Tater to the dismay of the groom, this woman brought in her ahildien, when she said she had none. In many of the cases, the husbond is unable to properly provide for these children, aven if he wanted to and they are left free in our commuty to sorownge for themsetues, and oreate more problems for our ofuvent courts Mr. President I know of one particutar example where a woman here had a son, fourteen years ald and he had broken into a prominent supermarket in this Country, and the woman went to the oumers and asked them not to prosecute, the mother that is, beoause ahe was auplying for status for her chitd. Mr. Fresident it is serious, it is serious.
$I$ know Mr. Eresident that the Member pesponsible for the Juventite Court has now I believe legislation on this study, and I do not know what it will entait. I do not know how many of these areas it oan addrese, so $r$ will be waiting patiently to see what it looks like, that is the logislation revised I think, because we do have a Jwonile tav.

Mr. Frosident, under our present sybtem, three Justices of the Peace sit on a rotating basis in the Juvenite Court, with the result that there is no continuity with on-going aases. As a result of this, there is often a tack of proper inveetigation which would disolose the real eauee of the problem, and suggest remedial action before it is too late. Lat me hasten to say sir that this is no fault of the sitting Jwetioss, however conscientious they may be, and I know that they do thele best and we have some canable ones. Time does not permit them to study and ovatuate the dases whioh are thrown before them each time they are aalled to sit on the bench, especially when many of the cases are reournent and of lonastanding. Mr. President, this motion is not intended to cast asnersions on the abitity of our tustice's moster, for at least in my mind mony of them as I have said before, are quate capable. If they were sitting on a continuous basis they could do better, but on the rotating baeis presently in use I feet and $I$ have listened to cases there, and this has not just started today Mr. Freeident, it goos back a long way. $I$ had to go to duvenile courts. I was there, $t$ wae there on two oocasions for three tifferent things. You can believe that on both occasione there were different people there, and it was a good thing I had a teacher who talked for me and explained the whole aituation, because the Justices said themselves that they did not understand what was going on. That was a long time ayo Six, but I do attend Jwennte Court sometimes, and I see the need for some continuity.

Mr. President, I know that the Admiri-stration is oonomed about the size of the Cint serviee, about recurrent expenditure and I share that conoem. But this is too important an area for us to conetder onty a amall possible additionat oost. I hape said a 'smalt possibte oost' because presently each Just is is paid for sitting, and if one or even three of theserfustices ure appointed on a permanent baets, the cost indond would be very little more than it is now.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): In my own mind Mr. Tresident, it is. desireable that we have a local person or persons in tht position because they certainly should have a berier understanding of our local problema than someone brought in from abroad. Now Mr. President I might take a shellacking but if it is demed neasesary to acquire the servioss of a fully qualified magistrate, I am sure the additional oost tould. be justified. Only Mr. Fresident, f woutd hope that if this motion is accepted by this House, and if it does transpipe that an outaide magistrate is needed, that Govermment should ensure that the person seleeted is of the highest alibre, and one who is well vereod in chila psychotogy. Mr. President, I know that the present system of the Justices is one which means that it does not have the atrosphere of a court, and I remember Mr. Fresident quite a tong time ago Mr. Panton totd me that, and recently, more recently a sitting dubtice has explained that to me. But when I was in Court, Nrn. Fonton who was very kinds said "now listen little boy, we do not wont yauto feet that we are going to throw you in Frison, we are going to talk to you just like your daddy would", that made me feet good, and I know that that is what the Jugtice system means. My concerm is for the continuity, and those days, today is diffexent, I know we have a lot of good Justices but that wre sitting on a rotating basis.

If the House see this motion as unnecessary,
5 would hope that they would give serioue consideration to the thinge which I have pointed out. I leave the motion entirely in the hands of Honourable Members.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Member wish to speak? The Second Elected Member for George Toun.

## DEBATE

MR. LINFORD A. EJERSON:
Ax. Fresident, I wish to congratulate the mover of this motion for the very able job he has done in ite presentation. Much of what he has said Mr. Fresident, has a lot of merit. As a Justioe of the Feace myself for some ten years, and one who is frequently invotved in the Jwenile Court as one of the panel of Justices, I can see a lot of truth in what the Member is saying here today. I should Mr. President, from a personal point of view bo thanking him for this motion and be asking att the Members to give it full support. But Mr. President, from experience I know that the answer for which he is looking cannot merely be found through legat training.

Mr. President, I know that mariy of the problems coming before the Jwonile Court are complex and on a somewhat continuous basis. But Mr. President, we muet understand that most of the problems coming to the Juvenile Court are mattere which should be dealt with at a home level, or through the Social Services Department, and mony of the aases are not necesearity considered from a legal point of view but more from a compassionate and sociat point of view.

Mr. President, iust to diqress for a minute, since it seems to be the mile of the day. I must mention here that it is, and I would aupport what the Second Elected Member for West Bay had to say this moming, that there seem to be certain Members in this House who would not find conything to say if the Second Elected Member for West Ray and myself eat dow and hod nothing to say. There seems to be one Momber in partioular who gets apecial pleasure out of waiting for me to speak, so that that peroon can get up and make snide memarks. I have in the past made it quite elear to that Member that I do not intend to be disrespectful in any way, but I an putting it on notice today that if this continues, then my position may have to te changed in this respect -- enough said on that point Mr. Fresident.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON (CONTINUING): There is no dowt that there are Growing sooial problems in this country, and perhatis this motion is not without some merit. But Mr. President, m experience in the Tuvenite Court is that mony of the people, of the ohitdren coming before the courte should not be there, but their parents should be before the Courts. I cannot understand any sooiety where the parents are foing to teit me that an eight year old, a nine year otd is beyond control; begond their parental oontrol. Mr. President I was fourteen years otd, in my teene when I got a shellacking for even looking through a doctore book.

Mr. President, up to two weeks ago we had a little eight year old chtld in Court, and it touched my heart Mr. Fresident. I even had to get u, from the bench and put my arm arowil the ohild. Because, when I see that sort of thing happenting it is a bad reflection on our society, not on the chitdren. What we need today Mr. President arenot move tegat braine in the ruvenite Court. At etch sitting of the Juvenile Court we have a laiyger appointed by the Courts Office who is there to guide the panel of Justices on any particutar point of law. What we need in the Juvenile Court tr. President is more understanding, more appreciation of the problems facing our peopie. We need good sociat consciences, Mr. Fresident we need mone Social Workem to go into the homes and talk to the people. Mr. Fresident, I would atadiy approve or support any attocation for additionat Social Workers in this Country. We are dealing with the cure, when we bing our fuveniles to the fuvenile Court. We need to be dealing with rreventative measures to keep them out of the Juvenite Cowrt.

Mr. Eresident, the movex in his presentation, his fine presentation, made a very imbortant point, and that ie that one of the causes of the juventit probtem we are having in this Country is that both parents have to be out working. Many of the Membere here will teil you Mr. President that it it out of greed, Mr. President my experience with my peonte is that ninety nine and three quarter per cent of the casce are out of necessity.

Our Caymantan Protection Board does not hetp the situation. When some of these parente try to get hetp in their homes they are asked if they can afford it - the temority of aome of these peopte to be questioning our poopie like that. They know whether they can afford hetp or not, and they need the hetp Mr. president. They need it more than a tot of the big erecutives who leave their wives at home, and who can very welt look after the hone. But in these situationo Mr. President where both parents have to be out; not out of greed but to make ends meet, the Protection Board chould be giving these eases very special ponsideration.

One other peason raisad by the presenter of this motion is the cost of tiving. Mr. Tresident, we have a one-tise system within our eoonomy. The cost of tiving is ona of the big probleme. Many of our Members, and perhaps a large segment of our society witl tol. you that this is not a problem because many of them are on, or within a salary brackat where they do not experience it to the same extent. But Mr. President, when the 'titete mon' on the street who is only making maybe $\$ 40.00$ a week or maybe $\$ 50.00$ a week for a famity who has to ao into the same stupermarket and pay the high prices as the man who is making maybe $\$ 100,000$ a year or more, there is a big difference. We neet to prick our cootial conscience. Where is the social conscience in this Country? Where is the oharity in this Country? I hope Mr. Fresident that many of the Members here had a chance to have a look at the papere this morwing, and see some of the seriota aonditions in this Country. This ts one of the key causes for the deteriorating conditions with our juvenites today.

MR. LTNFORD A. PIERSON (CONTINUING): Another problem Mr. President which was rightly raised by the mover of this motion, was that there is willful neglect by aome of the parents. They know that the Boy's Homes out there will take the boys. They know that the Princis Bodden Girl's Home will take the girls. They know that there are many people around the place who will open their homes as foster homes. Mr. Fresident, the basic root cause of this probtem is not in the: Count; the basic root couse of this problem ta not with the pone of Justices of the Feace who sit there on Fridays. The answer to this problem Mr. President is not putting a legal mind there. Mr. President it would be a big mistake if we brought in somebody totally new to the Caymon Islands to make serious decisions on our youth. Mr. President, atmost every member, if not all the members of the juvenite bench ponel. as Justices are parente, and people who know this Country. Feople who are appointed Justices usuatly get the appointment on merit, and they know their Country and people. I think it would bo a retrograde step Mr. Fresident if'we brought in a foretgn legal person to sit'on our juvenile bench. Ass I have said Mr. President, $T$ have no ave to grind." It would not really matter that much, because much of my time I apend in the Juvenize Court is on chargeable time, and I could very pett be in my office making a significantly greater amount of money. But this is not the point, the point is that I do it out of Zove, becoure I know that this problem must be hondled very delicately. We cannot have people there saying to our youngsters "look you have gone wrong under the law, and tegally you mist be in an approved schoot in tamaiea," when we know the background of that home, and it may be better for us to try to get' that chitd into the Boy's Home, the Girl's Home or maybe a foster home.

Mr. Fresident, I could not agree more with this motion if we did not have the legal guidanee in the duvenile Court. But Mr. President as I have stated, there is no sitting of that duvenile Court where there is not a legal mind there to guide the Court in matters of legal ramification and olamifioation.

Regaraing the consistant and continuous expertise, 'Mr. President while this might also have some merit, there are also demerits. Mr. President many times it can be in the interests of a juvenile to have a change of individuals looking into a particutar case, because we are all human beings, inotuling the Magistrate in our courts; including ony member of the tegat fratermity, and Mr. Tresident many times as the mover of the motion has said, he had the erperience of going to the Jwenile Court twice, and it could be that one can buitd up a sort of feeling against an individuat, and where one he this individual continuiousty coming before one, it is human that one could have a preconditioned mind. So, the advantage of ohonging and howing a rostar could be to the benefit of the juventle.

Mr. Fresident, $f$ realise that the mover
of this motion and the seoonder have very gond intentions for our peoples. because they are fine representotives, and $I$ have nothing derogatory to say about the motion; or indeed about thom. But I speak from sxperience Mr. President, I do not betiove that the answer to the juvenits problems in thie Country is the appointment of a suvenite Judge. Mr. President, the money which we witl spend on the satary and upkeep of such an individual should be put into perhaps xecruiting two or three more sooiat workers to go into the homes.

Mr. Fresident, I would reiterate, my songratulations to the mover of this motion'" "nd that I feet that the intentions are all good, but from experience Mr. President, I do not feel that the appointment of a Juvenite Judge for the Cayman Istands is the answer at this time, and accordingly more President I am not in a position to support this motion.

Thank you six.

MR. PRESIDENT:
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:

The Third Elected Member for West Bay.
Thank you Mr. Frestident.
Mr. Fresident, I rise to cupport the motion before us. I must say that I have some heseritations as to exactly who this Juvenile Judge might be. Hovever, on lister ing to the mover of this motion put forth htis oase, although I did not agree: entirely with ati he had to say, there was a lot which he said which made sense.

However Mr. Fresident, ds I have adit a number of times in this Honourable House, prevention is athaye better than cure, and I would like to onae again repeat that, that the emptiasis must be on prevention rather than cure. However, we do have a probtem in these Islands. We do have a situation where young people must appoar in the Juvenite Court before the Justices of the beace.

As a child I have never had to oome before anyone because of problems, ard I am grateful for that. However Mr. president when one hae to have a change of froee every time one has to appear in the Iuvenile Court I think this in itself is detrimental to fotlowing through on a partioular case. There might be a few children that this would not affect, but for the most part, a child if the sees the same individual time and again, and that individuat. is a caring person, wett veresi in the problens of ohitdren and young reopte, someone who understande the baskground of the ohitd, his history, his home environments, a rapport is built wo between that chitd and the individual that he sees time and again. I feel mr. Frosident, and I have no intention at att of botitttino the services of Justices of the Peace, because in truth and in fact, there might be anongst the Justices of the peace someone who might be abla to fitt such a position, $I$ lo not know. However I do feel that the rotation of dustices of the reace on the Juwente Cownt is not necessarily tine best situation for : ohitd who has to be followed.: who has to be counselled, he sees one person today, someone sees him next week or next month and this look of continuity has to somehou bring within that child a pesentment. Because, avery individual is counelting him perhaps in a different way, and every time he meets a new persm, he first of ath has to learn to trust that person and put his faith in him and get to know him. Whereas, if there is an individuat who ie working with that ohild constantly, it hat to produce more favorrable resulte.

I wan think right now H . Fresiaent, of a number of young givile whom a certain sock whoter on these tstande worked with continually. She followed those children through, and I an tellirg you, I an so pleased with the outoome to see the way in which they are taking their places in society. Otherwise, I am sure they would have gone down the wong path, because everyithing it seemed was against them.

Mr. President, $I$ realise that we have a tot of factors which are oontributing to the situation which we have before us. But we connot brush wnder the oaret what is already here. We do have young people who need attention, and this witl continue to me so, no matter how mony social workers we have. We will have thoss few, and hopefully, they witl continue to be fous who will need to appear before a Juvenize Court. In so doing Mr. president. I feel that the motion before us is seeking to provide a means of continuity. One wy have several different people sitting therc: we may be able to solve this problem by aertain Justices of the Peoce working with a ohild continually; we may be able to solve it in this way, I am not sure. But as I see tit here, what we need is for a ohld to buld ut trust in coptain individuals.

MRS, DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING); A Zot hat been said Mr. President of the root causes of our problems, and I agree that there ts a tot of truth in what has been said. However Mr. President, I stizl insiat that prevention is better than oure, and we have to tackle a lot of the problems which are here. 'In some cases Mr'. Frebident, parents are out of the home because there is a necessity, a grave necessity. There are other cases Mr. President when this is not atways bo, and that is a pity, There are some individuals who must have as much as the other person has, and in these cases we find it is to the detriment of the ohitdren. They dre noglected, they fend for themselves and much of the problem is that there ts a tack of parental care and love. It is apitifut situation.

However Mr. Fresident, I do not partioularts plon to spend too much time here, except to say however the situation is resolved, I feel that we need to have oontinuity between the child and the Justices of the Peace, a Juvenite Judge hovever we are going to go about it, and having said that I support the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think it may be convenient if we take a break. I suggest perhaps it maybe wise if we try to limit our break. $I$ will say it urill be for ten minutes, and maybe you will be back in fifteen.

AT 11:25 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED
HOUSE RESUMED AT 17:40 A.M.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Continuation of debate on Private Member's
Motion No.11/86. Any other Member wish to reack? If no other Member wishee to speak... the se sond Officiat Member.

HOR. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: I do not think Wr. President sir I would ever be very successful as a jockeys there was one catled Horry Whagg who was known as 'the head waiter' beadese he always made his effort at the last minute, and followed the field up to then, and then came in ahead of them.

I having been asked on behatf of the $G$ ovemment, because it is within m portfolio mesponsibility, to reply to this debate, and was waiting to hear the views of alt the Members here, so that I would be able in as much as I can to respond to the points made by them. But since obviousty, they have all, those who wished to speak have already spoken. I feel that it is now an appopriate moment for me to speak inmediately bofore the repty.

Mr. Eresident Sir, the motion before us today states that juvenile problems have tnareased in complexity and frequency. It states also, there is need for oonsistant and continwous expertiae in dealing with these problems, and asks us to resotve that Govermment investigate the possibility of cppointing a Juvenile dudge.

I was Mr. Fresident, rather perplexed by what was ment by a 'Juvenite Judge' but having tistened to the mover of the motion, I reatised that he was not in fact asking for juvenizes to be judged by ont of their peers, namely $t y$ a seventean year old, but was in fact, asking for there to be appointed one person to be responsibte for sitting in the Juvenile Court,s and I am sure if I am wrong in my interpretation, that the Honourable Member would be onty too quick to correct me.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTINUING): The points which have been raised in the debate Mr. Fresident, have dealt to a coniderable extent with what happens in the famity, and what happens in society before in fact the point arises where a ivvenile ts brought before the Courts here.

I think what has been said by Members is relevant, is worthy of thought, is worthy of consideration. But really it is something which does not deal, or is not relevant directly to the motion in front of us, about the appointment of a Juvenile Judge. Sirs, in case ony person listening to
the debate on this motion is unaware of it, our Low concerming fuveniles who are brought before a Court, is substantively dealt with in our Jupenites Law which was passed in 1975 and has been amended once. It is my understonding that my Honourable friend and collearue the First, Elected Member of Executive Council has under onsideration the need for updating and revising this Law, and that matter is actively under consideration. Hovever, be that as it may, the low which we have before us is the Law as it is administered in the Caman Islands, and that Low is designed to deal with fuvenites or versons under the age of 17 yeare; on the general prineiples that in dealing with a juvenize or a child brought before it, as an offerder or otherwise, it tuet have regard to its welfare and in a proper case, take steps for removing it from undesireable surroundings, and for securing thatproper provision is made for its education and training.

Our Low provites that a fuvenite Court
can consist either of a Maistrate or of three Justices of the Peace sitting as a bench, of whom at least one must be a ladu. The Froctice presently in the Calman Islonds is that there is a bench of Justices of the Peace, and the post of Justice of the reace is an old and honoured office in the Britieh Common Low. It hav existed for atmost nine hundred years, and people are appointed as Justioes of the Peace to keep the Queen's Peace and are people appointed to that post who are recoanised and honoured in the community for their wiscom and their expertence and their percipience of the needs of the commurity. A person does. not ask to be appointed as a Justice of the Peace; a person is honoured with that appointment.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Is that so in the Cayman Istande?
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Yes sir, itt is.
And our system provides that they sit as a bench and our system also now that whe hav the legat expertise available to us, since we have now been fortunate to have within Govermment Service enough Caymanian lawere retuming to appoint one or more as deputy cterks of Court. Our syetem now is such that wheneven a bench of Justices of the reace sit, that such are aided and assister? in as much as they need and require aid ond asosotonce by a leantly quatified person.

When this motion was coming, I consulted with the judiciamy, and I was assured that it was a practios which was going to be in variable practice for the forebeeable future.

Nou Sirn, one matter which was raised in retation to the juvenites who are brought beforo the Jwenite Court is that there was not enough, that there wae a tadk of proper investigation, and may I remind Ilonourable Members that there is a specifio provision in our Juvenitee Isow which says:
"Where a Juvenite is to be brought befone any court, thatthe Court shatl cause notice of the grounde in which a juvenize is brerught, and the date on कhich he is to be brought, to be served on a Probation Officer a reasonable time before such date.

## HON. MLCHAEL J. BRADLEY (CONTMNUINO):

"And when that notice is received, it is the duty of the Probation Officer to maks such investigation and render available to the Court, such information as to the home surroundings, achool record, age, health ond character of the juvenile as the Probation officer is able to obtain and as is in his opinion, likely to be of assistonce to the Court.

The Probation Officers in these Istes aris hard working, conscientious and dedioated people. Ilot only in many cases are they hard working, I euspect in retation to the Courts that they are in many oases possibly over worked, and maybey and I am sayinat this for muself and not for the Honourable First miooted. Member, it maybe that one of the ways to ensure that there is the futlest possibte attention given to the way in which juveniles who appear before our Juenite Court be deatt with, is to ensure that there is atwats a sufficient number of probation officers to be able to investigate and report in depth on each and every ohi ld browght before it. Because basically, the Courts place a great deal of weight upon what the robation officer says. I think in retation to what Honouratie Bembers said about continutty, and where Honourab te Members were suggesting that perhaps the solution is to have one person continuousty sitting, I feel that the continuity should be with the Erobation Officer, the some Frobation Officer able to go to the Court inhenever the juventile has to appear before it. To be abte to dive on on on-going bosis to the bench of Justices of the Fecce, or to the Magistrate sitting alone, the history and the previous course of events whieh ted to this poretioutan mpearance.

Mr. Mresident sir, the question before us is that consideration should be given to the appointment of a Juvenite Iulue. Our suvenite ceurt presently sity on a Fridau, onoo a week to hear oases conoeming juveniles. I feet that the appointment of a parson sotely for that task would, on a fulteime basis not be justified, and I feet that the time is not appropiate for that measure to be introduced.

One matter witioh has been under oonsideration by the judiciary, by my Chonbers and by other persons, is the poseibitity of sometime in the future structuring our laws here to provide for the estoblishment of a Fomily Court, and that would be a Court whose responsibilities would deal with all matters relating to the fomily; who would deal with matrimonial motter:s, with divorce, with maintenance, witheffiliations, with all other matters which a family as such can be involved ins and tast but not least, with the law relating to fuveniles. Beause the juveniles, it may bo trite to say it, but the fuentles of today are the citizens of tomorrow, and if our parents ficit in bringing us up property, if the Probation Officers and the courts faiz to point us in the right direction, then the society tomorron with not be the place that we hope now that wes can make it for them.

Mr. President Str, I appreciate and I respect the intentions of the Honowrable Member in moving this motion. I can say to him and to all Members that the Courts of these Lands and Th: Chambers and Government are always receptive to any suggestions whioh could be made for the improvement of the manner in which our chitdren who we straying, can be dealt with and brought back to the straight and rutrrow path, and that we witl always endeavour to implement such suggestions when the time and the need is appropriate to them.

Howing said that Mr. President Sir, with
respect, I carnot support the motion as at present moved.

MF. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, I have to apologise for a bad cold which I have, and which prevented nij takint part in the debates yesterday. But as it seems to be getting worse, I am going to defy it, and say a few worda.

I acnnot support the motion before the House for two reasons. One to that I betteve our present system of dustices serving in the Juvenile Court with a legal adviser te working quite wells and two, I believe that attacking the problem of juvenile delinquency we would be starting at the wrong end if we spond morwy on appointing a dudge. I betieve if one is ever going to hetp tuvenites, one must start at the other end, that is when the person is a ohild, which can only be done with the hetp of parents, teachers, sooial workers, probation officers, whatever. Sos if the Govermment has additional money to set up another court with a full-time sudge, $I$ would think that that money would be better spent providing one more worker. Beoause, there is no question about it, our Sociat Services ane inadequate. The probation officer witt see the child one hour per month. He is probably luoky if the officor oan spare that much time for one chitd, and for the rest of the month the child is on the street. The problem we have with juveniles is a probtem which is plaguing the antire wortd. It is not onty in poor oountries, and developing countries. They have the problem in places tike Sweden where they have no slums. Ferhaps it is just that the fabric of society is weaker than it ueed to be Trerhaps it. it because the famity is not a unit as it used to be. We may brame parentes, rowever in the Cayman totands we have a Gaciety where it is almost always necessary for both parents to work, whess the husbond eams a lot of money. For young aouples with ohildren, we find that the mother may have to work to help pay the rent, or pay the mortgage. lhe attitudes of people have ohanged over the years - for example, my: mother used to spank me untit. I was in my teens and when she stopped. spanking me, sometimes she quarreled so much I would wish she would spank me instead, and I betieve we are losing a tot of disoiptine in the home. Because a chitd who is toved at home by his parents can well be spanked and the child witl acoept it. Buit we have children, we have heard about eight year otd oht ldren who oannot be disciptined at home, this thas to be utter nonsense. The chitd would not rebet against a littte spanking now and again if the child know that he was loved in the hone, and I believe this is one area where parents have faited. If one spares the rod one with definately spoit the ohitd.

In his book '(Tne Mittion Delinquents'
Benjumine Fine wrote these words:
"We would not have so many delinquents if their mothers hugged them and kissed them, and when neecssamy, spanked them. The child who knows he is loved an accept disciptine, even the woodshed type."

So this problem is a serious problem. The people who serve as Justices of the Faces ars, in my opinion, some of the finest oitisens in this land, and I was meatly hurt to hear disparaging remarks against these fince men and women. They have been appointed as the Seoond Official Member said, on merit because they aro people of experience, people of some worth in the community. I betieve that these people who are all Caymanians must have a better understanding of our way of tife, and oan better understand the problems of children than any new person we oould appoint.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONT TNUING): We have the problem where like atl other Covernments in atl other countries, we only spend money on chitdren and on criminals as a whote after they get in trouble. We spend more money on killing stray dogs than we do in hetping problem children. We put more attention on it, we get morepublicity in the newspopers for turning a fish trap into a dog trat than for hetping one poor child. Because, I believe that ohildren are not naturally born to be good. They have to be made good citizens, and I found an interesting quotation here which $I$ do not believe is exactly true of Great Britain, because this was written many years ago, but in essence it is true. It said:
"Britain has one answer to the problem which in one year resulted in a drop of 14 per cent in juvenile delinquency, of which only five per cent was violent. Britain's attitude is that children are not naturally good eitizens until society has made them so. Therefore their methods inelude strong disciplinary powers for teachers, including whipping, establishment of youth clubs, strict control of child consumption of movies, television and comic books.
Frequent Courtroom fines for the parent instead of punishment for the child."

I do not know how many years ago that was: uritten, and I do not know the source of the writing, but there is a tot of truth in it, that when the ohild gets into trouble many times it is because the chitd has not been disciptined in the home, and sometimes even when he is disciplined in the home he is inftuenced by his surroundings, by his envircnment, and there are just more pressures. For example, in the Cayman Istands we know that the Govermment has contributed a lot eepecially since the last election, although I do not want to get political. We see the easy avaitabitity of drugs and atcohol, we see every lomppost receiving a liquor ticence. We see the number of liquor establishmente on North Church street doubled, more than doubled since the last election. We see the druy law relaxed, and even in this Sitting, we had one more example where the rewarde for the illegitimate child were more than doubled.

So we do have a permissive society, and there is na question about it. J. Edgar. Hoover who at one time headed the FBI for many years, had this to say about fuvenile delinquency: "Juvenile delinquency can be prevented, it is not a soourge which rules with an inevitable necessity. One of the best weapons with which to attack this malady is religeous training. The young boy and girl trained in the teachings of the Bible have a moral relionce which eerves as a compase for every day living. They know the difference between right and wrong, good and evil. "They are able to conquer the temptations of life."

And one other writer said:
"One way to curb delinouency is to take the parents off the street at night,"

We are deating hore with the matter of ctpointing a Judge, a speoial Judge, and I believe that this is like chutting the gate after the horse has gone out, it is a futile axercise.

Yesterday I listened to one of the best
guest speakers we have had at a Rotary Luncheon in many a year, and it was Mrs. Angela Mkrtins, the Direotor of Soatal Services. She spoke about the good work being done at the Roy's Home and the Girt's Ilome, both of them built by the Rotary Club. But the message she left with rotarians was that these peonte at these homes knou about your money. They know the Club is wett off, and has spent the money to build these.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN (CONTINUING): But she would tike more invotvement on a person to person basis, so that these people would häve an inage to look up to. "That they would find the people that were not oritical of their behavioun Because one of the things which really makes a bad chitd worse is when everybody oondemns every action; and just writes the person off as a bad ohild. I think if that young lady is given the support and the policy direction which should cone from the Government, she can go a low way. But she neede money to do the job. We have consistently tried to get move sowiat workers, and then I say sooicil workers, I do not mean people who are sitting behind a desk and writing reports, and putting out endless statiatios and getting their piotures in newspapers. I mean people who are going into the Aistriets, into the homes, examining the complaints, seeing how the chitdren live and making recommendations.

So when the chitd reaches the juvenite bench, in many instances it is a litete bit late to start, and then what is ahead for him is probably the Remand Home, or the Boy's Home, or prison one day. What has happened in the Casman Islands is perthape what has happened in other areas. We simply barehouse kids, we spent a lot of money on their detention after they commit cmimes. In the United States it has been found that on a per capita basiss they spent more money to kill one Viet-Kong soldier, or to control bad breath than they do on one iuvenile who is in trouble. If this is true, in a cowntry like the United States the situation must certainly be much worse in a developing country like the Cayman Islands. So, it is a matter of getting our priorities right.

Yesterdxy the House acoepted a motion Which will cost probably a million dollare, if they build the civic Centres in west Bay and George Toun. White these buildings may be needed, I believe it its going to be as the Composs said in its editorial, "we witl have anothex buitding, tooked up with not much use.". In an area say, like George Toim I feet that the money would be better spent using the facilities we now have, rather thon putting up a new empty struoture.

If the appointment of a Juvenile Judge, or a dudge for the duvenile Court could prevent one child from getting into trouble, I would support it. But the Judge cannot prevent one chitd from getting into trouble, he car onty deat with the masses who come before him.

I believe that there have been bad childrer:
alt along, as wett as good ones, and in facts one person said that juvenize delinquenoy is simply modern terminotogy for a kid doing what on cadult did when he was a kid, and so white we term these ohildren as detinquents, perhaps some of them are not doing any worse than some of the adults that now condenm thems, did when they were young. It is only that they have different materials to work with; and perhaps far greater opportwities to practice the little devices winich they practice.

To nof mind the wpointment of a fult.. time Judge would not do what is expected in putting fomard the motion which has been stressed, that it would bring continuity in the cases, and I do not betieve it woutd. Beeaues, no one person would act fult time, particularly if he is a Civil Servant, he would be forced to take teave, he would hape the days off when he tis sick, and probably there would be times when other matters would be pushed upon him and he could not sit in the Court. I do not think it is neosssamy for one person to be sitting in judgement on the same kid month after month. There is already continuity in that files are kept on the individuat ohildren. The probation officers make their reports, and $\mathbf{I}$ vould trust that whenever a chitd has a problem, research would be dona, and I betieve is being done, and the Court, the Justices or whoever sits in the Court, are made welt aware of the baokgroven to this ohitd, and porhaps the reasons wing the child got into trouble in the first place.
i/h. G. HATG BODDEN (CONTINUING): We Zearnt from Mre. Martins yesterday that the Boy's Home is futt. It has acoomodation for $15 . b o y s$, and it is full and has been full since duly of last year. The firt's Home was not quite full yesterday, but it has been fult in the past and is not very far from being full. So. it would seem to me that we need more accommodation of this type.

Весаие this is so inportont, $I$ would tike to just elose by saying that I know that these homes, particularly the Boy's Home which has been in opexation for some eight or nine years has helped ohildren. I remember one boy who went to the Rou's Home. When he aame to the home he had not attended schoot.s ewcept for five days in the provious twelve months, and after one Ifear, that ohlid recolvel a prize for perfect attendmee at the schoot, and this is what the home had done for him. I remember another young man whom I met on the street. rot too long ago, and he spoke to me and he aaid? 'Mr. Haid, do you remembicr me". I said that the fact was famitiar but I didnot remember.. Wott. he said "do you remember" one night you visited the Boy's Home and they told you that I was the worst ohild in the home. "I said "yes".' He said "wett all of that has changed. When I teft the home I got me a jok and I have been working ever since, and I am saving my money, and I wont to thank you fellows for what you have done for me". And there was onother boy who, when we was given the opportumity to go home for $x$ weekend after he had spent a couple of months at the home, refused to go home to live with his oun parents and spend the weekend, because the home environment was so bad. So, thene are ways of helping children, and it can be done through Govermment's cooperation, with the Service ctubs, with the probation workers and we often ariticise the Sociat Services, and we often oriticise the Govermment for not doing more. But I think we ought to be thankful for where we have oone from, and they get very few praises. I know myself, I find it difficult sometimes if somebody comes to me in dire need and I approach the soaial services. sometimes they find it diffioult, but they are aluays witting to help and to investigate, althought it may not move as rapitly as $I$ would like, I can say that there has been very. good cooveration, not onty during Mr. Truman's time but during the present Member's time, and I believe that they do have some dedicated workers. I believe that we have in the Juvenile Courts, Justices of the Feace who are keenty interested. We heard one of them speak, and at though he is a young man, perhaps young in years but he seems to have had a lot of exrerience. He gave us a picture of the effort which is put out by our present Juvenite Court, and if the idea for bringing this motion is to help the juvenite, I would say it is a spiendid motion.

Howevers I must olose by saying that I
ao not betieve that the Judge can help the fuvenite. We have to start at the other end of the prograrme.

MR, PRESIDENT:
The Member for North Side.
Does any other Mamber wish to speak?

MF, D. EZZARD MILLER:
motion, it goes without saying,
Mr. Prestdent, as the seconder of this othat $I$ am going to support. it. In listering to the debate here this moming six, I think we have in faot, even though we may not succeed in getting the motion passed and getting a duveni le Judge appointed. we have achieved the objective which was written between the lines, and that ws have got Membera to focus on the iwvenite probtem in thite Sountry. Most of the speakers have given some wndertaking to pay more attention to what is happening to the jupeniles.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): It would be nice if the Members in this Honourable House, whose constituencies have these lovely Civio Centres which have been built for years at a cost of huge sums of money, could in some way organise programmes in those facilities for the youth. That in itself will atso help with the suventes.

Semantics fiave been played a little bit sins by the lone speaker on the Covermment bench. At though he was hoping that we att: had spoken, I witt remind him of what was said here many years ago by an ald gentleman from Cayman Brac, which was that onty a foot or a dead person cannot change his mind, and after listening to him, I have been motivated to speak Sir.

We were not askina for a juvenite to be appointed as a Judge, because I wonder what happens in the case of a oriminat Iudge, if one is going to look for criminals to appoint as Jutges too. I hope sir that our judictal and legat fraternity are not leading in the way the medical fraternity were leading a few years ago in the United States, in that no one but a doctor oould determine. a matpractice suit, because they have to be jutged by their peers: So $t$ hope we are not getting to the stage here where alt ariminats have to be judged by criminals, because only ariminals would know who are real criminals.

But Mr. President; the juvenite problems are increasing in complexity, and while I have a lot of respect for many of the Justices of the Peace who sit on the bench, I have attended the Juvenite Court in recent months a few times. In fact, on one occasion I was ejected by the Justice of the Peace on the bench, because I did not have permission to enter. So thereafter I got permission. I was there long enough to get the feeling that: it was somewhat of a oixcus, because peopte were popping up and making statements in an ad hoo fashion. In one case I can remember, it really did not appear that any of the Justices of the peace took the time to read the document which was prepared by the Social Workers because they were about to pass judgement, and the judgement was obviowsty not foing to be what the poor social worker had hoped. So she had to intermpt them, and exptain to them what the whole report was detting at. It was not to send the chitd to Jomaica. I often wonder Six, on the selective process if as the Second officiat Member has said, some care can be taken in belecting some of the Justices of the Teace. Because aven though they are upright oitizens in their con rights in many ways they are out of touch and they are too quick to rely on the Second elected Member for Bodden Town's methodology of the strap or the harah treatment, or what a friend of mine calls 'relative therapy'. Not that $I$ do not think that it has ite place, but in some instances that only oompounds the problem.

We fett in bringing the motion sirs, that the rotational process which has just been starteds where alt instices of the feace serve at one time or another, could lead to problems. The motion does not ask that a lawyer be appointeds or that some persons with only legal training be appointed. What ise were seeking was some person who could consistantly, adequately and eapertly, and would take the time to read the social workere reports, and the probationary reports in the Court, be appointed to pass judgement on these young people so that we can in fact be of some hetr to them, and not send them further astray.

Mr. President, $I$ support the motion.
*MR.: PRESIDENT:
Does ary other Member wish to speak?
Whe First Officiat Member.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: assist in the debate.

Mr. President, fust a few words to perthars
The motion which is before the House to appoint a Juvenile Judge for the Cayman Istands, I an sure as the previoue speaker indicated, it has caused all of us to perthate focus a tot more than we have in the past on the fuvenile probtem.

But Mr. president, we onty need to search our own backgrounds, and we oan perhaps identify as to why some of these things are happening today. As a boy Mr. Eresident, growing up, mothers were at home. Mothers looked after their chitdren, and is you wareplaying dow the street at a neighbours house, and you became mischievoue, and. your neighbour spoke to you and you did not listen he or she gave you a whipping, and you did not dare go home and tell your mother and father that the neighbour whipped you, because you woutd get another one. The atoseness of the neighbourhood, and the respect which wae there between parents was such, that if your neighbour or my neighbour gave you a whippings, mu parents reatised: I deserved it. If you try that today Mr. President, you witl not end up in a Juvenile Courts you witl be befors the magistrate. But look at it from another view Mr. Feesident, parents are not all at home today, some of them are, a, good majority are not. This trend began to the best of my reoollection Mr. President in the orriy $1960^{\prime} s$, and perhape quite a bit of it is caused by the fact that the father is not making sufficient funds to buy the clothes, to put the food on the table and to have other anemities required by the home. So the wife and mother in an effort to assist, goes to work. In going to work, it means that the children do not receive in most cases the same attention, as perhaps some of us from my generation howe received. In addition to all of that Mr. President, the temptations which are on the street today are substantially different from what it was in my. day. I believe that although the neighbours may see the kids playing, because of the situation they find themestves in, they have anough difficulty looking after theix oum chizdren. And while they noy wish to took after otheres the time is just not there.
n: So Mp. President, economio development which we boast about also brings a little bitter with the sweet. There is Mr. President a need to focus more attention on the jupenile. There is the need to foous on the entire famity unit, and I believe Mr. President that in the coming months and yeare, much attention will be given to this area.

But to sum up Mr. President, with respeat to the mover and seconder, I am sure that even they may now agree that the answer to it is much more comprehensive. We must take a much more comprehensive approach than just the appointment of a Juvenite Judge.

I cannot support the motion Mr. President.
MR. ERESTDENT:
Does any other Hembsr wish to spack?
Dines the mover wish to exemeise his riaht of repty?
MR. W. MeKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, T probably intimated in mi opening remarks that I would not be socking to reply. I was loaving this matter entirely in the hands of the Members here. But there have been a few things which have come up whioh I think I need to say something about.

The first Member who spoke on the Govexmment side, and usualty when he does get up and speak I can never understand him, because he uses a different kind of English than I to. and the Member was quite concemed whin ho begon, about some jockey named Harry Wragg. I was a tittle more heartened when he got down to specifics and suggestions, and if $I$ may say so, it is the first time ainos I have been here that I have been so satisfied with anything coming from his lipe like that.

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Usually there is always something which I do not like, but hearing the Member make his suggestione and his intimation to the House that a Eamily Court is being looked at, and the suggestion about the Probation Officer, Mr. President I was very heartened.

Mr. Fresident, I am satiafied that the problem has been brought to the forefront, and that it will be looked at, and if the House is going to vote it doun, I am satisfied Sir that I have done my part in bringing it here.

Mr. President, the Menher for Bodden
Town put politics into a very important sooial situation, by tryine to blame the social situations today on the prevent Covernments by talking about actions which they have taken. But Mr. Freoident, the Member is only. whistling in the wind, because if uou cheok back on the statistios, and I do not. have them alt but you can believe I have them going back a long way. When this serious situation which we are faced with now, started it was exactly when they took office and allowed the floodgates to open up into this Country, and alt sorts of people came here. Dmags came in, there was murder. Mr. Fresident a complete sooial deterioration uxisted from the moment they came into office. The statistios speak for themselves.

Mr. Preeident, this Govemment, although I am not too happy about certain things, they did do some very good things. Mr. President, when we think of the Rehabititation of offenders Ian, that has some very good effects on our booiety. The Maintenanoe Law, another good Bitl which was introduced and passed here. The Misuse of Druge Law Mr. President, whioh had more effect on our people wer the last five or six years, which they introduced and amended by tying the Judgee hands, and taking the diseretion completely away from him, and allowing what I term as the 'barefoot boy' to be put in prison for a stick of ganja, while criminals thumb their noses at our law enforcement agenoy in this Country. That Momber snould be completely ashamed of that partioular statement which he made. He knowe it is not true, and if we look at the statistice kr. Bresident herie, they are not too disreartening when we look at the statistios. At least over the five-year period, 1981 1,519 crimes; 1982 1, 674 orimes; 1093 1,384 crimes. 19841,367 cmimes and Mr. President we had an increase in 1985 to 7, 951. But the great importance of this whole thing is that the Member would not try to tell our people that we had a very good detection and clearup rate, and that is the relation which wee need to look at and apply to this situation. The folice Fonce, I am not entirely hapm with certain things there, but they are in a better position today to an extent, thon when Commissioner Stowers was here and ath sorte of things were hidden. Folitios should not have entered this, and that is all he was doing. Mr. Fresident, another rimark he made was about the disparaging remarks concerning Justices of the Peace. Mr. Fresident, I did not make any disparaging remarks about any tustice of the Freace. I congratulated them for what they have been loing.

I annot say any more on this Mr. Iresident.
I think the Members have put their cases weit, even the Member for Bodden Town who spoke on it, made some very cood points, but he spoitt it, and that is why I did not support them after the first time they were elected. The good things they did, they were just like a oow, after giving a good bucket of milk they put their foot in it.

The motion is left to the House.
Mir. PRESIDENT:
Member's Motion No.11/86. I shall now put the question.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: a diviston please.

We will take the Ayes Sir. Can we have Certainly you can have a division, yea,

## DIVISION

AYEG $\quad$ MO. 20/86
Nh. W. McK̈eeva Bush
Mrs. Daphne L. Orrett
Mr. D. Ezaard Miller

Hon. Thomas $C$. Jefferson
Hon. Michaet J. Bradley
Hon. John Lemuel Hurlston
Hon. Benson O. Ebomks
Hlon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon, Capt. Charles E. Kipkocmal?
Mr. Linford A. Fienson
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkoonnetl
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. John B. McLean

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I declape the motion tost.today, and to conplete our business. That I would there fore proposerimetly, that we resume at two o'olook, secondly that we forego ournormal aftermoon break, and thirdly that if necessary, we suspendStanding Oxders in order to enable buisineses to be completed, and I amiust forewarming Membere that it will of course be in the hands of the Fouse as to whether we do suspend Standing Drders, and as to whether it is necessary to do so. But in oase any Members want to make pretiminary arrangements in case we go on a little bit tates they may tike to. For my part, on the assumption that I am right in believing that most Members would hone to finish today, I woutd propose this aftermoon to be a little atricter in my intermretation of the mules of retevancy. This morning I attowed the debate which has fist been completed to wander really quite a long way from the terms of the motion, because I thought it was an important subject, and I believed that the House wished to have an opportumity to speak fairly fully about it. I would hope this aftermoon, that Members would restriet themelvea fairly closely to the terme of the actuat motions, and would hope they would understand if when they stray, I have to bring them back.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT:
approximatety two o'clock.

I agree with you sirs, no potitios.
I now suspend proceedings untit

## HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:05 P. M.

MR. YRESIDEIVT:
The third of the Frivate Member's Motions. Private Member's Motion No. 12/se.' The Second Elected Member for West Bay.

PRIVATE MEMEER ${ }^{\text {™AMTON NO. } 12 / 36}$ PENSTON/EX.GRATTA EAWMTNTS

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Mo. 12/86.

WhEREAS there are cttisens of this country who have served in the civit semiae for ten yeara or more

AND WHERTAS these people and/or spouses are in need of financiat assistance;

BE IT RESOLVED that Govermment investigate the feasibitity of paying guoh pensons a pension on an exwgatia payment.
MR. D. EZZARD MTLTER:
Mr. Freerdents. $I$ beg to second the motion.

MR. ERESIDENT:
Private Member's Motion No. 12/96 is duty moved and seconded. I invite the mover to speak to it.

Me. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Trostaent, the motion vefore us is asking Government to took at the feasibititu of providing a penaion or an ex-gratia payment to certain people, on ther bpouses who gave at least ten years of servioe wo this Country.

The people whom $I$ an thinking about six are those who work for little or nothing, and periaps were not permanent and penstonable employees of the Goverment at the time when they were being employed, or at the time even, when they loft the Govermment servicen I om also thinking of those outstonding Caymanions who have siven a tifetime of service to these Istands, who were pemanent and vensionable; and hape noid gone on to gtory. Mr. Eresident, their yood wives who stood by them all through those mariy hard yearg, are today in need, but who are not even get thg a plugged nicked from Govermment. When their husbands passed ong therir pension died with them, what little they were getting.

We have some ex-poticemen who are getting nothing from Govemment, when they gave dedicated and unstinting sorvice to this Country, yet they are getting nothing.

Mr. Eresident, when certain legistators poted themselves a pension for wix yeare serivoe, and adve thetr apouses fifty per cent of that pension in the event of their paseing auay; and when pensions were being voted in this Legistative Assembly, I said it would open up to a whote new semee of people who gave service to this Country, saying that if legistatons can get one for six years. I can yet one too. Whatever may be sata, these people whe feet that way have every right to do so.
Mr. Precident, I do not like to catl. nomes in this Legistative Assembly, but we had one, auch man in these Tolands who di great work in the Police Force, who held this Country together. Not onty betng at the Fotioe lovel. Fut of Customs and many other areas as welt, arid today they have complotely forgotten about his contribution, and his rood wife is not oren aonstered for $\$ 25.00$.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Therefore Mr. Fresident, I am asking Covermment to consider the cases of these destinguisned citizens of our Islands, and to assist them in circumstances where they need assistance.

The motion again is left to the House. and if they care to vote it doun, I have done my part in trying to point out a need. Thank you Sir.

MR. PRESIDENT: The motion is open for debate. Does any Member wish to speak? The Honourabte First Official Member.

## DEBATE

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I am sure the mover of the motion is filled with good intentions, and I remember some of the comments which he made during. the passing of the amendment to the rarliconentary Pensions Luw, some of which he has already quoted. It also remember him saying to us that we did not know the cost, and we apreed that we did not, but we were deating urith the principle of the matter at that particular time, especially thoee dealing with vestrymen.

But Mr. Fresident, the Pensions Aet Which has been on the books of this Country for some number of years, and the Government employees whom we have had, I agree, some very dedicated Civil Servants and by the definition of Civil Servants $M x$. President, I include all Government workers. it is those persons who played a major pait in our development. At the time of their employment, the benefits for which they qualified I feel certain, they were given.

This matter of penaions Mr. President and benefits, as we go on in years in the future, whether we are looking at what took place in 1086, and who left Govermment and did not get proper oompensation, and we are tooking at this in the year 2000, I am bure all the legislators in that year will probably sympathise as well, and may even echo the same sentiments being heard toda. We owe them Mr. President, a great debt, but the act of agreeing with the motion which is very broad indeed, we know the intent of the mover, and I agree with the sentimente of the motion, that Civil Servante who have passed on, leaving their wives behind, or the opposite, wives who pass on leaving the husbands behind, and the husbands or wives are in need, certainty Mr. President if that ie the case, we oan find some means of Govermment rendering sothe assistance.

But Mr. President, I oannot agree with the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to speak? Does the mover wish to exercise his right of repty?

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, I am somy to hear that rovermment cannot accept this motions and the reasons given sir are very pitiful ones; the motion is broad, what is so broad about it Ar. President? After all, the motion is asking to investigate the basibility of paying such persons a pension or an ex-aratia payment. What is so broad about investigating the feasibility. The first part of the motion is saying that the persons must have served for at least ten jears, so that is nirrowed dom.

I do not belicve Sin that the broadnens. of this motion is the reason why Government is not cuccepting it, but I with leape them alone Sir, time is longer than rope, and time is atching up on them. Cannot give a pension ... they cannct even investifate it, but they can oome here without even knowing the fult oost of what. this Legislative Assembly pension would oost titis Country, they went ahead and amended the Law, and voted pensions which some peopte are going to get in the region of $\$ 1,500$, some people are now getting in the regton of $\$ 800, \$ 700$.

Mr. W. MaKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): For six years service Mr, Preaident, some of them sat dow here and did not even open their mouthe, and then they say they gave good service. It is not to say that just because you apen your mouth, that you are getting things done, but the rex reord speaks very well for some of them. Some of them were faiturea as representataives of the peoples yet they are entoying a pension in the region of $\$ 700, \$ 800$ and some witl receive in excess of $\$ 1,500$ when they retire. There are people in our commints whe were dedioated, and worked for pennies, a pittance Mr. President, and Govemment now cannot even investigate the feasibitity - shame on the Govemment.

Me. FRESIDENT: The motion before the House is prituate Member's Motion No.12/86. I will put the question.

## QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES

MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH:
MF. PRESIDENT: Certainty.


WHEREAS Sunday has traditionatly been negarded as the day of rest and worship in the Cayman Islands:

> AND WHEREAS the sale of liquor and other atconolic beverages now permitted on Sudays is considered by many of our peopte as being detrimentat in the uphotding of this tradition;

AND WHEREAS liquor and other atcohotic beverages do not fall whithin the category of saleable items under the sunday. Trading Law;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED THAT this Honourcable House do move that the Govermment take imnediate stepe to introduce tegistition to amend the Jiquor Licensing Law so as to prohibit the sale of liquor and other atoohotic beverages on Sundays.

CAPT. MABRY S. KTRKCONNELL:
MF. PRESTDEETT:
been duty moved and seconded.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRET?':

Mr. Fresident I beg to second the motion.
Private Member's Motion No. $13 / 86$ has $I$ now invite the mover to speak to it.

Thank you sir.
Mr. Fresident, you will recall, as will Honourable Members of this House that some nine monthe ago approximately $y$ brought a aimilar motion before you. I feel now as I did then that this motion was not one which only reflected my own feelings, and those of a few members of the conmunity. Quite to the contrary Mr. President, when that motion was rejected last year I received a flood of telephone calls, personal calls and visits, letters voicing disappointment and deep concerm over the problem of the sate of liquor generat ly on these Istands, but in particular on Sundays.

Mr. President, since the pecent revision of the Sunday Trading Law, this ooncern has again been voiced time and time again, regarding the reckleso breakdown of our traditionat values, especially in the sale of liquor on Sundays, and its resultant havoc, of respect for and honouring of the Lords Day.

Mr. Pregident, this motion before the House is not only my motion, it is the motion of the majority of the Caymanian people, inctuding the people of Cayman Brac whose recent fight against the opening of another harroom was lost. A fight which was to help to keep peace and harmony in a community, was lost for the sake of pleasing a few people.

Mr. President, this motion expresses a deep concern on my part. We stand here and we talk about sooial problems. We talk about the neede of Government to find ways and meche of hetping to solve the problem of juvenite detinouency. We have admitted that the problem starts in the home, primarily that ie where the blame is laid, and Mr. President although I realise that the prohibition of the sale of tiquor on Sunday is not going to cure alt those problems, I want this Honourable House to ask the question, is it going to hurt, or will that prohibition create more problems, or will it help to etiminate some of them? Mr. Preeident, if one and I usuatly do not dmive through other distriots on Sunday, I am usually at home, or visiting someone in my ow district: just dxive by the places which dispense..... Ziquor on a Sunday, Mr. President to put it mildy, it is disgracefut.. The motion which $Y$ om bringing here Mr. Treaident io not something new, which even if it were, it would be very much in order because tiquor is our worst dmug at the moment, and in my counseling with many young peopis, on the use of cocaine and marijuana, time and again they have repeated it "Why you peopte make such a big thing over thits, when everybody olee can drink as much as they want".

MRS. DAPHIN L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): WOW MP. Fresident; when this is atcowed on Sunday, wan you shou me how on earth this Govermment can elapet to convince the matomity of young people around heres, that we see it as a real probtem?. This was a tradition, Mr. President it is not today that this thing has bothered mes it is not today that this thing has bothered the mafority of peonte on these. Istands, but the Govermment of the day determines what takes place as far as our thos are concerned. What is permitted, rests solely with the people who sit in this House. Nothing has been done Mr. President to tighten the laws. In faet, within the last year in mu opirians we have had
thess strength, the grip that we even had here to fowe has been lese strong. We have not oome doum on this evil Mr. Iresident, the way I feet this Goverment ought to.

Where does the votice of the Church, where does the voice of the ohristion conmunty; whot place does it have as far as Members of this House are concermed. Are we here to cater to a few peopte who openty and pubtically say they are siok of working hard, so they have got to find sonething whereby they can make money a little easier. Whereas Friday, Saturday and Sundry these fuvenites whom we tatk about in here whom we want a Judge for, are left almost pennitess, hungry, without a home. We talk about building homes, and we offer them in one hand what they need to destroy their lives, and on the other hand we aly while you do that I will build you a houee.

Mr. Fresident it is an evit. years apo we did not have it on Sundays, and I am here to tell you Mr. Fresident if it goes on until the last day that: I gtand in this House, something is going to be done about this problem, bocause I see it not only as tradition Mr. Fresident. There were come thingo which were not done on Sumdays, and I wish they stith are not done, but they are not a reali problem to me. For instance, I am not going to go up there ana bear young people apart because they play soceer on Sunday. Mind you, I know there are peopte in the neighboumood who are disrupted, they feel badty, and they wish the games ware not played on Sunday beaduse they have no time to rest. However Mr. Eresident. in that I cannot see an evit, I cannot see anything which is tearing down hwanity. I cannot see anything which is disrupting the family. I do not see anything that is oousing a mans, and nowadtys a womons to use her hard earmed money to go out there to pass it over the counter to somebody who isonty handing them back something whioh is kilting them slowty. It is Iust as well you give someone a little bit of areomie every time he goes in there.

Mr. Prosident this is a situation which is grave. The Christian oommuty in these Islands has to be recognted for somebody to oome to tell me that I an going to lose votes if this motion is passed, because some of my min supporters are invotped in selling liquor. I do not know that Mr. President. But even if they tre, that is not what I am here for, and cortainly, even if I were lere for that, they would have had six thye in which to earry or as much as they want. Now the firet day, Sunday, whioh is our day of rest and worship. you must have a place dirpensing tiquor open even longer hours thon the Chureh doors are open. Mr. Fresident, that is a arying shome. "On this Istand it does not wattex to me about a tourist. we give the tourist what he needs most, peace, tranquitity, friendliness, stability in an Island and not to forget gafety. It is not everywhere he an go now to find it. I do not have to movide liquor for him. Are you telling me, or is anyone in this Fhouse going to teltt me Mr. President that a person cannot sit in a restaurant and have a meal unless he or she has liquor to go with it, and this is the puny excuse which I am given as to why liquor is solit on Sundays.

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUTNG): Some of the places Mr. Prestdent, in order to get the iicence to selt on Sondays, they put a few sardwiches here, a hamburger there, and outside broken humanity is all over the street. It has wrecked certain communities in these Istands, and I know in particular in West Bay. I kave spoken of it before, school children have to pass drunken, ruined men on the street on theix way from school, and we sit here talking about "you cannot do it because it is going to dismpt and it is going to aquse peop te to hurt. "

Mr. President, I know that I am not here to single out any onabusiness, but I have been told that the business at the Airport ibult hurt if they could not selt liquor on Sunday.
Wr. President, I paid a dollar and twenty, cents Cayman for a glass of ioe with about one third of a can of Seven Up. Now th you tell me that they cannot make money if person is thirsty and he a annot get liquor, and he pays his dotzar and twenty cente ffro a third of a aon of seven th. and the man has made three dollars and sixty centes out of one ean of Seven Up, do not tell me they cannot make money.

Mr. President, I an to say here and now, If this motion is supported it wizt be the motion of everyone in this House. If it is not, it will be mine and the majority of Caymanians out there who are asking the question 'if you cannot buy a can of oombeef on sunday, why should you be attowed to go out and buy your liguor to help to destroy thise community?' Mr. Eresident, we are hurting socialty because we have taken the better thinge of tife, and thrown them to the wind, and we expect that everything in our lap wit⿳ be fond to be what we wont. I feel sorry for the Ilonourabte Firat Eleated Member of Executive Councit. I do not think I would want his position, at least not now. He has mu loyal and prayerful support for the Portfolio of Health, Education and Social Services. Beoause Mr. Fresidert. take a step butside this Legislative Assembly Bililding and his probtem starts right there. The mental health of men strong men who have been destroyed through the use of tiquor. I Khow Mr. President, and again I repeat it, that: gurtailing its sale on Sunday io not going to aiminate the problem. But I aan tell you this, it witl make the Christian oomminty in these Islande know, as well as those who do not ciall themselves Christians, that this Govemment at least sees that we have a problem, and winte to do something about it.

Mr. President, in the four years that I am here, believe me I am not seeking power. I an not seeking for. my nome to be spread alt over the newspaper, but belteve me, if I oan see a few humon beings who are being destroyed by this evit $r$ witt feet good about my stay in this House.

Mr. President, I live to worship God. Mr. Fresident I live to worship him, whe ther that worship takes place, or takes the form of working in this Housa for the betterment of my people. Whether it takes the form of living the life I ought to in my home, in my chureh, in my commurity. I live to worship God, Mr. President I am not looking for power, I am here to say that this is a serious problem. Traditionally we did not even hear of it on Sunday, and it has now got out of hand and untese we somehow rein this evit in at this moment, it is going to get worse and worse and worse. We are going to have a generation of drunkarde, adill need. Isay, what havoc, how mony deaths does one hear about on the roade today, where alcohol is not invotved. How many dissuptione in the home do you hear of where aloohol is not involved. Mr. Ppesident, I lost me of my dearest, closest friends since the tast time I brought this motion here, and she and I attended the funerat of a young mon who happened in both our Sunday school otaseses, who died as a resuit of tiquor. Mr. President this is not a joke, and one of the tast words she said to me was "Sister Daphne do not give up, beoruse every time I oome here, I hate it more, and I hate to see hom this Govermment takes it so lightly."

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT (CONYTNUIVG):Mx. reetdent, I dj not have time to joke in this place. I have got a lot of other thinga to do, but I an saying that here is a situation that this House needs to took at and reeds to Zook at now, and I hope that every Member in this House this evening wilt have something to soy whether it is for or against, because silence wilt mean consent.

Mr. President, with that I wolld like ta leave this motion with the Honourable Members of this House.

MR. PRFSTIDENT:
any Member wish to speak. The Firgt Eteated Menber for the Lesser fotands.

## DEBATH:

CAPT. MABRY S. KTRKCONNELL:
Mr. Mresident, I seoond this motion because I feet the time has come that we need to do something, that we ought to save our people. I have heard many Honourable Mambers heve in this previous Meeting debating the Sunday Troding Lew, who said that the reason they were supporting the sunday Trading law was in order that there would be a dat when the people would not be forced to be employed outside the home, so that the family could get together. That the family spirit would exist, parents would have time to counsel with theip ohildren, and oreate a better society.

I think Mr. Fresident, nothing is doing more to destroy this society which I think each and everqone of us here toray would like to see oreated, than the idea of licuor being oonsumed. not only sold but consumed on sunday, that day on whioh the majority of peopte do not work.

I feel that it is incumbent upon the Members of this Legislature to reatise that each and every toumist who ames to the Cayman Islonds, oomes here knowing that they are coming to the Cayman Istands whether it be Grand Caymon, Cayman Erac or Little Cayman. They are not expecting to find Miami Bectoh or Atlantic City or anything else. They come here specifically beoause they know what they ure coming for. I do not think cmy tcurist oomes here porticulariy because liquor is sold on sumday. I knou thiat they do oonsume it, but $I$ do not feel that it would be that detrimental to our tourist incustry. $?$ know that that is the greatest argument which I hear on the street. it would destroy our tourist industry over nught. I cannot buy that argument Mr. President, for I have been in mony langer hotets where Pacilities are made for that, whene there are smatl bars within the rooms. What I an conoemed about are the drunks, the intoxicated poople lying around the streets, disturbing Churoh semvices and what have you. It is not in keeping with ow heritage. I am proud of my Daymonian heritage, I had a Caymanion for a father and a Caymanian for a mother, and I am proud of both of them. Unfortwatety both of them have predeceased me, but their memory will always tive in my heart. I an proud of what they taught me, cna I aannot depart from that today. I feel Mr. Preeident, that we must take steps to help our youth. We do not have to go very far, or much further thon that whith we hove heard today, most of the social problems which have been discussed in these Frivate Members' Motions have been oreated, a lot of them, through ine use of druge and liquor. Alt of us have had an opportiontity to make a tiving in the Cayman Iszands. We have att been very fortunate. Some peopte have beoome addicted to atoohol and other addiations, and have not been able to take advantage of the oprortumities given to them. that is what I con concerned about Mr. Fresident, that we train up a chitd in the way they should go, and when he is otder he wilt not lepare from it.

CAPT. MABRY $S_{\text {. KIRKCONNELL ( }}$ (CONTINUING): I feel that if we make our effort now, to set our standards high the future generations witl be a much better people. I reatise that at my age that soon people will be looking at me and saying $I$ an indeed a seniox oitisen, and the young people whom I am turning today to proteat will be those sitting. in this Legislature, and making the taws which will govern me in the twilight years of ny life. If we have not given them the exarples which we felt were right, the laws whioh they make may not be what we want to live under in our senior and last years.

So Mr. President, I would ask Honourable Aembers, I know it is a controversiat motion, I understand the rearonsibilities which many Honourable Members shoulder in this House, but I do feel that our greatest responsibility is for the benefit and welfare of all the people of the Cayman Islands, and I do feel that the time has come when we must take steps to improve it. So I ask. Honowrable Members to give this motion their serioue consideration.

Thonk you Mr. Fpesident.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Third Offictal Member.
IION. IOHN LEMUEL IIURLSTON Mr. President; may I first of ail sir take the opportuity of ongratulating the honourable mover of Private Member's Motion No.13/8e, for articulating her presentation.
$I$ sympathise with this rather controvensiat and metimes emotionat topic. I had the hproptunity of doing a littlenbit: of reseanot myself on it within the last: iay or so, and in fact it was twelve months ago on the 29 th May, 1085 that this Honowrable House by a division, rejected a Erivate Member'e Motion, the substance of which is identieat to the motion before' us. On that decasion six there were ten 'Noes' and two 'Ayes' for that rejected motion.

Benawe tit is very dontroversiat, this particular piece of lagistation which secke to regutate the sole of atoohot within the rstands, tas been carefutty considered for a very long period of time, and the proivisions contained in the present Law have to be presumed to reflect the wisher of the majority of the elected representatives; when this new Law as enaoted. The present L(ai) was aseented to by His Excelleney the Govemor on the 12 th Aprit, 1985. The Government under these ciroumstonces, having given careful consideration to the matter, has no desire to entertain an amendment at this time, the effect of which would prove unacceptable to many persons in a variety of economic sectors in these Tslands.

The motion mentioned that 'Whereas liauor and other alcoholic beverages do not falt within the eategory of saleable items under the Gunday Trading Low,' I betieve Sir that if reference were to be made to that Low, one would find that indeed it does make referenoe to the Liquor Licensing Law, ond the provisions contained therein. Consequently, I do not think that there is anything ultra orives in relation to either piece of tegistation.

As the honourable mover conceded Mr. Fresident, the prohibition of alconotic beverages is not the most affective way of dealing with this problem. It is a known fact that we are oatering to a tourism industry; and one has to carefully oonsider whether hotels, restairants, more recently ootf courses and the like, would be able to not onty attract, but to repeat business if there was this general shonday prohibition. If we were to consider prohibition in relation only to bocat pesidents, we would be aceused of discrimination Fohibition, in the experience of some territories seems to have indieated an increase in the consumption levels on other days.

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON (CONTINUING): The answer therefore Mr. President in to not amend the law which now regutates the aate of aloonol, but in my humble view, a part of the answer lies in our Christian heritages whereupon our forefathers taught"us by axample and educations and with that education Sirs, we were armed with the knowledge that we could determine the difference between good and evit, and we could exercise our democratic right in making the choice of what to do with our respistive lives. Those of us who cheose to take the wrong path and ruin our lives with substance dibueg, or perhots those of us who are waker and not educated welt enowith to understand the inherent dangers of substance abuse. Perhaps I may suggest therefore Mr. President, that we consider ways and means, perhaps through the Churches, of stepping up our education of our population and education aimed ot giving them knowledge to use to their oum advantages to the advantage of themselves, their families and their commenties. Krowledge which will allow them the choice which most of the Christian Caymavions made long ago.

Mr. Preeident, we cannot acoept the
Thertion.
Does any other Member wish to speak?
MR. PREGTDENT:
In that case, does the Mover wish to exercise her right of reply?
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT: Mr. Prevident, I wish to thank the
First Elected Member for the Lesser Tslarido for his support, and I thank the Third Official Member for trying to outline the measons why Govermment at this time aloes not see fit to support the motion.

Mr. Frestdent, the Third Official Member has proved since he has been sitting in this House that he is a strond man. But what has been put formard todiy as Covermment's excuse is feeble.
Mi. W. MoKEEVA BUSH.
kind of bad.
Even on the Fension thing they were

MRS. DAPHNE L. OREFTY:
Mr. President, I do not think I got very much support from my cotleague from West thay, beoouse I think he was actually olapping on the desk when the verdiot was given from the other side of the House.

However Mr. Tresident, be that as it may, in this House as elsewhere words are to be weighed not counted. The Fonourable Member mentioned Mr. Irresident the faot that one of the reasone why dur aociety is being destroyed," and I take what he has said as coming from the Government $B$ sneh, parents not being with their ohitdren on Sunday is one of the reasons why our society is being destroyed. Mr. President, where are some of these parente? They are in the barroom Which this Government has allowed to be opened. The less avaitabte in. President, the lees the consumption. Do not tell me that tourists pere not attraced to the Cayman Istands before this took affect. I happen to have lived here for forty four prus yoare, and if anyone knowe anything about the toumisn industry in this Country. I ought to. That is a feeble and a puny excuse.

The atmosphere for touristo is not one in which they aan walk Seven Mile Beach ond ses drunken men pawing alt over ginle. parents with their chitdren and the obsoene fithy tanguage is strewn ath. over the place beoause they are bo drunk and fitthy they do not even know themselves what they are saying.

MRS. DAFHNE L. ORRETT (CONTINUING): I have lived in Larger oities Mr. Fresident, and not even in Zarger cities do you see every barroom open on Sunday, and in these tittin Islands which are traditionally known for their Christian heritage, we take this isoue and ome here to talk. about what we are going to do about our social problems. As I hane mentioned, otosing ox keeping bars and ather places from suling liquor on Sunday is not going to be a mure-alt, but it would certainty hetp to prevent some.

The Fonourable Third Official Memeber mentioned that we need to teach our ohildren. Perhaps the Church should take on a more active role; we have taken everything away from the church. They had at least in their, favoux, the fact that you could not put a bor within a cextain distance, we took that away. And you will tell me today that you mist ank the Churoh; I om not betititing the rote of the Church: or under estimating it. The Church does have a part to play, and we knen that in 1984 when we asked for their proyerfut support; and a few monthe after we were here we oc id"thanks" by taking aucy the quarter-mite timit.

Mr. Preaident, this Government cannot
axpect to receive the blessing of God or to ask for the blessina or the Church until they are uilling to be man enough to stand up for whathes right. Mr. Prosident, I go to Churoh on sunday; I oing in the ohoir; $I$ teach a sunday schoot class, but it takes more than that, it takee a lot more than that iwn. President and I do not need to repeat that. The day I leave here I'do not want my mame in any big letters, and believe you me I an not trying for it. Let me tell you Mr. president, I represent every faction of this oomunity, every area not least of which is the Christian communty in these Islands, and the Church is against this and the nembers knotit. But hecause we have a few staunch supporters who eay that they cannot make it inlees they eell liquor on Sundays, we are willing to see our young pente and everyone else go to waste in order not to hurt their foelinge.

One barroom manager asked the question, "I cannot understand how you ean close supermarikets and teave the bars open?" Now this was coming from a propmetor of a locat bar.

Mr. President, I know everybody has to make it, but you are going to tell me if there was any way in which a proprietor of a restaurant or a bar lost a few dozlars on Sunday, even a few hundred dollare on sunday, that would not be more sensibte. That would not be more like coming from Government who sees what soolal services really need in this Countrys that has some kind of a sociat consoience; that is looking at the generrition to oome. whioh is worse, puttina my ten dotlans into the bar managere hart, or the barroom ounews hand and letting that littte child go to school on Monday moming with no money.

My colleanue from West Bay does not sem to support me very much on this, but I have got this to say, that the some reason why we have so many two-by-four houses in west Bay and elsewhere is because of this same svil in this country.

MR. W. Mo KEEVA BUSH: You mast have been talking to the First
Official Member.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT: : I am talking to the Second plected
Member for West Bay, who was knooking on his desk, when the Official. Nember said he could not support it. That is who I am speaking to. In movinh this Mr. preatdent, I had no intention for it to apply to tocals onlly. A drunk is a drunk, whether he is on Americon or from TMbucktoc, or from Whet Baty, he is a drunk. If somebody visito your home, he witl not tett you what happens in your home. No Mr. President, he is a guest, he oits iwhere you put him, he eate what you give hims and he steeps in the bedroom in which you decido he is going to sleap.

MTSS. DAPHNE L. ORRETIT (CONTINUING): Now are you going to tell me that toumsts are going to come here and say what our tife style ts going to be. Mr. Fresident, I verture to say that "if the prohibition of the sale of tiquor was entertained in tints Fouse and in these Islands, we would not bese one per cent of our toumists who arrive in this Country. Hecouse, the day you get a toumist ooming here because he can get drunk. any time he wants, that showe exactly what kind of sootety we have, $T$ am sure they are not coming here for that Mr. Tresident, that is a poor excuse.

Educate our children - yes Mr. Fresident; we arn educate our chitdren t know that. But you know, I have seen some good, strong educated people go to waste through tiauor and other drugs. Educated Mr. Fresident, I cm tatking about going to ootleae and univengity, although I am not so stupid as to belisve that those people who are less fortunate, who do not have as much as other ones financiattys. who have to sleep in a two by four because a drunken father dectues that what he makes must go to the nearest barroom. I know some of those are pitifult, and we have to help them. I ractise that Mr. President, and there is a very positive reason for educating chitdren, a very positive reason. When a pereon has a good oducation he feels good about himselfs he has self-esteem, self motivation and believe it, he can go a long way. But Mr. President, it takes more than that. I am asking this Honourable House to tell me what good reason we had. I remember when this thing was changed Mr. President, it was one of those Americans who ome around you, who get to the bosom of some Caymanians, and he decided that everybody who came to his restaurant, was asking for sontething to drink, and believe you me when it hapened, it went tike witdfire, so why tittle piece of two by four barroom you see on the eomer now, pute a coupte of sandwiches on the ghelf and he an get a ticense to aett. tiquor on Sunday. Why the Christian community says "why, why, why are you doing it?" we come back to tell them that we might lose touriom. I hope you walk to every hospital and jail in this Country,s and took at every drunk who you see, and tell them that because we had to oater to the tourist, is the reason why they are there.

Mr. Fresident, I feel that this is a aubject on which this House and the Members of Government should have a consoience vote. It is a serious probtem. It is a shame and a disgrace. I hunt Mr. President when I think about it, beoauge when I think of the many motions which were brought to this House, even in this sitting speaking about social problems in some way interrelated, and we use a pung excuse why we cannot support this motion. Not the motion because it is coming from me Mr. Freaident, there are other motione whioh I could bring here, Zots of them. Eut I atready krow that Covermment has the wheels in motion for oome of the things which I would like to see done, so I do not make a $k$ ig thing of $i t$, of motion, motion, motion in this House. I already know that bovermment is in the process of doing some of those things which I want done. So not svery time you tiarn round, will you see a motion coming to this House from me. But Mr. President I feet that if we are going to addrees the social probteme in this Country, prevention has to be itpnot cure. When you stand before a Juvenite Judge you are clready in trouble.

Mr. Eneaident, believe me, one thing this Government will never have to look down on ma for and that is that it was ony sort of a traitor. Because betteve you me Mr. President, $I$ stand with the Goverminent, I do. But on this issuc, I must ady that it is a orying shome that we do not take a greater stand arairst this drus in our Countrma we take it too lightly. Every time somehody is wheeled into a Church. head beoause of it, you hoar "something has got to be done," and we ame here to this House and relax the rules and the vegulations instoad of tightening them.

MES. DAPHNE L. ORAETT (CONTTNUING): Mr. President, even if evemybody in West Bay sold liquor, and they had to put me into thie House with their votes, may I tell you this sti, that the day, I stand before God, not one of them oan do anything for me. I have to stand there all alone and face the facte, Mr. President, and when I do the people of the Cayman Tslande witl not look upon me and say that I have not trisd in oome way to alleviate this problem.

Mr. Fresident, I leave this motion with the Honourable Members. What they do with it is their business, but I foet Mr. Fresident that this is serious enough to warront a conscience vote on the part of the Govermment Bench.

Mr. Fresident, 130 signatures from the little island of Cayman Erac; barroom right in front of their Churoh. Do you mean to tell mes that not even that made a difference, with four, five or aix people on the Liquor Licensing Board to say that we cannot do this, we just cannot do this. This Law on the books I an totd was such that if a Church group protested it, the Board had to took at it. in favour of the Church. Who is fooling whom?

Mr. President, $T$ am sorpy to say it. but this Govermment with have to ansuer to the people of the Cayman Istands for depriving us of what is rightfulty and justly ours, and I am saying today that there is no reat reason why bars should be oven on Stonday. It does not matter which restaurant it is. It can seli its meato on Sunday, even if it does not have tiquor to sell. Do you mean to tetl. me that everybody in this world is a drunkard - they cannot have a meal without drinking alcohol?. It is a serious state of affairs. isr. Prosident, if they cannot make any money out of it, that is a good reason to get out of the business and find sometning else. But what I an saying is this, a few people on these Islands will get rich, even if it destroye everybody else.

Mr. Fresident, It do not know what excube
the Government is going to have in 1988, to ask the church to pray for them. But I think what they should do is to go back and say that they; would like the ir prayerfut support," and get some people to sit in there who know what:a soaical conscienoe is afl about. I wonder sometimes, Mr. Fresident if the Members of this House take the word of God as seriously as they, should. He says "if my people which are called by my Nome shall humble themselves." This is a little humbling experience lir. President. . It is not for bio shots on that side of the benoh to go to somebody who oimes a highofaluting restauront, and he asks them "what did you do about my liquor lioense for Sunday?" and you said to them "Wezt you know it is a bit humitiating". Eut Ne. President when you do what is right that is all that matters, even if you hurt your own mother. He said "if you humble yoursetves and pray and tum from your" wioked. wayo He would hear from heaven, He would forgive; He would heal." we have a siok sooiety here Mr. President. Walk along this street, and we have got young people in dmuge which you canot beliave. We talk about the Church educating them. Why do not we stand hand in hand, side by side with the Chureh and do att we oan to assist them? one dmag is as bad as the other. Of course, do not think that $t$ an so stapid as to believe that two wongs are going to make a right. What I am ayying is, aven in the United States Mr. Fresident, the Laws ooncerming the sate of alcohol are becoining so stringent, that you com get sued for serving too much in your home. Have a party, somebody leaves there intowicated and gets drunk or gats hurt on the road, you can be sued for it. The oge timit is moving up, bome moved it from 18 to. 21 and some have gone wo to 24, and statistics prove that the acoidents which are oonnected with drunken driving have gone down tremendousty since they have taken these steps. Mr. Fresident it is not a joks, it is a reaitty.

Mins. DAPHNE L. ORRETY (CONTINUTAG); This is something which we knom, so why play around it like something which we soutd take lighty - we oarnot do it. I do not understand why this motion has to eome back here a second time. But Mr. President, I lenve it with the House, and if it is not passed it witl oome bask again, and againy and again. The next time $I$ witl have perhape a slight tu different way of bringing it, I do not know juat how I an going to do it, but Sunday is going to be restored to the people of this Country, and this Housc might as well know it today.

7hank you very much.
IR. PRESIDENT: The question before the House is Private Member's Motion No. 13/86. I shall put that question.

QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES
WRS: DAPHNE ORFFTTT:
Mr. Fresident, this time $I$ would like
a division, thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT: Certainty.


MiR. FIREGDENT: I did say befope lunch that I was not proposing to take our oustomary afternoon break, but we have made such progress that if Members wish, $I$ think we reasonably could, I think we shall still finiah before four thirty.

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MON. MTCHAET J, BRADLEY; I think it is very dongeroue Sir.
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MR. PRESTDENT:
MR. D. EZZARD MTLDER: You mean that you are going to eat that muath Mr. Bradley?

HON. MICHAEL , BFADTEY:
MR. PRESTDENT:
'Me have alreary."
I think it is reasonable. Let us make it a quarter of an hown though, to surpend prooeedinfs for approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 3. 20 P.M. THE HOUSH SUSYENDED
HOUSE RESUMFID AT 3:35 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT: Wtease pe seated.
Private Member ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Motion No. 14/86. The
Flected Member for North Sirte.

## PRIVATE MEMBEF' ${ }^{\text {P }}$ S MOTTON NO. $14 / 86$ <br> $\frac{\text { APFOTNTMENT OF SELECI COMATTTET TO TNVESTIGATE }}{\text { REGULATION }}$

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, I wish to move Hmivate Mamber's Motion No. $14 / 80$, the Appointment of a Select Committee to Investigate Regulation Prooedures, whioh reads:

WHEREAS all Legislators ane responsible for the enactment. of lawe in the Cayman Islands;

AND WHEREAS regulations made under any law determine the effectiveness and form a signtificant and important part thereof:

BE IT THLHEFORE RESOLVED THAT the Legistative Asscmbuy appoint a Seleat Committee to investigate what procedures shoutd in future be fotlowed before regulations take offect.

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, I second the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
been dulu moved and secondect

MF. D. EZZARD MILLER;
Mr. Tresident, for many yerre in this
Country, paritamentayians have oonmZained because they did not have
input into the prooess of making regulations for laws.
I think the time has come where at. 2
legislators should have some form of input into what regulations beoome part of the law. Becauses the regulations are ueualiy the outhomitative mue or principle which dexts with the detaits and procedures for the enforcement of the tan, and regulations are rutes whioh have the same forae as a laul, sarcept that they are now made Ey the evecutive branch of fovermment, namety the Governor in Enecutive Councit, which power is gronted to them under the Constitution.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER (CONTINUING): we the other lecialatore who are not a part of Wracutive Council hove no input into the fomulation of these regulations, nor at present are we given and opportunity to approve or to veto these regulations which may be made under any law. ouite recently we had two very important $l_{\text {ous }}$ the Liquor Lieensing Law, 1985 and the Rehabilitation of Offenders Law. Had the tegislators been allowed input into the regutations which now falt under the Liquor Lioensing Law, acoording to the debate which This furt transpired in here, I an not sure how many of the reoulations would have made it into regulations, but at least we would have had an opportunity to voice and make imput into tham.

Mr. Fresident, regulations are not insignificant parts of the law. One clause and indeed one section of a tow may have several regulations made under that one section of that clause of the law. I think on some of the low books you witl find mone than 50 regulations dealing with one alause in the law, and Mr. Fresident, since alt the legiatators are responsible to the people who elected them for the enactment of these lows, thelisve that it is posoible under the present aystem for the Exeoutive branch to shange the intent of a tan. That is what we ae legislators voted for and intended the taw to do, and it might be chonged by regulations, simply because the regutations have put greater emphasis or greater focue on some particular part of the law, and therefore the enforcement of that law.

Mr. President, it is very difficult for us as legislators who have not been a part of the regulatory process under the Zau. Sometimes to justify the number and the content of regulations under the lows to our constituente, or aven to explain the intent of those regulations if we have not been a part of their devetopment.

We are responsible sir and hetd accountable by the people who put us here, to make tans to sotve the problems of this Countiy, to promote the development of this Country and I feet sir that the time has come when we alt should have input in some form or other, and this is what I would like, a Committee, if it is acoepted by Govermment to took at the different ways which would atlow the back-bench tegislators so to speak to have sone inpiut into the regutatory process under the zaut.

I ask Members to support the motion Six.
MB. TRESIDENT:
The motion is now open for debate. Does any Member wish to speak? The Honourabte First Official Member.

## DEBATE

HON. THOMIS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Fresident, I remember only too wett one of the first motions put before this House ly the Elected Member for North Side. We are stitl working on that motion Mr. Fresident, it is the motion dealing with the Economis Duelopment Plan.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLEE:
November though.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, I have not yet undertakon a task in my official capacity which I have not finished - it will be here.

What I was leading up to Mr. "President is that whenever this Member puts forward a motion, it sometimes results in a lot of time consumption and a lot of effort, but I feel Mr. President that the way in which Goverpnent has been oondicting its business in respect of regulations, it is not unusual or unurise to have a look and see what we are doing, in retation to many other Commonveat th oountries in dealing with regrulations.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON (CONTINUING): Mr. President, I hope they with not say this is a feeble exouse as welt, but if it is, it witl be a foctite exouse for accepting it.

I have no difficulty, nor does the Government have any difficulty in oonsidering as stated in the resotwe section of the motions the appointment of a Select Committee to investigate what procedures should in future be followed befone reguzations take effect. Since the resotive seetion Mr. Fresident does not catl for a select Conmittee of the whole House, I would suggest that the select Comittee be camprised of senior and experienced partitomentarians to begin with, and I would auggest the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town; The First Eleated Member of Executive Connoils, the mover of the notion the Elected Member for North Side; the Second Official Member and the First Official Member and perhape the Seoond Elected Member for West Bay.....

## Mr. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: We will have atready 'Zost then.

HOM. THOMAS C. JEGFEHSON:
..... the seconder of the motion. Thank you Mr. Fresident.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Does chy other Member wish to speak:
Fitue Second Elected Member for 'West' Buy.
MR. W: MoKEEVA BUSH: $\quad$ Mr. Fresident, as seconder of the motion Indeed give it futt support. I will tru within the best of mu ability to bring out what the reat intention of what I feel is, and which is onc of the reat intentions of the motion.

Mr. Eresident, all twelve of us, that is including the four whom we have eleated to sit on the Council, are responsible at the polle to the peov le of this Country for the actione of the Government. We sit in this sosembty ond we pass lawis affecting avery citizen of the Country, and when it omos to the regutations whioh witl govern these laws, the eight of us on this eide reatly have no exy. We never know the contente of regulations until they are passed by Ereoutive Council and gasetted, which brivgs them into force. "When regulations are unacoeptable to the people as a whole, the eight of us on this aide must stand out and take the public's anger when we reatly are in no way responstbie. It would perpaps help if the Members of Hcecutive Council could seek our input before these regulations are drafted. But under the present system of Govermment, and for reasons to satisfy that system, we are completely ignored.

Mr. President Sir, regutations which are sent to me concerning matters of grave signifioance, like the Caymanian Trotection Low, the Petroleum Law and others are just as big in quantity of sections as the law itself, and in some regulations a lot biager. For instance Mr. President, the Legal Fractitioners Low of $1986^{\circ}$ has 14 sections, and the Lealit Practitioners Regulations carry 26 eections. The Petroleum Law 1978 has 12 seotions, the Tetroletim Low regulations have 16 sections, and one section atone has of sub-sections. The Water Authörity Low reguzations carpy 44 seotions. Mr. Fresident, how aan we explain without sitting down and knowing the exaot reasone behind these things. How con we explain it to our people?

When we have a situation as presently
axista, where the intention of a taw which has so muoh bearing on tha political, economic and social well being of this Country can Be changed without the prior approval of us, the custodions of the peovte's might. I must wonder Sir whether this Zegistature, or thio bartioment ts not being retegated to mere formatity. Or what is better whlaretood as being a rubber stomp, which is not what the people expect from us as representatives.
in. W. MoKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): Let ue Mr. Fresident, for a minute oonsider what the position ie todat with rearard to the Assembly. Mr. President, atthough there is theoretioat power in the "embers alected here to overrute the Executive Connovt by the non-pasaage of whatever legistation it brings. This in practioe is not usuatly done because of two factors, one, the party syatem and al though we have no parties the system is here and is operated and which ensures that whenever there is a vote, (rovemment is sure to wing and fact two, their Executives are full-time officiale who have more information at. their disposal than the ordinary Members of the House. So in truth, and in fact, there is not in our system today any true form of cheok and balance as is needed by us today as a developing countm.

The Councit which writes these reguZations is made up of four elected Members and three appointed Civil Servants who do not have to give an account of their stevardahip to the electorate. To the contramy the eleated Member has to aive an acount, and that realty means that $I$ am oalled upon to give an aoount for something in which I had no part, and over which It have no control. So what we are seeking today in the pasoaye of this motion, and I m indeed happy to hear that the Government has acoepted it. I do not agree with the makeup of the Committee, as suggested by the Honourable leader of Govermment Business, because Mr. Fresident it is only putting myself and the mover, the Member for North Side in a bad position, we would not get anywhere. We would be over yoted every mirute. Hvery suggestion would be voted down in that Conmittee.
wel2.Mr, "rastant, they say I arr wrons in saying that, I think the Member suggested three from that side and two from thie side. Am I not right? Three and three, well that io a little bit better, but Mr. Eresident......

MR. PRESIDENT:
Ferhaps, it may be hetpful to the Member
If a Committe of that, or a simizar composition were to be appointed it would fall to me to appoint the Chairman of the Committee. I would normally sxpect to appoint one of the Members on that side as Chaiman, and it is the normat practice that the Chaiman does not wote in theoe Comittees, so there woutd in fact in effect be a majority from your side.

Mr. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, that is the key word 'normal'. But I teli you, I have been attending all the Committee Meetings Sir, and nothing is nomal there.

Mr. President, with the Member for Bodden Toun being on the Conmittee it is good, hut being a past Member of Council, I know that he has already apreed to support and kepp the status quo. I say that we move for an open Committee of the whole House: It might take long, but this is our duty and that is what we are here for. So, as $I$ was saying, lithat we are seeking is to have more say in the affairs of the Countiry, and why Mr. President shoutd we not have it; we who face the Country ctt the pothe, we who go out and tell our people to vote for us, we will be your protector and Refend them.

I do mot know what the draftemen of our wresent constitution had in mind. In fact, I can hardly velieve that they expected that eight of the people's rempesentatives would be completely ignored when regulations governing tows passed by this whote Asombly, are being drafted.


#### Abstract

MR, W. MCKEEVA BUSH (CONTINUING): It is onty we as Eitected Members of this Honourable House, the people's representatives responsibte to the people alone, who should ultimately legitimise any public action which is fundomental to our Countrig. But Mre resesident, for this to happen, there are some basic changes to be made, some reform to take place before we as the people's representatives can have that say, and we who have to deat with problems and face the put-offs Honeleoted officials should be bold enough to tetl our people the problems Which we encounter, and Mr. President, I am no longer going to stifle my feelings on this matter, fiust to satisfy the status quo.

Sir, att taws passed, provide for Dreoutive Council to make regulations. This I find is a very serious inroad into the authority of the Farliconent of any country, and a situation which I have been unhappy about for quite a long time. Mr. Fresident, I see the Conmittee, which this motion is trying to set up as considering all regulations and further considering whether the regulations are in acoordance with the general objects of the law, pursuant to which they are made, whether they unduly trespass on rights previously established by taw, and whether they contain matterg which in the opinion of the Committee should be properly dealt with as an act of this House.


MR. PRESIDENQ: $\quad$ Con I interrupt the Member for a moment. If I have understood him might, he is saying that he thinks the Committee which is being set up now is to look at each new set of regulations. That is not what the motion secks.

Mh. W. McKEEVA BUGI: : Possibty, sir.
MR. PRESIDENT: The motion aeke for a Committee to be appointed to took into future procedures.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresidents that is what $t$ see as might happen Sir. These are suggestions which I am putting forward.

MR. PRESIDENT: I just did not want the Member to be under any misaprehension. I thought perhaps he had misunderstood the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT: Certainty not Sir. I seconded it did I
not.
MR. PRESIDENT:
You did, but you might still have been
under a misaprehension.
MR. W. MOKEEVA BUSH:
Inglish than I do.
Yes Sir, beause some people speak different

MR. PRESIDENT:
quite sure that you were quite
HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. Fresident Sir, in plain English the Member is surety anticipating his input into the Committee.

That is quite might. So I wonted to make clear', and I om delighted to hear you are.

Mr. Fresident Sir, in plain fingtish the

And that is uneonetitutional, might.
But I understand you want to annend the

HON. MICHMEL J. BRADLEY: constitution. MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:

MF.:W. MeKEEVA BUSI:
MT. FRESIDENT:
for.....
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: yourself.

MT. PRESIDENT:
MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSH: House.

You underatand that $I$ want to amend it.
Order, order, I think it is $m y$ fault.....

Yes sir, you should reckon to behave
..... for leading red herraings.
He should not hrve that much say in thie

We should all behave ourgelves.
Anyway sir, if we believe in the supremary
MR. W. MCKEEVA KUUH:

Members should support this motion, of which the successfut passage witt, and can go a long way in giving us more say in the affairs of the Country. and hetp us to be more effective as representatives of the people.
I. again reiterate what I have said before, I feel that this Comnttee should not just be of three Members, of which something could already be set up, and we be awamped in that Committee. Let us have the whole House, where everybody would be responeible to attend. If they do not attond then that io another matter, but then not just three or four Mamers Sir. I do not betieve that that is correct.

Thank you vemy much.
MR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to speak?
Does the Mover wish to expreise his right of reply?
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Yes Sir.
Mr. Fresident, aftor so many defeats on motions in the tast 24, 36 hours I am glad Bir that Covernment has not forgotten how to say 'yes', and I guess the taste of viotory can be aweet after so many defeats.

I have no problem six with the Committee as recommended by the Honourable First Official Member. My onty hope Sir, is that we can get active as soon as possible, and have the report here for the Sitting in September.

Thank you sitr.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The question is that Erivate Member's iMotion No. 14/86 be passed. If that motion is passed, then it will be for the House to appoint the Select Committee in terms of Standing. Order 69(1), and I think perhape it will be best if I put two questions. Firstly, does the House arprove the motion ard secondly, if the House does, does the House approve the proposed oomposition of the seleet Conmittee?

QUESTION PUT: AYES AND NOES

HON. MICHAEL I. T3FADLFEY:
MR. PRESTOENT:

Moy we have a eoront Sir.
Yes, Hou certrinty may.

DIVISION
NO. $2.3 / 86$

Hon. Thomas C. Jefferson
Ilon, Michael J. Bradley
Hon. John Lemuel Hurtoton
Hon. Benson O. Ebanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkconnell
Mr. Mokeeva Bush
Mrs. Daphne Lh. Orrett
Mr. Linford Eierson
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkeonnell
int. D. Ezzard Mitler

Mr. G. $\frac{\text { NOES }}{\mathrm{Havg}}$ Bodden

MR. G. IIAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, I uould just tike to add that it was only because I had a sore throat that I did not debate the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT: Bo. I therefore declare that the House has appointed the First Ofiteial Members the Second Official Member, the First Elected Nember of Nxecutive Council, deapite his vote the Second Elected Member for West tay.....

MR. W. McKEEVA BUSH: Yee Sir, I with certainly serve on the Committee, but I do not agree with the makeup.

MR. PRESIDENT:
That is riaht. The Second Elected Member for Bodden Town, and the Blected Member for Morth Side, to serve on that Committee.

STANDING ORDER 6G(2)
APYOINTMENT OF CHATRMAN TO SELFCT' COMMTTIEE RE: I'HTVA'E MEMBER'S MOTION NO.14/86

MR, PREGIDENP:
It does fall to me in accordance with Standing Order 69(2), to nominate the Chairman, and I nominate the Honourable Firet Official Member to be Chairman of the Committee.

That concludes Erivate Members' Motions. The only remaining item on the Order Faper is a statenent.

## PRESENTATION OF FAFERS AND REFORTS

HON. CAPT. CHARLES KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident, at the first meeting of the 1986 Session of the Legislative Assembly, Frivate Member's Motion Ho. $5 / 86$ was passed on the $12 t$ th March, 1486. The Motion reads:

WIIEREAS the retait cost of propme gas, qasoline and electricity has recently been increased;

AND WHEREAS it has been alteged that the increase was due to higher licence fees;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Govermment appoint a special. committee to establish the facts and to report back to the Legislative Assembly

Mr. Fresident, it now beg permission to lay on the Table of this Honourable House the Report of this speoial Committee, appointed by Government under the terms of Motion Mo.5/86, and to thank all Members on behatif of covernment who served on the Committee.

MR. PRESIDENT: So ordered.
That concludes our business. It pemaine perhaps onty for me, before inviting the Honouratile First official Member to move the adjoumment, to thank all Members for their assistance to the Chair throughout this short Meeting. A mumber of the topics under discussion have been emotive and aometimes speeches have been motionat. But even so, all Members have throughout shown tmfailing oourtesy to the Chair, and in general, good humour and courtesy towards one another, for all of which 5 am most grateful, and I would like to wish all of you a very happy summer, on the assumption that we may not be meeting again until september. I think the lst September, unlees something unexpected happens to make it neceseary to eati an earitier mesting.

## ADJOURNMENT

## FOM. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: <br> this House sine die.

AS. PRESSIDENT: $\quad$ I think we noxmallu move it now-a-days intil the date we have fined, and that avoide comp tioations later. . I think if you would nominate the 1 st September, that would be better

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Yresident, I move the adjourment of this House until the Int September, 1986.

MFT. FRESIDENT:
The motion before the Houed is that this Ho ise do now adjoum untit 1st September. 7986.

GEBTION PUT: AGHFED. $\frac{A T 4: 10 \text { P.M. TIIE DOUSE ADJOURNBD UNTIL }}{10: 00 A \cdot M . M O N D A Y, ~ 1 S T ~ S E P T E M B E R, ~} 1986$.

## MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE TREATY

## SIGNTNG CEREMONY

## THURSDAY 3RD JULY, 1986 <br> 11.30 A.M.

PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOF, MR. G. PETER LLOYD, CMG., CVO - PRESENT
GOVERNMENT MEMBERS
HON. THOYAS C. JEFFERSON, OBE., JP FIRST OPFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOK FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT
HON. MICHAEL, J. BRADLEY, QC., LL.B SECOND OFFTCIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION
HON. LEMUEL J. HURLSTON, JP. THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSTBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
MEMBER FOR HEALTH, EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVICES
MEMBER FOR TOURISM, AVIATTON AND TRADE

MEMBER FOR COMMUNICATTONS, WORKS AND DISTIRICT ADMINISTRATION
MEMBER FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCBS

ELECTED MEMBERS

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH

MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON, JP.
CAPT. MABRY S. KTRKCONDELL
IR. D. EZZARD MILLER

ABSENT:
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN
Mir. G. HAIG BODDEN

MR. JOHN B. MCLEAN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FYRST ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF WEST BAY
SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS ELECTED MEMBER FOR TEE FTHYE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE

FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE POURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN SECOND ELECTED MEMBER POR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF EAST END

## MLAT SIGNING CEREMONY

## THURSDAY 3RD JULY, 1986

11:30 A. M.
H.E. THE GOVERNOR:

Minister, Mr. Under-Secretary, I betieve
that this is the first time a Treaty has ever been signed jointiy by a Minister and a Govemor. But not only that, it is also the first time that a Minister from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office has visited these Islands. So the occasion is doubtly historic, and we are honoured that today's eeremony is taking place here. May $I$, on behalf of my Government, welcome all of you who are visiting us for the occasion: it is a special pleasure to have you.

It is a pleasure, too, to be signing a Treaty which should help provide a solid foundation for the further development of the termitory's finoncial industry. The signature of the Narcotics Agreement, two years ago, made plain that we were determined to deny sheltex to drug traffickers. The present Treaty is evidence of our determination to fight all serious orime.

Moxeover, its mutuality is most welcome. For we here are increasingly concerned about the problems caused by drug abuse. We need all the hetp we can get to tackle them. And we therefore look forward to the additional assistance which should become available.

In conclusion, I should like to present you, Minister, and you, Mr. Under-Secretary, with small gifts as mementos of this occasion.

MR. TIM EGGAR:
Governor, Mr. Inder-Secretary, it gives me very great pleasure indeed to be here in the Cayman Islonds to sign the Mutual Legal Assietance Treaty on behalf of Her Majesty's Govermment. Not only is this the first time that a Minister of a Foreign and Commomvealth Office has been here in the Islands, but it is the first time that a Treaty, I think, has ever been signed in such idyllic sumoundings; and indeed, I am told that it is the first time that a Treaty has ever been signed in these Istands. The Treaty is of course a milestone in mutwat legal assistance and co-operation between our three Governments in what is of course, a war against international crime. But, I think it is not going too far to say that it is also a milestone in the development of intemational relations more generally.

This is the first Treaty of its sort that the United Kingdom has conctuded with any other Foreign Govermment. I think the Treaty is particularly significant, because it triss to tackle a problem thrown up by the increasing ease of conmmications and sadly, the increasing ability of criminals to move their ill-gotten assets around the world. I an sure that everybody here is well oware of the differences that exist between the British and the US Govermments on the subject of extra-territoriality. I am not trying to resolve at those differences today, but I do think that treaties such as the one we are just about to sign helps solve the problems that might otherwise only be deatt with by the United States through extra-territorial application of their law in a manner which would not be acceptable to my Goverment or indeed to other Govermments.

MR. TIM EGGAR (CONTINUING): Against that background we hope that this Treaty will set a patterm for other similar treaties, perhaps in other parts of the Caribbean and elsewhere.

Sos Mr. Governor, in paying tribute to sveryone who has worked so hard to bring this Treaty into being, I am very conscious of its great inportance: great importance, not only for these Islands, but for other Islands and for my own oountry, the United Kingdom. I know that everybody concerned with the Treaty have put a great deal of effort into the detailed negotiations. I pay tribute to the United Kingdom team who have represented my Government, but I am also, of course, very gratefut to the United States and the Cayman teame for their determined efforts to solve, what have been a number of difficult issues.

I an very sure that the Treaty witl help to sstablish the Caymon Islands even more firmly as a stable centre for genuine offshore finanoe by providing a suitable framework for legai oo-operation with the United States.

As I have indioated, this Ireaty takes us into wnoharted waters. It will take close co-operation, patience and a willingness to understand the intentions and difficulties of each side to make this Treaty work effactively. But, I take aomfort from the smooth operation of the 1984 Narcotics Agreement, which was due in no small part to the determination of the Cayman Islands not to allow their texritory to become a refure for the proceeds of crime. That Agreement, the Narcotics Agreement, was itself a landmark in the international fight against ding trafficking, a subject for which I have partioular responsibility in the Foreign Office, and to which I am convinced, all democratic Govermments are going to have to pay an increasingly greater attention to. As I say, Mr. Governor, this Treaty bringe us into whoharted watere, but such waters I cm oonvinced, need hold mo terror for the people's of these. Islands.

Thoonk you.
MR. RONALD I. SPIERS: Excellency, Minister, Honourable Members of the Erecutive Cowneit, my colleagues from the Foreign and Cormonwealth Office and our Departments of State and Justice, it is hard for me to conceal my delight in being able to visit this lovely Island to participate in a ceremony with oonsequences of substantial importance to the United States, and I think, to the other signatomies in this Agreement.

This Treaty, as my collsaguee have recognized, is the first of its type that the United States and the United Kingdom have conctuded. It is a tangible, and I believe significant manifestation of the commitments of our two countries, and I include the Cayman Islands, to work co-operatively in our respective efforts to combat crime, and to find practical means of bridging our differences. It is a mode $t$ of co-operation, as was its antecedent. the Narcotics Agreement, which was signed in London in July of 1984.

The Narcotics Agreement as you may know, has been very effective in assiating United States drug enforcement interests. As foxeseen by its terms, that Agreement has led to the negotiation and signature today of a broad mutual legal assistance Treaty in criminal matters.

I recall that at the July, 1984 signing ceremony for the Narcotics Agreement in London, then Minister of State Malcolm Rifkind proposed that similar agreements be entered into between the United States and the United Kingdom with respect to the remaining United Kingdom Caribbean dependeneies. That offer was reaffirmed by Her Majerty's Government in June of last year. The United

MR. RONALD I SPIERS (CONTINUING): States is pleased and heartened by this offer to conotude dmug co-operation agreements whith these
jumisdiotions.

In fact, the second such agreement, which will be applicable to the Turks and Caicos IsLands, will shortly be ooncluded in Washington. We are also encouraged by the fact that these additional drug co-operation agreements are also intended to lead to the adoption of broader law enforcement treaty relations as well. We soe these developments as continuing examples of the invaluable co-operation we have received from Her Majesty's Govemment on anti-narcotics and other law enforcement matters. We are also convinoed that the Government of the Cayman Islands should acoept the credit it deserves for being in the forefront of this importont movement.

So, we would like to take this opportumity to expressed our profound gratitude for the significant law enforcement assistance that the Caymon Islande authorities have been extending to the United States, long before this Treaty was concluded. We are confident that the Treaty, like the Narcotios Agreement before it, will contribute substantially to law enforcement co-operation between our oountries..

Your Excellency, on behalf of the
United States Govermment, I take great pleasure in my ability to participate in aigning this Treaty with the United Kingdom Govermment and the Govermment of the Cayman Islands.

Thank you.

IRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD; GMG, CVO - FHESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| WO\ THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE', JP | FIRST OFRIEIAL MEMBER N'ESTONSIELE FOR FINANCE AND DEVBLORMENT |
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| HON MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC, LL. 3 | SECOND OFFTCTAL, MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| ION JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON, JF | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER REGFONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFATRS |
| TON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMPER RESFONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION STD SOCIAL SERVICES |
| LOM W.NGRMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMTER RESTONSIBLE FOR TOURESM AVIATION ANV TRADE |
| Ho CAPP CHARLES L KItikCONDELL | MEMDER RESFONSTELE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTHATION |
| BOR VASSEL G TOHDSON: CBE, JP | MEMBER FESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELORYENT AND NATVAAL RLSOURCES: |

## ELECTED MEMBERS

| Sh MoKEEVA:BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOH THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRIOT OF WEST:BAY |
| :---: | :---: |
| MFS DAPHDE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER: FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| Th LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTOHAL DISTETCT'OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CIUT MABHY S KHRKCOHELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBEH FOR $4 H E$ THIRD ELECTUTAL, DISHRICT OEFLESSER ISLANDS |
| M M MMES $M$ EODDEN | FTHST ELECTED MEMBRR FOR THE FOUFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| ME GAIG BODDEN | SFCOND ELECTED MIMDER FOH THE FOUFTH ELECYORAL DISTRIOT OF DODOEN TOWN |
| W: DEZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBEH FOR THR FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTKICT OF WTHTH STDE |
| M 9 OHN B McLEAN | ELECTED MEMEER FOK THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |

CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPER

THIRD MEETTNG OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE
LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY
(FIRST DAY)
MONDAY, $1 S T$ SEPTEMBER, 1986

## 1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE.
2. PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS
(i) CAYMAN TURTLE FARN (1983) LIMITED - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1986 TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
(ii) REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS GOVERMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1985 TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, FINANCIAL SECRETARY AND LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.
(iii) REPORT OF THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE ON THE REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1985, TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHAIRMAN, THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN.
3. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIIONS WORKS AMD DISTRICT $\bar{A} D M$ MNISTRATION

NO. 50: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMBER SAY WHETHER IT IS THE INTENTION OF GOVERNMENT TO DESIGNATE THE AREA KNOWN AS WHITE HALL BAY BY THE LANDING KAMP AS A PART OF THE PORT OR A NAVIGATION CHANNEL, AND IF THE ANSWER IS NO, WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMBER SAY WHETHER HE IS AWARE OF NEAR ACCIDENTS THERE BY FISHERMEN DUE TO SNORKLERS DIVING IN THE AREA AT THE SAME TTME?


THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NOFTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED
MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL FRESFONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATFTON AND SOCTAL SETVICES

NO. 56: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATY WHAZ AUTHORTTY THE HEALTH PRACTITIONERS BOARD HAS TO REFUSE TO LICENCE GENERAL PRACTTTIONERS WHO FOSSESS DEGREES OR DIPLOMAS WHICH IT HAS APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 7(2) OF THE HEALTH PRACTITIONERS LAW?

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELEETED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTI RESFDNSTBEE FOR TOURISM AVIATTON AND TRADE

NO. 57: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBERT STATE WFIAT: ARE THE LOSSES ON CAL'S TAMPA ROUTE FROM GOMMENCEHENT TO 31ST IULY, 1986 AND THE LOSSES ON CAL'S CAYMAN BRAC HOUTE FROM 1ST JANUARY, 1986 TO 31ST' JULY, 1986?

THE FIRST ELECYED MEMBER FOR BORDEN TOWN TO ASK TEE HONOUKABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUZTVE COTNCIL RESPONSIDLE FOR TOUNISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. 58. WILL THE HONOURADEE MEMBER GIVE IHE AVERAGE MONIT-BY-MONTH PERCENTAGE LOAD FACTORS FOR 1986 ON CAL'S SCHEDULED ROUTES and also include the averages on the tampa route?
4. GOVERNMENE BUSINESS

BILLS:
FTRST AND SECOND READINGS
(i) … THE CURRENCY (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1086
(ii) THE PORT AUTHORITY (AMENDMENI) BILL, 1980
(iii) THE TAX COLLECTTON (AMENDMENT) BLIL, $19 B 6$
(iv) THE SUPPLEMENIARY APPROPRIATION (1985) BILL, 1986

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10：00 A．M．

ME．PRESIDENT：

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MR．FFEXIDENT
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MR．LINFDRE A PTEACDK






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## ACKHOWLEDEEMENTS











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#### Abstract

ANSWER：    


## SUPPLEMEMARIES：


















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MR，ERESLEEAT：
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MR. JAMES M. RODDEN: Codid the tember adxise tra Houser





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CAET: MEEFY E. KIBKCDHELS:
Mr. Fresiagnb a supplenentery.







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#### Abstract

  

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Mr. LINFORE A. EIGESDOA










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#### Abstract

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ME. FESECDERT:









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## ADVUFTUMET

HDN THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:





(SECOND DAY)

EMLSENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETET LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| FOR THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICTAL MEMBER RESTONSIRLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL o BRADLEY, QC; LL. $B$ | SECOMD OFFICIAL MEMBEI RESFONSIBLE FOR LEGAJ ADMINISTRATION |
| HON f LEMUEL HURLSTON, JF | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL: AND EXTERNAL AFFAISS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESFONSIBIE FOR HEALTH RDUCATYON AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| İO W NORMAN BODDEN | MEMBER RESTONSTBLE FOR TOURTSTM AUIATTOAT AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KTRKPONNELL | MEMBEK GEGFONGTRLE FOF COMMUNICATITONS WOHKS AND DISTPICT: ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CEE, JT | MEMEEF RESFONSIBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT ANI NATURAL RESOUFCES |


|  | MEMBERS |
| :---: | :---: |
| MF W MekEEVA BUSH $\overline{-}$ - | SECOND ELECTED MEMAER FOR THB FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICI OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THITRD ELHCTED MEMBET FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTFICT OF WEST BAY |
| M: LINFORD A PIERSON, JF | SECOND ELECTED MEMBBR FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAYY MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIKST ELECTED MEMBETP FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FOURTH ELLECTORAL DISTRYCT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| ITi G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTEO MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EODDEN TOWN |
| MP D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FTFTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF NORTH SIDE |
| H JOHN $B$ MoLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTOHAL DISTRICTOR EAST END |

CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER FAPER

THIRD MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
(SECOND DAY)
TUESDAY, ZND SEFTEMEER, 1986
7. PRAYERS

TO DE READ BY THE SECOND ELECITD MEMEER FOR WEST BAY.
$\therefore$ PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REFORTS
THE FIRST RKFORT OF THE 1986 SESSION FROM THE STANDING SELECT COMMITTEE OF IHE WHOLE HOUSE ON STANDING ORDERS TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE' BY THE CHAIFMAN, THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICTAL MEMBER, LEADER OF GOVERAMENT EUSINESS;
3. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS

TILZ FIRST ELECTED MEMBEE FOF BODVEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURADLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF RXECUTIVE CUINGIL PESFONSTBLE FOR TOURISM AVTATTON AND TRADE

WO. 59: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHAT IS THE FRESENT AFPRAJSED VALUE ON CAL'S TW BOEING 727 AIRCRAFT AND WHAT IS THE AMOUNT STILL OHED ON THEM?

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURALLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. GO: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBEF STATE WHETHER RECENTLY EMTLOYED FLIGHT TERSONNEL ON CAL JETS MET ALL THE STANDARDS SET BY I'HE COMTANY FOR EMPLOYMENT' AND SUCCESSFULLY PASSED ALL REQUTFED EXAMINATIONS?

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK ITHE HONOUFARLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESFONSIDLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. G1: WOULD TIE HONOURABLE MLMBER STATE WHAT RZMUUERATION AND BENEFTI'S AFE' TAIL TO THE PRESENT CHAIRMAN OF CAL?

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSTBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT AND NATUKAL FESOURCES

NO. G2: WILL THE HONOURABLE MLMBER STAY'E WHETHER IS IS THE INTENTION OF GOVERNMENT TO CONTINUE THE FAEM ROADS IN EAST END INTERIOR AND, IF SO, HOW SOON?

NO. 63: WILL THE HONOULABLE MEMBER STATG WHETHER IT IS GOVERNMENT'S INTENTION TO CONTINUE WORK ON UFGRADING CHADNELS IN THE EAST END DISTRICT AREA AND, TF SO, HOW SOON?
FO. 64: WILL THE HONOURABLE MENBEK STATE HOW SOON IT IS ANTICIFATED THAT CATTLE DIPS WILL DE CONSTRUCTED IN THE EAST END DISTRICY' AND OTHEF DISTRTCTS RESFECTIVELY?

THL SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TO ASK TIIE HOMOUזARLE FIRST ELECTED MENBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESFONSTBLE FOTR HEAES'I EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 65: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE HOW MANY STUDENTS ARE IN EACH CLASS AT THE FRIMABY SCHOOLS; AT THE MIDDLE SCHOOL AND AT THE CAYMAN ISLANDS HIGH SCHOOL?
$\therefore$ GOVERNMENY BUSINESS
BILLS:-

|  | COMMITTEE' ON BILLS |
| :---: | :---: |
| (i) | THE CURRENCY (AMENIMENT) BILL, 7986 |
| (ii) | THE PORT AUITHORITY (AMENDMENJ) BILL, 1986 |
| (iii) | THE TAX COLLECTION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986 |
| (iv) | THE SUPTLEMENTAPY AFPRORIATION (1985) BILL 1986 |

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(v) THE CURRENCY (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1096
(vi) THE FOKIT AUTHORITTY (AMENDMENT) BTLLL, 1986
(vii) THE TAX COLLECTION (AME'NDMENT) BILL, 1986
(viii) THE SUPPLEMENTARY AKPROFRIATION (1985) BILL, 1980

## TIIRD READINGS

(ix) THE CUIRENCY (MMEWDMENT) BILL, 1986
(a) THE FORT AUTHORITY (AMENDMENJ) BTLL, 1980
(xi) TTE TAX COLUECTION (AMENDMENI) BILL, 1906
(xii) THE SUCTLEMENITAY AERROMFIATION (1085) BILL, 2986

FIRSTY AND SECOND READIDGS
(xiii) THE MUIUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE (UNIY'ED STAAES OF AMEHTCA) BILLL, 1986

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## TUESDAY

2ND SEPTEMBER， 1986
10：00 A．M．

MR．PRESIEENT：
West Bay．

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## PRAYERS








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## PRESENTALION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS

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#### Abstract

    





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## REPQRIS_ON BILLS

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## ADJOURNMENT


MB. PEEESDEGTB




(THIRD DAY)

| ERESENT WERE: |  |
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| HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LIOYD, MMG, CVO - PRESIDENT |  |
| COVERNMENT MEMDERS |  |
| IION THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC, LL. B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPOMSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOB INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON BENSON O EEANKS | MEMBER FESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, OBE | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR TOUEISM. AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATTONS WORKS AND DISTIRTCT ADMINISTEATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESFONSIDLE FOR DEVELOFMENT ARD NATHRAE FESOURCES |
| ELECTED MEMEERS |  |
| MR W MoKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE FIRST ELECYORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| IF: LINFORD A PIERSON, IP | SECOND ELECTED MEMAER FOR FTGE SECOND ELECTORAL DFETRICT OF'OEORGE IOWN |
| CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTITCT OF LESSER TSLANDS |
| MIT JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMAER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTFICTT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MF G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE FOURTH EEECTOKAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWW |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTOFAL DISTRTCT OF NORTH SIDE |
| T JOHN B MCLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |

CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER FAPER
THIRD MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OR THE LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY
(THIRD DAY)
WEDNESDAY, $3 R D$ SEFTEMEER, 1986

## 1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMIER FOR GEORGE TOWN.
2. PRESENTATION OF PADERS AND REFORTS

FROCRESS REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY TO INVESTIGATE ALLEGATTONS OF INEQUTTTES AMONGST TAXIS AND OTHER CARRIERS - TO BE LAID ON THE TADLE BY THE CHAIRMAN, THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

## 3. QUESTTONS TO MEMEERS

THE FLRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR DODDEN IOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESTONSINLE FOR DEVELOFMENT AND MATURAL RESOURCES

NO. 66: WOULD THE HONOURADLE MEMDER SAY WHETHEH GOVERNMENT IS CHECKING TO DETERMINE IF ANY OF THE AERIAL SPRAYS USED BY MOSQUITO RESEAFCH ARE HARMEUL TO HUMANS IN VIEW OF SO MANY CHEMICALS BEING BANNED FOR USE IN THE USA BUT ALLOWER TO BE IMPORTED?

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR: BODDEN YOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFTCIAL MEMBER QE EXECUTIVE COUNCTL RESFONSTBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT

NO. 67: COULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER SAY IF THE RECENTLY SIGNED MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE TREATY BETWEEN THE UK AND USA WAS A PART OF ANY OTHER AGREEMENTS CONCLUDED BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS?

THE EIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR RODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. 68: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHAT WAS CAL'S TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE FOR THE 1985 TO 1986 FINANCTAL YEAR; WAS THERE A PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR AND WHEN WILL THE AUDIT BE AVATLABLE?

THE ELECTED MEMDER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBEK OF EXECUTTVE COUNGIL RESFONSIELE FOF TOUFISM AVIATION AND TRADE

NO. 69: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMIER SAY WHETHER THE DEPARTMENT OF tourism has entered into an agreement with fleasure bOATING MAGAZINE TO FFOMOTE THE ADVERTISING IN THE ISLANDS AND, IF SO, WERE THE NECESSARY TRADE AND DUSINESS LICENCES GRANTED?

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST EID TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXEOUUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSTELE FOS DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

NO. 70: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMBEF STATE WIETHER GOVERNMEH' HAS GRANTED OR IS NEGOTIATING A FRANCHISE TO ANY COMPANY OTHER THAN THE CAYMAN WATER COMPANY FOR THE DISTRIDUTION OF Water giving details of any such franchise, including WHETHER GOVERNMENT HAS AGREED TO PUNCHASE WATER FROM THAT COMPANY AND THE DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED FURCHASES?:

IHE ELECTED MEMBER FOR EAST END TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIFST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESFONSTBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATTON AND SOCTAL SERVICES

NO. 71: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMEER STATE WHETHER IT IS THE INTENTION OF GOVERNMENT TO COMPLETE AND FENCE THE PUBLIC FIELD IN EAST END THIS YEAK?
$\therefore$ GOVERMAENT BUSINESS
BILLS:-

> CONTINUATION OF SECOND READING DEEATE ON THE
> MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE
> (UNITED STATES OF AMEFTCA) BILL, 1986

The Honourable Fourth Eleoted Member - to continue.

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MR．EBESEDEGT：



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MR. VAMES M. BODDEN:























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MR. FRESTDENT:


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MA. W. MEEEY EUSHF








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## SUPPLEMENTARIES




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ME. NAMEC M- EDODEN:

HDN. VASSE. G. WQUGOTE

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VF. FEESGEGU:






MR: FEGEIDEN:


HON. VASSEL E. JOHNSON:





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MA. SAMES M, BODEEN:







HON VASEEL E. YDEMOA. A


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#### Abstract

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MR: PRESIDEMT:





MR_ PREMIDEMT:
























































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MR\& PRESDDET:












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MR. EEESDENTS




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(FOURTH DAY)

TRESENT WERE:
HÍs EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G FETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR EINANCE AND DEVELORMENT

SECOND OFFTCIAL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMIMISTRATION

THITRD OFPTCIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

FON BENSON O EBANKS $\quad \because$ MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATIOV IND SOCIAE SERVICES

MEMBER RESTONSIBLE FOR IOUFTSM IVIATION AND TRADE

MEMEER RESFONSILLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOH DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

ELECTED MEMBERS

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOH THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY

THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRGT ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY

SECOND E'LEC'IED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN

FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS

FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELLECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TVWN

SECOND GLECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN

ELEECTED MEMBER FOR THE FTFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END

CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGGSLATIVE ASSEMBLY

OFDER PAEER
THIFID MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATTVE ASSERGLY
(FOURTR (IAY)
THURSDAY, $4 T H$ SEETEMEER, 1986

## 1. IPRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE SECOW ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN.
2. QUESTIONS 2O MEMDERS

THE ELECTED MEMBEF FOR FORTH STLE YO ASK THE HONOURABLE FTRGT ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNTE RESPONSITLE FOR BEATTH EDUCATION AND SOCIML SERVICES

WO. 56: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMTR STATE WHAT AUTHOHTTY THE HEALTH RRACTITTONERS BOARD HAS TO REFUSE TO LICENCE GENERAL FHACTTHTOTHPS WHO EOSSESS DEGREES OR DIFLOMAS WHICH IT HAS APPROVED TN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FFOVISIONS of section 7(2) of the heslath practintonais law:

ZHE FIFGT ELECTED MEMAER FOR EODDEN TOWH TO AGK THE HONOURANLE FTRST OFFICIAL MEMEER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSITLEE FOE FINANCE AND DETVELOFMENT

NO. 72: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMER STAT STATE WHAT IS THE CURRENT RESERVES OF THE COUNTRY, THE CUFIRENT BALINCE DF GOVERNMENT REVENUE FOR THE YEAR AND HOW DOES IT COMPARE WITH THE SAME PERIOD IN 1984 AND WHAI' TS GOVEINMENT'S PHESENT OVEADHAE'T POSTITON?

THE FIPST ELECTED PEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ISK THE HONOURABLE SECONL ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTYVE COUNCIL BESFONSIELE FOH TOUKTSM AVIATION AND TKADE

NO. 73: COULD THE HONOURAELE MEMBER SAY TF GOVETNMENT WILL SET UE A CONSUMER FROIECTION FOARE TO GUARANTEE THAT MROUUCTS SOLD CONFIRM TO THETh LISTED DATE LIFE AND THAT ITEMS OUTLAWED BY THE FDA IN TYE USA AFE NOR SOLD FOR IUUMAN USE?

THE EIRST ELECTED MEMSER FOF DODDER TOWN TO LSK THE EONOURABLE FINST: ELECTED MEMEETK OF EXECUTIVE COUNGTL REGFONSTRLET FOH HEALTH EDUCATION ATVD SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 74: COULD THE HONOURADLE MEMEETR SAY TE MOHE ATTENTION WILL BE PAID TO ENFORCTNG THE TPUANCY LAWS AND WILL A MORE COMPREHENSIVE SOCIAL SERVICT THOJECT BE ADOPTED?

LHE SECOND ELECTEU MEMEIBR FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRU OFFICIAL MEMEER OF EXECUMTVZ COUNCTL RESFONSIBLE FOLI TNTEFINAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

NO. 75: CAN THE HONOUAABLE MEMEGH SAY WHAT PFOFOHTTON OF TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONALLY GKILLED PERSONS HEEE ATRE ON WORK FERMITS?

THE ELECTED MEMBEF FOR EAST EN TO ASK THE MONOURHBLE FIRST ORFICIAL MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE CCUNGIL FESFONSIDLE FCR FINANCE ANU DEVELOPMENT

NO. 70: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMYER SAY WHETHER IT IS CORIRECT THAT 30 RUSSIAN SHIPS HAVE MEEN REGISTEHED IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS?

NO. 77: WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMTEFT SAY WHEYHEZ IT IS CORRECT THAT GOVERNMENT WAS ASKED TO TECISTYER 210 MOHE RUSSIAN SHIPS IN TTE CAYMAN ISLANDS:'
3. OTHEA BUSTNESS

PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTTONS:-
FRIVATE MEMEER'S MOTICN NO IG/86-
INVESTIGATION OF REFORTS OF ILEICIT DRUGS IN MOFTHWARD FRTSON

TO BE MOVED BY THE SECOWIEL ELECTED HEMIER FOH: WEST DAY
TO BE' SECONDED BY THE ELECTED MEMBET EOR NOHTH STIE
4. GOVERMMENT BUSINESS

BILLS:-

> CONTTNUATION OF SECOND KEADING DEBATE ON TIE MUTUAL LEGAL ASGISTANCE (UNTTED STATES OF AMERTCA) BILE 1986

The Second Eleated Member for Bodden Toum - to continue.

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## THURSDAY

## 4TH SEPTEMBER 1986

10.00 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Town.

Prayers.
The Second Elected Member for George

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Almighty god, from whom all wistom and power are derived: We beseech theeso to direct and prosper the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly now assemtled, that all things may be ordered upon the test and surest foundations far the glory of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Bless our Sovereggn Lady Quear Elizabeth, the Quetr Mother, Fhilip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles Frince of Wales, Diana frincess of wates and all the Royal fainily. Give grace to all who exercise authority in our commomadeath that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety may be establithed among us. Especially we pray for the Govermor of our Islands, the Members of the Executive Council and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enatled fathfully to peform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great Name's
5ake.
The Family Frayer. Dur Father,
which ant in Heaven, Hallowed be Thy Name, Thy kingdon comer Thy will be done in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our dadly bread: And forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against us. Lead us not into temptation; but deliver us from eyil. For Thine is the kingdom, the power and the glory, for over and ever. Amen.

The Lord bless us and keep us. The
Lord make his face shine upon us and be graciaus unto us. The ford lift up his countenance upon us and give us peace now ard always. Amen.

MF. FRESIDENT:
Please be seated.
Questions. The Elected Member for

North Side.

## QUESTIONS TD MEMBERS

THE ELECTED MEMEER FDR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURAELE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER DE EXECUTIVE CDUNCIL BESPDNEIBLE FDR HEALTH EDUGATIDN AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 56: Would the Honourable Member state what authority the Health Practitioners Board has ta refuse to licence General Practitioners who possess degrees or diplomas which it has approved in actardance with the provisions of Section $7(2)$ of the Health Practitioners Law?

ARSWER: The Health Practitioners Board does nat licence Health Practitioners. The Health Practitioners Eoard registers Health Fractitioners in accordance with the Health Practitioners Law of 1974.

## SUPFLEMENTARIES:

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. President, it ig going to be
nesessary unfistunately, for me to make a tatament before i ask my supplemintary question.

I would ifke ta humity apologise to
the First Elected Member of Executive Council for using the word
"licence" instead of register, but a rose by any name is still a rose, and I wonder if he coudd now tell me Siry what authority they have
used torefuse toregigtef Genergl frattitioners under the same settion of the Law?

HDA BEASOH D. EEANES:
Mr. Fresident, maybe I can save some time if I state what 1 understand ta be the policy, or the procedure regarding medical practitioners from outside, wanting to tome if to the country to practice.

1 gather that an informal
arrangement has been established wherety the Medical Fractitioners Bard does nat register a practitioner until they have fad agaffut occupation licente. I understand that the procedure is that the Caymanian Protection Board when dealing with this particular type af application, Hsually seeks the view of the Health Practitioners Board, as to whether they think a sufficient number of persons of a particular categary are registered. In chther words, whether the market is saturated with that type af persen. I suppose they are seeking to establish whether the interests of pereons already estabifished in that lime of busumess would be protected, and the Practitioners Board gives its advice. So there is, shall I say, cooperation between the two Eoards, and this might be what the Member is getting at.

MR. D. EZIARD MILLER:
Supplementary, Mr. President.
Could the Member state if he is in fact saying because I believe Sir that he has the cart before the horse, because from my own experience in applying for work permits for health practitioners the Protection Board first wants to seer in fatt it has to be included with the application, the registration certificate from the Health Prathitioners Eoard. is he saying that what has happened is that the persons already established here and licenced have got together and closed the shop so that they tan tharga the people of this country whatever fee they like, thereby eliminating competition and better health care for the people of this country?

HON. EENSOM D. EPANKS: No Mr. Fresident, that was not what
I was saying. 1 was saying that the Medital Fractitioners goard establifhed under the Law, makes that decisian an which mepresentations Exjsts from among practitioners; from ameng the consuming public and Government. The chief Medical Dfficer is their Chaiman, and there are other Government practitioners on it as well. It is not with a view to having a closed shop, 1 can assume you.

## MF. D. EZZARD MILLER: Supplementary Mr. Fresident.

Could the Member state whether the present ratio of doctors to patients as published by PAHD and WHO taking into consideration the in-transit population of touristis, has been exceeded in this country?

HON: EENSON D. EEANKS: Mr. Fresidentr i can assure the Member that before this question was received, only a few days before, I had raised the matter with the Chief Medical officer, and his oploion was that in the area of general practitioners, the place was well served and in fact, had reached the point of saturation.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Can the Menter 5 tate whether general practitioners are being confined in their licence by the Health Practitioners Board, to general practicer and not sperialists?

HOM. EENSOM D. EBANKS: Mr. President, I am afraid I am unable to answer that with any degree of particularity.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Could the Member give the Howse the undertaking that he would provide us with that information, and if it is in the positiver that is if getieral prattitioners are beitig allowed to dwell in the areas of speciality, he will do his best to see that in the future their licences are in someway controlled through licence by the Health Practitioners Boardi to things which they are qualified to do.

HON. EENSON D. EBANKS: You mean registration?
MR. $\frac{D .}{\text { EIGZARD MILLER: }}$ My humble wpologies Mr. Fresident. Yes Sir, $\bar{l}$ do in fact mean registratimn and not licemee sir, I am sorry.
give that information to the House, end to look fnto the matter the Nernber is eluding to.

MR. D. EZZARD MILEER S Supplemertany Mr. President.
I wonder if the Member could state
whether, when the Hedth Practitioners Board is granting a
registration to a doctor, he is asked to conform with any code pit ethics in this country?

HDA. PENSDN D. EEANKS:
Mr. Fresituent I asstime 50. If the Member recalls, there was a regulation in that regard publithed nat tac long ago.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: COLId the MEnter undertake Sip ta ensure that that code of ethits is being followed, because I do not believe it is Sir?

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think we have strayed a little bit
from the original question, and I think perhaps it is time to say we have had encugh supplementafies an that particular question now.?

First Elected Member for Bodden
Town.
THE FIRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR EODDEN TOWN TD ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST DFFICIAL MEMBEF DF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPINSIELE FOR EINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT

N1. 72:
Would the Honourable Member state what is the current reserves of the country, the current balance of gavernment revenue for the year and how does it compare with the same period im 1984 ars what is Gavernment's presemt overdraft position?

ANSWER:
The current (or general) peserves of the Gayman Istamdt Were $\$ 5.833 .115$ as at 29th Aly山5t. 1786.

The total revence collected from Janary to july inclusive amounted to $\$ 41,248,478$. For the same period in 1984 , the amount eollected was $\$ 34,045,800$.

The Government at present has no sverdraft at any bank.

## SUPPLEMEMTARIES:

MR. JAMES M. RODDEN:
Mr. Presidents it appars that part of $\quad$ y $y$ question has not bean answered, and for clayfication i will read the question again. "Would the Homouratle Member state what is the current reserves of the country." That has been answered. "The current balance of Government revenue for the year and how does it compare with the same period in l984," that has not been answered. have no indication here in the Answer faper to tell me that we now have a current balance of $\$ 3$ million, $\$ 4$ million or whatevet it might be, which has not been spent up to this period, and my question was them "how did that compare with the same period it 1984 ?"

MR. PRESIDENT: In other words, you wanted expenditure figures as well as mevenue 50 you could get a balance.

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: NE, I was not asking for that. Well thet would be a part of it $r$ but what I was saying in ay question and it is fairly plain, is the cuprent balance of Government revenue for the year. Meaning, if we have collected 44 million and we have spent $\$ 40$ million, then we have a difterence of $\$$ million, and I was trying to fint out what the net amount remaining was from the two of them, and comparing that to the same period in 1784 ? It is a very plain and simple question.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President. maybe the question is too plain, because in accounting terns when yau talk about mevenue, that is Eractly what you are talking about. You are mot talking about profit; you are not talkisg atout surplut and you are not talking about expenditures and a answered the question in acoordance with how my accounting knowledge required the question to be amswered. If the First Elected Menber far Eodden Town wishes ta have other figurea, I am happy to provide them.

MR. PRESIDENT: Do you have then here though, or will you circulate them later? It is an expenditure figure which would try to balance, would suffice.

HON. THOMAS G. JEFFERSOM: I do not have them here Siry but I would be happy to Eirculate them during the day.

MR. JAMES MA BODDEN: Mr. President, the good Lopd did mot bless me to be fortunate enough to get an accounting degree. However, I have dealt a lot with accounts and figures all my lifer and what I did ask fise was the current balance of governement reventer which eould only mean the amount which is remaining in the till after we have spent. whatever we have spent.

MR. LINFDRD A: FIERSDM: Supplementary Mr. Fresident, and I will get to my question in a short while, but $I$ thimk as a Member of this House who perhaps has the most extensive training if atcountancy, it is quite clear that this question is asking for the met revenue position. It is not esking for the total revenue collected. This is why it safd 'the current balance'......

HON. VASSEL G. JCHNSDN:
MR. LINFQRD A. PIERSON:
MR. PRESIDENT:
MR 2 LIMFORD A. PIERSIN:
Member state what the net revenue pertod, as compared with the same period in 1984 ? And perfaps the Fourth Elected Manter will watt....

Mr. Pnesidert.
:...of Government revenue.
Let us have the question.
And my queston it that would the pasition was at the end of this MR. PRESIDENT: With respect, that question has already been anhed. It is not a supplementary.

HON. VASSEL E2 SOHNSOM: Mt. Presidentr I was going to draw your attemtion Sir to yesterday, when that very Mamber spoke to you about statements being made at question Times and he started there making a statement.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: On a Foint of Order Mr. Fresident. The Fourth Elected Member yesterday made a statement without turning it into a question. I was turning my statement into a augstion. Perhaps he should have waited and listened.

HON. VASSEL G. JDHNEDM: Mr. President, what statement he is speaking about was an answer I was giving.

MR. ERESIDENT: I wauld be abliged ta all Members if they would be kind enough to try and avold making statements in the guise of questions.

Town. Question No. 73.
The First Elected Member for Bodden

MR. JAMES M. EODEN: Before we go to Question 73 Mr .
President, can i have an assurante that sometime before thts long debate ends, that I will have the answer to my questiaf.

MR. FRESIDENT: Yold were given an assurance that the
figures would be circulated today.
MR. JAMES M. EODDEN: All right.
THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HENOUFABLE SECOND ELEGTED MEMEER QF EXECUTIVE GOUNGEL RESPGNSLBLE FDR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE

ND. 73: Could the Honourable Member say if Governaent will set up a Consumer Protection Eoard ta guarantee that praducts sold confirm to their listed date life and that items abtiawed by the $F D A$ in the USA are not sald for haman use?

ANSWER: Government is prepared to investigate the possibility of establishing a Consumer Frotection Eoard to deal with the shelf life of products and items outlawed by the US food and Drug Administration.

MR. SAMES M. RDDDEN: DG We have a current ij5t in Government which will inditate the producte which are sota for human use on the islands, and which are outlawed in the United states, but yet, are allowed to be shipped abroad?

HON. W. MORMAM EODDEN: Mr. Fresideftr i am not sware if there is a cumpent list, but i imagine 1 could get this infommetion from Public Health.

MF. PRESIDENT:
If there is na further
supplemetrany parhaps the Fifst Elected miember for Eodden Town will ask the next question.

THE FIRST ELECTED MEMEER FOR EDDDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE EIRST ELECTED MEMEER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPDNSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 74: Could the Hanourable Member say ff mare attention witl be pald to enforcing the Truaney Laws and will a more compreftensive social servite polity be adopted?

ANSWER: Harditne absenteefsm is the forus of attention of the school"s Liaisoh Officer who makes it her business tevisit homes, using the arts of persuasion rather than applying to the courts to resolve social Ills responsithe for the absemtefism. Government considers that the social servite projects in respect of schogl ehildren. are quite compmehensive.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. JAMES M. EODDEN: A supplementary befiore i get the answern

Mr. Presidert, three to faur years aga we heard nothing preached but the sacial ills which eristed in this country and $I$ am asking, whether the present administration is attempting to put tagether a palicy which will deal with the combatting of the social problems which they themselves admitted were evident in saciety?

HON. BENSON D. EBANKS:
Mr. Presfaent. I am wondering
whether we have two unrelatet questions polled into one here sifr of whether the social policy which the Membet is referritg to is in respect of truancy, or at least to schosls, school chiditen?

Fin. JAMES M, EODDEN:
Mr. Presidentr if it will helphimr
I will te very glad to assist.
We cars take it in two questions, but I am asking if there is a more comprehensive social service programme than that which we see in evidence in the Islands at thit time?

HON. BENSON D. EBANGS: Mr. FMesidemt, if the MEMEEP is speating of social services generallyr they are in a comtinuous state of revisisn and improvement.

MR. JAMES M. EDDDEN: LEt me follow with my next questionr
then offer the amewer.
All the Members of this House are probably aware that the absemteeism wald be focused with some particular afficer in geverment, which in this case would be the Schacis Liafson Officer, 50 that is mo news ta us, that is ma answer.

What 1 am attempting to find out is whether we are going to try to put together a policy, whether it is going to be dame with kidgloves, whether it is gaing ta te done with a whap, is immaterial at this point. Are we gaing to try to put together a policy which will get the school-age childmen into the schools, rather than rawing the stemets and roaning the beaches of this Country, and shoking ganja at an early age? What I am trying to find out is, what are we going to do about the young peaple in the community? Are we gaing to leave them elane antil they became a problem and be sent to Northward Prisom? Or is this Government, which was going to cure every ill in the world, going ta wake up and do something about it?

Mr. President, I believe that anyone with knowledge of the school system will know that great atemention is paid to absenteersm and truancy in the schools and while it is true that there are few hardine absentees the genseal percentage of absenteeism in the school system is good, compared to other areas.

MR: JAMES M= EODEEN:
Following on the reply which was
given to fae on my question, could the Member state iand his answer was
"Government camsiters that the social service programmes ifrespect of scheal children, are quite comprehensive').

Would the Member outline to this
Hause the programmes which are an-going, and what is being done?
HON. BENSON D. EBANKS: Mr. Presidemt, for Ehildren in meed. uniforms. shoes and socks are provided. Schosl lunches are provided. School fees are waived as well as book fees. Foster homes are provided. We have the caring Homes in operation and in addition to that, amenities and funds are provided by the schools themselves.

MR. JAMES M. EDDDEN:
Supplementary, Would the Mamber advise this House, how long the programme which he has outlined has been in effect in this country. Whether it has pecently been adopted, ar whether it has been edopted for several years?

HON. BENSON D. EBANKS: Mr. President, most if not all this has been on-going for many years.

MR. JAMES M. EDDDEN: In other wordsr you utoplan regite has done mothing to cure the social ills of the country. correct?

HON. BENSDN D. EBANKS: Mr. President, I think that the social ills of the Country are much larger than eentred on schools.

MR. FRESIDENT: I think we could pass on to the next question. The Second Elected Member far West Bay.

THE GECBND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY TD ASK THE HONDURAELE IHIRD DFFICIAL MEMBER DF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPOMEIELE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

NO. $75:$ Can the Honourable Member say what proportion of technical ant professionally skilled persons here are on wark permits?

ANSWER:
Information from the 1979 Populatän Census together with incompletu data ftrom the Employment Survey indicates that there are approximately 2,850 persinns employed in these categories, of which 1 , 819 persons or 84 per cent wefe here on work permits as at 30th Juther 1986.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Supplementary Mr. Fresident.
Can the MEmber bay what is being
done to pet more Caymanians qualified in those areas?
HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTUN: NO, Mr. President. If the Member wants that informationy I think he should put down a substantive question and it wowld be answered by the appropriate Member af Govermment responsfble.

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Gan amybody say at the present timey withokt doing a lot of research?

MR. PRESIDENT: I donot kMow whether the Menter for HESS is prepared ta answer. It semms to me a reasanable supplemettary, wid fif an answer in general tertis car bégivent parhaps thet would be helpful to the House.

HON. BEMSON D. EBANKS: I must ainity I did mat get ther
questions.
HON: W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
 the Government say what is teing dorse to get mome caymariang qualified in these areas?
you waye asking?
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
I think that was the gist of it.....
MR_ PRESIDENT: I da nat remenber the wording but
the substance....
MR. JAMES M. EODDEN: I wSuld ask that the transeript be Played bach, and aropy of jt made arid given ta the Member, sa that has mimd might berefrestred or what I seid, that he may be able ta an5wer.

MR: PRESIDENTi Wello I witi invite the Member zo get a Eopy if he has. Member be Members.....

MR. W. MEMEEVA EUSH: Supplementary Mr. Presfdent.
When I subnitted the question I sart of experted a fittle jove on this, because, and I am getting to my Guestion Sir, but give me chanfe, I too was seft one of those little reports whath the Jhird official Menter spoke of, amd I sfint it back in and I have been receiving thén ever eince. I dofot fave that


Could the Member state at this time,
 Service?

HONA $\ D H N$ LEMUEL HUSLSTON:
include the public seetor Sir.
MR. W. MCVEEVA EUSH: So we Mave a lot more.
HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLETON: I do mathave the information om the
publiesertar with me.
MR: W. MCKEEVA EUSH: GOUId the Member give us a guarmines that he will get it?

MF. PEESTDENT:
MR. $\mathrm{D}_{2} E Z Z A R D$ MLLLER:
The Member for North Side,
Supplementary Mr. President.
Could the Nember state whather the Caymanian Frotection Eomidis requesting or demanding that employers who are seeting work perinits for these professional and technical peoplex are asking to demamstrate whether om mot they are attempting to train Caymanians, tofith some of these positians\%

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON: VaMy much sa, Sir. That is one of their primary functions and responsibilities.
$\frac{\text { MR. }}{\text { Mext }} \frac{\text { PRESDENT: }}{\text { questant }} \quad$ The Elected Member for East End, the next questian.

THE ELECTED MEMBER FQR EAST END TQ ASK THE HONOURAELE FIRET GFFICIAL MEMBEF OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIELE FOR FINANGE AND DEVELOFMENT

NO_ 7b: Would the Honourable Member say whethen it ts correct that 30 Russian ships have been registefed in the Cayman Islands?

ANGWER:
To confixm thet 30 Fius ian ships are registeped here would not be an entirely correct statement.

The ships, which I am assuming are being referred to could De those which were fegistered on 7th April under the ownership of a Cayman registered mon-resident company. From information provided, it has been shown that these ships were previcusly Russtanmowned.

## GUFPLEMENTAKIES:


MR. PRESIDENT:
I would like to see the amswer:
berause I do not think the namber was im the question was it? what Was the answer'? Ferhaps yow wowld like to just look at tife answer
before you frame your supplementary．
MR．JAMES M．EDDDEA：
Yes Sirs I knew I was not dreaming
There had to be 30 somewhere．
The GuEstighasked was＂Js jt

 What $\ddagger 5$ the number of ships registered，which could heve hat Russiath cwnership，which were registered an 7th April of thys year？

MR．PRESIDENT：WEll，$\quad$ will certantiy allow the supplementary But my understanding of the answef was that there uas nst a doubt abobt the nomber of tfe ships．There was a doubt about the ownership at the time of fagistumtionn They had previousty been Russian owned．．．．．．

MR．NAMES M工 BODDEN：

## （INAUDTBLE）

MR．PRESIDENT：WEll，let me allow the
supplementaty，and we will see what atswet＝omes，
HDN．THOMAS C．JEFFERSON：
Mr．Presidentr there is no questish about the number．The number is 30．What the answer tried to point out was that they were mot Russian ships when they were registered here．

MR MAMES M－BDDDEN：
That reminds me of the ald joke Mr． Presidentr when afoliow was talking abowt a layy hayimg a chilar and he safd＂well，is it a boy？＂and he said＂guess＂．＂Is it a boy？＂ ＂Mo＂r he said＂is it a girl？＂and he started lawghipg．He said．＂but somedody mat have toldyou alroady＊well this is about uhat is happening here this mornitig．Eut，Mr．Presidgent cotld we be advised as to who the representatives are of thase people in the cayman Is lands？

HDN：IHOMAE C．UEFFERSON：Mr．Presidmitr I wosld ajt that the Member clarify exactly what he means in his question．

MR：UAMES M．BODDEN：Could you advise us where the registered bffise fs？

HDA．THOMAS G．UEFFERSON：Mr．Presidentr I did mot prepafe myselffor that sifplamentary，sol will undertake togive tha ahswert to the Homourable Member in writing．

MR．UAMES M．RODDEN：I wGuld IFGE that ore to have beer
answered in the open．
 tankers，freighters madise ships batgesr torpedo boats，Df what？

HON．THDMAS C．JEFFERSON：I am not Eertain Mre President whether they are tankers ar crujse ships，or tug boats or what they are．If the member wants that informations a will hapily add it to the other information which I agreed to give him in writing．

MR．JAME空 MA BODDEN：Rather than adding jt tethats I wonder if a statement could be made to the paople of this bountry， Bacause we have all been very alarmed about communismatad soforth， and it is no ust hiding under samethity by saying that these ships came hete because tivey ware washed at some other place．

Mッ．Presidentr somethtug alarms me about this，and you will mave to bear with me making a statiment， untill I Ean ask the question on it．

MR．PRESIDENT：Welly as Long as you come to the question quite quickly．I am going to stop you if you da mot．

MR．JAMES M．EODDEN：I amgoing to tome to it quite quickly．But we have problems in the Central American afea with the Russians and the Cubans against what we call the democmatic way of life．What happens if one of these ships registered under the Gayman Islands flag should go into Nicaragua with a load of arms and be caught and exposed to the warld，of be attacked and blown up？．Where do we stand in relation to such an exposure as that on the worid scene？That would be nearly as bad at this Matual Legal Assistance Treaty being passed．Gould I be answered on that question？

HON. VASSEL G. UOHNSON:
Mr. President. t truely want to apologise to the Second Elected Member for George Tawn for accusing him a while ago of making statements, becaute statements in here at ouetion Time is matter of fact it sefms ta me.

MR. JAMES M. RODDEN: Will you sit that anan dawh. If he does not know what we afe trying to do in this House, please give him a pill and let him go to sleep.

## MR. FRESIDENT:

Order Order.
The supplementary, as 1 understand
it. is 'What action would the Goyemneht be minded to take if......
MR. UAMES MA EODDEN: Mr. President, i am esking the question. I had to explain the reason why 1 am asking the question. which was very short and brief, as bo what happens with one of these ships on the international scene, with us as the amallest island in the omitbbean having 30 Russian ships fegistered under sur flag.

Now thetre have been many thimgs
talked about lately in the last few years about curtailing the activity of registering ships here, and so forth. Now we have registered 30 ships and nobody knows what they are. I an agying that if one of those ships gets caught on the high seas......

MR. PRESIDENT: I have understood your question, and
I ath asking the Menber.....
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN: I am asking hin for a reply.
Mn. FRESIDENT: I am asking him to answer it.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFESDN: Mr. Fresidert, GHEE the ships are registered in the Cayman Islands, they would te under the Cayman flag. Therefore it is not any longer $\begin{gathered}\text { Russian ship per se. We agree that }\end{gathered}$ perhaps there were as indicated in the answer they were Russian owned prior to being registered in the Gayman Islands. If the ship. like any other ship which is registered in the fayman Islands takes arms into Nicaraguar or any sther part of the worldt they run the risk as you have explained. What is done about it, would be that we would investigate that particular ascident or disaster.

MR. JAMES M. EODDEN: Mr. Fresident. andother
supplementary.
We have ma contral quer the
operatian of these ships, particularly if they are Russtan and now are we going to advise the Western Worid, advise the thited States and 5ay "yes, that was cur shtp, it is under our flag and it was carrying misejles into Nicaragua; missiles from kussia. How man we answer that ta the Western World Mr. Prestdent? Now we are not that poverty stヶucker....

MR. PRESTDENT: I think you have made your paint.
That will do.
MR. D. ELZARD MLLLER: Supplementary Mr. Fresident.
MR. EEESIDENT: The Member far North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MLLLER: It does not seem as if it makes sense ta just wat your turn here because everytady is jumping ap and down like a jack-in-themban, and bave been waiting a lang tiffe. Could the Member state whether the same pastifor did rat exist when all Samose's ships were registered here in the early $1900^{\prime}$ s?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
I am not quite sume about Samasa's
ships Mr f Fresident, and $I$ whid hesitate to give a definitive peply. But I think the answer to all the problem which we seem to have touched on this morning, and the control of ships and the power of the registrar to refuse shipsr or to 今trithe ships from the tregtster, was the intention of the piece of legislation which was puthere in May of this year and becasse of representation government has taken its time to consider the representation being made by the private sectorix and we will be brimging that Bill to the Legislatide shorty. The legislation gives the power to the Registraf to refuse to register ships, the powar which he does not have at the moment under the

Merghant shipping $A \in t$. and any ship whith meets time requirempht as laid down in the Marchant Shipping Act, he has absolutaly no power to refuse to register it, once the ship is owned by a Eritish subject, even if it is a company.

MR. G. HAIG EQDDEN: Now wauld you be correct in
saying:...
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT:
whether you had finished answering Well actually it was the Second Elected Member for Bodden Town who was the first to catuh my eye, if he still wants to ask his question, and then I will terke you in turn.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: The question 1 want to ask is, js it not Eorrect that most foreign ships when beint registered are put into companies just so that they can comply with certain specific requirements of the 1 awr and the fact that the ship is in a company, as these Russian ships are, does not thange the beneficial owfiership of the ship, and it still remaitis Russian if it was Russian prior to being put ints the company, simply to meet the requiremant of the law?.

HON. THOMAS S. JEFFERSDN:
Mr. Fresident, the answar to the first part of his question 1 take it, is the fact that yes, as given in the answer the ships are owned by a non-resident company. Whith means they are awmed ty persons who are not residents of the cayman Islands.

As to whether the ships are still
owned by the people who owned them previously, it is a possibility, but I think very unlikely.

MR. FPESIDENT: The Second Elected Member for West
Bay,
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident. I think my question has been answered. I just wanted it in clear terms that the Government had nat registered russian shifs.

MR. FRESIDENT: Well all right. The Thifdelected
Member for West Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT: Thank you Mr. Fresident.
I have three questions, whith 1 think with your permissian, I would just lite ta ask, they are not long, because I cannat get ahamee to ask questions in this House very readily.

Number one, I would like it repeated for the bemefit of the listening publit, that we have nat registered 30 Russian ships.

Secondly, Mr. Fresitent, I would tike to ask the Menter if the shif were awned in Tinbucktog Taiwan or Rustia, ahfe the ship has beer sold it is no longer pegistered as a Russiap ghip, or whatever the nationality may have been, priar to that?

Thirdly, fif indeed a ship registered in the ceyman Isiands, whether it belonged to a lacal company ar under whatever name, is found carrying amms, it jeopardises itself as wauld Cayman Airways or fawcett Airlimes, or any carrier who chose to carmy arms, is that correct?

HDN THOMPS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, 1 hape I have unanimous agreement when i bring the legislation to control what ships can be registered in the Gayman tslands, hopefully in November. and then we will not have the need for these sorts of questions to be asked in the future, But, the Third Elected Member for West Eay is correct. We did not register Russian ships. The Member is alsu coryest in saying that if any ship or any aircraft which is tregistered in the Gayman lislands campies arms. drags or anything else into any other part of the world, we afe held responsible, It is very easy for us to recall that back if $19 \mathrm{c}_{3}$ that was a problem for us. Small pleasure eraft being caught in the Gulf of Mexicogoing into the Eastern Sezboard with trugs ge board, and splashed across the headines is the fats that the cayman Isiands is the drug centre for
trafficking. It was a Cayman Islands ship on wich thousand bales of what ever was found on board. These are the problems. in those days nobody talked about those ships being owned by Russians. Eut, as in any other easer anything which happens to the gayman Istands means headlines. Eecause, when you ate successful you are going to have a lot of shots fired at you. If you are a small, little country or a big country whith has pot proved success, everybody wants to hand you something on a platter, but they do not take pot shots at you.

MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
MR. PRESIDENT: next.

MR. JOHN E. MCLEAN: question.

I hope the member eah answer it. tope Since we have been told somamy staries Mr. Pfesident, 1 wonder if we Gauld be entightened as ta the Ownership of the Cayman Islands registered non-resident company?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I am not sure I heard the Member correctly. If he is askitg for the gwnerthip of the company which owns the ships, 1 am unable to give that information as it is confidential.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think it is the First Elected Member for Bodden Towns turn. He has been wating a while.

MR. SAMES M. BODDEN: Mr. President, I de not krow what the genfous on this side meant ty asking the question on Gamosar but I will ank the First official Member, is it mot correct to say that Executive Council has power tos lay down directives to government Departments, when it maybe for the netional good?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I do not tinink Mr. Fresident that Executive council, and thes is arsy my opintan. The legal representative in this Hause may differ from me. I de not think Executive Council has amy power to lay down ary guide lines which ga against legislation whath is set down, as in this case the Eritian Merchant shipping Act. I do not think they have that power.

MR. PRESIDENT:
They do not.

## SUSPENSION OF STAMDINS GRLER $23(7)$ AND (B)

MK. JOHN B. MCLEAN: Mr. PMesident, in an effort to get my last question answered. I would lixe ty move the suspension of Standing Order $23(7)$ and ( 8 )

MR. FRESIDENT: The question is that in accordance with the provision of Standing Order 83, Stamting Orders 23 (7) and (9) be suspended in arder to enable the last question put dawn in today's Order Paper to be asked.

Unless any Merber wishes to speak, I
will put that question.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. STANDING QRDER $23(7)$ \&
THE ELECTED MEMEER FDR EAST END TD ASK THE HOMDURAELE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL RESPONSIBLE FDR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT
N日. 77: Will the Honourable Member say whether it is correct that Governmemt was asked to register 210 mare Russian ships in the Cayman Islands?

ANSWER:
According to the Acting Fegistrar finat js the Registrar of Shippingl, no request has bean made to the department with pegard to the registration of 210 Russian ships for any other number of such stipsi:

MR $=$ JAMES M. BGDDEN:
you might have the answer ty it.

Thys is a brade questigros but maybe Would you be able to \&eit the Howne
whether to the best of your knowledge, there are any Russfan ships registered in the United kingdom?

MR. PEESIDENT: $\quad$ I really da not think we can expect the Menter to answer that. He is not responsible far it, and it is not a supplementary. He maybe prepared to try and get the information for you.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, when the First
Elected Member for Eodden Town says his supplumentary is bromd I was wonderingr I am very cleat now. The next time he says rbroadr itill think about the worid. I have no such knowledge Mr. President. If the Honourable Member wishes to have that information, fill be happy to request it from the Unted Kingdom Government.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Unless there is any further supplementary, that concludes Question Time. The next iterm of busimess is Private Members Matians. The Gecond Elected menter for West Eay.

## OTHER GUSINESS

## FRIVATE MEMBERS MOTIDNS

FRIUATE MEMEER'S MOTION ND. $15 / 36$ INVESTIGATION OF REPORTS ON ILLICIT DRUGS IN NOR THWARD PRISDN

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Pr. President, I beg to move Private Memberts mation No, $15 / 86$ stamding in my rame, which readst

WHEREAS there have been reports that illitit drugs are availatie to pMison inmates at the Northwardfrison,

AND WHEREAS GOVEMMment needs ta do EVErythimg in its power to remave this evil from our cammunity,

BE IT FESOLVED that Government investigate at such reports of illitit drugs being available to prisoners and take aporapriate actiong

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the results of the investigatiom be reported to this Hobourable House as soon as possitie.

MR. D. EIZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, 1 beg to secont the
Motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Motion fs duly moved and
seconded. Does the mover wish to speak to it?

## MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:

Certainly sir.
Mra F Fresident, the intertion of this motion is for Government to do evervthing in its power to shut off the supply of illegal drugs to perions serving time in out prissn. To me it is imperative that Govertment move with resolve towards this endr now.

Thene is sit. no use in us any longer keeping sur heads in the sand like the ostrichr and pretending that drugs are not available to inmates at Noithward frison. We recently mad a case in which a prison guatd was found im the possession of drugs, and I myself have had numerous complaints from released arisoners that drugs were available to them there.

From time to time sir. we hear
remarks from the benth of the Summary Court that convicted persons are being sent to Northward to 'dry out', and with the information I haver it is my opinion that gending someone to Northward to dry out is tantanount to jumpitig into the reaan to keep dry.

Let us face the factsy and let us face up to our responsibilitife. Illegal drugs afe the biggest threat to the stability of our society today. Many of our young people are becoming involved with tivis scourge. and destroying mot only their futurer but the future of this country with its. And the thing whith tears my heart apart is to see that we peally have no factlitfesto help them. No facilities to help them find their way back to reality
once they have become involvea in dross. It is therefore heartbreaking sif, when we hear them being sent th prison for rehabilitatign and we know that druga are az readily ayaliable there as perhaps they are on the outsida.

Mr. Fresidentr it is going to
raguife not only an investigation into this matter, but ernstant vigilance by the Government to stop this supply of drugs ta prisoners. We all know by now that once a drug market has been established, you cannot close it down simply by taking zut one supplier $\quad$ because another supplien quickly ateps in to fill the visid. It is because of this that I have brought thit motion urging Government to do more to stem this tide of destraction. It would be perhapt as well if goveroment woid adopt a policy aitilay to the one being adopted in other countifes where Government employees in responsible positions are reguired to take the urine test for arug usage. Mr. Prestuentr thfs would go a long way towards eliminating people associated with drugs from positions where they can contaminate others. I know sir, that this would seem to be a drastic measarer and you might hear that it would destroy the civil Servicer it would destroy this Board it would destroy that Board. There are a lot of things which could corae up in opposition to my suggestion, but we need to do somethitg. We see it in the prison. we hear about it in the Immigration Department.

Mr. Fresident. flease let us mot try to protect these worthless people in our society, and $i$ an not criticising the whole of these departments, ar any ofe department. We need to do somethingr and they have got to get going. If fagan and George eush can do it we can do it here too.

As I have said, it would be a
drastic measurer but in my opinion it would go a long way tswards removing the suspicion which is curmently leveled at this mater. Further to this. I would suggest that all prisoners at forthward as well as the prison staff be required to take the urine test perisdically.

Mr. Fresident, I would emphasise, that if this flow of drugs into Nonthward frison is not stoppedi not only will the prison fail in its role as a rehabilitation station but other young people who are sent there for erimes untelated to drugs may find it impossible not to become involved while they are serving time. So that in fact, when the are reteased they are wiofe off in that thay then have a drug problem.

Mr. Fresident, I da mot heest to say mach more on this. All of us here are aware of what is taking place in this councy, even if some of ws do not watit to admit it. I eat only reftarate my eariier plea, that Government move as fast as possible on this matter, and that it toes not get a whitewashing and that it comes here as quickly as possible.

Thank you yery much sir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I think perhaps before we open the mation for debate, it may be convenjent if we take our usual momning break. It is about the tine when we normally do. it maybe amment Earlier. Sol will suspend proceedings for approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 11:12 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED
HOUSE RESUMED AT 11:37 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Private Member's Motion No. $15 / 86$ is
now open for debate, Does any Member wish to speak? The Third afficial Member.

## DEEATE

HON. JOHN LEMUEL HURLSTON:
Mr. President, I can readily suppert this motion gir. Eut let me begin by making it abumantly clear that this motion does not of itself, trigger any action which would not atherwise have been crontemplated in relation to what Government regatds as its on-going regponsibility for the matntenance of faw and order.

The facta arex that drugs and drug addiction is an evil ever increasing in our small society, and addiction is one of the most terrible things that cath happetito any
individual and the fart is that wherever there is addiction persins will take risks in order to fulfill that demand.

It is true gir that many of the inmates at Northward are incarcetated for offences either difectiy or indirectly drug related. It is also afact too gir, that unlike perhaps other prisons in other jurisdictions. Northward Firisum is located where access roads make it possible for the public to get vary near the perimeter fence. It is no seceret sin that drugs can be accessed into any institution by any nomber of creative was. Gne very popular way is to introduce the trug into another atticle which is going to be handed in for prisoner². The inmates understand and believe that they kow all the secsurity arrangements and search practices, and perhaps there are persons both on the inside and the outside of the institution. who are prepared to take risks and collaborate in the supply of illitit drugs to them.

It is also fact Sir, that convirtions have alpeady taken place in our gourts on at least fouf, different oceasions where inmates were found to be in possestion of ganja and thelr sentences were further increased because of their commititigy of an additional offence while serving their sentences. There are incidents on mecord of ather astivities which have taken plate in an attempt to pinpoint the source of supply, and the perpetrators for various reasons, have been able to escape prosecution and conviction. Nevertheless. the prison authorities will continue to
 as the mover of the motion put it, 'shut off the auplyr if one wishes to use that term.

I join the mover of the motion sir, too in expressing eoncerm that we have no appropriate rehabilitation facilities as yat, and perhaps that is one of the saddest things about this whole drug and drag addittion problem. Without attempting to prejudice the investigation or to prejudge its concluston, may i just mention that the Government has for some time now been analysing statistiss of the prison population in demographir categorims. with particular reference to detalled accounts of persons serving sentences for all types of drug offences. And while such information might be particularly helpful in looking at trends and expectations. it might als, prove helpfut to any sach Government investigation.

Mr: Fresident, any responsible Government must welcome the opportufity to furestigate something when such an investigation is warrantud, and on the basis that the motion says that it is the Govermment's fesponsibility to do everything in its power to remove this evil from our commuity, ithave no hesitation in supporting the motion sir.

MR. PRESIDEMT:
The Second Elected Member fir George
Town.
MR. LINFQFD A. PIERSON: Mr. President, It was not my intention to peak on this motion today, but having heard the very able presentation by the mover of thismotion and subsequent commentst I feel that I would be remiss in my duties if i sat gluad tom my seat.

Mr. President. I speak on this
motion as ghe who can freely, with a good conscience say that i have never been involved in drugs. I do mot smoker and rarely do i have a drink. So 1 Ean speak with a good congtience on this motion.

Mr. President. I too to not follow the path of the Medes and Persians and get up in this Assembly just because I hope the Members of the various churches will hear what I say, and will consider giving me a vote in 1988 . I speak from my esnscience Mr. President, but this question of drugs goes far wider than Northward Prison.

The motion before us today
specifically refers to illicit drugs avallable to inmates at Northward Frison. Eut Mr. President, this motion should be dealing with drugs which are being brought to this country by people who seem to be untouchable - the very high-ups. We are concerned about the little man on the streat. even thought I know some Members of this Assembly scoff at such remarks. But what we should be concerthed about Mr. Fresident is the source of this scourger the source of the duggs. Mr. Fresident, it has come to my attention that drugs have been coming in through out Aitport, atsisted by certain Government officers. They have been coming through our Port; some say from the cruise ships, some say otherwise, with the knowledge of cettain Goverfment offiters. Some even gay through certain Airlines which are eomitg to this country. With the fondedge of this information Mr. Fiemident and
sumetime tack, I requested a pass so that i could otserve the situation as reported to me as existing at the Airport, but am sure there was a good reason why this was not givento me, Eut Mr. Fresidentr fegardless of efforts to try and block me by bureaucratic means and by legal and other means, this will not stop my resolve to t.y and find the real culprits; to try and lotate the very source. I have also been told of the progress of that letter which 1 wrote, and where it is right now, But Mr. President. I will deal with this in doe course. My intentions were very sincere and honest. I am not one who goes to the Airport and requests a lot of favours, but I had received spetific information that drugs were coning in through that Airport, and that there were certain Govermment employees who were also involved in this, and $I$ wanted to see it with my own eves. Eut alasr the great powers of bureautracy stopped it, and ithink the individuals itvolved should be patting themselves on their shouldem as they offent do in this Assembly.

Speaking Mr. President of urine
tests. this is very interesting. I would like to see urine tests Mr. Presfdent carried out randomly on yourself; of the Attorney General. on the Financial Secretary, on every Member of Ekecutive Councily st every Member of the Legislative Assembly, on all the people of the Cayman Islands, but not just a few: randomiy sarried out.

MR. D. EZZARE MILLER:
Let us start this afternogn. I will provide the containerg after lunch.

MF. LINFDFD A. PIERSON: Thank you Mr. Miller, I wGuld like to see this done randomly, but not just on a few paople.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I agree to it tod Mr. Fresident, any time they want it.

MR: LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
I am happy to hear this. This is exartly what president Regan sata when he was asked what he experted the results to show. President Rigan said "the results can only show one thing. because $I$ know what I took in". And I hope each Member can say that. This was extended to Vice-fuesident eush alsor and he took the test. Let us not deal with the little people, show by our example what we are prepared to do. This is the only way we will be able to catch the big boys, to deal with the big boys in this country. Let ws not fool gurselves by meeting in some covert activity ta try and trap innocent people. I am aware that there are tertain senion Government officials who are it little grotps trying to trap innocent people. Alas unfortunately, those people do mot have the best interests of the people of the Cayman Islands at heart.

Mr. President. I read recently Sir about an effort made by the Folice Department to try and assist with the drwg problems. I am aware that there is a majpr drag protlem in this Countryr because I represent a district within the cayman islands that perhaps suffers most from this problem, the district of George Town. Eut I have also been told that sertain reports made to the Folice have fallen sout in the laps of the people making the reports. One member of the commerital sector of George town told me that somebody made a report of a drug activity from his premises, and before the folice squat car could get on the scene, there was a Foliceman in plain clothes who came up in a cafr made a signal and before the squad car could get on the seene, the alleged drug pushers and operators had disappeared. That very might Mry President, an attempt was made to burn his premises down. Is this a sign Mr. Fresident that the Folice Department do not also have areas of concern within their own force. Pertiaps it is most appropriate that they have in fact launched a campaign to say 'no' to drugs. Pertaps some af the main problems not only exist in Northward Prison, but also in our Police force.

Mr. President. drugs in this Country are is mot a regent phenomena. We know that very many yearis ago the source of gome of the drugs brought to this Country. Mr. President. I am concerned that the very perple who get up and preath "let us make the Northward feison bigger", this is what I have heardr and I have seen it in this House. We vote money for latrger prison cellst and I have stood here time and time againg and said that this is the wrong course we are following. What we nesd to be spending money on is on more sotial services to deal with these problems at the root souree. to deal with thest problems at the foundation. It is too latam $\mathrm{Mr}^{\text {a }}$. Prestident to chose the gate when the horse thas gone out. We noed to be boghing into the environmental and gocial problems af pur people.

1 grew up in the district of East Endr and we were proud to say without offence to any Member Mere that we fad one wf the nieest districts in the Cayman Isiands. Dut when I go to that district today Mr. Ftresidentr and the Member for East End will beat me sutr I feel ashamed of what 1 ath hearing. What is the problem? Is it becaute motions brought to this House to provide facilities are jgnored? is it becaue proper outlets are not being provided for our young people. This reminds me Mr. President that i heard a Member get up in here and say the the reasofl for the necessity for supplementary expenditure is because of Frivate Members' Mations brought by Members of this Mouse. Well, I can assure that Member that no Private Member's Motion which I have urought here has incurred any expenditure. Why it hay not. it will tell you. Begause the Member responsible for putting these in action has done nothing about them. Mr. Presidentr i see it as an effort in futility, to be bringing any motions to this Hourer because they are passed toplatate the mover - make you feel good - of coufise we will pass them. Eut we will get to them in due courser which costa be in the next three or four vears.

Fecently 1 was called by afficer of a Portfolis and asked whether anything had been done towards my motion, when in fact I had written a letter reminding thet foptoblia that I would wish to see some action taken, but yot because of the bureaucraty, because of the lack of interest that Portfolio was not even aware of what was happening.

Ms. President, the Eatse of our problems with drugs is a lack of interest. We hear about programmes. "we do not need facilities", this is what i hear. What wa nesd are programmes. We do not need a Civic Centre in the centre of George Town because we have Centre in Prospect. We have the High School Auditorium, We are loosing sight of the basic gause for the problems which we are having in Northward Prison. We are dealing with the effects but not the cause. We are shoritsighted, and umless some Menbers of this Assembly feel that eerazin suggestions agree with their point of view. they will sit on these matters. So wille i caf support this motion today Mr. Fresident, $I$ see that this motion is dealing with the effects. Members of the Assembly, and in partieulan Executive Council Members responsible for the Portfoligs and the relevant Portfolios should be more vigilant and far sighted, and should be looking ints these mathers.

Mr. President, I have visited the
Northward Frison, and 1 haye been very saddened by what I see there. 1 see 95 per cent of the intates of Northward frispon being young metn and women between the ages of 18 and 30 being wasted Mr. Fresident. They go to Northward Frison and because of the lask of proper rehabilitative processes, they come back out after gerving their time, worse off. Then, we are surprised to see thom batk in therer and in no time at all they become institutionalised.

A young man came to my office a few
 had to remfind the young man that I had not yet set up a bank. Eut when he explained to me the purpose for it, 1 could clearly see what he wanted. He said "Si", I know that I amgoing to be sent down for eighteen months, and $I$ want $\$ 25.00$ to buy a littie transistar fadio to keep me company, becaute I have been in there before and i will not have anything to do""

Mr. Presidentr it is serious. serious situation which we are faced with. Let us start looking from the highest echelons of the society. Let us extend our interest not only in inmates of Nopthward frison, even though this is important: It surpriset me Mr = President, when 1 sae some Givil servanks who are making parhaps one fifth of the salaries of people th my profession, Who have homes which would be the envy of Duastis. It staprises me Mr. Fresident when $I$ see those individuals driving cars whith you could never afford to buy. Where is this money coming from? Mo. President. I submit that there has to be some other source, and 1 am yet to find a caymanian 50 willing and free of heart to dish but money willingly. It is not bing givento him freely. There are very few philanthropists in the cayman Islands. These are the ateas which we need to be looking into. If inmates at the Northward frimon are using drugs, where are those drugs coming from? The source Mot fresident is what we need to look into. Mr. President, we will be just toriching on the fringes of this problem if we do not look closely into all aspects
 Let us be more vigitant on the docksi let as beante vigilant at our Aprortsi lat us be more vigilant in examining the planes which come to this Gothtryi let us be
more vigilant with our Coastguards, or Police boat. Mr. Fresident. drugs will destroy this tountry.

One of the biggets prathens which we have right now is the problem with crackr we hava sean documantaries on thiar yet apart from the folice endesvours in saying 'no' to drugs. what major programme has been initiated by coverament? I an also aware Mr. President that the hions are trying to initiate the Quest Programmer and this is something which i fully support. Recently Mr. Fresident, a gentleman in my constituency of George Toun called me at home and asked me to yisit his home. When 1 went to his home this gentaman who is a grandfathet poured out his heart to me and said that the does not know what to do because of the drugs which he is auare are being used right in his back yard. And thisgentlemam told me that he had telled the folice on various occasions, but up bo the time $I$ was talking to him, nobody had turned up.

How serious then Mr. Fresident is the folice Department in trying to stamp this out, and I am not crying down the folice Department, because I have stood in this Assembly and defended them. But this is a matere which is much bigger than the Folice Department of this Country. It is much gigger than the prison Department of this country. It is much bigger than oum Legislative Assembly. Mr. Ftesident, let us use bur consciantes. let ua think seriously about this situation.

Mt. Fresidentr in closing I would again suggest that this motion should extend far beyond Northward Prison and I would like to see Government initiate a programme where all senior officials would agree to be gubject to drug testing. All Government employees would agree to it. Thenr and only thenr would the people of this country be tonvinced that Government is sincerely doing all in its power to stamp out this scourge of drugs.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MR. FRESIDENT:
The First Elected Menter for Bodden
Town.
MF. JAMES MA EODDEN: Mr. Fresident, I will nat speak it any great detail on this motionr other than wo say that I fully support it. I hope it could be broader. and i hope that something can definately be done about it.

It is about time that we come to
grips with the drug situation in thos country. It is ruining the youthr it is ruining the Gountry. When the youth of a country is destroyed, all hope is lost for that Eountry, be it ours or anyone elses.

My Eolleague from Deorge Town raised a point which I had wished to have raised, therefore i fully support him on it, and think that it is time that there thowla be anforeed, random festing of people. It may assist us to come to grips more fully with this problem. It should be done with tife civfl Servicep it show ta be done with the Legislaturef it should be done with the man on the street. Maybe if we do this. we will save a lot of hurt in the future, I for one am willing to agree to it et any time, and I support that as well as supporting this motion or any action that Government can take wich will help us to eradicate drugs from theas Islands.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
The First official Nember.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I believe that all of us in this Honourable House are trying to wrestle with a monster which is not easy to find the solution to.

We know that there has to be
substantial money behind the scenes that is supplying drugs in this Eountry, and I agree Mr. Fresident with the esmments made by the Eecond Elected Member for George Townr and the First Elected Member for Bodden Town, that Civil Servant should submit themselves to random testing. Mr. President, in agreeing with it, it alsomeans that $I$ an quite willing to submit myself at any time to any sort sf test.

But whenever we are daaling with something of this type mrz fresident, there are many people with many ideas. and it seera that the pld way of dealing with it its to form a committee. I an not sure Mr. President that this is the answern I am not sure that building a Givit Centre is the answar. I think Mr. Fresident it must be, to my mind. a very broad and ampratansive
approach which encompasses facilities as well as a propramme as well as personmel who are sufficiently capable and skilled to deal with the one to one sitsation. To deal with the person who is hooked onto drugs.

Random testing in the civil Servise Mr. Fresident. there is mothing wrong with it - we will agree to it. We only hope that when the randon testing begins and your cixis Servant runs to you and says "I am singled out"r we do not hear a different story from any Member of this Honourable House, beaduse what we are seeking to do is to agree with the gentifents here today.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MA. PRESIDENT:
The Third Elected Member for West
Bay.
MRS. DAPHNE DRRETT:
Thank you sir.
Mr. President 1 rise in supprot of Private Member's Motion No. 15/86, regarding the investigation of reports of illitit drugs in Northward frison.

1 do not think i need to remind
Menters here of the $5 t a n d$ whith $I$ take on drugs in any form - alcohol not being an exception.

However Mr. Fresident, as the First
Official Member has just mentioned, orugs are a monster. We have a problem not only in the supply but now in demand. I am of the firm opinion as $I$ have stated here on many secasions, that prevention is always better than cure. However, what this motion seeks wo deal with is to investigate reports of drugs within an establishment which is designed to help to cure that ill, in prisoners being timere.

Mr. President, I realise that not all one hears in the Cayman lslands is sorrect. Eut often where there is sobke there is fire, and it has to be since that facility was opened that there have been rumours that drugs were available there. Recent events have proven that at least persons employed at that factility have been guilty of being in possession of drugs in quantities which would indicate that the drugs were not merely for consumption by the person on persons involved. This would seem to be a fair indication that perhaps the drugs were found in the possession of the person and were for sale. Some people get rich in this country quickly.

I will deal with the Muktal
Ascistance Treaty later, but there is more than one reason why f feel the way 1 do about it. However. Mr. Fresident the love of money is stall the ropt of all evil, whether you look at it directly or indirectly, that is exactly what this is all about, and ane has to agree that thers are tertain people who have become pich in the caymat Istands pretty quickly, I tell yot, I have seen some homes where $I$ still cannot fathom where the money has come from to have tham constructed. There are some cars that i still wonder how people in certain positions have so many of a certain make, and they are not second hand either. Eut I do not kfow, maybe they have businesses which are prospering very well. I am not here to coment so that. However Mr. President, there have been rumours that there have been personnel in Customs, in the frison Department, in the Immigration Department, in the Police Forte who are involved. My personal spinion is that within any of these departments we have same of the finest offimers anywhere. Gn the other hand Mr. Fresident, doubts and question garks have on many oceasions arisen in my mind as to whether or not there are the few who continue to be involved in this illitit trade, and they are fueling the fite which is consuming the young people on these Islands. We are faced with a problem, and i do not need to remind Members of that. these Iskands have a problem.

Mr. President, it has been mentioned to me on more that she oceasion that at the Airport, one of the math tactits is that when certain Customs officers ate at the Airport, individuals who wish to bring drugs into this Country can make overseas calls, find out the times that those people are to be stationed at the Airport, and it is those particular officers who look through their luggage. Mr. President. whether or not this is sor I cannot be sure. However. what I would like to see at the Airport is someone there who will direct. someone in a position which we cath really trust, to direct passengers to whom ever he wishes to direct them, and not that a passenger can walk up to a customs officer. I know that this is what is done at an Airport in Miami. You just walk uptamerertain Customy officer. Eut if indeed this is coreect, I
feel that this is one of the ways of curtailing this meanz of importation.

Mry. President. it has even eome to my attention that drivers of schosl thildren consume drugs daring the day when they are trantporting chilaten to school. The mataer of drugs is serious, and believe mer if random testing is tone. one of the first areas wher" 1 with to sae it done will be on the drivers of those school buses.

Cayman Airways is another area which has bean browght to my attettibi where employees whether they are stewardesses, pilots of whoever: people in such respotitole positions should be subject to fandom testing.

Mr. President, the motion befora as is not dealing difectly with this, but waye dealing with drugs they are everywhere. It is not something which the Cayman ralands have and mobody else hasr it is everywhere. Eut Mr. President, I am here to say that if the supply was not 50 prevelant and so readily available, the demand might be less in this country.

We have some sturng laws on drug pushersi and people who get rich although there day is coming Mr. Presidant. I can assure anyone in thts House that if Mr. Kipifng Douglas does not sentence them they have a sentence coming. Down the roady anybody who gaite thear wealth through testroying young paoplers lives, and if indeed a situation exists in Northward Frison, which reguires the atwention and investigation of persomel in that department, and mind you, ithill belleve that there are anly a very few involved in any Government department. i feel that this ought to be done.

Mr. Presidetitr it is mot an easy solution, it is not an easy solution. But I am afraid that this Government has to look ser fously into the matter of rehatilitation of the drag addicts on these Ishands. We can extend Northward Frison as much as we with, and 1 know that has helped many of them becatase terainly they come out looking a lot better than when they went in. And many of them are acting a lot better and doing a lot better. Eut in addition to that. I feel that we need to look seriously into the urgent provision of fagilities where these drug uats can be helped.

In addition Mr. President.
investigations into these areas where it is understond that inciuding ramours that even the police boats have not been doing exactly all that they ought to be doing. Again. this is only a rumour : but what 1 am hoging Mr. Fresident is that this Government, working elosely with these departments is atie to Ensure to the people of this country that it is dofing everything possible to eliminete this problem.

I support this motion Mr. Fresident. and in doing sa, I Eongratulate those vigitant officers of the Government departments who are trying to helpus whether they be Customs. Immigration. Palice or whoever. Eut if indeed there are those few who are lining their porkets from the profits gained in these areas, then Government needs to look into the possitility of investigation, to bring those persons to an early demise as far as their trade in drugs is concerned.

Thank you very much Mr. Fresident,
MR. FRESIDENT:
The Thind Elected Member of
Executive Cauncil.
HON. CAPT. CHARLES KIRKCONNELL: Mr. President, I rise to support the motion and to congratulate the second Elected Member for bringing this to this House.

Mr. President, we have a sick
society. We have an epidemic in oum society, and we have to tackle this problem. And it is not only the Government who should tackle it, it is the responsibility of every citizen in this country. The motion says Government needs to do everything in its power to remove this evil from our commuity'. I am saying Mr. President that wer the people of the Cayman Istands, should do everything within our power to remove it - not only the Government. The people are the Government of this country, and I hope that all Members will realise this fact.

The Second Elected Member for Bearge Town touched a spot when he satd Mr. President, that we need to get ta the source of this problem - find out who is supplying drugs. He could not have been more correct.

In this very Session Mr. President. we are trying to pass a Eill which will help ss get to tha touree of this problem, and to stop the drugs egoing in here, bexause this
little Gountry has not got the resources of its own fo fight international drug traffickers and other eriminalsy and that is what the Eill before this House whith is being disputed, is tryity to do.

Mr, President, I heard one Member say that we should stop the procesdings of this House wntil one derfy Lee Harvey's case has been thoroughly investigated.

MR. PRESIDENT: I mast interrupt the Member for a moment. I really da mot want ta give other Members an apportanity to turn the debate on this motion into a further debate on the mat which we are already debating, and the debate on which, will continue ance the motion has been disposed of. Soperhaps l have been very liberal, fleytte, whatever you like, in allawing other Members to stray a lang Way from the strick text of the motions becaume I felt that the House wished to hear what Members had to say about the drugs problem, because I know how muth that concerns the cammurity. But I think at this point, I must say I would prefer that we not brimg the mat into it. And at a later stage, when we ere debetumg the bill on the MLAT, you will have an oppomtumity to make those points.

MF. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, I, on a ......
MR: PRESIDENT:
If it is a Foint of order.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Just, well just an observation sir. Mr. Fresident $Y$ could have risen eartiar and stopped Merabers under Standing orders, from the wide and varying debate. Eut 1 think you haye already set the precedenty by allowing Members to go on but if you afe going to stop one now. then you are going to be diseriminating against that particular Member. I in particular sir....

MR. FRESTDENT:
Well...
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH: ....would not be willing to stop if
I wanted to answer something which had been said. I think what we are getting here is good debate from all Members, and I would encourage you to....

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please sit down.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
.... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ et the Menber carry on.
MR. PRESIDENT:
you have made your point, bat i am going to maintain my ruling. I will allow Menbers to stray widely to discuss the drugs protlem. tut. I will not allow discussion of the Mutual legal Assistance Treaty ander this heads amd i hope hembers will understand. What I ain trying to do is to prevent a second debate of the subject which we are essentially debatimg already, and you krow, I fear that if a allaw ame Member tapursue that topic, then others will feel they must answer, and we shall be awey. Eut that aside, I will combinue to allow gemeral discuestor because of the concern the commanity feels about drugs.

HON. CAFT. CHARLEE KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresidert, I was merely talwing about the source Sir which the Serond Elected Member for George Town referred to in his eartier debate. My point was that 1 agree with him. and this is exactly what we should dor touch the source of the supply of drugs. And 1 went in sir to say that there was a suggestion that we stop the proceedings of the House.

MR. PRESIDEMT: I have understood. All I amasking you to do is not no introduce debate about the merits of the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty.

HON. GAPT. CHARLES KIRKCONNELL: YES Mr. President, I appreciate that Girr but the point I am tryitg to get across is that the particular petsin G. Lee Harvey who was a drug trafficker.....

MR. PRESLDENT:
I think. lets laave the discussion
of that uritil the MLAT is itself under discussiom. Othersise I shall be told by other Members rightiy that they shadld have during the debate on this motion. an opportunity to answer what you are saying naw.
$I$ amprepared to listen to arguments
that we should get at the source af the drug traffic, bat I am not prepared ta allow anything which directly touches on the MLAT, ar
paints which were maisen during the debate on the MLAT．I fope you will assist me to make thet distinction．

HON，GAPT．CHARLES KIRMCONNELE：Yes Mr，Presidert，I will get my point a＜ross later on Sir．Eut we cannot protett arug tofaffickers bn the one hatar aft then condemn them on the sther．We cannot blow hot and coldr．We flave to do．nn．．

MR．LINFOFD Aュ PIERSON：On a Point of Ofater Mrn President． I think the Mefter js infermimg that $I$ was suggesting that drug traffickers showid be protected，and if this is the inference，he is whang．

MR．FRESIDENT：I djd not Mead it like that．If I thought he hat been inferping that，I would have stopped him strajght away＂

HON，CAPT．CHARLES KLFKCONNELL：Mr．Fresident，that is a most incornect assamptionn I had no such thing in my thind．nor was I
 coning frem my conseience．

I agree Mr．Fresident with the suggestion that all persons whether in the publyc sector，ar amyone invalved $\ddagger n$ the private seetor whom wemight suspecty that we have the
 say at this point gim that I would welcome it．ard I would be one of the firet voluntetre．

1 therakyousir．
MF．PRESIDENT：
The Fourth Elected flember of
EKECutive Councti．

HOM．VASSEL Gn JOHNSON：
Mt．Presidentr I tos fīs to support Private Members Motion $E a l l i n g$ for the investigation af reports of illicit drugs in Northward Prisom．

Mr．President，I was glad to hear
Members speak abott drugs，and the sericusness of the problem．But I Was Even happier to see the vast monunt of support fom this private
 this，because over the past couple of days y gpent nearly two hours on my feet trying to ithpress an Memberg herey and on the putitic of the
 what the Treaty is all about．

MR．JAMES M．EDDDEN：
MR．PRESIDENT：
going ta make the same point．．．．．

MR．JAMES M．BDDDENA We all kMow what the Treaty is and we all know what the Narmotic Agreementowas．The Naremtir Agreemeptr was done to help control drugs．we khow thatm．．．．．

MR．FRESIDENT：
I must ask all Members to assist me by not drawimg the Nameatic Agremment or the Mutural begal As ifstance Treaty inta the debate an thjs motion，

HON．VASSEL Gr JDHNSON：YES Siry I Em Grateful to you Sir， stop me any time you wish．

Mr＝President，what was really coming to light in my mind，and then I besame comfused berause fare is a motion this morning calling for investigation of reports an illitit trugst and yet the same Member Mr．Fresident，was susgesting im other debates and other subjects that we take a long and distant route to see whether the people of these Islands wish to take a sertain proceedure to deal with the drug problem．

MR．PRESIDENT：
The Member finvited mets staphim if
就 anytime．．．．．．．
MFA．W．MCKEEVA BUSHE
Mr．Presidemt，an a Pgint of ormers
明 F FRESIDENT：
Eapable of stopping hitm。
MR．UA利E S MODDEN：
But Mr．Presionemt．．．．

MR. JAMES M. BDDDEN: Mr. Presitint, J kinch that the
Member is confusedr we all know that. Eut there is mot a Member of this House who I do not believe is fully against drags and that is why we have the Narcotics Agtreemett with the United States, so do mot confuse the is sue. The Treaty is mot to be monfused in this discussion.

MR. FRESIDENT:
I am asking that the treaty be left until we are debating the Treaty, and that it not be further braught. into the debate on this motionn

MRS. DAPHNE L= ORRETT:
MR. PRESIDENT:
order.

MAS. DAFHNE L. DRRETT: Pres ident.

Mr. President.
Nor unless you have a real Point of

Yes, it is m real Paint of Oroer Mr.

PRS. DAFHNE $L \times$ DRRETT:
The First Elected Member for BGduen Inn thimk thers is one Member in this Houser if I understana himeoremetly, who is totally against ditgs. I beg to diffet on that point.

MR. PRESIDEMT:
That is not a Point of Braer, with

## respect.

MF. LINFQRD A. PIERSON:
MR. PRESTEENT:
What is the Paint of Oruer?

Mn. FRESIDENT: You are puiteright, ft was not a Foint of drder, and I an telling the Member so, and I must ask Members not to raise spurious Points of Drder..

MR. JAMES M. EQDDEN: Well, Mr. President if.s.ax
MR. PRESIDENT:
Ig this a Foint of 日uder?
MF. JAMES M. GODDEN:
just trying to elarify something.
Yes Sir, I think it is, but I am
If it came out the way the Member is putting it, what $I$ was torying to sayr and $I$ thind $I$ did sayr was that there is tot a Member of this Houser and 1 was trying to fariude hef in that atsor who is not totally agaimst the irradication of drugs. I was giving everybody the benefit of the doubt.

MR. EEESLDENT:
Thank youn
Now, the FGurth Elected Member of


HON. VASSEL GE JOHNSOAN:
Mr. Fresident, I woutd lize to say
 trying to Eonfuse the publis in this itsue w we are taiking about dewgs and drugs is avery wide stbject when vou teaise it on the floop of this Legislative Assemblys please remember that,

Howeverr 1 will bow to your ruling
 the other store and Estifusing.

Mr. Presidentr mention was made hera
 is an ideal thing, and that the ofly aspect of it which I wiold ask you to look ats is that the testing mast be done on satpfuse. Nobody should know when certain individuals afe going to be tested, othefufse the purpose of it will be defeated. We want to catoh those parple who are involved, and so they should not know of the date ot the testing.



Policer in my opinion, are doing quite a good job. They have made matiy, many arrests. There have been manys many monyictions in the Gowft - people who have been rutuing wild for years dealing with


 that while they have to find the souteo af drags in atder to satisfy theit ego for it it could be one of the reasons why we hear about tha
 because that institution should be kept at all times free of drug wser it the mantar as set down in the motion.

Mr. Presidentr I think the motyon has had quite a bt of debate, and as I have said befbrer I rose to support ft because ft is something wifch everyone of us herer and every fight-thinking citizen of this country should be wonempned about.

Thank you 5ir.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wist to speak?
If there ame ather Members wishing tor. I think probably we ate unlibely to complete the debate befare lunch. If there had not been anybody else, 5 would have froited you to wind hp.

MF. H. MEKEEVA EUSH: Mr. Presinemt. why da we mot eapmy on until one arelock Sirr and I ambertain we could be finizhed.

MR. FRESIDENT: We can, but I do not know that that really....all right, let us see. The Member for North Side, we will give it a few more minutes. Yal wapted to speak. I amsorry, it that Fight? Yes.

MR. D. EZIARD MILLER:
Mr. Pfesident, for omed a amglad to see the enthusiasm with which a motion brought by myself and the Second Elected Member from West Eay is being received. Eecause normally, we get one ar two who will support ut, but most of the time we afe accused of apathy and wanting to introduce the wrong kind of things in the Country.

I tos Mr. Fresident, have been concerned about reports by former person inffates who have seeti the light, and have now joined the confthes and have giventheit souls to God, about the availability of drugs in Northward Prison. Therefore, I had no hesitatisn in seconding this motion, and 1 would also be prepared to have the motion expanded if it was allowed, to say that not only Civil Servants and the Legislative Asambly should have random drug testing, but l think 5 irr that this is not a problem for the Members of the Legislative Assembly and the civil gervice alone. This is a problemfor the Country. Since the Father of the Houser the First Elected Member for Eodden Town so graciously referred to me this morning as the genius from this side of the Houser I am going to Guggest to Government how it can be doner so that we can arcommodate random drug sampling throughout society,

I think Sir that the Traffic Law is presently being redrafted, and athink gir that that is the place to allow it. 1 如itik if we allowed the Folice officers, not only to stop drivers, \&est them and check their drivers license, the registration on theif sar, their insurance, but also include a breath andyyser test for alcohol, and maybe arine or blood test for drugs. Than we stand a chance to get to the root of the problem.

It is unfortunate thet according to the debate, 50 me perple feel that the follce maybe involved in this in some way. Mayber if the Members of the Legislative Assembly had have been priyjleged to have seen two reports which wefe done on the folife Force soms years ago, some of this could be put to rest. Maybe it is not too late yet to take those feports sut and dust them off and let the pablic know what was contained in those feportg. Further sir, if we want to get to the root of this problem of drugs in our country. I believe that the foot which feeds the drug trade in this country is money, and the posesestion of money in this country is mo erime. Eut I think we had ansther expert come here and do another report wifich was put in the cellar of the Administration Euilding and not reyealed to the public of this country. It was gir Geoffacy Eriggs ithink it was, who suggested that maybe all civil Servants politiciantr, etceterar should declake their assets when they are seeking elections or that they could be called on at any time to dectate their assets. Eacause fir, there is mo question in anyone's mind that there area lot of people who have done expeptionally well ith this cobntry in a
short time. Although the banks are gften willing to lend you moneyt because most of the people in this country are working fot the banks. and the only people who really mate any money in this country are the
 six fats, or a houge which ebuld have beetf the envy of onassis, atha he does not have the tommitments at a bank. or other lendtag instivution to justify such assets, then he should have to explain how he got them.

I think too gir that the prothem is 50 big that one of the foundations of Cayman society might have to be sidetracked in ordef ta rid this evil from our society, and that is the Caymanian protective loyalty towards his fellow Gaymanian. These people nead to start singing, and they need to start identifying the people for whom they are pushing these drugs. The folite need to have the fifformation, and one sften wonders gir whether people who go to Morthward for drug offences, are maintained on amm sort of a salary from these people, of they have struck some deal behind the srenes with these peoplex because they will te in prison for years. We do not see them losing their houses to the banks. They do not lose thejr cars when they come out. And sometimes, as the Third Elected Member for West Bay saidr they are better off then when they went in and that seems a strange set of circumstances. it is a big problem which hat to be tackled as a Gountry, and Mr. Fresident if the Traffic Law is amended to allow for alcohol and drug tests etcetera, we should not exclude the possibility of haying same of these roat-blecks near to the coektail parties and near to the Rugby ciub, because most of those eocktail parties, the liquor is freay atid as we all know, the quickest way to get drunk is free liquot which has to be consumed in a short period of time. And Mr. Priesident, I do not suggest that the penatites should be fine or a term of imprisonment, because a fine would wean nothing to most of the people itt the higher economic bracket of our socisty. The country zannot affordto put them in Northward frison and feed them for any length of time. Maybe we should come up with some novel thing like a big sticker ot their car which says "I am a drug deateri I have been found with drags: I have been tested positive for blood aleohol, so that everybody in the Islands, everybody who comes here knows that doe Elow who drives that Mercedez Eenz or that Toyota or that volkswagon with that sticker was found to have been using drugs of one kind pr atother.

Mr. President the Third Dfficial
Member in aceppting this motion said that it was a fact that there hat been some cases where inmates had been convicted of actually Eonsuming, or having drugs in their possession while in prison. That revelation Mr. Fresident, makes it even more important that this motion is taken seriodsly, and I hope that when the feport is bratght back to this House in hovembet" 1 i hope, it is detailed enough to alleviate the rumours oth the street, and if it also confirms the ramours it must show the proserutions which have takets place afd where the recomendations have been inplemented to put this thing to rest.

Mr. Fresident. I support the motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to speak?
Well I still think really that Members would probably prefer to have their lunch now, and we can finish off the motion afteriarios: because there are one or twa more who may speak.

So, i will suspend proceedings tatil
approximately two fifteen.

AT 12:53 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED
HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:20 P.M.

MF. PFESIDENT:
Frivate Member's Motion No.15/ge. The First Elected Member of the Lesser Islands had eawght my eye before we....

GAFT. MARRY 5. KIRKCONMELL: Mr. Preaident, I rise to support Private Member.s Motion No.15/86.

I complement the mover and the seconder for bringing it to this Honourable House.

If the situatian daes exist, 1 think it meede attention. Nat living on Grand Cayman like the ather Elected
 Cayman, but 1 am extremely concerfed as to what fllicit drugs are doing to tase of our Islands, and 1 feel that every effort, and $I$ concur with my colleague the Third Elected Member of Executive council, when he sald that it is something which concenhis every person in the Gayman Islands not the Goverfment alane. I think everyone of us shatuld join together, united in this effart to try to irradicate drugs and alcoholista to the best of cum ability.

The Thirg Dfficial Member of
Executive Council mentiomed the reed for rehabilitation at the Frison. I join with hith also in this need. I am concerned about the humber of ouf youth who are spending sententes regardess of the duration of their sentence there. If they torne out into soffety no better prepared to meet the evils then when they went in: we really have not athieved anything. I feel it is incumbant upan us to atempt to make every effort to establish as early as posistle a mears of trying to rehabilitate these young people. It is really alarming to me when I see the youth of the cayman Islands. some of them not even able to mature into adulthog in a proper way, dide ta having been addicted to drugs. Hany of them have brought theipr families ta disgrace. Fathers and mothers wha 1 heve known to be extremely reputable people are today havirg serfaus problems with thear chiadrem. This is a shame, and I feel that if there is anything that the bovernifent combined with all the people of the cayman islands can do to improve this situation we should do it now.

And again in thosing, I would like ta complement the Member for bringing this, and I lock forward toan early Report.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MR. PRESIDENT:

## The Member for East End.

MR. JOHN E. PAELEAN:
Mr. President. much has beetn satd on thé mation and it is mot my intentian to prolong the debate j However, 1 feel that the subject is important enough for meto partake in the debate.

First of all mr. fresident, I too join the athers wha have supported this mation. I feel the Members should be caraplimented on the motion. It is ane which is very 3mpartant ta our Ielands. I hope Mr. President that the Harourable Mover of the Motion will see fit ta broadeft fts scope. and to include other areas besides the Northward Prison.

I am very concerned Mr. President.
I am concemmed as a representative of the people; I am concermed as a parent. Anyone who does not agree that we have a problem here in these Islands. is hanestly teliing an untruth. We can see it every day.

1 agree with previcus 5 peakers who
have sasd that we need to put more emphatis on the source. rather than dealing with the "iftte ones on the street. In some cases Mr. President, thy heamt is touched when I see yourg men amd young gimls who at one time were quite promising young people, and betanse of this terrible hatit, have how reached the point where special help is needed, and $I$ do not agmee that taking them and placing them in Northward Prison is the answer. The time has come when we as responsible citizens, we as parents must stand up ta the probleff which we are faced with and try and work together as a united front to curtail this problem. I know Mr. President that this is a worldowide problem, and 1 arn sure this has bean brought out here severai times in the last few days. But 1 agree with the mover of the motian. The motion is quate timely, in lieu of other matters that have been distussed.

Charity begins at home Mm.
President, Let us clean up our area before digressing to assist in cleaning athers.

I will not take the step of other
Members ta be sat down by you sir, and for that reason I base my argument or the perimeters of the detate here yesterday.

The motion before as calls for an investigatian, and I Bope Mr. President that Gaverment will seeffit to take the metion in the light im which it was presemted, and te have as fast attion as possible.

Thank you.
ME. PRESIDENT:
The Second Elected Member of

Mr. Presidentr I rise too to support Private Member's Motion No. 15/86.

I had not planned to 5 peak an this subject, although it has my full support. Eut it is an important subject, and ane of very serious concern to all of as in this country. And when the Member for West bay brimgs a bed mation he does not find too many takers. But whemever it is a good motions everytady jumps anto the bandwaggon and I as a represtatative of Georme Tawn da hot want to te left off etther.

I think that this motion is timely, and worthy of fall investigation ty the Gavermment, because it is somewhat fromic that there is a possibility that the place where we are phting aur people to prevent them form drugs, that there is a possibility that at this place ft can be made avallable to them through whatever arrangement.

The Airport operation and Cayman Airways figured prominently in the detate. And 1 would like to say Sir that $I$ an supportive of amy attion by Government ar the private secter, that cam implement or institute any rules or reguletions, or Whatever is necessary to assist our Airport and Cayman Airways to be free from any invalvement in any drug activities whatcoever.

I would say here, that as far as the Civil Aviation Departhent is comeermed, I believe it was arie of the first departments in Government to take attion for drug testing throagh urine samples. This programme has been in place anongst the firemen and Aim trafic control officers for several manths fow, in fact I think from the early part of this year.

Mr. President, the magnitude of this problem has been peceiving for a lomg time jaternational retagnatian and concerf, and this is why cooperation is meeded in ordef te solve the complex and anterwoven plan whith drug iraffickers cam put forward when they want to make big gaine from these illicit drugs. I agree with the Member aho said that tithvolves our whele commaty, not Govermment alone.

We have the falice Departhemt, and while there are criticisms and protably same of them justified, I believe that the majortty are doing a good jot. There is alsu the Crime Eranth as well. Eut until cur fommanty jains forces with Govermment and the service chats, we will not get the sort of results which we desire. Sol hope this message has beef put forward loud and clear, and that the co-operation will beforthcoming 50 that 50 me evidence of improvement in aur country is seen in a very short while.

I look forwarg to what the
investigatian will reveal, and lack farwand to the day that it is presented to this Honcurable House, so thet appropriate attion, or whatever action is mecessary car be takeri. And with that short cantribution sim. I support the motion.

MR. PRESIDENT: DGEs any ather Member wish to speak before I call uponn...yes, the Second Elected Merber for Eodden town.

MR. G. HALE BODDEN: Mr. Fresident, this motion like many others whith we have dealt with over the last. two years simply offers the patient aft aspirion, when what he meeds ig majar surgery. I am not saying that it is not good to have a committee invegtigate amy matem which the Members of the House may feel should be investigated.

But, the fargest sirgle problem in
the Cayman Islands today, and in many of the other coumtries of the warld is the drug problef. So what we need is a camprehensive programme. We need atatement from the Member of Government cavening all areas of drug abuse, and listing the steps that Gevernment will take to reduce the prablem, or ta combat the problem.

I think we meed a fula-scale
education programme. Education ta start probably in the Middie School, or earlier, to teach children the bad affects of drugs. Because once the young person starts to use the drugs it is more difficult to convince that person that the drug fs bat, and so wemed to start with a programme of education. We also need a programme of edutation for adults, because there are many parents who wadd welcome some information on drugs. There are parents I ams certain, who do not know the signs to look for. The telltale signs which would let them know when their child has started on the road to drags. And thimk we need adult education, and a lot of informationgoing out to the publif, so that parents understand as well as children.

Whether we like to admit it or mot.
there has been an estalation in the mamber of drug-related cases over the last two years. Some peaple feel it started with the semding away of Commissioner Stowers because a lot of peaple felt he had had a pretty good contral of the problem at the time be left. I am not saying that this is one of the reasans. Some people say that Goverment itself has been permissive in many areas. Far example, since Novernter 1984 we have seen a lat of hew liguor establishments licensed. I do not know the pecentage, but there has been a substantial increase in new liquor premises. There has been permissiveness in the law. The mandatory sentences have been removed from the law, and $I$ believe we need harsh penalties for drugs.

Another thing which has crept into
our saciety is that there has been a lat of sympathy builoing up for the user, and I have no more sympathy for the user that I have for the seller. And the reason is this, and very few peaple realise this; it is nat the seller of oruge which buings the young persom intousing drugs. When a child receives drugs for the first time, it has been found womld-wide that nine times out of ten, that child gets the orugs from his closest friend. It is the friends of your children and my childrem wha intraduce children at a young age to drugs. They 5 ay boy or girl "this is good you should try it". And in fact, very recently a yaung woman tald the that the fimst time ghe had seenganju was at a house party when one of her friends asked her to emake a tigarette, and this young persan did not actept the invitation, but told me that she nearly did becalase it was her best fritent who offered her the cigarette. So, it is not the dope peddler who is going around asking strange children to use drugs. It is the tioue friends who inveigle their clofe assaciates to try drugs for the first time, and it is only then, when the chind gets a taste of whatever good feelings they appear to get, it is anly then that they seft aut the sellems. So I have no sympathy for the users, because th is the users who are spreading the use. They provide the demand for the drugs, and I think we should get tough. The sellers should be if prison for life because they are murderers there is no question about it. When you give a youns child 'crack" or cocaine ar any hard drug, it is anly a matter of time when that person will die. Sa the sellers are murderers, they are mass murderers and 1 would like ta see cur law changed toppovide life imprisomment for all who are caught selling drugs, even the first time. The users cannot be treated lightly either. I think our Laws are tog lenient, and I would support any messures to jomerease the penalties: because the United states tried te stap the flow of drugs, and they found that they could not because the demand was there. The user was demanding it; the user would fay the price and we mast not be carmied away by talk of rehabilitation. It is true that we should ute it wherever possiole, and particularly for first or setond offenders who are caught with the drugs. But we must nat get tac sympathetic with the user, because the user is a threat ta society. In fact, if there were no users there would be no sellers. I do hot believe it is the other way, that if there were no sellers there wotald be no users.

Sa, we have a serious problem here, afod I do not know why the frison has been sitigled out for an imvestigation. But if this is the wish of the Hause, my negative vate would nat prevent the investigation. Eut I wonder how much gaod is really going to come of this. I am wandering how much this is really gaing ta help the massive problem which we have. About fifty parcemt of the Magistrate's time is takeh up now in gur courts with drug-related cases. It is oum largest single protiem, and imfact I thint it was the last sithing of the Appeal caum when the first six cases ari the Courts calendar were appeals against canvictions for drugs. Se it is a large prablem, and it is a problem that should be beyond palitics. It $\bar{s} 5$ a problef which needs ta be tackled at every level; with educatian, penalties, with mehabilitation wherever it is possibte and think that if Government would spend mame time trying to find out what to do about the drug problem instead of counting green parrots and finding put where the little boy can fish, we would have a better country.

I must commend the Member for
oringing the motion, if it is his feeling that this will in same small way nat only helpr but highlight the problem whach existe, so that we do mot get toried in Marime Farks and all this sart of nomsense, and lock at this evil which destrays every human beany that it tourhes. We know that. there are young able-badied peaple in thetr twenties what no longer bave the antition te wark, terause they have teen using tao
 sentous problem. This a scaunge and if remedial attion jom mot taken on a large fealer we could well lacee a let af young people, and
pernaps mare mature pegple to drugs.
1 fourd it difficult listeming to some of the debate today, and all the calls for testirg of the menters of the legislative Assembly, and parish priests of whever is in society. Certainly, the only people who would need to fear a test of this natare waidd be a persom who knows that his test wald be positive. The attion sought by the motion is simply that govermment, appoint a Committee to examine ane area of the problem. Eut belifeve that what we really med is major surgery, where Eovernment examines every part of the problem, and tackles the use, the demand, the supply, the effects on the commaity, the edacatianal side of it. So that if we cannot even stanp it out altagether, we can lessen the bardships which will be put on future generations.

MR. FRESIDENT:
The First Elected Member of
Executive Council.
HDN. BENSON D. EBANKS
Mr. President, when this simple
short mation was introduced this moming I did not think there would be such a wide debate on it, and I thought that the Third Official Member had given Government's position on the motion. Fut it sefms as though we have cast quite a wite het with this motion and have introduted quite a lot of other matters into the debate.

The last speaker said that this subject should te above politics, and lould not agree with himmore. But it 3 s a pitty that he had nat set the example in his speeth.

Now Mr. President, it is probably true to say that there has been an increase in the number of drug related prosecutions recently. Eut Mr. President. I am certain that one of the reasons for this is the improved and better law enforcemert. It is also ture that the abuse of drugs has taken on new dimemsions. There are new products, and naturally the probiem escalates rapidly.

When the United States Fresident's Commission on Cmine Report was issued about six months agor at that time "crack" and "rack" did mot warrant camment within the body of that report, it was menticned as a footnate, and taday it is the number ohe problem in the United states and possitly here in the Cayman Islands as well. I alm anty mentanimg this to show how rapidly the probleff has estalated.

I do not actept $M \mu$. President that the escalation of the prablem tas anything to da with the permissiveness of the present elected Gavernment. In my awn district I do not believe we have hat any new bar licenses as a result of the change in the Law. Rut Mr. President, as far as I tan gather, there has been an increase in the abuse of drugs. Lets make mo injstake about it MM. President. If a person wants alcohol, he will get it by legal means or fouly and the same thing is externded in my opimion to ther substances of abuse.

If Members had attended the "say No
to grugs' effart put on by the folice, they wald have found that at least the two ex-drug ueers who gave testimony at that functian, were persons wha had been convicted priar to two years ago. So lets hot come here and suggest that the abuse of drugs was unknown two years ago. I accept and agree Nr . President that education is the key ta fightimg the drug problein. But, unfortunately as have said ealier, this scaurge maves so quickly, the development of it moves so quithly that you are fardly making plans to attack it on ane front when it appears on another. Eut since it seems that the approath to the prablem thrgugh an educational pragramme is supported. 1 hope that Members will support the pravision for persamel to get a meaningful pragramme on the road, when it is presented in the 1787 budget.

In the meantime, Government is warking with the service clubs and the paltce ta meach youth through the schools and other organisations, mad I hope it will help.

I de mot like to get personal Mr. Presidert, but it is interesting to note that the ex-Cammistioner chedited with having such success in drug related areas told me only a few weeks ago that education in this regard was a waste of time.

I believe Mr. President that what could help as well is if all members of society copperated with the Palice in the matter of drug abuse. If you get information, go to the Police with it, and let us etop trying to be folice officers ourselves. I believe the job of legfslators is to legislate kaws, not to enforee them, and if we have information that drugs are coming into the Country, ar there is a drug dea?er aramd, let us give that

Yfformation to the peaple wha are suppased to enforce the laws, and not lets try to be folicemen ourselves. If we want to be folifemen, let us put on the uniform and get dut there. The folice force im apy country cari only te as good in any respect, as the papulation allows it to be. And if we are not going ta coroperate with the fortes then their tast as gaing to be much harder, much greater, mach less effective and much more costly to the community.

Mr. President, I support this motiam and I should go an record Mr. Prestdent since everybody else sefthy to have made their pasition clear, that if Members af the Legislative Assembly want to be tested, I will be in there. But I would remind Members Mr . President that we must be careful of not just makins a bit of a charade out of this isswe. Recause as I set it, for the test to be valid under the present Law, the folice have to suspect one of having used a substance, and then request the test, and it be dene in atcombance with the lawn Just going in and giving a test as you know. is not always effective. But $I$ amprepared to do it if that is the wish of the House.

With thase few wards Mr. President,
I suppart this motion.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Any other Member wish to speak?
Does the Mover wish to exercise his fight of reply?
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Yes Mr. Fresitentr I was hoping that
the Honcitrable Attorney General being the only one who did not exfrcise his might, would have pisen.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: He is gaing to be tested tod.
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Presidentr I am really
happy.....
I an savifg my treath for the reply
HON. MICHAEL U. BRADLEY:
to the other detate.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: You are going to need mare than
breath for that one.
Mr. President, I am really happy to
see the umanimity on the House on this istue, and until the vates ame counted, belifeve we have 99.79 per cent. The other one per cent really is nothing to warry about.

I ah happy to see that Goverment has accepted the motion, and am net going to prolong the debate, but there are some points whith 1 would speak to.

One was ratsed by the Honedrable
Third Official Member, that one of the prablems at Northward Frison is that people can get very mear the fehce, and my only answer ta that is: if peaple are getting that clase to the fence betanse of the roads which are soctose to the fence, then ctase the raads. or, the other solution would be, and probably the only solution as far as the fence is concermed, is to patrol the fence tetter. That would be a goot start.

But, let $u s$ face the fact, and that is why $I$ brought the mation. The fact is that we have had complaints that inmates are getting drags. The other fatt is, we know that at least one guard has been taught in the possessian of drugs and there you must start.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Correct ine if I am wrong, but I think that case may still be sub judice, in which case....I think one guard has been perhaps charged, but mot convicted yet, and therefore you must not say anything that could prejudice court proceedings.

MR: W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
I am not saying anything sir which could prejudice any court. Are you sure there is going to be some kind of Court? I have my doubts until I see it done. Eut I do not think I amprejudicimg any case her. only Cammissioner stawers did that.

On the iscue of testing simy in
apening the debate I stated that the fresident and the vire-fresiderit of the United States had agreed to do some sort of test themselvesp and we should da the same thing heme, arad maintion that.
Furthermore, $I$ am going to offer an abendment that we do it - whether you allow the amendment, I do nat know. but that will test them on the jssue of testing.

The other point was Man Presidemt, raised by the first afficial Member was that he hoped that when civil Servants fame to Members and complaimed that they were being singled out, we would not make any noise. Well, let me say sir, that I believe that if we start at the top as I had suggested in 1933, then no one should get mad atout taking the test, because this wald prove to the world that we are genuine about this drug froblem. Sol ar hoping that not any little person wald be singled out, but that we would take it from the top starting right here. I would be the first one to agree to take a test.

Mr. President, the points retised
were all good points, whether some people felt there was palitics, there was soine politics. Far intamee, the Second Elected Henber for Fodden Town raised the issue of Conmissioner stawers, and I know he thought that would get under my skin, but I will leave him with that. Caminsioner Stowers is in London or England and that is where he deserves to be. What we need to do is to send some more peaple there. One of the reasons why 1 stood against that inan was because he had told officers that he had no drug problem. But let us not draw Commissioner Stowers into this problelf. As fer as 1 antoncerned, he was not a good officer and I have stated that; he has gone from here and we have ta deal with what we have naw.

Mr. President, I certainly feel that
random testing is necessary, especially sir at Nightelubs frequented by our young people. We recantly saw in the paper where ane Nightelub was complaining about being hapassed. I am not in for harassment of ary business premises. If there are complaints, then we have to check them out. Something has got to be done because I attend thase Nightelubs, I see what is gaing on, and there is a lot which needs to be checked into.

We had e situation jut a feud days ago, down at the Islander Club where 1 think three young peaple were
 was put in their drintis. Crazy, to the extent that they weríatakimg off there very clothes - three young girls Mr. President, and we hear talking about politics. We had better take this eituation carefully, and as far as I am concemed, the man who says that we should not have any sympathy for the tser, I have sympathy for him, for the user. Because 1 belifeve that drug addiction is a cronic sichmess Mr. Fresident. Those womthless ho gaod peaple who ere perpetrating this thing in our Sotiety should be hung, and Mr. Prestdent I speak because I have a nime year ald son and I have a six year ald daughter and they are ny foncerm, mat only for them but for all of this country. But I see what is happening here, and I speak from the bot on of my heart Sin. We meed to do something about our situation and stap fooling around, and stop putting the little boy in West Bay in prison, and saying that you have got a prisaner and you have got a convittion. We are not touching the root of the problem. So put that in your pipes and smake it.

Mr. President, I arn not goimg to
prolong this issue. Everybody has gat the idea here. I am only going to read my amendment, and I trust you will consider it although you say you are not going to allow it. But I wald like to move an amendment that:

WHEREAS the Government meeds ta set an Example of their goad intentions to eradicate drugs.

BE IT RESOLVED that all Members of this Legislative Assembly show their good intentians by agreeing to take the urine ar biogd test forthwith.

Thank you Mr. Fresident. Now vate it down if you want, but this is where 1 stand. We have to set an example. lt is ne good us catehing people an the road speading, and some of us cap drive in our cadillacs, driving this and driving that, and then we do mothear of anything happening. Ga to cocktail parties and you see them swaying too and frow. That is not right, and thay i tell you Mr. Fresident that this is what is perpetrating cur saciety a hard feeling agatint the tof echelon of our seciety and they are going te ruin us you can believe me on that. lt is going to ruin us, because that little man dawn therefeeling the pressure, is not going to take it much longer. He is going to stand up, and he is gaing ta say "it is time now, this is mine, 1 an a man barn here", that is what you are hearing you know. Laugh at me if you will.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.

Just in case any Member of the House
is under any misapprehenstan, the rotion on which we are voting now is Frivate Member's Motion Na . $15 / 8 \mathrm{~g}$ as it originally stood. not as anended. The mover of the motimn I think fully understood that it was not possible for me to accept the amendment, which he has managed to read into the recort, neverthelest.

MR. G. HAIG EDDDEN: Mr. President, may I just ask on a point of order. will there be a debate on his amendment

MR. PRESIDENT:
Na, because it was not accepted you see. The Member asked me before lunch whether he could amend the motion in that senser and lexplatimed to him that standing Drders, in my view precluded me from doing so, and he a aid he understood and accepted that. But he was going to manage to......

MR. G. HAIG EODDEN
.... Eecause I want hif to know that
I support the amendmert.
MR. PRESIDENT: Well, you have managed to get that into the record too.
 real anity in this matter it locks like.

MR. PKESIDENT:
But let me take the vate now.
QUESTIDN FUT: AGREED. FRIVATE MEMEER'S MQTIDN MQ. $15 /$ ESG EASSED.
MR. PRESIDENT:
I declare the motion carried. and
perhaps 1 may say for the record that although i considered I was obliged to disallow the amendment to the motion which the mover wished to introduce. It really I think related to an offer which was made by the Elected Member for North Side, to arrange for all Members of the Assembly to have tests. My own view notwithstanding the point made by the First Electet Member of Emecutive Council is that there would be certain merit in such tests, even if they were not carried out in due accordance with the provisions of the Law, and the results could not form the basis of any prosecution. The fact of taking the test seems to me to sat an example, and if the Member for North side is indeod able to make the necessary afrangements. I shall be glad to volunteer to take a tegtr and I hope perheps some other members will, as some have indicated. join too.

MR: $\bar{D}$ E EZIZARD MILLER:
Yes Mr. Fresident, 1 will tory to have the afrangements made for the equipmert and the person to be here at four thirty.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Well I thint after all that
excitementr perhaps it is timely to take owr afternoon break, a minute or two early, and i will suspend proceedings for approwimately fifteen minutes.

AT 3:12 F.M. THE HDUSE SUSFENDED

HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:35 F.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Flease be seated.
Continuation of the Second Reading
Debate on the Mutual Legal Assittance (United States of Americal Bill, 1936. The Second Elected Member for Bodden Town.

## GOVERNAENT BUSINESS

EILLS
CONTINUATIOA DF SECOND READIMG DEBATE
DN THE
MUTUAL LESAL ASSISTANCE
(UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) BILL 1986
and of courser this examination which i am doing now fiz merely a preliminary oner because $I$ will examine certain sections in more detail when I go to answer some of the things which have been raised and deal with some of the criticisms that have come from the privata sector.

I mentioned that Article 3 did state
that tax offences would be exempt. Eut $I$ went on to say that Article 3 was weakened by subsequent sections which 1 will deal with later on, So now 1 would take a look at 4 of Afticle 7, which in my mind makes Article 3 , almost impotent, becaute whilst Article 3 . says that the information pathered would not extend to the collection of takes, ekcept for any matter falling within subsections $\exists$ (d) and (e) of Article 19. or any conduct not punishable by imprisonment of not more than one year. We find that Article 7.4 leaves it wide open for information which is pessed on to the United states, to be used fiof tax offences. And the way it is done is set out in 4 (a):
"Where a trial results in a Eonviction for any criminal
offence within the scope of this Treaty, for any purpose against the person(s) convicted."

And that simply means that if the United States receives evidence and uses it and gets a conviction against a person for a crime such as mail fraud. gnce that trial was over the person could then be triad wsing that same evidence for any other Eqime. including a tax related erime. Sor Articis 3. whith promises the exemption from proserution for tax related crimes, becomes of no effect if the persion tried has been convitted, he can then be toried again for $\neq$ tan offence tsing the exidetnce which hat been wati in the original trial.
(t) af subsection 4 is even worse
than (a), because that reads:
"Whether or not a trial restits in the conviction of any person, in the prosestuion of any person for any wiminal offense within the scope of this Treaty."

So, it appears to me that even if
there is not enough evidence to convict the persot of the crime for which the original evidence was gathered. that after the trial they could still trump up other charges to use against the person.
(c) is even broader, $4,(r)$ reads:
"In civil or administrative proceedings, only if and to the extent that such proceedings relate to -
i) the recovery of the unlawful pusceeds of a criminal offense within the scope of this Treaty from a person who has knowingly received them.
if: the collection of tax or mforcement of tax penalties resulting from the knowing receipt of the untawful proceeds of a criminal offense within the seope of this Treaty."

And we learn from the article put Dut by the Law Soriety that under United States Law it is mot necessary for a person to know ith order to bu charged with a erime. So it is quite elear that even without abusing the gertion the person investigated would be wide open to be charged for affenses not related to the sriginal investigation.

I move on to Article g . Two of thig
Article reads:
"If the persun referted to ith paragraph 1 assetts a claim of immunity, incapacity, or priyilegw wader the lats of the Requesting Party, the evidence shall nonetheless be taken and tha claim mate known to the Fequesting Farty for resolution by the awthorities of that Party."

And this is the section which I believe the Law society and other people clainr puts the Treaty above the Constitution 3 fine United States. Eecause what it says in effect is, that if a person being investigated slaims that he should not give the evidence because the evidence might inctitithate himr and he has a right under the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States not to give incriminating evidence against nimself. That our suthority here shall talce the evidencer in other words, simply ighore his pleafor immunity and take the evidence. Now what is the parpose of taking the exidence if the eyidence is not to be used. It follows as night follows day that once the evidence if taten the evidence will be used against him. Of coutse, it goes on to say that our authorities here will make kmown to the unitet gtates the claim for immanity made by the person being investigated. And the united states will resolve whether the immurty plea should be of any good as a
defence for the person being investigated.
Sor under this Treatyr the United
States can do to a United Stater citizen what they cosld not do at homer becatse at home the person being investigated would have a constitutional right to immanity under the Fifth amendment to the Untted States Constitution. And the point ouf Authority makes known to the united gtates, the man's clafm for immonity does not in any way help him at all.

Now Article 17. has to be the joke
of the century, because this is the Article which 1 think they would want the putalic to belizve, that mo compulsory measares could be used to gain information. Article 17.3 reads:
"No Farty shall enforce any compulsory measurer including a grand jury uubpoenar for the production of documents located in th territory of the other farty with respect to any cfiminal offence within the scope of this Treatyr unleas its obligations under the Treaty have first been fulfilled pursuant to paragraph 4 of this Article with respect to a request concerning those documents."

The Article does not say that the
United states on the Cayman Islands Authorities will not use compulsory measures, will mot issue those entuaterritorial subpoenas. If they had really wanted to to that, they would have put into it that you could not use them, and in fact, 17.3 would have stipped at the ward 'Treaty' in the fourth line, and would have feads
"No Party shall enfurce any compalsory measure,
including a grand jury subpoena, for the produttion of documents located in the territory of the other party with respect to any eriminal offense within the scope of this Treaty."

But mo, it does mot stop therex it goes on th say that they shall not be enforeed unless its abligations under the treaty have first been fulfilled.

And what are the beligations under
the Treaty? Simply that the United States requests the information, and our Asthority either gives the fnformation gr dentes the information. Sor it is left wide opery and the result is, if the judge who is cayman Islands authority gives the information everytining is fine and the United gtatos abides by the Treaty. If the jutige in his wisdom does not allow the information ts be given. the United states can then ignore the Treaty and go outside the Treaty and ute a compulsory subpoena to obtain the information.

And 4 of article it. even makes it
worse again. becasse that reads:
Where denial of a request or unreasonable delay in its execution may be jeopartazing the succestful completion of an imestigation, prosecution or other procededing, the Gentral Authomity of the Requesting farty shall so inform the central Authority of the Requested Party in writing. Thereafterr either Contracting Party may give a least 45 days notice in writing to the other contracting Farty that, unlets othewise agreed, the Parties" obligations under this Article shall be deemed to have been fulfilled; provided that in no case shall the obligations under this Article be demed to have been fulfilled sooner than 90 days after the date of receipt of the request for assistance."

Sor what does 4 say? It says that
if gur Authority denies the request for information. or if there is an unceasonable delay in producing the evidencer and if this delay would jeopardise the surcessful completion of the investigation forifeg the broadiess of thist, not simply if it would jeopartise the tuial, or jeopardise the indictment. but simply jeopardise the investigation. These are grounds for the United states to write and say that i I give you noticar we will be moving outside the Treaty, and will get. the information regardless of what the judge of the Drand court says. And having given that notice after 45 day, their obligations under the Treaty will end. providing that the perind of 90 days has elapsed, and the way it is wititetr 90 days may seem like a lotig tifer bist it is only a threemonth span. So, where is the exclusion from subpoenas? And if out tegotiating team had not begn so ankious to conclude this Treaty, $I$ believe they could have held but for an unconditional guarantea in this Treaty, that the United states wowld not attempt ts use the extraterritorial subpoenas. We know that the use of these subprenas together with the demand against the bank of Nova Scotia were at the root of the formation of the Namestics Agrement, and one would have thought that our four negotiators would
have gone to London or washington and mede only one statement which would have been "We have come prepared to give you a Treaty oft the condition that you do not try to afe your subpoenag against our citizens, or against United States citizensa using our territory. Because we did not get an unconditional guafantee, the Treaty has falled.

Remember, that in paragraph 4 of
Article 17. whet mention is made that either Gontratting Farty may give notice that they are going outside the Treatyr this does not apply to the Cayman Islands, beramse we are not one of the rontramimg Farties. Soy we cannot tell the united Staten that we are going outside the Treaty, but the United States ean tell us through the Unted kingdom that they are going butgide the Treaty.

I do not wath to spend tos mueh time on the Treaty, because I will be examining it in more detail at a later stage. But I wodd tike to turn to the Bill whith is before the House, the enabling Eill to put into operation this Treaty.

We have been told that this Treaty is so good. the United kingdomis satisfied with it. I would like to gose a guestion. If this Treaty is so good, why did the United Kingdom not negotiate such a Treaty on behalf of the Channel islands? I will tell you why because Mris. Thatcher could not get this Treaty through Parliament, if it applied to the Channel lslands. That is a pure and simple fact. Mrs. Thatcher would not dare to lay before her Parliament such a Treaty as this, if it applied to the Channel Istands, that is a pure and simple fact. Mrs. Thatzher would not dare to lay before her Parliament such a Treaty á this if it applied to the Channel 1 slands, and that is why this goodr treaty has not been made for the channel Ialands, and the nearest they could come to it was place beginning with ' C' the cayman Istands. Sot this Tteaty was not made for the beneftit of the United Kingoom, it was made for the benefit of the caymanian feople. Governor, and even if the Members of this Howse are gullible enough to support this Eill, and to have it passed through this Chamber, the Governor sf the Cayman Islands still has to fix the day to give his consent, and for the Law to come into operation. And would ifke to state that the Governor aloner is responsible for foreign affains under our constitution. Nowr a part of his Executive Council may have gone to London of Washington to negotiate this Treaty. But the ultimate responsibility for foreign affairs under the canstitution lies with the Governor and the United Kingdim Government, and not with Elected Members of Executive Council. Although i would personally like to blame themfor it. They have their share in it under the constitution. in that all important mattets have to be diselosed to them by you. We know how the Gonstitution workar and i dare say that you of the Governer of these Islands would not dare to put his signature to the Treaty. nor to the Eill if it did not have the approyal of the Executive Gouncil. Soyou are all tied into it. with the altimate responsibility being yours. And this is why siri $t$ anf going to hold you personally responsible for delaying the coming into effect, or the coming into operation of this Law which ig sited es the Mutual Legal Assistance $\{$ United Etates of America\} Law, 1986. As I mentipned yesterday, and will repeat tomorrow when 1 close my debater that you showld delay titis Bill long enough to find out if your negrtiators can go back and seek amendments to the Treaty, and then we will amend the gill arcordingly, So, the Governor of these Islands cannot wain his hamas as Piot did. and bear no blame for the destruction, whim I think will follow the passage of this Eill. Under 5ection 4, of the Eill the Second Official Member has offered an amendment which I call a mere cosmetic change, because he in speaking on the amendment, convinced me that he did not feel the amendmetit so very important beaase he felt that as the Bill is writtenr despite the fact that ( 2 ) says that the dacision shall not be subject to any appeal, that there is the stim possibility that the 'Prerogative Writ" as he called it could still be ekercised, although it would not be as simple without the amendment. And it seamed to me that he put forwara this amendment yesterday merely to appease the wrath of the two orothers-in-law or to thwart their attempt to get into the Guinness World Book of Records. But the amendment canot satisfy anyone, despite the fact that he removes the entire subsection (2) which read:
"A decision made or Deder given by the Gayman Mutaal Legal Assistance Authority shall be deemed not to be a judicial
decision or order，and shall mot be the subjest of any appoal tor or review byr any mourt．＂

Eesawser we have sept it happan here in casea．I remember ona case under the Cayman Protection Law where despite the fact that there would be no appeal．that the applicant was successful in taking his appeal into the Grand courta

So．whether this subsaction（2）is
removed from 4．on mot，yery little change has taken place in the Bill．Atid I would not like anyone to believe that the government is asting in any coneiliatary manner，by amending one section of tote Bill because they are under pressurer and priessure titere is．

Section 10，of the Bill makes a
 （Fresprvation）Law．It alsomakes a mockery of Section 10 ．of the Banks and Trust Gompanies Regulations Law（fievisedir and makes the provisions of those two Laws of non－effect pertaining to matters handled under the Treaty $\quad$ This was a Member of Exachtiva Council made in rogard to the Nareotisg Agraementa， Yet，we find that me consented to put this into the Treaty whith is much wider in application than the Narestits Agpeament，and which will tast for all time instead of 15 motths．Eection 10.0 reads：
＂A person who divulges any confideftial information or gives any testimony in comformity with a request shatl be deemed not to Eommit any offence under the Gonfidential Relationships（Preservation）Law or wnder any othef Law for the time being in force in the Gayman Islatady by reason only of such disclosume or the giving of such testimonys and shall be deemed not to commit any offence unden seetion 10 of the Eanks and Trust Compantes Regulation Law（Revised）by reason only of such distlosure of the giving of sumh testimsty i and such disclosure $\operatorname{si}$ testimony shall be demmed not to be a breach of any confidential relationsifip between that pef＂sof and any other persons and no tivil clajm ot＂átion whatsoevet shall lie against the person making such disclosure or giving stith testimony or against such person＇s ptincipal or employer by reason of suth disclosute or testimony．＂

And the parte about the ronfidential Relationshio baw and the Eanks Law is not as bad as tine last paft of this saction．Because the last pert of this section says that it is not an offence，it is not a bueach to give out confidential relationship between that person and anothet person．Now this is taking the joke too farr for as far back as history fecordar the relationship between a doctor and his patient wera orivata．The relationship between a lawyef and his cilient were priatae and confidemtial，and under this Treaty，a doctor ot a lawyer can give out information on his sliant or Mis patient；and it is tot considered a breach．This hes to be a serious destruction of the taftinal prinEiples which have governed the relationship betwern lawyet and Eltent and dottor and patientr and i could name afaw othet gategorjes －the priest in confession and Ministers．go who fan anyoody trust any morer when we have a Treaty with surh wide appligation which hag ignored every decent principle ever known to the human race？Andy if yout finink sestion 10 ．of the haw is bad，take a lowk at section 11. Settion 11．reads：
＂Section 3A of the Confidential Relationshigs（Preservation） Law shall be deemed tot to apply to confidential information given by any person on the dírestions of the Gayman Autharity given in pursuance of a request．＂

5o ft is wide open，ant onme the Cayman Authority gives the directions，the confidential information given awayt will not be a breach of owr confidential laws．How much wider could they have made this Treaty？So while gection 10 makes a meckery of the Law，Sertion 11 Eircumvents it altogether．

Apart from the artitle publishsa by the taw Sotietyr and apart from the letters from sur Guinness horid
彻盆 publit．And sne which came to ory attention appeared in this mornings＇paper，and was written by a young lady Miss Famela Dacosta， Thíg is a good lefterr well wittten and I wetesme it because here is a young pergon who is not afraid of the might of out legal Departmenti not afratd of the Government machinery but has stepped formard with honest criticisa and many good suggestions．

Sor it is not only seassned lawyaps and brain－pieces like Mr．Trumaty Eodden who are eriticising this Treatyo It is coming from every levelr young and old，and I would like to 女ake a few mindtes to deal with 5 one of the thoughtg expressed

- tifis Tireaty its this letter. The wifiter says:
: Our feputation as a tax haven with professionalism did not. EDme easily, nor did te happen overnight. It took years of specific planning, adjustments, conseimmeious concerted effirts of the atcountimg and lawfinms marefully chatting Whet"e we would like to be today. Der reputation did not come


We heatit the ertotita Wall gtreet




And yetr by this Treaty the

 House has esme tumbling down

If sne studies political history, one will know that Karl Marx found out that if you want to subjugate a people you must do it by destroyimg their esonony, and every country which has come to its ktes. has come to its knees gitply bexatse tize things which ware working well and producing revenug and jobs were destroyed. Eut the Cayman Islands is the only gountry whith i know of Where this happened overnight. On the day before the gigning of the Treaty, we were in pretty good ghape althowgh there had baen a slackening of the pace of out eronomy. Alt the other wobntriag which have been destroyed hava taket years of etonomit hatishipt, but the Gayman Istands, destroyed in one day what it had taken them many years tr build up. Becauser no matter what heppens to this Bill, and this Treaty we are finished as I said yesterday as a tax haveñ

Anotiter valid point made in the letter was that since the United States wanted us to sign this badyy, could we not have got a few EDnesssions while they were in the act of begging on $\ddagger$ heir kneesy why This was a Mutwal Asifstance Treaty, why did we not get any benefits

W世 yesterday heard from the Secand T"

 ears and we listened attentively Although wemay fall into the Eategory bt those who have ears atld hear not, we did frot fues of any benefit. I thought he would have gone on and added the nithth point to his diseourser and that would have been the hurt which the sayman Islands received, and entitie that as I said in my oponing the destumetisn of Sennaeherit.

But the plain fact is that we
received mothing, why? It is my opinfon that our negatiators asked nothing, and there is an old proverb which says "blessed are they who expert nothing for they will hot be disappoitted". And sor we did not ask tfie United States to lift the ban on bur Thrtie Farm. We did not ask them to give us the insurance concessions and the tax investment incentives which we hear will be gining to Earbadgs and Eermuda. We didmotaskfor immunity fromextiatetaitorial sutpoenas. We didthot heat anything about any steps to gearantee fhat there would fot be a retroactive outburst of harassment of our eitizens, athd just as fopottantly, the harassmant of out elients. Because fot years we have whoed the investing public, we have invited them, we have had semithats, we have pot obt brothuresr we have had budget addresses which wotad make the hairs of yout hasd crawly talking about the Esnfidentiality of the cayman islands and how the Amefican investor could hide his money here, atis it would never be disclosed, These ate people whom we have hurt, and we have lost as I have said pethaps too Dften our credibility in the eyes of the foreign investor*

One reartion to the writer of the letter was why did the United states not or aftet Fanama firstr since Fanama is close ty themr since they inaue given Panama the canal, and sīncemore fllicit money is inidden in fanama than in any otheq tax haven, why? Why did they strike at a defenceless littie nation whome Mother Lisuntry hetd us on the stakes while we were being whipped, wify Why had it to be the Cayman Isiands, and why was bur Government so gullible?

The woiter mentions the witmer set outr gnd towthes upon insidet trading which the wfitet sayg "greases the wheels of Wall gtreet," and wimt on to say:
"Insider trading is really hot the sulprity but the ebipait is the tax dollars the United States is masinga We kthow that insider traditg has been a papt of wall street from the
time of old Joe Kennedy. He made his millions by insider trading. The fortunes of the Kennedy family came from insider torading, but instider trading as mentioned in this Traty is nat the culprit that the United status fears because how can you have insider trading in a place like the Gayman Islands with fothing to trade. It is the tak dollars that they are really after.

So she concludes that paragraph
by saying "tak avgidance now becomes the issue, which is legal here and this is the real sulprit."

MR. PRESIDENTX If the Member was concluding one particular section of his speech it might be convemient.....

MR. G. HASG BODDEN:
Yes gir, 1 was just going to say that $I$ was moving on to the Law society, and that will probably take all of tomorrow. and this would be a good time to break.

MR. PRESIDENT Well, leaving aside the
question of whether it will take all of tomorrows you may run out of your alloted period, let us agreet to treak now them. Would you like to move the adjournment.

## ADJOURNMENT

HDG: THOMAS Gx JEFFEREDG:
Mr. Fresident, in amerdance with Stamding order $10(2)$ I move that this Hause be adjourned until ten a'clock tomorraw.

푱․ PRESIDEET:
The questuth is thet this Howse do now adjourn until ten orclock tomorrow.

1 was given notice by one
Member that he wished to speak on the adjournment boday, I do not know if he still wishes to gr not.

## STANDINE DRDER 11(6)

MR. W. HEKEEVA BUSH:
Yes Mr. Prestident.
Mr. President. we have all
received two letters from Waldos food store and delin the proptietors of this business happen to be members from my cishatituencyr and I would ask all Honourable Members and Government to consider these letters deeply, and consider whether there is anything that Government Eath do which might offer some rellef to the situation. They are ekperiencing some hardshipr severe hardship, under the Sunday Trading Law, and I feel that wa must to our best to help them. These are two honest sitizens of West Eay, 1 have known them all ay life and they have tried. This is one thing the which they have done which has had some success Mr. fresident, and after receiving the letter which I received. and whith all Members have feceivad. esperially the ane coming from his wife, i feal that we must do our very best to help them. Whatever we can do to help homest Caymanians comes aheadr we as a Government must look at every possibility, do everything in our power without doing anything detrimental to the free enterprise system to help Caymanians get shaga.

Mr. Fresidentr it is a proven
fact that they lost one third of their business after coming on Sundays. Competition stopped some of their business, but they lost one third of their business after closing on Sundays.

A point worth mentioning Mr :
President, is that the clause in the Law which states that stores in the confines of hotels cam open; will probably open the eyes of hoteliens if it has not already done so, and condsminium developers. to probably put up their own store ant thus putting a lid on small businesses like Waldos Food Store and Deli.

Mr. Fresident I am only doing
here this afternoon what was put here to dor and that is to represent my people, and to pinpoint their needs, and to try and help them in whatever way $I$ can as a representative of the paople.

Thank yousir.
MR. PRESIDEMT:
In accordence with the
provisions of the pelevant standing order: the Nember responstole may now respord.

HON. W. MORMAN RDDDEN: Prestident.

Thank you very much Mr.
I, needless to say, am very sympathetic to the case which the Second Elected Member for West Eay has just trought to the House.

As is well known, the gunday
Trading Law was amended in March of this year. It was not aimed nor tailored, nor intended to ereate hardships to anyone. In fact, I think it was amended by this House, where the articles that could be sold on Sundays were extended extensively, and this in fact was intended by the House, to help the small corner grocery store. I think the reason why the bill was brought to the House was well known. The Sunday Trading was spreading and the amendments to this Law were intended ta bring some form of control.

It is true Mr, President, that
competition is gecoming stronger each day. We are having more and more stores openingr and it is also fact thet those larger businesses with more and larger financial resourtes are faring better thath the smaller shes. Howevert with all due respert. I have members in my constituency tos, who would perkaps like to be allowed for their stores to be open on Sunday. Nevertheless, I feel that this situation must be faimly and realistically examined.

It is true that there is
provison under 1 tem 20 of the first sehedile, I think it is, where memptions can be made for establishments concerned in the provisions of such essential services as may be prestribed by the governor in Council by order. However, there is no doubt that if exemption is made for one, there will be many other applitations to follow and where do you draw the line. Nevertheless bearing all this in mind Mr. President, in view of the particular eincumstances. I am still willing as the Menber responsibler to take this up formally with Erecutive Council, to place it formally before Council for further dizetssion. and we will fommatigte to Mr. Waldg the final decision and recommendationg.

Thank you very much Sir.
MR. FRESIDENT:
The question now is that thit
House da now adjourn until ten o'pleck tomorrow.
QUESTIDN FUT: AGFEED. AT $\frac{4 ; 35}{}$ E.M. THE HOUSE STDOD ADJDURNED UNTIL 10100 A.M. FRIDAY STH SEFTEMEER 1986.

TEESENT WERE:
ITTS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETEL LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| ACIV THONAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIAS' OFFICIAL MEMEGR RESPONSIBLE FOR FTNANCE AND DEVELORMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| W MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTFATION |
| HOTI J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBET FESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| Whl EENSON O EBANKS | MEMPE RESTONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| WGI W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMEDR RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AMD TRADE |
| BOn CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIDLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WOKKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HM VASSEL G WOHNSON, CRE, JP | MEMPER RESFOMSIELTR. FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL FESOUTECES |

## ELECTED MEMBERS

(12) V MoKEEVA BUSH

MLS DAPHNE L ORRETT

MFi LINFORD A PIERSON, IP

CATT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL
M. TAMES M BODDEN

TG: G HAIG BODDEN

II IJ EZZAKD MILLER

H GOHV B McLEAN

SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR TIE FJRST ELECTORAL DISTRYET OF WEST BAY

THIRD ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTATCT OF WEST RAY

SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOF THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF GEORGE TOWI

FIRST ELECTED MEMDEH FOR TTE THIRD ELECTORALL DISTHRTT OF LESSER ISLANDS

FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR TTEE FOURTH ELECTORAL MISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBEF FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT: OF EODDEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMDER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIUE

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISIRIC? OF RAST END

ORDER THEDET
THIRD MEETING OF THF 1980 SESSION OF THE LECTSLAFTVE ASSEMELY
( $\overline{F I F}$ TTI DAY)
FFRIDAY, 5TH SEFPPMMBER, 1086

## 2. FRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE FIRST ELECTEL MEMBER FOR THE LESSER ISLANUS.

## FRESENTATION OF PAPHRS AND REFORTS

RERORT OF THE STANDING BUSINESS COMMTTTEE FOR THE THIRD MEERITNG OF THE 1996 SESSION OF TBE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMELY - TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHATRMAD, THE FOWOURAELE FIRST: OFFICTAL MEMBERS LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

## 3. QUESTTONS TO MEMBERS

THE FIRST ELECUEL MEMBER FOR BONREN TOWH NO $F B K$ THE HONOURABLE FTFST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECJTIVE COUNCIL FEFSONSTHLE FOR FEALTH EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVIICES

> WC. 78: COULD THE HONOHABLE MEMBER SAY. IT GOVEHMMENT WILL CONSIDER HAVING A DIETICTAV MONTOR ABD SUPETVISE THE MENUS AVAILADLE IN THE SCHOOL LITHCH BOCMS AND A SYSTIEM OF EOUPON TURCHASE BE INITIATED RATHEF THAN THE USE OF CASH BY SCHOOL CHILDRLN?

NO. 79: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMOER STATE IF GOVERNWEDT WILL UPDATE TḦE ERESENT RESTKICTION ON HABMFUL DRUGS TO STAY IN LINE WITH THE MARKETING OF TEEW DIUGS AWD FURTHERE BESTRTCT THE DISPENSATION OF OVER-THE-COUNTER DHUCS AND MEDICATIONE?

THE ELECTED MEMBEK FOR EASY END TO ASK TFE HONOUEABLE FOUFTS ELECTED MEMBET OF EXECUTIVE COUVGIL RESTONSIRTF FOA DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAZ̈ RESOURCES

NO. 80: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMERE SAY WIEETHER OB NOT THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CECERTT COVERMMEN' HFROVAL TO THE CAYMAN ISLANDS YACHT CLUE, SAFE HAVEW OB ANY OTIER MAYOR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ALLOW FILL IN EXCESS OF THE REQUIRTMENTS OF THE PROJECT TO BE TAKEN ANE REMOVEL FROM THE PROJECT SITE?

NO. 31: WILL THE IONOUTARLE MEMIEER SAY WTLAT HAS HAPFENED TO THE FROFOSED GUIDE'LNES FOR DREDGING ANS OTHEZ COASTAL WORKS WHICH WERE TO BE DISCUSGFD BY EXECUTIVE COUNCIL BARLY IN THE YEAR AND RELEASED TO THE FUBLIC FOR COMMENT?

## $\therefore$ GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

## BILLS:

IHE MUTULL LEGAL ASSTEMANCE
(UNTED STATES OF AMENICA) EILLE 1906
(1) COMTINUATION OF SECOND BEADING MEMATE:

The Second ELecter Monber for Fodden Town - to continue
(2) COMMITTEE THEREON
(3) REFORT THEREON
(4) THIRD READING

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God night.







MR YAMES E EODES:
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MR. FEEESEDT:
Yes.






## Angubument

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 172.

# THIRD MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY HELD ON <br> HONDAY, 8 TH SEPTEMBER, 1986 <br> (SIXTH DAY) 

| PRESENT WERE: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT <br> GOVERNMENT MEMBERS |  |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFRICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOEMENT |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON I LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD" OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIRK ONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMNUKICATTONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G DOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |
| ELECTED MEMBERS |  |
| Me W MeKEEVA BuSh | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE L ORRETTT, | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| tit LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOK THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY 5 KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN FOWT |
| Vif $G$ HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| Mf D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR PHE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN E McLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |

CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGTSLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPER
THIRD MEETTNG OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
(SIXTH DAY)
MONDAY, BTH SEPTEMBER, 1986

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, LEADER OF GOVERMETYT BUSINESS.
2. STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMEER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

P PERSONAL EXPLANATIONS
PERSONAL EXPLANATION BY THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE
4. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

BILLS:-

THE MUTUAL LECGAL ASSISTANCE
(UNITED STATES OF AMEKTCA) BTLL, 1986
(1) : CONTINUATION OF SECOND READING DEBATE:

The First"Elected Member for Bodden Town - to continue
(2) COMMITTEE THEREON
(3) RERORT THEREON
(A) THIRD READING

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MR. LINFORD A, PIERSON ..... 21
ADJOURNMENT ..... 39

## MOMEAS

## GTH SEPTEMEES: 1936 <br> 10.00 A.M.

## MFA. PFESIDEMT:

Member*

Freyery,


## RRAYEFS






 of these 15 gands.

 of Walest Diana Fotita







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 Amen。

MR: PRESIDEMT:
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## STATEMENTE EY MEMEESS DF THE GOVENMEUT

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Thank you Eim.
MR. PEESIDENT:
Fersund Explanations. The
Elected Member for Notth side.
FERSOWA ExPLAMAIDNS

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 the Legislative Assembly Building goorge Toump frend Gayman

<br><br>Hom. Eensom D. Ebamk<br>Hon. W. Noriren Eodday, MEE<br><br>Hon. Thomas Co Jefferson, JF<br>Mr. G. Hag ECdSEの<br>Mrs. Daphne L. Orrete<br>Mr. John B. MELE出n<br>Mr. W. Mckevva Eush<br>Capt, Mabrys. Strbeonhel!<br>Mr. D. Ezzard Miller<br>Mr. Limfond A, Pitersons U (mmining at 4:05 p.m.j<br>APOLOGIES: Hon. Vassel G. Johnson CBEr fF<br>Mr. James M. Ebdden

1. TERMS DE REFERENCE

The standing Select Combittee way appointed rarsuant to the

 Motian jo appended heretan
2. CHEIEMAN OF COMMITEEE AND QUORUM

The Chairman, the First affitial Mentur, bthe hot, Betnis H .


 Members inciuding the Chairmato
3. ERAFT AMENDMENTE TE CDMMITTEE

AGREED that the Honcurable gerond officizl menter, the Attormey-Genemal, draft the pfopcsed amendiants to stamding
 dellberations set mut herearider.
4. AMENDMENT TO STANDING QRDER EESE



 Official Member.
5. FROFOSED AMENDMENT TO ETANDING DRDER QUL

Fursuant to grivate Members Motion Wor if igas. Fassed by the mejority at the Bittung of the Legis? itive Assembiy heid Tuesday. Eth March, 1985 Metrbers corsidemed whe propared anendment to pravide for bimenthly metings of the House.

QUESTION FUT: AYES AND NQES

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Mr. W. MeNeeva Eush
MF. D. Ezzary filllem
Hat. Mit:hmel j. Braithey
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Horn, CharkmgL. Kiftomanayl
Mnse. DaphnE k, O;"乡三むt
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Mr. G. Hayb Eoddem
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FURTHER AGREED that the following be incorporgter into fiye





ع．FROFOSED AMENDMENT TD STANEING BRDER ZA




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| Mr．E．Hasg Eadden |  |
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|  | Harm Charley L．Kirkeomela |
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|  | Mr．D．ERamalmbler |



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|  | Mr．W．Mctueva Etah |
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|  | Mr．Linford A．Fineroh |
|  | Gapt．的atry s．Kipkammel |
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|  | Mr．John S ．Mromean |

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## AESTEMTIGNS

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MR．JAMES M．FORDENA     .....  

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 arder to platate the whims of the Americans. We arty betmytaded ats


Seckion 7 -f the Draft Eill
fertes the compliance of aperson wio is galled wan binder the
 colieagues have readty refermed to go feny times, thesa rights in protecting the ferson and property wera protected under section 7

 exclusivity, and the United States cing go odtaite the Treaty aftar anyohe with subpoemas as they did before the Warcotit agreenemb.
 for a long time ta cane.

> Another yery aleming part of
the freaty and the enabling 区ill whimb hag beso presented te this House and which gives much reason fer cohcern deets ith the

 States of Amerfanardouf own Gayman tstands patiziesn Can it be considered proper for a person angertutg this priyitege under the bans of etther of the parties ta this Treaty, ta te dented it. Fpablema





 previcusly in my discussion if $\bar{i}$ alis reading both the Theaty and the
 divulge er dicclese that he was befrg investigates. to bus wife or to his preacher.

Artiratit of the "reaty gives
much ream for concern in its vapabus sections whith me mot explicitiy writter, Grave woncerns are expressed fegarding the implications of Artitle 19, that information will te giverl in ferbar teses to allow
 these would be triggered by implituation with various cmiminel

 fishing expeditions? he havex most of us i! our possessien now, infarmation that this has ben date ever under the harcotic Actrement:
 by the name of Harvey. I may hastam ta aud that d did rot hind that
 connertions with hime 1 am not here ta defend timy or tefend any


 extenced to the ghited states of amertan uncoy the Narcotic faraemert has been ablised in this mantier, and it shoud comern atan manber of this House that if it has been atused in this manher undet the Narcotic Agrembent, how math pore will th be abused in the futame once cur 'Mather' has wighed it oth ois behalif.

We all know thet the Ameritams are gacd at their fishing expedityons ta obtwin evidence. die have had

 $\downarrow$ understand that there have andy teen about oixty saseg that whranted subpoenas with regard to evodence linama compantes bate


 been gixty which bave been realiy fotacked by the unitut states, Ft proves wo us that there is nat the evodente of narcotiot traffie ms we





cogrerm has buth mpressed by
the Chamber af Comberte that the Treaty atill enabie the Unitad gheten Authorities to ottaim evidence with the wisiatanto of the Geytan


States Cuarts of menters of the local burimese commanty, thas I an





 reason for them to te soconcerfut. it cancto be that the onty paople
 this country with their extensian Eords - it Earingt te the way They
 complaineti of was undertakers in gomt fath in the belief thet the daty
 law. But the thing again Mr. Frestient which is very worisome. is
 as the RICO statute. which is an all Eframfatsitg lay. ft proyides
 when applifed eivilly, bretle samares it the evert the cas is won

> It is conceluadie that Cay䊉
banks, trust companaey law fimme aceounting firmar reat estaitat





 that business in the momal course of busipess, they woth be gutity under Article 19 of the Treaty. It is posithie tiat a Fersot could be found guilty merely for their masciation with a busimese erterprose


 was voiced in the United gtates by the fmerican bar Ansomiation and

 sufficient safeguards, yintually every wind af tax faver actuvity conducted through the Cayman IElance will come tadery eratiny. imeludirg thase of leghtimete legat basinesses. which witiont any knowledge af any orang doing, berame invalved in an actuity bouned


Abticie if of the Thaty aldots the United States Authoritfes to act retroettively with regert to any

 heart same of the Members of the prasent governome lemtesting the





 of Government.


 who advised a clifet in the Uncted stater to set up a Gayman ? anand






 country. This waid be sa, wen ff after findestigation an the initial
 evidence of wiffull or dishenest tehaybur. Fhe rayan letande would therefore assist the United States in prowerutisi and coliertyom of
 that pegple wha did not belyeve in their form ot andetan iry the
 twenty Eochethung years, ard all of a gudden it. is as if the fortumable Fourth Elected Member with his coliesgue and raraing mate in the lagt





Enforced; thal tie barting communty was upheta and yet. for 16 years he hed a vejl over his eyes and did met underetand wher wes ging op:


 telling you I am deaf tathen tome deaf l man becante I ato heering none of them.

Under bhe alco ghathte, if the









 the Government getting their fees; plus thit plas that. Those ame

 trust the Goverpment of the Cayman Ishands agemat

Unoter the mal? frawd section of
Article 17 - whover takes ar receives any such matater or thing whim fs deemed to be fratudument is guilty and subject to a fine of wiomo

 could te interpreted by the unitut ghates Abtrovities as compected with an offence charged umber this sertion and aght wiffice to provide the proserution for an thewspetima fercon.

could tu applicatle arder Articie 1 ?


 willing to allow the Amerigans ta de this to people in wheim wortury Which could be peaple from aur country, when for all these years these people brought their money here bhey helpat us buid this fountry upy

 up and tell us why, and for what pensofathey did this to us. they
 chlorafomed as I have sald tefors or sompthing happaned how could
 will happen when gum econamy is in shambles?

Do vati all meatise that Every

 Jobs must be foumd for these youngstems. mbere are we geing to find

 there are no foreign dollaps tomphy in any more - whet is wiong to happen? Ask yourself this! The people of the cormen isiends between theyears 1972 and 1776 because of tad Gevernamit porioy go what


 I hope the putlic at large will be whe awme frow tacay ont

The drafting ef this Tredty is
 other United States Abthorities have the right ta attain information


 can either te oral or whithen to dovernment ras tuthomities. If that statement it commected with any tax metiter which Fails madu Eeveral






 was get on the barks of Nataragua may yent mathy an loca;



 pertaining to third partims before the informetion is pessed gh to

 harcotic related company. The Honompabe gecond grfitial denter ap some of his group gives the reguested infarmation to the jritted Siates

 on which he had mot payed incone tax, hat bought a condeninith ft hetite
 labour derived the help, the Gayban flands Gownorint wes pat the taxes, and now the Americun sells it to this wompay. He diwes not


 in and is tald "You neglected somehow or the other - what about your

 putting people? finey would have tought efrpeting from an moticum



 silver platter ta them. I sannot telibeve you megters would da it. Funtriar cfevect ent be adted ta the Treaty by the Exthange of dielomatic notes tetwertithe Unfed Kingdom and the United states. This agairis absume it ts and indignity far our people to suffer this. At ieast ff we are gotng to add anytumg else to Ft, let the Gaymen lelandg try to atd it. At least say, well we wisl urite letter to the dnited firgodom amd the

 that they wat to put, and we woult not have a wod werald Eay about
 is doter, then you tell ws them to atompt thet toc. The pegote of any



A Treaty shoal neqen have ben signed, because by 50 doing we guve up all gut rights ta eintrat our



 is the posttion this country is in today. We cen nob be considered a Vassal ghate of the Untted states of America, and a state witut obtains no benefits but gives everything.
It is writen in the Treaty that 70 days nutice ran be given to terminute. fhis motire has to be


 terminate this treaty which they have put upon zay whet we moditget? It is nat far the Mernors af the begislative absembly ta answer that.


 deal with this es we seefit. That is the tueatimet we wody get, the treatment we have always receivetn In what good enoagh for the
 of the stage of beirg sumbling : and we shoute Mot give ft lip Easily:
 arything to be dome, tut durifg bfat waiting weriod we wotu Eiffer

 Caymaristands today that there will neyer be aterminatitor of this
 are entertog tomething today which we will five with For the rest of our lives: gur childrents tives, oum gramt fhituten's lives and generations thousand years hemice.

 far ranging, badly drafted and yery fll-comesived. Section 4



subject of any appeal bo, or meyiew by any robrt. this is redicuicus and foulish. It abolishes the jnherent pighte of justiee heretofor afforded to all who weme before our ourten if a becision made is
 then there is ma appeal, and ihat maybe is a mifor casia hbab about the biggen cases which will follow. There is ne why to right thet
 you have taken away arm fight ta fight that decisoch in a Eabrt fif

 Treaty, then there is ho right to protect yoursey from the efrorion a
 it is not tovered, where is gtill no right to protert you. this taties away the civil pights ant libeftien of an individual whatas ben
 our wanderful draftemers who have dratten the enabiang legisluition

 entire future, the future of obr coathry. the fotsre of genemotiong to come in the hands of two gentremen. Regaraless how mpermble fheir
 Honourable Semond offictal hember and 1 an referring to tife ohief


 character they have ria wommetion in our bimetry They have ma reats.


 gone, "so long caymen you stay ant andire the tardehiper and it is wrong. I will deal with it further later oh tog terawse if we are
 rather than to expert the chisf justict to do it.

In my opanion that Treaty has


 grades down from where they should haqe been ragetiating th in the
 Treaty, gave it to the Honourabie second offisial Memter and he wang

 now, they have thrust it upati the twenty thatsand or Ea peoplof in this ceantry.

The treaty and the fyatity

 our procedumal saferamate. It tates aday ther rigts of generations umborn, and relegates us to the position of begarms. wedien end gentlemen, that is what is harpening with the Treaty and the Enebsing
 We $c$ an beg from. Bewase even castre might not watt as toteg froth hitmo although we may suon have that businesg starting here tog. Eut,
 with regard to balamcing the bugget of the eountry in the vears tre

 We have had rothing but failures in the lagk twayeart. How math longer afe we gaing ta tolerate it?
 ratifind this Treaty, and will probably not da sa until berby next year. I ath asking the Metrberg of the Government bench why are te ruthing inte it bike bitind fouls at this time? we ane being ?ed dy a few thind people, like sheep to slaytatar.

If the Unitad States oftemera





 that banch duming Eert Watber's mother lifeds You Fund drive. if we





Why, heving built auraelves up ba surh prosperlty as we have gonex mast we now gravel lite tage fighting over a torit I sey to the
 Govermment of thas coumtry.


 faterests will ciase daw their busimesses riether thar te subaect to
 other areas that they an ge tia where they have the tian hevern


 them, even they, will not agree ta a Treaty simitur to this. yetw we who have meceived nothing are opening every deor to them. think it is tiffe, if nothing else can to done: ta dectiare Little cayman independant and let us go there.

The tanks and the th5upathce
 in most cases, they have really for tapgitle assets herer They caft clase they doops and leave, un have to stay and ruffer. and beliane me, you will see nany of the companits from which the orverfinent is

 see the insuramee compantes one by ane leave, beranat fatase the brillijant teath which Megutiated this Treaty foes mat know it. several
 United States with regard te incurance compmate and excise texa so they will be bechoning them and helumg their arias wide ogen to them,
 here just because they lime the Eand ob Seven Mile Beacho they caf
 because they like us as individuels that matho thoy ere geing to go. The arly thing I am sorry atout is that when they gav they do not take the Horaumatle first official menter of Exetutive coditity the
 Honourable Secard Bffitial Menturn along with thera.

Whet will the mememe of
Government say when the duwh town office buitange megentyr uill they walk around town then ars say "we heed a hew Flamming beparthert,
 little bays can fish frogry" When Governifit has no maney to pay the Civil Seryants, and that tu gaing to come and come quishiy, that is the day you are goirg tacatch ita You will rot aw atut to pay therr


 than they are row people tegin to bose therr hones anil people are hungry. At that time will your antwor be as it has beth? ofive the peorlemore legislation. give them wore tange, gixe them afont
 the Enabling legaslation. Take the onablimg ieglolation and the
 the hunger pange while you will sing to then the lullaty thet the gocu old days are tach in the thands whith time forgoty End no one knows any more - that is the iutlaby you stant simging thets you will
 sing the orfe "the Is lend time forgoty and no one thans any more, and bat will te the Cayman Iflands. you will be qhe fucple who heve put in that pasition.

The financiat indurtry has and

 this country under cur laws, and we will fomerer be known as the cantry which camat be trutted. The harebhios whth witl have de be
 whll impact on cur political statility. he have aisayg been thown as
 gaing to continue, when you hive fegtu cut of jobs, whan yut have people losing their homes you have pocale whatate furgoy yot have
 Yau have very few of our chyldren gaing to untyerity ay colleges. anly thase of the privileged fen as it was 23.30 ar 40 years and What do you think will happento the politicat statility of the cayman


our flag－is that part of the deat Js that the hext thag we art going to be asked ta deal with in this Hower to Ectept commanth
 only two poads to go，coptealism er commanisim Youmight accept．the




 are deteriorating todey．


 closely together，and in the toumism Eector at lesst 30 to 40 percent of the totris Whatever the percentage igy it is tien diverty to the finamaida
 commation Those are the people whe yill stay bere far matie five

 being deme．They will spend money in the mestamente they witi spend

 Camada which buing dowit tua toats of bread and tug jars of pemtat中utter，is that what we are loding for for the fotheq ife hove nothing else tofall tack of．Jamaca had its tawyite，they hat protlems with it，they heve loct mast of to ard now they wander around the world trying to feplace the frocom from it in the comary and they are falling．What are we gathe toreplate otro whory githoy as we tried ta da years agot we do noth have that any fore eldazt，We
 negotiate that for us，when you gave way on here Triety．Fo wimh what


 the people of this country beirg able to contimut to endoy prosperity． Maybe what you are wothyby an is that you will have a tourist attraction，wheme on ahe side of Gearge Tan you will have a sign thet says padet valley this
 for that．Maybe we in an get peafle frob the craise ontpe or from the


 off to the world．Maybe that gn what your plan is．pt inast fit wald be a plan，you have been abla to come up uth nene sube yob have beth there．

 that there is one spotaph which we inill carry ent that is bhat we
 But those two bablathe had threw Jutases with then．Thet will bey in


MR．PRESIDENT：
ff the Member has metacta a
 the time when wa zustomarifyan．．．

MR．HAMES M．EODDEN：
Y would welcome thet git．
界员．PRESTDEAT：

procandings for apposimabely tan mingtos．

AT 11：24 A，M．THE HDUSE GUYPENED
HOUSE FESUMED AT A1：40 $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{M}$ ．

[^21]

protert us. That does not mation just protert us in time of wat, It meats to protect but Economit rights and bus fitht to remait the gitud independent manded and nesourcaful people we hewa beenn f call on you for aftion on betralf of the prople of this combry to potat bhen.

 political derision, because it is ot the shoulders of the etated Members that the responitility for ghod Govionment rests. They arm the people who are answerable to the pathir. they are the peopie who are answerable to the peaple who saw fit to elect ftom, and I an
 this decision rests heavily an the shouldery of everybey resident it




 not have a collective votw. If this oppowturity is given to this
 chance of continding the prosperity that this country hos kuowt. I am hopafal that you will bee fit to to tife


 enabling legislation has been propet ty gasad and completed in every

 find out that the Treaty is being inflemented before yt has been
 Government and passed into law in he form gf enditing begislation ty ourselves.

branch of wonciliation. We have made math apotoaches atha




I mate mor ingure the merted


 pieces of legislationr we gan takutime on tits majur plece of legislation.

I an askim bexpre it is too
late, that fhey will place a motim tefore this Hoste ta appont a
 to allow pubtic faput and report bark ta this Hobse the first of the
 there ig nothing nable in starvation or poyerty. Dur yovivigust dur

t Gall ait gut peopte te anitur
 demsuncing this Tresty and this wheting legisiztign.

I umderstand that one menter of

 the Americans watid ask fur." Well, they acked Fot everybingr and me gave it to them.




 would give a chance to everybody to velce theitreetitige on this, and to say whether it is naeded on mat newded.

On we beyls of tify if tine
 that we get a pett tion cifretatad throughrat the iskand asking fon
 removal of yourgelf fromitim coution and that hit be sent not only
 the Elected Government of this comitry will tot listen te the peopléa





establishing a true mathality between antselves and ingen and the the introduction of a full imnonity ciause fromprosecution under united
 required to provide information under the prowisions of thety Thety,的三 ried to have meny afferent
 too broad. Many amentments are meded. and now is ths bine to de itw
 The only time when we can make an outyry or do anything whyn may


 than of humger grovelifig at the tees of the ansteri and fithe



 intelligently with the rreata mind with tim inflernentation of this enabling Eill which has been placed before this Hotse.

I wili now give the floor to
 this Hodse.

 have sur questions answerisd. We should time timer wo should not tush


 to regret it.

Thank Yoid.
MR. LINFQRD A. PIERSON:
Mr. Fresiant....
MR. FRESTDENT:
The gec.,...t an sorymu I dia
 you roser $I$ think tha Honourzole geront Electas Membor of Exective Council did in fact ratch my Eye fitast.
 shpport the By bll before this Honguratu Howses A Eill shortiy
 1996.

I to not profess to faye all
 Howse and to the pecpio of this courtry my tend. and the reasors therefor.

This Bill when it becomes ? Wall give effect to the Mutwal Legal Assistanre Treaty reetntly
 15lands.
 many vamied explanations and hypatheticn bases guth to this Treaty by the copogition, the critics and the experts, that as is said in the Good Eock rit is enough to comfuse theminds af the very elact", What



 theif argument con and to justify why tify betiove whet they do.

 is one time that i thank God that I car at laset west for myself and
 the people of Gearge Town whe glectuy mie to btis Honcurble House Expect of the, I can to na more than thata

I kava listened careflity to



 caficemped.

Firstiy, as has hem stater
 supplyitg information which whll assist whth the prosecation ent




The procedure por dotanang


 Honcurable Second official Menbefo

As 1 widerstand $t$ t. the



 Firstiy, the United Stotes motet estatish to the satisfertion of the


 States must extablish bhat the irformetion they neab is in fact related ta the criminal offerice on which they ara getimg information.


 tan also supply infermation whbert to zontitions.
kika most pegan Mr. Fresident,



 would be the pasition with regard to that mategon of persotes This hes of course, already bewn expleined by the foncarmbie gecone
 cleamy ctates thet asststant shan but extend tofury tan matarso but does extend to what io reftred to throughout tin foreoty as that
 Fresidentr refers to swithters, robters and uropts, not to hotest people.

dealing with Lifitations on Use mft Amticluty 3 : dealing with the definition of criminal offente are to my mind two fof mora
 deal with exerything in them, but will place some ampatis an whese two sections.


 prtor consent. is obtained. So that in the firet alate the unitad


 is true that there at"e three additionel phrownea tot whot the

 been released, is wsed in the sucmessful prosecation of person accused of a criminal offence as tef itad within the scote bf the Treaty, if other srimes committed by that persot amorse as a result of

 convicted. To my mind. Mr. Fresident, this is dealine rith a Mafiantype intividual who mo bhe wents to be mandiag around lose in
 athinn.





 that he is obwiousky involved in narovtis trifficiong then that
 that peabh with narcotic trafftekthy or any other oriainal pffente fisted in Apticle if.

Thardive ioformation Eet additionally be used in ciyit ot administratire patasedings which
 Erimes as tefined in the Treaty whene that pergon concemoti has knowingly received the futnds.


 the conditions of any unlawfa art, thy the use of the unds
 money. To my mind them are conditions wich mas be ptoven=

 atse caured me some concern. gut het degait theserelate to wifuliy and knowingly being involued in comped taed
 that same section deating with sach futher offentes an ay from time



 the Gayman Ialands.
coneerted this is a Treaty designed to bring ereoks ho jastioe. A

 for whith I fove ate respect hur fimpathy

Itake my sund to Enpmort




 espectally those fiving abroad would become whet the mane gt the





 gbowta" Eut unfortsmately for us Etrr sone os tom orams utre actually truer and we had little ot no defenter

I weal trocotan tom Mr.
President, the concorn thet was exptossed by wovenont officials, the

 sector aj well as poltitimas of the day, abot, the very bat inge and concern for the ugly raphtation the Gayman is ande name uss rasiong

 the Namptiv Agreemant in 1784 , and then just the atme as the geas
 prophesfed that it wostor rutn the Caymat Is:ands: ant if mut be accepted that thys will always be the cäe rewardiess af whict
 have said that politios should have betr kept ost of this. a agree fully that a document an important as thite die. shosh go biyond the
 politigs out of anything in this Hows: is tatitanutit to keeplig water out of efish pot whith has begn set:

It is a mown fact that. the
fole of the opposition in thite sominy the rote of the frest f the


 anything brought to tits hosse by this sovertimet with wity be


 President is my view.
 the Narcotir Agresment, and as ba being inforined of what was going on














 attitude of bthets. Sa when the Eill fer the Narcatio Agreatent ues
 vaiced at the timer I gave the fill my support, I votad in its favour



 continuation of the war against crime.




 belabour the potht by readina the thrae setwions in getima 7 of that Agreement, Gut in my humble opinion when you telk abod conctudimg
 information as well in other documentser wiftifutime that it was the understanding of the Amerfean grveriment at thiat tian that a

 the many sad and dagmaceful accounts of kow fumbs. as thave


 swindlers who used their tetter educatiof to ontich themutues at the

 and live in luxury. of thos frooks who have encomeaged planiy
 fictithous companies whith were suphesed to bo oparation at abig
 teally existed. Not. to mentiont those lives all ofthenr at all ages which have been wrecked aft are being whecked through bhe sordid

 this Treaty in its true light, and support it unreseruedta They
 and sordid forge. They would support it as datoleyng the nigh principles of honestly and integrity of which the Gayat latands

 quality and walibren



 Gayman tslands wan momperate with the unitwd gtates in pringing









 of courser but nevertheless Anertag provined the oportotities; and a






 Ameticar for economis survixal.
Hn, Fresident, is has been
 Which harbour United States criminals and apoed that betne brousht to justife was becoming larger darker and more zemions. Retations





 situation. A country of $2 e 0$ militon inhabitatia with vast respurcea
 find a way to get what it wands: and that way might centaing nat
 opinfon that we are far beturn aff operating uthin the perimetent ot
 important and resperted dortment,

I do not belyeue for whe momint

 States could ant would fesort to,

While it is truer that after
 have beet exhatstadr that this mould atill occur at lagst the Treaty sets the stagar att affords at bpfortunity for sonatitation. It establiches an agreed procedure to befollowet, and timef:Ene of 90 days to whik within before pesprtitg wa difficult and fiplatsent actions outside the Treaty.
Finatly
that the people of this cobtity hast te told and it wist be

 that caymen sfond to tater, and needlesa to say loser by met





 the cutting of air links between the Gayman Intans Fid tine bitume







 the phrase 'enough is engughr' and thase who toliove thet we
 fooling thenselves, and attempting ta fool the ponts:

> Permeps Gechaf: theught that,




 contitue to thtive despite the gloony ptetictions from the totics as




 boastul manner, toumismig gettitg bigger and tottor all the time. The quality fr imporing and the type of hotei ascomadation and serfices which we gffer are bound to continde ta attract fhose who

 1988.

Mr. Ptosident. I Dend beat the

 б口uld caute mope hano this country than one thousand Traztias lue khis.

I am act herg to ady that ohe
 not beliers that either, but fet me tull yost this, ajthes do the
 method and a morm timet potbe.




 Gayman islands at heart, They are onty intateated fryfiling their own pocketa by whatever means they can and setiotying thoir wh political ambitions - this is my view and mobody sen mange that, Mr. Presidentr despite all the harsh things which have been said: despite all the dogmedsy
 will continge to move forwerd with dignity ata reapectio and our gmall
 centres of the world.

As I hava Eava befoter tion

 what I believe is pight for gar tountryr teratiay therg is no huath being who has any greater love fou these Istand that inaven

Before ciosing tay brief feliants
 the opposithon that the unixad kingdom and the drited giztes or
 had a bearing on the obtomb of the Mathal Eaga! Assistance Treaty

 the United $5 t a t e s$ an ektradition of tetrotitstss IRA and otherj took


 between that Treaty and the Gayman [standy Traty

said and doner I beliewe that mach dapends pothe foterotetation and application of this Treaty by ine patibs concernadr and this is
 by the various sectars.

Egfora wneluding ho.

megotiating tean for doing a job weil dane. They werke fiand they




 did a good job, and $I$ heartaily mongatalate them.


 Commithee stager I have no problem whatsozer in givig thase fhatges


 that they will improve the a

1 would lide to thand yon very


Thank you.
MR. PRESIDEMT:
 George Tann.

MR. $\operatorname{AINFOED}$ A. RIERSON:
 said that sfthere witing for Menbets of the governimot tonch and



I will ithtead toty to be 玉s


 of the poople of the Cayman Islands.





 to the Cayman Islands for many years. It is buly mow mis. peytamit


 House.

Mr, Frasidmat, haw eat me

 past debater especially the remarks made ey the hanousadiagerond
 President, 1 will deal with those remarts in the tudve gr fortaben Hours which I tifut you will give me to speak.

Mr. Fresident......
ME. PRESEDENT:

 doyou all a lot of good if you geve me that extrex tine.


 President ity trying te push this eill throughe
mat President the Eill betore
 terms of the Treaty, and I would like to emphastse that.
 discusting the gignature gf the Treaty or tita Treaty itysuf. We are debating today the ghabling legislation of which the Tueaty teras the schedute for that legislation. This Treaty mor. Faestabituas mate


 the position of ouserviers.
mr. Presidentr the basis
 Reasors, woult seen to be for improying the effectiquncos of the tan
 and the prosecution gha suppreasion bf arime by mbtiat imgai as 今istance and coroperation.

will becone part of the law of the Cayman taiants ape set bit in the Sthedule to titit Eill, and the putpota of this eill is to proyide for a law to give effect in the Islands. to the terns of that Trasty.




 sthool lesgsu? In the Farliantht of any coatry you are geing to hewe politios, so why play with the terns that you ane tharang palitios iti the Parliament of tite Gayman tslanda? what eise ag that enpect to heat



Mr. Prean atan berome yoing intra
 I wish to again remind khe people of the Caymen ishands and to at those listening to these debatesr that the Trest has arreaty been
 to that Treaty. The Gortracting Farisies to that Treasy whe bise Government of the United States and that Gowernmen at the united

 let as not forl the people in talling them tiat what surh a mavelous part to play aven tyngyt we gave a lot of adyiser we wefe not a contracting fafty to the traty.

Mr, Frasident. the Trasty ua: 5igned on the 3rd July, fige and the eill to put that Theaty into force is now coming bafore thit fouge. We thatefore have defore as today Mr, Fresident, the Eill pr atabling legistation to aixe effect
 Elear in the minds of otr people, that we are dealing with the




 amendment.
mr. Frestuentr the prople who


 the Honourable Founth Electud Mantet of Exective Goricici, as the represantatives from the cayman tslandar and i understand abong with a few of their equnies, or their political cohotis.

The onty テnvurement that 2 as
 invited to a very brief hearing a brief meeting alied ty une Honowrable first official Member, during whith tive mo Friesident he


 fead, but we were not given the time to study fle witich me subsequently did.

MF. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:

## Hoga! HEan!

 Honourable First official Mander who had bewe it a postion to make



 Mra Fresident, I hope that we do mot haye that fond in this houser


 plus ohter supportars ta caroy thin gitl though. We are notherato protert our own positions we are tiene to tepresent the perate of the
 to protect our bwh pride, and this is what it is all abotw.

Mr. Finstant having examined
the definitions contained in Articio 19 of the Thedty it is auta clear to me that out negotiating team appar to heve wester a iot of

 the United kingdom, and I hove gade thia point berome tiat they ware

 previous apeakers who have qustationed tite treressity for qie negotiating tham to have been fresent at thoge hegotiationg and whether the money spent on theit thavel and othar wopenses ubuid not have beet more profitatiy gpent ot ather freaming newa winta our Islands commualty.

 poitht.

MR. PRESIDENT:

 normal tifat.

MF. LINFOKD A. PIEESON:
Yロs $\mathrm{Sin}^{n}$
MR. FRESIEENT: Let us it that ease oneak now
 hupe.

AT 12:45 F.m. THF ROUSE SUSFEDED
HOUSE FESKMED AT 2:SA F.M.

ME. FRESIDENT:
Please ba seated.
Continuation withe suenond
Reading Debate pt the Matual Legai Assiotanct lusted Efates of
Americat Bill, 1784. The Second Elected Menter for Gobge Youn.
MR. LINFOFD A. FIERSONA
fr. Pfegiacht: wher we toot the
 Which we hat hat of the treaty, prion to its eigntmg flew Mr.



debate thas far an this Bill, $I$ telieve that $t$ wes the Eueted Menber
 use youm authomity ta allow on ty the elected representatives ef them people to vate on such ar impartant ejll, and thet the afficial. at





President. I feel that. the Merbers of Executup courcil should te Peleased from their constitutional obligation of coliective
 conscience.
mb: Fresturnt whic l heve a



 clear that 1 do mat support ary form of iarodis or mercotice demer in
 Bill shanla be fut in that categary, I would like to let wery Member of this House know that I tiave man a very elem aperationn and I will continue to wo so even though there wre remtain Mantirs of bits House. and certain senior civil Senvent whe woud be ghat to heve me invaived in an entrapinent situation. Y have warked very fard mo.
Presjuent.....
HON. W. RORMAN RODEN:
Mr, Presidtnt....
MR. LINFGRD A. RIERSON:
On Petritaf grater


Standing grdar 3a.
MR. PRESIDEMT:
You to not haw to regerve a
Fight to do that ary more, it used ty de the esso anter the atd
 Standimg Order 31 yot can see me at ary interyal. ant explam what it is about.

HON. W. NDRMAN EODOEN:
All might Eir, somy for the

 President, perhaps harder than many of the parala who would try ara
 of the individuals whom I know, therefore Mm, fresidert I tabe it as an grave injustire when tertain members of the Howse wato attengt in any
 prevail, and freedam of spexth is a tenet of surb damacracy.

N"M Fresident. I turast that
 to myself, but he has eaid that he will mate apersona explanationa

 there is stall the matian wheh hat beef gropesed ty the Becond

 haveplenty of time to refly to any remaths made after my debete mra Presidert.

Further mat fiesident to the

 Sir that ? fave ta question the macestity for soncef gur officion

 show in return for signing the treaty. Mr. Frestant. fant ta mone










 Stater Justice Department, Criminas Divisions oftice in matge ot negotfating the Exchange of Iffomation ? when be soid end 1 gutue:
"If you can wrap a tan evesion case wo with farcotics deating of frail fraud there witl te pritty good chantes of catrhing ! $\quad$ g. tax evaders."

Mr. fresident the wtitue to

 the appointment locally of a united giates consuier bptime where among other things. the officer in bherge would tave the authority to

 were the comstructive suggegtions that I made. They merk the thitge I Mefermed to as benefitis which coulo have been given is retarit



 not be telling you and the peapie of thta country arybhimg nitu a an
 while thase Membere get uf to explath that, I trust that they will

 have ta try and enlightem them if I get an opporthifty to speak whtme motiah which will be taming before this housw at the end af the getond Feading Debetw.

I woult life tormporate mr.

 and that it wald have teen mare diffitult for us to have ubtathed
 especially in view of oum tar position f faye hean relizbiy informed

 clamfying the question which has on oceasiong ben fajeed reyarding
 deating with this ifthore detajl tater on. Tifat it fas te te undermtowd that both Bermuda ant Rarbades agree to cogptrate in parm




 Fress releate of 23 Bt Jaly:
 Cayman Ifland



I Favis sed pecpie write to the




 House and extel the behefits mad the glomien of the Thenty. Yet thay




Mn. Frasimenty i hiave fatem


 5utte thear politital ents.

from my debite an the bill before uto and the Tratay whith roma the Schedule to the will, ft is my intention we wfer gammenctuctive

endeavour gir, tu be as dbjemtive and as pagitive as positbia in the presentation of my views, because y ditat wee day berefit to this country th dotng otherwism. I must fomever giry admy here end incw that my greatest comrem ig with the forsitule abuse of the Treaty, mot only by the Urited gtates of America tut ably atded and atetato by some of our cun Gevernment officitus. To dete mo frestent: we bave seen evidemie of mbuse, and i intend la deal with these as aprocerd.
 wish to affer my sincerm congatalatiant to tha fattoming organisations and individuals for then foveluabif eontributions whith they have forde ta bhe Eill and the Thenty and thetieve topping this




 I feel that Each ohe of wh has the fralionaty wigh of feetom of speech. Mr. President, I have to agree with the editeriat fir the
 contern amd politicer" that was the heading of the edtiorsel and it was well witten Mf: Eresident. It Etates:
that genulne caltern vabred by mentere of the public and

Mr $=$ Fresident this is most
 cuitics af the Law Society would have seft arything megtive atoud then, if they had come out ift pratse af the tweaby dr it simply



 concerns with na palitimal motive. Tbe peamie anz entivies whe mate


 from? In any case, the Treaty now bemp detated fe far bog inportart ta be drath into the politital battuefielde tu sarety nead.

## HON. VASSEL. E. JOHNSON:

Mr. Fresident....
 unless he is risitig an a Foint of order.


## Order?

HON. VASSEL E. JOHNSDN:

MR. PRESIDENT: VEMy wEIl. let us hemt the point.
 Mr. Fresident is a quatation which I mim wareoting tomonam marming.
 concerned with tine Membet's good intentions. HE spokt in the Assematy herer and now he says he is corterting abathatig the has seit, ge what
 detater ant I would thant inith unless he is rising on a fothtaf
 was speaking.

与ay:

女e defended by attarks oh the feopla wio wigtesser their concern ovef it. We telieve tist on saite gr all the
 Ferkaps before the and of the debste on the mattureateone wifl be able to ghow that the Treaty provisigns etrenot pusing
a danger to the fithancial findatity, foreigh investant and wo

 its present form is the best that could be arnoudt then so be it. Let us bot avoid the atastions by mitetanit. "

 congratulate the editur for surn Frofound wisdomn Eut f must ask   he recently joined the staf' of that wadatate apent

HON. VASSEL E. JOHUSDN:
Read it womprow merntig.
MR. LIMFORD A. FYERADN: I hope tret we ane not now
 holding a heavy stick ouer theit hests, becatso that wotat be an unfortunata day wher ous Goverament stopps to buch beyelsu

HON. YASGEL E. JOHNSON
Fiead it in ther press.
MR. LINFORD A. RIERSDN:
 to remind that Member ajain, the honothable Fouth Electad mexber of Exartive Goutycl to behaue himself.

MR. PRESIIENT:
Hell, you dre tolif inyite him
to say something an afraid.
MF. LINFOFD A. EIEFSDG:
I aleg Mm, Fresigent atguey whth
 procedufes which he felt should tave been foliowid, and the witter sad that in his opinfon the following progetsias shoutd have been followed. "There stanht have teen wider and waen onsultation with a


 We know Sifr that there are fpecial faworitas with some of the

 treated as a山ch.

Natment two on pratedines, and




 he went through the Treaty, and i an sume heforbined ingtrostions,
 discussioty as to whether the Nancotic Agreanert is wothog

 relevant procedures loading up to the issuance ar yertioicate requesting information under the Narrotir Agreanent, and theneafter. what procedures are followed by the Whitat ghtes once they have the
 request made therehtider",

Mr. President. mbre inim shodid


 the proges of beity satisfied as to thitasatutial proconditigat i will not go into what really hapontat. The witay also seys what
 during those negotiations.

 Nancotic Agreement befotre its gigneture, Ent after, which was of demseratim right, mainty because: and i woutd like to stress fitis




 Fivestigate nargotic offences, when infact whey were seating to


blatant abose of the Marestic Agreement in the case of gerry bee




 I question. It mould be anybody thint this is applying to.

相 r . Prosidert, in mblyg
referonce to 5 gme of thase eases. I toust that itill not be
intertupted by the Honourable gecond gfficial memer, by mandiag me that I may be breach of the subjudice fale, bemase I an mell anate of





 Marcotic Agreement but of our Treaty. Mr, President. what fig of importance here is that this abuse ageinst mo. Harvey ie not nnoy detrimental to him, but indeed to the caymat isiands and worse still
 had knowledge of this matter. Tt is telitued sir. that this is the
 Nr. Fresident, one of aty


 having those misgivings.

Bection 5. of the gindiling
legisation to this Treaty gtates that the Atatney cenaret will be notififed of request reteiviod. Mra Fresident, utile pealise that

 section reads Mr. Fresident:
 immediately a request fis receivedy with patimulars thenemf,

 curiae, to appar or to tak patt in any peoceation ift the Cayman Islands."
 Narcotic Agremment.


 to that Agreementr relating to the procedura van receigt of a
 And it is my undernstanding Ar. Fresident that andet that Agteenemt he
 made by the United States. This san be mititmed one wey ow une


 have 400 plus banks and trust compation, ana 200 gisj bisapance
 President, this begs the question rigatding whe witidity of the
 council.

 Fresident that a Member of this Assembly shouda attath abuct of
 the itmmity and privituge of whis House, and that they zennot answef





Mr. Fr"mident, Le干rre deeling








 constrained Mr, President formite a littie note agitust this remark, which reads ${ }^{\prime}$ I hope other mothers trast thefr datighters better tinan Dur Mother treated un under this Trenty. '

Mr. FREsidetitr thity is then
problem, whare the intarests of Dar comaty ated the peoplo of the Gayman Islanda could be plamed in jeupaty and for aycotasiry







 this comitry were paprotas.

 excluded under the Treaty, Eut he fatled to say bhat those wre
 place, Another point tajed by the honourable Eacond afiatal Member


 melata to the collegtion of takes. Dut agatime Prestatht wat
 Agreementr to pat on tho side of that quatation in told bitatis the





 is theough.

F Way watchitg yestanday Men
Frestueftr a programme on Mostradambs, ghu it statet that by 1888
 Fresident, 1 belifeve that Nostrademss parhaps had not heard of tha
 reach us before 170 g .

Mr. Ffedtanar in viex ze what
 Dffirial Member is extended the powets ufter Gexton Ex of the enabling lagislation to this Treaty wenthough mis postiton will be
 that we will have murh to be mincerned pobif.




 and will no doubt continue when the Treaty has been protutt itito
 talk until we ate hoarse atad the Givernment. benth hea atragdy decided what their course of action is going to bo. het ur not fool the peophe of this sountry, they have already decited that stoy with mot







 of the Law Society, the Accounting Gocietyr bhe finaber bit Gamette and others could have the apporturity to sit with Members of this Legithative Assembly it out Comitter Robat or Elsewhaner bo deat with this matter farther, but up to this fotaty frave heard rafutter
 this morning.

Mr. Fifestant. I sent agak at
 from our financial

 had they only requested assistance. Eut instead tr. Fresitantr they


 in the legal profestion whe weme ested for theiry comments and abso
 not go and diseds the wattor with their colleagses. or jet any input,


 before the signing. Mr. Fiesident, thys mattor was sorediculota bhat



 that was dotie as aresult of their elected representatives.

> Mr, Fresiant what axemad




 bullheadednesg of zertain Menbets of the Govemafen bench and of the

 Law Soriety comproses some of the mot brilliant peafly in this





 glad that it was he who had made this admission.





 store of legal knowledge in this abuttry


 of thit Bifl down our throatg is realiy mot a good thine, and I believe that before $i$ am throkg there he fill de what is irioht fot tha
 of this country an opportunity wo bok into binis eiti a iftuie

 presentation of this Eill, and tha Hanoumble Gecond officiat Membert
 hate to see hin plamed in a frame of mitid wher he is still not



I telizve Mr. Prestaget that
 was entithed That gre the gateghatds? and I woild ive to ferind the


 price that you pay when you are in a position in a begíbetare pra Parlitament that should de pethaps filled by an Electad mengetr and I

 to the people gf this rountryr and ant senfor civil Eamuants:
moverestant: ben of the wian



 whole Gectiont I will atop pread Sertion 4it:
"For the purpose of Article 2 e the Eayman tustat Legal

 alone and in an admintstrative fap解ity gatather sudge of
 behalf."

Nom Mr Foresident, the
 follows:
 Assistance Authority ghall be demed nat ta be a judicial denision on order, and shall abt be the subjert of any apone tor or review by, shy Fownt. "

Mr. Presidentr this subsection
 as to mote it apecific and free from ambigitity ant the positabeane of this section. It should hive tieat Mr. Fquafacots


 any sourt. . "

Eut instaza forn Frespanto the
Homotrable Second gfficial Member has athed to tay with tif a wery



 recommending that thit delatiop be done during the Gomituee stage of
 af imporkant \&ill su vague. Mr. Fresidentr I satmit that it may be
 bit more tine was taken with this eill instada nf taying to funh it. through. Dne Member told me rany amendmenty werady way do in Comittee stage'. Now I want that Menber to tell mathow an menter af the Law Society or the Agrounting Sotidey gan cone into these Chanders and make any contribution or pat any ioput inth the Eill dafint Committer stage. I again ask mir. Firesident; what is the oig rush? Why do we have to prove to the Members on this side of tha werse that whether you alt like it ar notr we are going to show you who the bosees arer and we atre going to shom you that is it geqng to he passed, befause we alfeady have bur gippopters to suppoctity and in
 that they have enowgh support for the Eil!, but the fotarest of thit


M", Prasidentr the honsuratye


 man bone of montention. They are tigt lookitig ft the vetuats


 Presidentr which is allowing then to ace in this manter. Mo. Prestuent, may I ask thase two gentlenth what ia so underaratic about



 damonaary.





 the bodies to give their pecompendations, and they ondd have advised
 been used, but Mr. Freaident to not pevts fecognisa them as a boty f think is most unforgiveable.


 these two Members have sofat played mute politics that ziny athetr


intothe Eill for their awn politiont tronits. This is wheng patitics
 hearte they would have opaned it to the generai body of lawhers and accowntants.

ME. PEESIDENT
Would it be conventent fot the
Member if we broke for the normal aftermoun iece:s mow?
MR. LINFORD A. FIERSDN: CEFteindy Eir.
MR. PRESIDEMT: In which ceser i will Eusperd
proceedings far approxitately tern minutes.

AT 3:16 P.M. THE HOUSE SUPFENDED
HOUSE REGYMED AT $3: 35$ F:M.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Please be beater.
Continatition of the Betond
Reading Debate on the Mutuat Legal Assiatatice (untiod gtates of
Americal Bill, igeb. The Second Elected member for Gearge Towth.
 afterfoon break, I was dealing with Eemtait statatiente mate dtrimg the
 Hancurable Fourth Elected Memter of Council.

Mr = Frestemen during the bueat ane of my very gaod friend met he aideide and mentimet to me that
 States than that why wh obtaimet ufiter our Treaty.

Mr. Fresident mathem geod




 Honctratile Fourth Elected Methter stated thet the bex society were









Mrafyendsht megeremg the
 like the First Elected Member for Eodder, Town an sill witing to hear what benefite we stand termeetue ifnder the orfoty when we
 Town prompted the Menter, and asked hiff to tell is what the beriefits
 farther detaile on the benefits: ar Ecinething to that effesta I submit. Mr. Fresident that the Honourathe gecond official member, Er


 Treaty may be seers to be ahe sidet. (Yes you did fay thet, chect the
 not misquate you.) If the Meinder is adinituing unet the Treaty may
 Legal Adviser for the gaymin Istandg to the negutiming tean = He was




 Whith the provisicms of the Treaty abot ehathing legietation mey be
 Mr. Fresident is supported and sutstant ided by the everte fonue sem


Mr. Fresificat. any tusinessman





 country. Eut what Mr. Ppestdent, many af the preyious gpeatione have

 Fourth Eletted Menber, was buile dp of tax money. That is why we heve




 the Members ahallenged me ta msk for a liftimg of the standing orderey and I may do just that. I hope he will weamd it.



 apply to the cayman IElands. An ertitie in the paper with oum







 I do not fun a clears ship. Eut where was aloo ar atampt made to



 of this country at heart. Eirds of paseage Mr. Prestort. peaple whe
 5wifa ar dtawn.

try and clear up some of the talk I have hater aromat town I ashed

 heara, and the rumour was that the two people who bed come to time Cayman delands invalved with the pacpie indtcted, hat vistited my



 inta my affice will behemp, but they have to setigfy me of emberm
 Why I debund at least three refermbey, ard ate of the arst gwestions I asked these individuals is the type of tusimes they are bringtig


 several otcasions. Eut wher f toid those peozle thet they would tave
 their money where there mouths were I did het see theg agath and lucky for me. Because after thab. about 12 bays after. there way an
 refused. This is where I an coming frab hr. President. The ghtright

 Mr. President, whet I asked that the wavareadion between the Honcuratle First Gffimial Menter, the Honcurette Eecong official


 and when I insisted, the Honouratte Sacond gifieter Henter wathed ant of the meeting. Thig is what we have to deal with Mry fresident: this

 what will happen to ather people. In my atempt ur. president. to make 5 ure that there was no whom unturned. I wert esfar as the


 they all toby me that there was nothing to wormy ubot, therg was


 am not che whe will be cowered into opposition gr gubugatign ar submission. I will be faking a trip to the Unted gitate befors thes
 whom I have been dealing, are. I witi see it there forn autright

 President, whether that is uthe em mot. I sleep equery might with a free consciente. I knciw there are many attents to try and andemger,
 Feaple have tata me ta te carceful, thatase they efo me, aria "they see me as a threat. Mr. President. God's willing. z wlil continde to




 Fresident, and t will nat. I thint this country wout te test served
 Fresident, 1 whll deal with this further.

MruFresidert. Forbays the incot
campreherinive commentary thus far made an the Treaty has come from the Lwo Society, and as steted earlien, it is a shame that the gentlemeri and perhape ladies wha comprise the baw Somietyo have buen enstigeted ty the Homourable Second Offitial fember and the Hondingte foumth Elected heinber thus far, there may te others who will do ito out so far there have been the two Nembers from the Gousunment Eench.

Mn. Fis 5 itunt, from the
cantents of the release produced by the Law gomiety, it is patte clear that had the negotiating team consulted with when durify the negctiations, that they would have recetved inveluable ässistance, ant we would have EMdediap with a ruth tetter Traty

Hr. Presianaty arithe zquh



 and oparaticm of the cayman mutual legal fissistamee Abtomity. Mr. Fresident. an the question of the turaer af proaf, the baw society
 the Caymari Islands profeseianal the canct brict ith certainty regardess of enquiry, whether a listed affense hat tuen cominfted by


 clear ta the negotiating teman but Mr. Presidert, it togk the taw society to brimg this paimt to the attention of the publis. Then they
 not white to then ard paint it cot ta themp bhese points I wonder how much would heve teen heard of the waw gociety s viems had they been sent only to the riembers of the negotiating tesm. if the reaction of the inembers to these views is any findycation then Mr" President I mast say that we waid have heard nothing atout the wieus of the Law suciety.

Gh the quEstion mr. Fresiderit of the retrauctive Efferts of the Truaty, and Mr. Ppesident, it is of interest that I understand that bhe Eermude Treaty docs not heve the same retraactive effect whith aur treaty fas, but frisident. if I ats wrang in this, i angure there ara Members of the governanent tench who
continued by saying:

"As the Treaty stands it is patroactive fo effect which gives
 professicmal, includity real estate agerts. bankers. trugtaes.
 to clients wha have used the Caymath lands in the post on the basis that its comfotertiality laws were paralionme"

 We have gone a long way since then:

Aht we heard the First Eiecter Menter far Boduen Tawn state the detalig af the Fifth Amembunent，and how the ljofted Stetes Abtheritios tatid not got in their fountry the
 went on ta say Mr．Fresident thet：

 offshore financtal activaty is stmpped of the Gostitutionat


## 

Nr for suppor of what I have sat
 to say about the benefits they waw under the Treaty．They sada
＂Although the disadvantages are elear motuthotanding anemfut
anelysis jt is difficult we see what particidar ieneffos the
Treaty confers and sperifically on th三 ermot thet the Gaymen
information to the United States Authoritian whder the
provisions of the Treaty．Thare is nobhima in the Treaty thet
would then prevent the united Btates A．juctitites foom
proceeding against the cayman Insards restort ar eitigen of h
the same powerg of decumertary ant perbonal whapora as bave
existed hitherto．＂

## 

the Law saciety in that the treaty offers he axtabivity amb is faty to be regarted by the United states enforcmert ajencias merely as a procedure af first pecourse．

Mr． P 以
benefits under the Treaty？What did we get in rexhrn for ouf generasity？Was it jast the apportabity to shabe the hatiog of eha
 such goot boys？of cotrose they would tell as that．They told us that protably they had never had such an easy time in bhetr foves，im
 Cayman Islands and bonst about that glarigus experience whimbthey had in shaking the hand of a membet of the geparing team：wher，he logked at them and said＂bays yod tid not give me much whder the treety＂． Eut Mr．Fresident，ahybody，ary primary sohcol chold way seg that bhe Americars received 97 percent of the berefity．Yet I whoteretard that

 had shamen his mand．



 much dinty maney and ms man dirty tusiness as the Honatrable Gecome Official Menter and the Hopouratle Fourth Elected thaner would have the peaple of this country beliteve，why dia we mot get fursueds of requests on farcotics offences．I will tell you why becaure they ane not here，$I$ do hat brow where they went ta，they iney heve gome to
 few wha were here perhaps were frightened away by the Nemcotict Agreetent．And I subnit and cantend that we are eealiog with
 Honouratle Fourth Elected Menber is econvinced that the haw gociety

 has spent as Financial Secretmpy of thit country，wita t would have been durirg thoge years that those offersem qere gorinttes，

Mr．Prasidenty the Lau acolety



 legitimate business．

> hra fresident. they satot
＂It js the lew Saciety＂s Eenatusion thet persoms with
 cortinue to do 50 an the besis that theip wivate and

 disclosure than would te the cese in the Uniter gtates where the right ta have juditial review of ary investigative procesa of am enforcement agency nemaine. "

Mr. Pumbictity: we are not

 are not tulbing about those offences. And ary member of this Houte

 even the Treaty, that we would even ehcoumase this mat of tusiness is

 concerned that we are nat taken back to the days of weting thetrhed ropes in this country, this is what we are comiente atout


 Maybe this is why the Amerinays dectact we meater a Theaty ithe this. Because if our negotioting weam whin te the unites Mirgion and
 bhings are so bad ith the Gayman Islands, it is no wonder that we received what we did.

Mr. Fimetame, in the remy
 commertamy on the Eill and Treaty they alsa aty ise the heceseity for

 Treaty should be a part of the will. Mr, Frestufnt, they tomet
"At the least the Law Saciety advises in the atrongest poseitig
temms that argent consideration be given firstiy to breview of
the lifted Ungted 马tatus bffenter with a vien to wetethishing a
provide information ty the provisions of the Treaty The baw
Society woutd willifgly"..... (this is the ofter Mr. Frestent.

This is the reyson mu.


 than tating the view that they ane interfering in potitics Rearase
 intended by the law Society.


 Bedden who is president, far the envaiuable cortitubution with followed the lines of the Law gariety, and aly the :hamyer af
 cantusbutions.








 Elected memter of Exetutive Gouncit, who was sa dependent on the bim

 MEnter of Enecutive Councit has stag in thig House and banted time
 country. The Member has stated that phose years were the most.

 into the infrathuctume for the developmont of tifis obatry's
finamcial centre ᄃame from the lawy him in bodies such as foncocos I\% particular, it way git at are time that Mr. Waker and Mr. Whitelack ran the Gevermant. Go hod ant the Member stand in this House and tabe the eredit for himselfo Fut of he
 good, becruse it was cuming those yedms that it themethat bean any harcotic wffences or any narcotics abrey coming to thin owntry, they


 Financial Secretemy talkimg about.
 oumblelected drander af
 the Law Society, the legal fretergity wt this country far conmenting


 his chest and pat his shouldere for building the framemoniofor this
 years.

Maybe mr. Fresident. if the
country praspered as he said during those 17 yeary and thirag now that he is a politician seem to be going down dredfairs mabe hemate
 did he mot etop money leandering? He had the pater to do it as Finamial Secretary, the satse diathe presert financoat Serpetary in curbing against itt. We have the Eank Inspector, we hayg the
 We have the Bankitg society. Why tid the Member ate toy to stop thais laundering of which he is talking? He eaid that perpite wefe firhy they retired early. I trust that he is not now tabbing his awh




Mr. Fresiderit the people of
this country deserve an answer. If the Menter knew op air them maney
 not da something about it? and why at this stage ts fereminding us that this all happened during those years forepepta ar this country need to have in answer. We it. Mr. Frestrent, because bont ary to the
 finamcial industary, that he now recogrises that it was tion mi.



 was through has foresight that the eoamtry wos so prospergus during thase 17 years that is fis economic polity, where is ity Mr.

 not be as prasperous as we are today. we watm at the right esot at the right time in history, and if" that Momber would be homesto he would tell the people of this coumtry that it was tione and


MR. FRESIDENT:
Me are withat atout thinty
secandy of the
motent of interraption,
Ff you have reached.....

Mr. PRESIDENI:
Very well.
......a subrentent epet permape,










 ascordingly.

## ADSDUSMMENT

HON. THOGAS S JEFFERSON:

 adjourned until tell orctork womortow notiting.

MR. PRESIEEMT: The orotion is fhat bhat house


QUESTION FUT: AGREED. AT $4: 39$ E.M. THE HOUEE ETOD ADSUENED
 I56.
(SEVENTH DAY)


CAYMAN ISLANDS EEGIBLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPER
THIRD MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE

## in LEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY

(SEVENTH DAY)
TUESDAY, 9 TH SEPTEMBER, 1986

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY' THE HONOURABLE SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER.
2. GOVRRMENT BUSINESS BILLS:-
(1) CONTINATION OF SECOMD READING DEBATE: The Second Eleoted Member for George Town - to continue
(B) COMMITTEE THEREON
(3) REFORT THEREON
(4) THIRD READING

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## TUESDAY


10.64 A．M．

MR．EPESIDENT：
Msmber．

FFえyers．
The Horロutad

## PRAYERS

HINM MEHAEL E ERADLEYB

Abryghty tod．from whon al？

 things may te anderex upon the test and surest forndetions for the glary of Thy hame and for the gafety honcur ent welfere of the peopla of these Islands．

Elefs wh goverelgin wady Gueeti

 grace ta all who exeroise athority is our commonsealeh that peace and



 of theyt titg office．

> All thit whask for thy great







the Latd bises wo and keep us：
 blft up His countenance mpom his and give us peare mow and atwoys．


## 

Flease be seatyd．
Gott in mation at the Eerond


GOVEAHMET EUSTHESE
画说宣


Mr．Freatdent，it sesmstrat
 dawn with a cold when I Iefthere yesterday，But thank gacanoss，I


At tha adjoumment yeterdiy

 Member of ExECutive Council duming his debate of the Eit mow teform this Housen whith is for a Law whim may be sighted at ohe fintaal


Mr。Frestuent from 50 one of the





 FMivata sectar.

Mr. Frespdent. dioming my debote
yesterday, d relided a persomal experfence of mine wherg an atwempt







 the cound of this debate who my still mot be clatr as to whet was attempted agminct me, to mantact me Either durifg the sitting of this Heuse or aftery and I wit be mort than pleased taforther elarify
 manner in which am ettempt was made te entrap me. It made maso



 trust, on wha could have teen involved in this foria of patrephent.







 the beliff that the wombratie getura offictal lember may have had some thodledge of what was going ons Mr, President foamot dacide in advance what elients will come to my officen or indedd ban any Member of aum financtal comanfityo



 it was the wish of certain Menters of thithouge fhat i phould fall

 moming fir. Frestidert, that if I have any definate thewtedge at
 personally wa me.





 work. Nr. Fresidert, if we the peoplo withit the fineniat Eemanity
 chouldy belicve Bir, that, 三s im my Ease, whers withe atie to mid


 chance, te dichovered and wexded ont by the mofe aetate businesemen.

















 What l was up ageinst, they realised the Etandard i set for my office:

 who whald Ike to get stripeg froth the unded gtates for tryitg to
 public profesetomal practice, whether ws a bayer an arcombent, a



 business office ir relazton to lanndering drag thatey of other types of


 that Members of this Assembly wil give a lot of yhought to bhat
 have to do so.

ME. D. EZZARD MILLEE:

## (IAAUQTBLE

MP. LINFGRD A. FIERSOM:
Mr: Millem I maaily de mot medd
 saying what I wishta say.

Acmordingiy Mr. Frestament I an
 who hes beer sutpected of any trug offences, or inded any of the



## Mr. Fresident. berome moung or

ta the text of the artimbe whth appeared io the th zeptemper fsume


 Tremty, that we thood the chance of havirg the wreth of thiat great





 Mather country stand idy by and let hs be destroyed by the united



 the interest of proterting their retationship wits tho united gitues of Aberitaz?

Mr. Fursident: between the
abuse df the Thesty amathe perception of the Gavan isiands in then

 really het the upeurge in our ecomomy. wheh tas Eeen presicted by previous speakers irt thit House, and wspetaliy ehose on the Gavernment berch.






confidentielity is betng eroded. This is whats refer ta as













is Bet a Eemious enough tremt which will certaimly pripty us a lot of hatdstip: we have atse the Gaymantan Frotectich buard whith is atly




 enatimg legistation is that if me are not warefaly thare whit sogn
 the interegte of my cotintry, i recently mane gut in the newsonpens of
 a clear similamidy in what is thatering in other areas of gur















 develop. Whath semmed ta be perpetuated by the caymatay protectian EGard. Are we in the Cayman Islathe Mr. Prestambs atitupting to get that pare society which Hitler louked for. Are we attemptimato





 Mr. Fresident. I summit that we mow have the rhance to ag sumethag,
 before this House. I wata it quite Elear Mr, Fpestedert the with that sort of remegotiation, and af atondment ta the fraty there is very







 the Protertion gont is incorrect, and i hope it io incaryect why b

 gutdeners from the 引nitud Kingeon and Europer why is this? My.

 this country, as are the fonditions and provisfans under ther freaty.












Mr. Frysident. 1 cominiem
 for the pere fact of sergationslism, and I bexieve Mr, president thet I have proved ta my rountry what $I$ arn capabie of joing I have atso proved io thyelf that the only way in life fohart work hulike tome of cur Memberg whe were ?uchy whagh to be pusher wre the foder of



 cuatd net do arything. Dne might as well net bet th the assembiy
 do anything, what are you gaing to do You ge and you zit ihe Members



 with the Memberg af Exechtive Councit. This is the ary time they get
 brought to this Houser atit with nothing befog dora wabt then, And I
 but 1 an tuginning to get eromp in my fingers because I see no tight beyand the turire?.

Mr. Pr"esident, as I was suying
 because 1 want to protert thet confidentiatityfor fiemb of
 with thern ar if I would try to artange erasetrag with membere of


 which I: fike mary of the members wh this side of the Howse are plated in.
Mm. Presudent a amane that
 will make life difficult for individuale, if they feet they are not
 againg we have a misnomer when we refer to the Caymenfan Frotemblon




 to engulte inta the pratites and the aperations of the protertion








 lovely men. Mr. Fresideni. there is agneat uramomat the Bncometstency being perpetiatat wt thet levet.



 sa.

Mrinfuesident, maving ont to
another sutjectan It is my understerobag that we in the Guyby is ande

 Itlands. We have Even milowed thwor underistand, to Eame through bur








 fathe in youncar, I want to wee vou getting out of that, and sone of










Many of us know who wome of the first people were ta bribg trage to thjs tountry. We know Mr, Fresident. the peoule at ket ceyman Islands






 do tusiness in this commery widh their big project the pacht elat

 choppirg down the kotes which whata provide nesty for the perrats.
 Govermant, where it seems thet the unfted kirgoch is bent an goveraing that tountry by dinect rule? De wa want toperpathete surb
 पet up in arm 50 that we tan heve the ex-use of e direct rule of








 be as co-operadive as passitie with thos membera gothit meming first thing I went out and tought a copy of tadays caymatancompas.





 said ith this Houme. 1 beliove gir that the Gompass reporied very accurately what he said on the 4 th Septemter. or wht wion primed in the compaus on Thureday, 4th September 1986.








 enactiy what we afe aming for on thot side of thathose we are



 this aill. And the Merbiter ges whto say Gin thet he hes alyays welromed feedtark, this is ancther jobe. Wes hit wercome what wo sam in the compass of the thth Geptember agos. Taptioned Exog hember Fops baybers. when in fact those lawyerc were onty tryite ta hotp. Is
 Fresifant.

Mr. Prestant rontory te whet the mentor siad, I do fot agree thet the Gormonan compas wat uted as






 President I 5ubuit. 35 lese than the truth Eut mana Presidento the Hancuratle Fourth Electad Member of Guncil whtradicto bimeth. In


 this begitiatian dawn your throets whether you inte it fret and we








「ate:

 the Treaty".










 for Ever.

The Miaber states Mr.

## Fresidend:





What leadixag menter? \#ould







 tfrat he is fight, but bime will tella








































 We have to cancel the Treaty.







 submit that they are receiving a lot of help fram us here trithe



 wayside. Mt. Fresidert, as if elot of the ludicrous atatements i and



HON. YASEEL G. JOHNGOME


 yourself = do hot belifve whet you heve in herto and the is a lot of potitits fir. Honcurable Fgurth Elected member, ant this it a lot of

faterests of the people of the Goyan Istande. and gur
chaicer but to sufpont the Treaty and the enatimaz
leglsation."









 The peaple of thit country ane foiting very fad aps and they are getting to the stage winere they are going bo soon take athon inta their hamds. protadiy before :9gs.

Mr. Fresident. $\bar{x}$ do nei stand


 wachang an bhe tratat.







In the Thatseny, 4th ceptember

 Etatement "Exa Member waps Lawyrs". This was the statument in the











But Mr：Frestdent．bo tahe tifs






















ME．EKESEDENT：
Hコ ロerta゙miy











antosey：
of the wowntry．＂




























 capacity toremernter, and that I will be tating notes or werytiong that jes sata, and 1 will adequately reply ir bue coursex

 formard and sey whet they want", Mr"Pratident it thenemater will playpa jobes with the peaple, or is the member Eerioust zs he
 let the pacte tome fopward and way what they want then why noty at

 of the Actounting Sotiety and any Caymanian morestomb hers ean come

 of this Eountry.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I wondef
convetiant moment to breat fot a fex mitutes.

MR. LIMFDRD A. ETERE时:
MR. PRESIDENT:


AT 11223 A. M, THE HOUSE GUQFENBED
HOUSE FESUMED AT : 1442 A. M

M8. FRESIDEWT:
Flease be siated.
Contination ot the $\begin{gathered}\text { ergord }\end{gathered}$
 America) Sill, 1986. The Serond Eleoted Member for George foun.

Thank you hro Pimetatent.





 seven dexty sins, ant on this note mo. President it gexm thet of








 to 5ee the Government banch agree to have this zitt refaried ba a



 EiE!








 that. whe will soon heve the whole Eil! subjut to enanoments. Thit


 Stages of titis House, How it the world can whe heve reftesentationt
 Commerce within the commttee Stages wh thit ett witho the perimeters of this House, how Ean we da it: this is ag permbsibie

 people are not happy, that thay ahoula say sor and wen finpy that somethine will be done. He, lime the Honcurmbe gerond offor Memor and other menturs of Eketutive cotheil ktor fall well that the only way that they can have an oppontumity of meanimgiwi math would
 of this thetse, and that what wonithee was atowed to be spen to selertied members of the bat gociaty. Actorntimg geciety and anherwise.
 operatad, and the constraints under ata Standing ondens. Eut a an
 important that has ever come to this Houser that fir we shritidatiou



Mr. Fresifent, the mantar in








 know that thetre is a lat of uncost out there.

Thus fra presidento tine reasma
 fopwand a Private Member"s Motion uas beatas we saw the focestity
 unteganatie Mr. Fresident. We ane only trying to portert hie
 that the govarmment banch has sufficiont suppurt th pust thia through.
 country and of the people whom they represett. to taku their time with this Eill We tealige the Eill will tave to be pessed is this Hows.

 attempt to try and delay the tushing of this efly throtigh thly
 Morber for East Etid a Frivate Membor's Motion which we hone will Asist in delaying this Bill long Enowgh so hat we with hye mota
 Justified in view of the many mondments we sew now being birculated









 ghorious opportsinthy to shake their hands agat?

Mr. Frosisertor Private Mentor":



 reats:

[^22]

 st学を出が
 namcotic dealings and erimes wf thit netupay＂．．．．．


#### Abstract

And ：4 ant to maje hat 



 Council to try to give the impressan to the people thtis rountry




 opposition to this eill and the Treaty．what be Emicuraging any of
 Treatyr or indeed any other pftetmes．So this fa whong ataleadifg
 Wh to say Mr，Prestident：
tha United States Laws Undet owt－aws）

Mr：President I made bhe point


 will hava extended to them under the Treaty they controt wyei get in




 President the motion goes aty
＂AND WHEREAB it is deareatiof for membars by tha begisiatire






















 matter fike titis.



 e:ll.

## MOTID <br> GUSPEMGION DE STANDIU DRDEE 32的

Mr. Fresident, what is tite
United kinganta gosition reganding thurn own tax havens And ohen :



 motich and I would te happy to feve the additional tine I do not

 maye I should call the biaff whimbas made, and in zucoraboe, ander
 allow me to cotaplote my debate.

second that.
MR. ERESTDENT:
You reatise you have not
fintsfied your fouq fomes yet.
WR: LIGFRRE A. PIESSOM:
I kow Sirn



MR: LINFDED A. EIERGON:
IMAUGEEE
ME. PKESIDENT:
I do not realiy wind.

How mum tian do I have luft

MF. FPESPDENT:
About twetye minutas.
怆. $\operatorname{IAFDEQ}$ An PIERSOU
IMAUEEEE
ME. PEESIUENT:
Yery well.
MRx LIACORE A. PIEREDM:
Thank you mprementent,
1 truse thot wa itl be abre to


Thty Treaty Mr. Fresterert


 Islands and of jersey and Gumproey batiachlarly.

The Unitad kingusm really
 Colomy of the United kinguag. This it the reagon Mr. Fresident. why We were not a combracting panty to the Preaty. End I wonder Mr.
 their minds, an whether Mr. Presidert it is, ws io popuay by beifeveri.




 Finestdent.









 funds.

Mr. Prestatht, in amed ta get







 Treaty, the simérutay gir is suspett.

Ferentiy Mr, Prestang Eermuda and Karbades meached an agreement with the urfted gtates which whad
 President. this was imbended do provide tan dedactions for insumance
 understanding that Even theagh the 区erinda Treaty hat not been Fintified, the lath time I heard atout it. by the Urited Etates Compress gr passed by the Remuda Fambament, that the Gharman of the

 House and Gehate Tux Reform pronasul, this is bow they yiew the


 Earbates.

In Engen - Presigent it



 becince through an ouersizht it wes extended ta Eartadas. Thase are




 found in our treaty esperially wher the gustuom of exturding it into other offences is coneidered. Mr. President. On that queston whte
 other offences man wextan inta whith wowd be of permount interest to the Untted gtateso other than the fure tar affenes. we witu see








 Shake which the Honciarate Fourth Elected Menter told us of tha only










 Islands, then in fact the iftizens of those Gumtries are being toda
 Fresident, thet we woatr have bean as well aft fr we hat atre legmaly

 undermifing the very thing that we are chatotigy te try and protect. Mr, Fresident, bhere is mo




 what they wat, khey cout have get the liftiag of the tan an mut turtie products.

Also Mr. Prevents why de we





 have ta ga up there.

HR. PKESIDENT:
r muse interrapt the Member

 mistimed....

MR $=$ LIMERE An PIEREDN:
MR. PRESIDEDT: motion which he put, and was duiy seconded, and i will not trouble him
 uncterstagt it moprestly, that ity accotdance with the provisions of
 atable the zember to tattinge with his speach.

QUESTION PUT: AYES ANE NDES
WR. FRESIDENT: I thinithe No: have it: but

AYES:
Mf. W. MEheeva Bush
fr. LirfordA. Everson
Mr. Vatses madoser
mo. ti Hatg wadden
Mr , John E. Mowean

## HETYON DEFEASED BY MAJDETY

MR. ERESIREMT:
MF: W. MCSEEVA EUEH:
i dactare the moturi lots.




MR. JAMES M BOQDENE
I serond that.
ME: FEESIDENT:
I heve not undurstood you= sझy
it 3 Gaテti.




 entertain samotot motimo.

There ars two Aistinct separste metions Mr: Presity

 two destinctly separater whtions.

栕
Witt respert: we cound heve a



Minders We could go on for argit.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { MR. PREEIDENT }
\end{aligned}
$$

akbwing itn...

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { MA: W. MCKEEVA EUSB: }
\end{aligned}
$$

relevant standing Deder.....

ME. FRRESIDENE
I Haye to......
MA. W. ACHEEVA EUSH:
....ta give the Mentar
spectifically far winding up, tersmindtes.

have uisdelowed its f an sortan....

MF. RRESIDENT:
The Tharg Elected Menber of
Executive Gaticil.

 the able antrer in whyth he praterted it, and Explained its inany legal


1 mut atse congratulate the
 shedardship. I am withe that maty of the feats of Mombers have been
 to the rostrasy.

The Elll before us Eeeks ta


 passtig of this bill will honom the gbligations the proyious Government as contathed in the exthange of lettats betwent the Government of Lhe Unites Kingrom of Great Eritain ard worthenm frelend
 Caymun Is innde.

The Nirctotic Agreetert ans
 Ahgust. 1984 . Mr. Fresident. Part 7 of this Agremfert reads in
fallown:
Hingedon includshg Cayman agme te enter inta negotiations
ard Caymaty foncerming criminal mationg.
Governmemts will meat nime mombh after the date this
Conetitutionsl procedures wisl allous"

[^23]











 t．





MF．W WE易EEVA EUSH：
屯口 tha peofla and weplaim．

























































 retmonctivity of the Eill and the Treaty The parcotie baw ane the
 will fate the sameretriactive effects. They were actepteg imiget







Agatr Mar Frestident if ame
 the words "wrowngly": "wilfu*iy" or "dishomestry" sppeer thmoughout





 freatithis Eill or the Treaty.

We muct renerber Mr. Fresidert.
 means thay tan thimbof to satisfy theyr greaty appetites formaney.




 confidential laws to protert then from jeftice.

The Theaty moteman it

 offencer It is quiteclear on this peint hro Fresitent. it joes mot







 cotacert to the peopie of thece inlande.

Mr. Fresidemt thar Gevenoment
 Ell dees not go beyond the terms of whe treaty. I bope these





 principleasectiadons whith have respenstelivy for ionfidentiel






 criminal activity.

 UPited States Congressman of Flemida, as pecorded on wednestay, zapd
 the comgressiatiel recarb;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mar - Solth of Elenida. }
\end{aligned}
$$

[^24]

 parties.

The Treaty calls for mutual boroperation betimen the Gaymat




 bunteriang.
 Dfficials will inowperate in the investigetion 三tid









 Eriminal matern covered dy the fireaty.





 delegation from the Cayman islands. T Enprevset ay apprectation fot their E-Gperation under the 1404 Agmoenent. and indicated my hope that a fullftatged hegal Ascistance Treaty watd bo findised. The Cayman delegation in thit

 from justice.

I an wery pleased that we now have a Mitat begal Asetatance



 that we will matue Every effort to po aftot thase peaple who



[^25] Memberc may like to plar acecmbingly, in raso it is the wish of the House ta 5 it longer ijter todiny.

## AT 12:50 P. M. THE HOUSE SUGFEMED



## MR. PRESIDENT:

Flease be seaters.
Butinution af the Sugnt




HON. DAPT. GHARLES L. KIRKCOMNES:
Mru Prosident, wer the lanch

 the Houte of Represembatives, and I gand that I weliowed that Congresthan Smith had actarately andyset the functions of fhe treaty
 traffickers.

Mr. Pregitunt the boited



 help establishthe Gaymatislands: Everimorefirmly as a stabie gentre for gending offstrone finance, by providing a framewort for legal


 centre.

> Wh: forsident there apb tow























 would not fusigate mat cut off cuta either, tut bhey have. Cube has



 face of the United Stetes, bhey tro were cut ofr Thepresionth of

 to step you". They thoght the Unfter geter was biuffig at that




 trafficuing.

Mr, Prestamt: I hape that





 cup ousty.

MF. FFESTOENT:

Member.
Mr, Fris
HON, THOMAS C. SEEEFCOM
 afterimoct".











































 Treaty。















 that some of ug have.

Caymatians ersjoy at presemb ma. Fresidert one of the thathest 三tandards of living th the worite why I arky why fors anyone want to beapardige ity thte standard of living

 We have an cuef emplaymet






 have fru. Frosident that iannot be fagelved without taning sach a
 tatking atokt?

Mr. Fresident. what I an about

 were heard in this house. 1 know of bo ore fothe civis gervice who

 the public. Let their give it to you hr. Fresideft if they bave it.

 ather menber in the civil gervice.
t thought the Menber get a bit, carmba abay with his comments mr. Frestamb. tub the statement that the Honcuratle Three offteial Membes, not newessarity that, but the
 a very damagitg whe. We tive in m mall soctety and there are a lot
 from thas Hedre.

Fetter than that Mr. Fremidert.
I agk the Member ta put the widence am the fiocr of this Houser and lets convince us alt, the publicena every member in thit House. If


 ask on behulf of the other tug gfficial Members for an apology hy

 sion hams it daes mot matter. Whets I go home at atght a forast



When the motyon with regard ta



 the Wemter for Governibent Eusiness, abd the winter responsitie fom

 De propeily investigated. It is unfatrmp. Frewtert tathestaff of the Custome Departinent to mate thase statemenzs ir the Housg. where








 the DEA Fayroll, accopting to ane Hemter, where in the heme of God fo
 50 wrong? These allegations Mr. Prestent mos mare danaging than any





 in usimathe proper appreach.


 years. He was a mumay in the Egyptian gepartment of the Etionsh Musewf.
coming now ta the peel
 3 called two metings to brief Members of the tegas? itye desembiy. The firet was in Jandery 1980 which fallowed the firnt romadof


 Hegoticticns.

The 5 watid wevetmg Mr.


 Mr. Prestident. I ga not consider the feeting brief gome nay have

 having changed theif minds.

Committee was estatisimst in the early days ow the ragotijtions and the Honchrable Thyrd Elected hember of Executive council wave you the





It mates me maj Mro Frabident








 significance to the United stater? Do we have any neva an afoforte











 may be ficinterpreted thothers.
ft is ro plearsmem, Fresigent

 many arcations, and thatm Ead. if I had it ba do ageta for the peopte of the Gaymari IElants I wodid glaty te san

1 beybue hr= Prexident having

truthfully mathonestly say to the people ar these feintos. we did aur: best far you, and we hat youf intereste at hemet ot ait tines. Eefare I get inta toa mach of
















 the Senate Foreign felations Comittme，Somenembera of that

 told，will disclose thet in its frocestings to fotify the Extremition
 SoMr．Promident，ins Eombents of tha Eabradition Troty was




「こもらfy。





 their veluable assistance to the Gaymen IElands







What！hota in my hate Mr．


 states Senete．＂

Fr゙esfdent．．．．．．
The other fientef paper itr．



Jocurant，pertaps he could ay a wopy＝



 House for \＃ne toread the antife dogurant．

on the Tinter for information．

the member th provide a woy wh the Table？

Prespatat．
HF．FESTDENT：

fair＂．．．
HON．THOMAS C．UEFEERSDN






 United Stabes the Gecmetary of the Treatury oy hie detegates








 concession from the Unjted statas Governmert．






Duf Exominy is based wh the






 The latien is true，the Treaty is rat ratifted，but the lagistation
 List，Ist meptether ：9ge，fut fiveads：




We wit undeubtedy bexe some



 payatle，as lang at the premiams are certhoted as：




 tan tweaty comventions．




 Garbuatas have in therase．





 Frestuent，it says：

> "I read with a harror the articla on the wataternitoriaity End the information agnement whim the geverment is
that all hegotiations leading up to inj三Agrewnemt were popt
That Eritain oray be tlamed for figuring troygly in these
the ability ta gather enough matimy bo warrart it befrg put in
af far atrutinyu＂




HDN THOAAS G. UEFFEFEOM
MR. M. MEKEEVA EUSH:

ME. M M M KEEVE RUSH:


"What is more foighteming about this Agreenert is what



 Eheck that the diselosurt is in fatt in melation ta narmetics.



 terme of the agrewnent.


 ar individuat mualved. Therempan, the mang dury






 Evasion bherges. Euperience thas ghowh that the Untota biates

 the Department of Justice and the loe io that the faysan 3slands as atax haven is mopaly earfory.

It is againgt this backgrourat that tex mavens finat evaluate the Etatus of their corfodentuality and tanking lans. End
 tanding mesords if the west havers.

The peaple dithis eombtry stould move a vote of mo

 the whlic."

And thers are obemariteles



Today om, Fresiagot, he have
 procedurex there will be andiety, and in some cears rightiy as,
 true facts, but Mr. Fresiderit, my task today is ta try tedisciace



> f suti tho year agr un this






 the Namcotic Agrembent was propery and in his case，wes ast jast





Earlien in time Macting ma


 5aying：


 Evatars．＂


 Wits．

MR．W MESEEVA BUGH：
On a Fimb of orser mr：


ME．FEESTOENT：That is hot apathe of EMden。





 2and：

[^26]Comintsion of an offence whith je othewhiee covered by the

 tases, the differemt parts of the criminal condart under


 returfe do so partly berause to airabrataiy meport ants pay ten
 for drug traffithing. Jn these casat we indect ropethat the Treaty will expose the affendars to an zxceinem chate of being appretended.

 nambetics or mail fraid wase: mepretente a grous ard


Gpeeking bath for myself and my Eatlwages, we were fmulved in a megotiditan of a fiedey as well as for those who will be



 Affaty: Cfimital Divistorn."

ME. W. HEKEEVA EUEH: Fut it gry the Table.

HOM, THDGAS G JEEFERSDN: I fontok it is now elser....you can have a rapy.

MR. W. MEEEEVA BUSH:
t watu lite a -opy, thank you.
HEM THODAS I UEFFERSOMU

 Justite will uphold the Treaty in alt respectan.

Mr. Frasident hiatiat beger


 froms some information in oy pasessimb and this terus atoth the wey im
 which is thet devil of a wore that Ewerybody why"en aboti "lettere regatary

 has teen fotuEed within the Uritued shetes on the orothens of


The wraditional manher of eembing jucticial aseistantefrema

 dipionatio persombel. the horme befices mat Goute of the
 aften at great experlse fopress the clatim of the reatecting countrieg. The difficulty in obtaming fomelgh evidence ar.

 accasions meattedto athempte to enforce ghited Geates

 ta achiteve their ends.
 Felatively new developments from the pucepertive of the



 the ithtanational pramtitioners, to inderetent therr nature EMd fanctioning.





 of powerg of count to grant juditial astistanct bo foreigh



 ar suspiciaus of forejgn tritumals.

Yos Mr: Firesident, the us is
 comant many times at the table.




 passed an entime fevtsing of the wathte gevambing international judicial asistance, Mnjed States Gerits uere
 of any document istued to conemtion uth the procending in a farejgh or frternatitafal timbunal.
 Assittance in Crifinat Mationg, Came intg forcen The

 Sutsequentiv. the athen Mutial Assistance Treatias. A
 by a number of Unters States erd Italtan adthorities: was


 the Eurowean Comvention with a wato townds the making of a
 tretween the United states mind Italy.


 regardang tarking were temp uswa to pratert a wariety of

 crime activities."

## Fpesidert.


Gin these issues. An infasse soon developud over tue buts
The impasse was meswived when the Untted states drapped its
1977... . ifour years not qutte as mum ar the Extratitoom
tankity laws invelyed in a negotiatur and the fatt that it
Treaties presentuy hegotinteri by the bnited Staces."

HDU

MR. PRE受IDENT:


# AT 3:24 Pum THE HRUSE BuSpgaden 

HOUGE RESUMED AT $\overline{3} 40$ F. M:

MR. FEESMENT:
Pleast te sestat.
contionemon of the sechad
Fearimg Debate on the Mutual Legat aseistance dmiteu giates of



#### Abstract

HON. THOME G JEFFESEOAS    astistancer and indicating that the firse matal degal Ausistance Treaty was signad with gwitzerkath which was ratifien in datimey of      Codambia and alsa the United States and Ganade. Sone of fhe latter    Yet be in force. In addition mo. Fresidentar an awate that the       The matual begel Assistange          Treaty. In Earbatas the Treaty Mra President, the Unoted Gtabes     Operations.


The Eabadian Genpetent


 Authorifitas it reads:







 responsibility to the Assiatant At, matoy Genermi of the Crimonal Bivision:"






; 三th finiy Gonvises thet the



 with the law that whll weftral ise the giving of foformation. Is may
 remove the need for the latyer to fibe any apolication to thatrand






Du* Trenty, as in the -ase of






 and Ginicas Government fas.

Whate heard hembers hit hate




 Govertment, and the Gayman islands Gubermment decides not ta





 interests of the fitiancial industry at heart - whate we patecting?



Do yos hnow that Sect an 7 of



or any promise of such trewatis is entity of an offace, and
Years."


 it is idertital.

Frautident secumity prartimes:





 Preatdents
"Whoever by any decanton dichothatiy zbtains property
belonging to anothot, with intwition of wermatenthy sepriving








 Cayman fitands hate a confrontadion with the United gitata ferense tha





Fnstatutreding which means





Du you thow Mr. Fres dert that in this gam Fenal Coder, Ettector who was in broarty of orist, can go to jail.

In Bection 2at mon Frestient.
it reads:
 Cections 223,224 or 225 is proved to fave íser comititet

 person whe was puraopting to art in wheh capain ity he as well as the body sorporate ghall be guifut of that aryonty and
 accosdingly:"

And 2e? Mr. Frasident,
 assoriation for aersot phrpoting to act as suchi. with
 or association about its affation guthishes burahoung an publishing a written statenent or accome which to his

 to inpributiment for a term not Exceeting styen yeary, :














The matis reatan I berieve for






"Willfuliy or distonesfity making fotse statements whettan



 Dther pervision of thts definition, "

What he in taluing absut Nu.


 Agraexwnd.

Thera is some comeent buer

## 钴日(j):


が铞 Mr．Fresidentr we have


 under the ints of both the Requesting and Requestur fenties＂

 froud．Do we have any pioblems with thoser do we reatry have any problems with tinose？

Then ith Item fry mp，Foestatet：


 for a yery lotg time and as yos yo a baty yoar by year mo we have


 Crimital offance to be adned to the Treaty，end you do net have to go










Ent mir．Ftesudet wantad tot





 pead ft for you again，t says：

Do we bing an ．Promident that ；


 have a problem with that too？

Ghe Bitu before bhis Howse







 Govertmentr the Gity Frosemutors and all levals of the joditiat






 まfost ono







 the Menting.






 request.






 in judgement as to whether so give the tuformation or moto vot I





 or the Eanking Assoristion, or the Accompants, on any pati ar Eny amo of the financial industot, 1 would venture to say in bag entipe country he is resperted, what bantot undarotent is that once you appreciate what artiole 4 gf the Treaty tays. fow is he gopg to allow

 by saying:


 Getwen tite Contuai mbthtritios.

The request shal! imendin the following:
 or Fingeding to whiten lhe raquest retates
 prowedita for the purpeses of which the requet pe medu and in partimulam the trainal offence ar offentes for the investigetion prosechton or supureanion of whots the assimence fs requestedt


 fitished yet:



 thf:smation miatetes?



 firmshed yet Mry fresidant:
 Fictume:
 persons relationghip to she ptocestitgas ant the mettor




 on Mr. Fresident agaitit
(b) auallable infothation on the identity and wheneabut. af a person to be tocatien ?
(c) aptetse deampiption af the place of person to be

 statement fis to be mate and recorsedy
(E) a list of questiatis ta te eskedof a winness;
(f) a dentrigt mon af aty patituban pugedire to be fotlowd in tocecuting thw arquest:



(h) any other fifformation whith may be bpought to tre



I do not understand mo.




 that is ahout the muty answer they would giver beraise fhey tabu I am right.

That ajar mulual begat
Aasistance Authority Mr, president has flitue rontral spett oat in Article 3-1initations on use. It says:
 assistance whare:
 provistons of this ireaty
(b) the treqest retatios to atolition befence or to an


 grobeta for betioumg;
it that the eriminal offence sperified in the reguest has been Fompittedy and






Attorney Geneftal of the Rontester Fatyou... (that ig

 of the Requested Farty... Uthat is that Cathan Iulents. "



 Fresident, fothirg new abotit it, It dows give me. President in the same Artiticle ar it reads:

 Inlands: ". ashell consult with the centrai Authonity of the
 assistance
 subject to these conditions. it shall comply wth the anditions."

WE know Mu, Fresident the

























id! lysatity perguns

(f)
(品) immatity


(y) aty othet steps depated appropriate ay both oentrai








 read tar Article $\gamma$ paragrept 4 :

















What you heve 口omer we hate






Let itm killy your ety id inexto
 the eutunt that sum proceoding retite to
 offense withing the scope of this Trotet from a persot whe has krowitaty received them．＂

 phoreds faras that we are going to gay fronget it，we are not gotiog
 Had with you：and we wil：create a conftontation；and we will
 ofly rotbed Eaticlays in New Youk＂：
penaltios resulting from the hnowtho receipt of the
of tan fenguties rentulting from the knouing raceift of
the untawtat progers of a cuiminal offence．＂

Mr．President．I mentioned



 2知

```
Mf. FAEEIDEMT: I make it jutathalf pasefou*r
```



```
Fontimue longer, I mast jotemrapt yout.
```





``` complete my spemon．
```





MR．FRESIEEGT：
I think we ghatid mot，entretaltion a wotion which appeared to give you bonger to epeet thar others have bat．I bave sot actually wathed out hot tong you wodt ge of if you went mn untiolu．．．

HON．THOMAS C JEFFEFEONE
I de mat wert ga beyond four



that fis fine with ats．
MFR ERESIDENT：
Pertha；sik thifty，\＆nat tould
 bours and give a tit mors spare．

on th Mrn Prestqent？
脌，FRESDENT：
It an in fone tond of the tompe．
We bave to kave a motion that we ram rontinag．It can te wionout



 long tituc hhemd．

MR．W．MOCKEEVE EUSH：

Bill．
报：FEESLEEMT：



# MaTI部 <br> SUGEEASION OF STAGONG DRDES XUS 


#### Abstract

HON．THOMES C．JEFEREGN：   


MR．FRESTEENT：
The motion




For Fradoen Town．

## DEEAPE EMSUED

MA．G．HAIE EODOEN：

 after the time of intemription and we saw hewe this momitha that the
 Member to Echctude his speech which would have ruy toyone the


 that is very contraversialy ant I do not nowe tre see phe nead terash
 clear that the common frombice in the House ay commons is net tedeal
 tusiness：and I weuld like to refer you gir to paye got at the 20th edition of Ershine May，and the paragraph－Tansectian at Euthess After Manemt of Interraption．It remess


 ＊


 and jも reendty
＂Eut as socn at abjertion is taken bhe busunest berotes















[^27]
#### Abstract

  Ghe and a half hours after the comancement of those Froceedings: whichever fs the latery this is stobert to the proviso that. if Mu. Spenker is of the ofimion that, becatue of whe importance of the stibject patter of whe moturn the   and the webate shat: stamd adjounnet til? the next sitting 中hat im the base of proceedinge en e inction abthotreing   threerquarkert of art hour after the bugitess was entered upan whichever is the later."

Ant agsta an page zin, dealing  ts propaced from the chatr. a Hether sitas to atofect to britss inte form the provisions af standing order nont fot therefore proceeds to intermupt the tusiness: und its comsequent digpasal tinder the berns of Suanding briser mave purmuant to standing gider We. 1(4).


And I wat say abt that mbr


 after the time of interrughian becadee mary membere may fird that


> I: becouse of my recent

Surgery, have been adysaxd that I should hawe gotre mest exoh day, and


MR. EEESIDENT
Qut of Eansioneration for the




MR. PA HATS PODEEM:
From = fotysica: point of viou






 Dy the House. I do riot Fee how we wan heve the twourty to now ask that it te contimued, manely to gs on with a cortroverster metter which should be put to "est at the tirne of inderruption,

MFA $\triangle A M E S$ H. GODOEN:
Mr= President 1 tog wish to



 strictly against this being done in tine houst this afteanoph or and other aftumogn and for the reasong whet 1 will state.

The stenting Dedets of that






 Wench.










 think that they have seven selid votes on that 三ite ens thor













Out mights in the Hotse tr.





 if you ane not even impartial, that you shond take this into
 applies to bur Hoses. and that time Ganot bo ertended fong attornoon.


 mortiong.










## Me. PRESIRENT:









 power to forbid the thase ta continum longer, if tows the with of


 fis very different to ours, End they frequantiy go un foto the indide



 practice here tawints the end of d heeting th sit lyter in the evenirg than four thirty, ant i have never tafore heam af a forstaint, or









 denitu a measmable chan＂e．

MR．俍MEM ME EODDEN：


 recelvad．

Mf．PRESIDEATY
yiven．．．

MR．LIMERD A FIERECH：
Are yat suggestamy：．．．
MR．PKESIDENT：
The fehate may motinge．

All：patht．thank you Mr．




 clear inditation that there what have bewn a passibitity of having

 avalabla．
my abyetion to the satsension

















 よissenting views．

Mr．Prestuent whe is anger


 Esmpligatitn．

roncerns．I frealise firy that the obatiog orders witi be suspented．
 that I ato not in agrement with it．

Thath Yous En．
MR FRESEENT：
The Monourgite first Evected
Mancomer。
Mr．Fresutent．I supert the
HON．EEREON E．EEAMKS：
to he retne suppert the


 not for an extenston of time for the kember foeatiog to speak fry






解．
hascelf

I hator formate that chat



$\frac{\text { MR．}}{\text { But ESEIDENE }}$ anyway．．．
总部。

ME PFESTOEMT：
Lat fot ftimbthey seid that．


You may wretingea


 publín whatare listationg．

HON．BENEDN E．드NANK응


The mamber is out ef Mtdet．



Point Df Opdet．
MR．LINFORO A．FIERSON：

MFA EAEXARD MIUEEE

ME．ERESIEENT：

MF．G．HAIG EQDEEN：















I thad obt かy











MF．G＊HPB GODDEb：






HON. EEMGOM E. EEAGHE
The metion betore the tobed it



MR PEESIDEGT:







MF. PREQDENT: WEll it is quate ziear to everybody now. Anywyr F bifink I will gut the atastint new.

## QUESTIDA PUT: AEES AND NDES

ME. LAMES MA EDDDEN:
MR. PEESIDENT:

Cound we heve a urision.
Certainty.

## DTvesen <br> N4. 2 E /E6



40EB: 3<br><br><br>




M, Nख.

$\mathrm{Mr}=\mathrm{B}$ Ete己电d Miller









HIN. THDMAS. G. UEEFEREGMX



























with．











 comintuted a















Nr．Fresjuent moving on to


玉云う5：
























 cf them
 says:



That those foum people fron the


 its Ealoniess that is the reaton why it is the Contmebing Farty



 which are the Coyman Islands End the Unfted instes, the Traty is the





 thet, nothing ware whe mothing lest.

Mr. Fresident. we tathad
 assimtemcey about the ceptificate fasud by bine Attorney emaral to


 exelusfuty. Thare is nothing in fore them seys enythang atout
 fathematicufay


 grand jury subpoent."





"Mead agatin:
ghend jury Eubpumay for the productom of garaments located
in the twaritary of the other farty with respett to any
crfaifat offembe within the scope of this freaty, uhtes its

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { And Mr. Fresident. as a have }
\end{aligned}
$$

suspicious about what we are gejbg to do as regerds hhe Fromeyn...

quarum in the Howse Sim.
MR. FRESTREMT:
Ther, シs, fies, Eevenn
HON. THOUAS EX IEFEERSON:
1 mownt seven.
MF. FEESLDENT:


HGaz THOMS G JEFFERSOME



 heamd in heres about them.







MF. FEESEEMTE





 when $\frac{1}{}$ is winnged.


HON IHMAS G JEFFEESDN:







 whitimg to thy ather contracting fawty that, wityserherwise



 the reguest for ascistanto.















 AutMberty





 President ff we of the Unitud







memary Gf thy Candy



 Authority, I think Mm, Phestidert thet we all have the ideal situation





 row, and they say whay getr nathimg.

What Mmatesitent is ane






 that the Depantment of ductice amsthe prosemution aystem in the










 passed.



 tell he what is going to hatpen to the people who are workimg in the financial industry. I wat then to tall ge which owe of then will ga
 to Howstom. You know mi. Fresident hom we got ine this warotic







ME. W. MESEEVA HUSH

HON. THOMAS G* UEFFERSON:
Hho...glat ta...whe as mander

MF. Wr MCKEEVA EUSH:
Who apt tivey...




Hegot bswied ath or what?
HDN: THOMAS E. JEFEREDN:


 whl dofor ary other person in this coumbry But do we uant to do
 het want te ge ate on tangent













 the advicu they heve been giveri by comest, rememter the information readearlier Mr. Frespdent. A lat af porey got sfent doing lettent ragatory, and appeal, and appent and appeal. and they have rone to
 of cayman. Yet, we are still here, we ta not have three whoramo corfanies reglstered every yearg tut we have becter gitality we have




 it, ja not jugt the banh ebther, I thym the whole comanhty, And do


 stopped once tog woting out of thami an Gyman Aifway and the man
 5eid "whe are you", and he produted his Eastoms bedge, ard wetad bhe number, and we gat the ratsege bach be the Cubtoms futhorities we

 This Agmentut is for the





 gethe they way, but Eertannly not wome dut cherestfully and wa


 the? What does bavman have with which to bargair with the bhitea



 bargeiming. f respert their deciston Mr. President. and game of the

 thet they wate sure that they are not otsarvers ta any mogotiation. Today fre President we are whe
 résponsitiluty. Fesponsitility to ensume that oun pactuties ane hot

















 perhafs are still gettirg. we are gaing tg do Ewnothirg about. The


Thimb you wery mact.

MR. FEESIDENT:

MRn an $_{n} E E A E D$ MLLEE:
Daes dity other Member wish to

Mr, Fras itatyt: yod will bot






 not heve needed axtensians of the four hours.

Mra Fresident. I too would like







 ten of those questions.

The Horatmate Fimet Driciai



 The



 concern for the financial commanity in aur country.

Pr. Fiesidenty me Bitu before us botay is very important piece of legislation thave spent mare



 a threthold. The that wibl wher as I telieve, take ws to grester




 number ane tark, but the number two band and the number weymteen







 bellieve sir, that whover wrote that todu must Mave berrat gelleyimw in Jamaica. because there was samething wrong with where he gat his


 take their dirty maney to places like Tumb and omicag gnd fanama. aff happy to have that momey ge to those phaces gir, we have enough probleme with drugs and other criminal activity in this cembty. Mr. President. s too mist
follow ony convictions and voterar whet i feat is ir the beat interest


 If Ey chance the top tay bramed in that ieg wiation tams arb to te


 get the stage which is gomago attract the bane legitimete


 wis 60.









 it is met powsible by the very nature of wan, nor the word wh ive iff, and the kind af bustrassës and industuies whith mehe up the Plllars of aur econcomy whith our country and car Gevernembtshave
 alferrative to such a Trenty is far woree than any af the eitizers of

 existance taday depeods on fraportations and atstas purchages: latgely

 Status. Just to put whet I alis saying into perspective giry a woitd








 wrong? "f you can say something is urong you shand be able be bay



 Affabre, Joited giates seraten And there are some people whohave


 Mavene, whoch the cayman aslands have oftem beem referred to in the


 baving the fapers to bach then wpa

[^28]
#### Abstract

"The Gbt-Committee urges the United etates Govaminent ta *ggresgiody prets frormard with the oegotiat ans af  juristictichs, for the exthange of law maforement  recommends the Uniturd states woverning to fully enflore the    issues of foresign somereignty, stould Eansider the inpasition  


 as income for federal iHcometay purposes.
(t) the dental of any deduction from federat incour tap purposes fou any Experses of loss arising glit of a trunsaction wotered into with or by an entity located in the havens. A raguirement lhe bhited gtatey comporations repart incone farned to ehe havents as United gituter gotre income. The mequaternent that.
 between the havens and the bank. The fane iseration of
 havenc."

And fr. Fresibent. Some people
 nat get anything for the Gaynan Islunts. And this ts the kind of thong whith the Unitat atates are prepared taresart tor



 suppomt this Treaty.

Mr. Frestderto I toonde a few


 handed atat. I myedf have circulaterd an amengand to section 16 .

Mr. Fuesident. I krow at thas
tine that no amemdinerta can te made to the freaty, whath forme the







 in here this week, if wh had some com to go with thim wor

Let. he deal furst Eir with that
 and they gave di the gutuetines with uhtch they were gothg to


 Narcatic Agreement; matuallyy, and that we rould ask fog infermation



 Meeting neld in the Combtuee Fam. We were giver coplos of the
 Meeting issted well over threwhours. So forgeir that we had to tethe a break for some peapleta go and get theif petties and a drink in betweer. Eut Mr. President, you know, the unfertanate thing Ebout















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How tra Frasidenty a bot haz


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Mr. Fresident, there is ane thing that has Ehanged ander this Goveromenta Under the past Evernment and Mrn Tumen Eodden you only had sewan days to inke your







## Mr, Frex





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MR. PGESTDENT:





## ADJDUSNAENT

HON. THOMAS G\& GEFEEWEDYE







## WEDNESDAY, $10 T H$ SEFTEMBER, 1986

(EIGHTH DAY)

PFIDSENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMGa CVO - PRESIDENT

| GOVERNMENT MEMBERS: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HOH THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSTELE FOF FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| ION MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| IION O LEMUEL HURLSTON, IP | TH.IRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIFS |
| FION DENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMEER RESPONSIELE FOR TOURTSM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| ION CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIELE FOR COMMUNICATTONS WORKS AND DISTEICT ADMYNISTRATION |
| THON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CEE, IT | MEMEER RESPONSIBLE FOH DEVELOPMENT AND MATURAL RESOURCES |
| ELECTED MEMEERS |  |
| M W MckEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FTRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST EAY |
| ITRE DAPHNE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JE | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOF THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAFT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MF: JIMES M BODDEN | EITST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| 3 A G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR IHE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZABD MILLER | ELEC'TED MEMBER FOR THE' FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF NORTH SIDE |
| ME SOHN B McLEAN | ELECIED MEMBER FOR THE SIXYH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF FAST END |

# CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY 

ORDER PAPER
THIRD MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
(EIGHITH DAY)
WEDNESDAY, 10TH SEPTEMBER, 1926

## 1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE HONOURABLE THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER
$\therefore$ GOVERMMENT BUSINESS
BILLS:-
THE MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE
(UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) BILL, 1986
(1) CONTINUATION OF SECOND READING DEBATE: Elected Member for North Side - to continue.
(2) COMMITTEE THEBEON
(3) REPORT THEREON
(4) THIRD READING

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PRAYERS
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MR．W．MEKEEV DUEH： 
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MR．EAESIDEMT． 
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MR，FREETMEMU：

MR．W2 MESEVS EUSH：
MR．PRESEEMTM 
Mr．W．MEREEVA ESSH：

MR．PRESIEEST：
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MR．FRESIDERT：

























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 Content












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#### Abstract

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ME．PRESEDET：
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MF．FRESIEEXT：

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## MR FEESEEET:

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HOM. THOMAS G. OEFFEGON
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#### Abstract

     



























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MF．PRESHEEXT：





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THIRD MEETING OF THE' 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
    HELD ON
    THURSDAY, 11TH SEPTLMBEE, 1986
                (NINTH DAY)
```

EFESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PE"ER LLOYD; CMG, CVO - PRESTDENT

| GOVERNM | MEMBERS |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE* JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| IVN MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL. B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL, MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INIERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON EENSON O EBANKS | MEAGEH RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, OBE | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR YOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HONT CAPT, CHARLES KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| FION VASSEL G TOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE' FOR DEVELOEME'NT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |

## ELECTED MEMBERS

MR W MCKEEVA BUSH SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR TBE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY

MRS DAPHNE $L$ ORRETT

MR LINFORD A PIERSON, IP

CAPT MABRY S KTRKCONNELL

M JAMES M BODDEN

IR G HAIG BODDEN

MR D EZZARD MILLER

MR JOHN B MOLEAN

THIRD ELLECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRGT ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF WEST BAY

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN

FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL, DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS

FIRST ELECCTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TONW

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FTFTH ELECTORAE DISTRICI OF NORTH SIDE

ELECTED MEMBEF FOR THE STXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END

## CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPER
THIRD MEESTNG OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
(NINTH DAY)
THURSDAY $11 T H$ SEPTEMBER, 2986

## 1. PRAYERS

T0 BE READ BY THE HONOUAABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

## 2. PERSONAL EXPLANATION

PERSONAL EXPLANATION BY THE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN.
3. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

BILLS:-
THE MUTUAL LEGAL ASGISTANCE
(UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) BILL, 1986
(1) CONTTNUATION OF SECOND READING DEBATE:

The Third Elected Member for West Bay - to continue.
(2) COMMITIEE THEREON
(3) REPORT THEREON
(4) THIRD READING

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MR. PRESIEENT:
MEmbef af Executive cutheul.
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The Homoumble First Eiected

## PRAYERS

HDN. EENSDN D. EBANKS:

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Almighty cod. From wham all

 thimgs way be ofdered uFon the beta and ghrest foundations fom the glary of Thy Name and for the sffaty, honout and welfere of the peopla of these lslands.

Blass our Sorerepgh Lady omem


 happiness: trath and justice. religion and piety may be estatisshed amang us. Especially we pray for the Gevernow of oif foiznds. the Members of Executive Council anm Members of the Legisiative assentry that they may be enabled faithfulty to forform the reaponsibla duties of their high office.

All thitw ast for Thy great.
Name s s sade, Amein.
Oum Father. wha art in Heaver,


 not inta temptation; kut del wer fs fram evis: For Thare ig the king detm, the power ahd the glory, for tiver and evar, Anem:

The herd tigns at end weep as a

 Absen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Flease be semtas.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

MR: PRESIDENT:
In the absence of the Firts





THE MUTUAL LEGAL ASSIBTANCE

GUNTINATION OF BECOND READIN DEBATE

MES. DAFHME L. QRRETT:

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Hr. Frasidentr whet we hove to



Mr. Fresident. the marnimge
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 only way they thaght they onght heye a crowd aut there toniatit that lowk like anythingl.

What tothers me, Mr. Frespert.
is that. firstly, they say mne will hear the facta frain palificak



 becabse forther on they are ashing for a hational day of prayer. As hambas the people of cayman prayad fon them botet out do you thint


Mr, Prey dent the people of

 of theirs at thit time. Hawever. I would like to fentad them that the



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I Peat ise: Mr. Prespabit, that
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 50 hypocritical that they would ath ond mimighty to alest their



 Mr. Freeidemt.


 West Ray has informed me that he sume fies bie idea af gaing. i ynow definitety thet I will rote be geing arid although itheve not yet spoken to the Second Elected Hember for West fay, I woudd be themised to see him on the piatrorm thene tomight tith them.
mr. Fratident. Lhey merbioned






 is found thet perhaps it is better if thete ancodotete ere mate,

The Treaty has been aighed. fr.

 Mr. Frecticne, I will tell you

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 and crime by allowing thern te stash their maney in this combry? We
 people that this Treaty shotid be inct feares by be phe urimimat.
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Mn. Fresident. gemelimg was



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Mr. Presidentionghody has to
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Mr. President, there was. jtat

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The profits which they thought:
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 country.





 secretary. They refuse, ma, Fresident, and they rave a dirty way of getting around whis - bhey wre brought in on the same Embary but
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The Geymandan Frotertion Erard

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Mra fresident: these litthe


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Mr= President. thas wovernment

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Mr, President yotertay one


 the final metimg he handed obt ta them what waty tene then into a

 Godden Town what he plans te hand ght te the eeople gif gavair from the Ccurtas Euilding thit Evenimg.





 I learn everything I can about it, 30 that mot evtry wad that wat satd in here from the Honcurable Gecond offictal femper, wight domm


 enationg legirdatigr when we have got through it. will prove ta my constituents mat ta the peaphe of these Istants that thos was agoug mave to matie.
congratulate the Members gif Governoment i wart tor acsurg tho seven Members of Executive coumeil that I have avery compidence in them, $f$

 better perple ta fill bhe pasitians witath they hold.

This Governanent is ers the might
track, and I hope that the peaphe of the Caymer Istarde wil sifporit
 the good intentions whith we have anc the cleph-cith hariest way an which we intend to bring about what we protited ta ham in igag. they will see that these four yearg, tare willing: wit have been somb of the best for the gayman Islands. At the end of the day Mr. Frestuert it is fot how much money we are gothg to tave in he tank tut at the End of the day it is gothg tu te if we have preserved for this podntry a haven of peaceful, loying trotyiduals, fres froterotertion and
 to ensure myllions of dolians, but we were elpated to ensume thet



 cot. And anyone who comes heme and iswilling de blend with these









MR. PRESIDENT:

 replyr he is so invited.

HDN. MLSHAEL I. ERADLEY:
Thari You Mr. Fresident, Sirn





Eanly in in Adrase Eis. I made



 latyer. I consider him like other peopte. on both gites of this Howe

啳 was meant.

my debate, in atamatimg te explain that the Abtomray Gemere? when he issues aremtificate, them it is rici in the fublic interest, thit



"the Attarbey General, trilliant theugh he mey ber I was referring




 he does hot art in his discretion he arta in accomarce with the


Thirbly sir, whem t spoke about.










 fight to make represemtistion to the press to give their point af view in the press, that is its entitlement. What i wat saying sir: was mot


 a valuntary body, it 55 your duty to faber reptocendations tu ensure that the lyvelihaco of your frembers is bust enhanced. and to ensure


受? : I have itctend to the








 contidered their contributict to the debate watest sweved by earb in tarn rewding zad rerpatiog the Law societios representatigns.








Mr. President. the first of the irrelevances that was introduted was the allagation triat we and
 I think that I mepresent End alway tave doneto the bet of my whility, the intarests of the peaple of these ruthas. Therie was an attempt to say that we hat beer sold dawn the miver as arsait of a
 United Kingadin of perseme wha formaly would nat te extrexited becaise


 Catme jatco oferation.

Sis monthy linter, and iosg
 wank














 te sumh, that it may be ratifted ty then in febraery, fentapa. That



 filbugeret se that it wes only rucertiy thet that Traty was matified by the United Stetus.

 Relations Committed duming which the bebate trok alate aver mentis.


 Iflames THezty. And Sir, the fact that there was ngt one mention of

 atsalutely mo cathertion hetween the twa.

Howevam Sim, the First. Elerted


 President Eif that the First Einetes Mutam For Boden Town soes mat

 com record to the world ot the radio, in the press in our Hatserd in

 bringing these and I quate "freatomofighters" bact to the ramo at the


 ways, he flajms himeelf that he has frish elocd in mina foperhaps bis


 Eut Sir, with his fifppancy thope be does mot forget that in my unhappy plate of the world where ithat frode to be bora, tut where I



 different meligion from them. as y have sif. That thert ang peap?
 the connectuan thet he mate. thopt sir when ever I go bech tor wy



MR. PRESIDEAT:




AT IL:25 A.M. THE HOUSE SURPENDED
HBUSE RESMMEB AF 11:40 A. $\mathrm{Ma}^{\prime}$

MR. FRESIDENT:
Contrixetyon ef Second Keablon


 the members of this hate and the peapte of the Gyman fiands that



Gatr the seaud of the therem

 Directon office of Entenational Aftairs criminal porizion us Department of Justicer and this remark was interpteted of
niginterpretwd to be a Elear gtatement thet the united gtetus were

 peal rifolmalityo




 Department of Justice：





 Bepartament to violatam the spit＂it pf the Trpsty．





＂vader＇s．．．＂．






 mきもあった！





































the Nateotict exthange of letters was baing negntixtmar and form iget
 implementedr there has been a rodital differetom and a peroeptibie diffetrence in attitude of the Amerivan thatice geparmant to fhemo Iflatas and the people fin them. There was sispotion, there wes


 daspite statements that metely becadse of the fart of the alace of my birthr 1 do mot and camot, atw inthe best interests af the Geymath iskands; that I have shosaly monitatad evety fegtrst inate. I have

 in winteh it was usedr atd zttathed detats of the people convicted of narcoticg trafficiang, sone of then for Yery bong sentances as a


 are thet and have tot been deeply into the hathouring of yast geparew



 the basic cleantiness and fintogeity of yur finstice fndustyy. Sut tise




The Thind Frrelevancy that wats
 Harvey. And ss you know Sifr a reptesplatation was made fut before
 this country claifing dhat Mr. Harvey had beat charget with pupe tak
 Agrement, That the United States flas abujed fhe farcoties Agreagent,
 his defance, in his case, in the Unitat states junisdietion fin the


 Agtement hat been atosed. Ww were also reatestut to ask the foited Kingdom Fovernment ta semd a diphametic mote to the Unyter atiotes


 fact that if thad been sent tomex it ans also in the intatesta of


 affalra and his companims werg the subject of a reguest form the

 was complied wifhr fotites were isgated to the asaytots in this

 reatest and supplied the informationn and ft una transatined to the














 upon the hearing of those cifarges cleat and uncontravertabia evidence








 feel that the facts mast be made know. this gir is a lettet




Th regataing this Esse. The Tax Division Frosecutors
 last summer of an intiontion by the State of Fiorida to
 and varibus ather offences.

The Florifa resp themed in late patt from an incident,


 belfeved to have cheaded then in a providus naroders topansation. In order tis do sor they employed haryey who had condurted several coraine tuansations mith gexuart in



 Btewart. ristemd, harvay delivered Stanart and Govat into the thads of several Latin males armed with antomatic



 later and went to tife author ftixs.






 However, कhorty after Mr. Whte teturned from tha Gymans we Entactud Flarida Ahthoritiog wazin ant beart of
 told that the mutate charges mere never fited berause the individual who Hatyey was sumperted ar hayieng killedr was infart hocated quite alifer ft zeera thot the missing
 appars that Harvey and the mblumban tom ghewant to a
 with death if he co-pperded with the police in any investigations invalying them. Eince the loction of mex



 told us that laty last year, he asked the wotht for





 Fionecutat promised ky foeg us agptaised of fotther






sincerely

Fhilig T．White．
Difectari

By，John ש，Har：is，Senion Trimi Atammay
Enclasta゙日ミ。＂
＝




Sin：oh tha basiagf the
 atase wf thenatcotici exchange of litatets．As tegards the
 ExEcutiva Council have agnsidered the fepresentutats estefully and


ge not forget，Eive whitst I am not drawing any andogites or matitig any comparisongr do mot forget

 therer and he was matuptad berause bf the fotimidetyong and athet


Mr＂Fresident eif＂，this is 如e cage that has been touted withit these walls，ant withot thote will

 We ars anked to fhrow out kis Bill；to repudituthe Treaty until all
 and being a clean and reputatie place．go dran the mivor。





 फ负解 1 wis disapponted and saddened．

I ing maddaned git bexuse














 pablic and pituatu sertors，＂


 it was fupted and I say that not Get wf fippancy gir but out gifa lot
 First Eleresd Membet for Boddeta Toun I did hopefuliy attritute a


Why is it gat foat tits menber








 fon him on a Paint of unfumation.

MR. LIMFDRD A. FIERSD日: Mr. FREGIdEnt, ginse thts







 the wey be wished ta do, and this is his prombern

HON. MICHAEL $\mathcal{A}$ RRADLEY:
I thinik I have got it now.
Thanh you Eir,
I askes for an foterpretationr

 of us or any other person, hat texn on the patroti gt is on the
 information ta that effect Siry as oppoted to allegtybts. If anybody




 the Governor of tha Gaman Islands, ar go ditecty ta fhe untad

 not fons uftere they gr after that.

Sitr ablegations like sints.

 positions. You should not tery and denegrater helu position and their
 to support it. May l categoricellyr for ratelfr for the honourabla


 never was, am not now and I will never be. The Honodratistinatial Sentetary traz never beent is not now and never will fo. The

 did ather tizan I atsempt to dor and that is mary dut my dution
 Cayman tsianda.

Sim, this member on has
choractur astascitation went an and deat with me maztickiar. He went and dealt with me by saying thase worsat

 Treaty."

## He wetz inseg:






 their way. bayman what oe redumed to what it was 50 year\%








MR. LIMEDRD A. EIERSOM: mathtain that.


HON. MICHAEL S. BFADLEY:

He seit thet he sat an anticie






 Asthoriticas."

Sirs the country a come fros.













> gur : foue het the honour and





 United Nations, as legal atyisor to bhe buybrament of Antige anct
 and for short periods in Tinks and ghtos Islends and alsin in











[ wifl gir montirue on ant in























 there is another buight intelligent young beymation fontitied and



 the four years safat, and with this years fitak there will be 24. Sirr I thind the Legai



 top echelons af that Survies whether it te standing hate ot suttitig Sn the betcha That they witl datese themselver ty fhe aervice af theif country in the way bhat the Homapable Financial geretary and
 that in other sectors of the commanity that the same arports were being made to lacalise and tMat as we are mating to localise and

 in the fotel industay. in arery possigle uay so that the top joby are
 have them. That poment Siri I hope will aga vary soon.
sir. y opologise to Membore at

 the Cixil Eervice of the fermboty concernet. Tht ones faith and
 beight as it should be.

Sir thete toarted tast




 Sir briefly to the first. tur day an Saturday and gunday what thit

 Eut I retsrned $5 t^{2}$ with the 41 papert that her been presested and




 was discuspadr were entituad an follows:
 the Dean gf baw of the University of Hong keng.

The Influenca of Modetat Commatisations and tother Thechological Developmette un the Gomisisun, Detaction




 attortevs in massad.




 Canadax















 with the result as the Honompate Finantial Serctary has shown that
 set up busifuess hera.

Mr. FMesident sir, I will not




 Conftont intis:
"Fositive and co-nperative attifuder fave miestud many






 coime, finds its fovestigation cheok wh the browing and secfery gtatutes of another nation gr by ineffective,



 United States, hetting tuen barriens haw emploveri zuch


 Many ot the international gommunity veu such tectiniques as confortational anthostile. Whatern theit temperature, the tachniquen have worked under the circumstantes which is why they werte doploted.

One of the lessans of such ppisedes in timb a nation

 will use every mesns zyeilable to enforex it: law and


It the final analysis, anall and large aitions mast be



 combatitig transhationa! fraud, bit also a nead to protert the financial institutions of thosenationg Fom infileration by cointinal elements.

Money launders servicon not anty the fnternationet swindler, but also the nermotios textatiof end organisud Erime. Financial anctitutions that harbar Efat bue of





 high. The stifps fe hove sollertively taken bo activere intermational co-spentation are traly antawortiy and are



 modern Eryminality*"














 from want．






QUESTION EUTE AYES AND MOES
ME．JAMES M．EDDDEN：
eg we have ativistant
ME FRESIDENT：
Yes，of counse：

gIUESIDN<br>30.3078

```
AYES: }1
Hob. Thomas C. Jefferean
Hom. Michael J, Erad{ey
Hom. J. Lemuel Hamietorn
Hars. Eensamb. Ebanlig
Hom. W. Norman, Rodofen
Hoy. Capt. Charles L. Kirkmanmell
Hen. Vassel {, Jemmam
Mre. Daphne L. Drrett
Capt. Mabry S. NifkEOmmE??
Mr. D. Ezzard Maller
```

AEREED EY MAUGRITY：BILL GIUEN A FEODNE GEADSNE．
MoEs： 5

MR：PRESIDEMT：I dathare fine motion garaied



MF．EINFQRD A．EIERSON：Mr．Frasiderit just before


Mr．Anfors A Fiorson
Mr．Jatatem，Bodeten



MR．FRESIEENT：I have gatamded proceedinga I日青 afrat。

MR．LINFOFD A．EIEREOH：I was just going to sut yout about the motion that wo had asked theme．．
MR＝PRESIDENT：
That will come famedraty
after we restume．．．
 here of the Paper Sip，just wotdered，

MF：FRESEDE拍T：

be．．．．well I will explain to you．


```
HDUSE RESUMED AT Z：SEFGM．
```










# ERIVATE 的EMEEF 

NO. 1539
THE MUTUR LEGAL ASEISTANC

## ZUMITED STATES OF AMERICA EILL. 1989

MR. W. HESEEVA EUSH:<br><br><br>" out narcotir dealingt...

MR. D. EZZARD MILEER:
Mr. Fresidenty on abint of






MR. PRESIDEME



 to read the text of the motom thot is before the Hossen
 prectude him ram reading the text. End 1 da mot see mhy gijettion ta his reading the text. I thimbitis perfectiy prager thet ne may mat the text. Indeed. he did not have to give notice of themotion: ans
 text. 50 I will aliowhim to read the text.






 atcondance with Stafling orciem 47!i!.



We did yeeterday oir on tetraticaltties.



MR. W. MESEEVA BUEH:






Mgrab

MR. W. MEEEEVA EUSH:








 Laws：

ANE WHEREAS the Traty is ar surh great maghture and widn in scope that there are possibilutes of meriminating
 14ws：



 refer the Matidal begaf Assintante（utited etakes of


 arcondiagiy．＂

MR：$A$ IFOSD A．FIERSGHA
Mr．Frosident，germithe
mation．
MR．PRESIDENTE
Thank voit．The Mentrer has notr
 attention that it seemed that the word gelectr had amen gintued

 whale House．Now it shand da．．．

MR．AAMEE M．EDEDEN：

```
man Fresident．．．
```


No，［ jest want to find out if
MR．JA括点 M．RODUEM： We can now detate the mation that is before．．．

## ETANDIGEDDEE BE

MR．PRESIRENT： addu゙も5E．
What I loghed inta the gheseman af




 is no doutht that such a motion may be mate without notioe pecause







made by any Member，and if made，Thatediately after the
and though oppared may te deciaded arter the Expiration of
fortheitts．＂








MB. JAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. W. MEMEEVA EUSH:
MR. PGESIDENT: WEll there irretuo Mos.athe


Mr. Frestitenta...


Shrprised that ane mare time the ogewnment wit try to wse every




 You find it passithe to use Erabine may today.

I Explammen that at the times


MF W. W W WEEVA EUSH:
teling me then sirn that 1 an....








NR. PRESIDENT:

MR. W.






MR. PRESIPETMT

MK M W MEKEEVA EUSH:



 tall yot that you





 t.










## MR. PREEIDENT:

n. Thase zetrent Mo.

MF. W. Mche
..is not betrg anaried ght.
AR: LYMFDRE A A PIEFSOQ:
MFE FEEETDENT:
MR. W. MGEEVA EUSH:
5月ould ber ashaned of yeurseaf.
MN. PRESIDERT:
MF. W. MESEEVA EUSH:
but on my own actard.
MR. ERESIDENT:
MR. G. HAIG EODEEAK
Thin is tha mat bieneat House
j thanh the foas hrye it.
Mr. Frestident. I tifink you
 pressures ever situe I have teem here - mo freedom of debsta any more



QUESTIDN FUT: AGREED. THE MOTIOU WAS DEFEATES
ME. FREDIDENT:




## MUTBAL EESAB ASSISTARCE <br> SUNIEE STATES DF AMERTG QTM $=1786$

COMMTTEE THESEOA
MR. GHALEMAN:







 arcasion tam.
 Chatroza.

MR. CHAIEMAN:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pleate be nextod. } \\
& \text { The Houge is now in comitequ. } \\
& \text { Eefore we start permers I }
\end{aligned}
$$









3 propese prevideg thed tre




 free ta retaltame.

MF. D. EEZAFD MILLEE

 the Momber is not her"s to mave then.

hear what I saida $i$ sabd that if the Menber whogave motice of an
 here to move it, it fallows that it tamot be...

HON. VASGEI G. JOHABOH: That it qutte rien.

 QUESTIGN FUT: ABEED, CEABSE In PABEED.

CLEFK: CLAUSE 2. INTEFPRETATYOH.

| MR. CHAIRMAN: <br> The ousction it thet, oxase do stimb part of the Eigl. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| QUESTIUN PUT: AGREES. | CLAOSE $2 \times$ EASED. |  |
| Clephe Clause 3. |  |  |
| MF. CHAMAMAM: |  | \% that Clatse 3 |
| do stand pant of the gilln |  |  |
| QUESTIDN FUT: ABREED. | CLAUSE Sn PASEEE |  |





 By the First Elected Member fon EG心むEn TGun.

 Second offititul Menber to move hitamerodrent.

HON. MICHGEL 3. RRADLEY:
Thant you mat Chemmen.
In ascoudance with the
 amendment --

 4 (2):

May I Siry brictuy explain that since there were representatigns made in respert of the fart bhat










Thanit You.
MR. CHAIEMAN:
The quastion them is that
Clause 4. Ee amender as propased ty the fonewable gerond officiai Mermber.

Vatesy anyone withes to speat






QUESTION FUT: AGREES, TEAUSE $4 . A E$ AEMED FASSED.
 FEGEtVEA

MR. CHASEMAN』 This is the verond af the















 5 sub- $\boldsymbol{y}^{+t}$ ticte 4 .
 5Gthat the quest © by the Homourable secona officta: Menbem.


QUESTION FUT: AGREED. AMEWDMEDT TG CBABE EAEABED.


GUESTIOA FUT: AGEEED GLAUSE E AG AMEMDEDEASEE.
 FEQUEET.

MF. CHAENAMA:







HON. MICHAAEL J. ERADEEY:

T move that. © lamse bil of the Eill be amended by the deletion of the words "Gutamethothe




 the frovisicins of the Trexty ="

May i mpitaty expleis Eing that




 5ubject to the provisjorm of the Treatys




40that question x


I will rext put the quegtion

Unlens my Mamber inshes to


 EVIDENGE.

MR. PRESIDENT: do stand farto of the Eill.


GUESTIGN PUT: AGREED. GASGE $\quad$ BASSED.


| $\frac{\text { PRESLDENT: }}{\text { tation pate }}$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |


 A REGUEST。


QUESTIDN FUTA AGREED: CIMUEE D. PGESEES
 INFDFiMATION:


GUESTIGN PUT: ASREED. GEGUSE LIE EASSED.
 TEFEITOKY OF THE GTHET PAETV.

MR. PRESEDEAT:
The Guenty





GUESTION FUT: AGFEED. CLAUSE AEAEASED.

MF FRESIDENT:
I have betw given notioe by the
















 procedures to inform a sentor officer or a birector of any ench









MR. PRESIDENT:
1 propoteriret for put the
 the Honourable Second atifirial Manber.


QUESTIGN FUT: AGREEF: AMENDMENT TD GLASE IGM PGBEE


GUESTIDN FUT: AGFEED GAUSE AD AS BUEDDED PGESEDA



MF.

MR. PRESIDENT:

HOM. MITHAEL SZ ERADLEY:





 Stand part of the Eill.

QUESTIDN FUT: AGREED. GLAUSE IEN FHSEED.



 twhto

\% \& f



MR. D. EZZA公E MLGER:





Ferson to be dealt with far any malawfu attemat to dotempron any


MR．FRESIDENT：
The
 side．

Gibess duy Meminer qishes bo
今peak ty that 1 witl pat that quastion，
QUESTION FUT：AGREES．CIAUCE IE．AS AMEDDEE ESEEED．
MF．PEESIDEBT：
There is a maposer nox Glatue．
and $\overline{\text { I }}$ amfrat $I$ hava to rafresh my memory．．．．
 amendment，of dicil ifiss something．am．

MR．FRESIDENT：You are quite ritght，that whe
 so sorfy．

Mfo

## \｛ havdebles

MR．FRESIDENT：
．．．＂That qe hute termied the
 amended．Thaty you．

The queation rigu is fhat piause tan as amended do stand part af the Eiva．

QUESTIDN FUT：AGREED．GLAUEE IG．AE AHENDED PASSED．
I was starting to say i most
just refresh my memory．．．yes，mew aleuses ara cancirered after the clauses if the 区ill as printed have teen dispesed of，end tefore dhe
 new clatsen It was notice given by the Honourable Butond officiai
 Secand efficial Member to move abuardingly．

 LA therenfr of the following hew rlasse－
＂Matcifne Note feans：
＂Repeal of \＆aw 17 2f 1984．
 America）Lzw， 1984 jhall 与e repealed on a day fot te appotited by the Governor by froctamation puthished in the Gazettan＂

Again，a heiff waty of
 have moved is like alk the other amendmentat in response to











Thank you Ein．
MR．FRESIDENT：
The question ia bhat bine


号民云々，I will put that question．
OUESTION PUT：AGHED．NEN GIUSE ITE FAESED．
CSERK：
COHEUUEE．

MR: FRESIRENTA The Eill is worordingly set

THEG BEADING
 EILL, 1906.

HOD. MICMBEL $\triangle$ BRADLEY:
Mr. Frastant sir: I beg to



MR. PRESEDEAT:





## ADSURWHETI

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFEESOM:



MR. PRESIAEMT:


ithind thet the Enected Nembew for North side did give me natice of age mater which be withed to


## HOTION DE EDJUEMMEA <br> GTANEING DEDEE ISLS

MF. D. EZIARO MILLEE:
Mr, Fregtomaty it is




Services. Eut Mr. President. for the patt 20 manhs theve been




 to be gereed on

Mr. Fresident. this gentuman.




 Jamaica,
















 said he was told that bome net yyatan maj beito developed with was






 dstes wo send thit chytifor an operation

About thres wesks agor I












 ith the minds bf the patient atid or theit guardians, fomeleted the










Mr, Frasident. F fecelvag a


Ffintipal Serretaiy, the father of the childr myself and the Eimbeth of Fubtic Works for whot he has worked was atio ty hava beer in

 New york, we would make arrangenants and montart the strawor about getting a dats.




 His own Ho was theroforg in apsilion to bell tho poincipal
 Youkr baciatse God only knows when he watid have got to go.





 haye i surcesfal operation done on his son.













 that fe will be tuld ati another meetirg.

## MR. FRESIEEMT:


HON. EENEDN Q. EEMNAE:







 neade to have medicst atamtibn overseas: nateratiy it is detarained




 social worker to be eraluated as tomean mat bo determine to what

 sent ta the portfota, to the frifocipal Sectetary, and once tide intef








 Medical Dfficer done is not Entimety satisfactory and the ofief
 hopefully will resstit in the decision as to whetho a persor ewes


it Mr. Fr"esident. As i said when


 Fresident, which if left kncorpacted might wat a bad fight min the


 months, I have only heard about this in tha fost montion aid weoke: whent the Member first brought it to my attertion.

Now Mn" Frestient, a三
understand it, thiz child stiffers from a congential heart prowlem

 bean confitmed by a spetialist thera....





 that tha child whoutd have she opetration, Gowprowent at that timatas









 fhint abotat it ant lat them know.

MR: D. ELZARE MLLEER:
That waj mot the traterewanding
I watima metiman...
You banst lot the Manter speath
HOM. EEMGOM D. ERANKS


 At the most recent mating he informed zhe portfotig ind the
 to minam, thandy you.


 wouid nut endanger timenita's iffe.

Secaindey z shewlig say in defence of the chiof tedical officer and the botituta ithat in the


 Was in ary effort to save the father money and in fact streteh the
 question thet the service that wabla have bewn wendered in mea york


 whatever it cose ta sers the ahild off, and if the father umatubok to pay it, it could heve taker tism the rest of his iffe if it was gaing ta be dohe in Miami. Se i would have thought that the ohief Medical





 the Meftar my undertakirg that I will get to the motam of thy g and
 have betir made to urdemstend ie the position. but I will chemb the facts again. and I will cantact the member.

MR. FFESIDENT:
The question is that the Howse

GUESTIDN FUT:



FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING<br>OF THE<br>1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY<br>HELD ON<br>WWRIDAY, $14 T H$ NOVEMBER, 1886<br>(FIRST DAY)

| PRESENT WERE: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT |  |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON MICHAEL o BRADLEY, QC, LL. B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFATRS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAFT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISMRATION: |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE ${ }^{\text {a }}$ UP | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELORMENT AND NATURALE RESOURCES |
| ELECTED MEMBERS |  |
| MR W McKEEVA BUSH | SECOHD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE LI ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY'S KTRKCOMNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| M ${ }^{\text {d }}$ E EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MeLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |
| APOLOGIES |  |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |

## 1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE FTRST ELECTED MEMEER FOF THE LESSER ISLANDS
2. GOVERNYENT BUSINESS
(1) THE DRAFT ESTMATES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1987 TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, FINANCTAL SECRETARY AMD LEADER OF GOVERNGENT BUSINESS.
(2) THE APPROPRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986 FIRST AND SECOND READIAGS.

THE BUDGET ADDRESS TO BE DELIVERED EY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBEF.
(3) MOTYON

THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFTCIAL MEMBER TO MOVE THAT THE DEBATE ON THE BUDGET ADDRESS BE DEFERRED ONTTL $\qquad$ -
PRAYERS 1
ANVOUNCEMENTS BY MR．PRESIDNET 1
THE APPROPRIATION（1987）BILL， 1986 －FIRST AND SECOND 2 READINGS
ADJOURNMENT

## GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

HON. THOMAS C. JEEFERSON:
Mr. President, $I$ beg to lay on the rable of this Honourable Hause the Draft Estimates of Expenditure and Revenue of the cayman Islands far the year 1987.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

the clerk.

So grtered.
Government Eusinassr [tem 2 r

## EILLS

THE APPROPRIATION 41987) BILL 1986

## FIRST READING

CLERK: THE APPRDPRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986
MR. PRESIDENTI
Apprapriation
tifine and is set down for gecond Reading.

## GECOND FEADING

CLERK:
THE APPROPRIATION (1987) EILL. 1986
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Honourable First official
Member.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, The Second Reading of the Appropriation (1997) Bill 1986 is being moved by the Budget Address now being presented.

These Islands have experienced several difficult yeurs of negative publisity, firstly dealing with the substamee of the Narcotics Agreement and most recentiy, the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty.

In my first Eudget Address, I
commented that "the $1990 \%$ will be difficult years with no easy answers". Looking back and realizing that onemalf of the decade has gone by, we view these remarks as being clase to the reality of the era, it has internationally been a somewhat trying time for the image of our offshore finantial centre. While the negative articies are unlikely to be discontinued, Cayman is on a footing now where we can defend our position to the outside world. We have atted in a responsible manmer. However, we should not be halve to belleve that because Government has demonstrated its attitude against crime, that all illegal activity will now ga elsewhere. We must continue to be diligent in enforcing our laws, to ensure that we minfmize the cifminal activity, which may seek to hide behind our Confidential Law. Simultaneously, we must ensure that justice for all js the democratic princtiple we adnere to obey.

Intermational business of high guality still continues to be attracted to our shores from almost all corners of the universe, and may the Great Architect above cantinue to smile on us. By this attraction, we will diversify the business on our books and make us less vulnerable to conditions in any ane country.

While the Cayman tslands'
economy is etimulated most by our meighbour to the Narth, it is timely to monitor the World Economic situation as well.

At this time, when industrial
countries of the womld, with few exceptions, are experiencing moderate economic growth, an annual rate of less that three percent, our ecomomy has sustafned increased activity.

But the World Economit
condition is floundering manly due to low commodity prices, low price of ail, low pradurtivity and high unemplayment. The reduction in the Finterest mates in the United states, together with low infletion in particular have not. as yet, 5 timulated the economy, and the chaimman of the federal Reserve gank has sounded a warning of the worsenimg ecancmic situation in that country and araund the warld. In Octaber, the unemployment rate in the unsted states rase from b. 3 percent to 7
percent, and the economy grew at 2.4 percent in the third quarter of this y世ar.

Cayman watd te well advised not to undertake too ambithous a capital progfamme duming the year ahead, but government should carry out sufficient work to keep the economy buoyamt. I believe the 1987 butget provides that stimulation to the economy.

The Cayman Istarids fiscal
policy has been one of the key factors that has kept this country in the forefrant as an attractive territory to conduct business, where investors are confident of the Government's positive attitude towards foreign capital investments and the lack of any pestrfetions agatist any inward or outward flows of it.

All of us, Mr. President,
should remember that this country must try at all times not to spend mone than the eountry gan afford. Government coffers are not a batconless treasure chest, and we camhot furinish every meed, waive every fee, and be expected to provide $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{m}$ diately all the services that can be thought of. If we do. we or our children will pay dearly for it.

## 2. THE ECONOMY 1986

a) The Financial Sector
(i) Eanking and Trust

Every year we are surprised at the number of institutions applying for offshore bansing and trust ligenceg, and 1986 is not proving to be an exception. At the beginning of the year, we expected that the rate of growth would moderate as many banks were already here, and competition from other offshore centrws continued ghtong. In fact, this year it is likely that by the end of the year, we will issue the same namber of licences as the 37 issued last year. Ay in previbus years. 50 me have been cancelled because of mergers reorganisations, or for othey reasons. but I anticipate by the end of the year we will be just short of r or Wlll have reached 500 banks and trust companies with licences from the Cayman Government. What fs particularly encouragingr is that we now have fnstitutions from 52 different countriesr and as a result of the steady fncrease in banks coming from countries outside Amertcar the United Statet now provides only 33 percent of the total compared to 39 percent some five years ago. Twenty of the twenty-five largest banks fol the world are now licenced here, including the first sfk. I would point out that our continued success in attracting banks here should be measured against a generally difficalt time for banks world-wide, with many cutting back on their operations and limiting expansion. As banks run into difficulties, and others wish to diversify by purchasing other banks and spreading wider ftheir risks more and more banks are merging, so agalnst this background it will be difficultar but stfll possible to mafitaith our rate of growth in 1987.

Despita the dissenters and their vocal efforts concerning the likely detrimental effect af the Narcotics Agreement on the future of our financial industry, from the indications available to me. this does not seem to be the case, and there has not been any notiteable slowing down. There are doubters agaln concerning the effect of the recently signed Mutual Legal Assistance treaty, but here agatn, my marliest information indicates that the banking industry continues bugyant and banks of quality continue to arrive.

I have already mentioned that
the interest in obtaining banking ticences eontithues healthy. The volume of business on the books of the banks has expanded sharply. At the end of 1785, the total foreign assecs of the cayman offices of the licenced banks stood at, US 175.5 billion , an fincrease of 16 . 5 percent on 1984 and compares with a tan percent increase the year before. Figures of this magnitude firmly establish as as a major offshore financial centre. It is also interesting to note that the cayman banks offices liabilities to non-banks in the United states rose by 15 percent, an area one would expert to be most afferted by any loss of confidence with Cayman Islands and its confidentialityr and in the year following the signing of the Narcotics Agreament?

The Government is sensitive to and ever mindful of the requirements needed for a successful banking commanity and for its partir takes comfort in these encosraging figures.
substantial contribution banking and trust sompanies make to the local economy and the community. Nearly tan percent of out working population is directly employed in the banking sector and of the banking work forcer 77 percent are caymanians. In 1985 the number of Caymantans in banking rose by 2 , whilst ekpatriate staff with work permits fell by 22.

In financial teras. and considering onky diract expenditurer some cisty million of expenditure
 of this befng a dirett contribution to Government in litence fees. Those companies operating from within the Islands contributed cia42. 5 million. Nearly half of thts total refletts the salaries and wages pald to employees, with the remainder being made up of capital expenditure within the islands and other overheads.

This year, I anticipate this crucial section of our economy contributing over ciss million to Government in licence fees.

## (ij) Insurance

Apart from the contribution
made by the offshore Insurance industry to the gudget in the form of llcence fees, there are several other areas of the economy which derive benefit from the insurance companies and underwiting managers' activities. Premium income in this area is estimated to be in the region of US\$4 million per annum, of which over 20 percent is retained by banks on the Island, while the tourist industry receives over US\$4 million from participants attending insurance company
functions. Much of the tourist revenue is repeat revenuer as many companies have been meeting in Gayman each year for the last five years, and somefor ten years. Another US 44 million is spent in local servicest and over US\$2 कillion in professional fees. These figures do not faclude the salarife of almost 200 people employed in this ffeld, of whom over 60 percent aed Gaymanians.

As predicted in my comments
last year, fhis year hat seen a welcome increase in new licence applications. As of the end of August. 58 applications have been recelved, compared to 28 in the corresponding period last year. This includes one company, which is probably the iargest captive worldwider with capital sfapproximately ci $\$ 600$ million.

Unfortunately, various changes
in the United states Tax Law may have an adverse affectr so far as large captives are concerned, but, until the laws are actually on the statute book, it is difficutt to know exactly how we will be afferted. However, we are confident we shall still attract the better quality, smaller inqurance companies to Cayman.

All ifcence fees were increased by 50 percent as of 1 st January 1986 , and estimated revenue from licence fees in 1986 was citi.6 mitifon, but we have revised it to ci\$1.8 million.

The second captive Insurance
Seminar in May was again a success, with over 100 overgeas delegates participating. These seminars although gponsored by Government are self-financing and do not require any financial assistance from Government.
(iif Cayman Islands Currency Board
As at 30 Septemberr 1986 the
total assets/liabilities of the Currency Eoard stood at Cisi7.9 million an increase of 17 percent over the September 1985 figure. If carrency in circulation continues on its present trend it is expected to reach an all time high by year end. Total curpency in cifeulations (excluding numismatic issues) was Ci\$10. 9 million at the end of September. Unfit notes redeemed and subsequently destroyed amounted to cist. 6 million.

New Cayman Islands one-dollar
notes, bearing the signature of the current Chairman. Honourable Thomas C. Jefferson DBE, JP were issued in December 1985. The Ca . m an Fslands 40 -dollar note continues to lose popalarity, and is papidly withdrauing itself from circulation, A\& the end af Septembef iqger there were only 925 cayman Islands $40-$ dollar notes remaining in circulation. The Eoard is in the process of having cayman islands 50 -dollar notes printed, and they should be ready for issue by dune 1987.
avallable for sate before Cheistmas. A cis 250 gold coin and a CID5 silver coin commemorating the 250 th Anniversary of Land crant Settlement in the Cayman Islands ware itsued early in 1986. A collection of circulating coins. in an attractive presentation booklet, designed by the Currency Eoard staff and the foyal Mint, was made availatile in 1986 and sales are encouraging.

As at 30th September, 1986, the Board's investment in United States Treasury bonds ampunted tocisty. 4 millionr with fixed deposits totalling only cisl.8 million. The Eoard felt that more profit could be realized if the Board were allowed to invest in bonds longer than seven years. In September 198, the Currency kaw (Revised) was amended to allow the Eoard to invest in securities up to ten years. This would provide more flexibility to earn more foterest income with no added rish.

For the first time. since the
establishment of the goard, no transfer from the operating surplus to the General Reserve was necessary. There was no nead to top up the Seneral Reserve becausa it was in excess of the required is percent of Demand Liabilities, and could keep up with the annual growth of currency in circulation. Thereforer the 1985 operating surplus of CI\$1.330.524.46 in its entirety was transferred to the Eovernmentrs General Revenue.

## (iv) Companies Registration

During the firtit nine months of the year 1,620 new companies were registered in the Cayman lislands, which compares most favourably with the 1.413 new companies. registered for the same period in 1985.

Revenur collected to date,
 same perind in 1985. For the year 1986, the Registrar has estimated that the total revenue of GI\$t.5 million will be collected. and there are at present no forseen reasons that would cause this estimation to be varied.

The Companies Registry is now
capable of processing all companies for registration purpases within two working days. the fegistry is gtill experiencing problems in the collection of annual faes, and as a result, the Registrar's office will be adopting a new policy in 1987 to 5 tifike from the fegister all companies 12 months in arroars of their annual fees, unless a justified reason can be given not to execute.

## (v) Agricultural and Industrial Development Board

The total assets/liabilities af
the Eoardr as at $315 t$ Decomber 1985, amounted to Cif978.58e, as compareat to cis912.563 in 1984.

The Agricultural and industrial
Bevelopment Board has obtained a new line of eredit for usti.1 milion From the Caribbean Development Bank. This line of credit includes an Agricultural and Industrial Credit (AIC) component and a Student Loan Scheme.

As at 30th September ipgor the
Eoard aproved loans under the AIC portion afounting to cif 274 , 000 (US $\$ 328,813$. Some of these projects faclude a hydroponis farm. a live-on dive boat, farming equipment, and a comertial fishing boat. With regard to the student Loan Scheme (SLs), the Agricultural and Industrial Development Board will ge wonking glosely with the Education Council for the purpose of approving and recommending the approval of the Stadent Loan Scheme sub-loans.
(vi) Management Companies
th date 13 licences, under the Companies Management Law 1984; have been granted, There are four applications panding. and the requirements in regard to the required insurance coverage are being Eonsidered by the Honourable financial Eecretary's office.

For the periadr Jandary to
September liger fees amonting to ciftitath hawe been rectived frym
 The Inspector of company Managers is of the view that there are other firgs, who are earrying on the business of Company Managers, and have not yet applifd for a
licence, these firms ane now urged to come forward and obtain the appropriate licence to avoid possitle prosecution.
(viii) Legal Firms

In the coming raser, three
articled clerks in the private gector and two in governemtere scheduled to graduate from the Cayman islands law Sehool. dill of us wh th them well and look Forward to them being called to the Ear. The legal profession is one of the key ingredients to a smoth rumning financial industry. Its contribution is significantly more than the Ci\$5.0 million in direct expenditure, and approximately 150 staff it employs.
b) Tourism Sector
now stand at approsimately 170.000. Up to the end of otcober there had been a total of 136 ;059 air arrivals, an inetrease of 16.2 percent ovor the same period last year, cruise shiparrivals by the end of this year should show a six percent increase over 1785.

The Treasure Island Resort and
Hyatt Regency are expected to open at the beginning of the $1986 / 87$ Winter Season. Based on a projected 70 percent occupancy of these two new hotels, and assumfing that existing properties maintain significant occupancy rates, it is estimated that approximately 250,000 air arrivals will result. This will represent an increase of some 47 percent over this year's projections.

This predicted subetantial
increase in afr arrivals has proved an exeiting challenge to the Department of Tourfsm and Cayman Airways. New and more innovative marketing strategies are planmed and very comprethentive advertising and public relations programes are in place, to attract the number and quallty visitors required to ensure the projected growth.

It is expected that the orivate sector will continue to work closely with Government in promoting tourism in these Islands: a relationship that has proven its worth in 1986. We are also hoperul that Northwest Airlines will provide more destination marketing support 如 Cayman than Republic Airlines.
E) Transport Sactor

Cayman Airways Ltd.
The number of afreraft operated by our national airline will increase during the gore7 winter season by the addition of one boeing 737, (as recommended by the swissair consultanth, leased to operate during the peak season to help generate the demand for 900 additional rooms.

More charters will be pparated
by Gayman Express to effect increased utilisation.
The boeing 737 will give the
Eodrd of Directors and management the opportunity to compare the operating cost of this aireraft to the boeing 727-200.
d) Government Sector
(a) Finance and Development
(i) Personnel

With the departure of the
Honourable Chiaf Sacretary, Mr. Dennis Fosterr in Agril of this yearr and the subsequent rearganisation of that office, the Honourable Financial Secretary is now the head of the civil service and responstole for the Fersonnel Department.

Looking at the number of
established posts in the civil Servite, in 1784 there were 1.310 posts. in 1985 the number rose to 1.367. That number has increased by 68 for a total this year of 1.435 . With this increase, there would also be an increase in salaries from CI 22.0 million in 1985 to CI $\$ 23.0$ million this year.

This year there were more thafl 30 officers abroad on courses of varying lengths. A number are on degree courses at universfties in Canada, the United states, and the United Kingdom. The treining of serving officers, aithough ekpensive. must continue if progress towards locallzation is to be achievedr and this is part of the reason for the increase in the additional staff.

A Eelabrated British Cinancetlor
 years ago, chided his gtatisticians for the lack and unpunctuality of govertment statistics. He compared the difficulty of runtifg tife country using out-of-date statistics with attampting to catch traina using the ptevious yeat's timetable, Nowr Honourable Members I to not have the problen of catching trains withith cayman but my Honourable mollagau*s and myself do frequently have the problem Eomplained of by the British Prime Minister of nothaving statistical information to hand when we nead it.

Where to 5 bet the batance between the cost, and benefits to Govertment and the bomminity of producing statistics is kaenly argued the worldover, and in a small country such as ours the problem is even more acute where getierally both statistics and the resources to prodsce them are lackita. Neverthelessy this Government is mecessarily involved with policy making in many fieldsr and it is anly fight that wa shomid iturive to be as wall informed statistically as the administrations of other countries. I am sure that the Members of this Honourable House will agree that good inforination is the prerequisite to the making of good decisions.

Unfortunataly, the provision of widerramging statistieal information in a small country requires a largar proportionate effort than in a larger conntryo espaciaily as many sieqies have to be built from strateth.

Howevert we have for several years successfully brought together in the anmual gtatistifal Abstract information, which becobes avallable as a by-product of Government admjnistration with welcome contributions by the United states National Weatiner Senvicer and Cayman's anterprises in the electricisy and tele $\quad$ ommultations industries. The other bright gpot is the long established consumer price indek. which is compiled every thifd monthx

Our record in overseas trade
stafisticsy on the other handr leaves muth to be desired. In my view - which is regularly reinforeed by the opinion of visiting economists With whon I have to deal - no progepss will be achitued in producing detailed commodity trade statistits until importers and theit agents fall into line with their countergarts in almost all other eountries. They will have to aceept the obligation to add the statistieal classification to the commpaitifes whith they enter with the customs Department.

In tradestatistics in the short termr howeverr we arg taking the view that government should produce mori summary statittict. which it requiresfor itself. That ism we are trading off commodity detail fat earlier ayailability. With the introduction of time-saving methods results for the first half of 1985 with linking annual estitatesfor 1982-1984 will shortly be made availabler and succepding trade statistics will follow more


Although the tommodity detail
for the sacond half of 2785 will not be availablefor a month or sor I Ean advise Wembers of this Honourable House that the provisional \#stimate of total imports for tine year 1985 is cil 200 millistr an inctease of three percent over 1984. If the breakdown between countries of origin of these imports confirms that picture of the fifst half of that yeart we will find that some 75 percent of them came from the United Skates of Amerfaa.

The stapting of the emplayment survey at the beginning of the yeat rowsed disquiet in the business community, which was not altogether unexpected, given that it is several years since the statistics unit had taken any kind of economit surveyn The signs are that there has been aereptance of the assurances that the returned information was confidential to the Government Statistician and his immediate staff, and would not be dfffuged throughout Government. As a consequence, a satisfactory response is befng achigved in the survey, results of which should be published soon.

The "egults 2f the 1984 surver will descitbe the stoucture of cayman's activa labour fotrem The neut


 exgemditura upon ty.

These national fircome
statistigs are not an academic exercise, but as the razaderis gf the financial press will know, are the distilled essemce of a ebuttry's
economft perfotmancer and we are dften asked for them, The estimate We generally produter Ct 2210 million for 1983 ; is very broadbrush and based on fragile assumptions. I imagine that the Honowrable Members WIll not be suffritsed that 50 erude an estimate is not what is expectad from a country with an otherwise sophisticated infra-structure. We afe lonking at ways and means of temedying these defictencies.
(íjit
Computer Services
The VAXeluster from Digital Equipment Corporation operational in February, 1786 , was the first computer system of this typa ingtalled in the cariboean, and is Eonsidered "state of the Art" technology it is interesting to note that other caribbean Governments, institutionsr and fompaniss are now accepting and installing the VAXcluster concept.

During the year, the Computer
 for Governmentr became very active. Friority has bean given to the Payroll and Government Accounts projects. It is experted that a suitable software package can be acauired to minimize programming development time for both areas. It should be understood that even with a package, much time and effort will still have to be expended by the relevant departments and computer servites on the development of the manual procedures to effectively implement these systems. Plans arefor the faymoll system to be running parallel in danuary 1987 and the Government Acsounts systam toward the latter parb of ige7. The Accounts and Audit Advisor is heavily involved with the design gf both systems and their implementation.

## (iv) Customs

The Customs Departinent has made satisfactofy progress duting the year, staff changes included the appointaent of a Customs Adviser, who on two oceasigns had been of assistance to the Cayman Islands Customs under the auspices of Erftish Executive Service Gvers seas.

Easic trajitingr in both
tachnical and management subjectsr was undertaken during the year, and further courses are planned. The Department is concerned to improve its enformement techniques espectally in the investigation of commercial fraud, and in its preparation of prosecutions. gne beputy coliector attended 12 weeks of training in London on a eaurse for senton officens in Gustoms Managementr fun by the Eqown Agents in collaboration with Her Majesty ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ Customs and ExEise Bepaftment ft the United Kingdom. Now all Deputy Colleetors in Grand Gaymati have attended the Unftod Kingdom Customs Management Courses.

The recently formed Task Force became well established during the year, and made an effective sontribution to the efficient working of the Departaent. tit recently acguited its awn "sniffer" dog+ and one member of the team has received training as a dog handlef. This will assist in the war asainst drugs coming into the Islands, to which the Dapartment is making significant contributionn Among many Customs seizures, one as particularly worthy of mention - that of a fishing yatht found to have over half a ton of Ganja secreted on board. The crew members received substantial prison sentences.

In 1985. Cuнtoms became the fiest Government bepartment to appoint its Dwin Internal Auditor, and dufing tind gate yearr he has put a great deal of effort into tine development of this section as a usefut 女oul jf management.

With an eye to the futufrer proposals have been under active sonsideration to chafge tho bagis upon which liquor fs sold fn the Depafture Lounge at Owen Roberts International Airport. It has been suggested that the Guty Frea Shops there should be stocked with bonded liquor, instead of operating on a duty drawtack systear as at present. If adopted, this should mean a quickar service fof passengers who whuld be handed tifeif purehases at the shopr pathar than on laging the Depafture Lounge, A Eill will ba presented during this meeting for Honourable Members ${ }^{\text {g }}$ consideration.

A regitew of the Bustems and
Tariff is long overduer and the Gustoms Adviser hes atteady begut explofatory talks within the Department with this in mind. The




The New Services request, if honoured, will allow the Department to therease the hours of the infft system at Owen Roberts International Airport and provide safficient
 day.

## (v) Shig Registratian

Ship fregistatatan it the Islands tontlnue to be of great concern to Government. In recent years, the number of remprted incidents concerning cayman is lands tugistered ships have begn on the increaser and the point has now been reached whare a decision must be takenr efther to continue the Shipping Register, or severely limit itu

If the Shipping Register is to be continuedr then ft is felt that this will necessitate tha establishing of a Marine Sector fr Government, which woukd be responsiblafor inspecting and policing ships fot safety requirements. However, in order that any Marine Sarveyor may have the neeessary authority, we would have to sepk to have the various International Conventions extended inctuding SoLAS i. e. Safety of Life at Sea tu thys tentitory, and thereafter seek to have legislation passed through the Legisiature, if Government undertakes this router it should be kept in mind at all times, that tonsiderable expenditure will results and it may be that the ship owners will be called upon to subsidise sufh a devalopmext.

For periodr January to
Geptember 1786, some 114 new ships were registered ith the cayman
 this exceseded the 1786 estimated figure of cisi20.000. Frithe same pertod in 1985. CI $\$ 101.000$ was collected.

There are, at presentr some 757
ships on the Register, and although many of these are of the sall yacht typef the Register is now attracting large oeean going vessels.

## (vi) Revenua and Expenditure

The year began with a balanced

 in locally fifanted capital expenditurer and ciabs. 5 million in loan finaneing.

Having examined the performance of the economy over the pat ten months, it is expected that the year will end with a substantial surplus. The revisedfigures in milions are as follows:


This has resulted mainly from fncreases in revenue above the estimatedr and a reduction in resurrent expenditure below the estimated due to prudent comtrol of all expenditure.
(vii) Public Debt





Self-finaneing Loans to port
Authorityr sudents and the Agricultural and Industrial Development Board guarantead by Government was cis 3 . 3 million at the beginging of this year, Eorrowings and regayments tetted show an increase of CI $\$ 27$ r342 leaving an expected balance at 3ist Desemberr igeb yf C1\$3.4 million.

The General Resef"षe stord at
 deficit of CI\#1.1 million, is reduced to CIS. 1 millon. It is proposed in the 1987 Draftestimates, that cis 2.0 myllisn of this
 our financial position and provide for possible lean period in the future.
(6) Internal and External Affairs
(i) Broadcasting

The Department is now producing some 160 hours including a separate FM service at prime timer with a resolve to upgrade the skills of caymanians for the panfession and provide the best broadeasting service possibla.
(i) 1

## Immigration


#### Abstract

Additional funding will be requifer to provide for staff to cope with the extended operational hours predicted for the $1986-87$ winter tourist season and beyondr and proppsals for these have been made in New Services which will effect a shfft systam to cover the Dwen Roberts International Aipport oparationsfrom 7:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. eaet day.


(iin) Polife
In-Force training programma
contioues with training fo the areas of general poliee dutyr and selected officers in specialist depattamens continue to gu puerseas to obtain training not available lscally. All the United kingaba Gergeants exmept one who is developing the police computer ppoject, have complated their contracts and returned thome. A Chief Itispector and an Inspector have also completed theyr tasks and returned. The progiamae has bean diferted at on-the-jobtraining in all areas, both Unfform and CID. comprehensive vehicle driving training has beun administered to most officers, and the Foree now has its own caparity to print and develop colour photographs to the high standerd required by the courts.

Steps continue to develop the
careery of local offteers, and since the last Budget Adoress, 13 lotal officers have been promoted to ranks ranging fron sergeant to Superintendent. Thfs is in inne with the policy to localise posts, whilst at the same timer mafntaining afficiency.

In time past yeatr there has
beqn an increase in Efime generally and a significant inctease in druys offencest mostly cogaine related. In addition to increased enforcement measuresr steps have also been taken in several difections, with an awareness campalgn to aducate the publict in the hope of preventing further escalation of this serious problem. If the trend continues, however, further strengthaning of the Force will be unavoidable and necessary.
(iv) Frisan

The Development of Prison
factlities continume to focus on the provision of accommodation the development of human resources and the rehabilitation needs within its walls.

An experienced Chief gfficer
Was secondedfrom the morectional gervices gf eanadar to assist the administration ith carrying out its responsibilities. and four genior officers ware sent overseas for trainimg gounses and attachment at appropriate institutions.

Current trends indicate that
demands placed upon this service can be expected to ingrease, until effective mifne prevention programmes and alternatives to imptisoniment can be implamented.

## (c) Judicial Departament

The tumber of criminal cases filed in Summary court have begf stegdily tifing bvetr the years with between 100 - 200 tases increase in each year over the preceding fear.


of 1.624. frovision is made in the 1987 New Services of the budget for a second magistrate to eope with the ever increasing number of cases.
(d)

Legal Servicer with one more due to join in the New Year. Of theser two are presenty with the Attorney General's Chambers. where they have played a significant part in bearing the workload, both for advisory oattors and in conducting prosecutisnc. They have both also gean given the opportunity to pursue further relevant courses ovarseas during the last yoar, which will be of benefit to them, and to Government, in the future. The third Caymatan lawyer is due shortly to transfer from the Courts $\quad$ ffice to the Attorney General's Chambers.

Meanwhile, the Law Sethosl has greatly augmented the value of the qualification offered by it. The University of Liverpool, in the United Kitgomi has given its approval for the students at the school to study for the degree of Bachelor at Laws at the same time, as they purswe the Cayman Islands At torney-at-Law qualification. This means that all the students at the law sehool will have the opportunfty of coming away from their course with both a professional qualification and a degree from an established and highly reputable United Kingdom university. The first year's intake at the school are due to complete their course in the Summer of 1987, with five students scheduled to take their final examinations in July of that year. In the meantime, the school has hat another encouraging year with 17 of the 19 students passing the annal examinations at the first siting, which bodes well for july.

## (e) Health, Education and Social Services

(i) Museua

During the year, the
development of a national museum has been pursued. and the old courts Building was handed over to the Museum Eoard of Control, A structural survey of the building was carfied out and the decision taken that it was worth saving. The Building was then treated for termite infestation.
(i)

Eucation
Major renoyation took place at the old Teachers Cottage in West Eay to ereate a sheltered workshop for handicapped adults. This facflity opened its doors on wednesday last with 12 students. There was good communty response to a drive to raise money for the workshop. which is now known as the sunpise Centre.

During the $1985 / 86$ sethool year. the Commanity College moved its Hotel section to the gla Fublic Works Department siter thus realizing sayings fn rental paymenta and transportation.

In September 1986, after some renovations had been made to existing bufldings two new courses, Construction and Auto-mechanics were added to the curriculum. The Hotel operations course was expanded to two tlasses. due to the demand for places. As of September 30th, the enrollment figure for full-time courses at the Comminity College stood at 125 . Arrangements are being made with the Commonealth Fund for Technical Co-operation for an educational specialist to assist with the development of the communty College. The specialist is due to arrive in early danuary 1787 for a two-year tour.

It is unlikely that the George Town Primary School site will be able to accommodate additional buildings after 1787, and pressure of numbers now make it imperative that land is identified and a new school built as sopn as possible. Flans call for a new infants school to be built in George Town. this will accommodate the first threas Elasses, or apomoxfmately 275 chlldren. The existing George Town frimary School will become a junior school catering for appoximately 300 children in the three upper classes.

The Sports Complen is alfeady demonstrating that it is a great step forwardfor the cayman islands. Der people have welcomed ft, and are making use of iti facilitites. Visitors, who know of it, are on the whole impressed.

The Lions wimming pool has been in constant user especially by the High, Middle, freparatory and
 programe of training classes in the evenings for primary senools as well as junior and senion temas. is underway.

The athletic tratk is an
all-weather surface, and fully marked to international standards. The nearby schools use it for their physical education sessions, and a junior track club trains there at least twice per week. A number af adults use the facility for health walks, and on weakends a numer of joggers make use of the track. The Gayman Isiands schools athletic team made use of this facility for a sixweek training period in preparation for the Garibbean schools Tournament, at which their performance was outstanding.

In the centre of the arena a
full International sized socter field is belng prepared, and should be available for use soon. A start is anticipated to commence an the pavilion in 1987.
(ifi)
Social Services
This year. like 1785, was a record year for this Department in that both years, three young Caymanians returned to work in the Department, four of whom earned Bachelor of Social Work degrees overseas.

This cadre of young caymanfans have greatly enhanced the quantity and quality of service of the Department to the community. Additionally, all other vacant posts were filed with a full complement of 12 Social Workers/protation staff in the Department, $t$ wo of which are seconded to the court.

The Adoption Service contiues to show an increase. Last year. 47 children were put forward for adoption compared with 73 children this year, a $\$ 5$ percent increase. The upward trend of five children in 1982 and 18 in 1983 continues to escalate.

The Juvenile Law is stitl under
review and all indtcations are that it should be completed by the end of 1987.

In 1987. it is anticipated that
the Home Health Atde Programe will come on line at a cost of
 rehabilitation residential facility for court ordered juveniless as well as volantary placement of motionally disturbed children unable to adjugt fot the regular classroom with their peers.

With regard to Personnel, it is expected that adequate provision for litrary staff will be put in place in order to ensure proper management of that facility. Additionally, the need for more Social Worker staff and an Assistant Director of Social Services is to be noted. The latter post is occasioned by the increasing growth of the Departiment and the resulting administrative responsibilities.
(iv) Health

For the first time, using the limited avaflate data, the life expectancy at birth was calculated to be 74.5 years in our islands, for which we should be proud. We hope to be able to maintain and improve upon this with continued faprovement in the health care delfyery.

Improvements to the physical
plant consisted of an extension to the Maternity section to provide a well-baby nursary and vastly improved facilities in the nep-natal
nursery. These improvements were long awafted. and will have the
effect of minimizing the very costly transfers of neonakes overseas.
The addition of two medical
officers to the establishment has made it posible to institute 24 -hour cover at the hospltal with a doctor on the compound at all times and has allowed internal reorganization of the medical staff with resulting increased efficiency. As a result. pressure on acute care beds in the General Ward have been reduced, due to a more rapid turn round of patiants. Visitis by specialists continue to give much needed support. The temporary absence of the surgeon and the obstetricianfgyazecologist has resshted in some reduction of sarvice, but it fsexpected that this situstion will soon be rectified.

A vistion tagtar, donated by
Cayman Council for the Visually Handicapped, is becoming more and more
popular, and it is hoped that this partapnship with Government will be bettor able to eater to the requirements of the needy.

During 198s. Environmental
Health personnel continued thelr efforts to ensure a clean healthy environamt, Refuse collections were extended to porvide a minimum of thrice per week service, The short-term rental of open containers to aşfst residents in clean-up efforts became increasingly popular.

A multi-sector workshop was held for farmers on the public health aspects of meat production, including animal health considerations. The combined resources of the Health and Agricultural Department were utilized in this workshop.

Psychiatric services avallable to the public have benefitted from an intreaged frequency of visits by the consultant. We are able to have his services for approximately 15 days in every month. The 1987 New Services contains a request for a medical officer to perform psychiatric services full time. A much needed psychiatric consulting room has been ppovided.

The Life Line Service was ereated at the hospital for providing help-to drug users $\begin{gathered}\text { by }\end{gathered}$ counselling and directing them to appropriate sources. Education materials are avallable or on hand at the Health Department. Howeverr much still needs to be done in the Drug and Alcohol Programme, A co-ordinator for the programme, who it is anticipated will be a psychologist, is requestad in the 1987 New Services. This appontment, together with the psychiatritit mentioned above, will form the nucleus of counselling and treatment services within the programme.

The adtition of another gental
Surgeon has reduced the waiting time for appointments, offered a widet range of services on routine basis more effective monitoring of the work of the aukflliariest and more frequent vistt; to cayman erac.

The very successful preventive
fluoride programmes, began in East End and North Side schools, haye been extended to West Eay Primary in Grand Gayman and Greek Frimary ir Cayman Erac. Modifications have been completed to the clinic at West Eay Frimary and a Dental Aukiliary currently provides tratament for the children there twice weekly. Weekly visits to the Northward Prison by the dentist has causad a marked reduction of the number of patients attenting at the hospital. An extension to the Dental Laboratory, together with the appointment of a technician was also timely, and will reduce the types of services. which are now befng sent to overseas laboratorief for fabrication.

A workshop on the Care of the
Elderly, and an update on sexually transoftted diseases Eonducted locally for nurses and dottors were supported by Pan American Health Organisation for laproving their knowledge and skills, as apart of bur continuting education programme.
(f) Development and Natural Respurces
(i) Portiolio

A petroleum agreement which
was finalised and signed with a Texas company in 1985 , has been terminated at the request of the company. The depressed condition of the economies of the world-wide petroleum industry is the reason given for termination.

Cayman Turtie Farm continues to write history. A major achievement in 1986 was the hatching of the world's most endangered sea turtle, the kemps Ridieyr in a captive environment. This project is ongoing with the Mexican Government, and the United States Department of the interior. The pilot shrimp project has been fairly successful, and is an alternative or supplement whteh could eventually allow the farm to become independent of Government subsidies.

The araft Eutlaing boder whish was prepared by an advisor from the United kingom, working in consultation with the Building code Comittee, has mow been edited and returned to the Committeer and it is now being presented to technical associations in the Cayman lslands. A Chief Euflating code officef is being recruted to deal with imalementation of the plan and to prepare the infrastumcture.
(ii) Housing Development Gorporation

Bebenture 5tork issuad as at
30 th Juner 1986 amounted to cist. 3 aillion. The total assets/liabilities of the Howsing Development corporation as at
mid－year amounted to CI1．226．356．As at 30th September，1986r IDans approvad totallad cis 210,000 ，and there are several applications in the pipeline．
（Iif）Water Authority
Work has commenced on the
 into threa major contracts；thim first is the gietiminary eafthworts for the sewage \＆reatment uncks this Eontract commented fin late Marehr and was complated by a local company at the eost pf ctotoo． 000 n the second contraet is the procurement of all the plant and materials required for the project，this contract was granted in july to a Canadian company，and will be completed by the end of the year for a cost of cis 558,000 ．The third and final contract is for the Eafryitg out of the civil engineering works．Following a comprehensive aremtender conferencer which was attended by the six prequalified contractors，the contract was awarded for a bid price sf CI事故301．459．The civil engineering eantract will asmmence in November 198b，and the completion date is estimated to be January 1788．Now all the costs of the major contracts are knownr it is projected that the total works will be completed at acost of CI $\$ 8+679+219$ ，CI $\$ 266,019$ or 3.2 percent in excess of the original estimate．

The proposal to provide George
Town with a publit piped water supply is now a fality：Much of the year has teen taken up with complicated negotiations with caribbean U屯ifities to determine an agreement，whereby wate heat may be utillzad to distilit seawater．It now appears that a satisfactory negotiatiated agreement has been reached．whereby caribuean Utilities Company will invest fo the distillation plantr produce the water and sell it to the Water Authority which will then distotbute it via a pipeline to individual homes．The proposal will allow the Water Authority to ensure that the consumer Is treated in a fafr and proper manner．The final designs for the first phase of the stheme have been completad，contragt documents drasn wpr and funding has been offeted by Caribbean Davelopment Bank．

A ground water investigation has been Earried out on Cayman Eract which involved the drilling st elght ekploratory boreholes along the Bluff Road．The results of thfs investigation will be published priot to the end of the year．

The Cayman Water Company had a satisfactory year，sales are upr and this is the first year in which a dividend has been paid to their shareholdens．their plant has kept up with the demandt and their operation has been mueh emhanced by the present method of management．Two of the larger developments within the franchise area have decided to provide thefr own water supply， based on seawatef reverse osmosis．This will have the effect of allowing the Cayman water Conpany a breathing space in which to ronsolidate their posftion，prior to the expected need to increase their output for future development．

## （tv）Lands and Survey

The Departmatt of 30 staff is subdivided into four dis\＆inct and interrelated sections：Land Registry，Land Valuationst Sufvey Section and Drawing afficen

Projected statistics show a definite increase in work load fof fegistry staff．Proposals for 1987 include the imputting of basic Lamd Registry infotmation $2 \boldsymbol{\text { fito computer }}$ to provide an alphabetical listing facility as af interim measure beform expanding this data base into a fully computerised lands and Gurvey system．

There are proposats in train
for expanding the land valuation sestion slightiyr so that the full Estate Management range of serviEes Ean be offered to kovernment．

The main survey projects fir 1787 are planned ta be the completion of mapping of Grand Cayman and the revision of maps and a subsequent publications gita new editian and the start of agtial photography and mappitg of the gistef tsianda．

The easteftinalfot Erafd
Cayman was mapped and full aprial eslour photography is available for purchase by the pubtic．

In agriculturer the Government Demonstration fara is being upgraded and programmes ape shortly to be ifplemented to boost development of private sector agniculture. The Portfolto wlll be asisted by specialfits from abroad as well as in-house.

The dog control programmer
which was introduced in 1986 has been very successful* The kennels at Gmith's Road were upgraded as part of the programme.

The Farmers Market is well sn
the way to gecoming a reality with wark currentiy in progress. The site selected is adjoining the Agricultural Show orounds.
(vi) Planning

In eaply i986. the Central
Planning Authority embarked on their statutory Deyelopment Flan feview function, which has been in the planning stage since mid-1985. With the assistance of in-house staff and standing Gomittees established in each district, and augmented by study teams from various graduate Schools of the Universtty of Tennessea, Lseful base data has been collerted and preliminary assessments made, which the Central flannimg Authority is going to build upon to produce the final review plan: it is intended for the final phases of the review project to be handled in-house, with estensive public participation on a district-by-district basis.
(vii) Mosquito Research and Control Unit

No further re-infestations by
the disease carrier mosquitor Aedes Aegypti, have been deterted this year rerified by continuous serveillance involving over 5 roco premise inspections. covering all three Islands.

Upgrading of the swamp canal. system north of George Town has been completed, and work is underway craating access roads in the Eodden Town - Fease Eay region. These roads are needed for ground control of larvicides. applied by afreto the extansive breeding swamps in this area. Immediate plans include a new canal system for breeding swams in the fum foint area.

The Natural Resourtes
Laboratory has completed the first phase of monitoring the health of coral reafs and sea grass beds around Grand Cayman. After deep involvement in the development of the new marine parks, the Laboratory staff are now installing markers and mooring buoys for these sensitive areas.
(g) Tourist. Aytition and Trade
(i) Civil Aviation

Legisiat ive Assembly, it is proposed to the neit meeting of the establish the civil Ayiation Autherfty, which will be a statutary authority gimilar to the fort Authority.
(ii) Fire Department

There ware some mejor fires
that drew national attention, and had they not been dealt with swifty and effectivelyr serfous consequences would heve resulted.

It is difficult to put a
monetary value on the sevices rendered by organisations such as the Fire Department. However. it is obvious from what we have seen in recent years, that their timely intervention in times of fires and other related calamities have prevented major property loss and personal injury that would have reached into the millions of dollars.

The fire Department is an
essential servite and to keep pace with our rapid growth, Government has entered fato d development programmer which will result in the construction of a Gentral Fire Station at George Town a sub-station for West bay and a new improved Fire Station for Cayman Erac. In addition new equipment and staff will be added, providing comprohensive fire protection for the entire community. The programme is scheduled to be completed in the latter part of lage.
(Iif) Labour offite

Legislation in 1987, and infact a discussion Elll hat been published to allow the entire communty the opportunity of submitting their comments to government, in an attempt to provide necessary legislation suttable to the people of these Islands and the Cayman way of life.

Government proposes to
eytablish an office to deal specifically with the subject of Trade and Industry. It is envisaged that the activities of that office can be effectively combined with that of labour in view of the fact that these subjects are slosely related. It will, thereforer be necessry to strengthen and upgrade the Labour office by the addition of one post. This Department will promote the diversification of our economy, lialse with the private sector on programmes to assist with the development of small local businesses and light industry, as well as to deal with labour related matters. Provision has been included in the 1987 New Eervices fon a Director of Trade and Labour.
(h) Commuications, Works and District Administration
(i) Postal Department

Special effort was made to have all unlicensed padios on the Island properly licenset, and this has borne some frutt as revenue collected, so far, is in excess of that collected fior 1985.
(if) District Admfinistration
The Economy of Cayman Brat and Little Cayman has shown improvement in 1986. This is attributed mainly to two areas: Labour-intensive Government capital projects during the yeary and an increase in toutism on the sister islands.

Government's largest capital
project for the yar has been the mad programme. Foremost in the project was the continuation of the Eluff Road.

Work has also been jtarted on
the airport terminal site in preparation for the start of construction of the new terminal at Gerrard smith Airport scheduled to begin in 1987.

Tourism in Cayman Erac has been
encouraging this year. The occupancy rate at the Brac Reef Beach Resort and the Tiara Beach Hotel in Cayman Brac, and at the Southern Gross Club in Littie Cayman has been very good. This has come about by the Increased overseas advertising of the gister lislands, and an improved jet air service to Cayman Erac.

## (1If) Fubllc Works Department

The Department is actively pursuing many of the recommendations of the Allgrove Report, 1985. As a result, an extensfon project at Savannah frimary school has recently been let by competitive tender on a labour and materials basis. Simitar projects will, in future, be carried out primarily in this way. Correspondingly, the Department's purchases of materials into its unallocated stores during the first nine months of 1986 amounted to CI\$62,000 as compared to CI\$367,000 and CI\$707,000 over similar periods in 1985 and 1984 respectively. as a result of a decision taken by the Honourable Finantial Secretary on 12 th May, 1786 , that the stores should be run down to Ci\$100.000.

Training continues to be
emphasisedr with two officers leaving during liges to purske Eachelors degree courges in Architecture and construction Engineering,
respectively, A third officer recently rejoined the Department after completing, with honours. an Associate Degree Course in Euilding Construction Technology. A geniof officer is carrently atuending a three-month course in Project Freparation and Management at the Caribbean Gevelopment Bank.

Drawings and contract docsments
for the Gerrard Smith Airport New Terminal Project were completed in July 1986.

Subject to approval of the
Caribuean gevelopment Eank Loan in pecember 198b, works on the new terminal building contract are anticipated to commence in May 1987. Estimated expenditure in 1986 on site preparation work and professional services is Ci\$163r500.

A 500 foot safety ent to the runway was construeted at a total cost of ais 218,450 .

Work on upgraditig the runway
 ExEavation of the basinr chantiel and ramp for the West Eay launthing Ramp/mock is well underway. completion of ektavationr ramp construction and car parking are anticipated at a tost of Cit25, 200 .

The conthtuction of romas
linking Crewe Roadr Smith Road and Elgin Avenue was completed at a Eost of CI\$ 304 , 000. The intersection of these new roads features a roundabout system.

Construttion of a road from Mount Fleasant to Coneh Point Road was algo esmpleted in lqegr at a あotal cost of Cli were constructed in North Side, agricultural aceess roads at a cost of cI
3. The Year 1787

Mr. President, at a time when two of the major private sector copstruction projects are nearing completion, Government appreciates the need to maintain the buoyancy of the economy by carrying out some capital work. The 1987 Eudget has been prepared with this reality and objective in mind.

The Budget is Clo 74.1 millions an increase of C5\$6.7 million over 1986. Estinated prdinafy revenup
 are estimated at CI事7.7 millisn.

> Estimated Recurrent
 percent over the 1986 approved. Statutory Expenditure is estimated at
 comprising of Ci\$G. 4 million from loEal revenue and Cibt. 7 milion from loans. The programme of works include ongoing and new projests such as:

4. Salary Increase

Govarnment has not awarded a
salary increase to civil Servants slnce the 1984 Salariss Reviewr whixh was ffective ist daneary, 1984.

Mr. Presfaentr all of us are
aware that inflation will never stopr although fn rement tines. the annual rata has been moderate. From dune 1983 (on which the 1984 Review was based) to June 9986 , the inflatign rate 19 seven percent.

Provísion has been made in the
1987 Budget for a five gercent award to Givil Servants and pensioners.
5. Conclasign

The world economic recovery contindes to be of coneern ts econonists amafinanciefs aliker while some inditators are positive. there are other important ones which are In the negative. The economic activity in the United states of Amerfea is not healthy although we will need to monftor the recemt regults of the United States election, where the Senate and the Heuse gf Representatlves are not now controllet by the party of the incumbent Fresident.

Gayman Islands ersnomy
Exgerianced healthy attivity during 27 g gr and she Eutget bow presented witle holding on tenaciousiy to the principles of fiscal policys ekertises those mame values to otimulata the ensuing yearia whyle at the same fime seeking Honourabie Member's approval totransfer cila. 0 million to teneral Resarves and ensuring that there is a balanged Eudget.

Mr: Presfotent. I have great
wonfidence in the future davelopment of these Ithandsr and we have demonstrated in the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty out attitude about the facilities of these Ishands being used for triminal activity.

These Islands "blazed the trials" in dealing with drug tofficking by signing the Narcotics Agreement, and this yay agreeing to the Treaty. Mr. Ptesident, there is pienty of good business attracted to and establishing themselves in the Gaymin Islands, so let us concentrate on quality. For the Good Eook' says. 'cleanliness is next to Codliness', and if we continue to follow these values, all will be well with the Cayman [slands foture economic development.

Mr. President, during the year, my Portfolio, Finance and Development has been charged with responsibility for two more departments: Personnel and Legislative Assembly. To my staff, wish to express my tincere thanks for their support during the year,

Mr. President, I recommend The Appropriation (1987) Law, 1986 proposing an estimated sum of CI $\$ 71,410,463$ ts cover Recurrent, Capital and New Services in 1987. Excluded from this sum are statutory provistons eovering pensions and loan repayments amounting to cilorb97.936. The estimated expenditure fs. therefore, CI\$74,108.399.

Thank you Mr. President.

## BILLS

## THE AFPROPRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986

## GECEND READING

CLEFK: THE APPROPRIATION (1987) EILL, 1986


QUESTION PUT: AGREED. DEBATE ON THE RUDGET ADDRESS TO BE DEFERRED UNTIL TUESOAY, 18 TH NOVEMBER, $1980^{\circ}$

MR. PRESIDENT:
There is no other business on our Drdar faper for today, but there is of course other business on the Eusiness Faperi, and i imagine that the Eusiness Comittee will be arranging some for monday, in which case we would meet in the ordinary way on Monday. And I will invite the Monourable First official Member now to move the adjournent until Monday aorning.

## ADJQURNMENT

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Presfdent, I move the adjournment of this Howse until Monday, 17 th Novenber. 1986 at 10.00 o'clock.


PRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR MR G EETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

| Sug GOVERNMEN2 | MEMBERS |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE\% JP | FIRST QFFICIAL MEMEER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL. $B$ | SECOND OFFICTAL MEMBER FESFONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON d LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESEONSIBLE FOR INTERTNAL AND EXTERNAL AFPAIRS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESPOMSTBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KTRKCONNELL | MEMEER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTTTCT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FO DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |


|  | MEMEERS |
| :---: | :---: |
| MR W McKEEVA BUSH: | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRS DAPHNE LI ORRETTT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OR WEST RAY |
| MR LIMFORD A PIERSOM IR | SECOND RLEGED NALADER GO THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTKICT OR GEOMGEMOW |
| CAPT MAERY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR TAD THIFD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR GBAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR TAB FOORTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OE BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE' FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF'NORTH STDE |
| MR JOHN B MCLEAN | ELECTED YEMEER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT"OF EAST END |

APOLOGIES
MP JAMES M BODDEN
FIRST ELECTED MEMBEF FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN

## ORDER PAPER

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING OF THE
1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
MONDAY $17 T \mathrm{TR}$ NOVEMBER, 1986
(SECOND DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO be read by the honourable first elected membei of executive COUNCIL.
2. PRESENTATTON OF PAPERS AND REPORTS
(id) CAYMAN AIRWAYS LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING $30 T H$ JUNE, 1986 - TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE BONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTIVE COUNCTL.
(ii) FINANCE COMMITTEE

REFORT OF THE STANDING FINANCE GOMMITTEE (MEETING HELD 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1986) - TO-BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHAIRMAN THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, FINANGIAL SECRETARY.
3. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS

TEE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESEONSTBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOENENT

NO. 82: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHETHER THE TOWER LOAN HAS YET BEEN PAID OFF?

NO. 83: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE THE BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S BANK CURRENT ACCOUN' WITH BARCLAYS BANK PLC AS AT 3OTH SEPTEMBER, 1986?

NO. 84: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE THE TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTED FOR THE PERIOD IST JANUARY TO 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1986 AND PROVIDE A COMFARISON TO THE CORRESPONDING FERIOD FOR 1985 ?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST' BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABEO ZTRST ELECTED MEMBER RESPONSIDLE FOR EXEALTM EDUCATTON AND SOCIAL SERVICES
NO. 85: PURSUAVT TO THE PASSING OF PRTVATE MEMBER'S MOTION NO. 9/86 EY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSENBLY WHERETN IT WAS EESOLVED THAT GOVERNMENT CONSIDER TAKING STEPS TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY SUPFLEMENTARY EXPENDITURE, DURING THIS FINANCIAL YEAR, TO ALLEVIATE THE SHORTAGE OF LOW INCOME HOUSING WHICH IS A SERIOUS PROBLEM, WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHETHER FUNDS HAVE BEEN PROVİEDD $\ldots$

NO. 86: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBER GIVE A PROGRESS REPORTT ON THE SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEME?

NO. 87: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER MAKE A STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE INTRODUCTTON OF THE NEW HIGH SCHOOL EXAMS, THE TOPIC OF WBICH WAS PUBLISHED IN THE CAYMAHIAN COMPASS ON 13TH OCTOBER, 1986?

THE ELECTED MEMBER, FOR NORTH STDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD ELECTED MEMEER RESFONSTBLE FOR COMMUNTCATIONS: WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATTON

NO. 88: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHY APPLICATIONS FOR THE PORT DIRECTOR AS ADVERTXSED IN THE COMPASS (AD.ES3928B) WERE TO BE SUBMITTED TO HIMSELF RATHER THAN THE PORT AUTHORITY?

THE ELECTED MEMBER FOR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER RESFOMSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENI AND NATURAL RESOURCES

NO. 89: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE THE FOLLOWING DETAILS OF THE CONTRACT AWARDED TO CARIBBEAN UTILITIES CO LTD TO SUPPLY WATER TO GOVERNMENT -
(a) WHAT IS THE PRICE OF WATER PER GALLON:
(b) IS THERE ANY GUARANTEE AS TO THE QUANTITY OF WATER TO BE BROUGHT PER MONTH: AND
(c) WILL CARIBBEAN UTILITIES CO LTD BE REQUINED TO PAY THE SAME 7\% ROYALTY AS CAYMAN WATER COMFANY?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR TOUZEISM AVIATION AND TRADE

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WO. 90: } \begin{array}{l}
\text { WILL THE HONOURABLE MEMBER GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF THE } \\
\text { RECENT LEASE EY CAL OF THE 737 INCLUDTNG THE FULL } \\
\text { COST' OF THE LEASE AND SERVICE CONTRACTG? }
\end{array} .=\text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER RESFONSIELE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 91: COULD THE HONOURABLE MEMEER SAY WHETHER HE OR ANYONE ELSE HAS GIVEN THSTHUCTIONS TO THE STAFF OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS AIGH SCHOOL THAT ONLY STUDENTS WITH A GOOD CHANCE OF PASSING BE ENTERED FOR THE GCE AND CSE EXAMINATIONS FOR
$1987 ?$
4. STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT. BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTVVE COUNCIL RE: PRIVATE MEMEER'S MOTION. NO.14/85 - CONTRIBUTORY PENSTON SCHEME, PASSED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY THE 10TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1985.
5. GOVERNWUEVT BUSINESS

BILLS:-
FIRST \& SECOND READINGS
(1) THE TKUSTS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(2) THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(3) THE NOTARIES PUBLIC (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(4) THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND INTOXICATING LIQUOR ADVERTISING BILL, 1986.

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MONDAY

## 17TH NOVEMBER 1986

10.03 A.M.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Member of Eyerative Council.

Prayers.
The Honcurablefirst Electad

## PRAYERS

## HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:

Let us Fray.
Almighty God, from whom all Wisdom and power are ferived: We beseech Thee su to direct and prosper the deliberations of the legislative Assembly now assembled, that all things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glopy of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the people of these Istands.

Eless bur Soyereigh Lady Oueen
Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Fhilip Duke of Edinburgh, Charles frimse of Wales, Diana Frincess of Wales and all the Royal family. Give grace to all who esereise authority in our Comonwealth that peace and happinessr truth and justicer religion and piety may be established among ws. Especially we pray for the Governot of our Islands, the Members of Executive Gouncil and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfally to perform the responsible duties of their high office.

All this we ask for thy great
Name's saker Amen.
Let ug pray tagether.
Our Father, who art in Hesven,
Hallowed be Thy Name. Thy Kingom come, Thy will be done, in eath as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread: And forgive us our trespasses as we forgive them that trespass against usf And lead ws not into temptation; but deliver us from evil: for thine is the kingdom, the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Apen.

The Lord bless us and keep us: the Lord wake His face shine upon us and be gracious witio us: the Lord lift up His countenance upon us and give us peace now and alway. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seztad.
preseritation of papers and
Reponts. The Honcurable Second Elected Member of Enecutive Couricil.

## PRESENTATION DF PAPERS AND FEFOFTS

## GAYPAN AIRWAY台 LIMITED

HON, W. NORMAN BODOEN:
*N: President. I beg te lay an the Table of this Honourable House, the Financial 5tatement and Annal Report of Cayman Airways Limited for the finameial year ended 30 th Juner 1986.

## MR. PRESIOENT:

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN:
Mr. presinerity the whited
Fhancial Statement of Gayman Airways at $30 t \mathrm{ta}$ Jume, 1986 showed that the Gomany made an operating profit of us\$gig. $8: 3$ for the year thet ended. This figure of course, included one half of the annual Governmant subsidy. However, even when the gubsidy anount has been deducted. the company still anded up in a better than break-even position with an operating profft of just under uS 200,000 . of course, after accounting for financing cost, there is a net loss for the year of approkimately US\$1. million. Adding to the accumulated deficit of US\$17.t million from the previous yeari this bringa the total accumalated deficit of the company mo ustig. 7 militon as of 30 th Juner 1986.

It mast be pointed out here,
that Government's agreament in November of 1985 to Eonvert to share equity, the loan and other trade denta dwe to it dy Gayan a iemayat
has helped jubstantially to improve the Companys balance sheett to the extent that the working eapital deficiancy has teen reduced from US $\$ 8.9$ the previous year to US $\$ 2.7$ million at the elose of this finaticial year.

It is also worthy of mote that
this is tha second year in succession that the company has deen able to bring its met operating loss down to just over US $\$ 1.0$ willion from an average annual $105 s^{5}$ of over USt3.0 in preytows years. This has been accomplished inspite of unexpected maintenance costs and ather unavoldable increases in expenditure, and while keeping all airctaft lease payments ap to dater and servicing its rurrent debt obligations on a timely basis.

This is also tife second year
that Gayman Airways has produced an Annal Report, in which the
Chairman and Coard of Directors have set but in greater detaily the Company's performance, their efforts to ineet bojectives, and to effect fmprovements where possiale. These documents provide clear evidence of Governments' and the Boards' continuithy determination to conduct the Company's affairs in a businesslike fashion. and to preserve its credibflity in the airline industry.

Mr. Presidentr much progress has been made, and Governments' and the Boardst efforts must continde to be concentrated on stabilizing and strengthening aur national airline, to face the ingvitable competition which is bound to come in the near future, from major United States carriers on its main routes to the United States.

Governments financisi support on a fixed basis, and the loyalty of the travelling public of these Is lands are essential to the national flag cafrier's future,

In cyncluston. 1 wish है
publicly record Government's grateful thanks and aporaciation to Cayman Airway's Chairman and Members of the Bbard, the Executive Comoltheer management and staff ior their fabours and total dedication. And I tate this opportunity Mr. Fregident. tor encourage all of them to continue to make the meaningful sontribution wirh the ajrline meeds in order to maintaith its rightful place in providing dependable afr services to our country.

Thank your Mr. Fresideat.
FR. FRESIDENT:
Thank vow.
presentatian of Fapers and
Reparts. Item 2, the Hancurable First gfficial Member.

## EINANCE COMMITTEE

HON. THEMAE C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I beg to lay an the Table af this Hencurante House the Report of the finance committee Meeting of loth September. 1986.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Su ordered.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr: Presidentr that meeting on 16th Septerber, 1736 appraved a tatal supplementary expenditure of G1\$982,080. A breakdown of that expenditure is as follows:

* There was Cib2,750 for Internal and Extertial Affaipe. to cover the cost incurred in the prosurement through the crawn agents of flags and caat of Arms.
* A further cla105,000 wes also approved for Intantan and Enternal Affaife, unter Dperiting EMperses, Sub-HEad 7-073, to revoke furds which were allocated fin the 1785 Rudget, and it also tathes accoumt of the pound loss in parity, as agaimst the cayman islands dollamend the United States Dollar.
 energency relief, ta cover additional unfarestem expenses for the repatyiation of refugees, ath lacal seafch and resche operations for the balante of the year.

 substaftial increase in the flyghts and the ofermitng hours beyond the nommal hours covered by the fornigration Departinent.
* Ci\$20.000 for the Falice Defartatut. com the sathering of information putpases.
 Gayman preparatory sehogl, to assist uhat schact in ffatheing requared thts year.
* Cl\$125.000 for the Legal Department ta coyer both the United states and the United Kingdom consultarcy fees in relatian ta the signing af the Matual Legal Aseistance Treaty, and te cbtain the seryites of a litrary Consuitant for both the Attarney General's Chambers fidithe Law Schoo:. These fees alsa cover gray and Compary.
* GI\$42,000 Developmeft and Naturat Reseurces, gn consultancy fees, to defrigy costs anticipated for the remantider of 1986, arising from ati extsting agreement between the Government of the cayman Isiands and the University af Tennessee Graduate schogl of flanming.
* GI $\$ 33,200$ for the Department of Tumisib, to deal with an anticipated shartfall in the provision of personal emaluments.
* Ci\$252,500 Department of Teurism. supplementary for adventising, to allun the Department to begin thy year With increased promotion in arder ta attract the 70,000 additiont visitors estimeted by thet Departmert.
* Ci\$18.900 to caver the operating expenses of the afficers in the United states, which is tied ta the additional promotian.
* Ci\$1i,000 to essist the Prison Departaneft in the purchese of a vehtcle mere satteble to thetr needs, which would have a passemget capacity of 25 pertans.
* Another GI 100000 for the Frison Departmerty to cover outstanding commatments an the soon to te completed female cell black, and the maximan sectrifty itell bioch at Northward Prison.
* Ci\$130,730 for Development amd Netural Resources, and more 5 pectifitally the water and Sewerage Froject. ta defray costs assaciated with the lann compitment and interest charge, comsultancy fees and project preparation expenses for the george Town water supply.
 establish a flora and forna erhitit and shark bar, hoping that thjs additional attraction will allow the Turtle Farm to be less dependent on Gaverment subsidies.

The firance committee also gave further consideration, and approved an overdraft facility with Barclays Bank ta maximum of Ci\$4.5 million: if ever regufred by this Government during the twelvemarst period.

Gaymat Airingy Lititedy the
issue of shares. Finance sommittee unanimossly agreed that Cayman Airways Limited's indebtedness to Government at 3ist December' 1985 in the amount of $\$ 6.050,920$ to be converted to $3.025,460$ gitares at a par valme of two dollars per shafe.

Personal Tak arrears - it was
 be collected, as a result of the repeal of the lan.

Interest-free loan Paradise
Manor. Agreement by majority that Finance Committee axatifed the third payment of stamp duty allowed to faradise Mentrif in 1785. and it be seen to be treated in the records of Government as an interest-free loan.

Qutitanding hosptal fees -
Finamce Comiftee unamimously approved that the cutstanding fees due to the hospital for the years 1973/1979 be no langer pursued for collection.

Letter of credit - Fipe Service
Vehicle. Finance Comaittee alspapproved the ajthovisation of a
letter of creait for a fire Service Vehicle to repiacio one retentiy involved in an accident.

Fire Gervite Bepertiment for the Fire Station at West Eay. Ci事 0 , 000 being the estimated cast of site preparation for the praposed West Ray Fife Giatian.

And Fropacer put ta
Gavernment far the Finance Campittee Gin the pirates. meek đdminjstration for stamp duty waiver was withdraxn.

Further consideration to the
Helen Harquail Centre - approval was given for manetary assistance to the Cayman Cultural Foundation, to complete the construetion of the centre, the cost for the completion being citiooroog. It was agreed that it be determined whether the private buyinetses working on the projert would be willing to give financial assistance along with Governmentr but if not, approval for the payment of Gi\$35r000 whith represents the sum dues bepaid. This has been paid.

Mr. President thank you very much.
MR. PRESIDENT:
provisions of standing order 67(4), the Motion hat tefon deemed to have
been agrea.

Member far George Town.

QUESTIONS TO MEMEEFS
THE SECOMD ELECTED MEMEER FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONDURABLE FIRET OFFICIAL MEMBER FESFONSIELE FDR FINANCE AND DEVELDFMENT.

NG_ E2: Would the Honowrable Member aiate wheqher the Tower Loan has yet been paid off?

ANSWER:

 allowed to fun for the 7 -yean agread term of repaymentr following which the depasits held as sullataraisecurity,
 part of the General Reserve batance.

## SUPFLEMENTARIES:

MR. G. HAIC EODDEN:

Member if this destijien is it keeping with the Auditor betreral's recommendation, and the recommendation of the fublic Aceounts
comatitee?
HOM. THOMAS C. JEFFERSOM: Mr. Fresident, it is not in keeping with the Auditor General's recommendation, of the fublic Accounts recommendatqon. But we all knaw that in Government. amyone can make a recommendation, ft does not mean that betabee the recombendation was made that everyone has to accept it. There are paints in the recommendation, there are also foints on the other side, for the recommendation not being agreed to.


HON. THOMAE C. JEFFEREDN:
Mr, Ft"esident, the Fublic
Accants Cammituers recommendation op the Auditor General's
 an this acceston, we cand mat agree to this one recommeratian. If We go batk ta the reason why we stmetared the ?aun from garclays in this way, it was Governmentes opinfam at that time, and it jastill the opinion, that if you have depasits and you wish ta use then ta the
 way of doing tusiness Mr. President, fit is nothing ga genius or special. Eut ify in structuring the loam it is agreed that the bank
will tharge one percent for the loan aver the rate that it will charge on a deposit, it means that you have to leave the deposit there. Otherwise the bant whlt have no way of determinimg the ane percent differential.

MR. LiNFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. President, I cannat fallew the iogic in thatr but i have a further supplementary auestion. Whotd the thembar fortfier state whether it is corcect that the present arrangement of the Thwer Loan
 to the end of 1985, and whether that was a comprofal dectision from his department?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Fresident. I believe that
Ci\$40.000 is abaut carrect. I do not have the exatt figure with me this marmirg. There are two ways of lacking at it. If we etrueture the loan along the lithes of the recommendations of the putive Accunts Comithex and that of the Auditor Genemal, you would riat te paying Cl\$40,000, you are likely to be paying CI $4-500.000$ in interest.

ME. PRESIDENT: If there is ric further
supplementary the 5 geond Elected Mamber for George Town may ask the next question.

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMGER FQR GEORGE TOWN TD ASK THE HOADURAEEE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMEER RESPONSIBIE FOE FINANCE AND DEVELDFMENT

MO. 83:

ANSHER:

Would the Honourable Member state the batante of the Gaveramert.'s Eank Current Account with Barclays Bank FLC क5 at 30th September, 1936?

As at 30 th Geptember. 178 g the Government's current Account showed an overdraft balance of $\$ 1.093 .325 .95$. However, the cause of this overaraft was expenditure in excess of $\$ 1$ million for capital roat works. Fitnding for this project has been obtained through the granting of a ban by Barclays Eank to the ektent of US\$2.42 mflifoti. Although the loan was approved priop to $30 t h$ geptember, the fifst draw down did not oceur until 3nd of getoberr 1986.

In addition to the foregoingr the balanee in the usq 7 -day Gall Account to 30th September stood at \$51t.e日, while maturing fixed depoaits also held with earglays (and excluding those held as collateral secumityl, amounted ko $\$ 2,073,502.00$.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Bodden Town.
SUPPLEMENTARIES:
Mona Ge HALG EDDDEN: Mr. Fresident, wan the Member say if this coverdraft whith existed an 30 oh september has been wiped out, or does it still exjst today?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I an happy ta Mr. Fresident.


MR. LIMFDRD A. FIERSOM: WDitd zis Mentgr gtate what he means by 'goca balance"?

HON. THOMAS C. JFFFERSON: It is an ejpression Mr.
President, it means thatit was mat an overaraftrit was a proper Eredit balance.


MF. LINFOFD A. FIERSON:
There wios ro furither
gipplementary on that Mr. President, but I would apprewiate it if yok


MR. PRESIDENT: If you want iongerryou are Weltome to have longer. I cembainly do mot want.....

MR. PRESIDENT: Tinere are quita a lot more
 theym questions.

MF. LINFORD A. FIERSON:

THE SEGOND ELECTED MEMBER FDR GDREE TOWN TO AEK THE HOMDURARLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBEF RESPONSIBLEFOR EINANCE AUD DEVELDFMEMT.


## SUFPLEMENTARIES:


#### Abstract

MR G. HAIG BODDEN: Mrn Presidert. ᄃan the Member say if the figume of $\$ 47$ million plus, which had been colletted up ta the 30th geptember this year fncludet any loans, at was it just ptre


 reyente?HDN. THOMAS C. JEFFERSUN:
 not try to amsuer this questions becutse l donot have the detajls. But my driderstandirg is that the majority of thereverue here which we




MR. PRESADENT: $\quad$ wenter if the Menber woule
 figure, ft maght helpthex..

happy ter de 50.
ME. LINFDFD A. EIERSON: Nr. FresidEnt, perheps this question would also have to be supplied later on but $I$ wonder if the
 a percentage of the new revenue measures mollected for 1986 . Df the new tevenue measures, what percentage was collected to dater

HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON: I WOUld be happy wo ds that as WEll Mn, President, provided the Homodratie momber gives us a little time to work it out.

MR. G. HAIG RODDEN:

Membef



 by loans"?

MR. PRESIDEHT:
I thitut the fomber may have got




 we were tuld.

HON, THOMAS E UEFFEFSON:

MA: G. HAEG EDDDEN:


The previous answers stated that thete was an owerdraft an 30th

tG say that really, theme was nc uverifraft tecause there was a bigger lath to cover it. Now a am wondering if this same thing has been dome with the revenue, that the revenue wauld rot, te 50 gocd if there were not substantial loans ta make the revenue appear tetter that jt really ¢5.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSOM:
Mr. Frestatrat I woud say thet the revenue stands on its own footing. The answer to the perious question to when the Second Elected Membar for Bodren Town refers to, indicates that as of 30 th September we had at syerdeaft of
\$1.073.325.95. The reverue given itn the present questinn to which you are asking a supplementary, of \$4y, 345,309, if you notiee, is as of the same date, it is 30th September, 198b, So your gumpraft is pate
 not come into the revenue until 3rd Detober.

MR. FRESIDEMT:
If there is no further
supplementary, the Second Elected Menber for west Bay may ask the next question.

IHE GECOND ELECTED MEMDER FGR WEST RAY TO ASK THE HONDURAELE FIRST ELECTED MEMEER RESPONSIELE FOR HEALTH. EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES.

ND. SE:

Pursuant to the passing of Privete Member's Mation Na.9/36 by the Legislative Assembly wherein it was resolved that. Government consider taking steps to ptovide the necessaty supplementary expenditure, during this financial year, to alloviata the shortage of low income hotaing whitef is a serious problem, would the Honouratas Member state whether funds have been provided?

> A ${ }^{2}$ SNER:
> No funds were provided by stpplementary vote as envisaged in the Mation. However, a pravisaom of Ctilo0,000 is imcluded in the 1997 Estimates for this purpost.

## SUPFLEMENTARTES:

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Sor Mr. Fresident. the quicker
we get or with the business of the Hoase. the quicker we will get
those cases which 1 brought befare the House ther, attended ta?
MR. PRESIDENT:
No doubt quite might, but the
Member knows that he should not make statements.
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: No Mr. Fpesident, that was a question and I ath wating for an answer.

HON EENSON D. ERANKS: Mr. President, if that is a question the answer would be that possibly sisme of those mentionedr think it was nine of ten, there may have beef twelve axamples given at the time the Motion was brought. It is posettle that some of thoze cases will mecefve attention during 1987, it is pasible that others will not.

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
Mr. freajuant, for the record.
wald the Member state whether this $\$ 100,000$ will be divided between various districts in accordance with the needs of those particulam cases?

HON. EENSON D. EEANKS: The Member is commect Mr.
Fresident.
MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH: Mr. Fresidentr I would ask
Whether there was ary study dane as to how maty tases there are in the country?

HON. BENSON D.EBANKS: PMAFresigent, att the time the Motion was brought, it was stated that a study was ptopaing. It is my


MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH: I wondet"if the Member wotld give ars undertaking, that he would tet this Memter atum tomethirg atorat the Repart, ᄃome tamuary iqg7?
is jithand and the comittere has met．
MR．W．MEKEEVA EUSH：


 me know？

HON．EENSDN O．EBANKS：
Hhat would be no pratieff Mr．
President．
MR．FRESIDENT：

care to consider waking the Report avajuable to all members af the House．I thint perkaps gther Members would have sh interest．in it tor．
 understand it，will give varying degraes of needr that fs where mitimum help from Government or Service Clubs ryecommatatations for demolition and replacement，and all such information．

MR．PRESIDENT：
Unless thetre is aty furtiter supplementary，the Secord Elected Member far tuet bay may ask the next questigh standing iff his name．

THE ELEGTED MEMEEF FOF WEGT EAY TU ASK THE HOMDUGABLE FIBST ELEGTED MEMEER RESPONSIELE FQR HEALTH，EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

No．So：Can the HonGurable Member give argotess feptrt orr the Social Secut ity Scheris＇？

ANSWER：In acrordance with ihe terms of Fifivate homberis Motion
 a Government menber has beem prepered for presentetion at this Néting．

## SUPPLEMENTARY：

MR．W．MCKEEVA EUSHS
Eupplementary Mr．Frosidents．
Can the Member say whethar that as gaing to be tefare the Detate chat the Gudget．or afterwards？

MR．PRESJDENT：I think if the Member touk at his Oqder faper for today，he will fitid that the statement is dowt as


slyppedme．

Member of the Business committep，perfaps I ampong
MR．W．MEKEEVA EUSH：NO Mr．Fresideticr you are qufte mighty this was dohe without my knowledgen

MF，FRESIDENT：
I Fuge you are not joputing improper motives to beher Members the Eusiness Comititee。

MR，W．MCKEEVA EUSH：Wo Mr，Fresidytstrbut it is a
fact．
Never intud．FEr＂baps the Menter
MR．FRESIDENT：


THE SECOAU ELECTED MEMEER FQR WEST EAY OO ASH THE HXGXURABLE ERST ELECTED MEMEER FESPONSIBLE FOK HEALTH EDUCA YON AND SDEIAL SERVICES．

NO． $87:$


 0こtater，198号？

ANSMER：





the new Examinations from liqee.
Up until June 1986, it was doubtful whether that schedure Would or could be kept becasse of industrial action atl the part of teachers in the Untited Kingdom. As late as April and May 1986 some Examination Eoards were urging postponement, because it was felt that fnsufficient preparation had been undertaken. Howevar. in sune a substantial sum of money was made avaliate for the training of teachers purchase of equiponent and other expenses ennmeted with the introduction of the examination. Settiement of the industrial dispute was achieved shoptly thereafter and a dewision taken to stiok to the briginal schedute of 1988.

Since the Cayman [slands ased the University of Cambridee local examinations syndicate and the Helsh volnt
Examinations Committee to get pur exterinal ekaminations, we were forced to follow developments in the United kingdom in certain respects.

When it became known that the ariginal achedule would be followed in the United Kingdom and that the caE
Examinations would not te available after 198?, a warking Farty was set up in Cayman to advise what action might best be taken here.

Since approximately $60 \%$ of sut students git the CSE Examinations throwgh the Welsh doint Examination Gommittee and bur High school had for some yesers been sining the Welsh committeers combined syllabus - a syllabus which attracts both a cice 'a' Level grade and a CSE grate component and therefore approximates more nearly the new GCSE Examinations it has been decided to enter that band of students for the gCse Examinationg being offered by the Welsh Joint Education committee in 1989.

An Advisor from the comintee will be visiting the ysiands for she week commencing ard dansary, 1987 to conduct seminars in connection with the new examinations.

In the meantime, the Cambridge Local Examinations Syditate has indicated they will continue to offer gice ro Levels to their overseas clients until at least 1989 so those students who would normaily sit that examination will continue to do so for the time being. Simultaneously, the Cambridge Eoard is offering an international GCSE Examination which wilh undoubtedly, at some time in the futurer feplace the gCE '0' Level completely.

It is intended to procure the services of an adyiser from the secondary Examination council in the United kinguom to visit the islands to review our gituation and affer dyice on which Examinations board will ultimately be most suttable to our meeds.

Members can rest assured that whaver decision is taken will be done after receiving the fest available aryice and that it will be done in sound educational eniteria.

MR: PRESIDENT:
The Serond Eiecten Member fon
George Town.

## SUPFLEMENTARES:

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON: Mr. Fresident, a awplemantary. Perhaps the Member wald nat have this information available, but if he does, would he state whether any study has been due with regateds to the GSCE Examination, and the advantages that he foresees for the Cayman Islands in continuing these exams?

In other words Mr. Fresident,
whether they will be a combination ef the new present oces examination and the CSE Examinations.
that 1 understand the question. The position is that we have no chofe in the matter. In the case of CSE examinations, they will no longer be avaliable after 1997. As ta how long the 'g' Level will continue to be offered to pverseas clients gf Camoridge is debatable. We have been informed that they will be avallable to us until 1989 , so that we have to make a decision during the coming yeatir as to which of the Eoarda we zre going to use to do basically the EGSEr or whether wo are going to do the international GCSE.

MR. LENFORD A. PIERSOM: Mr. Presidentr ir may
 perhaps 40 percent as the Member said, of the stadent bady, and the
 examinations. My question was whether the gose would provide ar opportunity for both levels of stadent, and if not, what would be the pastion with those stadents that mow at the cse examinations?

## HON. EENSON D. EEANKS:

examinations will embody both the Gce Mr. Fresjocnt, the hew ecse will be graded in such a way that there will be an equivilupy as known to the present GCE 'a' Levels and to the cSE lewei.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Second Elerted Menbet for
Budden Town.
MR. C. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Prestident, can the Memter say if there is any relationship between the GCSE and the CKE of 1976? I am talking about the Caribtean Examinations

HON. EENSON O. EEAMKS:
Nor Mr. Fresident, they are two entirely differsmt examining badies, so there could be morelationchif between the twa.

MR. PRESIDENT: Is there arsy further.
Bupplementary In that case I will invite fhe Ehected Member for North side to ask the first of the quastions standing in his name.

THE ELECTED MEMEER FOR NORTH SIDE TD ASF THE HONQURGELE THIRDELESTED MEMEER FESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIOAS WORKS AND DISTEICT ADMINISTRATION

NO. Bg: Can the Honourable Member state why applikatighs far the Fort Director as advertised in the Compass (AD. Es 3928 B ) were to be stomitted to himself rather than the port Authority?

ANSWER: Sfnce it was appresiated that there may have beery potential applicants within the Port Autherjtys Boand af Dinectors, jt wes thought eppropryate that epplitetions should ter in the first instance, detavered to the member responsible for the Fortfoliou

GUPPLEMENTARIES;
MR. D. EZZARD MLLLER: Supplumentary Mr fresident.
the chairman of the Port Authority?
HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KHIRKCONNELL:
Nr. Fresident, at the moment I amt the former Member has now respgned.

MR. D. ELZARDMLLER: Supplementary Pr, Fresident.
 reappoisted himself as chaimman of the Font athombty?

HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONELL: On the 37 th af this Month Sir.
MR. D. EIZARD MLLLER: Does the Memer not EDisider it af unfaim advantage to ather applicames, when the currert chaimpan at the time of the interviews an November 7 th was being frituriewed by


HON. CAFI. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL:
Nr. Fresident, I de mot
consider that it was unfair, I think it wes quite apen. All mombers
there were members of high integrity, and they votad their cutigience, and $I$ am sure they made the right chofice.
 Could the Member say how many applications were received jot the name of the applicants?



MR, LINFDRDA, PIERSOM: Supplimentzryr Min Fresident.
Would the fomber state whether Each of those applicants had an equal opporturity for art interview.

HON. CAFT: CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresisent: Each applytant had equal opportunity 5 if *

MR. D. EZZARD MELLER:

Supplemantaryr Nar Fresidetat. Is the Member saying that there is mo advantage, when Members of a Eard have to interview theif Doss, who is the Chairman of the goardi for a job as inimetor of the cormpary whith it manages? Because I think there is gir. at is very diffitult for someone to say 'ros to your boss.
 Sirir I do mot think itisan advantage. It is a statutory eongd. Mr.Eush was Chairman of that Boapd Sif. He was mpt theit boss.

comment Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT: Yби may ask simplemertary, you konow you should not make commsnts.

MR: LINFORD A. FLERSON:

think I can turn this into a question.
Wauld the Fumber state whether
 the chajrman, and that they can be in a position wheme they disegree with what the Chatrman is saying, and yet there is ma umdue influence necessarialy from the Chaimmans an the Bazro Mernters? the peasary for this gir, is that as amember of many Baards, I find that many times the Chatmman is mot alway righty and mever ueualiy hes hig way.

MR. PRESIDENT: I think you have asked your question.

## STANDIMG ORDER 23(7)

HON. THDMAS $\mathcal{E}$. JEFFERSDA:
Mr. Pregidents $I$ wfsh ta draw to yout attqntion that under Standing Brder $23(7)$ wa have reached eleven ロ́clock.

MR: PRESIDENT:
I फas about to say the same
thing. I think that gtanding orders now provioe that any guestian that has not been answered by eleven o'cloma will be automatjeally placed on the Drder Faper for feply at a later sitting withth bhe same Metting. In other wards, if I fove understood the gtanding Draers cofrectly, jt is hot meces ary for Members hho have tom..

HDN. THONAS E. JEFFERSON: Jt is 23\{Bi Sir.
MR. PRESIDENT: That is fight. It is mot
Becessary far Memters ta have ta ask specifically that theire guestiane shall be put down for ofal answer, they will abtomatically te put down for oral answer or another day.

HON. TENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr, Fresident, I wonder if.n.I
have been looking at the Order Faper, and I fagr that we might be a bit shy on business for the entife dayr and I an wondmpithy if in tine light of that, it might not be wise to suspant gtanding Dtades to
 today ${ }^{\text {r }} 5$ Paper.

MR: PRESTRENT:
I am it thy hatds vf the House.

 point.

## GUSPENSION OF STANDING OFOEF $23(7)$



MR. PAESIDEPTE
 speak? In that case I will put the question.

QUESTIGN FUT: AGREED EY MANDRITY.



STANDING ORDEK 2367 SUSFENDED
I now itavite thaz Elected Member for Nomth Side to ask the mest question.


MR: PFESIDENT: GEll, vEry wEla, yes they may continuer we have not completed them $F$ agree.

COMI INUATIDN OF SUFFGEMENTARIES TQ QUESTIGN NO.BRE
MR. D. EZTARD MILLER: Supplementary Sin, Cousd the Member state whether in his appreciation there may tiave obeth
 Dipectary anticipataed when the Law was thanged in september'?

HON, CAFT, EHARLES \& KIRKCONNESL:
Mr. President, witer the Law was
 veny cumbersome in the himing and dismissal af the pont Dimectaf, and
 and to give the Earar mare autanomy.

NF: D. EZZARD MILLEFS
Supplementary Sjs" Canthe

 qualifications above the gther two apolicants? really a proper Eupplementary. Mareguer, I do not ithink that tré Member for Commumbations and Warks has the sort of fesponsibility for the Port Authority, that enables fim ta give directichs as ta who should be appointed to a particular past by ft.

MR. D. EZIARD MILLEF:
I agree with you wholeheertediy Sif. That is why the question was asked in the first place, l did not think that the applications shoult have gone to him.

THE ELECTED MEMEER FDR NORTH SIDE TO ASK THE HUNQURAQE E FURTH ELECTED MEMBER FESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT AND NATUFAL FESDURCES

N0.89: Gan the Honourable Member gtate the following details of the contract awarded to Caribtean utilities Gompany Limited to supply water to government -
(a) What it the price af water per gallant
(b) Is there any guaranter as to the quantity of water ta be bought per menth; and
(c) Will Garibbean Utifitios Gompany Limitad be reguired to pay the zame zeven percent royalty as gayman Wetef Company?

ANSWER:
A contract has not bean awarded to Garibean utilifies Company Limited to supply water to Governmeri.

Negatiations are curmently in pragress with Ceniral De-5al Limited, a sister company te Cafitobean utititites cabpany Limited to supply water to the Water Authority for
 been eighed by govermmert, detajls will be mede avallable.

## SUFFLEMENTARIES:

MR: E. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. President, can I ask the Member if the sister company to which he refers, it merely a sister company, or are the sharehoiders of Cariboean Utilitias the teneficial owners of the sister company?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: The benefieiel owters of Central De-Sal Limited. Mr. Fresidentr comprise many bther tompanies.

MR. G. HALG EODDEN: But is it not correct that the major sharehalders in Central de-sal Limited are also the major shareholders of Capibbean Utilitites?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSON: The majar sharehalder Mr.
Ffesident, is Eertainly not Caribhean Utilities bompaty Limitad. The parent Company of caribbean Utilities company Limited meybe one of the sharehotders.

MR. G. HAYG EODDEN:
Mr* Fresident, can the Menber say if this little reply in sethantics is an exercise to dery the Heuse of the right to the answer ta the questions saught ty the Member for Nomth side?

HON. VASSEL G: JOHNSDN: Nr. Fresident, whatever
description the Member wishes to attach to this ath wetr in my opinion it is the correct answer. After the contract has been signed, the information will be available, as he is now asking.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Presidentr can t ask the Member if he will give us the price of the water to tee Eald by centaal De-Sal Limited?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSOd: Mr. Fresioumi j have already Said Sit, that after the franchiser or the lquencer whatever, has beem signed, the informatiof will be availagle, but not beforex

MR. G. HADG EQDDEN: Mr. fresidentr Eart the Member
 Centra! De-sal?

HON. UASSEL G. JOHNSON:
Yes Mr. Fregident. i will algo

 ask the Member if he remembers telling the House in geplember that Cemtral De-sal would tiot pay a royalty?

HON. VASSEL G. JOHNSOR: WEll: if tra Member knows that Mr. Presidentr why is he zsking me the questinn thow?

MR. G. HAIG BODDEM:
Eecause I tower ask a question
uHIESS i knew the answer.
MF. PRESIDENT:
Order: Order !
The purpese of asting questiont is to seek information. 1 thinkr accotaing to our standing bigers (LAUGHTER). I do mot knimw whether the Member mesta tu imply that he no longet meeds to ask the next two questions which stant in ity name in the Order Faper, because he knows the answers aloeady: Eut if will give him the spportuntity of asking them neverthehess.

The Serond Elected Member fot

## Bodden Town.

THE SECDND ELEGTED MEMOER FQR EQDDEN TDWN TQ ASK THE HDMDURAELE SEEDND ELECTED MEMBEF RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATIGN AND TEADE
$\mathrm{NO} \times \mathrm{FO}:$

ANSWER:

W⿵il the Honourable Member give full patatifulats of the recent lease by CAL of the 737 including the full cost of the lease arta service cortmextes?


(a) Lessir. Dannaif Led. of the United fingupm.
 1907.
 seating capacity of 130 in an all ecotomy mass configutation.

(e) Monthly fental: US車2g5.000 to includz 250 block
 Included in this rental ape four flight derfetewuplus one additional captajn, ytsumatice and third party
Liability, full maintenamce of aiferafty peculiat fatarifg equipment and painting of GAL's bogo and hame at the aircraft**
(f) Additional costs:

 return ${ }^{\text {mend }}$


## SUPFLEMENTARIES:

$M E . L I N F D F D A . P I E B E O N:$
 state whether thig is a wet leaser or whethar a itew will be trained ts ypar*ata the 737?

HON. N. NDRMAN EDODEN:
 MEASOM for that is that it is a chort-term lemse.

MR. G. HAIS BODDEA:

 paymetts on the 737 at? the twa $77^{\circ}$ a which Cayman Aisways that operata?
 just the straight lease-charges monthly, and daes not include the additional items that I have just outlined. However, bearing in onind that the 737 is a smaller capacity aircpaft of 130 seats, cempared to 157. Ifeel that the two leases protably compare favarably based on the information supplied to me by cayman Airways. If we compare the two aircraft an a 250 -hour utilisation, the 737 would cost $\$ 1: 140$ per hour, and the 727 \$1,420 per keur.

MR. G. HAIC BODDEN: Mr. President, Ean I ask the Member if in working out those figures, he took intos acrount not only the number of passengers carried, but the fact that the 737 will carry littie or no freight when compared if ith the 727 ?

HON. W. NORMAN BODDEN: compared there was the total direct east ar arentor it is true that the 737 has less capacity for carge. Eut if you deal with the ather indirect operating costs, the 737 has a tremendous advantage over the 727, in as much as there are savings in fuel, 5 avings in flight ettendante, savings in the number of flight-dech crew, and savings in landing fees and other ground charges. So if you went into the detail of it, there are indirect savings to be experienced in operating the 737.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
Mr. Fresident, could the Member state whether a form of cost benefit analysis has been prepared, to determine the benefits of the 737 atove that of the 727 for that short period?

HON. W. NGRMAN BODDEN: Mr. Fresident. based on the cast and the information which I have just supplied to the Howse, the Company it satisfied that in using the 737 for the type of wark which is plamed by the company, which is manly the charter aperation, that there will be substantial profits realised fram that aperation, if it is separated and dealt with or an fodividual basis.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: May I ask the Member if the range of the ajrcraft have been taken into account. That is, the 737 having a much shorter range, could it handle charters profitably to say, places like Los Angeles or would they have to restritt either the load of passengers or the amount of fuel, which would mean a stop rather than adirect flight? Has the range been taken fnto ascount in arriving at the favourable performance which is pat forward eoday?

HON. W. NGRMAN EDDDEN:
Mr. Fresident, the ramge has been taken into cansideration. The type of aircraft we are talking about is a 737 advanced-type aimeraft, and the perfopmance of that aircraft enatles it to cperate the charters to the destinations which Cayman Ainways have charters planned to this coming winter season, and those flights can be aperated without any penaity in paylaad, which are in places like New York, Chicago. Detrait and St. Louls. As to charters operated to Las Angeles, neither can the 727 aperate a has Angeles charter whthout making a stap. If the 727 were to atterpt to aperate a charter to bos Angeles, it would nocessarily have to mate a stop. If the 737 was put on such an ciperition, maybe it would have to make twa staps or mare, but the paint I all making is that the camany is 5 atisfied that the range of the 737 advanced-type adequately meets the charter operathors that are plamied this winter by the company.

MR. G. HABG EODDEN: Mr. Fresident, may I ask the
Member if it is Egrrect that this lease beinga rwetr leaser will

other woras there will be no stewardessest no pilotst merew members at all staployed locally.

MR. FRESIDENT:
1 thimu that has been answered. I thith the member has alfeady 5 ait that was son
 find out if $I$ was egraect ith assuming thats
 will supply eabin attendants, but not cochpit eres.

M有 FEESIDENT:

 though we have not athually finished Questions we will cottinue with them aftef the suspensiont I think I will how suppend promesdings for approxtmately 15 mintues.

AT 11:25 A.M. THE HDUSE SUSFENDED
HQUSE RESUMED AT 11:45 A.M.


NO. $91:$
Could the Honoumatle Member say whether he ar amyone else has given instruthions to the staff of the Cayman Islands High School that only students with a good chante of passing be entered for the GCE and CSE enaminations for $1987 ?$

ANSWER:
The frincipal of Cayman istands High Bchool has been instructed that the sthool is to adhere to the policy that anly students with a reasonable chance of persting be entemed for the CSE Ang CSE Exams in 1987.

## GUPPLEMERTARIES:

MR. G. HAEG EODOEN:
Mr. President. can the Member say an what date those instructions were hambed dawn?

HON. BENSON O. EEANHS Mr. FrESidAnt, I do not know oh what date the fnstructions were handed down but they were first discussed in an Academic commiter, or at least my fitct knowledge of them was from the mitutes of an Academit committee held on lofm Octaber 1986.

MR. G. HAIG EDDOEN: Nr. Ffesident. Ean the Mander say if he sab the Minutes of the Acedemic Comotitee which first discussed the initial instructions that said thet ondy those with a goad chance, ar a hundred percent mance of passing showld be entered.

HON. EENSON D. EBANKS:
No, Mr. Fresident, I have never seen those and I doubt that that instruction was ever givenr ot that there are Minutes that reflect tmat.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: Mr. Fresident. wauld the Member
Mrivestigate this matter, and forward the minutes of the Acedemic
Comittee to the House, because certainly, ititiaily, it was
discussed, ar they were ifstructea imitially, whether he krows it or not that only thfideen with a good chance of passing shathe be
 instructioms were efanged. Sa, will the member undertake ta get the initial thintes and semd then to the Members.

HON. BENEON D. EEANS:
Mr. Fresicent, the Member is
making a statement and asking a question at the same time. The
position is that no such instruction was ever issued, therefore I am telling the promber what the instmation way, and fogt is the position.

Eut．Mr．Fresifettr Ean tha Mefober tell us howhe can answer in that fashion，when he has just said that he had mat seer the Minutes．

 ehange in instrumtions 5 it．

MR．D．EZZARD MILLER：Supplementary Gino
can the Member read the Minutes
so that we can clear the air．
HON，BENSON O．EBANKSE
 the question．I do not think tieed to read the minutes of the Academic Conmittee to the Houser they are not part of the questiont and my reply is based on that，and I do not intend to read fita Minutes．

MR．G．HAEG BGDDEN：
Mr．Frasidenta will the Member
let me mave the Minutes，so that 1 car Méd thedr

HON，BENSON D．EBANKS：Mr，Fresidert y do mot knew Sif from expefiaticer the Membef picks out ofly those thityg that auit him to read．If they ate going to bereadr I wiould read も色解．．．（LAUGHTER）．

MA．G．HALG BODOEN：
Nfll the Mombet zllow s sy the Fifst Dffitial Member to read them，sime he jo mesporsitelefer Govermment Eusimess．This questicm is mot a latahimg matter inf． Pfesidents and I thimk we need to get to the botton of it．

HON．BENSON O．ERANKS：You get Mr．Fresident，I
belfeve this is an instanee where the Member does not have the atswer to his question．．．（LAUGHTER）．

MR．G．HAIG EQDDEN：
Maybe will sutati 5 e you with
a photocopy of those Minutes．


MR：PRESIDENT1
Well if we have exhausted the possibyituies of supplementaries，that ends ounstion Tifer we pass on ta Itern 4．on today＇s Business Fafer．Statements－the Honouratle Firgt Elected Member of ExECutive Catifitl．

## STATEMENTS EY MEMBERS OF THE GOVEFNMENT

HOM．BENSOM O．EBANKS：
Thank you Mr．Fresident．
In atemmence with the
provissons of Frivate Member＇s Nutson No．t4is5，the followirg


Mr．F．Gordgh Smith，CEE，品A， Fellow of the Institute of Actumpies，left Grand caymon off zind july， 178名，Maving completed his prelimpmary work on a prapasal far a gacial Gecurity Scheme fop the Cayman Islands．

It was hoped that Mr．Sayth would have feturned on $15 t$ Detober，1936，ta conduet putilic diseussiom sessions an the proposal，ant to make final mecomitmdations for the scheme sn lyght of thase discussioms．

Subsequemt events，particutarly the atcivaties of certain elements within the companjty regarding the Matual Legal Assistance Treaty signed withif the Urited stetes on
 wauld be hare appropriate to delay the contempaated public discuseians of the scheme．Accordingly，piesent plams call formp，gmithto


# GOVERNMENT RUSINESS 

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IHE TRUSTE (AMENEMENT) BLLL IGEG

## FIFST FEADING

## CLERK:

 THE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986.MR. PRESIDENTS
Law to amend the Trusts Law, Revisedr is deemed to have been tread a Firgt time, and is set down for Secsind Reading.

## SECOND READING

## CLERK: THE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) EILL: 1986.

 Law. Revised.

The Me3narnadion of Objects and Reasans Mr. Presidenty states quite clearly the retasorifor thin short amendiment and ft is to memave an BMomaly in tie Law, sa as to enable a Cayman Islamds jricomparated exempted, am normmesident compary to be a beneficiary on ar exempted trust.

The problem that arase Nr.




However, urider Seetion 67 of

"Where the Registurar of Trusts is satisfata that the

 the lstands, hemay, upon applicatian made by the trustees at any time, register such trust as minemptedt trust."

There is matetion or.
Presfotmt. that ff the Registrar jamot gatisfied. that the

 words, exempted companies abtein thein stetus as ah ejempted compary by the berfeficial gwher being residert elsewheme. But there ss 50 one

 beneficiary of ary trust can be acerporate entity ac well es am



 Islands for the parposes of Section bo. However, the use af the word
 may think theme is mat any difett authomity in the caymen Iatands.

It js clear from the Englith
 of its incomporatiom, thus any company incompomated in ther cayman Islands, whether mesidenty ordinary, nom-restoent ar axempteds fs domiciled in the cayman Islamas, and Sertiom b子, says the oppasitex

Draftsman at the tamey may nave been ramcemtratiog an the fidividual rather than the entity, and thas refated the amomaly with this particular Law.


which retats:
 company incomporated jrs the Gayman Isiands whimem is an


And perhaps Mr. Frestident, in trying ta deal with a technical amendment whder a very techaical piece of legisletion, I may have fun the risk af mat elarifyifathe position to all concerned. Eut it is a simplematter. Mr. Fresidems. We are trying to remove the anomaly whith will allow exempted trusts te te registered by the fegistrar, or to be allowed for" registration by the Registraf, thus givirg us mare tusifess aficur toghs, aft hopefully more revenue to Govertimemt coffers.

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MR. PRESIDENT: The question is that a Gill
entitled a Bill for a kaw to amend the Trusts Law (Revisedi, be read a
Second time.
                                    The Notion is open fon debate.
No Member wishes to speak, I will put the question,
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QUESTION FUT: AYES
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH: Can I have a division Mm.

Fresident?
MR. PRESIDENTE
Certalfly.

## DIVISJON <br> N0. $31 / 86$

## AYES: 14

Hon. Thomas C. Jefferson
Hon. Michael J. Eradley
Hon. J. Lemuel Hurlstan
Hon. Eensan D. Ebanks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kirkeonnelt
Hom. Vassel G. Johmson
Mr. W. Mekegva Eush
Mrs. Daphtie L. Orrett.
Mr. Linford $A$, Fiepsom
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkconnell
Mf. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller Mr. John E. MrLean

MR. PRESIDEMT:
I deelare the Motipn Earried.
AGREED: THE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986 EIVEA A SECIND READINE.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Eillä. First Reading.

THE FIREARMS \{AMENDMENT\} EILL 198 旦

## FIRST READING

CLERK: THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) BILL. 1986.

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MR, FRESIDENT:
The Eitil entiqued a Eill for a
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``` First tifte, and is set down for secomd feading.
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SECDNE READING

## CLERK:

THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) EILL, 1986.
HON. Ja LEMUEL HUFLSTON: Mrifyesident, I beg to moye
the Second Rading of a Bill entitied a Eill for a Law to amend the Fifearms Law (Revised).

Although contalning ib claus.os
Sir, this Eill is quite att uncomplicated one. Eleven of the lb clauses sir, relate wo the increases of pensities, to bfitg tiose into more pealistic levels.

The poinciple amondments



hand over that firearm immediately on receiving writaten hotice under certain cfrcumstances.

If I can deal firstly Sirr with the minor amendments in relation to Gumbith's Licences. clause 4 of the eill substitutes an iteain the princtayl waw in Settion il. It substitutes sub-item (b) making it mandatory for a holder of afirearm to produce a valid firearms Users Licence upon delivering that firearm to the gunsmith's shop.

The primetpal Law presently
contains the grovision that the cansmith has to paty have reasanable cause to belleve that the holder has a fireargs lifence. This proposed amondment will remove the provision for him te have just ceasonable causer, and to make it mandatory that the persan dellvering the firearm must have a valid licence to do so.

In clanse t. of the Eill Sirya very minot amendment in sub-item (d) provides that the sigh displayed at the premises of a licensed gunsmith shall in addation to containing the words 'licensed as a gunsmith continue to include the words tos repair and alter firesrinst along with a description of the type of firearms so licensed.

Clause 10 . of the Eill provides for an amendment to Section 17 . of the Law which deals with iticences and permits, and it is a tidying-up amendment to include the altering of firearms, in addition to the provisions for repafring fifearms. This has been brought to notice Sir, because it is our minderstanding that there are increasing difficulties where residentsr sitshing to obtain permits to euport their guns for repairs op atuerationsr may be having more difficulties in obtaining the permits from foreign countriss for such purposes, and hence the demata wili result in mope local persons undertaking the work locally.

The mest important amendment being proposed in this eill sir, is in relation to gection 28 of the principal Law. wherein it is proposed to insert an aditional subsection under Section 3 . Section 3 deals with situations there tine approptiate authority revakes licence or a permit, and gives notise in writing to the holder, giving notice and specifying that the licente has been rewoked, or requiting such persons tos deliver up the firearm or permit on a date to be specified. The amendment Sir, is to insert a new sub-iten ict that where the approfriate athority revokes any licence or pefmit under this saction, the yall give notice in writing to the holder thereofy requifing sheh fergons to deliver to him forthwith, the firearm to whith the licemce or permit relates. In other words. it is requiring an immediate gurrender of the firearm upon beimg so notified. goviously Sir, this would have been the intention on the first instance, but because the law fis gilent on the point, one could simply in the past, revoke a licance. and if the individual did not aurrender it, you could then only chatye fim for being fa possession of an wificensed finearm. This amendrent takes care of that point six.
contunting on that ame Clawse 12 sut-item (e), there is the adotiton of a new subsectioft also dealing with the delivering up of firearms. New atusection provides for the disposal of fitrearms handed over to the authorities. It provides that anyone who produces a licence within twelve months of having had it surrendered, may retrieve the firearm so sufrendered. If not fetrieved within twelvemonths: the firearm is forfeited tu the Crown.

The sther tidying-spamendments Gir. relate to the insertion of the word 'Royal' in front af the Gayman Islands Folice Force, recognising ita curpant statma, and in arcondance with the provisions of Standing brepra Mo fexaident. I have written to the Cletk, giving notice of a vary ming conatitee Stage Amendment that will be moved in connestion with ciawse ibr and hopefally, notice of that very minor drafting amendment will be circulated to Members shortly.

I recomand the Eill thenis Honourgele Hobse siry and trust that Members will fins it possible to supports it.

[^29]The Sectig Elected Menter far west gay.

Mr. Fresident, I whid have preferpd to see today a complete new law before us, seetig that the present law it quite ald, sothe 22 years naw, and times kave changed to say the least, since 1964.

In the atbence of 5uch a Bill, I can however, give my support to the aneriding gill now before us for censideration. I wauld say sir, that I feel Etrongly that the procedure of gun licensing in these Islands should be now revieweb. do not agmee Sir, that ane persen sharld have the prerogative of issuing gun licences. I belifeve that they should be rampied out by a proper Licensing Eqard consisting of several peopley and t mate the suggestion not in any derogatory form. ar manner against the person presemty carryirg cut this particular furction, gut 1 mabe the suggestian anty because I feel that a properly constituted Eaert would make the licensing af guns more detorratic.

The other thing I feel strangly
about is that presently, private citizens, that is an ardinary fersem whe do not own a business, cannot get a licence, of ft feast find it hard to get one, and with the very high crime rate existing in this country, this is posing athreat, as I 5 ee it. It js pesing a threat to a man in his home in his bed, if he is attacked by same eriminel with a gha. I believe Mr. President that there arem many, many ghas an the street, probably three times as many ar more than are now licensed. So Mr. President, the paivate citizens really do mot have a
 is a most sertous matter. Not that I feel that having a gun in the bouse is a good thing, I feel that there maybe mayy qualifications to what $I$ arm talking atout, but the answer is rot an ensy one. Getting the gun that is umbicensed is the problem. and who wants ba put the bell on the cet.

3 support the titi. and l trast.
that the Govermment bench take heed as to what I an talkirg atout megarding a Baard for the licensing of firearns in thas country, and mate for a complete review of the firearms Luw.

MR. PRESIDEAT:<br>The Second Elected Member far George Town.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSOM: Mr. Fresident. it was not my Intention to detate this gill, but unfortunately the mover of the Bill did mot read my little note. I was asking hif to clarify clause 12 . of the gill, and it would have saved me having to speak on this Bill.

I would lite to support. Mr. Fresident, whet the former speaker said, the Second Eletted Member for West Bay, that f feel that aproper Licensing Beard should te established by Govermment. I would hate to see a situatian where there is a lot of favauritism, and where the amendment to gection 28 of the principal law could be abused. I do nat think that the problew is whth licence halders of valid permits. But i teifeve sir, that the major protems are with the illegal firearma, ant ifeel that perhaps more vigilance should be taken by the polite to try and find these illegal firearms. Eecause sim, from uncificial imformatian $\quad$ have received, there seem to be quite a murber of gums that are tirculatimg around, that ame not licensed.

Mr, Ffesidemt, I belteve that
the cause of this erosion in our soriety is due to the insenstivity towards gum social problemg in the Cayman Islands. I belifeve sim. that many of these illegal arms willy in time get inta the urang hands, if they are not there already, and will ereate a very whsafe situatiom ta the upright eitizens of this catrary.

J belifve sir, that it will be
necessary for many of us in the caymely Islands, many of the upright citizens in the Ceymar Islands to irdeed, have licensed firearms. Eut Mr. President. I hope this day will tome later than sacmer, because it will be a sad sftuation when one must have a gun in bis side tatie at night to protect himself. This is mot the caymaniam way of tife Mr. President. We have been in situation where we have been abie to sleep with our doors gpen in this cathtry. Fut Mr. Frestident. the situation is fast disappearing. I feet Mr. Presiofnt. while I support. this amendment, that we should be very, very careful in that this particular amendment is not abused in any way.

I thanh you Mr, Fresident, and
I suppart this afendment Law.
MR. PFESTDENT:

Honourable Third Official Members

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HON. U. LEMUEL HURLSTOM: I WOUId if*e to thank the
Members far supporting this Bill. Eoth of the speakers mentioned Mr.
President, possible fears in our community; possithe threats against
private citizems and busimessesj possible dangers ifr felatich to the
protection of persoms and property im their hoineg.
                                    Let mewesmpe this Honourate
House Sim, that the pmesent licensing authority, the commissiomef of
Folice and the entire Royal Caymar Islamos folice ferge take quite
seriously, theim respensibllity im respect of the use and egntral and
licensing af fimearms. This particulam matzer is upder comstaht
review whthin the force, and there is indeed a properly establjshed
procedure, and a scmeening process that is la|d dGwh in respect of the
curmert licensing palicy. Let me therefore assume Hormameble Members
that there is no favouritism whatsoever being practiced ficw, ar woll
ever befflactised in that regart.
                    I have however: taken note of
the recommendationmade, that perhaps the time is not too faf away to
consider the establishment of a Licensimg EGard
                                    Thank you Mr. Fresidert.
MR. PRESIDENT:
                                    The questian is that a full
entitled a Eill for a Law to amend the Firearms Law (Revised) be given
a Second feading.
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QUESTION PUT: AYES

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: President.

Can I have a divisiom Mr.

MR: PRESIDENT:

Yes.

## AYES: 14

Hon. Thomas $C$ Jefferson
Hon Michael J. Eradley
Hon. J. Lemal Huflston
Hon. Benson D. Ebanks
Hon. W. Nopman Eodden
Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kltikennell
Hon. Vassel Ga Johnson
Mr. W. Mckeeva Eush
Mr゙ョ, Daphote L, Brest
Mr. Linford $A$, Pierson
Capt. Mabry S. Kitw
Mr. G. Haig Eodden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller
Mr. John E. Mclean

MR. PRESIDENT:
I declare the Motion carried.
AGREED: THE FIREARMS \{AMENDHENTY ELLLY I $98 G$ GIVEN A BECOND FEADIMG.

MR. PRESIDENT:<br>Eills. Fitst Reading.

THE NOTARIES FUELJC (AMENDMENT) QLEB, 178
EIRST READIMS
CLERK: THE NOTARIES PUBLIC (AMENDMENT) BILL, iogs.
MR. PRESIDENT:
A Eill entitied a Eivl for a



## SECOND READINE





Sir, I hope that my speech in moving this Setond Reading will be more briaf than the second Fading speech of the Eill r last presentad to this Honourable Assembly. and also hope that the subject matter of it will be sightiy less controversial.

Gur Notarias fublic Lak Sir. was revised and redated and enatted some four years ago by law Nomb 3 of 1782. Contemporaneously with that law. it was thought appropriate in gecemoar of 1982, to amend the Legal Practitioners tisw of 1967 : 50 as to provide that in respect of persons who are on tife role of Attorneys-at-Law in this jurisdiction. that the clerk of court shall strike off the court role the names $\mathrm{gf}_{\mathrm{f}}$ any Attorneys-at-Law, Dther than those who possess Gaymanian status, who have mot been at any time during the 24 months immediately proceeding the striking $\mathrm{Dff}_{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{f}$, and possession of an amual practising certificate. That amendment was passed by this House siry at that time, and the reason for such passing was to ensure that persons who had ceased to have a patacising centificate herer who had ceased tocarry ist busfoms heter and who had gone to other jurisdictions. sould not hold themselves out to the world at large as Attorneys-at-Law in the Cayman istands entitued to do business here.

Wer with our large offshope financial industry, have a duty to emsure that the office of Notary Public is an offite accorded to citizens and to persons who realise the responsibility of the office, and to persons who are responsitula and answerable to this community. On that basia sir, it was thought that whist there is no territorial limit placed apotithe particulat place where a notarial act cath take place by somebody authorised under our law, that it was not appropriate for persons to earry on notarising documents, having legal affect and registrable in this jurisaiction. when those people had ceased, and reased for a considerable period of time to be resident within this jurisdiction. Acsordingly 5ir, it is proposed that the Notafies fublit law be amended by inserting a new section which since it is brief. I will mead in full. The margin note reads "Non-residence for twelve months" -
"10(a) The Clerk shatl strike from the register the thame of any Notary fublit who has been continuously resident outside the Islands for the immediately preceding period of twelve months."

That is the end of the classe Sir, and that clause I submit to Honourable Members of this Houser will protect the office the dignity and the integrity of persong carrying out notarial acts in respect of this jutisdiction.

I comment the short fopefally uncontroversial Eill to Honourable Members yf this House.


No Member wishes to speak, I will put the question.

## QUESTION PUT: AYES

MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
Gat I Rave a division Mr.
President.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Sertainly.

## GIVISIDN <br> N0.33; 86

AVES: 14<br>Hon. Thomas $G$ Jefferson<br>Hon, Mínhén d. Bradley<br>Han. S. Lemuel Humlston<br>Hon. Eenscm D. Ebanks<br>Hen. W. Namman Bodden<br>Hon, Capt. Charles L. Kifrbommell<br>Hom. Vassel G. Johnsom<br>

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Mry. Dapinne L. Orreti
Mr. Linford A. Fiterson
Capt. Mabry S. Kirkcommell
Mr. G. Haig Badden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller
Mr. John E. Mclean
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！むeclare the motion Earが边．
AGREED：THE MOTAEIES FUELIC IAMENOMENT Y EILL，YEX GLEM A EECOND READING

MR．PRESIDENT：
There is forart only phe more
 Paper，and mo other items are ar the Drofer faper far today．

In view of the foresodings
expressed earlier by the Second Elected Menber far bedderlown
perhaps it would be as wise if we postpone the discussion of inis remajoing Bill until this aftermocm，and oreak for lumeh mow，I do Bot kncw whether that wauld sult Membersy it is faimiy rear lanchtime．

ME．W．ACKEEVA GUSH：Mr．Fresident，in respect of the Ofder Faper Girt I remember that all Ejllsm．．．

HDN．MICHAEL J．ERADLEY：
Will tine Merober please stand
when addressing the．．．．
MR．W．MEKEEVA EUSH：I rearember that all Eillis were
 that fs the Partnership Law（Ameidmetyt）Billa I da not know whether yomebody mould axplain to me what happetied？

MR．PRESTDENT：
Well， 5 Ean only deai with what
is on the Order Faper，I am afraid．If therie has been same sifp，no doubt Menters of the Busines combittee will go intu ft．But the fatt is the House cannot be expected today to morsider thifgs that ane not an the groar Faper，and that there is only the ame remajning toma $\quad$ and expect there probably where gogd reasche why the others were cimitted．

1 do not thany we are ithely to
 am fnclined to thinh perhaps it will be for the conventence af the House geformaly，if we ou suspend praceedings how．

I will Eusperd procemdings


# AT 12．30 P．M．THE HOUSE SUSPENDED <br> HOUSE FESUMED AT $2: 23$ F．M． 

Flease be sezted．
Eills．Fifst Fesding．

THE TDEACCO PRODUCTE AMD INTDXIDATING
LIOUOR ADVERTISING EILL，if3も

## FIRST READING

CLERK：
THE TOEACCO FRDDUCTS AND INTOXICATINS LIQUOR ADVERTISING 8IEL 1986.

MR．FRESIDENT：
The Eill entitied a Efll for a Law ta make provisian far the display af a bealth warmyg in camertact with the advertisemert of tabatco products toprovide far the contral of advertising of tabacea prodiats and intasicating liquar，and fer purposes carnected therewith and imejoemtal thereto
 REむずゥg．

## SECOMD READI要S

 EILE：1784．
shortiy entitted The Tobaces froducts and thtocitating Liqugr Advertising Law. 1986 be read a Second Time.
i beg your paruon. I said that before the Member had moved it, and ins premature. If the Member will move it now. I will say it again later.

HDN. EENSON D. EEANKS: Mr. Fresident. I beg to move the Gecond Reading of a Bill shomtly entitag Thetataccopproucts and Intoxicating Liquar Advertising Bill, 1986.

Mr. Presederits this sinort Bill
seeks ta foplement the reconmendations of a Gelect cominttee of the Legislative Assembly, which reported to the Budget, Sesston one year ago.

The Bill, Mr. Fresiderit. seeks to require that certain advertising for tobacea prodiates shaudd incomporate a health wamiang, and to prohibit all advertising of tobacco products and intoxicating liquor an radio and televiston braadcast fram within the Islands, and at einematagraphic displaye, ard to peritit the Governor in Council to make regulations iti respect. of other forms of advertising of these products.

Mr. President, Evidemce warldwide is giverwhelmingly camelasive that tabacea smokirg ard excessive drimking of alchal are dangerous to bealth.
cothpantes such as insurance comparies have recognised this, and have been rewardirg nonsmokers and nor-drinkers for some tame now, by tharging lawer premitams to suth persons.

It will be seer from the Bill. Mr. PMesident, that Section 3 deals with the health warming tgite placed oh tobacco advertisements, and it will also be noted tilat subsection 2 af that sectian makes at exceptian in the zese of documents which are published outcide these telmhder and imported tci the Istands, but comtain advertisements of tobaceoforaducts,
Nevertheless, Mr. Fresident, Even though thet prowisu is there, mest of the develaped courthites now insist that similar warnimgs to these
 do not believe that this is a serious loophole ifthe law.
 owned entirely by Government, it seeke io ban the advemt isement of both tobaceo products and intoxicating liquor completely fram that media, In the case af the cimemasy Mr. Presidert, I carisay from experiente that the existing cinemas have fotia larg time valuntarily desisted from advertising alcohal and tobecto products.

The anly persmos Mr. Presidentr whe will be affected by this will be some of the local poblications. We are not saying at this point that they carmat adverty products. What we are saying is that wherever they carmy these advertisements, they must be actompanied by a warning to the effect that the use af tobacco products can be severeay gamagimg to cines health.

Ggvernment has taken the lead in this Mr. Presidert, in that, from the tione the Comajtamemade its rewommendations: no mew contracts were signed for advertisiby tobacta or altahol products. and it was also recothmemed and has been complied


 Presidert, I think that we are tadimg extep in theright difection


 is probubly the most witely atused ofug af all in the cayman aslands, ano what this Bill semks to don at leasty is to femoverfommay advertisement any, ghell $\}$ say, glorification gry edificatian that could be given to the produrt by means of advertisimgy and i commend this Rill to the favoumable comsideration of Homedrable Members.

PR, PRESIDENT:

prematurely to do beforer and that is to say that the questiot is that a Eill shoptly entitled The Tobaces Frodusts and Iftokisatitig Liquop Advertisitg Law, 1986 be given a Semotd Readitg, and that the motion is open for debate.

I Can give the Bill my support.
I am sure some are wondering how i support the eill, and did not support the motion. Hawing seen the Eill, would take it as an abrogation of my responatofility to alt the people in thfs esuntry, if Ifafled so to do.

It is a researched fact that
the promotion and advertising of tobatco products is aimed and do hook the young people pa the smoking habit. Reseateh tells me tao that one smoker in every three is thought to start smoking before the age of thirteen. Research carriad out in the United kingdom also brought to light that sarking is one of the largest causer of denth. It account; for more than four times as many ptemature deaths as road aceidentsr alcohol, firesr murder, suicide, poisoning and every other cause of acidental death all put together. On the ayerage, those who die from smoking loose ten to fifteen years of iffer compared with their expectancy if they had been nonsmokers. That is why organisations including the Royal College of fhysicians, the gritish Medical Association the Health Edwcation Council and many others, have called for a ban on the promotion of tobaceo produtis. They object to tobaces promotion firstiy, for ethical reaspos secondy, because it helps to promote an image of smoking tiat is contrary to the realities of the nabit. thirdiy, because it undernines the effectiveness of serious health messages and fourthly, and particularly, because of the unfortunate and mis leading link ereated between smoking and physical fitness which is particulariy regrettable in fts effect on young people. These statistics. ith. President, might not really apply to these Island as they do to the United Kingdom, because of the size of sur country, Nevertheless, it does have an affect on as and better health $\begin{aligned} & \text { s something which }\end{aligned}$ everyone want and desire.

Mr. Fpesident, it is mat an easy thfig to get current smokefs to kick the habitr but as far as I am concerned, we do have a special responsibility to help prevent young paople from starting this deadly hatit.

There is one more point 1 would make. It has been a long time as I toly you earlier. Mr. Fresident, since I have been to Government housa, maybe i have been a bat boy, but I trust, that if I am invited again. HFs Eucellency will take heed of the dangers of gmokingr and not pass out those obnacious sinelly cigars that i see sometimes. I an also wanderiag sif, if somathing cannot be done also about smoking in public places suct as the hospital and other alaces as well. Inhaling the smoke from simeone else's eigarette it is said, is as bad as smoking itself.

So Mr. Fresident, with those few remarks. I give the Bill my support. Mr. Fresident I know that I voted against the motion and having dane my own research, and having seen the Eill, the twenty thousand dotiars that Ratio Cayman has lost, has been raised by other takes on people, so th seems that bovernment will not miss that twenty thousand dollars. This bill will not cure all the social problems as might be anticipated, but, yes, it is a start and we need to start somewhere. The bill, i will give my support tor at this time.

HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: On a Foint of Order, Mr.
Presiofrt, sif. It may te that the chair feelg that it is mot proper to draw the atentyon of Nembers to Standing Order 35:7) whith says that the conduct of the Govermor may mot be fapugfed ar detated in any other thas a sutstaritive Mation.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

I thought abcot it but 1 agme
to the conclusion that it was my cigars rather than my conduct he was Eriticising.

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
HON. MICHAEL J. ERADLEY:
Yes Mr. Fresident.
in inanditg but the cigars!
MR. PRESTDENT:
ME. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
with such trivial things as he fs beiteging sp finere, The Mamben know what I an talking about, he is the one that is using those stimk
cigars [ smell sumetimes.
MR. FRESIDENT:
1 think if the matier is
Lrivial, the Second Elected Member for West bay shoutd not live maised it. However, there we are. Does amy other Member wish to speak? The Thind Elected Memter for West bay.

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MRS. DAPHRE L. ORRETT:
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Tham you sir.
I am pleased that covernment has seen fit to support the Motion which resulted in this eill being brought firpward.

There were a humber of people
in the community that were a littie bit concerned when they saw. i think it was fridays issue of the Gaymatian Compass. which indicated that this Bill might have been withdrawh. Eut I think that was some error. I do not know on whose part. However. 1 , in bringing this Motion, think I presented my case quite well. I do not intend to prolong my debate on this, except to say that I disagree with a feit of the coments which I saw printed in the newspaper, that advertising basically, is done simply for a person to ehange from one beand of a product to another. That is not the case, in fact, the primary reason why this Hotion was brought to the House was tecause there were certain advertisements which I heard on Radio Caynan: wich avery time I heard those advertisements i thought to myself, iff were a young person trying to decide whether or nat i should either drink or smoke, those advertisements would certainly have gone a long way to convincing me that I would have been better bff by choosing to do sh. And I felt that they had a direct, unfavourabla finact on the young people of this country.

## It is a foregone conclusion.

 Everyone is aware of what smoking does. My commentis to the Caymanian Compass when they contacted me earlier on: wate that i looked at this as a step in the right direction, and austed an old Chinese proverb which says that a road even a thousand miles long, you get there by starting making one step at a time, and I would hope this particular Bill, Mr. Pregident, will prove to be just that. There are may other areas with regard to 5 moking and the consumption of aleothot, that I feel neads attention, and which I would hope that we will see before this House is dissolved in some two years time, that we might be able to do, or bring other measures to this House which will helo this country.There are a number of areas which need attention, and $I$ feel Sif, that perhaps in Comititee stage We might wish to bring some other amendments, ar" propese some other amendments, because it is now time that Goveriment look at the banning of smoking in all Govermment buildings, whether it is the kopital or wherever it is. Eut it is definitely a detriment, and feel gir, that in any communfty, we need to take into cunsideration the masses, the majority of the poople, and if shere are a few people who insist. that they will stoke whether or not it shorters their life by ten. fifteen or twenty years, well that is their busimess, as long as they smoke where they do not interfere with another persons fealth.

1 of course fifport the Bill,
and 1 wish to thank those Members that have, in anticipation of those who will 1 want to say that $I$ am most grateful, and feel that any revenue lost through the passing of this Bill will be more than realised through perhaps the good heath of the people of this country, which might result in young people who refrain, or refuse to get involved in any of these vises by at least these things being brought to the forefront. House. Mr. President I thank ysu for allowing me to spak on this Eill.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Honourable Second Elected
Member of Executive council.
HON. W. NORMAN EODDEN:
Mr. Fresident, I rise to
support the Bill, shortiy entitled The Tobaces Froducts and Intoxicating Liquor Advertising Bill. 1986.

I recognise and accept the rights of every persion, every individual to choose the way he or she desires to go, But I sincerely believe Mr. Fresident, that Government has a distinct responsibility to warn and inform the general putic by whatever freans at its disposat, of the health hazards in the interests of public health, the cost of which, boverment is adite often called
upon to underwrite.
As has bewn sald, it is fatt that almost daily, there ig new conclusive gridence being uncovered to substantiate fully the health risk that tobacco use and etcessive use of alcohns britig to those who ehoose to ftodulge.

I would like to mentinti here that as the Mover said in his opening remaris. as part of Government's fecommendations not to allow the use of billboards which were controlled by the Cayman Islands corporation for such advertising, this has been done, and I may add, that the Comporation has had no difficulty whatsoever in getting new advertising suatomers to replace those for the advertisements covering tobaceo or alcohol.

This Eillr Mr. Fresident, will bring hardships to no one, in fact it is just the opposite. It is intended to prevent hardships because today there is mo monetary value that can be placed on good healfh.

I belleve toon that this is a stap in the right direction, and let me say here, that I would expect that other protective measures will be taken in other afeas to further extend Government's Effort to fully inform and thereby protect publit health to the maximum degree possible.

With those few wordg Mr.
President, I support the Eill. Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT: Does any other Member wish to speak? The Second Elected Member for George Town.

MR. LJNFORD A. FIERSON: Mr. Fresidert. as the seconder of the motion which restlted in the Bill before us here today, a Eill shortly entitled The tobaces Froducts and thtoxiceting Liqupr Advertising Bill, 1986.

I naturaly give my full
support to this Bill, I do not support this Mr. Fresidentr because I wish to project myself as a moralistr nor have i supported this motion which has brought this eill about, because i wish to project myself as some form of born-again Christian. Mr. Fresident, my position on thit had started from the time I can remember, because I was fortatlate Mr. Fresident to have been brought up in a very chotistian hama, a home where there was no smoking and no drinking. I remember sir that the Fiest beer unfortunately, the first beer that l ever tasted was when $i$ Was almost twenty years old. So Mt. Fresident, y have always been opposed to smoking ant excessive drinking because i have seen the very harmful affects that smoking and arinking have on the lives of the people involved and more so siri on the lives of theit famflies.

Sut Mr. Pfesidentr while this Eill deals primarily with the prohibition af adyertisine of tabacen products and intoxicating liquor an radio and television groadeasts from within the islands, and at cinematograpmic displays if feel Sir, that it is unfortunate that it did not go beyond this.

Mr, Fres identr ftom 尹 personal point of view, 1 would wish to see smoking restricted in all public places. I would wish by see festaurants and other areas zoned for smokers and monsmokers. Mr. Fresident fifel that it is gnlya courtesy to those who do not smoker that smokesp respert their rights
 buildings and offices. I had a lady who came to speak to me patits a few days back, but when $I$ told her that $I$ watd call het bosy and see If he could do something about the situation in the office, sine told me not to do it, begause she was affaid she would be fited, that is unfortutate. Mr. President if this gituation msist Eontinat, then we would ask the smokers not to pollute the air that others have to breather and this does not only apply as I have said, it putilic plares such as restaurants, hotels and so on but should ziso apply in public offices. We would be taikg a forwara stepr if later on an amenament could be brought to this House to bring about that situation where smokting would be restricted in these gublic areas and buildings.

Mr. Penesident, it is zo well
known fact which has been ertablished by meffeal pesearch that amoking and drinking is harmiul to ones hestthr and white fan appaeciate that the offorts wiffo we are taking throggh this eill witi not totally itop this problem. Mr, Presifent fagl that it will reduce the danger that is now inherent fin this terribie poactice. To gome individuaks, smoking and drinking is socially acsepted, it is a socially acceptable way of taking drugs. Eut as the Second Elerted member for West Eay said. statistics have shom that more people have died from divining than perhaps from any single other wase, Yet Mt.

Fresident y you find that many of our laders seag ha harm in getting plastered, and even jumping inter theite cacs and driythg po public roads in a condition where fhey are not only putting their own lives at stake, and in danger, but also the lives of the general public. And Mr . President these same individuals shoutd be aetiting an example for their people.

Mr. Fresident, I feel that
Government is to be commended for takitg a lead in this matter, but I also feal sir, that it is incumbent on each Member of this Legislative Assembly to set a good example. It sometimes bothers me how upstanding members of our community are, and the pillars of the Chumb are some of the individuals that are most to te blamed for the breaking of certain laws with regards to drinking. Mr. Fuesident. I wonder from what moral position they spable, when they get up in the Church sometimes and admonish their flack to do right. Mr. President. I do not speak on the evils of smoking and drinking, berause feel that it is a problem with any member of my fafily, or it is a problem with myself.

I support this Byll Mr.
President. because $I$ feel that any upright citixen of this country should do the same. We want a healthy Cayman Islands for all. We have cleaned up the billboards; we are discontinuing contracts on the radio, now we need to clean up out indiwidual lives.

While I know that the remarks made by the Second Elerted Membet for West Eayr to you gir was made in jestr I hope that all Members of this Assemblyr and indeed top Government officials. will see the more serioxs side to the statement made by fitm. Mr. Fresident, as 1 have said, what sounds very contradictory is that some of the Churches that denounce drwse as they should dor smile at the use of gmoking and drinking atophol. As a matter of fact, some of those leaders of the Churehr pillars of the Church. are very guilty of that abominable practice.

Mr. Presfdent, right in thys district of George Town, and $\{$ am surn Members can say the sane for the districts throughout the Sayman Islands, I have seen many homes destroyed from the use of alcohol. I have seen many of my friends die from lung cancer and other causes related to gmoking. I feel sir, that Government must take even stronger measurest mat berome even more sensitive to the problems by getting mope directiy involved through lectures, through the wse of the Eacial Seryices Depaftiment, and atherwise. Train up a child in the way he should gor atd when he is old he will not depart. Many times Mr. Fresident, the phs and the problem lies with the parents. They must show the ekample to tineir Ehildren. It is not always a surety that the fhildren ufll follow the advice you give them, but Mr. President, that is mornetheless bur responsibility.

Mr, Finesidents it support this
Bill, I give ft my wholehearted commerdation.
Thank you Mr. President.

MR. FRESIDENT:
The Third Elected Member of
Executive Council.
HON. CAPT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. FMEsident, I rise to support the Eill, not becasse it seeks to inplement the Roport of the Select committee of this Assembly on the prohibition of fiquor and cigarette advertising, but $i$ an able to support it $\operatorname{six}$ a because was once a smoker of 25 years, of which I can only look back and say, were regrettable years. 1 quit smoking 18 years agor and the znly regret 1 have is that $I$ ever started to smoke. I was lopsing my hefth as a result of smaking, 1 was tired, it was reducing my eapacity for work it started to affect my bisod pressure, and started to show in on the EKG's. I was advised by the doctor to quit. Eut life every other haman being. we think we know better than the next person, what we should dot and I sontinted to smonea However, the time came when I got the Hong kong flu which made it impossible for me to even stand the scent of smoke, and it was ten days before i was able to even stand anyone around me gmoking a cigatette, i made up my mind from that day forward that if I could do without it for tef days. I would do without it for the rest of my life. I went through one year of torture tryifig to quit the habit, but thank fodr l conquered it and $I$ have no pegrets; and I have not looked back.

It was often 5aid that a



take alcohol wifich I used to take as wellr smoke and drinic, the next day my head felt as big as this Legisiative Assembly Eufldingr 50 I know Mr. Fresident, what smoking and drinking gives. I have no need to ask anyone.

I did not realise either Mr.
 other people, particwlarly in an air conditioned eary and now much annoyance it was to then, today 1 am able to appreciate that fact.

Some Members havie aaid that the
Bill does not go far enough. However, Mr. Presidint, as ane Member said 'the journey of a thousand miles beging tifth the first stap'.

I alsorealr that as leaders in our commatiy we should set the erample to atherar and particularly the younger generation who are the ones that are nost likely to take up the hatit of smoking. Somehow or other Mr. Frespdent, it appeals to the younger getieration because I think it gives them the feeling of being matured men and women.

1 can only hope and pray $M r$. Fresident, that we will continue to find ways and means to eontraly in some way of other, the use of eigarettes and smoking geiterally and as well aleohol to a level that we can tolerate.

Mr. Ftresident I have ns
hesitancy Sir, in supporting this Billy and t ask other Memberg to give it their support as well.

MR. PRESIDENT: Does, any other Member winh to Speak? The Secand Elected Menber far Badden Tawn.

MS. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. Fresidenta 1 toc realise the eivils of cigarette smoking and the excestive sse pfatcohol. However, the Eill before the Howse is a phony. The Eill before the House has been brought by a Govertment that for the last wwy years has done nothing but encourage the use of altohol in these islands. They have greatiy angered the chutches, and now, they tiy to assuage that anger by presenting a phony Eill to the House.

It is a known fact, that since the late Election, licences have been granted ty many rew liquor establishments. In fact, somebody remarked recently that in george Town it is only left for them to lirenge the lamposty.

I fecall when they were elected in 1 ge4, there was a provision in the liquor baw which said that there could only be one lleansed establishment to every 250 vaters on the registered list of woters. And immediatelyr 3 s they wers elected. there was an applfation to license a premises on the west Eay Eeach and that regulation in the Liquor law would have prevented the granting of that license. So the Execative comail immeataty amended the regulation so that that regulation dealing with the ratio of licensed premises did not apply to the west eay Eeach and having taken that sut, the places there were granted licences, this is a fact. M sooner that this had befn done, than ather supporters af the Government applied in George Toun to get their establishments licensed, and Ekecutive Council went back again and amended the Regulation, so that the Regulation did not apply to the ryland at all. and so more supporters were given licences, through the Board whith they had set up. And. finally, a few monthr latefr they trought a new Liquon eill to thls Assembly, and they revoked the kegutationr ar repealed the fegulation which had esisted in the law. so that it foo longer exists. And to my mind, this was definitely encownaging new places to be established.

When they were electedr there
was a Regalation whifin wa part of the law, whish satid that no tew place could be licensed if it was within a guarter of a mita of a Church. or school. Some of thetr supporters were clamouring for licenses. The new law whish was passed by this dsambly and supportad by their backpench supporters, left that clause out of the Law. and more of their supporters were given licences fonateay where they could not have raceived them befors Novenbery 1784.

Eince Nawamber, 1784 we hawe seen an expansion of the hours that an astablishment can ftay opened. We lave seen new rules with regard to the sumay fory Government has beat gatity over the last two yeara gf encoutagitg and not only encouragity but making it possible for the distetbution of alcohol, in manner ungregedented before. The Governmont has date everything possible to entiance the legality of the ligubr sales. And this is why I say that this action today if hypocititazir and a phony.

of the law and see how phony it is. it seaks to porifait aduertisimy in the cinamas. It is my understanding, that the eimemas stopped advertising liquor and cigarettes geveral years ago. yetr the eill does nat seek to prohibit the advertising in newspapers, why? is it because the Government is afraid of the editor of the one newspaper? Is it betawse they are afraid of his editorials? is it because they would hurt the man whom they recently gave Gaymanian etatas to? or afe they afraid that he will come out gtrong against themr and may spoil their image for the next election? How can they bring a law so bias. geeking to stop advertising in the radig, when fine radis does not accept advertisements for liquor and cigatetter, seekint to fopp advertising in the cinema, when the cinema does thot accept advertisements, yet not seeking to stop advertitements in the newspaper, where they appear daily? How can we be so phony?

I do not beligve that this Bill make any significant impact upon the existing condition. I think just as many people will smoker and just as many people will drink as had done so before this law appeated, becawse the gill dom not attack the cause of our groblem. If we are to have generation of monsmokers. and if we are to have a generation of non-drithers, we will hava to start educating that generation of the evils of the lise of tobaces and aloohol thot merely telling them that it is bad, but gixing them the facts. Teaching them in school and athome, if the parents ate atme to do sor of the many diseases that are started it the body by oyer indulgence, of tobarco and aicoholi teaching then of the many social ilis. Governmett has to Ehange ita pasture from teing a photy and a hypociter and attack this matter not only for show ant for fham, but attack the realities of the matter. Governamit welcomes the ase of tobaces and alcohsl.

The Budget this year would mot have been balanced, and even that is questionable, but it whuld mot be it the state that it is inr if it were not for the revenue from alcohol and cigarettes, if it were not for the licensing fees which Government gobules up. So Government welcomes the money whish comes in to its soffers from the sale of cigarettes and alcohotr and it is my bellef that the present government will not do angthing tor in any way, slow down the sale of cigarettes and alcohol. But if they can present a Eill which makes them look good, and which people believe is making an impact. they will do that. But I call this Bili a phony.

MR. PRESIDENT:
the time when we customarily take our afterncon break, and I will therefore suspend proceedings now far approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 3:23 P.M. THE HDUSE SUSFENDED<br>HOUSE RESUMED AT 3:43 F.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Flease be seated.
Resumption of the Second
Feading Debate on the Tobaced products and tntokicating iquot
Advertising Eill. Does any other Member wish to speak? The
Honourable Fourth Elerted Member of Eicesutive Council.
HON. VASSEL Q. JOHNSON: Mr. Fresidentr i mise to offer my few wards of suppart to this very shom bill, which seeks to festrict the advertising of tabace products and intoxicating liguor in certain pespects.

Mr. President, I have feari it
said here in the debate that this Bill is hypocititical, and it is phany. I da not telleve so Mr. President, heither is the Bjll dealing with the sale of liquar or the licensing of bars. The Eill is not advacating either the banning of individuals pights te smoker er to consume lifquar, for this Mr. Presidept, is a free saciety, and I de not think that it is might for Governmert to place any sort af restrictions an the individual. The Eill seeks ta do wet titing oniy, and that ${ }^{5}$ s to contral the adventising of these dangerous ard harmful jteme of tobatco and liquor.

Mr. President, anything thet is harmful ta society, harmful to the individuals healthe and affects them in ary wey, shauld be dealt with. At least, taprovide comfert when people yathor in places life public trunsport, comgregete et. meetings. and large badies. And it has become a practice of mecessity Mr. Presitenty thet these areas are clearly market as monsmotmy
areas, and areas where smoking rah be dorie.
Mr, Firesideht, we have seen the result of research, which indtcated that espetially tobacion is vefry harmful to human health. People are even acarea these ajys to smake, those wha were mabitual sobotems, they are fast diopping the tabit. Today you 30 into a meeting. you will probathy firat twelve ar amome
 to show Mr. Presidenty that these harmfal things ta health aje teing recognised by sacieties today, and they are metually takify
 allemgir tatobacte smoke, Even the fumbs affert theot So it is desimable that some action be taken against these things in pubiic
 otstruct the imdividumls Mights to use them.

I think the Bill is warthy af
everyonés considerationg and $I$ offer my support bo it fira fresident.
Thank you very muth.
MR. PFESIDENT:
Does any Gener Member wish to speak? In that caser does the Mover wish to exersise his right of reply.

HDN. EENSUN D. EEANKS:

I wowlo fike to thank thase
Members who have supported the gill, and 1 can assure those Membems Nr. President who were worpied about the reverue lotet by redio cayman from the advertising that the timé in my opinioh: has already been recouped from other produtts: and iry eny everts thet the toss would be more than compensated for by the longer productive iffe of cinganians, if they stopped smokjog, and certainily, jast by ohe hess mase having to be sent to Miami, at Govermmemt's Expensefor lumg camcer caused by totacea smaving.

1 Noted Mra Présidetho the
remariss of some Members about more drastic measures such is teqpping
 My knowledge following that Mr. President, in other courtries is, that that is a very expensiva exercise, in that, persors demand mote times consfderatian on the ather sider and if you provide a hotsongithm afea, you must provitde a smaking area. I do not be? feve that we want ta get
 would te the plate to deal with that.

Alsar Mr. Frestaynt. as GuE Memoer has recemtiy said, ft would seen tome that the genersi putilit are bectming much more torsideratex afd are usually enfuifing of athers whether they abject to them smakitg in theirn presemces before


> Mr, Frestidert, this mill
brought a lat of appeals for leaders in the coursmy to set examples, and so an. I certainly endorme that Mr. President. But I an not herne to cast stones. there are tog many other worthohile things to te
 difference between the wheat and the chaff in this Asembiy.

> I have to reply though Mr.

President, to some of the things that were said megarding this Govermment and the encouragement of the arimining of alcahol, tecabse one would get the inpressian that this Guvernmert attively promoteg the sale of alcohol, and mothing Eould te further from tha truth. It

 centre, and that is, remove the quarter-mile restyiction an a place beify licented to sell ifquar whith was within a quarter ef a mite of a church, sehool ar eivic centre. The provisions wes taben abtimpr Fretident simply because it was a midiculous sitiatiche Govermment was leas frg its Town Harls which are civic eemtres, and then granting












but the restaurant that was cowned by a Caymatian a coliple of extra feet up the raad could not get a licensed，and this went on far year after yeaf．Naw，all the restaurants have a licence，and I dor fot beljeve that they have contributed one sifgle bit to extrix drankenness within this tawn or within the Island．And for the recardey Mr． Fresident，to my knowledge there is anly ane few retail licence that hem teen issued since 1984．inspite of the law having been ehenged．

It was said toe Mr．President，
that the change of the law in respect of ane licence to every 250 registered voters was done for some supporters of this govermmerts er friends of this Government．Mr．Fresident，to my knowledge．if anybody benefited from the lifting of fhat reetmictiong it wis friend of the last Goverrimerst，mot of this Gevernmert．

In presenting the Eill Mr．
President，$\frac{1}{}$ made $\mathfrak{i t}$ clear that if the case of mewspapers ar publications emanating from within the country，we were pequiring at this time anly that wherever an advertfoment efpeared，that the warning must appear with it．And 1 mate it clear that why we were taking this ratte，was becausemuch of the reading material used ir Cayman is imported，and carry advertisement all be it wastly with the Warming，therefore it wald be hypocintical of us to sey that a lacal newspaper could not carry an advertisement，ance it carmied the warming，tut papers and books could be trought in from giverseas with the advertisements in them．So what we have done Mr．president．is to say that the newspapers，if they accept advertisements，mast print the warking along with the advertisement．And I think that is all any reasomable govermment could be expected ta da，there is mothing phony about thet．

And mr．Frestoent，Eertajaly this Governmert has had rathing to do witti the granting of status to the editor of any newspaper，ar anybody else．To my knowledge，this Government has never interferred with the indivitual giant of status to anyone．That rumour is a hargover from the last Govermment．

As I heve safd Mr．Presidert． my mission here is not to castigate any individual or growp of individuels，ar to pantificate，but 1 will put this govem，ment mp． President，although it changed that quartermanies against any ather Gavernment when it comes to its stand against the ase of alcohel．Mr．， President，there is an ald saying in West Bay that since people learn to talk，they can say anything．Surea the last Govermant can ialk about the pretty dressing up they put on the biquar Bill，but Mr． President，it was not this Govermment，it was not the chairman of the Liquer Licensing board and a Member of this Gavernmetst who saght ta obtain alcohol after hours in a drinking establishment after hours on West Bay Beach－that is well known as to whathe perpetratar was in that instance．

Mr．Fresideht，I em gorry that
these distasteful little asides had to te brathgt irta the detate on thss Eill，because I thought it was a straight－forward till．seetiong to do gead for the country．I Hathtaim that that is ell thet is intended fram the bill，and g give it my whalehearted support，and again，I thamk these Nembers wha supparted it．

Thant you．

MR．PRESIDENT：
The questian is that a Bill
Shortiy entitled The Tobace Products and Intouicating Lianor Advertising Lawr 1986 be given a Second Reading．

## QUESTION PUT：AYES

MR．W．MEKEEVA BUSH：
Gadtd h have a division Mr．
President．
MR．PRESIDENT：
Yニラ。
DIVISI年
N0． $34 / 86$

## AYES： 13

Hon．Thomas C．Jefferson
Hon．Michael J．Eradley
Hon．J．Lemuel Hurlston
Hon．Eenson On Etanks
Hon．W．Norman Eodden
Hon．Capt．Charles L．Kirksotmell

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Hon. Vassel G. Johnsom
Mr. W. MCKeswa Bush
Mrs= Daphne L. Orrett
Gapt. Mabry S. Kirkconmell
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr+ D. Ezzar`d My\lef
Mr. John E. Mclean
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## AGREED: THE TOEACCO PRODUCTS AND INTBXISATEHG LYQUDF BDYERIESING 

MR. PRESIDENTt
That concitwes the items that
 Dfficial Member to move the adjournment.

## ADJOUFNMENT

HON. THOMAS C. UEFFERSON: The busituess on the Drder paper having been cancludedr I move the adjaurnomat of this House until ten o'clock temorrow morning.

ME. PFESIDENT: The moition je that this House
do now adjoutn until ten otelock komorrow morning.

QUESTION PUT: AGREED. AT $4: 03$ P. M. THE HOUSE ETOOD ADEURNED UNTIL 10.00 A.M. 1 TUESDAY, $18 T H$ UOVEMEER, 1986 .

| FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING |
| :---: |
| OF THE |
| 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGTSLATIVE ASSEMBLY: |
| HELD ON |
| TUESDAY, 18 TH NOVEMBER, 2986 |
| (THIRD DAY) |

FRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR - O PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVÓ - PRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMRERS

HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBEK RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT

HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL.B SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION

HON J LEMUEL HUKLSTON, JP THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

HON BENSON O EBANKS MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND: SOCIAL SERVICES

HON W NORMAN BODDET, MEE . $\therefore$ MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURTSM AVIATION AND 'TRADE

HON CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL MEMBER RESFONSIBLE' FOR COMMUNCATIONS WORKS AND DISIRICI ADMINISTRATION

HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JF MEMEER RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT aND NATURAL RESOURCES

| ELECTED MEMBERTS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MR W MoKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRTCT QF WESP BAY |
| MAS DAPHNE L ORRETY | THIRD ELECTED MEMEEK FOR THE FTKST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| Mri IINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECONL ELECTED MENDER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAFT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIFST ELECTED MEMBER ROR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR G HAIG EODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMEE FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTHICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FTFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MOLEAN | 'ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE'SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |

## APOLOGIES

# CAYMAN ISEANDS EEGISLATTVE ASSEMBLY 

ORDERT PAPER

FOURTH (BUDCET) MEETING OF THE
1986 SESSION OF THE LECISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
TUESDAY, 18TH, NOVEMBER, 1986
(THIRD DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE THIAD ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY;
2. PRESENYATION OF PAFERS AND REPORTS
(1) SELECT COAMITTEE ON PFOPOSED LABOUR LEGISLATION

SECOND INTERTM REPORT - TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHATRMAN, THE HONOURABLE SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER, ATTORNEY GENERAL.
(2) SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE ELECTIONS LAW

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE - TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHAIRMAN, THE HONOURABLE SECOND OFFICIAL MENBER. ATTORNEY GENERAL.
3. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURADLE EIRST OFFICTAL MEMBET RESFONSIBLE FOH FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT

NO. 92: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBETR STATE THE AMOUNT OF UNPAID CUSTOMS DUTIES AS AT 3OTH SEPTEMEER, 1986 AND PROVIDE AN AGING ANALYSIS OF THE OUTSIANDING ACCOUNTS?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST ELECTED MEMBER RESFONSTBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

NO. 93: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHAT PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE TOWARDS THE ESTABLISHMENA OF A CIVIC CENTRE FOR GEORGE TOWN?

TEE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWH TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THITL ELECTED MEMEER RESFONSIBLE FOF COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

NO. 94: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE IF ANY DIRECTTVE, WRITTEN OR VERBAL, HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THE STAFF OF PWD DIRECTING THEM TO RESTFICT THE PURCHASE OF MATERTALS OETAINED LOCALLY FOR THAT DEPARTMENT, TO CERTALN NAMED INCAL BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS?

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBEA FOR WEST BAY TO ASK THE HONOURABLE THIRD ELECIED MENBER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

MO. 95: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMBEF SAY WHAT IS BEING DONE WITH RESPECT TO THE GROWING TRAFFIC CONGESTION ON THE WEST BAY ROAD?
$\therefore$ GOVERNMENT BUSINESS BILLS:-

THE APPROPRTATION (1987) BILI, 1986
SECOND READING: COMMENCEMENT OF DEBATE ON THE BUDGET ADDRESS.
PRAYERS ..... 1
SECOND INTERIM REPORT OF THE SELECY COMMTTTEE OF THE WHOLE ..... 1 HOUSE - LAID ON THE TABLWREPORT OF SELECT COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS LAW - LAID ON THE
TABLETAABLE
QUE'STIONS ..... 3
THAL APPROPRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986 SECOND READITG DEBATE ..... 9
MR. D. EZZARD MILEER ..... 9
CAPT. MABRY S. KIRKCONNELL ..... 15
MRS. DAPHNE L. ORRETT ..... 21
ADIOURNMENT ..... 33
tuegday

MK．FRESIDENT：
Member for West Bay．


## FRAYERS

## MRS．DAPHNE L OREETT：


Alnaghty God，from whom all

 things may be ordered upon the best and sureturoundations fot the
 of tincse Islarads．







 Gf theman figh office。










 Amen。

MR．EGESDEMT：

Pr゙egentetzatiof Papars and
Raports．The Honourable Serond Jeficial Memgern

## FRESENTATED OF PAFEAS AND BEFQRTE

SELECT COMMITTEE ON PKOFGSED $\angle A G O U B G E G T S L A T I N$

[^30] atd considered variaus represemtatans from arganizutions withit the Islands, and thet with twa represemtative from exth orgenjation-




 ant commetyenlth Office.

## 




 and haviry duly cemsidered th, fathed it as amerded we te pubtisted.








We with to plate on record our

 Labour Legislation from these arganjations. greatly asoistea your Committee ary produting the First Draft Disaifsien Litogt Legislation


 assist your Commituee in its final deliterationt

Last?y, tuk net least Sify yout
 Commorweath office for his spectatistadice ard astistanct.

In gemaral Sir, wity yma select

 Your Comittee has, and will continde to comsider to diphth,
mepresentetions inade to it 5 o that the fimal fili will fertemt the
 a Law most sufted to its heeds and requiremerts.

the Secold Interin keport.
MR. PKESIDENT:


## GELECT COMAITTEE ON THE ELEETIDHE LAS

HON. MICHAEL V. BRADLEY: Mr. Fresident sir, if
accoraance with standing onder 72 of this Hanourwble Howser l beg to lay upon the Table of the Hotse the Report withe celect Gmmittere of Elections Law.



"It is moved that a Selemt committer of wie Whate House tex appointed to ssinjiden the petition of monters of the public against tha suggested introduction of single-mernet
 Report on the Elections Law log r hegarditg frogased


Further, that the tarme of reference of the balect
 relating to the Laws of the Geymat lsuander regating Electinns, including the Figath af the previous gelect Conmitt天品:"

Shbsequent to that Eip, i had
 Conm"tueen




 meeting the present Repott was antsidered drd agptowed．
 deliberations．your comathtee ayreed that the 1985 fogert of the





Mr．Fresident efer l beg ta lay
 of the House．

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MR. FRESIEEAT:
Sograerod.
That EOncluder Iben z on
```



```
Elected Member for George Tawm.
```



 House will be an improvement bit verterdays when of whth wes almogt inauditle．

## QUESTIDNG TO MEMRERE

THE SECDND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEDEGE TOUN TO AGK THE TOADUGAEEEEIRET OFFICIAL MEMBEA RESFOGSIRLE FQR FINAMC AND BEVELOFMENT．

Ng．O2．Would the Honcurathe Member gtatuthe amount of bipeid



ANSWER：

以玉 5 449，014．72．




ME．ERESIDE解：

George Trun．
SUPPLEMENTARIES：

Questich．
conale the Member state the



Mr．Frespeant iv I understand the Honourable Member＇s supplemertary cortectuy fhe andat of godat that are in the Eustoms werehouse whether it is at the Aropry oy whether it is at the bock，has not beat cleatwd po customs at by the


 in my mindr only comf intor reality when the goods tave ben melazead
 release.
 quetton athed for the yalae of those goode now wimg held. which heve not yet bem reieased. Surely, thert must be seng statistics on this



MR. PRESIDENT:
Y thata we we getting forther away from the original question, If the menbor wantudyparation about the lengh of time for which goods are staying in the fustums Quens: Warehouser I think he realy ought to put down apatitu



 saligit the answer to this questian through Eupplenthtariew, but sincou thts seens futile, perheps the Member woutd undertate te letzonave that information later on.

MR. RRESIDENT:
If we ran be prelite atout the information. It $i=$ information about the vaider if it is knothr of goods which are still in the bonded warethouser, ata the length at the
 the Member can obtain that information?

HDN, THOMAS S. UEFEESON: MD ETM Mith respectr the Fimformation which the Customs have de its fingertips is a manitest

 Menber is how much customg duty is autstandiag. The itans that ate in

 firm comes forwary ard clears the gobde.


HOM. THOMAS C. JEFEEFEDN:



 warehouse.

MR. LIMFDRD A. PIEREDN:
Mr. Fresigent, is the Merber



ME: FREELEEGT:

lang way from the origimal question.
 Sir.

3 have further supplementaries

MR. PRESIDENT:

comsider 110 owing it.
MF. LINFORD A. PIERERN:
I Equifue thet my wrevigus anes






"htw sum of the $4440,00 \mathrm{~b}$ witict











MF: LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
Mn, Fresjdent, I ate hampy with









 were not up to oate.

ME. $\operatorname{CNFOFD} A$ FISREON: Fresident.







HDM THOMAS E, JEFFERSDM



 say what is bhe ratio detwest the deposits toeta and the duty owed?






 instead of duty being actually paid?

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| e lot of the jtems betng imported are perishatiles. lf we de fot as a |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| have found that ala of the inporters fuve usta in in a very |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  <br>  hfee to six montha, thet percettagen and wity pariod |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


 private watehouse ar a bonded watchotse?


 collected.

MR. G. HAIS RDODEN: $\quad t$ ammet marig for precise

 bonded warehouses, since it is not heregsarl to wrow the cost of the liquor since it is on a per gallon basis"

| Fresident, but I af unatie to give that hind of information without |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |


Enhusted the possibilities of this atetion and invite the serond




 Learge Town?

ANSWES: In light of other dements for Governinent futde and argothg projectar the eftablizhment of a itule Gentrefor geonge Town is not considered a prigeidy at this timas

## SUFPLEMENTARIES:


 which has been givett to this project?

HON: EENSON D. EEANKS: That would be cempet.
deduction.
MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSDN:
Mr. President. would the Member regard such amali provisign as a practicai ioka and at ansult on the
 Givic sentre in both those distirets?


Mr. Fresifent. I manot adu too


 because west Fay has greater need.
 ask ghpolementary, but $i$ am glad he answeradit.






HON. EENSON D. EBANKF:

 would be fidtile.

MR. LINFDRD A. FEERSON:




Bay.

MR. LINFORD A. FIEFSON:
An. Fresident. my Motict dea! to








``` ADMINISTRATTON.
```

N0. 74 :

ANDWE:














## GUPPLEMENTAETES:








## "The Tender Conmitates




 Dfficer قs Chaifmanr and two otiret offitepg of the






A supplementat" ariaing Mra
 that the stores are bejng ran down would the matate wite thetter
 local merchames?

HDN. EAPT. CHARLES L KIRKCQMNEL:
 instractions given 立y the Finambial gecretary to she purchasing department of fublic Works that they mist purchase iowaly biferever the gionds afe ayailable, so that is a policy of Geveftment.

MR. PRESIDEAT: If there ta fortrint
supplementary, I will butite the Sacond Elected Menter for west Ray to ask the herit questicil. He may do so now.
 ELECTED MEMBER RESFUNEIELE FOR CDMUNIGATIDMS WGFIS ARE RESTRIGT ADMINSSTEATION

ANSNEF:

Can ftie Hongurgale Member say what is belty done with cespect to the growing tiaffic eargeswian ohthe fest Bay Foad?
 the Hest Ray Roadis a serious and gotwing mroblem. As such. it requires a professional iong"tera solation. The problex is being addrested on tun fronts:

Firstly, tife Develofment flan Revfew being catried out by the Gentrel flaming Authority, with the assitance of
 the problem. Thw exercise fiexpected to provide foformed

 after as to what ektent they shotho ga acrepted gnd fomplemented.

Secondiy, the Governmeng is committed to having a Hander
 consultants. The nef for muth an ewerctay was recomended by the Fublic Works Dapatment (FLD: and has been confirmed by the Draft Report, rewentiy receive from
 address all aspecta ge ground tymonomtation: from the physical and financial through to the lagei and administrative.

The exetrife will de ptadominatity furder by a loan fock
 0rtober. The cotisultanta in tum are betng selwcted in

 should be completed by artaber, 1987.
 Government to implement effective and coordinatad shortuterm and tong-terfa solations ta iflis prableh and others zisewhere on the Taland.

SUFFLEMENTARIES:
MR. PRESIDENT: The Serond Elemted Member far Endderi Town.

MR. G. HALG EODDEA:

 busines5?
 19 .

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
Supplamentary min, Fiestantr
 with the growing Eungestion on the best Ray Road opposite the Hyatt,


#   two arems？ 


 consideration．





 speak？The Eherted Member for North Side．

## GOVEFMENT FUETNES召

EILIS
THE APPGOPGIATIDM HPGZ ELE TVES
SEOUD READING－CDMEMGEMENT DF DEEATE DN THE GUEDET ADEFES

MF．$O$ E EZAFD MILLEF：

 that $\mathfrak{i}$ 今 them．．．









 fiseal yoer＂1987．


















## though．

MR．D．EITARD MILEEF：

it Not4h 臽的き。




MF．LINFDRQ A．FIERSON：

MR．D．EZZASDMIEEE：

 to put up with constatif interrugtionts....

ME. PRESIDENT:<br> 

MR. D. EZZABD MILEEE

 appreciate that, because they come thare and thay tava ameting aboth a petition, you see, that is the problem. on the matust legas Assiatance Treaty, They tell tha people all of these bat tifogs fhat
 very hard presset now with the farts that hase dent diveited fere in the last couple of day to bustify the argument that thay aty the



petition and distunt people on their blested junday morning, whet

 doons, trying to inveigie then intro fignimg these petitions calling for elections. I mean they want a ctiange in Goverimbntn I Efink this petition if they start phe, will meet, the sane fate as tite petition on the Mutuai legal Assistance Treaty, and abations and overthmouing the Governmat. Maybe they have lagmt theta lessons fre abyer we will have to watt and see. It agen not appeat ar but $\ddagger$ guess you have learnt one lesson anyway, you have to wity till shear tifere are


Anyway Mr = Pu"siduat. to get
 sustain economic growth, ontimae foll emplayment in the face at the international scene where econoniz growth in most woutries has been
 employmant, can only te done by ham work gobd foresight and a
 the Goverthment.

Mr. Prestident, I araed uth the Honourable Financial Sernetary's stetement that the Cayman islands fiseal policy has been one of the key factori that has keat fots
 business inf and I belteve that his $198 \rightarrow$ Eudget. Adoress rontintes it that vein. Eut girr I think we waid all do well to heed his waming: that we potiticiatis must mot expect to hate exery wish and fancy

 going to cantinue to succear cleanty tantiry tha nests af the country, and separate those needs firn the withes and dusimes of the polititians.

to hear that we have 20 of the 25 largest banks fin fhe word ligensed here, including the first six. Tfiat 5 g goed foundation on which ho buily and despite the verbosity nf the oppoutios and sheifo counterparts on the outgiter I am still comvinied Eirr that the mitual Legal Assistance Treaty was 15 and will be a stap in the might direction fow the continued statility of thts couttor,

Mr. - Fresitaty it amatso gad to hear from the Financial secretary that the infamous or fatusus
 was going to become the biggest collewtorar itum in the beymat
 into its fightful placer into the gateage tump and burn it and lage
 introduction of a cit 40.00 note. I fam centainty sipport its
 rumoured during the atternpt to pverthrow the Governatet in hhe last

 concerning the Gayalan Islands cuerency, and the fanctions of athe Gurrenty seatar that the people of this mantry an now be sosuced that there will be ne nepd to devaise the Eurtercy obextse of the Mutual Legal Assitstance Treaty.

Mr. Presisent, whet thot Etadeft
 was going to be rontrolled by the Eatuation wouncir it migh not


 meet the requirements of the Education Gotheiby Bet: if fhev were
 they could infaci= be productive peofie in our sosity and they
 technical akilis.
hr = Fresident bhe trouism

 contributory to the moutist indatiry in this robntry.

Cayman Airways, for, Fresident,
 clear here and now, that $I$ havie no intantion of sappating a sutaidy



 same subsidy nekt year. Secondys Mr. Fresidant, there are fertain



 million more in promatimg the Aimline yet their reventer gttern spending that adtitional money, is down by moce than \$1. 0 whilam.



 when thete is no competitionr at lear no competition in eghparisan for that which they will have after the woratoriturtas but. There are

 I hapment to kow that they have banded she of my con tithoncy members
 have ootainet that same training in at least fotr achools whim arte


 surw that they have theit reasons for gaing alt the way to gteniff in

 Airway that politicians ghould not git intotwed. I bo mothous

 the Management of tayman Airisy's aryicer anc i angong to heve a
 Airways. I think they can tighten tifuir beite some marer and they an




 money.

Mr. President. another egtratn
With the Eudget Adanes that I have is the givwing tost ot
 going to take up abmost one third of the rectroren supenditures and
 expansion of the Givit servite. I krow it provides a bin of jobs. and

 good job that they arm now doing. Mr. President, as an waraid. ander the new gervices for the tivit Gerviger we find egein fer the third
 Department to provide a shift syatem at the Aifport. Mb, Fuetident. I






## 


 Gecretary, that either we are g口itg to do this, atid we are gang to do































thisemuntry is alsogetting a big miturik of the tot Bucget.
MR. FRESIDENT:
I wondef" whether tefrte \&he


 minutes.



## MRE PRESIDENT:


Contintation of the Eerond
 North Siden

MK, D. EZZAAD MLELEK:







they are going to do whet they wart to do, whet tiay want bo do it and










 audit and pay review, we afe always geing to fet forrar atarieg from








 small sampling of the communty menters of cearge Town, granted, I was not backerl up by the University of Tennessee ar may ather bia university, but, I condicted a few telephone outariews with peopie

 Government cones involved with the distrituthon and sefe of wiser to the ferrge town area, such questions es:-

* Are pecple prepered to hoct up to the water Eveten: even thaugh they May have well atr a cistern?
* Are they propared to pay monthly feg of bome 50 and whether or not they use the water syetem?
* Are they prepared to pay a comet bet is gatig theremp the expenses of providing w water syatem for the Geerme Tawn afea?

Not a cost that jeging to
invelve goverfment in a 00 or 30 perment Eusidy ror the cost of water
 to return to Governmert at a minimum, the amotnt of money that was experded to provide sum a service the Honcuratie Fhaneial
 with apthitc pipe water supply is now a reality. It now appears that

 and sell it ta the Water Authority." Fartanately I tum wat in an answer to a muestion yesterday that the bontracto hive not tuen
 complete. But Mr. Fresident. I do not belifve dhe bitetry of water
 which Govermment shauld be venturing inta areas. as that theratide a








 area of greatest demand th thas courthys af area fothes groun in





















 the Eluff ta test for water. Mr. Freciobit. tro not berieve that









to pump it, they coult grevity fett it, becutas ft is atreasy Elevated. I to hot telieve gir, that we should Elway gobte wh the

 they interd to sik in for the hext umpten years und gharentee
 and enploy their themployed frimend frog their homeland thas country cannat afford that Mn. Presidemt. My rectmombation to Gevernment is

 justify time expenditure that they are going to put inta it, arid tifey

 mach it if going topipe it in, therif I amprover wiong I am

 stay in the watern bueinese.

Mr. Fratident, it is gage to









 might be hecessary, tut here sgath we heve tro loot at whe fs gothg te
 Fublic Werm Departamen, Mr.
President, they have, es has been saic in the Budget Aderess,
regrgatised themselves somewhet, atcording to the recommerdetidna made in the Allamove report. I believe that it will pey dipidenco. a looh forwerd to the Groupd frimspothetion fland I watid have lited to heve

 Fublic Gorks. Maybe the Honourntie MEmber man provide it in finame


 in the estinetas, sothat we do not get fita on migument with the
 are told that it is hot if the Budget. and we get five ar ait other employees baying that there is no manty for this. when we ascumed all along thet that was voded for: go thim we feed to teg given a


 March 1985, wher he, in tofs Chanter, indicated to mat thit he was acceptifg my idea that we shculd tave one jantor appoitiois fon the

 believe, hhere again if they appoint one percon and he is therofive




 now, ard you will find that whe person whe lowh after the Town Hall
 Hall and the clitic. We are not talking about hutidnedg ot feet yod

 Pirates Wetk burr-grass was there three feet figh: tecostat I was un at miding latin mower and I was getting the buriograse im my dite while I Wes cuttumg th, Something heede te be dome. The otier unfowtume

 Fedden Tom and George Town ta atraighten it, wion fo and tinh ito

 often as arybody elfe. There have been afer sumber fotros put rowh here and there, few inarks on the road. tat the anly thing of any



 Sir, that 50 thethtigy will be done in the very rien futhre jociot that
 traffic is getting heavier every dey at the wethe Sometody frem ofle



Mr. Fresudent. I sifport with
 there are a tot of civil Sarvant who wob yery harc gir. End wha have Earned the salary increase. The protlem I have with the civi? sepvace
 Wave sutaspent.

Ms. Fpereent. 1 ghacht the

 served by the provisions of this Eudget. The cafthat buctget bafimiy extensive. It is gaing to provide some weedut develoffent im this country.

50 with hbose fer words mpo
President, I support the Approprintion gilly a

5口еak?
MR. D. EZIARD MILLER: I Will drag your atiention to



 no Member has by tifen wathe my eyer i shall be wifged to ast zifo Mover of the motion whether he withes to replyn
 sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Eirst Elected Minturer far
the Lesset Istands.
 prepared = tut I Etiall ge hasad.
take this gpocrtuntty to congratahate tine Hancureele Financial Secretary, 女be First Cfficial Member for his Elears cometre mbd
 Legislative Assembly ch Friday, lath November. It was very athy delivered, very informative, and zave a very irue picumpe of the affairs of this coumtry. It certainly bears out the netesgity far the revemue irotreases which were voted here in thy hommarabie touse
 easily 5 ee the beneftte of then here taday.

This is the seventh oppartunty
1 have had since betrg wlected to reptesent ine unctituEncy of the
 considerably, and the tatal ammat expmessing how sum combtyy has
 supply these rexde by prudert management.

 statutary provision coverimg perstorg and laon repaymemts aromit to









 Legel Assistance Treaty. 1 too hat a vistt frow eone ot my frod





 We all fars a goal bu bo what
 understand that, and we are glad thet you do too.

What. " as trybtig ta say Mr.




 we crmate an unfavourable situation. we may not te ift the yeans to


I go mew to the friment


 licences for the year.

I an abe metameget that 20 of
the 25 dargest banks in the world have itcenses insuet by the CEyman
 what? heve eatd phevicus?y mp, fresidert, they have compiderce fr cur








Abso the vasurnme industry

 Ard I am encouraged to note from the lionourable finencial gecreturys Eudget Address, thet approximately ou persent of these employed in the
 the Jusumance frdustry amourts to approximately wis sition

I couba met spend withete


 made again. The tatal assets as at the 30th bertanter were fi7. 7


 Reserves.

Tarning nob to wempany




 Mr. Prespaent, to note that a Bew palicy will be put inta foree for
 in armears with their annlal fees. I feet that tris is atey in bne



The Agricultural. Endustuial

 small farfers and people who wish to have 5 math louts to help

 avalable at an interest rate thet the smalier farlat can ifyewth.

 aveilatie, the structure will tef froperiy structured in of der that the cellectiong will be maje on time that futare giturnbe wit have these funds on a revalving basis, and that they tan ber rotitnate, fer certainly, in this day and time Mr. President, wa mast encownge mach
 fest \&
 becate we are living in a more tembtical Efa what they meed more Khawledrat than they didith the years past.

The Mandgement Compatite F Mat surpmised ta note that there nre anly 13 companiter beametu ay mamagement companies. I thought we hed comitisermith mare thent that. but hevertheless, they have flso yielded a lyente fee of approxithately \$67,000.


 parsue a legal career withont havisg to ieave heat end ge overseas.


 to the greduates whe ifll be graduatiay an 1987 , and the fiture years. Another very mportant pillar In our economy is the tourist industry, and it. is ericouragirg ta mote
 the opening of the two new hotels and the charterimg of athether aircraft by cayman airways. I look forwart to the fatcillment of the predictions as etated by the Honcareble financisi geifetary in hat




 Gur shares.

> Coyman Ammay
 Hopourable serond Eleged Menter or the Expratue contil for hod

 last. almest sever yeure. this is the firit time that thave eat an




 respect. I ablareteful that we heve wh faty gotton intr the jut age
 there, and that lie flighte will factuase. We look format to the





 this Honcurable House, my responsibylity da the peogle of fitie
 be one to ever advacate that we atandon amm responsitility of afr
 Airwayg mast have an afreraft khat ean safely fiy in and out of the airport at Little Cayman. That is why an ajoing for this larger
 of the lingted facilities at bittle Cayman. Littie Gayman bas a


 Little caymar je being ieft gut. And thfy yerr he were atie to



 people from Gur distmetg, the I do mealise that when alinge athorg



I Elag have betmern bhat our









Govermment. With the purchast of computer equifathtand sarariest it is becoming a fajor expense.

Mr. Ftasimem, Fecently there









 cavened by the United States Coest Sward Form bradifes.

 arcund.




 publif debt than thet.




 powerful and strong enough that we will be able to Enjoy the for in



I mote thas Tmagration again:

 Fresident that this will elimimate the mecessity for so moth overtimen

The Folica Department - I codid
 Royal Cayman iglands Fotice Force. They art very important do oul Safety and welfare. I think they ate doing a guct jot. l athery grateful that we have beer able to have the services of the sergents and the Inspertors fram the Urited kinguda, I fota thato

 Cases to fall their jabs. I wompatalate the Caymatans wha have been


The frition - The Pyisot to me? is tomething i wish we did hot have to have, tut unfortundety, it is one of the things that is necessary in modern steraty. I thith we

 tentres I accept that. Here in the cayman lsiant we do mot have


 attention could te patid to improving the reception atea at the pribon it is very inadequate, i knaw prisonems ane prischems, they tave

 families, loved ahes who want to visit them. and feet that this country could prouje a better entifped receptiton arez than we nou have at Nomthward Frison.

Golng mow ha tha portabiog, Mr. President, Health, Education arel Secial Eerytios. First ta the
 and at lact getting thefr Museam estabitahed, Cayman Brac. agaim: has set the pace for GFand cayman. I thint we beed te freserye our herftage, and although the little Museur we have in Caymer fraj is very hamble, feaple come there they ehicy it, afod we ent prode of whet we fave. Fecentiy. we were able to relagete bie iftiteprisom, it es
 Way in the late twenties, orita the musetur site ard it is sapprising Mr. President, the number of people thet gathere ditiy to heve their photagraphs taken. Sa it just tells you that oun touriste =remot.



 Rur educational gyoterl is

 Department. I thfik there is no betater investmet that we cerm make in


 appreciate them possitly fore then ww do.



 never be a reality. Eut boday, its proghess la eafy ta be semp and I lodk forwart to its continued progress.
 my colleaghe from Caymati Bract the Member f"Espongitief for

 and I hope that funds will be avalabie, itret be can oothome bat
 activities when it if Eempleted. It will Euso tu ztue to serve as adotional partitig anea for the civie Centre = and I thint it is ideally loceted.

Sotial Bervicts - the Sucial






 not deserve to de helped tecause he or she hes chyldrens that fo very

 we will let them suffer just terase their children are meglotitya them. I feel we must help where he? is is peoded.
 very glat to see that Grand Cayman is mow be to have atotomy at the

 medical staff, but we hope to 500 ch te wh te our fill compliment in the










 recenty been invelved, in trying to get ane of bur aged iagites from





















Acting Dimectar of fiaming. I think waman shoing be prowe thatwe have a young lady who hes been atle to ensume the reaponsitibities of this impertant departmert, and toperform her atutes in a member in
 the Central fianifing Authority, wf with she ith her bapatity acts as
 the Department, and I am proud ta hnow that we have youmg caymainas shth as her, working in our Civil Service. I also lock formard to the



Agricultume - much progres ham
 the progremme to boost the developasht of the privete sector
agrimulture is being adopted, and that iriohotuse help will be given ans alsa esperte wili be traught in to help develog thas. y wata ank the

 suited to agriculture, tut where it car be develofed we would apprectite ary asststance that he could give us there.

1 wish now Mr. Frestiaent to
 President. has beth a very, very diffictlt year for all pegrle


 estimated papulation, it fas been reduced from the a wot adg that it

 people have been formet to leave the fatand ta sexk enployment mosty here in Erand Cayman, this is atangerous situation, the tean fram


 people are ald, with arompletely metaced bith rate. Thenefores the


 of my distriat. I want to present the facts as I ste himen. I have


 have 5 wgyested tisat the arly way we can improve dirn gitiation is if we can give incentives to the investora, low interembrates, om Eomething

 Whth the Honompate thind Elected henter of Exetutive cumet concerning the construction of the gluff fond additions. We now have
 thank he rancure with me that of ft ie possible to help them get to
 for sale, sume ta live in. This waubl help to generabe revende for
 peoplen this couty be a start, and 1 thith ance we wan get it







 Merater of Executive Council make evary effort te ande funds avajubie






 Gf them returning, and we have a greater problea on onj band with the aged, I fully understand whet the Honcurable Finame iel Gectetary has

"All of $u 5$, Mr. President, Ehould remember ingt this combry must try at all times not te gend whe kfian the

 reed. witve every feer and be Expectud ed provide
 We do we br our children will fey dexplyfor fo,"
i fully restuse thisu i agree



 two smallef islands. sathat we and try and help wirgelyes.

 what 1 have said, I support the Approprintiten Eill, 1437.


## MR. FRESIDENT:





HDUEE REGUMED AT 2:17 F.M.


#### Abstract

MR. FRESIDENT: Resumption of that gevond   call upar the Mover to find chat whether he wishas to oxemejse itis    saved the day! 


MR. D. EZZARD MILLEE:
Frghong the Eesmona
MR. PRESIDENT:

a view about that.

MRS. DAPHME $L$. GRRETT:

Thark you very math.

 the very find Budget Adoress presendec here fin this homouratie House.



 Which this country faced farliwe on, and foel bhat it is mat enty left fom Members of thit Soverment and the people of wits combry to

 the right directich.
 Whith this rountry inpoced bast year, will bu seme to flaye tefn a very
 course, lifed to have sem refeive fumdirg during the igh7 ficcol



 so tealt with.

The ronctreble finane iel















 together hastily and irrespongitly ard which anty cound serve to destroy cur fine rephtatian.
 say that i have persomally, had the extreme pleasire of derassing thy


recollectiant were of the firm opinson thet we her teken the fight



Mr. Fremident. in the budget
Addess, the Horcurable Fimancial Betretary wes etle ta bring to our attention atatistins which feel are woth receptitg. Himemtions Mr. Fresident, that jhternational thsinese gíhigh ghatity. End I would lithe wo etress that. "high qualty" stili centiones to be attracted to these shafer ffom all corners of ibe univeroe. Mr. President, he goes ori to fopress upon ar the finpotence of this,
 and it wobld make us less valrerable ta fonditions in any wie couthty. Mr. President, he gass an te mentuon that there hes bean froceased



 bucy羔枵t.

Mrn Priecident, f fán thet ar our country, the pecple of these Ithands shom? br soct ghetefut. I
 Were hat ly deterted end areated some upheaval ant ajocombent amonget. certaimfartions of oum socioty. d belfeye now, thet the people of this country are atie to see that they are feaping the benefits of these revenue measures, and at the wane time Mr. Fresidemt i feel confident that when I say, that rie oue is really hurting bucabse of
 it is. Any complainta which i hat heard earker on semed to have gone out of the window, and the woputation of these thands geerb to te happy with the 5 fuation as it stands at fhe orsment time.

Mr. President, in jisterifig to

 measure, Every area in which we Ean wom to stinulate emproment and




 fiscal year are well in arder, and 1 feel thet mexters of thif fatse should support those medsures wholeheantediy.

Mr. Phesigent. when vpeakity af
the fimancial sector and the banking ant trust artas of that sector,




 driven off fram the Cayman iglanden yt is beortering wo moke ant I

 us in a less than desinatuf fasitior, while gome may fave feft and


 end of this year we will have wen ha tess activity in thest efozs.
 down of business here. I think taking two fartars inte consideretion here, ahe, that we ran maintath afire mepatation and gh bhe ather
 taker lightly. The pecfle of these Itarics should be wost gratefal
 presents a picture suth as this. And a wous hope that the motira who have tried ta distredit and wo tear down End even to demo: ish this Gaverrment, wald now find that there are meny ether areas wherm they

morefavonratiy ta these laland that in areas sugh as mes been deme in the impedtate past.

 noted thet they have contributed a lat to tors country ard lam
 to then, when I rotice that 77 percemt of the banking work cocte arm Caymantangr and that in 1925 the mumber of Caymbians un bambab rase

 Caynamian Protection Boarb. for their efforts to sef bhet our pafle

 positions. I know that many times the caymanian Frotectich Egard has been criticiadg, tut I telieve fir, thet we heve whe of thefinest Beards there, and that they ara trying their best to woyk for the betterment of these Istands. There are meny areain ma frositent. where we mequire expatmiate gtaff, and I hape thet the fabite of these Iskands wili pecagmise this, and give them ewemy apormany of working heme and 5 taying andhast us, and féling et home whim they mate their comtrituthonto this ecomtry. At the same tume, I a haping thet every ericouragement, Every tit of hela that tan ba maje available ta youmg caymarifas to move up the dader, wit begiven, because this can unly belp to bring mere harincty mat math mose s三tiffectory enviforment for the Ceyhanien peopion and the expentates who live anotgst us. Cofagathlation are in order.


 of the rew tax laws atobt te te pessed by the drited ghates
 see what the effect on us will be. It hatatertrg ta mite that at
 Meal lase of bustmes in these armas. The insurarise industry is
 Mr. FFesterat: it is noted herf that where is going to te change, and 3 alm gim. The member for forth
 new motes that afe gotug to be in circulation. The






 manths of the year, does say something for ut. Thit is a most


 gocif for this Inland people art atill attwarted to it, ant it is


 Dusiness.

Mr. Fresigent in the feport af







 and it is hoped that this an ber implemented in bhe vary yeer future. The Sthdent Lom Sunege of the

 are aware, are mot able to provide runde for wollate watyensta
 will make dee of these funds provioed, and thet in thrin they will
 devetopment of this ceutiry. It fs :






 future.

 business in whe fisland, ard are not paying management faes or are not





 companjes, in arder to garry on wity de what is hereseary for


 development of thic tountry.

Mr. Frystant, the legal fifras
 that $\frac{1}{}$ was not able to put all my notes together, but 5 at mure that some of the other Manters who will have time to go sor will cover any
 parabount omportance. It is moted here trat tus wotrotition is
 staff employed. Thet is an appreciabie figure, and what an hophos ta see Mr. President: is that many of oum youmg Caymatamere going to be employed in tap positions is thesefynus in the not tog distart future, espectaly with the mompletion of thetr eduretion th the haw




 In the tentism Eevtar Mi.
 araivels was 170,00 and we are looting at a buch greater inerease for
 many tione over the fopulation of the country f rotired where the


 produtt we advertise, is the product thet is gaing to be Euppioud ta





 the property ta stay, hor would they advertise promote it. not
 Government is gaing to have to be very strong in fiemanding that the praduct be presented as top quality, or nat be ised an a totiot

 Mile geach. Hawever, whether it is the fewest property am the teach
 there be any excuse fot the refeption upar aronival, non shoule there

 promote itseif ak one of the test. then the beach the sth whe the sea

 must be of tof quality. Decom might be a fittle diffarem. life
 shoutd et least get what they are paymg for, and foet fhat thewe
 tag namerous to be something ihat cath be over laged fituquires the
 prosper; for this Island to mandaim ite rating ats a prime tourist


部pertant.

Assistance Traty and its frpact on banking and ather aryes of ear Etonothy. But Mr. Presidentr twe cambet for one minate astume that



 Which a few yats ago which were hat at peak farformancer and were








 the people of this zoumtry. And I Eat think fight now ins. Fresident



 job. Even if they did it ane or two days. by the frot of the wet they
 sufficient staff to tope with the wort load and give a tieat ant
 the food service, and tite quality ar food that in teing served. This

 just one or tug propertites with er quatitity of usetisfactory reporte
 properties, who in erober to save money for thenselves offer det
 them, you have the teach and you have the frienelthege of the peaple





 reputation thet is epaill and hurts everyone th the fieforgiondse of
 ᄃar provide a first elass product Mr. Presidert, thers is wasolotely
 yet it if ciean, atmpative and tioy and thit is of iatmat



 provide. If we ate going to frovide fess tham a top quivity produrt. then we are going taget iess than a tap quality visitory and that adt
 quality of life on these $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ glates. these Islands.

The Homourbis Fimencisi
Secpetary, Mr. Puesident went on to mention the very ingertant ane meanimgfus, comptehmasive advertising and publit felations programmes
 of the tegt that could be providet. It is hope thre the privete sectar will heed ta his advice heres and will continue ta Eupport
 divith establishments, pestaurants, duty free stomas. the transportation industry and gham arems are beneftyang figathe


 ta do every means of advertisement lhat is doxe ray this eouniry, tid


 putarc relations progremmes.
 we mou have Narthatet firlines with he, of cource with the weyger. It
 going te be tapped, and this sheuld only resut in many more peafle
 here with us in Geyman.


























 ©rew as well.





















 seems that the gras in greener on the ather aidia but i feel that the















 the gatherisig of data far the proviejobrif atatistite by Geverimenty




 available.

It is Motud bhet thote has beth

 in this country, whatever the rommodity or phoduct aight pe. it has to


 the fact that any goud rehationship at all wistry we man retain and continut to have with the United states bovemment. mat never, ever be lost sight of. We depend on that ecuntry ta no shall extent - 7
 from the thited States, and that make a differefte. the peothf of this country must be given the farts, when any eftart fomade to destray ar to diecredt the efferts on the part of this Getemment.
 it already, and I will repeat it, it is mach tetter having the united

 to us .

Services, it is hearterimg to notw thet proghess is being pede itg that area. Not meaning to digress from this particuler sutject. but only
 of the larger supfliers of computere and computer sotware pathett in the Islands heres and he mentioned that it, wathis intertion statying

 held fom deaf-mbes. He was at that time telling me of the many

 filing, they can te invalved in thit area anta car ro e very fine jot ohte they are trained well. I wh hoping that, and epecifelly with the
 children wha are afflicted with not belm atie to hear mor gipeth that
 has I think in ane er two instantess car yourg people whe are in thts

 the last year or se. we lost oume very fromising yong people wo hat bers warkitg with Gavernment. I am not sure matily the reagoms behind this. perfiaps bigger salary within the priveta strtor, tut
 young Caymanians in this field, 50 that they wibl hote top fositions within Gevernment's computer sector.

OWH Catoms Refartamentan


 officers overseat for training, and I feet thet to they prowe











 it is werth every penny we fut at it. I woudt hope fr. Frestent that

 available an this Ithand there are no two ays armatis, and we need


 every citizen of this ecuthy that they do not turn a bifng eye te


 Custams Departinent, I wata hape, Exth ana evergate wecaghises bhe importan part they play in the Eafety ant weifare of that bathmy
 sefing that drugs are nat allowtot enter this roundy charagh the Aimetre of the doche.

 that efforts are being made urder the New Gervicee feguesty de
 more job opportantios, and many af an young gradiates form the Hish
 expended in overtime will pefhaps of able ta mover mioh of the
 the late flyghts. It is matechere that these ajesationg horare ase
 are required for the fabceti Airlines. are providsd for athermione MF. Fremicent. we Ethet.







 what would be entaided. and whether or not we ban affarg to faye and. perhaps this is what is necessary. $\quad$ notimed here whate then



 are 750 shipe on the Register, and 1 watad bape that the majowty of those are proving mot no te tetrimental to war reptetion ant ※specially now that we are attracting lange orean gaing vesseis instepa of just small yathts.

## 


 \$3. 3 , illion as at December, 1986.

This kias been a grad wuget
Address, this hes teth a good year for this bovemment and for our people. We may mot have had al? the ancuers, we do hot ciefin to te a Gavernment whith at tines may nat make a fistakt. Howevery 1 to not

 Mr. Fresidento fael that the people of this ecotitry wan be opeta and

 same time trying to provide the services mhich this gruatry gexde. We can criticize new revente measures. we cam chitiolze many actions an the part of Govermont, but thas it the only wase we heve of supplying the needs of this rcuntry. We may atse bectine writical that some of the areas that we feel ane Memet of Governomber amother
 feel on the whole after louking through thit radget madese and reading it through, going over much of the estionted figures that Gevernment has pht bagether a Budget wich j feet the peophe of these


 that it is not unwise to put money aider for a many day, even inowgh



 say that we heve this, we have that, we have the other. but if a terrible furricame or same other catastrophe bit whis phace te would

 in Reserves.

1 thint the 区raydenting


## MF: PEESTDENT:

I wotider whether...l kege oh
 finishr but if you are turning to atother subjerty perhaps sinct we are already rather past the time when we notiadly brext for the

 fintished.

Thame youn

MR. PRESIDENT: procerding for approximately fiftern maththe.


HOUSE FESUMED AT $3: 50$ F.M.

MF. PRESIDENT:

the Second patating of the Approprtatich (19a7) Ein, The thitu Elected hemter for Nest Eay.

## MRE. TAFHNE L. DRRETT:

Thank Yeu pr. Fresement.
Ar. President i hat veachod the section of the Eudget Adrest where I was about forea with titermal and External Affaify and the sum-section of Ersadcasting.

I think ye nere an errellatit





 any lengtin of time unless there is an advertisemant in hetwoun Go I feel that this partichlar subject shotid not prove to be too
 revenue from the turtailment of adyertising of cigatettes and liquar.

 radin. There are too many other areat in which money can bet derifed, and I feed that this paticular stogatit of bovernment wit wedl but
 from Government, but will well be abie to tako ciriz of itself. That Directar and fis staff, I think. are doins agatedid jod.

The Imaigention Depantwent:
 are going to put an added atrain on fint depatment, and ! feet that

 are doing a very good job. It wosta seen that they are atita
 assist as mon as possitur berause it wodid seem that fhere trea still a number of people on these isiands whate hera, who liave aver extended their stay and ate not on work permits end ane memvine in and out of ouf commanity, 5 omehow being able to get awh form the detection of the Immignation department, and albtough thay afe very
 fingers. I would hope that the Gayamyan putita woutd recoghise the importance of this department sha the fact thot hoy nead all the theta which they ean get in this arear for getaer tw to the got whoth is

 times there are compleints that the Tmaigtation rapartamet is mat
 those merbetr of the patile who are aware of latiance where the Law ft being broken, then they shauld weing thy to the atantion of



 past.

> Ar. Poestiont : de nat thon








 his eye on leavingr May do wery good job, but ane wotery whether
 individuat whe falls it that categary. Howevery i would hager atse i am led to belfeve, that the steps taken by wowerkmety to recratt

 cost Government lessy but certainly if it dis not it nomit that the local youthg officers wete able taget oth-the-job thathing within the exact environment within which they would be reatired to poris.

 what one has learat within a situing such as that antitue these Istands. Might not have fioveri as favoratie and as benaticial as having received the training right here, In addition they were able to move wip within their ranks gothy right on uf to gergennes to Superintendents within the force, many goine into the comptinerisud
 moving into ranks which of course, resut ted fothese rectaty ftom the
 was some apprehension aboth this particular stap being taten earlier on b but Government has proven that tha long-tera beneftis to be raped from this particular action on the fr parto was not recessativ that the expatriate would stay here and remain in the top potityons but ekactly what they agid would happen, s frattiy what back place. They were here to train young aymanians do their jotend bene end this has just about been tompleted. Mr. Presidentr the idea of being in the folice Force is not mecessarily wa simply have cayanians there,
 officera whald be thefirst to eay that they ata pleased that Government tork stefs whim it did. to affotd them the opportunty of

 position. I woud hope that every effort is made to encourage the members gf duf police force, I have moted thet at offort fotheng made to recruit young persons with ghigh statidatiog educationa at least that wich san be abtained locally, and a feat that the
 area whore any Tom Eisk or Har*y can walk itt ata get a position and i feel that this is impontant. i feal that wang peopie with a figh
 that are recruited to such a position. In this day and ager it cen be quite a temptation to get in there, and berathet pastian witubut a
 Forse fs ofe that we can be plasudt with, i would hoge thit. the Gaymanian fublic would render them the respett that they ane duer and
 a damper on the reputation sf the fopee that these ans weded out expeditiously, and that it can bo sexathat the folice form is a

 the iast year, Ma. Freatient, it could well be seit thet mine is
 assumption. It could ber and this is my opinign thet titre has been a more vigilant effort on the part of the Police and Custums and other areas. where the cfime is deterted mofe that it hes beat it the past. and more gates have been brought to the haw ourts, and foel that

 better than it being therer mot detectadr and we have a lowfigure, but yet the crime is contimuing togo on wittith the countiy: The
 members of the staff in all ratiks of that departinath beifener
 couttry aboner requifes a lot of effom on the pat of the folioe and I belleve that fhey are trying to be as vigilant as posinte. in ensuring that there are not more areigenta tifan we experiencef fogin day
 will continum to lend its support and encoutagenert by the tenetitas the salafies and other areas to encourage them to matio the fotiou Fotre a lifetime ranemi.






 Eut i would like at this time to take an ppportamity of congratulating

 able to touch the live of mathy of the indivisuats whe might otherwise have come out and faced इociety with a bespotadent atutuder an

 Christian attitade they now have, the way in whin they ate
 from what they did prion to gojng int to the firision. The frison

 help. But 1 ampleased to sew that. they ate hot dependitug on Government to provide anything which they might ond necestary in assisting them in this minfotry, but with the help from getvice tonts and private individuais, they have bexn atie to lend sone seablanco
 that this is an frea that we will gee will make mat poract an the prison commonity, and that. they will return te tociety haying learnt
 The Jubicial Repertiaent as I

 not necessarily an incerase in frimes but an ongrase it the detection of it .

The efrotits on the pary of certain members of dur communty in pisity money fon the sumotr now called the sunrise contre, I am super should te a real phogrogemant
 Ehildren who Etarted out in the Lighthouse grops: and went thougt years of learnimg and trying to make zomething worthwhate of line fo lives, now have a plate where they cat pht intaparatice what they have learot. I trust that this will prove to be ane of the ngat heartarting and encourgying areas, and an area where Goveriment will see that its maney was wisely spent, and 1 woth nope and pray thet the Direstor and members of the staff who min hitat batome will contitue to get the support of that commity in ali of thatr, effients.
 note that fund have best providet fot expatting the gatoot faciluipa in the George Town area. As we all know. titis itatrict porhats. eontinues toget a burgeoning poputation ato the stopa then by
 Infant school is sute sign that the Egucation Departmentionting


The aports axmber will prowe
its wotht even more ay time goey on. For every wfort maty be mada

 have the right Ghantels throweh which to ekpend their energies. they will have lest and less oppottuntty, and leas and lets should isay appetite or destre to get involvat in trugs zad other areas where for tack gf these farilities causes then to get bored and through paer

 of west Eay. fif. Fresident, as we all know here, thet ts ote of the

 we feel, would do mach to enhance and to wacarage youty people to be more favolved in the arata whicty they ought bo be forytved in. I
 are becoming involved ith projectig which are promating and as witiong







 see that three yourg Gaymanians heve returned to work in the


 probation staff.

 the real problem lies within the fact that the tratimg that tify heve

I belyeve that when they are adophed into hames where fotey era gither to find love, and they ate going to find parents fat bate who
 meang to monitor them. their whereabouts in the tate forme of that

 percent increaze, and I would hope that mach and avaryone fas fund a homer which is mactly that a home.




 peopler or sick poople are left to ktow the mad fot bomeone to bate and loot after ther. The Home help Afd Frograme should ga abong wey in helping tu alleviate thit problean I feal that for adition bo


 particular nexds.

received aupport here yesterday, will baly hefp to entance tha 74.5

 recognises the importanee of good hesthfor not ondy for zansebvas bat
 it would be better thath that. than te leave them alone and lat then go on their way destroying themselves. I woutd mpe that we will fie

 specified for smokers and nonsmokers. We with ste Nroprosident, a
 Children, where we teach then of the harioful 三ide ofterta of trithe
 but fewr but Mr. Futaident I feet that this wonnty has reachod a stage where when in our sophisticstion theme have den a few incidents of the dreadful disease of Aids. t wuld hope giry that has




 things, they are atpeady tos much inveived. lhers mast be a bacerted




 other places, because they took a dreaded awesome degrading sity and
 we have one herer and wis mast tacule it pefore fi, get atit uf proportion. it is a sad fact: but Mf. Fresidemt it is time: and ogh children and young penple moth be educatud eatry ethoth fornow what


Mr. President, 1 an foppog tidt

 doing a good job. There would te few places if the host indies or even in the ditted Etates whene vou would find a nuticketth
 we are seeing done here today, ant this partioutar gepartumb is to ba congratuluted.

## I WElante the atalitanal

psychiatric gervires which gote ging to be aydigethe it is sad hhat






counselting them and tirertith them to appoptiate ughros. They heve






 nucless of rounselling and treatmant servites uitwin the programme."

to walk town the streat abong Harbour orive and ferth Church strest,







 at the moment.


 puty


 area, you can take



 this new venture on the part of foveroment.

I wish to offer w
congratulationg again to the Monouratiefitancia! Etaratay ath hij
 to give tine Budget their support.

Mr. pratident, we do not atways
 have sexn provided fot in this Eudet, they whe not theten he hive




 Members will lend thetr support and ane that thena projecta winh arm
 future.

the Members of this Hoide for the time ffordid uey and hope ant pray that the eadget Addresa uill poove ta be gre which at the end of the yeat, we can say, was one which was honest fatsithted and which was in the best interiests of this country.

Fitenk yat.

MR. PRESEDENT:
L mate it zbout twanty seconds


 adjourromerit.

## ADTBUETHETS



 House until ters o'elock tomamrow.

MF PRESIDEMT:
The Mation ja that this Houst
do now adjourn until ten a"clock tomorest.


FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING
OF THE

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1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
                    HELD ON
WEDNESDAY, 19TH NOVEMBER, 1986
    (FOURTH DAY)
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ERESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOF, MF G TETEF LLOYD, CMG, CVO - FRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| FION THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JF | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICHAEL I BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFTICIAL MEMEER ZAESFONSTBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION. |
| HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THITD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIELE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMAEFR RESFONSIRLE FOF HEALTH EDUCATITON AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NOFMAN BODDEN, MBE | - MEMBER SESFONSTBLCC FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBEIR RESPONSIDLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS 'WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL C JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESTONSIBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |

ELECTED MEMBERS

| MR W McKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMBET FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| :---: | :---: |
| MPS DAPHNE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBET FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST DAY |
| Mfi LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOM ELECTORAL DISTRICT OE GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTIGTCT OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| Mir $G$ haig bodden | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MF D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MCLEAN | ELECTSD MEMRER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTOFAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |
| 1AR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |

ORDEF PAFER

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATTVE ASSEMELY

WEDNESDAY 19 , 19 NOVEMBER, 1986
(FOURTH DAY).

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE HONOURABLE SECOND ELECTED MEMEER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIL.
2. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBERT FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIRLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPRENT

NO. 96: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBEF STATE THE AMOUNT OF HOSPITAL FEES OUTSTANDINC AS AT 3OTH SEPTEMBER, 1986 AND PROVIDE AN AGING ANALYSIS OF SAME?

NO. 97: WOULD THE HONOUFABLE' MEMBER STATE THE TOTAL NUMBER. OF REGISTEFED COMPANIES AS AT 3OTH SEPTEMBERI, 1986 AND PROVIDE A COMPARISON FOR THE CORFESFONDING PERTOD IN 1985?

NO. 98: WOULD THE HONOURADLE MEMEER STATE THE NUMBER OF COMPANIES WHICH ARE TWELVE MONTHS OR MORE IN ARREARS WITH FAYMENT OF GOVERNMENT FEES AS AT THE 3OTH SEPTEMBER, 1986, INCLUDING COMFANIES IN LIQUIDATION WRICH ARE NOT YET STHUCK FROM THE REGISTRY?
3. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

BILLS: -
THE APFROFRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986
SECOND READING: CONTINUATION OF DEEATE ON THE BUDGET ADDFESS

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WEDNESDAY
19TH NOVEHBER, 1989
10:06 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENE:
Member of Executive Council.

Prayers.
The Honourable Second Elected

## PRAYERS

HON. W. NORMAN EODDEN:

Let us Pray.
Almighty God, from whom all wisdom and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to direct and prosper that deliberations of the Legislative Assembly new assembled, that all things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glory of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare of the poople of these tsiands.

Bless our Sovereign Lady Queen
Elizabeth, the Quem Nothar, Philyp Duke of Edinburgh, Chamies prince of Wales, Diana Princess of Wales and all the Royal Family. Give grace to all who exercise authority in our commonwealth that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and plety may be established among us. Especially we pray for the Govempor of our islands, the Members of Executive Council and Members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled fathfully to perform the pesponstble duties of their high office.

All this we ask for Thy great
Name's sake, Amen.
together.
Let us repeat the Lords Prayer
our father, who art in Heaven, Hew be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom comes Thy wll be done, in farth as ft is in Heaven. Give us thls day our dally bread: And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us: And lead us not into temptation; but dellver us fromevili for Thine is the King dom, the power and the glory, for over and ever. Amen.

The Lard bless us and keep us:
the Lond mate His face shine upon us and be gractous unto us: the Lord lifi up His countenance upan us and glve us peace now and always. Amen.

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MR. PRESIDENT: Please be seated.
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Member for Gurge Town.


QUESTIONS TD MEMBERS
THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FQR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANGE AND DEVELOPMENT.

ND. 96: Would the Honourable Member state the amount of hospital
fees outstanding as at 30th september, $18 B 6$ and provide an aging analysis of same?

ANSWER:
The amount of hospital fees dutstanding as at 30th
September, 1986 totalled $\$ 1,319.103$.
By using the years in question as a basis for providing an aging analysis, a breakdown of the preceding amount is as follows:-

| 1986 | 249.674 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1985 | 292,467 |
| 1984 | 242.738 |
| 1983 | 180.908 |
| 1982 | 110.110 |

Acting on the recommendations of the Financial secretary, Honourable Nembers will recall that at a meeting of Finance Committee held on 16th Saptember, 1986, a decifion was taken to write off fees outstanding for the years 1978 and 1979. This decistion has been lmplemented with the exception of those persons who have acknowledged their debt and are in the process of making payment.

## SUPPLEMENTARIES:

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
A supplementary Mr. Fresident.
Would the Member state whether
the individuals owing these fees have in fact been identified, and whether a means test has been carried out on the poorer individuls, to determine whether they are in a financial position to pay any of these outstanding fees.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: By 'outstanding fees', is the Honcurable Member meaning the total of $\$ 1,319,000$ ?

Mr. Presitent, over a year ago I began to issue letters to persons, or former patientis of the Hespital, who had not, as is seen from the answer, paid their bill. I belifeve that I personally signed 7,000 letters. There were people who came forward having received the letter, to indicate as we suspected, that the records were not accurate, and payment had been received but not posted to the Hospltal's account. There were other cases Mr. President, where the individual indicated hardehip, or it would create hardshif in him or her, to pay the Bill. Any such case which came forward was referred to the gotial services Department for, as the Honourable Member has sasd, a mans test, to see whether the person was In a financial posftion, he her she gaid it was.

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON: A Further supplementary Mr. Fresident. In the case of individuals undergoing a means test, would the Mamber state whether these amounts have been uritten off whare it indycates from the means test, that they are not in a position to pay these bllls?

HON. THOMAS G. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, the answer is yes. Whenever the Social Gervices Depantment recomandis that the fee be waived. it is waived, and i have done a number of them.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: A further supplementary Mr. President. Would the Member state whether the outstanding fees from 1980 to 1986 as related in his answer. includes debts that are good or doubtful, but not bad debts. In other words those individuals who have had a means test carried out on them, and it has been proven that they cannot pay, have been excluded from this $\$ 1,319+103$ ?

HON, THDMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Any person who has come forward Mr. President, and subjected thenselves ta the gocial Service Department's means test, then his op her bill falls into 1980 or 1986, those have been meluded from this list, because those fees were walved.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Member for North Side.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Supplementary Mr. President.
Can the Member state, since
ther appears to be large increase in 1984, 1985 and 1986 over 1983, whether the increased haspital fees contributed to thiss ar do we have wore people wha are not paying their hospital fees?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERGON: 1 believe it is a cambination of items Mr. President. We allo have persons who arrived on aircraft. Cayman Airways or Air jamaicar get off the planer go into the hospital, have thell bables, stay for three or four days, are discharged from the hospital, get back on the platie and go back to their homes without paying one penny. so ft is a combination.

The Second Elected Member for
MR. Ge HAIG BDDDEN: Mr. President, will the Member
say if he Hill try to institute a system whereby the bills are handed
to the patients at the time of discharge from the hospital, so that
the hospital will have a better chance of getting the fees?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, at the moment we are working on a system which would require a deposit up front, together with handing the bill to the patient before they leave the hospital. I hope that Honourable Members will support this new system. It is obvious from the answer given at thismeeting, that we need affferent kind of system.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Mr. President, in this connection following the Members answer, would he tate what procedures have in fact been instituted at the hospital to determine those individuals that are in a position to put down a deposit, whether there is somabody there to carry out a means test on individuals coming in for medical attention?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
I think there are a number of people at the hospital who could do this Mr. President, but I think we need to set a rule for everyone, and when the person demonstrates to some satisfaction to the individual at the hospital that he is going to have hardship to put down a $\$ 300$ deposit at that particular time, I think, depending on the reason for the person seeking medical aid, you - fither admit him or her, and then you ask the social services

Department to conduct the means test.
MR. LINFORD $A_{1}$ PIERSON:
So Mr. President, is the Member giving the assurance that individuals not in a position to meet a means test, would nonetheless be offered medical attention frea?

HDN. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I think that $\dagger$ s presently the case, that most of the indigent people, I know number of persons who have serious ilinesses, some of them are so years or more and wha have nedd to visit the hospital frequently in oryer to get medical treatment for their fllness. In such cases, the individual is issumd with a free medical card.

MR. AIMFORD A. PIERSON: A furthor $\$$ upplementary Mr. President. I cannot rucall whether the Member told me whether the outstanding $\$ 1.3$ million has been analysed into 'good", 'doubtful' and 'bad' debts. and whether an analysis of possible collectable fees has also been made, In order not to waste time and money in flogging dead horses?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, we are working up that system. The Hospital Accountant has been requested by the Financtal secretary to work through the system as we did with the 1978 and 1979 accounts. The problem l belleve, will arise in the same way as It did for the 1978 and 1979 accounts. So many years have gone by, that when you issue the fetter the person is not here any more, and we will accumulate those individuals, and in addition to it, jf we are dealing with it at the time and we find there is someone who cannot pay the bill, that will also be put forward efther for finance Compltee's approval, or I will wafe the fee, subject to the gocial Services Department, but we are in the process of, as the Honourable Member says, analysing each year coming forward so that we put this matter to bed Mopefuliy in 1987. I certainly think it it easy to do, and we will do so fully by mid year.

MR. PRESIDENT: The Third Elected Member for West Eay.

## MRE. DAPHNE L. ORRETT:

Thank you.
1 would like to ask the Hanourable Member whether a system which 1 understand was in place from years back, for expectant mothers to efther put up a substantial deposit up front, or if they found themselves unable to do that, were required to deposit in smaller amounts month by montho until such time as they were requires to enter the hotpital. If I am corrert sir, do sunderstand that quite an amount of this stems from bills relating to maternfty cases? good bit of it relates to maternity cases. I am not absolutely sure Mr. President that the system being described by the Thirdelected Member for West Bay is in place, and working effectively.

MR. LINFORD A, FIERSON: I think this will de my last, supplementary on this question Mr. President.

If the Member would be kind Enough, if he has the information avallable, the number of individuals owing the $\$ 1.3$ million, and if he could state specifically whether these have been fofentified, as it has been my understanding that some of these people maybe dead now?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. PResident, some may be dead some may, I would sayr a good number of them probably cannot be reached because they have left the territory. We have even written to gersons who have received treatment at the hospital who is a visitor to these Islands and who has returned to the United states. Those we have billed, and the majority have gait. I do not at the moment Mr. President, have the proper answer to the question risised by the second Elected Menter for George Town, as regards the number, but perhaps if he wishes. I can give it to hlm in writing.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSGN:
Yes Mr. President, if he could do that I would be happy.

MR. PRESIDENT:
If there is no further
supplementary, the second Elected Member for George Town may ask the next quastion.

THE BEGOND ELEGTED MEMBER FOR GEQRGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONDURABLE FIRST DFFICIAL MENBER RESPONSIRLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELGPMENT.

| N0. 97: | Womld the Honourable Member state the total number of registered compantes as at 30 th Septemberr 1986 and provide a comparison for the corresponding period in 1985? |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANSWER: | The total number of registered companies in the Cayman Islands as at 30th Septamber, 1986 were 18,995. For the corresponding period in 1985 the total number of registered companies were $18,583$. |

SUPPLEMENTARIES:
MR. LINFORD $A$. PIERSON:
A supplementary Mr. Fresident. I think it is masity deductible from the subtraction, but would the Menber confirm for $\quad$ 角y information. that the net number of comparles registered in that perfod of a year wias only 412 ?

HDN. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I to not want to give just a one line answer. We must take into account the fact that the Regittry of Companies has been around 16 to 17,000 companies for quite soma time. It is only in recent years that, having been put on the computer that we can really determine who is paying and who has not pald. 1 remember four years ago. and many years before that \&ifer you would try to do the policing of annual fee payments by hiring college students mainly those who were bonded by Government who were returning to the cayman Islands and wishing to have work. We would have two people, one starting at 'A' and the other starting at ' $Z$ ' and working towards themseives. $Z$ working towards $A_{r}$ and $A$ working towards $Z$ and it never gets finished. one ends at $Q$ and the other one ends at $L$, and the people in the widdie, you do not know whether thay have pafd or not. There just was not enough manpower to do the job. Having now computarised the system, simply by pushing a bution we can get a printout to say who they are, and, having come this far, and you know when you print out information everybody forgets that tit was an old system we were dealing withr and why can you not rectify this thing yesterday, It is being ractifidi, and we will ensure that the next $t$ ime this question is answered. at the next Budget Meeting, if it Is put, thare wlll be a different answer given here, gut there ware more than 400 companies. The new registrations, and then the total number of compantes struck from the Regtster becauso of non-payment, as the Second Elected Mamber for George Town indtrated, it is the net position you are looking at.

MR. LINFQRD A, PIERSON:
Honcurebie First Official Member could the alphabet again from $A$ to $Z$, then $Z$ back to $A$, perhaps he could tell me specifically yes or no, whether in that period there was only net Increase of 412 companies in the perlod september 1985 to september 1986 - yes or no?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERGON: Mr. President, it must have been semantics on my part, I thought $I$ answared it. I said at the end that the Honourable Member was correct, that it was a net position, but to remember that some of these companles have been lying there not paying their fees for some timer and if you have new registrations, a company is being registered in 1986 of 2,000 and then you are wiping off 1,600 of old compantes that are just hanging around not doing any business, and not paying any fees, the net position is going to ba 400.

MR. LINFDRDA. PIERSON: I balleve Mr. President, I might be jumping ahead a bit here, because lave another question sifilar to this one, but would the Member state if he has the information available, whether the number given to me here in the answer, of 18.975 would have included approximately 4,000 companies that should now be struck from the fegister, because of non-payment?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I belleve that infomation is given in the answer to the next question Mr. President.

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSDN: One other supplementary Mr.
President, and I would be happy if the Member does not have this information, if he would undertake to provide it. The question is, the average met number of eampanies registared in 1984?
$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { not understand }}$ it. The average....?
MR, LINFORD A. PIERSON: AVErage net number of companies, net meaning, the net increase aver the year before.

MR. PRESLDENT: When you say 'average', that is what threw we. Do you mean the net number between Soptember 1984 and September 1985?

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
Yes sir. I think the Member shook his head, he understood what I was asking Sir.

## MR. PRESIDENT: As long as he did.

HON. THOMAS $C$. JEFFERSON: I belleve I understand what the Honourable Member is seeking Mr. President. I would not say it was the average, I would say it would be the net fow that particular period, but 1 can also say that 1 do not have the information avallable, and will be happy to give it to him in writing.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Mr. President, can $I$ ask the
Member if the 700 companies in default mentioned in the Public
Accounts Comititee's Report, are included in the 400 and odd net.
increater because if they are, there would not be a 400 increase,
there would be a minus of 300 .
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
playing with numbers. Mr. president.
The Honourable Member is
18,995 companies on the Register.
The 700 companies is part of the

MR. G. HAIG EQDDEN:
So what will be the position When if it is recognimed that these 700 in default no longer exist?
MR. PRESIDENT: I wonder whether we can take this with the next question, because the next question fis going to give us some figures about numbers in default, I think is it not? if the Member was agreeable, perhaps it wald be best to wait for the answer to that, and then you can have... If there is no further supplementary, the secont Elacted Member for George Town may ask the sext question. Government fees as at 30 th september，1986，including companies in liquidation whith are not yet struck from the fegister？

ANSEER：The number of companies which are twelve months or more in arrears with payment of Government fees as at 30th September，1996，incluating companies in liquidation which have not yet been struck fram the Register are 3 ， 562.

## GUPPLEMENTARIES：

MR．G．HAIG BODDEN：
Mr．President，may I ask the
Member if it is carrect that the Company Register will now be much less，mearly 4,000 companfes less when he has carrifed out the exercise of striking off these companies which really do not exist，because 1 think the haw says that when it is in default，the company does not exfist．it must be struck off．

HON．THOMAS C．JEFFERSON：
Yes，Mr．President，the answer is that if you have 18,995 companies on the Reglster at the moment， and you strite 3,562 it is going to be less．

MR．LINFDRD A．PIERSQN：Supplementary Mr．President． Since wh have arrived the true number of companies actively on the Register of 15，000 and not 18，000，does the Member have any
information on the number of companies which have fallen into default since the signing of the Nutual Legal Assistance Treaty？

HDN．THOMAS C．JEFFERSON： at the moment．

MR：PRESIDENT：
The Member for Nopth side．
MR D．DIEZARD MILLERE Does the Me⿴囗十丌干 have an aging analysts of these 3.562 companies because I do not belifeve that they are all jut overdue since 1984 or 5 omewhere before that？

HON．THOMAS C．JEFFERSON：It is very likely Mr．
President，you wlll find a number of them in the early $70^{\circ}$ s，not just 1984．I to not have an aging analysis；but I will te happy to pravide it．

MR．PRESIDENT：The Second Elected Member far
George Town．
MR．LINFORD A．PIERSON：
Mr．Prefident，sincer and I am going to turn this into a question very quickly，the past few weeks I have seen the Gazette fillet with companies in liquidation．I wonder If the Member would undertake to provide me with the information I just recently requested，the number of companies placed in fiquidation and struck off since the signing of the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty？

HON．THRMAS C．JEFFERSON：
Mr．president，I am happy to do that，In the Member＇s previous question he did not ask for it．

MR．PRESIDENT：I think what you have already undertaken，is to provide an analysis of all the $3,562 \ldots$.
HON．THOMAS C．JEFEGREON：AN aging analysis of 3，562．．．
MR．PRESIDENT：
That is right，an aging
analysis of the whale lot．The additional infommation as i understand ft，that the Secand Elected Member for George Town may be now asking for，is how many companies have gone into liquidation and should be struck，between the 30th September and taday？The remainthg information will be provided，ar has already been promised．Would I be right that you are asking far the additional information， 30 th September to now？

President. Would the Member state whether he fs satisfied from his records. that the majority of companies struck in the past six months, came about as result of the signing of the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty?

MR. PRESIDENT:
That is seeking an expression of opinion, and $I$ an afraid cannot be allowed.

The Second Elected Member far

## Boden Town.

MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
Can the Member say if the true
figure of 15.333 companies is lest than the number of companies on the Fegistef five years ago?

MR. PRESIDENT: I think, until the Meraber can provide the aging analysis which has been prowised, he is not going to be able to answer that. He has already sald that he does not know how many of them are overdue arrears, for how long, but once the information is provided you can wark it out.

Mr. G. HAIG BDDDEN: . But Mr. President, 3 wander If he will agree that the 15,000 companies now in existance is less than the total number of companies on the fegtster one year ago.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: I Cannot agree to that Mr. President. There are 18,795 companies on the register. There are 3.562 thet are in armears, they are still on the fegister. They art on the Regfter until you strike them off,

## MR. LINFRRD A. PIERSON: Just on point of

clarification. Mr. President. Would the Member state whether this 3.562 include companies now in voluntary liquidation, which have not yet been struck from the Register, because thege would also still be included on the Register until a dissolution certificate is issued by the Registrar of Companfes.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSOM:
Mr. President. I think in one of the answers that $I$ gave, I cannot remember which one it was now, what number it was, it was the one dealing with the twelve months in armears:
> "Would the Honcurable Member state the number of compantes which are twelve months or more in arrears with payment of Government fees as at 30th september, 1986, including companfes in ifquidation which are not yet struck from the Register。"

The answer to that question is:

> "The number of compenies which are tweive months or mare in arrears with payment of covernment fees as at 30 h Geptember, l98G, fncluding companies in liquidation which have not yet ben struch from the Register are $3.542 . "$

Mayte 1 wisunderstood the
Member"\$ question.
MR. LINFORD $A=$ PIERSON: I think you understood that question but my reason for askingr is that at the end of 1985 we have 4,000 that should have been struck off. Sinca 1985 we have had a number of our compantes glaced in voluntary liquidation. and it does seem somewhat strange that with that addfion. the number has dropped. So this is why $I$ wanted it clarified.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President. the 3.562
companies are not related to 1985, it is the accumulative position at the end of 30th September, 1986, which will probably tegin in the 70's If you start the accumulation and build it up to 3,562 .

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
Mr. President, just to clarsfy what $I$ have said. I apprectate what the Member has diaidr but my position is, if at the end of 1985 you have had 4 , 000 companiey reauiring to be struck from the Register, and you have perhaps another 400 companles on to that, that would be about 4,400 companies. You cannot end up with 3,500.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSDN:
Mr. President, we must bear in mind as well that although you have 3,562 at the moment, or at 30 h Septamber, 1986, if 500 of them come forward and pay their fees, there are only 3,000 left. So we must take thts into account when we are dealing with this figure, because we must remember that although there is megistered office for the company, the owners of the registered office are not going to pay the bill for the company. It is the shareholders who have established the campany, who have to forward the funds to the registered office, in order for the registered office to pay Government. Sometimes there is a problem with communfations between the owner and the registered office, and those are some of the measong why we find that colf panies appear on a computer printout to not have paid their annual fee.

MR, LINFORD $A$. PIERSON:
A Further supplementary, just to clarify this point. Mr. President. Is the Member stating then that the positive position of a net decrease of approximately say 1,000 is due to these companles that were initially in default, coming forward and paying their fees, is this what he is saying?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
I was only uting a general cort of an assessment of what could actually take place. But, we also nefd to memembor, that the important statistic 15 not just the 18,995 on the Register. We also have to take into account new registrations annually, whith usually run about 1,900 to 2,000 companies per year, so that is also a constoteration when you are dealing with these flgures.

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MR. PRESIDENT: We have Exhausted the
possibilfties of that question.... in that case we can pass on to Item
3 on today"s Brider Paper. Government. Eusiness, Bilis. Continuation
of Smcond Ramding Debate on the Appropriation (1787) EIll. 1786.
Dows any furthar Member wish to speak? The Second Elected Member for West Bay.
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GOVERNMENT EUSINESS

## BILLS

## THE APERGPRIATION (1987) BILLL 1986

## SECDND READING

## continuatign df debate on the budget address

MR. H. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Presidentr I riser I am
glad I can, and give God thanks that 3 can be here to dabate this Thirg Budget Presenthtion, since I entered this House as a representative of the people.

Before I move into my short
contribution Mr. President, I crave the indulgence of the Housex to offer ay thents and apprectation to our clerk, to her deputy and the entire staff of the House for all thefr halp and kindiess over the past year, I think they are doing a good job, considering that this department of Government is paid less attention to then any other. I would also say Mr. President, a wowd of thanks to the Principal Sechetaries and those other Civil Servants, who have befm most helpful In their own way, over the past year.

In presenting the Eudgetary proposals for the year 1987, the Honourable Financial secretary undembtemly made a very builliant speech, and i offer him my congratulations, Mr, President, in the final analysis however, the country will be not only interestad in the goad Budget sperif, but the country will be shterested in whether the Government has presented a goad, and warkable Budget. The peoplewill be comiermed as to whether the Budget will be effective in moving the countmy along the right paths in fts etonomic develophent, and the peoplewfll be concerned as to whether the gutget will help to promate thereal solution of tho real ecomonic, and most lmportantly, the 50 otal problems that confrant
 to give their nod of approval. After all, we are only here because oun people vanted us here for tome betterment of them all. Therefore
 Icing. the pracf of the pudding is in the tasting thereaf.

1 must say Sir, that it $\ddagger$ s very
heartening to hean that we have retained the same growth in the number
of banks coming to this country, as we did last year. The prediction is that for 1987, the same rate of growth is expected to be mintained. If we are going to give cur people the anenfties they are asking for, and which the country needs, We must continue to expand our financtal sector. Mr. Prestdent, I do not know how many of these banks are coming from Nomin America, from the United States, and 3 do not know whether the Government is really concerned as to where the business comes from once it is good, clean business. The promising situation would seem to say, that if the business is coming out of the United States, that my feeling on the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty was perhaps, fisplaced. However, if the business is coming from other areas around the world, mabe it is nat time yet to say whose felling was right, or whose was wrong. Undoubtedly, with business coming from all around, puts us in a much better posftion than having to depend on the Untied States' economy. It $i 5$ good for us to have a broad based business. 1 doubt Mr. President, that anybody tan start saying that the Treaty has begun to affect us favourably already. 1 belifeve, and I belfeve that every Menber in this House feels within himself, that we have sothe years to wat to sef the effectiveness of the Treaty, whether if is going to be favourable or whether it is going to cause us some harm. As I said then Mr. President, I will say now, if I am wrong, I will gat up here and say that Mckeeva Bush was wrang in his feeling on the Treaty. If I am right, then there wald not be any use in me taying that I was right, that would not help the gituation. But I am trusting that those who say that we are in a good position because of the Treaty, I am tursting that they are might and I am wrong.

In the final anelysis Mr. president, all I have ever wanted, and all I have asked for the people who put me in the House to repmesent them, is peact, prosperity and happiness for all of them. Those who to not have paace and happiness, to be able to find ity and those who are in the lower stratia of life, to be atie to lift themselves out of their predicaments. If this is the ain of Government as it should be, by whatever means this can be accomplished, they will have my support in their search to bring about those things. Otherwise Mr. President I will be forced to object strenuously to the other path which might be taken. As a representative of the people, I belfeve that 1 would be acting im falrness. I was put here to do what my conscience leads me to do. Some people might not like what I say, or how $I$ say it, but the fact of the matior Is that I have to do what I feel is right.

Mr. President, grouth must have a purpose, and that purpose must be both economic and social. it must have a purpose in the sense that the fruits of growth mast be used for purposes of developing the economy and distmibuting it in the form of better employment oppomtunities, and better social services. If this 15 not done then, there 15 no use the country growing, If the people are not going to get something out of the growth of this country, then We might as well lock up the shop. If the aream is going to be taken away, and our paople catch the crumbs, then we all might as well stay at home © Dur job, first and fammost, is to protect every citizen in this country, whether he comes from a million dollar family, or Whether he comes from a fally that is all the time orunk. of course, that seys nothing for themillion dollar fainilies either, but this is what 1 see our job as. Some may hot like it, well, they will just have to lumpli.

Insofar as the Budget for 1997
is concerfed, there is no expected deficit. The year 1986 will end with a surplus of $\$ 3.3$ \#llifon, and it is proposed to transfer $\$ 2.0$ million of that surplus to the General Reserves, leaving a surplus of \$1.3 million to help with the 1987 expenditure. As the expenditure far next year will exteed the revenue by over $\$ 1.0$ million, and the $\$ 1.3$ हlllion will also help to produce a surplus at the end of 1987 of some $\$ 72,267$, this is, as 1 understand it. Mr. President, in our given economic situation, deficit spending is not something to encourage, espectally if it means borrowing militons of dillars each year for non-productive expenditure, housekepping expenditure. that kind of exercise creates inflation, makes the public debt higher, puts the country in a much more unstable position. So, I am happy to see that we are going into a balanced budget, and 1 am more happy to see that $\$ 2.0$ million is being put into the General Reserves. This Mr. President bespeaks good financial thinking, the prattice of course, of storing up for rainy day, goes back to bible times, and certainly in the likelinood of anything sertous happoning in this country, where it rendered us helpless to meet aur commitments, the thought of having something put away, gives us some comfart. But, let us not ge into
orbit yet, for we have a recurrent expenditure of just under $\$ 50.0$ millition which we would have to meet in the avent of something drastic happenting. We would have to find over $\$ 4.0$ million per month, in a couple of months where would this put us? So, I can offer the Honourable finantial secretary, and other mabers of Govermont as well, we have gat to give then credit toon my congratulations on this forward thinking.
customs. Mr. President. The Customs Department is one which I have much respect for, and leally think they are doing a fantastic job. The defartment has a very fime staff, honest, hard warking and commiteed to their country. They must be committed sir, because it is the one department where we hardly see anyone leaving, especially in the higher brackets. I do not know all of the staff, but Mr. President, I do know that we have a good number from my district, and of these, I can say with my head held high that they are good, decent, honest, young men and women of impeccable character. I belleve that they will go a long way in the Civil Service if they are given the chance, These Mr. Prestident, are the kinds of people that this country needs. Dedication and honesty is nefded in the Customs Department as much as it is needed in the police Force. I have all confidence in the Customs Department that they will continue to do fine job. There is one observation l would like to make with regard to Customs. Formany years now Mr. President, customs has had this procedure of collecting duty on vehicles, where, if your invoite is more than the rate boak they use, then they calculate it on your invaice. And if the book is more than your Invoice, they calculate it according to their book. Mr. Fresident, this is a Government that likes te brag about examples. How can this be honest? How can this be an honest practice, when it is not ven sanctioned by law. If poor man goes to Miam or Tampa and buys a used vehicle, and he gets proper papers, and he has thes notarised or certyfled in some manner, this should be sufficient enough. I have asked about this before, and was told that some people are dishonest and croeked and try to cheat the Govermment. Well, that may be 50 , but not everyone is dishonest or crooked in some shape or form. I belfeve that this stuation must be looked at, because right now as I underst, ind it, Government is not acting within the law, and this practice is nothing but an Al Capone act, a scheme which is most unfair to the public, and as 5 have safd, these days 3 hear a lot. about, we as a Government having to set examples. Well, 1 wonder whether anyone thinks that this practice is honest. i would like to see this situation change to a morequitable practice. I know that our Honourable Financlal gecretary is not to blame, this is something that has been geing on for years, and 1 have ela confluence in him to do the honest thing by the pubific, mind revise this situation. Now, Mr. President, i know that 3 am going to be told that we need more revenue, and we have gat to bulld up our reserves, and I have just sald that. thet is true, but we must do it homestly. You cannot tap yourself on the back in one fashlan, and then steal in another fashion, and that is exactiy what is happening here. 1 cannot see anybody digging themselves aut of this. It is fact, that practice is not honest, and it hurts our people, and we should revise this stuation.

Mr. President, Radio Cayman is doing a fairly good job, that is, except for those times when it is interfered with. Mr. Prestdent, I did not interrupt anybody in their thoughts on this gudget, and their train of thinking, so let the Hancurable finst Elected Menber behave himself. Unless he has something good to tell me that he wants meto say, then iot him kepp quiet. They are always complaining that 1 interfere with them. $I$ rade a promise that they could say anything in this House and I would not tourh them. But let, me continue in some peace now. I am going to keep the promise.

I am glad Mr. Fresident to see new pragrammes being introduced this year. I feei that a good variety of local, regional and international events and cultural, that is Caymantan culture now a am talking about, and religious and educational material will help to broaden our peoples znowiedge, I am atrong belifever Mr. President, in goad commonications, and I feel that when our poople are properly informed and told the truth, there Whll be less ruom for mischlef makers. Communfation sir, can make or break a Goverment, it is a known fact. Communication can make or break a fanfly, 3 have stated before and laill say it again, as a Member of Government who is responsible to the people of this country, 1 expect to be kept up to bate with things that go on in this country. Nat to hear it on the street from somebody else, when the story is
twisted around million times. Tell me what is going on, thet i can tell the people the truth, this is all the public wants. Mr.
Prestdent, some people crititise the Radio station. The most
criticism that I hear is about how peopletalk. I do not know what the difference is between a "Caymanian" and a "Kaymamian", but that is the way it is. The fact of the mattar is that too many people in this country are something elsf, other than caymanian. I am satisfied that they are doing a good job, and I would also congratulate the birector of Broadcaiting and the staff for the gaot job they are doing.

Immigration: Mr. Prestident, as
a representative, it is not, 1 know, an easy thing to please everybody and somet, $\ddagger$ mes we are quick to criticise. The Immigration Department $I$ know, has a very difficult task, they are also like our customs officers, and many of them ere trying very hard to do a good job and to please the public. They work long hours whith takes many of them away from their families, and we have to apprectate what they have to sacrifice to serve their country. once you start to deal with Imigration, Mr. President, you get accused of discrimination, but this is far from the truth in the case of this Menber. I am partifulariy concerned 5 ir, about the flow of unnecessary people into this country, and I wonder if sufficitent measures are there to curb ti. When say unnecessary sir, I do not only mean that perhaps it is a person who we do not nafd here to work, but i am alsa speaking about certain behavior when they get here. We really have to take stock as to the limit we allow on our streets, many of whom have no respect for law and order. To site casemr. President, just a few days agoy or a few months now, I was driving howe from work, and in the vicinity of Sundowner on the West Bay Road, I came across an incident where two Jameican girls were fighting another one, two agalmst one. It caught. my attention because of the big rocks that came flying across the street, Luckily there was a Police car coming behind me, and he saw it about the same time that idid. Both of us stopped, as dida lot of other cars. One of the girls had anife, and the one who had the如ffe was themald of a lawyer. Well inmediately they started mouthing me, and the officer who was from the CID, and one of them told me, she sald "look, you do not have any business in this", and you should have heard the language. If I had had some arpesting powers, I would have made an arrest, and then you would have gotten me for that... (lavghter). The bad thing about it Mr. President, there were at least five other foreign nationals walking up the street, and they asked we whether this sort of thing was golng to be taken to court, seefigg that there was knifoplay, and all. I told them well. I do not know. I was not an officer. Anyway, I told the girl riook, I have a lot of business to do with these situations. I am here to help keep the peace, and it is people like you who are giving good Jafaicans a bad name, and at the least you can behave yourselves when you came here". And what do you think the problem was all about - a man. It sefms that one of the girls was going out with the other ane's boyfriend. But ik was no joke, it might seem laughatien but it was mo joke.
That incident left a bitter taste in my mouth, and these are the kinds of stuation that we are being faced with. Now Mr. President, I cam speak about these kinds of cases quite openty because I am not scared to lase a vote. Those people know quite well that 1 do not discriminate. If $I$ can help them in any way at all, if it is a genulne case, I try to do it where possiole. However Mr. President, something has to be done, one bad apple spofls the rest.

Mr. presidemt, the other case I would wish to mention is the one $I$ wad in the compass the other day, and 1 want to read it here. It concerns one Owen Barmington Bruce, aged 30....

MR: PRESIDENT:
I think this is probably subjudice. I am not sure what points the Member is going to make but. I think I had better ask him to tell me privately first before....

[^31]MR. PRESIDENT:
So I will suspend proceedings
for approxfmately fifteen minutes.
house resumed at 11:44 F.M.

## MR. FRESIDENT:

Please be seated.
Resumption of the second
Reading Debate on the Appropriation Bill. The second Elected Member for Hest Bay.

MR. K. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. President, before we took the break i was going to deal with an articla as produced on the front page of the Caymanfan Compass on Thursday 13 th November, 1986 which identifies a Jamaican man, aged 30 who said he came to Cayman in September 1984, leaving his children and including a wife and two children in Jamaica. He admitted that he had been in trouble with the Folice in hit homeland. As juvenile, he had been convicted for lllegal possestion of a firearm. In 1974 he said that he was sentenced to 15 years in jafl for robbery with aggravation and driving away a vehicle without the owners consent. He said he was paroled around June or July 1981, and that shortly aftar his release he was convicted of store-breaking and larceny. On this conviction, he said he received a twoyear santence and was sent back to prison to complete his previous mentence. He was released in November, 1982. In Gayman he worked as a chef on board the M. V. Forts of Call, and did mechanlcal and electrical work on the side. He married for a second time in November 1984, to a Caymanian girl. He said he had not divorced his first wife, and agreed that this was bigamy, what else could lt be? Mr. Presidentr ay question is. without ft being subjudice, is how in the world could a man come into this country with such a long jail record? How could he come here and marry a poor unsuspecting girl, and commft bigamy?

Another case is the one of the holdup in broad daylight, pight here in town a few days agor right gut on the waterfront. Luckily, that jewllery store had some very brave women who should be commended. Mr. President. I do not care whollkes me for 1 t , but some drastic measures must be taken, and i say that a way that we could do it is to lat them get a visa to come hera. Today, our society is threatened already from within. We have enough scoundrels of our very own, we hardly need outside collaboration to further our destruction. often $i$ am confronted, and know we all are confronted with this type of situation. And many of the social problems that we are now experiencing, namely drug abuse, flegal gambling, robbery, burglaryr onemday marriages for $\$ 500$, lllegitimate births, thase things are tracaable ofrectly to the influx of these types of people, and we already have enough of these problems of our own committed by our own peopie. Let us put our heads together, let Govarnment form some kind of Commftee, a task force consifting of a few members of this House on it, and some from the Protection Board, and some from the Immigration Department, to see what we can come up with. We are confronted with the problams as Members of the House, let us be involved, let us know what is going on, we can help make decisions too. At least, let us knock around ideas. Crime has reached erisis proportions in this country. I will try to deal more with that later on. As I have sajd before. Mr. President. I would repeat less anyone misconstrues what $I$ have been talking about. I am not ditcriminating against any particular nationality. i have friands from Honduras, 1 have frlends from Nicaragua, t have friends from the United states, and do not think that we do not have those criminals comfing here. I have friends from Jamaica. I do not alscriminate agafnst any particular nationality, but as I haye said before. I have no other country to run to. I do not own an Amerlean Green Gard, I own no Swiss or United States bank accounts. This littie rock here is home, sweat home to men And Mr. Fresident, I doubt that those who had to come nere fros other countries to reside, because of crime, corruption and dirt in their countries, in their own home lands, are satisfied to see Cayman deteriorating the way we are in the area a am dealing with. Mr. fresident, we have good people from alt the countries that have mentioned, living herer decent paopler people who have worked hard in our communtty, have helped within the social Clutir have helped in poor homes. I know some familiey in my constituency Mr. President, who have done a lot, Jamaican famflies too. who have done a lot for West Bay, in that they have gone into those areas where government would not dare got or at least did not go. Rut, we have a ftuation existing, and we have to do something about it. And in talking about the visay i know that this will create
some stirr which perhaps is going to say it is going to be more difficult to get a maid. Mr. President, any proper channel opened I believe, will be satisfactory to our people, once they are told of the situation. But let us not bury our heads in the sand like an ostrich and say everything it all right. And when our people demand something, you say you cannot get it. If you communicate with them they will understand. Eefore I leave Immigration. Mr. President, I would mention one other area where 1 feel there is some advantage being taken. I feel Sir, that it is high time that we do something about those briefcase salesmen who come in here over night, do their business, take their orders. serape up everything they canr and millions of dollars in the bargain are scraped out of cayman. Mr. Presfdentr $I$ sometimes speak about the merchants in this country, and over profiteering. Because i belleve that it is a fact, there are no two ways about it, they can grumble all they wantr they can say anything they want. it is the truth and the truth must be told. Eut after all, they are our own. sometimes the closest bite the hardestr neverthaless they do pay licenca fees, and they do hire staff, so wa have to offer some protection, and if nothing is being done presently about this unfair situation, then $I$ hope the Honourable Member responsfble for Trade and Business and the Honourable Member responstble for immigration will do somathing to start straightening out this malpractice. It seems Mr. Prestont, that every time I get up to mention Immgration or folica I am called to order about, something. I hope that it is only that you have my best interests at heart. I trust that I Will not be oub-judice ln anything $i$ am dealing with. of course. I know sub-judice has been a rule devised to keep people from saying anything, especially uned in Parliaments worldwide, to keep politicians from making their thoughts known. Anyway Mr. Presidant, I trust i will not be sub-judice in this instance. One of the most important requirements in a democracy, and for the demoeratic systemr is that the public malntain confidence in the Law Enforcement arm of Government. The Police, as the only law enforcempnt body that we have, must always remain above reproach and suspicion. Constant complaints from the public cannot be ignored and pushed aside, it must be seen that the Force is capable and willing to discipline Members for breach of conduct. I believe Mr. Fresident, that the training programme instituted some years agor a few years agor has ralsed the level of compatence of some of our officers. Howevar. I am still concerned that unless there is a general foprovement in the conduct of some officers. the tmprovement of the force will be lost, and the public's respect for the force in general will continue to deteriorate. I am trusting that as the Training officers frof the United Kingdoa departy and local officers begin to take up certain of these training roles and others as well, that the Government does not now rest on its laurels, but that every effort will be made to continue to strengthen this training programme, with spertal emphasis on dealing with the public.

The accident rate on our
highways has become vary alarming, despite the fact, that our roads are second to none in the Caribbean arean It is well known that most accidents are due in part to drug and alcohol abuse. The folfoe sir, need to take more preventative action rather than jast sitting by, and waiting to prosecute after an accident has occurred. I know that these speed traps are form of deterrent, but an accidant can easily happen a long time before the car reaches the speed trap, in the case of the car speeding. In closing on this area, I would extend congratulations to those local officers, who were recently promoted at the end of last year, and this year. Some of them l happen to have grown up with and went to school with, and 1 can attest to their personal honesty, and abjlity, and I believe that they wlll do this country proud. some I did not go to school with. but i still have knowledge of thair charactar, and $i$ encourage them to ramain honest, to always do a good job, because an honest Policeman is worth more than gold to his country. in these days of rapid changes and developments. Mr. President, as I have sald before, crime is escalating in this country, and Mr. President, it is causing mush concern, as it did back in the early $80^{\prime} s^{\prime}$, when we had a surge in crime. Mr. Presldent, gone are the days when one could sleep in one's bed in this country and feel safe, let us not fool ourselves, if you do yos are a bigger fool than 1 think. We have a serious situation existing, and Mr. President Government, as I have said, fhould not bury its head in the sand. Many people say that this crime has risen some 300 percent, that $i s$ an alaing crime rate for such a small community. Now, crime can be attributed to many things, but I matntain that the crime we are experiencing is attributed to a fast,
deteriorating social life in this country. Mr. President, we need more programes. better social programmes. Mr. President, it is no use saying "you sentence someone to two years in prison", and that person is thrown back on the street in sixteen months timer no better off than he was when he entered. The crime rate is frightening, and if we are going to maintain our stability, if we are going to have the kind of grouth that is necessary for proper development of the social serviceg, then we have to do something about that which is causing the deterloration.

Mr. President, thls year there way supposed to be an effort to reduce waste in the Prison systemr and if that determination has been carried over into all Government departments, then ft is a good thing. I am also glad Mr. President. that sowe efforts were made to keep the inmates at Northward Prison occupled with woodwork and othar works such as agriculture. But I am still not satisfied that all is being done that could be done to properly cehabilitate our many young people who happen to go into Northward, spacially those, and it is a majority, who are serving time for drug related offentes. Time and time again, it has been pointed out that keeping a person locked up because of smoking a stick of ganja without the proper rehabllitative programmes, is doing him no goodr because after he has been released for a short pertod, he starts back on the road to do the same thing.

Higher fines Mr. President are not helping social deterforation in Cayman, and going to Prison does not cure it. Prison has been instituted from the days of the bible, and life has continued to deteriorate.

Mr. President, ay I go through my district, and indeed the entire island, i see the great need for some kind of remand home, where we can put those people who are caught in the elatches of drug abuser and also those with some sort of mental problem. A home, not just a lock upr home where these peoplecan be treated and looked after properly and where they can get some kind of rahabllitative condftioning. What happens now is that they get caught, get sentenced to Northward, after a fow months or a year they are releasad to soclety in still the same condition, or maybe a little worser because of the influx of drugs in Morthward. and over and beyond that they experience the trauma of belng in jall which puts them in a most depressing state. I dare say that out of the hundreds that you send to Northward, it doe not serve as a deterrent to ten. We see ther walking the streets, being a pest to the tourtsts, or other paople, or thay stay at home and make fanfly life constant misery. The misery comes about. not because the famflies do not care for thell oun, because 97 times out of 100 the fally cannot cope with the problem. I say, the situation has reached alarming proportions, it needs action. Mr. President, I am familymanr and as it fisuith the famfly so it. is with Government to an extent. I recognise that everything cannot be done at one time, and belleve thare might be some plans, but fmplementation must begin soon. What I have sald bears repeatingr and let us not come up now arguling my debater bringing figurat, gaying that we have got to do this. ket us face the fact that we have a problemr a serious protlem, and that top priority must be put on it. Rehabilitation must begin in thit country in a serious. serious manner. It must begin in the proper atmosphere and surcoundings: not in a jall or some other lockup. if we do not do what in necessary, and place social services in thls country on the top of the list Mr. Fresldentr not second to anything elser but fipt, If we do not do it, all of our other efforts, all of Government's work In other areas ulli have come to naght. soctal Services it is sald in the gudget, has a growing ellant population, case after ease, they recognise it. Eut Mr. President, we have to do somethingr and put more effort and wore prlortty on the soclal aspect of this country. If it continues to be neglected, social deterioration is going to be far above economic development. Mr. President. I know that there is a pretty good sum in the dudget, which will be expended in a couple of different araas. However, Mr. fresident, I know that money, or a building i should say, and I recognise that fact. is not the sole criteria. but we have to gat more and more money in order to get our programmes for social services. Mr. Fresident. tomorrow would be exactly two years since I have been sworn in as a Mernber of this Houser ant most of what I have bean dealing with in my two yeara in office has been the social appect of the country. I do not think sir, that any request that I have made is out of order. I do not think ith is to any whim or fancy that $I$ have. $I$ see a case or a problemr and $I$ try to do somathing about lt. Mr. President, to show that we have not been placing the emphasts and the amount of money that is necessary in
this country over the years, I will give you some figures. Up until 1976 there was not a department, as such, for social servicas, that is up ant Il 1976. So, to get some figures. I did not know whare to look, but according to the records, from 1977 the vote for Social Servites has been r and I read:

| 1977 | $\$$ | 139.648 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1778 | $*$ | 232.017 |
| 1979 | $*$ | 271.184 |
| 1780 | $*$ | 428.516 |
| 1981 |  | 661.770 |

You wlll sae Mr, President, and if you go right back, that in tio Election years, evory time tho amont was doubledr every time.

| 1982 | \$ | 763.115 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1983 | $\$$ | 586.900 |
| 1784 | $\$$ | 776.818 |

Close to being dowbled 1985 the first year we were in office * 1.051.691 1986 And this year* 1986

$$
\begin{array}{r}
* 1,051,691 \\
* \quad 977,221 \\
* \quad 1,200,000
\end{array}
$$

Now, Mr. President, 1 may be wrong, but with these kinds of gudgetr tell me what any social Services Director could get done? We have not faced up to the social aspect that has been Eonfronting us. We have, over the many years been burying our heads in the sand, and every time acase is brought forward you laugh the parson to scorn. talling him that the person that you are bringing the case for does not really need lt, they wust get ost and work. And all the fime, Mr. President we have been going down the drain socially. Crime Is on the Increaser and it stamy from the social deterioration. It is true, that fanily lifa in this country, is not what it used to be, and i should say, it is because familiest parents have more and more timeto workr and lestr and less tioge for their children. That is one of the causes. but I maintaing and they can call me a socialistr they cancall me a communfstr the only thing I do not, want them to do is to call watafor dinner. They can do anything Mr. Presidentr but I maintain that we have to take carg of the unfortunate peopl in our soclety, or they will be our Waterloo. Housing. 1 will Eome to fhat later on but housing is one of our problems. Mr. Presidentr our people are burdened because of the rat race we find ourselves In therefore the fanfly wlll be neglerted. But a earing Government must mot just put tokens in the Social Services vote. We have to be about the business of putting the programan in place, to combat the problems. I can well appreciata Mr. President, the amount of work the Social Services Department has. I know the many Eases that $I$ am Eonfronted with. But Mr. Fresident. tell wer fagetting another filing ciark going to holpthe problear? Why do we not put and station the people in thedistriets, let then get out there and $\begin{gathered}\text { fingle with the people, put them out therey put an }\end{gathered}$ office in the district. $\quad$ do not have an office in ours districtit but we will devise somathing for them to wowk fromp and put their programmes In glaze. If we cannot devise it oursalves, let us call iti owtside help. I know Mr. President that I am going to be told that "you do not know what you are talking aboutr you ara just beating up your gums". I know that, but. the facts are there in front of our eyes. We need to be building more and more sitour Social Gervices, or Ase all the good trises, and it bears ropeating, of the Government arat going to come to natght. All the computorisation of Government. all the treaties we sign, will not helpus. l trust that Members of Government wit not take this as a beating stickr to beat me on the head with. but that they understand where i am coming fromp and the issue $I$ aff dealing with.

I see in the Budget that there is going to be a psychologist, this is goodr its the part of a programmer but it cannot stsp there. it must not only deal with the emotionally disturbad children, or juventles, but it has to take those cases that we see walking the streets into eonsideration. A country which will not take care of its own soeial problems, is doomed to damnation.

Mr. Fresident, 1 see inthe Budgat that our Adoption Board's work ig inereaging. Last year 47 children were pat forward for adoption compared with 73 children this year. that $\ddagger 5$ 198b, a 55 percent increase. Mr. Presidentr it is
alright to find families for those children. I trust that we are getting famlllws and good homes in which to place those children. But are we really attacking the problem? Mr. President, is it not high time that the need for serious family planning programmes be instituted fothis country. $I$ was just praising our Radio Station Mr. Presfdent, why has a programme not been devised to be put on the Radio. We have more and more teenage pregnancies. We are really not attacking the problem, we have to start from the beginning,

I was dealing a few minutes ago
with areas and priopities. I see on page 24 of the Budget Address , that we are going to get in the New Services for 1987, second Magistrate. We recognise that crime has risen, betause we need new Magistrate. Do we really need a new Magistrater is my question? i am taiking about priorities. Would not Mr. President, proper court recorders be the anewer? Time would be ewt down. We have a Chiaf Jugticer a Puisne Judger a Magistrate, a Clerk of Courts and about three or four more under har that are capable of dolng her duties, and you are telling us now that we need another Magitrate in a country with 20,000 people? Mr. President take stock now, can you see where we are headed? I do not agree with thatr and I hope good explanation can be given to me, because i will not be supporting it. Take that money and get, which probably is in a range of cis 30,000 , and put a Soctal Service offlcer in West Bay, and another one in another district, to help stop the cases going into court, then you wlll not have the need for another Magistrate. Three Magistrates and a Chlef Justice for 20.000 people?

Mr. fresident, I wish that we
could be involved in the building of these estimatesy that is where we could fight it out. I should not have to come here and speak with the passion that 1 do. Another mistake, you get the Eudget of $\mathbf{3 2 . 0}$ million on the day before it is presented. It might be done because of the workloadr 1 do not know, but If we were involved in the Estimates procedure, we would know lot more about what it put into ft.

Mr. President, I would likw to move on, I have sald what i think is necessary on social Services. but before I move on, I would mention the Contributory Pension Scheme. This is baby that $I$ have much love for. When I brought the Motion Mr. Fresident, there was aigfight in thif Howse. Wefinaliy came to an agreeaent on the proper way to go about ltr and the Motion was
 Mr. Presidentr I know what I am going to betold, but anyway I will still say what $I$ have to say. do not know Mr. Presfdent. what razlly caused the officer from the Eritish Executive Dverseas Division to not come here when he showld have come back and started his work. It was said that it was because of certain carrying on in the country. having to do Uith the Treaty. Maybe when the Member gets up to answer, as I know he 15 gotig to do he wlll tell me publlcly what i know is coming now. I cannot see how in the world the Treaty could have stopped him from coming, I know that whlle i was in London, there was a serfes of meetings going on and tempers were raised. But $I$ knew of no general disorder, that the man could not come and carry on his study. Mr. Presldent, mind that we do not fall into the same rut that prevtous Governments have fallen into, and it has gotien us nowherer that is, at election time everything was done. The soctal Services vote was doubled, and the people voted them aut. Mr. Presldant, our people are looking forward to the day when they wlll have a chance to retire with some satisfaction. They are looking forward to the day when they do not have to work in stores at notels and other areas for 15 to 20 years, and be brushed aside because of old age. It may be token cheque in their hands. This is not fun and games. We are dealing with people's lives, human beings. No amount of answers, and no amount of excuses, and no amount of bating me on the head. is going to save this country from the chaos that is sure to come, If we do not follow through with our comitements to our people.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Since the Member seems to have Meached a break in his speech, I wancer whether perhaps it wauld be conventent if wh take a break for lunth now, and a propose to suspend praceedings until appronimately two fifteen PM.

That will be all right with me. I heard somebody suggesting that you cut me off. but thank you very much.

## AT 12:44 P.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDED

HQUSE RESUMED AT 2:21 P.M.

MR. PRESIDENT: Bay.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Preatident, when we took the lunch break I was finishing with the fonsion Scheme. I think I have sald enough on that toplc. I am just hoping that what i have said is taken in good fatith, and at the end, we will have a sheme that is good and workable for the people whom we serve.

Mr. President, 1 would like to congratulate the Govarnment for thefr bold efforts in making the graduates at the Law school eligitile for the award of external law degrees from a recognised university. This is a very good step. The graduate students, when going abroad, will not now have to leave their diplomas behind, their diplomas should be good anywhere in the Commonwalth. I am happy Sirr that we have a law Schoolr and that the young men and women going there are doing such a good job.

Mr. President, the Museum is
something that l have always wanted to see come about in these Islands and it seems that Government is trying to go somewhere in bringing about this Museum. I quite well remember Mr. President last year in finance Comitteer I moved a Motion which was seconded by the Honourable Second Elected Member of Ekecutive Council, that the Museum be named the Ira Thompson Museum, in recognition of the years of hard work and the fruition of that work by the many artifacts and records which are very valuable to a Museum, that he saved ovar many years. am hoping sir. that the Museum is going to be named as suggested in the Motion, which the Members voted on and passed. In all fairness Sir. I do not think that we should attempt, after the Members of this House have voted on a Motion and have agreed on somethingr that we should do otherwise.

Mr. Presitent, I am not a
\#pokesman on Education. I really do not attempt to get into that subject. I, Mr. President, Will only pay tribute to the Department of Edutation and to the teachers, for having come through a very, very encouraging year. Mr. President, was moti heartened when at the Graduation Ceremony, it was said by the Principal, that contrary to rumours, there are no drugs at the school. Mra fresident, that made me feel good. And looking at those young people Mr. President. I realise what an awesome responsibility we have. What an awesome responsiblitity the teachers have, for these are the citizens, the future men and women who will make or brak this country. I am very heartened indeed to see the results of the 1986 graduating elassy some very good passes. Mr. President, whad a couple of young people, a couple of students from $m y$ constituency, who had done exceedingly well, and who I bellever will go a long way in our society. I was touched Mr . President, to wee a very young girl on the honour roll. know the girl personally, and these are the people who really encourage me as a representative. I feel with that sort of calitber coming out of High school, there is no worry about future leaders to take our seats, I trust that they will get every opportunity to move along the right paths of this country, so that when they have that opportunlty to take over, it can ba smooth Eransition. Mr. President, I was most glad to gee that the Education Council made a decision to let young girls attend school after pregnancy. Many people do not support that Mr. President, but I do, it is a good thing. A young girl gets herself into trouble, why should she go on the dump heap of lift? Why should she not have a chance to go back and finish her schooling? t think they made very good dectsion, and I congratulate them Mr. President. I would be remiss in my duty in being afair man, if i did not extend wy pralses to the Member across from me, I think that was a falr decifion whith was mader and as I have safd in extending congratulations to the council, the Education Department, the teachers, I would extent it to his portfolior to him and his staffr but the work hay just bagun, we have bearly scratched the surfacer if we are going to prepare our young people for that awesome responsibility of being leaders in tifis community.

Mr. President. Health. I am
glad that over the year, we have had 24 -hour sorvice at the hospital, and Mr . President. I very welk remember in a meeting sometime last
year, when the Mewber for North Side and myself put forward a Motion to get that service. I remember the insults, and it could not be done. I remember that they told us that they had to have more staff, and they have given us the two doctors. 8ut the fact is that we brought the Motion, Government defeated it, and then they brought the service. That is not so bad an arrangement Mr. President. All I am here to do, is to get them commitied to dofing something. I know that they will do ith when they want, how they want, but if it is done then it gatisfies me, because I am only here for the benefit of the people. Mr. President, the Public Health Department 1 belleve, is something that we should extend our pralses to. Thay are continuling to try and make this country clean, 50 Mr . President, I believe that we need to give them the help that is necessary. 1 would support another Pubtic Health officer. Except for Mr. Gorman, I believe, who is the real qualified officer, they do not have anybody else. I know they had a Mr. Gordon, who did a good job in his time hare, and i believer that it is now time that we consider getting another officer, seeing the development we are faced with. Mr. President, the Housing
Corporation is something which i feel needs to have different outlook in its programme. We have several needy cases in this country. I believe when the study is done, if it is carried out properly, we are going to find that we have a lot of cases that need urgent attention. But 1 do not think that the Housing corporation as it stands, can take care of those people. I do not need to go into siting cases Mr. President, I have done that so many $t$ imeli in this Howse, but we do need to do something about the housing problem. I know that there is an amount in the Budget which i belfeve, can only scratch the surface. I know i will be told that it is atart. But here again, we are in an area that can cause us many problems if we do not put top priority on these social aspects of our country.

Mr. President, in dealing with this Portfolio, I would look for a minute at Agelculture: Mr. President, 1 find it hard to agree that government should go beyond their ilttie demonstration farm. I am wondering if we are not realiy defeating our purpose in trying to encourage the farmers. When 1 look at the farm I am really amazed at what can be done in the country, and I think they are dolng a good job in showing the gosifbilitims. But, we have to be careful that we do not get into competition with the farmers. If we really plant more bananas, more plantains, more tomatoes I think the demonstration farm as i see it is big enough for just that demonstration. But. we would really be killing the farmers who already have to compete agalnst forelgn produce. If Government tries to over do a good thingr we have to be careful.
rourism, Mr. President. it
seens that, we have experienced a good year, and ffeverything comes on stream as planned, the prediction for next year's geowth is I would sayr astronomical. Mr. President, ff the growth is realised, it becomes all the more important that we take our heads out of the sand and get along with serious programmes to educate our people in how to deal with this situation, and to prepare them to beneftt from the tourlst dollar. I understand that we have been advertising on television, i am glad that the Government is putting the cayman Islands on televtsion, this is great form of advertisementr and I believe that the results will continue to be favourable. I trust that the islands wlll be carrled on the televistonr and that they will really show what the cayman Islands are like.

I trust that the people who are doing lt, do know omething about these Iglands. I think we can take a lasson from Jamalcar whose television advertimement is superb. and I believe that ours can be just as good, or even better. Mr. President. one thing we have to be careful of in the tourism sector, is overbooking. Dverbooking would pose a serfous threat to our tourist industry, I remember just a faw years ago, what happened to one partlcular caribbean country, One year they had overbooked 50 many tour $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{s} t \mathrm{t}}$ that they had to put them in the Manager's guarters and they thought they were doing a good job, but this did not do that particular country wish good because visitors became whapoy in that type of situation. You know. we can try to do good and danage ouraelves. One year they had an abundance, and what happened the next year, was that they had a drastic downtarn in tourison* overbooking is not a good thing, it is not fair to the tourists. Mr. President, it would issue a warning bell. Something has to be radically urong when we find in so small country, with fair growth you would say, when we have at least thre tourist reforts going into bankruptcy. This is not a good picture, and it says that something is urong and needs to

Do corrected. I am no economist, and I do not know the answer, but something is wrong and whed to look at it. Three or four resorts going into bankruptey can definitely put a dark spot on this country. Mr. President, the gratuity system in this country in certain places, stinks. Sometime ago, there was a rumour that covernment was going to do away with the gratuity system, when in fact, that suggestion came from the Hotel Association. Mr. Fresident. Govarnment did not institute the gratuity systemr the Hotel Association did. But Mr. President. if any of them try to thop this gratuity system, they are going to have more trouble on their hands than they think, and $I$ do not think that Government is going to try and stop it. Government must only be involved in standartising the system of collection. Mr. Fresident. i believe that $I$ move around this country as much as the next man and $I$ belleve that i talk to as many pespler visitors and Caymanians alike as the next man. and $I$ do not hear many visitors complaining about the gratuity system. What I hear them complaining about are the poor conditions at certain hotels. What I hear them complaining about is the cost in cartain stores. What I hear them complaining about is the cost for the rooms: i do not hear them complaining about the gratulties. I think that, in one form or another, they expect it. There is no doubt Mr. President. that our people need the gratuities to supplement their very, very low salaries. seven days a wek, for $\$ 100.00, \$ 120.00$, $\$ 150.00$, and some gratulties in certain places have been as high as $\$ 1,000$. Why should we try to take that from these people who have given years and years of service, to help bulld up tourlsim? Mr. President. I get more complaints about this gratuity system than you can shake stick at. In some places, what the managers are doing now is that they are taking the gratuittes and baying cleanlig materlals. Thts is not fair Mr. President. The madds' tips should not supplement the hotelrs or the resort's expenditure. In certafn places under one manager, they get a $\$ 1,000$ for the month, and under another, in the same period they receive $\$ 300$ - \$400. How ean this be fair? it is nothing short of Gtealing, and Mr. President these are complaints which i get, from decent people. A very hardworking and decent woman called this week, *he has never stolen a penny in her life. All that they ask, in that thay get what is justily theirs.

Mr. President, that leads me pight onto labour. Mr. Fresident, $I$ was very happy man when Government accepted that Motion that I put forward last year. I had some very high hopes to solve some of the problens facing the working man and woman in this country. I belleve Mr. President, that as surely as the Eible commands us not to wuzie the ox t tweading the corn, neither should the ox be allowed to eat all of the corn. The legislation which I envisioned, would protect the employee as well as the employer. I am very well aware that labour legislation in other countrles has led to abuse by employees. But I am also auare, that there are employers who take much advantage of the working man and woman. This mentality towards the working man has led to serlous social unrast in many other countries. if this Honourable House falls in its duty to bring about that legisiation in a short $\varepsilon$ ime, we would get the same kind of unrest, that is, that which has destroyed other countries. People complaining that the Draft labour legislation has taken everything out of proportion. 1 do not support entirely, that Eill, there were many things which $I$ arguad against in committee, but me being one could nos stop it, and the majority of the Members voted for itr yet some of the same people are out there campagning against ft. Mr. Presidentr every successive Government has failed to deal with Labor Legisiakion in a very positive maner. There were some trias. I will admit that, but there was no labour Legislation brought here that Ean seer even as more and more peopla are employed, and more and more complaints are made concerning labour in this country. Mr. Fresident. I do not see this necessary piece of legislation destroying this country. What will destroy this country, is the absence of it, because when a person is so aggrieved that ha has no radress, then he fs going to take matters into his own hands, and this is what happened in other Cariboean countries. If you go back as far as 1938 in the racords of Jamaicar you will see that there was riot after rlot, because the working man asked for certain amenities, rights and privileges, and they were denied. Well, what happened? Chaost and the formation of Unions pesulted. We had better take warning. Those same people who are talking about socialism, they do not know soc falisme I wonder what thefr 'ism' is? They have got a sickness $\boldsymbol{W} r$. Prestdentr a serlous oner and I am meh afraid that no doctor li going to cure it. We hear about 'all for myself well that is it. As long as they get ahead. as long as $\$ 100$ goes to their
credit. you, me and our children can starve. Mr. President, briefiy I would say, that legislation currentiy on our Law Books affecting labour in this country is outmoded had has no relevance to the situation existing in this country today. There is a definite need for a law and as far as I can deteraine there are five such laws in operation - the Workmen's Compensation Law which goes back 22 years. 1964; the Minimum Wage Law which goes back muth further, to 1946; the Truck Lawr 1944; and what was supposed to be the Labour Law, the Masters and Servants Law whlch goes back to 1842, a time of slavery, even the title denotes slavery. The other is the Frade Union Law, passed in 1942, Each one of these laws. I am sure Mr. Presfdent, was passed at the time, because the Legislators of the day saw a nead. However the need in our country today, is more than any of these, or all of these, can fill. 1842, how could a situation then have any baaring on our situation today? What we really need to do is to check the history, and see who owned the slaves back in 1842 , that is what we should really do. This Trade Union Law could be used if dissatisfaction continues to grow amongst our people. None of us wants that to happeni and that is one of the purposes why $I$ moved the Motion last year. Mr. President, to give you a brief outline of those laws, the Workmen's Compensation Law has no relevance to workmen in Cayman today, it can do him no good because it is limited to workmen earning $\$ 750$ or in the case of dollars. $\$ 1,500$ per year. There is not, at least i hope not, no such person today in Cayman. Section 5 (1a) in the amendment to the law says:
"Whare death results from an injury, maximum compensation is 2750 or $\$ 1,500$."

In section 5(10) the
compensation is limited to 21,000 or $\$ 2,000$ for total incapacity. There is a limitation under Section 12, where claims of compensation must bade within six months of the date of the acident. These things are meant to kill poople, to keep them down. this is what it is meant to do.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I normally, if the Member will sit down for a momant, I nomally allow Members very free reign during the Budget Debate, but really, their gpeethes should be tied to the Budget. This seems to me to be a speech that is roally related to the forthcoming debate in due course, on the Select Comittee's Report on the Labour Bill, and on the Labour Bill itaify and Ithink the Member ought to come back to the Budget before too long. I should have to stop himif he went on with great deal more about the demerits of present Labour Legistation, and the sort of Labour Legislation he would like to sef.
$\frac{\text { MR. W. WCKEEVA RUSH: }}{\text { anticipate my debate on a law to come }}$ Mr. President, you should not MR. PRESIDENT: I was commenting on what you have said already, and just expressing the hope that there was not goling to be too much mope of it.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: NO, Mr, President, really, you cannot do that.

Anyway Mr. President, if you
look at your Eudget, Address, page 38, you will see that it deals with the hope to introdute Labour Legisiation in 1987. Mr. President: would you be fair in stopping men this very wide statement here?

MR. PRESIDENT:
There 15 very brief mention in the Budget Speech. I have allawed you to speak about it at some length almeady, and have just cautianed you hot to go an too lang on the same subject, that is all.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: MP. PMesident, it ig stated here in the Budget Address that it fs hoped to introduce babrar Legisiation in 1787 , and $I$ am showing you the reason why it should cope about, Now I cannot see how you could be falt Mr. Prisident in trying to stop mefrom showing howfair it is bobrlng it. I am sure in listaning to what I am saying herer you must be agresing with me that it is time that ft comes.
will be a full opportunity to debate it, and even if there were not going te be a Blll, there would be an opportunity to debate the Select Comittee's Report, so we do not need too much about it now. I think you have had e full opportunity.
 MR. PAESIDENT: Nor youmay carry on...

MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
MR. PRESIDENT:
to...
MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
fair to interrupt at think. in wy opinion that the Member for West Eay is completely right In his deliteration, because anything that is covered in the Budget speech, it is standard, and has been standard for the 14 years that I have been in this House, that a Member is entitled to speak on that subject, and to give in his opinions the merits and demeritis of it. If it takes himeven a iftele longer to do it than you or 1 may think is necessary, I think the wan is entitiled to give his opinion as to why he may think it is necessary to have the Labour legislation or why it is not necessary. I do not think he should be curtailed.

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MR. PRESIDENT:
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Thank you=
I still think that the debate on the sudget Speech should be related principally to the Budget and the Estimates, and that we should not start seeking to debate in some detail, legislation which may be intraduced in the coming session. I have allowed the member to 5 ay quite a good deal about this subject already. I wa only cautioning him not to go on too long about ft, and the caution stands.

MR. W. MCKEEYA BUSH:
Welt, Mr. President....
MR. PRESIDENT: I think, actually if I may,
Without refierming back to what 1 have sald already, let us suspend proceedings for fifteen minutes, now we have come to the time we normally do in the afternoon, and the Member can reflect on what he is going to say afterwards. Thank you.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
I have already made up my mind.

## AT 3:15 F.M. THE HOUSE SUSFENDED <br> HOUSE RESUMED AT $3: 36$ P.M.


#### Abstract

MR. PRESIDENT: Approprlation sill. The Secand Elacted Member for West Bay.

Please ba seated. Second Reading Debaik on the

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, when we took the breakr I was trying to ded with Section 12 of the Workmen's Compensation Act, and still do not really understand your ruling, and how much more time you are going to allow me on this subject.


MR. PRESIDENT: I hope it will not prove to be too long section.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: But that is not all I have to deal with Mr. President. Anyway, thare is a limit....

MR. PRESIDENT: I hope the Law has not got too
many sertions in it then.
MR. W. MEKEEVA RUSH:
No 5im. Thare is a limitation under Section 12 where claims of compensation must be made within six
months of the date of the acmident. I feel gir, that if we are going to do something about the Labour Bill, all this will have to bo taken into consideration because sections like that are really no use to the working man, if he mets with an aceident, 1 will use one example Sir, that a man is injured and that injury requires treatment by speciallsts abroad, or treatment over an extended period, he would be out of luck. As we can see, this law is one of the reasons why we need decent and workabla labour legitlation, The Minimum Nage Law, Mr. President, which came into force in 1963 and at that time, it did not set out our minimum wage. The only time that a mintmum wage was set, wat sometime in 1967, and in respect of common labourers at six shillings per hour for an eight hour day. Whether lam digressing or not Mr. President, you can see that these are the things that have to be changed, Mr. President, we are facing a situation in this country, especially in the casual labour sector, that ff not rectifiedr again I must point out, we are going to have problems. Mr. Presidentr some places are paying $\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2 5}$ per hour. Some places are paying $\$ 4.25$. $\$ 4.50$. $\$ 5.00$. Mr. Prestident, which man in this House would stand out in the hot boiling sun before a cement mixer for that kind of maney? For a regular eight-hour day what would he take home for the week? Then we have to wonder if we really have poor people in this country, seeing the high cost of living.

Mr. President, as I have said,
The Masters and Servants Law was enacted to regulata the rights and conditions of employment between employers and employees, but it falls short of providing even the barest minimum realistic regulation of the employer and employee relationship in the Cayman lslands today. Mr. Presidentr I think that my debate has been solid and on safe ground. I bellever that for us to maintain the stability whith the Honourable Financtal Secretary talks about, we have to protect those areasr and those people. Mr. President, the doubters will always be doubters, there is no changing them. They are alive for one purpose only, that is so they can continue to live, and they alone liver meaning them and thele familtes, they are a bunch of hypocrite. But let them wallow in their own folly, there is a day of reckoning coming, and 1 know that $I$ am on the right path and that 1 have done the right thing in oringing that Motion forward. I believe, and $I$ should say this publicly, that the Chalrtan was very diligent in his duty, not to say that Members have not been as diligent, and believer when all is gaid and done, that we are going to get a Labour Law which is practicalr whith is workable. I do not agree with the entire draft, there must be changes. I do not belleve Mr. President, in all this redtape. I think it is one of the things that is causing our people to be angry, and to te confused in our communtity - tog much red tape. The country has gone past the people, and has not carried the people along, in certain areas: I belleve that the less red tape we can have, the better off we will be. Let us make things simpla. so that we can understand fit that the ordinary man on the street can understand it, that is good communlcation. I trust that the Labour Elll will not be long in coming to this Honourable House, and i hope that all Members will support it.

Mr. Fresident, I have but one area to deal withr and that is the constituency of West Bay. Mr. Fresident, for this year i see in the Budget that the fire gtation is going to be built, that makes me happy, after waiting with much anciety last year. But, if we are going to get it this coming year, then ly would have to be satisfiad. The people are paying for these things, the revenue measures were raised and it is the people's money that is golng to pay for the people's amentites. $i$ do not need to go into the need for one, I think that is very obvious, seeing the development on the West Bay Road, and the development in West Bay itself.

Mr. President, the ramp is soon to be finished, and i will have to wait and see the final outcome, but I trust that we will have good ramp. it is certainly in need, it did not come in September, as had anticipatedr nevertheless good things come to those who walt they say, and I hope this is a good thing when it is finished.

Now Mr. President $I$ mentioned
development in West Eay. West Eay is a very large districtr it is the best district on the island. there are no two way about it and we need to find ways and means of betinglng more development to wast bay. Mr. Fresident, for six years now maybe seven, maybe aight i have been talking about having the trufae ships come to wast Bay, and this was a big hue and cry in the election campaign, when we took over the Government. $i$ have got to pose the question is there really a
commitment to bringing a proper landing jetty, or facility to West Bay? Mr. President. the area that I have alway envisioned is a proper area. All it needs is for some work to be done there, but if we could get Government's consent, and Government's commitment to dolng something there, I belleve that the district of West Ray would be enhanced. Businesses in West Bay were expecting this littie facility, in order to bring in business, open up the district. because the district was realty becoming a dormant district, but we are still that way, nothing much has changed in that line. Businesses started. and had to close doun. Now Mr. Presidentr many things are responsible for that. One of the things is that West Bayers find it hardi ido not know why, to support local businesses in the district, but this is a fact, and we have to find ways and means of bringing people into the district, or business into the district and make people want to do their business in thetr own district. I do not know the reason why, nothing has been put in the Budget. I know there are priorities, such as the fire station, but $i$ had hoped to see something in the Budgat for West Bay, and 1 trust that this will not carry over into election year. I do not belleve in giving people things in election year, that is a bad habit that must be stopped in this country. Feople have to live all year round, from one election to the next election, not only at election time. I believe in a representation that will carry into a four-year, or five-year period, and maybe, when this study, or plan or whatever is being doner we will be able to plan better for our district, but we have some good opportunities down there, good property available that needs an input; new blood; new business spirit. Mr. President, the cemeteries in Bosun Bay and North West Point need to be looked at, people still use them. We need some fencing for them, and I am hoping in the course of this year, that those two cementertes will be able to be done.

Apart from that, I do not know What else West Eay is going to get. There is a need for roads and lights, and I trust that we are going to get several of them this year. We did not have a bad year, I am not complaining, but there is still much to be done in opening up the district of West Bay. Some of the roads need to be Widened, and I all hoping that we can get together with land owners before we attempt to do anything, talk to them, show them the value of having the roads opened, therefore West Bay will become a bettar district in respect of roads. Mr. President, ever since the Mount Pleasant to Barkers road was completed, ifelt that wa should put a name to the road, and named after one of our outstanding citizens of West Bay, and I belleve sir, that that road should be namad after Miss Redly Powery, because she was a woman who had done much good in Wast bay. She was a teacher, she was a Church worker, a social workers and as I have sald, her work never stopped throughout the district. I was one of her students. I very well remember going to her school, not for a long time, but she was one of the matriarchs of the west Bay district, and lablleve we would be doing justice, if We named the Mount Pleasant to Earkers Road after her, the Redly Fowery Road.

There is one more subject sir, that is the Community Park, which I am hoping we can get established there this year, trusting that we will be atble to get some support from Government, as we did with the field, and doing it with the Park. We started first, and with the help of the community and some very public spirited West Bayers and outside helpers as well, and the help of Government, we will by year end, have something to look at, and to be able to use it in the form of a fark. I trust that at Finance Commlttee, we can have some definite answers.

Mr. Preaident, I could not close without mentioning Pirates Week. I think our young men, young and old allke, did a wonderful jot in trying to retain the Caymanian way of life, to show it as it were. I think they did a good job, and we have to thank them all for being so public spirited.
ar. President, in closing, I would say that, in my two years I have done the best of my ability. Some people might say, welh, that was not too mach, but however that might be, if I have request from my people itried to do something about it, and if 1 could not get it done, I told them that I could not get it done. Mr. President, contrary to what some people might feel, I do not put blame on any one person. I have never done it. 1 do not intend to to it. I will say that cortain causes stop some things from being done, and as wuch as we kid one another, i believe that all of us are trying to do the same thing. some could be harder workers than others, but be that as it may, some people are made up differently from others, not everybody is alike, what a world that would be
anyway. Mr. President, $I$ believe I can give a good account of my stewardship. We are half way through, and not everybody has been pleased with my actions, but in the final analysis; l believe in the balances that I will not be found wanting.
right and proper for the country. studgale unceasingly to change those promise my people that i will ings. both in our economic and their proper placeq in this country. Histor people over theyears Member is a man of deeds and not of wonitory will judge whether this reallse, that on my shoulders rest words. Sut let one and all the finallity of decision and do, even when I am kicked in the why I oare to speak out the way I fom and 1 believe as That I will draw strength from this land the courage of the people from the love of their hearts. this landi that will draw strength to bless this land of oura, and thay that Almighty God will continue blessings as ue strive to do bat our ach one of us will receive his as for me, it will alway be 'my our conscimens lead us to do. But be my country, tis of theer loyal and
problem in supporting the Budget, Mr. President. I have no year 1987, and this ifttia country of pray for Gods blessing for the 1 thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Member wish to
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: congratulate the Honourable first offaci President, 1 too wish to of the Budget Address. To ber mition that the philosophy behind the busistent Sir, il would have to sayr gat seems rasonabler and somewhat basis of statements which l made in thectionc $\begin{gathered}\text { say this sir, on the }\end{gathered}$ Hansards will show that the 1987 recommended in $\begin{gathered}\text { m } y \text { debate on the } 1986 \text { Budget } \\ \text { the type of budget which } I ~\end{gathered}$ 1986 Eudget, i recommanded less tar medget. During my debate on the okpenditure should be financed throughestes, and that our gapltal lifeblood of our peoplinaned through loans, and not through the Islands. communty. Whila sim, particular, our poorer peopie in our preparation of the 1987 Eudget, $t$ nonetheles the phllosophy behind the observat lons, not only in the Butget Adeless, have made many Estimates of Revenue and Expendfture. I beligu also in the Draft economic sense has been explied economic sense has been applita to this Budget. I am happy that it frow their wistakes than never, that the present Government has learn the Budget, soma refunds made to would have hoped sir, to have seen in 1986, but they have gone part-way people who were over taxed in their consciances have been botheringards that. i guess 5 fr f that not to impose any harsh dracomian mot them, and now they have decided good friend across the way is going to Mr. Prestofent I know that my but 1 will fignore his comments bocing try to throw me off the track, later down here, in my Budget tebate. mulll deal with Mim in detall the contents of the Draft Estimates of Much of the gudget Address and speculativer, and not tated example gir, the revised finameiot of fattual information. For crude assumption of what the actual position for 1986 is at best a this year. It would be interectial position will be at the end of in the surplus of so be intaresting to see all the detalls comprised should wait until the actual figures and of 1986 . I belleve that we our chests, and i ouc pass before we start thumping Members of Executive Council. bis advice on, especially, to the Budget, is perhaps their own Budget. this Budget, unlike the 1986 note that much of the $\$ 3.3$ mflition surpis is also interesting sir, to element of loan funding.

Hember in the presentation of his Bu The Honourable First offictal economy is stimulated moth by the Unget Addresty admittad that our the Chatrman of the Fedaral Resprve their worsening economis Budget, which is the Goveithation: Yet, Mr. President, he pretents a contemplate or take fovernment's Budget, not his oun. which does not. financial and ot faccount the many problems, economic, future, and i will wise that we are facing and will face in the future, and will elaborate on this later on in sy dabata.
the world over, are looking to diversify their economy, and thus become economically much stronger and more self suffictent, we are left withouk the proper economic guidance. I therefore hope that the position of a Director of Trade and Labour will be filled by a properly qualified economist, that will supplement the expertise that we now have within the Financial Department. It is a pitty sir, that past Heads of that department did not see it necessary to have such an individual in place.

The Honourable First Dfficial
Member stated that the Cayman Islands fiscal policy is a key factor that made our country an attractive business centre. I imagine sir. that from his association with in the Executive Council, perhaps prior, he has heard this said so many times, that he is beginning to believe this. There have been so many membars that have got up in this Assembly and pounded their chests, that they are rexponsible for our aconomitally viable country, yet, we are still to see any form of Economic Development Plany or any other fiscal policy that has been presented. Thefirst i mearling aboutr will come as a result of a Private Member's Motion, from the Member for North side, and I understand that thif will be presented during this present siting. Regarding the fiscal policy of
Government, I would remind anyone who makes such broad brusque statements that we are yet to establish proper fistal policies for this country. We, Mr. President, have succeeded, not because of economic and fiscal guidance, but inspite of or not withstanding the absence of such policies. We were lucky, we were in the right place at the right time in history. I am eagerly awaiting the introduction of an Economic Development Plan. We hear of Government taking eredit for an upsurge in our economy. Yet. t will wait to hear one of them tell me what fiscal pollcies, or economic policies which they have completed or presented to this Government, that has resulted in that increase or upsurge in our economy. The introduction Mr. President, of an Exonomic Plan, and of course, revised Development Plan is eagerly auaited. Then, and only then, can we start lavishing personal accolades on ourselves. To date we have baen very fortunate to have benefited from the mistakes of our neighbouring countries such as Jamaicar cuba and to a certain extent, the bahamas. Mr. President, I feel that the Economic Plan will be one of the wisest decisions that this Government haf made, the introduction of such a plan, and I am eagerly awaiting to see the introduction and the contents of this Economic Plan. Some Mambers. Mr. President, call themsalves living legends, but when you think of it, they are really only legends in their oun minds. I do not see them written up in who is Who'. I see nothing written up about them in any international journals. The only praises 1 hear are praises coming from their own lips. Mr. President, at a time when economic conditions are worsening, as admitted by the Honourable first offictal Member: I would have expected that Government, unless the first official Member accepts the full responsibility for the Budget, would show real prudence, by asking Members on the super scales in Government, to have taken perhaps smaller percentage of increase in their salarias. if they are to take five percent Mr. President, then it should be put on a sliding scale. those in the lower brackets should be getting ten or fifteen percent. We are talking of the quantity Mr. Prasident, five percent of $\$ 100,000$ is much more than five percent of $\$ 10,000$. I feel that the increases should be graded in such a way that the lower paid staff receive a higher increaser in quantity at leatt, with the higher paid staff getting marginally lower. But I feel sir, that the poor pensioners should have deen given greater consideration especially those in the lower pald brackets.

Mr. President, i move on to the economy, a recap of the economy in 1986. The economy of the cayman Islands is divided into two main sectors, namely the financial sector and the Tourism Sector. The Honourable First official Member, the Financlal secretary has chosen to include the following institutions and segments to the Financial Sector, and has intentionally, or unintentionally omitted other very important areas such as the Accounting sector. He listed:

[^32]
## I am sure on hindsight he

realises that this is just touching the fringes, there are other important areas. Ifeel sir, that the Budget Address would have been more meaningfui to the people of this country, and more informative had he dealt with the other important sectors of the financial economy. However, as I have saft, no mention was made of the contributions made by the accounting profession. which many would argue, is perhaps as big or bigger than the legal profession in this country, or contributes towards our economy in equal mannor. It would certainly have to rank quite high on the listings which he provided. I am comforted in the thought though. Mr. President, that the Honourable first official Member omitted such an important profession because of an oversight. I am sure that this was not intentional, and was not intended to be a slight.

He also chose to make reference to the dissenters, and their vocal efforts concerning the likely detrimental effect of the rectentiy igned Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty. Mr. President, during the last itting of this Houser meeting in September, I could have gone on for four hours morer speaking on thif subject, and on this subject alone, it is a pitty that he brought it up, because I could spend another four hours speaking on thit alone. I realise that this is the Budget Debate, and will not use this amount of time on this subject. My reason for not doing this Sir, is that $I$ know that even he himself, together with the Elected Members of Executive Council now realise that they made a grave mistake, when they hurriedly rushed the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty through thit House. Mr. President, even with the good Treaty, measonably or comparatively good when we compare it to ours. that. Bermuda gotr was reading in the papers today where their politicians had some very grave misgivings about that Treaty. At least their Treaty became effective the date it was signed, but our Treaty is retroactive, it goes back into the past, years and years maybe is or 20 year!, who knows? Innocent people could be taught in a web of conspiracy, or other offences under the Treaty; very innocent people. Thls is the point wewere trying to bring ecross in this Houser and this is why we have our Government Members giving the Financial times a very one-sided account of what happened in the cayman Islands during the debata.

I sea an articte here by a Mr. David Lennon, but I will deal with that in due courser because Mr. President. I noticed that you had your own contribution alsor so $I$ wlll have to refer to that in due course. gut the frogressive labour Party of Eermuda insistad that their Treaty made the ir Finance Ministar, i think his name is Dr. Clarence James: an informant for the Unfted statas. I am not suggesting 5 fr, that this Treaty has made any official in here an informant, because $I$ was ifisquoted and misinterpreted in wy last debate in thls House, taken out of contaxt. and I am sure the members meallse that the accusations huried at me were unwarranted. But nonetheless Sir, I am a politician, and i have broad shoulders, in every swse of the word. The frogresstve babour Party (PLP) of Eermuda went on to say. "It seems we have gone cap in hand to Washington". It would even be interesting siry to check on the real nationality of Members of thly House, to see if they have an allegiance to the United States. Bermada felt that the United States recilved all the benefits. "The benefits to the United states are very clear, and concreta, whlle we are left to speculate as to the beneflts to Bermuda". Thls was a statement made by the leader of the PLP of Eermuda. These are statements made by Bermudians that raceived a reasonably good treaty. The people of this country can decide for themselves whether they have recetved a good Traaty or not. I am not going to seggest here that we did not need to sign a Treaty, I think we all accepted that, and those politicians who walved their ulngs on the political platform, trying to make the public bellieve that the opposers to the Treaty were soft on drugs. They should be ashamed of themselves. This was their only defencer a drouning man will grab at anything. Sol can understand sir, why they felt it necessary to have to degrade the people who opposed the Treaty,

Mr. President, $I$ am going to be moving on to another subject, I notice it is four thitty,

[^33]ADMORN紬NI
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. President, in accordance
with Standing Order $10(2)$, I move the adjournment of this House until
ten o'clock tomorrow.
MR. PRESIDENT: The question 15 that this House do now adjourn until ten o' clock tomorrow.
QUESTION PUT: AGREED. $\frac{A T}{}$ 4:30. P, M. THE HOUSE STODD ADUDURNED UNTIL

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING<br>OF THE<br>$19 \overline{86}$ SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMDLY<br>HELD ON<br>THURSDAY, 20TH NOVEMEER, 1986<br>(FIFTH DAY)

PRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G FETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - FRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

| HON THOMAS $C$ JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMEER RESPONSIELE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT |
| :---: | :---: |
| HON MICAAEL $J$ BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR 'LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIFS |
| HON EENSOM O EBANKS | MEMBER PEBFONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUGATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KIRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSTBLE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRIOT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |

ELECIED MEMBERS

| M W MeKEEVA BUSH | - SECOND ELECTED MEMEER ${ }^{-}$OOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| :---: | :---: |
| MRS DAPHNE 4 ORRETM | . .. THIRD ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRIOT' OF WEST BAY |
| MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBET FOR THE THITRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT' OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MP G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN D MCLEAN | ELECTED MENBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST END |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR TEE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |

## CAMMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

## ORDER :FAPER

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGTSLATMVE ASSEMBLY

THURSDAY, $20 T H$ NOVEMBER, 1980
(FIFTH DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST BAY.
\&. QUESTIONS TO MEMBERS:
TRE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR GEORGE TOWN TO ASK THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESTONSIBLE FOR FTNANCE AND DEVELOFMENT

NO. 99: $\because$ WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE IF THE PROFERTY ADdOINING THE TOWER BUILDIDG WIITCH WAS PURCHASED BY GOVERNMENT IN SETTEMBER, 1985 WAS SURVEYED FRIOR TO ITS: PURCHASE?
3. OTTER BUSINESS

## PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTTONS

$\because-\cdots$
(1) PRIVATE MEMBER ${ }^{\text {'S }}$ MOTTON NO. 17/86 RE: CAYMAMIANS RESIDING ITN CUBA
(2) ERTVATE MEMBER"S MOTION NO. 18/86 RE: THE ROADS LAW, 1974
4. GOVERNMENT BUSIDESS

BILLS:-

THE APPROPRYATION (1987) BILL, 1986
SECOND READING: CONTTMJATION OF DEEATE ON THE BUDGET ADDRESS.

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# THURSDAY <br> 20TM NOVEMBEF, 1786 

$10.07 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$.

Ffayer*.
The Sexond Elected Menber for West Eag if mot here. Does any Msmber have the prayeiat The Honourable Fifnst Official Membef.。

## PRAYERS

HDN. THDMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Let \& 5 Prave
 wisdom and power are derived: We beseech Thee 5 G io ditett and prosper the delfberations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled, that all thimgs may be ordered upor the test and surest found ations for the glory of Thy Name and for the safety, honour and welfare af the people of these Islands.

 of Wales, Diana Primcess of Wales and all the Rayal Family. Give grace to all who exermise awthority ir our egmartumelth that peace and happinese, truth and justice, religian and piety may ta established momg usn Especifally we pray for the Gevernor gf gur falands, the Members gif Executive Cauneil and members of the Legiulative Assembly that they may oe enabled fafthfully to perform theresponsible dutife of their high office.

Nambis sake, Amet.
All this we asp fon Thy great
together.
Let us repeat tre Lords prayer
Gur Father, wha art in Heaven,
 3t is in Heaven. Gave ws this dey our dajiy breadi And forgive ws our trespasses, as weforgive them that trespass mgathst as: And lead us
 Kimgeam, the FGwer and the glanyy for ever amdewer. Athem.

The Lord bless us arot keep us:

 Anem.

## QUESTIGNE TG MEMEERS

THE SECOND ELECTED MEMEEF EOR GEDRGE TOWN TD ASK THE HOMOUFAELEFIBST DFFICIAL MEMBER RESFONSIELE FOR FINANCE AMD DEVELOFMENT.

| N0. $77:$ | Wruld the Honourable Mambar gtate if the property adjoirfng the Tower Buflding whith was purchased by <br>  putrchase? |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANSHER: |  <br>  <br>  accuracy of the detailis, 解cluding tine propetty sizer an provided by the Latids Office deritig the plitrenase <br>  |


Is the Member aware that the
 purchasing property, that is, the onds for surveying the property to see that it is exactly what he is buyfng.

HQN. THGMAS $C$. JEFFERSGMA Mr. Friesident, in inindsight we tan almost say anything. That is the fase, that whe purchaser ja the person whe feeds to ensume what is teimg purforest. We heve purchased tate of land since tife cadastral Survey time. We had mo reasatio to doubt the atciaracy of the record.

## MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON: <br> Supplementary, Ny. Presidemt. <br> 

 reswlted in an over payment of approximately $\$ 160.000$ ?

HON. THOMAS SE JEFFEREON:
Mn: Frasident, wa aly made the
 Committee, whith is camprised of all Homoumetkememberg arad the



ME. LINFOFD A. PIERSON:
A forther supplemextary, Mr.

 Feport ory the Abcounts fot 19g4, with regert to lend puttinge by Governmert?

HDA THOAAS G. UEFFERSOA
Mr. Presidentr 4 do not have
the Fublic Accounts committeseg Report in front of mefor 1934 , but

 the best of my knowleage, that you get an estimabu ar an evaluation from the Lesds Gfftier on a percel of land before you buy it. If
 about the value, youget exempd, independent valumtioth.

MF. LINFOFD A. FIEFSON: Mr. Fifesident, if i may reffest the Member's mind. The Publif Actounts Committee' Reprot for 1984

 property by Government should be first passed thrasth the Latag Department to ensute that aroper valuation was plisced on titelant. Would the Member state whether he js now aware of this directive?

HDN. THONAS C, JEFFERSON: Mt. Fresidemt, the
 sutsequent to the purehase negotiation.

MR: LINFDRD A. PIERSON: Subseguent to what purchase nsgotiationt

HOM. THDMAS G. JEFFERSON:
The purctiase megntiations of the property befng questioned, the size of it.

MR. G. HAIG RODDEN: NAy I msk the pember how costly was the act of not surveying the propetヶyr mettidated in the answer?

HON. THOMAS C, UEFFERSUN: Mr. Fresidentr I beligve that.
 Committer Report.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr" Fresident, the Henourable
Fiest official Member just towehed on the point of ofsef which it was
 and \{xitn If my memory serves me correctiyr this whale matter was Eoverod in the Fublic Accounts rommituee's Reportr and was Eommetted
 beity $\begin{gathered}\text { asked for information. }\end{gathered}$

MR. PRESIDENT:
1 thĭ
Was probably permisstole.
MD. $\angle 1 N E O D A$ FIEESONA
 as a tesulf of the Gこwarnabot

Minute in answer th the fublic Arcounts commiteqe Report．


Member if the result af not surveying this pancel，was inat goverminent pation extess of $\$ 2.0$ willign per acre for this piete of land？

HON．IHOMAS C．JEFFERSOM：Mr．FrEgident，the property


MR．LINFORD A．PIERSON：WOHId the Menter state whether this purctase was on the basis of the land being ab of an atres and later found out when it wes gurveyed that ft was onty 24 af an acre？

MR．PFESIDENT：$\quad 1$ thind I am fight．gr rather I
think the Honourable First Electad Member of Esecutive Cokncil is right in saying that all this information fayabable in the futio Accoutts Report．

MR．LINFORO A．PIERSOM：No Siry it is not．What wiw had
in this Houte was a Public Accounte Commitee＇s Report，and we are yet． to get the Government Minute stathag that the Report is gorrect om not．So 1 de nat have available ancwers to that．

MR．PFESIDENT：Oh with respect，if that
information in detail was contained in the Pablic Accounts comitter， the size of the plot and the rest of it，and wy ferollection is that it was then $I$ think that can be actepted as acrurate infarmations becawse it came from the Auditor．
side．
The Electea Member for Morth

MR．D．EZZARD MILLEE：
Can the mamber state whether
Goverament is now conducting precise surveys，before lend is being purchased？

HON．THDMAS C．JEFFEFSON：Mr．Fresideht，there was a
Comrittee establishedby Govarmment，to setup guidelines fot the purchasm of kandy which follows the recomendativn of the public
 ata any property which wbuld be patconased in the futurer would be subject to gurvey．

ME， 1 INFOFD A．PIERSON：Mr．Fresidents in $\forall$ igw of the



 a Minute in reply to the Fublig Acoounts Committee＊s Repart．The Mindte could very well say that the Report ia inaceurate．

MR，PRESIDENT：
Is there any further guestian？
MR．LIMFDRD A．FIEREDN：
Would the Homourable First
Official Nember state whteh officer of Governmert was responsible for authomishmg the purchase of this proferty？

HON．THOMAS C．JEFFERSON：
Mr．Fresident，むれe Froperty was
Heg口tiated with the Lands gfficer and the Financial gectetaty and the


MR，G．HAIG EODBEM：




HON THOMAS C JEFFERSOM：
The answer to \＆解t question mar
Presfaent is Ves．
MR．LIAFDRD A FIERSOM：
So Mr．Ptes＂dentritisthe Memedr stating that the Finance Committee aily frubter stampen whet had

HON, THOMAS C. JEFFEESON: NO Sim. the Second Elected
Member for George Town knows the precedurey Me has been in Government many years, and the khows that there is no rabter stanfr and that Finance Comatitee is not a rubber stamp to any rerommendation made by Esecutive Council.

MR. FRESIDEMT: The Eliected Member figh North
Side.
In light gif the lat question:
MF. D. EZZAKD MILLEF:
Would the Honourable First official Member confirm that i, the Elested member for North side voted against the parchaser therefore it was not a rubter stamp?

HOA. THOMAS C. JEFFERSDN:
To the best of my knowledge Mo.
Fresident, I believe the Elected Menter for North gide voted against it.

MR. LIMFDRD A. FIEFSON:
Interesting supplemertaries Mr. Fresident. A further supplementary. Would the Member further atate that on the basis of the 24 of all acre property sought at almost $\$ 500.000$, that each of the 19 carparka made arailatle through the purchase of this property, would hork zut to approkimately $\$ 25,000$, excluding any civil engineering costa. or paving to thsse parts?

HON. THOMAS G. JEFFERSON: I Em not rertain of that Mr. President. I do not have those figures to hand, and a all not certain that 1 can agree to that. It may be the case, but a ro hat have the figures.

MR. LINFOFD A. FIEFSOM: Simple arithmetic Mr.
Fresident. Divide $\$ 477,000$ by 19, I thitk you will get $\$ 25,000$ per carpark.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Mr. Fresident, if he is an expert an arithmetfr, let him stay ar the other side. I have had my day with it, and the putic of the cayman Islande unow whe 1 af and what I am capable of, and what $I$ an toing.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: I regrat getting the Member upsetr ant hot under the Eollar. I an just asking some supplementaries to get the answer I am seeking.
would the member state whether $\$ 25.000$ was bafore paving and other civil engineering whrk on the carpark?

mean?
MR, $\angle$ INFDKD A. FIERSON:

acceptad it the approkimate cost per" eaf patak.
HON THOMAS C. JEFFERSOM:
Mr= President. I do not believe that I actepted that it was 225,000 per cerpark. In any cese, the
 to look at it again, perhaps I car ancwer the Member in writing.

MF. LINFOKD A. FIERSDN: A ?ast supalewantayy, Mr.
Fresident. Would the Member agree that the Executive council made a gross error, and atrementouy wayte gi government fints it this purchase?

MR. PRESIDENT:
That asks for an ekpression of Mopinton, and 1 am afraid I Enmat allow it. the Member krows quite Well that he may not ask questionc whtch solicit Expressions of opinion.

1 thime the Member sata that
was his last supplementary. If others have also exhawsted the possibilities of this particular question we car move am.

Members" Motions. Frivate Member"s Motion No.t7/8b. The Secand


# FRLVATE MEMEERS: MOTIONS 

# PBIVATE NENEERE WGTON NO-17/B6 <br> RE: GAYMANIANE DESIDTNG IN CUEA 

MF. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Mr. Fresident, I beg tumove

"WHEREAS thef"E ate Caymanians and Caymatian felatad families who are desirgus of leaving Cubar,

EE IT RESOLVED that His Eicellency the Governor de make proper representation to the United kingdom Govertment to bring these families home tr the cayman Islands as early as possible".

MR.D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. President, I beg to second
the Motion.

MR_FRESIDENT: Private MErater s Motion
Na. 17/86 dealing with Caymanians fesiding in Cuba, has beef duly moved and seconded. The Mover may tiow speak tr it if he wishes.


 Stetes, some went to Hoffduras, some wht to Nitafraghay and some went. もG Cube.

In thase days Cuba wa gamewhat
libe Americay as America is to ms today. You went to Cuba for instancey to have your tonsils removed. As whe world unows, a change of Government in the late $50^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ rinamger the entire sjtuationg. Many Caymanians left that country, maved eisewhere, and corituithted well tG those communities. Many arestill there waitimg, ar winting to come home to the Cayman Islands.

As itt ctamde, Gaymantans
 The Goubril them makes arramgements with the rovernment fomfy and thet





What we have to take into
Eonsideraticm Mr. Fresident, js the astranomatal cost to the Gaymanjan

 Expensive, amd I telieve as a Goverrinent, weran do sommthing tu heip out thesefantl?Es.

Mr. Pregident in ig67, the

 living in Cuba to be brodught home by special fifght frombuba, ajrect ta cayman. The peaple thetre were motifited, armatgements tere made for
 come frew of cost, and i do hot think that anybody is asking that today wither, Each ene had topay the Ceyman Islande Gevernment their.
 came heme to the West Bay distmjet. They establithed themselves, they worked hard to faise their famajies, and today they are some of West
 be on top of the world.

They
 Eyen gocd office workers employed in the Civit Service tadayn tibey formed a nuelews of labour for fublic Works, We everined amonget them
 right thing int trying to bring home those pegple in Cuba. atr,







 and whtrenchment. I danat think we have to marry about thata I
 families were coming home. There was abighoe and cry, l memember it, All sarts af things were satd," Dh. Fidel Gastra was going to take us over", you have never heard mare in your life. Today, those people are the most industrious and tiardwarkimg pegple we have. Their childref have turred gut to be some of the best. As I have saidy I du not think there is one case that we could look at and say that that fämily has caused this country any trotatik. Sotre of ther have worked
 the privater sector. So, I do not thant we have to worry abaut Communtst idealagies. As far as i can mear amd understand what was tatght to the childrem when they get fome, the paremts tught then the good old capitalist and Caymanian way es they kmed it, and it has beefi pessed on from childmen ta grandehifdren.

Furthermore Mr. President.
conceraing this Commanist entremehramt and ideology, I do not thimk any Commanist wald want to leave Dr. Castron they are elt sutisfied over there. I ath not golmg bo belatoum these pointe. I an athing this House to look whth favour an the Mation; to consider the fiardetip to those Caymamian families who have to pey us $\$ 700$ per relative under the present systera, and to take other situations existing in this country, where we have to import laboum, inte concideration. If those people we would attempt ta tring hame ta the dayman folands are anything like what we have today and they afe all the same famitiosy I thint our comantifes would be better eff.

I am asking this House ta
 people, and let them make a contritution to tits country.

I thentio you.
MR. FPESIDENT:
The Maidan is open for debate. Doses any Member wish to speak? The Second Eizeted Member far George Town.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
Mr. Fresident, I fise in
support of this Motion. 1 support any efforts made to repatriate Caymanians from Cuba, or any other country in which their rights and priviluge could be abused. While at first sight an readimg the Motion before as today, I did not see the necessity for this Motion as Govermpent has in the past been very effective in repatriating Caymanians. I monethetess have understeod from the Mover of the Motion, the Gecond Elected Member far Wegt Eay, that some if his constituents are indeed experiencing major diffictultas in being repetriated to thefr homeland here in the cayman istands. I therefore feel Mr. Frestagent that any additiand assimtance whith cambe given. ar any possigle additional pressure whith can be brought to bear on the Cuben Govermment would be well advised. Ferhinps mr. Frestdent, this matter is so inportant that. His Extelleficy the Gevermar, or maybe the Honcurable First 0fficial Menter should give a statement to enhighten this House, and thus the people of the cayman Inlands. as to the present status quo in this mattern Then they can tell ug whether there is indeed any difflculties teing experienced that they know of in repatriating Gaymatians, wha have expreased a detite to be fepatriated homen

Mr, frestadent. we have to bear in mind that the Gayman Islands have over the years. ara i think the situaticin Etill exists. that we Mave had access tg the gritish Embasy in Havanay in successfully mepatriating Caymanians bact to their homeland. Also, as far as I am aware, the Unjted kingden has not to dite broken any diflothatic retationc with Cuta, or with the Cutarim Govermment. Because of this combthued retationstip an a diplomatio level, we have aver the years, ehjoyet the privizege of civerflying Cubar However Mraf fresident, as statedeamiter, f supprtany effort which can berade to expedite the process of the repatraation of all Caymanians who are desimous of returning homes

But Mr. Presituent, of simylar.
importance is perhaps the question of Caymarians wherere held ith prison in ather countries, such as famata. While it is true gir, that before our peison was built, we were formed to esnd all aur prisumers with sentences in excess of twelvemonths, to Jamicica. We are happy that taday that situation he longer exists, even though Sir, it is sad that our prison is operating umder the thedry of Parkinsons baw. Every year gir, we get bigger with more prison
 cells.

In an effaty Sir, ta assat one
of the constituents, and 1 believe that my good friend the Honourable Secand Elected Member of Executive Council has also beer very instrumental in this. we have verbally, and alsa iti writing, contarted the Jamaican government for the tharisfer of one of curr native Caymanians, who is alsa member of the Geenge Tawn constituency, a man by the name of potert Raftiey mefotid. He is serving a seftence in Jamaica, but ite seems that vefy little is bethag dene to reciprocate the arrangement which at present is avallable ir Cayman. In other words, it fs my brters dinding that we are prepared to send Jamafan hationals back to their country to sefve their sentences, tut to date we have found it very difficult to have this men feturned tack tu his Mative land. His mother Mrs. Mavis Morriss has approached many Goverfment officials, but it is my feeling sir, that enough is not being dane at a Government levels at a top Goverminent level to assist this man. It is not enough to write letters, ar tocomtact politicians in their private pasitions. I feel that this matter is of such importance that a Govermment delegation at the very top level ghould take tajp to falfaica amd talk with people In the Minlstry of National Eacumpty and watite, or uhatever appropriate area is required. This is the same inequity fir. Fresident. that the Second Elected member for wet Eay has projected in this Motion. I have letters an file Sir, that have written tathe Fermanent Secfetary at the Ministry of Natiomal Security and Justice, and they rave cothe back to the and said that the oms is also with this Government to have the proper mectorgal arrangenents made. So it wald seen to me sir, that we here in the Cayman Islands will need to deal with this matter at the very highest level, and am saying here that I aff aware that letters have teen semt frof His Exemilency the Governor and other sentor officials, to the jathaican government and I an ware also, that tertain politicians have bean contacted. bit 1 do not think that this is good enough. feel that we feed to make a tmip te Jamatia at a top official level, for the sole purpose of negatiating and discussitg this matter.

Mr. Fresident. this was the purpose of us building a prisom to accommodate gur perpie, and i wowid like ta mee this matter given urgent attemtioh.

I support the Mation before this House Mr. Fresident, and 1 have ne reservations finging it my tota! blessing.

Thank you Mr. Firesident.
MR. PRESIDENT: speak? The Homourable Third Official Member.

HON. U. LEMUEL HURLSTQN: Mr. Fresident, the Mover of the Mation was very perceptive, and his perceptian was very accurate, when he said that he had a reason to belfeve that he wruld be tald that the presënt systef was workable and acceptable.

The Goverament finds itself
Urable to support this Motion, Mr. President, and more 50 now that a have had the opportuntity of hearing some of the reasons for bringity it. The Mover has said that the fersons earlier repatpiated in the tate 1900's were mot repatriated free of cost. but that they hat to contribute to it. Yet, on the other hand he is saying not that persons who are now being called upon to contribute to the cost, are finding it hard to do so. It would seem therefore sir, that one of the purposes of the metion is to sedt fanangial reitef, and if that is the case sir, then tife Motion is rather misplaced.

We have no evidence sir, that there firt betamen so and 75 Caymanfan botri or descendants of Gaymatans mow residing in Cubay who are antiously awating any tuch rephesentation ta te made on the的 tehalf, for thefr feturn for ressuence ta the Cayman lelands. We have had in the past three years, an average of ten applications from persaris wishing toreturn to reside in the Cayman Islands, or im a few inetances, persons simpiy wishing to come on a visit, am werase of ten per anthan ayer the last three yearg. If 17s4, II pertans returned from cuta and took up
 far this year we have and applifations ifirespect of eight fersons to take up residemte fothe Cayman folands, six of thase eight applications are currently being precessed and will be dealt with very shorety.

We can therefore see Sirs from the record that there is na tremerbout flog af requests froff persoms
 if ft is finameial relief formenterg of his our conctitumey that the

Memter is really seeking ta ottaifi there are other ways and meafr af making fepresentations far that purpose.
gne has to also bear in mind
Mr. President, that when accepting the repatriation os Caymanian-torn persons or their descendants, pert and parcel with that has ta be constderation for thent spouses, wary of whom are not ceymanian or of Caymanian descent, but Cubans. Despite what the Member tay feels he is entitied to his opinion sir. the toreat of compunism is rot an imagimary one it is othe of the most efricus thmests to the westerm wavid and it must alsa be barm in mind Sir. that Commanjam does not come with any great anncuncement of its arrival. No ane comes alang with a red flag waving and saying thene I arm egming with Commanism. Commumism has fts subtle ways of findifg its way inta mommitios, afl although we may have seen no eviderice of ft emerging in the Cayman Istands as yet, one can only take credit for that of the tasis that persons are properly sereened and processed befare being given permissian to enter the cayman lalaras.

So Mr. President: there is
nothing major or controvergial in this. The Member has outlined that there is aprocedure in place that is working where applications are received ty the gritish Embassy in Cuba, transmitted to the Gayan Islands Government, and processed lecally, and the surecessful applications are then approved and the arramgements are finalised for the persons ta come Either on a yisito or to return to ueside here permanentry. So it is not a derying of an opportanity.

Can I alsa say sir, that im the past we have only hat a few occusions where persons fespaing int the Cayman lstands, have acted as spomsars gf persons wishing ta take up permanert residence tiere, arsd on very few accastors have we had ba decline an application on the betsis that the sponsors lecally were unatur financially, or otherwise, to accept responsibithty for the sponsership. In accepting responsitility for the sponsorship, lowal persans have to ensure that they huve adequate housing zecomandetion, In order to accommodate these famylies whem they do return, and it does take them some time to get of their feet and to establish themetives properly. Ser it is quite a responsibility. and ane which canmot and should not be taken lightly.

On the tasis of thosefew wards
Mr. President, I camnot support the Mation.
MR. PRESIDENT: DoEs any ather Member wish to speak? The Elected Member for North Side,

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. Fresident, one is left to wonder why Government is taking the stane that it is while grayted, there is a mechanismin place, l belisve Sitr, that there are certain mitigating factors within the ecumtry, that Gevernment appears to be turmity a blind eye tan Mr. Fresitemt, the tast speaket spake about the threat of commanism, that it deas mot come with a red fing neither Mr. President, does it come ith a suftcases and when you get here you caff open ft and let it out and let it affect. bike some virus, the people in the commumta.

One of the reasons Mr.
President, why caymatians underetand today the evils of commintisin, afod
 Cubans of Caymantan destent who catme here to live arsatho are now conducting active comtributary lives in aur commafty.

Mr. President, the fact is,
that this country is going to need an influx of latour in the next couple of anonths to wank in the teamist industry, to de the mental tasks which some people call it. in the tounist industry. Where ame We going to get these people frem? Are we gatng to bring in mare Eurapeans? Why are the Eurgpeans leeving Englathy is it temause they are so well off in England and things are so good and rosy in England. Mr. Fresident I trad a conversation abme manths ago with e tap level Civil Servant here on contract, who wpent about an hour trying to canyimee me of how badly off he is, becatise he came wo caymath to work How math be gave up to come to caymar and hou expersive fayman is, and Mr. Fmesident having listened to that man for anost a half an hour ? hat to tell himin my usual dictatorials demacratic way, that
 of gecd te a situation of bad, on his whofree will. Sa let us not. put our heads in the sand and believe that it is anly the people who might come from the commatist countries, whetter it is picaraguay Guba


starimed, and who coined the teminology "expatpiates' in this country. That was not colned by caymanians, that was toined by the Efitish
 were better than us. And Mr. President, we have all heard the stories of these Europeans tringing in their toge patmies and theif wife swapping, etcetera, etcetera. Sa all the evils da bot come froty Communism that exists in cur society tagay.

Mr. Fregydent, I beljeve that if this couptry is going to need arm influx of labour, and it is going tor I think Govermant has a responsitility to contact Eountries like Cubat where there are people of kiown caymanian descert who might be willimg and desirous to come here and provide that labour forte. and we have a track record of the people who cotne to this country, and it is a good track record of beceming productive inembers of gur society. Mr. President, mayte we need to look at the frotection Law, somewhere along the liner and give assurances and provide people of Caymaian destent, whoreturn to this coumtry, at the very least, are given automatic rork perifts, you do not have to give them Gaymainn status, but they should be atlowed to work here in this country, and Mr. President, so should their spouses. They have made that choice in life, they have to live with it. Many of us aremarried to foreigners, and our wives are enjoying the fumats of the developmert iry Gayan. Maybe if this Motion hat said that we should bring back Caymatians rut of Tampa and New Orleans, port Arthur, the Government would have accepted it, betause there would have teen no connotation of Commaism. And make mo ghost fool yout sirs thase Gaymarians there have different values fron the caymanians today. Anywhere we brisy then from, there are going to be certain areas of social conflicty but Mr. President thase areas af gocial conflict are going to be mo greater that bringing in Eurdpears, because at least some of those of caytantan descent, I haveheard the duppy staries about North Gide and West Bay graveyard, and things lite that, so they know some of thing things atout Cayman, no filipinos or canedians of anyoody etse. I believer because let us not foct aumselves, the position that Cayman is in today, $\bar{s}$ mot entipely due ta us caymanians who have stayed here and worked oh ft, ant ase fow in a pasitiap tor enjuy the fruits. This curatry was butit by semmen who may now be residing in Cuba, in Homduras, in Nicapaguar in Tampa, and in New orleans. These fegple who went gff to wark, some wamed on shore because like ine they get seasich. Eut, the toportapt thing was that thase allothents came ta this country every year, end it is those allatments that built ap Merpent, so that Goverfinent comid tormow money from Merren to pay their civil Servanter and it fontinued and it continued.

Government, we must have some atigetion to the descendants af thase peaple who built this country. whether they afe in cuba, Tampas New Drleans, Fart futhun, Honduras gr anywhere elseg certainly Mr. President, we have a greater obligation to those than we have ta the Ffench, Germans, English, Filipinas, Canadians of americans.

Mry Fresidentr lam
disappointed that Government is not going to support the Motion.
MR PRESIDENT:
The Honcurable First Eletted
Member of Executive Council.
HON. EENSON D. EBANKS:
intended to speak on this Motion, but it iodus to me that we have gone quite a lang way from the Mation, and infact. the Motion has been
 it.

To my hnowiedge, applications
that have come from cuta, from caymanan melated familizs, have been processed and the people afrived here. If there is a protlem with peaple getting aut of cuba, I da not think it is because of the necessity of any representation to te made to the gevermment of the Untted Kingdom, or even to the Eritith Enbassy iri Havana, It seems that the procedume for dealing with wplications to come to caymar has
 Embas y cohtacting this Govermment. I have experienced this Mr. President, only within the last manth.

The pretaty prowaty lies Mr. President. in the fact that we are now down to persens who are in fact Cutan citizens, Even though their ancestry might te British and from
 whether their Eytizens will leave the fountry. We, ar the tonourable

Third Official Member has said, have not been irumdated with any large number of applications, If this were the case, and it was cheaper to put the group together, and finc same spectal trensportatian to brimg them out once they had been approved, then there watald te a case ta be made for that. All that the Mover has said. amo those who have supported it about the quality af persors whe has peturned from cuta. Mr. President, is true. They have made excellert eitizensy and in fact Nr. President, it is some of those satat peaple who are today brifging relatives in. l have mo knouledge of anyone not peally being able to get their relatives here. If that is the case well then the representation in my opinion does nat need to bemade ta the united Kingdar Govermment, the representation needs ta be made ta the cayman Islands Gevernment because the manhtery is in place with the United Kingdam's mepresentative in Havane toget these peaple cut, if the Cuban government will permit them to tome. And once the spomears hefre can demonstrate that, as the Member has said, they have housing and so on for them. And Mr. Prestdent, the Governinent has befn wophing with these epansars. I khow of atase very recently, whitit wes dealt with by the Member who responded from the Gavernment bench, where ihe origithal sponsor of a prospective retumee, had in fact agreed ta sparsom more than one fanily, and one fanity tame in om there wert changed citrumstances, and the spansar coutd no longer accommodate the person when they were cleared by the authorities in Cuba, and the Member suggested that maybe alterrative atcommadation could be found, and this has happened and I telifeve that those peapie are well or the way to teing permitted to caine to cayman. We, Mr. President, as 5 have said, have the machinery in place if there is a protiem. the problem exists that the people are mot matigh known to this Govermaent exactly how many fecople would litie to corme, of ifi what sized fatiliges, and who their sponsors are. As far as i know, as the Honcurable Member has safd, Every application that has reached this couftry, and we have had fio representation from individuals of from the United Kirgdom's Representative in Havars, that anybody is being denjed the right to apply today.

Mr. President if there are 50,
60, 70 people in Cuba wanting ta come herex the Guvernment is unaware of $3 t$ : and 1 would suggest that those family members wha are prepared to sponsor those people, cofe forward to Government as was done in the late $60^{\prime}$ s. early $70^{\prime}$ s and let lt be kitwh, in which case the Government can then take an inteltigent decision. But what representation are we gaing to make to the United Kingdom Mr. Presidert? They have been assisting and pracessitig every appitant that has come forwart.

As regatids the prituoner in
 would have commented on that, because 1 happen to know that pepresentations have beth made en a Govermment level withauz success, but it is not because of inaction an the part of this gavernment. What perhaps was not made clear by the Second Elected Memer for George town, is the fatct that the person trentioned is serving time iph Jamaicanot for an att committed in cayman, but far an att mamitued fh Jameica, or allegedry committed if damaical should say, because I do not know the details of it.

That js an aride ms. President.
But I have no problem with the cominunism part af this detate Mr. Presidert. the people who have come from cuba bave shown themselves ta be law atiding, industrigut perpie: and idm sitisfied that the Govermment processes and acrepts those peaple whe have sponsars capable of aracomodeting them until they can get on their fett, and I
 us with, ingettong these people hatas. For that measor Mr. President, 1 regard the Mation as unnecessery, and for that pexsam I cannot suppart it.

MK. FEESIDENTI
Does ary other Member wish to speak. if not does the Movet wish to exertise hia pight of reply.

Mr. W. Mgheeva bush: Mr. President, I have trouble 50metimes listening to the pound about way that game Goyernatit. Menbers can say things. For one thing. they ought to know, end even thagh they aight nat want to say, they know it that when I bring a rese to this House, that 1 have dome some research off it. 3 have had come represeftetion on it, and encugh tomate me try to do sourething


The Member whe sperkt for

 wonder if some af them had fanglite fry cubar if they womdd do

 contributions, is about the mechatitin. They have a mechaniem ira
 But, my complaint 15 the cost of that mechatisin. Dne thing I did hot hears and I will give way to the Member responsible, jf he ean tell me
 is somethfng that I had not heard.

HON, J. LEMUEL HURLSTQN: It varies frraresidenty bhe
tength gft time that a partitulaf appligation fakes to be promessedr beczuse it depends on a number of factors. to defends on bow quifkly
 availability of housingr and the other relatod commitments that have to be in place. It all depends on how ebmplete the application fis in
 eash individwal applieant. I have spen apolisations prosessed in a Weak. I have seen other applications which have had to take four weeks to be processed, but I have never seen an applitation take say longer than approkimately four weeks.
 me.

ME. PRESIDENT:
The Mrember bucist he must not
fmpute imparper motives to others.
MR:W. MEKEEVA EUSH: Those are tot improplef゙ motivest
that it telling the truthr
MR. PKESIDENT: I think you are onding the
Dffence worse.

HON. EENSON O. EBANKS:
Mr. Presidenty su forgive him
he does not know what he is doitter

MF. D. EIZARD MILLEF:
He was talkitg....
$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { but he }}$ hGuld mat mot...
I think he was talking to yout

MR. D. EZZARD MILLEF: HE was talking to the
Ftesidentr I thought.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Anyway, please montinue, and we
will stop the jnterruptions.
MR. W. NEKEEVA BUSH:
That is all right Mr。
Presidett, he knows that $I$ know what $I$ am doingn Furthermorer fie knows that I whow what he is doins, atod why ina is dotig it. what the
 leave some thingg umsaid.

HON. EENSON O. EEANKS:
Maybe that ig wisc.
MP. W. MCFEEVA EUSH:
Wise, because it woutd toring bo


 know what $I$ an doing, that is what ha always tries to make people
believe suery time i bring a case. he if going to do samething about it, so you do not need Mckeeva to do anything about it. I an going to do something about it. I am the great I am that I am. I wowld not have brought this Motion here if I had tlot taked to people about it. Commanist threat - I do not need to be given a lesson ot Cotamist threats. 1 trad, and I lotek at television, and $I$ realise what is happening here in the taribtean. Do ysu think $\$ 700$ is easy to find? That is what they believe? flr. Fresident, the big thing here is mot whot a mechamism. it is the opportunity and the needs of the cayman lislands today of labour. What the Member responsible, I have a great anount of respect for him, they are letting the political difectorate lead the Government sector a little bit here, I know this casar I know what is going on. What the Nember should tell me is how Owen Earrington Eruce with such a long Folice record, could get a work permit itithis country. Remember the situations I spoke about yeyterday.

HBN, CAET. CHARLES K. KIRKCONNELL Mr. Fresident. ot Foint of Order gir. We are straying from the....

MK. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, will zhe
Member....
 detated....

Mr. H. MCREEVA BUSH: ...Will the Member really say
his standing order.
MR. PRESIDENT: Will you sit dowt please.
Thank you. Allow the point of order to continue, and will pule whether it is a gendime Foint of Order.

MR. W. MCKEEVK EUSH: It is different from how he
treats me.
MR. PRESIDENT: Sit down.
HON. CAFT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONNELL: Mr. Fresident. the Mender is not staying within the Eonfines of the Motion, he is strayingr and it is irreleyant what he is gaying to the Motion.

MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON: Mr. Fresident, on a Fgint of
Order.
MR. PRESIDENT:
No, let for rate an that Point
of 0rder firstr please.
ME. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: It is not f point of Order.
MR. PRESIDENT: Let me rule whethet it is a
Point of Order. Will you please sit down.
I think number of speakers
have strayed from the strirt termag of the motiot. If feel that the present speaker strays too far. I will stop him.
 Order* May I take my Paint af Drater.

MR. PRESIDENT: YES.
MR. LINFORDA. PIERSOM: It EEEM弓 Sir that you ate三omentat incursistent with your ruling. Othef Members af this Hase
 befure you have allowed them to spent. Afol would like to see consistency in this matter Sif.

MR. ERESIDENT: That is mexpression of
opinion: not foint of Deder. I will beat it in mind. The gecond Elertad Member for West Gay may contitue. The Eucond Eleried Member for West Eay may continta.

MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
The Member for North Gide is
 find his standing onders.

MF. D. EZZARD HILLEF:
Mr. Prepident, on a point of
clarityon my part Sin, am I not correct that if member is going to interrupt someone on a fofnt of Drder, he mast quate the foint sf Deder on which he is interrupting the Member, otherwise it is an interruption, and he cannot speak unless the Merber sits down and gives way, untess he quotes chaptetr section, yerser aut paragiaph, little (i) little (b) what the foint of order is Sir? Am I correct or not?

MR, PRESIDENT:
I have stopped Members who have in my view, started making speeches in the guise of foints of order, and have expected them to quote umder which precife 5 tanding oroer they are ressing the point of order. That is to prevent speeches which are spurious foints of groer. If soinebody gets ap and immediately makes clear precteely what his point of order is then I shall not neressarily insist that he quates that it jo done under Standing Order 24(1) paragraph (ii).

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER: Mr. Presidenty cam I draw your attention to standing Order 34 ? I think the last select committee changed it a bit. I think it is now very sperific as to what can be done and what cannot be done.

MR. FRESIDENT: My utiderstanditg is that $34(a)$ says the Menters interrupting shall diract attertion to the point which he wishes to submit to the fresiding afficer for dectingn. And my understanding of the Honourable Thind Electeg Member uf Executive


 starts makimg a lang speetho that I stop them.

Now, I think perhaps simce we
 Gur marning oreak" If the second Elected Menter for Wost Bay was going to finish within a mirute gr twor, and he prefers tofinish
 some fufthefr time....

MR. W. MESEEVA BUBH: MG Mr. Frisgiderty I have about
afive hour reply.
MR, PRESIDENT:
 take oum morfing breaky and 1 wall suspend procemeing for about


AT 11:20 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSPENDEU

HDUSE RESUMED AT 11.53 A.M.

MF. PRESIDEMT:

Motion No. 17/8b. The Gecond Electud Member for West Eayn
 Motion is going to be defeated. Govermment jit not gäng to pass this Motion. The next Motign I an bringing is going tobepested, and I

 differemce, except mr. President tosay one thing. Threats do noth
 me with threats, you have gat to prove ft to me, you have got ta knard

 own folly, amd that is exactly what I will do with them.

comes to me, I try to do something about it. I know what has been happenting ta ine, and if I put a case on the floct of this House, the




 bnow the reascon why they are not going topass it. Thent reasariwill
 left ta the whims ard fathey af the Hodse.


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MR. W. NEKEEVA EUSH:
Yeg Mt* Proesidett.o
MR. PRESIDENT:
CEr゙tainly.
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MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: I wooder if yourould hold off
the Thind Member fram West Gay wished to vote agajritu the Motiony shé
said she would wome in mad vate against it.
MR. PRESIDENT: I danct think you can presume
も口 vote פh other Member"s actounts. If she comes in time she may
りかもせ.

ateEnt...(LAUGHTER)

DUISIDN
NO． 35186

|  | AYES： 5 <br> Mr．W．Mrkeeva Eush <br> Mr．Litiford A．户iefsor <br> Mr．Gn Hayg Bodden <br> Mr．D．Ezzard Miller <br> Mr．Joht Metean | NOES： 9 <br> Hota Thomes G．Jeffer゙gon <br> Hon．Michael d．Bradley <br> Hom． 4 ．Lemal Hurlston <br> Hon．Eenson D．Ebanks <br> Hon，W．Normath Eodden <br> Hon：Fapt，Chartes Kitkeonnelt <br> Hon Vassel Gu Johnson <br> MF゙s．Daphtie L．Dremet <br> Capt．Mabty S．Kirkconnell |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MR．FRESIDENT： |  | I AEElare that the Mntion was |
| rejected． |  |  |
|  |  | rivate Memberss Motion |
| No．18／86．The | Setond Elected Member | West Eay． |

PRIVATE MEMEER＇S MOTION NO． $17 / 36$ DEFEATED RY MAUORITY

FRIUATE MEMBER＇S MOTEDN NO．IE／EG
RE：THE RDADS LAU： 1974


MR．W．MEMEEVA EUSH：MGtion NG．1B／BL．
 Comittter set up under Eection 7 of the Roads tawr 1974， for \＃asessment of comanensationt
deficiancies in the Roads Law 1974 concorning the notice under gection 5 to owners of land whose latid fay in whole or in part be expropriated by bovernment for he construction of reads and related mattef"s:

AND WHEREAS such notice is invariably either mot commintiated to the owner or acsupier of the land or if it is 50 communicated, it is misleading in that it fails to state that compensation shall be pata in an appropriate case in fact the declaration states that no compensatiom is payable;

AND WHEREAS the foads Law, 1974 uses two specific phrases whith are vital to the EgMputatiotiof compensation, but whith phrases namely: "undue dafage" and "serious hardahip" are not defined with sufficient elarity to enable the Assessment Cominttee to truly assess the amount of compensation to be paid to tha applicant for the loss and inconvenience cawsed by the exploration of his land:

EE IT RESOLVEB that the Roads Las: 1974 be amended to provide for the giving of notice dy stating that the declaration shall be pabilshed in three conserstive weeks in a news paper published or circutating in the lslands and FURTHER THAT sach daclaration shall be served by ordinary post on each Registered Froptidetor of any land affected or to be affected by the dectaration;

AND EE IT FURTHEf RESOLVED that the Roads Law. 1774 be amended by adding words 50 as to bring to the attention of the public that any person affected by such declaration may be entitled to compansation in proper ease;

AND EE IT FUATHER RESDLUED that the phrases "undue damage" and "geridus hardship" ag the same appear in the Roads Law, 1974r section $10(3)$ be defined."

## MR. PRESIDENT:

I will mot take it that the
Motian is duly moved and seconded, and the Member may speak ta it.
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
ma. Frestodent, since 1984, amd ever sinte I have been elected to this Houser and today makes it exactiy two years since I was surn in as a Member. I have tried to the best of my ability, to, wherever I find a problemr gota my people to find a solutionr end I do it in all honestiyr and the best wey a know possible. Any whok $t$ do Mr. Fresidente, it is not transparent, or any kind of transpafency ift me. I do it becatree I see that there is a
 That is why when people come to me, I feel greatly affected. Sir, in being a Member of the present Assessment Comitter which tias been established for the purpose of assessing compensation, when perhaps Goveriment has to acquire property for roade, I have found certein casea whteh have highlighted tertain deficiencies in the Roadi Law, whith Mr. Fresidentr was enacted in 1964 , mome 22 years ago. The deficiencies as hightighted concerning noticer as contained in gittinn 5 of the Law. which says that, and I will read it:
"Whenever it appeafs to the Governor that any particulat portion of land is needed for the layout of a new public mad or the widening or diverting of an existing public road, a declaration to that effect shatl begatetted.

The declaration shall state the lacality in whith the portion of land fa stitaterir the approximate afea of such portion of land, the intention of the Goverfoment to construct a road of protion of poad gwet aweh portion of land without payment of compensation for suy interest therein, and the place where a plan can ce insperted.

The Goyernor shatl eadse a detached plan af the pfopised new road. or of the part of the raad intended to be widened or diverted, and the lands thrasgh which it is to pascr to be transmitted ta the Registrar to be exhtifted to any person who may risquire to examine it."
 at thig section，ohe might be tempted to say that bhis is all that is nevessaryt but this ys not the case．There are certain anomalies，in
 to ath owiter，in the case of certain hardstips to the butter，Dr undue
 notice，if the owner does get own，is also misleaditgy in that it in fact states that tho wompersation is payable．

Another aryay ia where the
phrases＂undue damage＂and＂smpigus hardship＂ate not defined witm sufficient clarity to enable fhe Fommittee tomake proper judgements． in my opinion．$I$ have found in the Assessment iommittee that we thave to follow the Law which 5 ays in section $10(3)$ and 1 will read：
＂Where the committee is satisfied that the applicant has ૬wffered or is likely to suffer undue damage or serfows hardship at the time of the taking of the asid land by f゙enson that the loss：－

（b）the seweting wf suich portush of land from tits other land：on
（※）the injufious effect on hit other land of the dispossessign of swch portiof therenf．＂

My feeling has been，and is
today，that there is a lot mofe to take into monsideration than that which is stated in this Law．We newd wo look at other areas for a persontogat 幺ompensotion．We have to why in the road is going throughr is g piece of property that a pefabit has searched for years and foundi has saved to money for years and beughtr and that by rendetifig that piece of properthy uthasabier the person wowla have to go and find another piace of property，they would heve to take timer and time is money．

Amother thing I fownd very harad to accept，is the case where property has beefi in a fafily possession for over one humdred years and this is then cut up fof a roadr and then the fanily is told that they are better off because they have，for instancer corner lots．When in factr tine property has had road fromtage on both stdes for years．

Mr．Frestdent，as far as $I$ Ean understand，thys Motion is gryng to be passed，I hoper and I aim waiting to hear Governmentrs responser tukstimu that thefr hearts will be softemed by the many cases that thave gone to Members．I am waiting


MR，PRESIDENT：ThE Motion is now open for debate．Does any Member wish to speak？The donourable Third Elected Member of Executive courcil．
 Elected Member for West Eay has cortertly predicted that the Government acrepts his Motiom，betause it tealises that the Law at present does mot set out with suffitient tigrityr efther the procedure
 かecognises that deciarations could be published with davantaga in a


The Attornay General＇g Chambers will be requestad to examine the present legitiatiopr bith a view to
 for any other anomalies．We will then bfing a proper eill before tite House as early as postible．

MR．FRESIDENTI
Does any gtiner Member wish to
speat？The Homouratie Secomd Etected Menter of Eyecutive Courgil．
HON．W．NOFMAN BODDEN：Mr，Fresident during this
Meeting I have heafd so much about hyporrites and binistiansr and it
 1方它．

I support this Private Member ${ }^{\text {r }}$ s
 54pport it berause I fithd that it is rimasonatie and timelye atid I watt



地
"undue damage" and "seriows hafdship" gra wide fn scopar and these should be defined, because sometimes what is a setious hardinip for whe case might not be for anothet.

I also belfeve sitr, thata
better systam af notification to the gerieral public needs tre be provided for, I also would hope that when the lay is being enamined, as tine Honourable Thitd Elected Member of Executixe Council has just statedr by the Attarney General"s Chambets, that provision will be made for some rights of appeal ftym maybe decisoons that ane inade by the Assessment committee, plus any other arnenmments. I would certainly be supportive of this, and as I have said. i fhitk it it a good Motion it is timely, it is reasonable and i offer it my futb support.

MR: PRESTDENT:
Does any other mmber wish to
speak? In that case, does the Mover of the Motion wish to exercise his might of reply?

MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
Yes, Mr, Fresident, I ©an
certainly rise in better form, than 1 rose before on the ather Motion.
I will say Mr. Pr゙esident that 1 all mot a hypocriter I am not transparent, I an fot the best Ghristian, I am not a fortune-telier ejther, I just know my perpier l know who I am deaiing with.

I am happy tifat governtent has sean fit to accept this Motion. l beliave in the final analysis. that we will get a grod thing, and I trust that it will mot be too long in coming forward. I know that we can hardly do anything again this year, but next year 1 am looking forward to seefing these laws being overhauled and amended as quickly as passtule in the first part git the year. I am looking forward to a very busy year next yaar.

Mr. Preasidenter as have said before, any time a problem is brought to mer I try to pisint it out to Government in the form of a Motion, when I think it is necessary, because that it what I am here as a Private Member to doa I am nat here as a Private Member to sit bark and say 'yes', or say *n'. I ank here, when 1 see a case, to bring my Motions wnter the standing Drders, and I do my research, and when $i$ do hot think that $I$ gan hande it myaelf, 1 get a lawyer to help me, if fin neets legal interpretation. Sor I do not really like to be accused of the tining I heard coming across. Tell me that $I$ am too outspoken mayber but do mot accuse me of being a hypocifte.

I \#now why the Motion is being accepted, but $I$ am very happy that they are atcepting it. Thank you.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I will put the question.

## QUESTION PUT: AYES

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Gan i have a division mr.
Frestomet?
MR. PRESIDENT:
certainly.

## DIVISION <br> ND. $36 / 8$



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HON. MIEHAEL J. BRADLEY:
Ferhaps sir we codsd Edjourn.
and restart earlier.
MR. FRESIDENT: Wellt I Was just about to agk,
or try to see if I could semse the feehimg of tre Houses whether it
Would be mere convenjent....
MR. D. EZZARD M1LLEF:
                    The semurd Elected Memter for
Gegrge Town needs a lunch, becaute ne is going to talk a long time
Sir, he has a lot of notes, a lot of reading.
HON. MICHAEL U. ERADLEY: Eut if you makw jt sufficiently
early sir, he will not be back in time from Rotary.
MR. ERESIDENT: (LAUGHTER).
MR.W. MCKEEVA EUSH: TWB D'Elock.
MR. PRESIDENT: It was the Second Elected
Member for George Town speaking. In the ardinary course sf events, if
We adjoutheg at the normal time he might have fifteen to twenty
minutes now. I fmagine he plans ta speak for rather lorger than that,
and pertags it would be better from fis point of view if we did
Adjourt1 now.n.
MR.LINFORD A. FIERSON: Yes Sir.
MF. PRESIDENT:
HON. THDMAS C. \EFEERSDN: Yes, twD g'clock siM.
MR. PFESIDENT: I think perhape two a'clock,
would that be emnvenient? Yes. In thet ease I suspend procerdings
until approkitmately two o'clock.
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AT 12.18 F.M. THE HOUSE SUSFENDED<br>HOUSE RESUMED AT 2.07 F.M.

MR: PEESIDENT:
Continkation of the second Reading Debate on the Appropijation (1GB7) Bill, 19gG. The Second Elected Memter for Eebrge Town had text Epeaming.

GQVEGMENT KUSINESS

## ELLLS

## THE AFFROFRIATION (1987) EILL, 1986

## SECOND READING: CONTINUATION OF DERATE ON BUDGET ADDRESS


speech on that particalar point, Mr. President. afolapologise to him if I did not quate him quite correctly yesteriay.

Mtr Presidento ac I wes eaying yesterday, while the Narcotics Agreement may bave caused some amount of concern in the Cayman Islands, the Treaty has put the naju in the coffin. I do net in any way withoraw that statemetht, betause there are already signs that what l have sata is correct, but I would hope Sir, that our future position will indeed improve, and that this couktry will benefft in spite of this onewsided Treaty. I don hot intend Mr. Presidents ta enter into a full-scale debate on the Treaty, but I think that since it was brought up in the Budget, that it is only faif that Members of this Hotrse be given a flance tofeply, and detate this peint.

We have heard Mr. Fresident ith
the Assematy during this sittimg. that the number of registered companies in gogd standing have dropped from approximetely $19: 000$ to approximately 1 w, 000 over the months, and perhaps the past few years. This is a serious situatian, and ihis fndicates Mr. Presitent, a downatrd trend in our economy, regardless of what we hear about the number of batis coming in here. and the size of these banks. The question to be asked here is, how ifuch is bejrg contributed to the economy of this country? This is what we wat to find cut, when wer hear about these big bank coming here. Are they 'A' banks? 'B' unrestricted banks with a Managef and a secretary? Are they shelf banks? These are the questions we want answered mre president.

The Treaty hes been sighed anly foum months now, and already these Islands are experiencing certain adverse effects from the Treaty. I trust Mr. Fresiofnt that over the next two years, that our country will indeed benefit from this one-sidet Treaty f but titme will tell.

Mr. Prestident i have seen a writerup in the Financial tifies dated Navember 10, i986. A survey which was campied out by a Mra David Lernoh, but it would appear frum the contents of this otherwise fairty good journalisms that Mr. Lemmar interviewed enly methbers of the Gaverniment bench and their supporters, that supparted this Treaty - this is quite elear, with the exception of a shall note entitled 'Huan Dynama still Spafys which gave the impression that the writer intended ta make a joke of the first Elected Member for Bodderf Tewn. That was the only fortion made of any of the gpporents to the rreaty, and this was mede in my opinion, to form some thind of a johe at that gentlemar. The articte states Mr. Prestant. that the istapts officials insist that the main achievenent of the treaty is that it puts an end to subpena serving, and ather forms of haras ment to which Gayman businemsinen were sutjected previausiy, Mr. President, if this is the only reasory why the Treaty was sfgned, God help us. I would huve thought that it was more in the interest of the peaple of the Cayman islands, than the harassment of ore or two bustressmen. Mr. Fresident, I we distressed ta see that an independent whiter, ar supposediy ifidependent, uninfluenced whiter would have said that the opposition in the Legislative Assembiy had sefzed upon the Treaty as an opportunity ta try and unseat governferst, and force new elections. Mr. Fresident, nothing could be further from the truth. of course we called for new elections: but the reasom for this Mr. President was that the Governfient bench stated in mo uncertaln terms that they had given ws the test they could, they had nothing better to give us, and we felt that beratse there was so fuch
 athendments. The only way this could be doner was by a new election. It wes not because we wanted to ereate any instability, because like any of the Members atrass from me, I have as mach love and interest in the Cayman Islande, as any of them. It was further stated Mr. president, that we wanted the behavioumy it says fiere. Let me read ft exactiy:
"This behaviour is being demahmed as political chicamery, sedition and rank oppertumism, by the supparters."

These words atte very femjlyar
 those statements. Whet was a wit Eupprising to rae Mr. President, was

 pages of the financial Tithes, it wowld be interestirg to kincw whopaid for this, But a matter this important would have hat statememts from
 yourself feataring here, and the Hobourablefirst offitis member, who
are really Civil Servants in this Gavermment. And i hatite Sir that yous suid:
> "A more significant reason $I$ belifeve, is thet with the recent signing of the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty with the United States, the Gayman is lands is set ta begin a new ehapter in the remarkible story of ite development."

## I hope giry that time all

prove you right, and that even thaugh you plan to leave here in May, you will hear the good stary of the succesc caused through the Treaty. I would at this point also Mr. Presidert, suggest to those in the private sectors especially efertain baniers who seem to get themselves invalved in the politics af this country, and who tried so hard taprove the opponents of the treaty wrong, that it is still a bit early to form an astessment of the real effects, goed or tad, emanating from the Treaty. What were are all daing now Mr. President, is using the past trent in predicting the future, and some of the events and activities in the past would make us reasomably believe that these rould actar in the futuren we have seen abuse under the Narcatics Treaty, and i beliave sir, that we would be maje to feel that there would ba no atuse, ar no possible abuse under this Treaty. I for ome Mr. President. end i belieye ints to be the view of ry colleaghes an thig side of the Hobsey still feel that the Treaty and legislation which brought this Treaty intofeffert. were tog hurriedly rushed thraugh the Howse, and that those dacumente
 our effarts in our petition to sir Geoffrey Howe, have had somp effect, even though we have not sent the gighatures yet, but belijeve me you will get them in due courser we sent the petition up long ago, asking that the Treaty not te ratified, but weare alsa not sa natue that we feel that there is a very strong possitility that sir Geoffrey Howe will accede to our request. We know sir, that the pressures that be, and the powers that be, will have a lat of influepee as to whether or not any attention is given to cur petition. But the people of this country Mr. Presfoent will sete that the Members on fofis side of the House have their interests at heart, and regardless of the criticism we get, we will speak for what we feet is in the best interests of our people, and let the people judge whether there is an election now, or whether there is one in 19gg, the people will judge whether we were right or wrang. Enaugh said on that paint Mr. Frésident, because yaut did tell me nat to go too far irto thig particulam mater, tut l hape you will bse the same pestriatits on those who will follow me, because I am sume that whlle you had a lot of trouble in getting people up yesterday, by the time a an through herer yai will be gettirg people jumping all aver the place to reply to me. I move on Mr. Fresident. to the Financial Sector in the smme sequence as the Fudget Address. Eankipg and Trust. I was pleased ta learn of the suctess btory from bamking atid other institutions. this was very heartentig sir. But my anly hope is that this is long lived. I a!sa hope that the main interest of some of the vactil praponente from the finameial sectur are not inspured by seffish
 that the andy reason some of these upotanding people in the financial sector, supparted the treaty, was tecause they felt it would put aft End to whe protlems they had experiented in entering the united States, through sumpenas and ather hafas mineit. However Nr.
presidert, as I have sayd there seems to be little thanght of the negative sspects of the Treaty on our coumtry.

We were toid that et the end of
1985 there were approxitately 500 tank fegistered here, which
 bahking system, and I ampleased to hear this Mr. President, it speaks well of our financial industry. This forms Mr. Frestodenty a Eignifitant increase of same 16.5 percent om the figure for 1 fig4. Yet Mr. Fresident, even with the enommous amount of funds and assets avajable in the banking eystem in the Cayman Islancs, many lacal Gaymangang are findumg it most difficult to even abtain mortgage money and melay businesses are finding it difficult ta recejve funding for their businesses. When they do recelve funding, the funding is at such prehibstive rates, that they can hardly affard to pay the interest rates, much less the principal repaytonts. Why shouid mot
 similar arganisation? I do mat fefer to the housing corporation Mr.

work, becase ft is nat on the right foating. Gut 1 da think that a Building Society, properly estatithed would work ip the cayman
 at low interest pates, since we have estabis hed ma. Fresident, that Gur peaple get very little benefit from this \$175.5 billion. Perhaps we will be told what benefits other tham Government feuts and the little salary that they get from working in the bank, that we receive from this $\$ 175.5$ billifin. We are told that the majority af people wombing ift the banks are Caymanians, thit wat we are not tala is that they are on the lower rang of the salary ladder. the emaller pasitione, the shaller percertage art held ty expatriateg whopertiaps get 30 percent of their total salary tenefits. Mr. Frestiant. is it Emough to feel comforted in the fact that the cayman Istands is the gafe repasitary far the banking institution, with liftle tangible betmefits to the people of these Islends? 1 say ho. Witif about a quarter of ane percent on the Eura curfency transatyioms an this country, do you think that the banks would pull out. if Government appraached them with that or singlar waggestions? They have to pay in all other countries that they have established in, and 1 do nat think that they would feel that this is a prabititive suggestion. Out of the $\$ 175.5$ billion which tratesates to $\$ 175.5$ milligho million, we get क5.0 infllion in Goverpment fees. I would ifke somebody to work that. out, and tell me what decimal points and how rary zeras would be after the dectmal point, befare you get to a whale number?

The Insurance Sector - I was
very disappointed ta hear the Hanourable First official Memter state that various ehanges im the United states far Lathay have adverse affects on the large eaptives, licensed to operate in the caymary Isiands, and that not one ward as ta any plans, any contingency plans or some confort tu those instrance companies registefted and operating Mere. Is it sufficient for ws wa acept that these companies will pull up their pocts and ga off to Eermudat cor some other area that offers them better terms than we to here in the Caymar jslamds? will the mumber of other sthall captives coming here compensata for all the big ones that will pull up and leave teralse our davernment was not farsighted enough to protert then under the treaty? Do we stend idyy in a Monchalant manmer while the larger captives are forced to find refuge in other destinations, such as bermuda ard Baftodos, a situation partiy caused by oum heyotiating tean? whife i apprectete Mr. President that certain concessians with regards to taxes, perhaps the foum percent Extise Tax may mot have been ayailable. We do mot know because our team did not negotiate an that leveln

> I know i will hear certain

Members state in this House that we would have hat to have agrefo on
 are not quite sure of this, because they dia not regotiate at that level. At least if they diu, they did mot megotiate in any detail that was reported back to us here in the cayfon Islands. Sa if they did, and they falled to report back as they did on all ather matters, then they have themselves to blane, Whet will be of interest, amb indeed of some shanificante, is the pertentage of revenus whith will be lost to the cayman Islands when these big captives havefied. This will be the time when 1 will be interested in Meaming of the marvelous and wonderful effects that thjs Treaty has bad on the peorie of the Gayman Islands. We are only four manths into the Treaty, and already we have seen harmfal effects.

Mr. President, I move on to
Compamies Registration. We were a 150 told that 1 , b20 new campanfes were fegistered during 1986 , as compared to 1,413 far the same periad in 1935. Yet. Mr. President. figures ann sametimes not give you the right picture, depending on the way they are presented. We were piot tald when we peceived that ifforifation that we have lost over the past few months and perhaps extending into the past couple of years. 4,000 companies, which means that we do not have 1,800 campanies on our register, as we are made to beljeve, tut we have mare like 1,500 a a 20 ta 25 percent drop in dur Companies Registration. Yes mar Fresidenz, the Honorable first official Member failed to say what the number of comparies were that were etruck from the pegigter, All we heard wat the mater thet megistefed during that periad. It is just inte getting the amount of revenue Government makes, but not being told that the expenditure exceeds the revenue, leavirg ws in a deficit pasitioft as is the 1987 Eudget, a deficit Rudget, relped gemerausly by a revised, estinated amd sperulative surplut. At the end of 1985 Mr. Prestodent, the number of compaties in default hed thereased by 700 for that year. 700 in ene year. It will te interesting to see the positian at the end of 1736, Especieliy in view of the mumber of
companies we find in veluntary liguidations gazetted every twa weeks in this Island. Mr. President, it would help that when we are given information in this Habse that we ane fiven both sides.

The legal prafession. Mr.
President, as in the case of the legal profession, the accounting
 industry. I was pleased Mr. Fresident, ta see the admission ty the Honourable Fimst Official Member regarding the value of the legal professian. Fleased indeed, especially in view of the fatt that an hnwarranted attack was made on the haw Saciety by eertain Memberis of the elected Executive council. Mr. Fresident, was thys attamb because the contribution from the Law Saciety an that paticular matter touched a sensitive gpot on the cansciences of thase Members? Would
 the Law Saciety had agreed fulty with the proposed ematijng legislation ta the Treaty? But Mr. Fresident. I thand in retraspect, the Menters realised that they had made a termitue mitame, and they will te happy when this Budget Adtress is through, 50 that they will not be hearimg rath about the Treaty for a while, because I think even they would hate to hear that word mentioned in their ears.

Eut Mr. Pfesident, my Eudget
Address will be very objective. I de not intend taget here and cast any persomal aspersions at any Members. After ali, it is becoming soor the seasan of goodwill towards men, but in the event that my example is not emalated by my good friends across fram me, ithall have to recipracate at the first possible opporturity after i have heard thera speak, 50 I ath haping they will follow my goad example, ant behave themselves like good gentlemen when they get up to speak in this House.

Mr. Fresident, I now move to
the Taurism gector. I sincerely tellieve thet the future of the cayman Islands" ecancmic develapinent will west in the tourist sectar. f wish te make that point abundantly clear. thet I simcerely belfeve that the future of this country will rest with the toirisin settor, afod not the financial sector. I seemy gagd frimed the Honouratiefirst official Member shaking his head, but agati, I wald like to be provern wrong, time will tell. My view, is that in this respect, thet cur toumism sector will provide more and thare jobs for cur peaple. I see the institutions that will survave the effects of the Tready, being the big fish. Eut I see a lot of mediblh and shall firms having tofald because of the pressures that will be brought to bear on them. Many of these small companies Mr. Fresident, are companies that operated carporate and management firms, and a lot of the companies that were registered with them are pulling aut, and $I$ am mot talking ebout companges that are suspect. 1 am talking about pecpie that will look you in the eye and say ryou can tell me all the gaod things that you have to say atout the Treaty, I do not want to hear. If 1 an going to be put under any form of investigation by my country, I do not meed that kind of treatment." There is no doubt that there is a dowhward trend in the financial sector, and that this has pesulted fram the signitg of the Treaty, I 5 ee fewer ard fewer comparies registering heres and slowdown in other financint sectar relateg activities. Ard to the Honouratle Seccmo Elerted Member of Exechtive council, I say I give youmy full support in any efforts that you aremating to prombte these rsiands. Perhaps 5ir, the advertising and profrction tudget shand be increased, because i belifeve that our tourism sector is going ta far oltipate our financial secter.

I Welcome Mr. Fresident the pew hatels, the Treasure Islard Fesart Hotel and the Hymt Fegency Hotel, and I reatly hope that cur people will benefit from the job opportunities befing apened up in those hotelis. Eased Mr. President, an the estimated 250,000 air armivals for 1987 , I fíel that mest, if not all of aum people, including the 200 ta 300 sthaol ieavers each year who are interested in this type of wark, will recejve emplayment, Mr. President, 1 thimk it is incumbent an Gevernment to make sure that any affer of employmert by these hotels is mealistic. Motáa a man told the a few days ago, a gentleman for whom 1 have a great deal of respert, a past Civil Servart, who has a tremendows athoumt of experience it storekeeping. He warked at the haspital for an momer of years in the stares department, and he told me that he was called in for an interview at ane of these hatels, to be a supervisor af the stores. Eut when it cathe ta the questian of pay, he was taid that he would be paid $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 7 5}$ per hour. Mr. Fresident, it this an atempt to

 otfor countwies, where these pecple will rome amo live bebow a
 that level and of that statume wald be imsulted in such a way, wher if you get a garden boy to mow your lawn you have to pay him five to 5y: dollars an hour. Mr. Fresident, this would appear tormet be an Gutright atternpt to discourage our people from applying far these jobs, and thus push them aut, and not give them the apportunity to benefit from the prosperity. What benefit would there be to the Cayman Istands if our peopke receive ro tungitie benefit from these big hateis? fird Mr. Ppesidert, when I gay rour pegete. I talk about a full crose section of this country. I do not pepresent ary particular group within my constituency. I do mot pepresent any particular minorsty group. I as a represeritative for the Gearge Town constituency, and I feel Mr. Fresident, that when I get up in this House I try to represent the interests of the people of the Cayman Istands. 1 trust Mr. President, that the Honcuratie Second Elected Mernber of Executive Council will take note of thic, beceuse i belfeve that he is aware of the case that $I$ have just sighted here.

I mave on to the Transport
Bector. Cayman Airways - Mr. Prestadent, I belifeve that the introduction of the Boeing 737 to our National Airline in a wise decision. I believe that the benefitsto be derived fram the smallem aircraft will certainly outweigh any phconveniences caused by its restricted size. As far back as 193 a I recall a report supporting the 737 on muth the same grounds as given by the 3 wiss Alr consultamta. My position on this Mr. President, dees not necessarity coincide. even with some of my celleagues, but this is my personal view with regard to the 737 , and this is or the tasis of atro limited route structure. Mr. Prestoent, I have alsa had the opportanity to briefly study the finameial statements of Gayman Airways for the year ended to the 30 oh Jutie 1986. And, Mr. Frestdent, while I will agree that there have been ioprovements in a more tifely presentation of the accounts for audit, just after the companies finameial year, of greuter ifiportante Mr. Prestuent, is the athal performamee in the compamies operations. For one, Mr. President, as a qualified aceountant, it baffles me why the $\$ 624,711$, which incidertally is helf of the annual agrefu subsidy for the year to June 198 , should be included under Dpereting Revenues of caymar Airways. I hope that somebody after me will get up and explain to me haw a fovermment subsidy can be considered *aperating revenues' for the Airline. This amount Mr. Frestatent has mathing to do with the operations of Caymar Aimuas. It should have righty been placed under 'other revenues' ar 'ather Fncome', mut it has nothing to do with the operations of the Aiflime. But Mr. Frestuent. even with this subsidy injection, revenue fell far telow the corfespanding period in the year to June 30 th 1985, ard this fell by over $\$ 1.0$ mallicha Whyle I cah appretiate that the lass of the clut Mad Charters may have cantributed to this, it is my contention that it is the mesponsitility of the Chaiman ard the Difectoms of his Eoard to seek new tus iness, end produce a betuer performante. This was a very poar performance Mr. Fresident, in comparison with the previous yeara Producing financials two months after the year end is not good enougha. If Gayman Airways is to survive, then better performance is needed. Mr. Fresident, there were a number of factors in favour of cayman Airways during the year to 30th June, 1986. For oper the fuel cost was feduced by $\$ 2.0$ milllon, because fuel costs quopped tremendousiy. Yet Mr. President, even with the $\$ 2.0 \mathrm{millif}$ saving in fuely aur operating costs, flying costsif ifayman Amays had not benefited from the $\mathbf{F} 600,000$ subsidy from Goverriment. the pastitan would have been very dark indeed. Something is not right Mr. Fresident. All of these biy profits which we heard forecast, where are they taday? Is it encugh to have a very impressive lookimg Anhuai Feport. when there is nothing in it but a picture af the chairmaty on the rover? Mr. President, in the year to the end of June 1980 , hat it not been for the $\$ 600$, 000 that Govermment gave to cayman Aifways, beralfse they gave it to then, the profit before financing costs would have been only \$193,902, as compared to $\$ 416,310$ far the year ta the 30 th June, 1935. And Mr. Fizeident, the net loss after obligations under Capital Leases, etcetera, watd have been $\$ 1.7$ million and not $\$ 1.1 \mathrm{millicm}$ as shown in the statement of lass and accuthulated deficit. Mr.
President, 3 mave to the balamee sheet of cal for the year ented ooth Juner 1986. Even the talamce sheet Mr. President, has been window dressed to make it look goad.

You tall ycum mecountant what you want and you get it, especially if the fee is right, of course, thas did not apply to the very peputable firm of Tharrefiodell. I fope you are surprised that it did not apoly to my firm,
Approximately $\quad \mathbf{7 . 0}$ fillion wera taken out of Fayatifes, out of Current

Fayables and aut of LGens. Government looked at Cayman Airways and smiled at them, and it was a worthwile satie, 7.0 million worth of it. They took it out of their tocks and they sait thet in return you give me a few share certificates and all is well'. Yet Mr. President. I set in that gallery and heard same severe criticisins of the lát Gaverrment, because of the eabe thing. For a couple of hundred thousands, yet with a stroke of the pen, they wrote off 97.0 willion, and everything was all right. This $\$ 7.0$ milifor was transferred to a Share substription Account in order to rectuce the shareholders deficiency, and Government, as 1 have said, is satisfied to receive a few share certificates in return. With the amount of sutsity that this Government is prepared to give Cayman firways, there is ro peason Why it should nat be doing tetter. When we examine the finantial statements of that company we see that it is pragressively getting Worse. The performance in the year to Jure 1736 was worse than the correspanding period in 1935. I want the Honourable Members of this House, and indeed the listening pubilc to decide whether they feel that Cayman Airways Limited is operating on a goed focting, or indeed, whether the Airline is showing any signs of increased profitatility. Mr. President, Government tantinues ta taby-sit Gayman Rifways. In the 1987 Budget, Government is again providing $\$ 1.0 \mathrm{millian}$, over a millian dallars subsidy to Cayman Airway. Where is all the expertise and the result of this that i heard about when there was a change in Chairmanship; when there was a change in the Board af Directors? We Were told that the ald Chairman of cayman Airways was pushing the Company through the ground. But it is interesting to note that the new Chaiman has not performed any miracles. From the figures that we have before us the situation seefls to be getting warse. Further, Mr. Fresident, having heard the remarks made during the 1984 Electians दampagn, a particular Memter clasely aligned to the Government bench said that we needed Cayman Airways like a hale in the head. Mr. President, it is tertairly refreshing ta see the positive stand now being taken ty this same person. It is alsa refreshitig to sue the positive stand being taken by the Chairman, as reflected in the Chairman's Statement in Cayman Airways Lud,'s Annual Report for the year to 30 th Jume, 1986. As in the cise of Cayfari Airways, uther Airlines coming to this country have contributed to the promotion of tourisim in these 15 iands. It was therefore unfortumate Mr. President, that the Honorable first official Member found it necessary to reprimand the old Republic Airlines, now Northwest Airlines, for not, as he tepmed, providing its share of destimation fafketing support to Cayman. It would te interesting to see the basis for his statement. This statement Mr. Fresident, was in bad taste for a Eudget Adress. There is no reason why this should rot have beer made office to office, and nat brought to this Howse, where we bentitit froblithe immunities, the powers and the protection offered in this House. We can say things here that canncit be directily arswered back, and this is unfortunate. Mr. President, it is my position thet Republic Airineg has provided in the past an excellent service ta these islande. The fact that the Cayman Jslands is constanty showr on its vest network of routes, would suggest that perhaps Repubife Aimlines has surpassed Cayman Airways in real terms, in promoting the Cayman Ielands, it wald be interesting to see haw we wald be mble ta cast the benefit derived from the advertisement that Republic Airlines has given to the Cayman fislants, just on its maps of is route etructure. Somebody in North America picking up one of the maps, fight away they see that theme is a route to the Cayman 1 slande. I feel Mr. Frestant, that that statement may have been a bit hersh, and if there is indeed any justification for the Honcurable first official Menber feeling this way, then perkaps in future he should deal on a mope officta! level with the mamagement of the particular airline or company. hat bring it in a Fudget Adress.

Gavermment Sectar. A semious situation fs developitg with the increasing mumber of posts being added to the civil Service eech year. This position, Mr. President, appears to have esealated since the purchase of the Tower Buflding, and I therefore want ta ask whether the Personnel Department is not apereting the Gavermment civil Service, under the theary of Parkinsonts Law. Parkinson's Law for the edification of those who may not know, states that when a void is ereated it will inevitably te filleg, and this 5 eems to be the situation in the Government Civil Setrate. I am sume thet we will soan hear that there is not enough space in the Towet Euilaing, and that Eaverment will have to torisider another butiding, perhaps ta house the computar, because thot it focther anithal that we have rearing its ugly head, and it seths to te getting bigger and bigger,
like a dinosaur, unchecked. In 1984 there were 1,310 pasts in the Service; in 1985, there were 1,367 posts; in 1787 tife mumber has again increased by 6g, to 1,435 posts. What will it be by the year 1990 ?
 number of people in the Civil Service, salaries have jumped from $\$ 22.0$

 Mr. President forms some 58 percent of tife total recurrent
 in the 1987 gudget. 58 percent of your recurrent expenditure budget is in persomal emoluments. It is belfeved, Mr. Fresidert, that mechanjsms such as computers, etceterar tent to have the effect of cutting down a mumber of ameillary positions in any organisation. But the Government gervice has shown beyond aliy doubt that the theory does not apply to the Gayman Isiands Givil Selvice.

Sinte the introdaction of the computer system, Government has been Employing more and mare staff. In addition ta the $\$ 32.0$ million in personal emalumemts the cothputer system of Government has cost some hundreds of thousands of dallars, I will not state the most recent figure 1 have been given, but I an sure that the offitial Member who presented the gutget will, no doubt: in his winding up provide the exact figure to date. what is of concern to me Mr. President, in the developmert of this computer system is the very lengthy timescale visualised for inplementing the compateriantagn programme throughout the Government. The Public Accounts committee was recentiy pravided with a schedule or timetable showing dates for installation of programmes in various doverpment departmerts. But, Mr. Fresident, whem you look at these dates you can readily see that this is mast unatceptatle. While l weuld agree with the first Dfficial Member, the Honaureble Finaticial Secretary that the vax Cluster from Digital Equipment Corparation maybe considered state of the art', I think these were the werms he used, I would adyise that ta date this very expensive piece of equipment, gr toy does not semb to be receiving optimum utilisetion. It would be interesting to see haw cost effective the computer has been in taverriment. I am not opposing computemistuton, but mr. President. from my basic knowledge of fistalling any computer system, the most imporiant factor is the feasibility study which is carmied cut pryar to imetalifng the systern. One must fifet determine what fe used to watu ad hoc decisions. We hear that the folice Department is trying out their computer system. but it failed, after having spent hundreds aft fundreds and thousands of dellars. Why was that allowed? Everybody seemed to be deing thetr awn thimg. Mr. Presidemt, what is fisa alamify is that the only technical person on the computer Steerimg coingithee, is the person who watuld have the biggest anterest in seaing that hem job is preserved. Mr. President, I feel that it is only in the best interests of this country that an independent person versed in computer operations and systen analysis should te traught in on the computar steering Committes. Mr. Presideht, fn this conmectian, I woula reiterate the Fublic accounts Camittee's recemmendetion that Guvernment seriously consider tapplng the computer expertise lacally, avalable in the grivate eector, and there are maty aut there, to enstrie that the best possible advice is obtaned for tef future development of the computer system. The Guvermment should also fohsider dotaining the services, as I have said, of a person wha $\mathrm{is}_{\mathrm{s}}$ versed in Guvermment computer applicatians, ta sit an the Computer Steering Conmittee, in order ta obtaim, and I wald like ta sthess inat point. to ottan the beneftis of an independent person which whould be in addition to the Manager of the Compater Department, and this is rot meant to be taken in any derogatary form, because 1 have the haghest regari for the expertise of this Manager. Eut Mr. Frestadent, lank it weuld be in aur best. intereste if we had an firsependent person on there.

MR. FKESIDENT:
end of bne particular sectionman.
MR. LIMFDRD A. FIERSQN:
Yes sir.
MR. PRESTDENT:
. . of his speeth, perhaps he woht welcome our taking the afternoon break now. In that ease i will suspend proceadings for approkimately, well perheps a littia bit longerr pertaps twenty minutuer because I would be grataful if Members could spare just five minutes to come to the committee foom, there are a couple of points i would like to mention to the take our formal break.

MR. FRESIDENT: for Gearge Town wes speaking.

MR. LINFQRD A. FIERSON:
Mr. Fresident, wher we tack the break. I had reached a point in the Eudget Address dealing with the Ship Registuation.

Mr. President, as in the case of Compantes Registration, I believe that other areas of ouffinancial sector will be adversely affected by the recently sighed treatyr ard therefore Government should be logking into the possibilities of diversifying the Cayman islands economy, and not depending top heavily on the financial sectorr as a source of bur future economic
development. Ship Registration is one area which thould be developed. While recognisimg that our Ship fegistry met with some arount of difficulty in recent times, I geiteve that with a better developed Ship Registration system, that these difficulties would be significantly reduced. Government should at this time conduct a proper survey and feasibility study, to determite the cost benefits to these Istands of developing the registry system. that will meet with fntermational safety requirementa. A mumber of our country's competitors are developing theit" ship Registries because they see this as a sourc弓 of revenue. They see this as a source of their future economic growth. It is my understanding sirs that Bermada is one such country. We should therefore, look seriously at the viability and Eost benefits of developing a proper systam here. I believe that the increase in revenue which we have experiencad each year as related in the Eudget Address, and especially it recent yeara, would justify our serious investigation and study into this matter. Before any rash decision is made Mr. Fresident, to distoritinue or severely curtail sur Shipping registry, I would suggest that much thought be given to this subject.

Mr. Fresident, l now move on ta
Revenue and Expenditure. In view of the projected and anticipated upturn in the Cayman Islands economy, I terust that the government will restore the coffers of the Treasury to the busyaricy they found it in 1984. Although some Members would say that they found a bankrupt Government, their figures and sums Mr. Fresident still reauire very caraful scrutiny. it is heartening to see that $\$ 2.0$ million that has been transferred to Reserve. Eut Mr. Pregident, we need to look very carefully into this transfer, and see the basis gh which this was made this is a modest, though good start, in buildine back the reserve to the position the Government found it in 1984. Mr. President, it is well known in this House, and in the Cayman Islandsy that I stand for what is right. I have never been called an wxtensian cord, for any groupr and by the help of God. i hope this will never be. I do not believe that 1 would be comfortable in such a position. I believe in working with a group, but never as ati ektansion cord. So the views that $I$ express in this House ame my views and know that many of those views are shared with my colleagues. Mr, President. this gide of the House will be watiching the performance of government very closely. We expect Getter foom them in the two years athead, sut it may be zomewhat yet premature for them to start bestowing won themselves any accolades. Mr. Fresident, where better is positile. good is not enough. Mr. Fresident. they are the stewards of the Treastry's funds. We want to see their good stewardship. Every job is a self portrait of the person who didit. and they will be weighed, and I hope not found wanting. We should atogeraph gur work with excellence. As I have said. we will be watching bovernmentrs performance, as indeed will be the people of this country. The Honourable first Official Member has tald us in his Eudget Adaresa that the tevised, not actual, the revised net surplus batance predicted to the end of this year results ftom increases in frevenuer above the estimated. By time estimated' I tane it he maans the 'approved' for 1986. If this fy what he seans, I trust that the will explain this statement in his summity up, because fof fattr the 1986 estimated figures show an apploved fichre of tof.e militon, as agestat his revised sum of $\$ 65.8$ millioth a difference of $\$ 4.0$ million. So it is clear Mr. Pretident that the $\$ 3.3$ millist estimated surplus did not come form increases in reventer thove the estimated gi approvadfigise


Mr: Fresident, I mow move on to statements of estimated receipts and expenditure for the year ended GLst December, l9eb, Jast to set the recora atraight, I would point out to the Honourable First Official Member, the Honaurable Financial Secretary who delivered the Eudget Address, certain errors in this statement. 1 at sure that these errots ware typographical, or computer errors and 1 am sure that since it is indead a Draft Estimate, that these will be cormected. But nonetheless. in ease any of thase may have escaped his attention. l would ask him to make careful note of these. The estimated revenue for 1987 , shown in the Statement of Estimated feceipts and Expanditute for the financial year ending 315 t December, 1987 should read, $\$ 65,158,295$ and not the $\$ 72.860 .727$ shown in the statement. Thys is a difference of $\$ 7,702432$. 1 see the Honourable First Official Member is telling me that he also found some errors. so he knows that what 1 an saying is correct. While this is obviously as i have said, a computer error, I an surprised that it was not picked up before the Draft Estimates were circulated to Members. Another error Mr. Fresident under the capital Egpendfutarer the Loan Works section of this statement, that is, the statement of Estinated Revenues and Eipendituker shows an incorrect figure of $\$ 7,152,432$ as loans (general!, when in fact the correct figure should be $\$ 2.421,073$, difference of $\$ 4$ r731, 359. The correct figure of $\mathbf{Z}_{2}, 421$ ro73 is comprised of the following, and this is just for the information of the Member, in case he had not worked this out:

> Head $42-002$.
> Fop $\$ 478.000$ is in respert af the Master Ground
> Transportatism Plany etceteran

HEAd $42-003$
For \$1,115,029 is for the Cayman Erac Terminal Euilaing, etcetera.

Head $42-006$
For $\$ 823,044$ is for the mew fire Station, etcetera.
Thut tompts mes the totan
correet anount of $\$ 2,421,073$. Mr. President. with those compections I now move on to the revised position fam 1736.

When ore examythes thys



 the basts afthereverues of thet particular yeera there is adeficit
 by the אשvised, or speculative, hot actual Egtimated mecumulated
 have arrived at $\$ 72,267.00$ surplus, at the 31st December 1987. This surplus et the end of 1997 is baEed om reviseg, speculative net yet proven figures. it is moted that capital expenditure from lotal reserve nhd loans amounts to $\$ 14.0$ millijan for 1987 , as opposed to a

 definitely stimulating the ecomomy, and I trust that bhe Gaymanian putife will benefot from these furds, and that the capital warks will nat all be cortracted ta Guerseas companias. gince we are stimulating the ecomotny, I trust that our people will benefit from this.

Mn. Fresident, I now move to the question af Expenditure (General\}. Mr. President, while it is commendable that the Gavernment has been able terpravide a sumplus from the revised position for 1984 . I belifeve that mereprudente and
 speciffically and particularly on the unnecessary waste of money on the
 nad been properly handled in accardance with iajd dewn guidelines, as recommended by the Publif Actoumte Eomintteer this error may not have

 ignored. We found Gurselves, bectuse of hot fallawing the proper
 heve beeff placed in the Housing comporatich, wo help some of the poor
 term that is scormed at in this Heuse, and let nobody foci ycur there
 system. The wealkh in the caymath Islmbde is owned by a very small
minority of the pecple, ten percent maybe, mayte ine most, is percent. S5 percent of the wealth is owned by 15 percent of the people. There is no wander we have such severe poverty. Eut to get the record stmaght. I am not knocking the capitalyst system. I alm just suggesting that within the system that Gaverroment has to consider the less well off, and that Gaveriment should provite for these peaple. It is riticulous sir, that each car park in that very unwise purchase, where Goverminent exceeded the true value by $\$ 160.000$, each ear park costed this country $\$ 25,000$, and this is rot considering eny pavirg, ar any ather civil engineering works - is that gocd stawardship? Is that sound judgement? Is that prudemeet No, Mr. President, it is not.

Now, Mr. President, I move on to an area which is very clase and sersitive to me, namely the peoples the little peaple, and providing the pecessary outlets for these peoplen Mn. Fresident, when I staod up in this Heuse and I moved a Private Member's Motion Ne. 10/3g, on the Givit Centres far Gearge Tawn and West Ray t was not dine to waste time, it was hoping not, but Mr. President it seems that the Honourable First Elerted Member of Executive Council has implied in his response ta parliameratary questions pased ty me that he regerds the civic Centres, which he supported in this Housa, the Mation he supportad; he regards them as of such low prionity, that he anly provided $\$ 10$, of for George town and \$10.00 forf West Bay. Mr, President, this is what a call hypotrisy, and l believe that this is the genuine definition of Myporisy, when a Member will stand in this House and support a Motion, knowing full well that he has no intention of daing anything atout it. Mr. Fresident, 1 want to remind, and $I$ bnow that this is not neceseary, but the Honcumatie Secomd Eletted Menber of Executive Courcil, but I wald refifid $k$ im, and the Hoticuratle Fourth Elected Member of Executive Coumcil that they are alsa representatives far George Town and that they must not allaw the Honcurable First Elected Menter af Esecutive Council to have his way in this metter, and I would wish to see full provisions made in the 1988 Estimates; if supplementary provisfans are nat made beforen I hope that in his gaod judgement, and in his conscience, he will see the meed fap supplementaries coming to this House, before the end of the 1987 financial year. I know that the Honownatle Second Elected Member, as feel in the case af the Honolrable Fourth Elected Member, has a keen interest in George Tawn, the same as the Member that seconded the Motion, from west Bay, and we will not stop our pressures on the Honourable First Elected Menber of Executive Coumcil, until he has seer the light. He whows that it is necessary for us to have these centres, and Mr. Prestoent. I hope that before the 1937 financial year is closed, that we will gee proper furds provided for these two Centres.

MR. PFEGIDENT:
I think that would be the right
time to break off, it is just four thirty.

## ADJDURMMENT

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, in accordance
with Stanaing Order $10(2)$, I move the adjournment of this Honowfable Hogie until ten o'elock tomotrown

MR. PRESIDENT:
The motish is tingt this House do now adjomrn umtsi ten orglack tomarrow.

QUESTION FUT: AGREED. AT 4:30 F.M. THE HOUSE STODD ADJOUFNED JNTIL 10:00 A. M, FRIDAY $21 E T$ MOVEMEER, 1986 .

## FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETTNG <br> OF THE <br> 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY <br> HELD.ON <br> FRIDA $Y_{2}$ 21ST NOVEMBER 1986 <br> (SIXIT DAY)

FRESENT WERE:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO - PRESIDENT

## GOVERNMENT MEMBERS

HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOFMENT

HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL.B

HON J LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP

HON BENSON O EBANKS

HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MBE
SECOND OFFICIAL MEMEE RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION

THIRD OFFICIAL MEMEER RESFONSTELE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCIAL SERVICES

MEMBER RESFONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TFADE

HON CAPT CHARLES : I KTRKCONNELL

HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CEE, JP
MEMEER RESFONSIELE FOR COMMUNICATIONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

MEMBER RESPONSIALE ROR DEVELOFMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

## ELECTED MEMDERS

MK W MoKEEVA BUSH

MRS DAPHNE L ORRETT

MS LINFORD A PIERSON, TP

CAPY MABRY S KIRKCONNELL

MH JAMES M BODDEN

MR G HAIG BODDEN

MR D EZZARD MILLER

MR JOHN B MCLEAN

SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTOFAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY

THITD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTTICT OF WEST EAY

SECOND ELECTBD MEMDER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWT

FIKST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTFICT OF LESSER ISLANDS

FIHST ELECTED MEMBEH FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN

SECOND ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EODDEN TOWN

ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE

ELECTED MEMEER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRTCT OF EAST END

## CAYMAN ISLANDS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORDER PAPER

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING OF THE
1986 SESSTON OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
FRIDAY $21 S T_{1}$ NOVEMBER $R_{2} 1986$
(SIXTH DAY)

1. ERAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR WEST EAY.
2. GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

BILLS: -

## THE APPROPRIATION (1987) BILL, 1986

SECOND READING: CONTINUATION OF DEBATE ON THE BUDGET ADDRESS.

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HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON ..... 20
ADJOURNMENT ..... 24
$\because \because \because \because \because \because \cdot \because \cdot$

MR. PRESIDENT:
West Eay.

Prayersn
The Second Elected Membet for

## prayers

Let us Fray.
Almighty God, from whom all wisdom and power are derived: We beseech thee so bo direct ano prasper the delfbemations of the Legislative Assembly now assembled that all things may be ardered upon the best and surest foumdations for the glony of Thy Name and for the safetyr honour and welfare of the people of these Islands.

Eless our Savereagn Lady Oueen
Elizabeth, the Gueen Mother. Fhilip Duke of Edirabrgh, Chamles frince of Hales, Diana Princess of Wales and all the Royal Fatijly. Give grace ta all who eyercise authomity in our Commonwealth that peace and happiness, tuuth and justice, Meligion and piety may be established among us. Especially we pray for the Governor of our is lands, the Membens of Executive Cumbil and members of the Legislative Assembly that they may be enabled faithfully to perfarm the resporsithe dities of their high office.

Name 5 sake, Amen.

> All this we ask for Thy great

Gur Father, who art in Heavens
Hallowed be Thy Name, Thy Kingdom come, Thy will be dope, in earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day oum dajly bread: And forgive tas outh tuespasses, as we forgive them that trespass agatnst us: And lead us not inta temptationf but deliver us from evil: For Thine ja the Kingtom, the power and the glory, for ever ard ever. Amen.

The Lord tiess us and keep us:
the Lord make Hys face shine upon ws and be gracicus untoust the hord IIft up His countemance apon us and give us peate now and always. Amen.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Please be seated.

## ARADUNCEMENTS

Before inviting the second Elacted Member for George town to continue his speech on the Second Reading of the Appropriation Eill, may t take the opportutityr on behalf of Members, of weleoming as our guests this mornity to the Houser the Constitutional Commissioners to the turks and Gaifos Islandsr Sir Roy Marshall. Mr. Henry Steel and Mr. Williams whom many of you probably will know alteadyr together with Mr゙ = Catioridge., I am not sure, I Eannot see whether the lady member of the team is there...she is not.

I know that all memberis will value the opportunity of meeting then. and talking to theriatatar in the dayn Meanwhile, may I say how wha we ary to have them here.

For the information of the
House, gnd of the Member himselfr by my calculation, the secotid Elected Member for George Town has been speaking for jugt ghtwo hours
 in half way there. I invitu him fow to continue his speseht.

GOVERMMENY EUSINESS
EILLS


I toser Mr. Presidentr am
mindful of the pregence of our distinguished guests this morning, the Constitutional commissioners, and in my usual very calm menner, I will continue to deliver my reply to the Budget Address.

Yesterday Sir, at the
adjournment. I had reached a point in the Budget Address dealing with the Social Services Departmente and the particular point under this department which I was dealing with was that of the civic centres for West Eay and George Toun. I have placed them in that order of priotity, because from the answer I received from the Honcurable first Elected Member of Executive Councilr it is quite clear because he represents the district of West Bay, that his will be completed before the George Town Givic Centre, even though the Member for George Town moved the Motion in this House to have the civic Centres established in both districts. Ee this as it may Mr. Fresident. my main concern is that something is doner and that the Member will not sit on this issue.

To recap Mr. Presitont, the
Honourable First Elected Membef of Ekerutive Council gave his full support to the Motiont that is Motion $10 / 8 \mathrm{~s}$. but following a Parliamentary duestion in this Howse, I think it is quite elear to the Members of this House, that he has placed this issue on very, very low priority. Mr. President, because I wish to prod the Member's memory because of his busy schedule, I wrote to him on sume 3rd. 1986 on this matter, and this was fegafding the two Centies, one for George fown and one for West Eay. Eut to date Mr, President, it is very sad to say, this Member has not had the couttesy to reply to my letter. My letter read:
"Hon. Benson O. Ebanks,
Member for Health. Education and Social Services, Government Administration Euilding,

## GRAND CAYMAN.

## Dear Benson.

Re: Frivate Member'a Motion No. $10 / 86$ - Civic Gentres
I write in regard to the possibility of Maxing funds provided in the 1997 Budget. fom the constmuction of civic Centres in George Town and west Bay, as per the above Private Menter's Motion.

While I tafi appreciate that it may not be possible to appropriate the necessary funds for the twa civic Centres during any oft particular year, perkaps arrangewents could be made to stagger the tufiding programme for the two centres over the fext twa years, i.e. 1987 and 1988 .

I have had preltimitary discussions with a feg local contrattors, and as a mesult of those discussions it would seem that a Butler Building would be adequate for the
 price. Accordingly, I would appreciate if ycu would obtain a costing on a bullding which can eccommodate, say, around two thousand individuals, far Gegrge Towh. Ferhaps a sfmilar size facility will alsa be pequired in West Bays In this connetion, I belifeve that. Mr. Winstom spinner could be of invaluatie assistance to your fortfolio, in assisting with the basic designs, or conceptual drawimgs of these factlities, and of course, I would be most pleased ta assist wherever possitte.

I realise that attention will be given within the mert few months to the preparation of the 1937 Budget, thts the reason far writing to you at this early time.

Thank you for your kind attention in this mattery and $I$ look forward to hearing from you at your earifest conventencen

To dete Mr. Fresident: I have not had the countesy of a reply from the member, and his resporse to this letter and to the motion, was to provite terf ocillars jn the
 West Bay.

This. Mr, Fresidert, js an
Insult to the people of the cayman Islards, because when arivate Member's Mation is passed in this Howse, it is not the motion of the Member passing it, but it is intended to benefit the people of this country, and whether or not the Member is happy with the position taken by the Mover of this Motion in this Howse, this is teside the point. The Member has an obligation to the people of ths country, and to his own constituency. The majority of the Members of this House supported that Private Member's Motion, and th is a shame and a dereliction of duty that this Member is sitting on this matter. Mr. President, Motion No. 10/8b received the full support of this House. and should therefore have been arted on. I do not think that it is good enough to have the Member tell the House duming parlianentary Question Time that he has no itea where on his priority, this matter falls.

To refresh the minds of
Menters, and the listening putitc, the Private Members Motion in question fadas as follows:
"WHEREAS there is a need for a civic Centre within the George Town and West Eay districts, primarily for the purposes of providing humpicame shelters, fom secial functions and ather civic activities, and

WHEREAS the peaple af these two districts have over the years requested the esteblishment of such a facility for the purposes stater here ins

BE IT RESOLVED that Govermment comsider providing the necessary funds in the 1987 Budget for the establishment of civac centres in George Town ard West Eay"

This Mation, Mr. Fresident received the supporit of this House, and was passet. Whyle this Motion was moved by myself, it was seconded ty the Second Elected Member far West Eay. This was somewhat intentional, in that, it was seen to have Meceive the suppont of mot only the Member for George town, but also from the Member for West gay, because we were asking for civit centres in bath distmicts. It will te roted that this motion not anly called for a Civfe Cemtrefor Gearge Town, my constituency, but also included one for the constituency af the Hanaurable first Elected menter of Executive Courcil. I would have thought Sir. that his interest would extend tu his constituente. Mr. Prestdent, I jactuded west Bay in the Motion because 1 saw the need for such a facisity in that district. There is no question that the saciaj pratems in West Bay are as bad, if not womse, than thase which we heve in George Towh, even though it is marginally shaller district. Some Members from the kest Bay distmict of course, contimue to say it is the best district to live in. Mr. President, there is no question that both these districts are desperately in meed of suth facilities. George town ig still the capital of the Cayman 1 slands, and l believe will continue to be for many years, even though we see that the Honcuratie first Elected Momber of Executive Council is trying his test to develop his into the leading district. Eut Mr. Fresident, what is mest disappointing, is that the capital of this country does not have the proper facilities, as do some of the smaller setellite countries in the cayman Islands. We are mow having a crusade in this tountry, one that is atiended by many, many people in the Cayman Islands. It is tad to say that due to pressume of work, I have not yet been atle tu attend, but it is my irtention over the weekend to do so, but if there was rath et the Lons Centre, that function would have to be carcelafo. Thet is only one of the many functions that the ctutc centre could be used for. of course, we will be told that there afe cther facilitios avallebte. like the school buildings and others, but I am sure Mr. Fresitiont, we all know that that is a lat of rutuish.
Mr, Frestodent, it semm
somewhat strange thet we have distrjets such as Gayman orac with a Civic Certre, which has only between 1,500 and 1 soo people. I aja proud that the Govermmert of the day had the foresight to provide such a facility for the people of Cayman brac, even though some of them tend to feel that they are not a part of the Gayman lishand. I feel that they are sir, ant i believe from the remarks which 1 have heard in this House, that seme of the Ceyman Brac Members may want later on to see us get iminigration permits to come to cayman Erac, expeciaily if we are gaing up there ta hald phblic meetings. Mr. Fresidenta, would like to remind the Fipst Elected Member for Gaymatara that he
had better get those permits in plate, betause fe is gaing to see a lot of meetings held ty the Members from this side of the Hanse, because it is our intention to hold a lot of putilic meetirgs in Cayman Brac; because the people up there 1 believe, have been ificied and will be needing to be shown the light; they will be needing to be shown the right way. Also Mr. fresident, we have seen Givic Centres built in other staller districts, East End and Bodder Tewn ard I am also happy that the Government of the day had the foresight wo bulld thoser civic Centres, because they are badly needed.

Mr. President, I krow l will
also hear the Members who will be jumping up after I site telling thit House that the civic centres in some of these areas are not being used, but i will leave the response to this to the Member for East End and the Member for Eodden Town. I think the House and he general public know that they are very vocal and that they car take care af themselves. I do not need to speak ors their behalf. Mr. fresident. What is perhaps most gad about the attitude of the Honouratiefirst Elected Merber of Executive Cauncil is nis insensitivity to the need for these facilities, and his apparent lack of perception as to the beneficial effects that the sacial programmes and other uses ta whith such a facility could te put. Mr. President, these facilities could serve a very useful purpose, especially for the yourg people of this country, and I will deal with that in further detail. It sefms Mr. Fresident, that our country would be taking a positive step in the pight directian, if same of the efforts of the Elected givernment, and especially this particular Member, were concentrated on preventative measures in this country, and an ald but true saying Mr. Fresident, 'prevention is better than cure". Any efforts therefore, trat our Government can exert, or influence that they can fast will hat be last, especially if it is directed an such preventative programmes, and facilities. 1 amfully convinced sir, thet if our young people were more usefully octupied after school hours. and daring any of thelr free tome, that we would see a signtificat feduction in the number of young men ard young wamen being placed in Northward Prisofl. In addition sir, to the responsibilities of parents tawards their children. Government has a majar sacial resporsibility to the people of this country. Mr. President, $I$ ammot only referming to the minority of this country, because I feel that I represent a full crass section of the people of this country, even though certain Members would want to class me with the 'littie people' but a am pappy to represent the little people, sonmbody has got to represent thein, because there is a lack of mepresentation from certain Government Members. But alas Mr. President, I belifve that it is well krown in the Cayman Islands that my mepresentation extends, not only to the so called 'little peaple', but also to the bigger fish. Mr. Fresident. I Mepresent the Cay费an Islands, North Side. East End. West Bay and Bodden Town. I heard the North Side Member mentioning that I represent George Town, this is true....

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
North Side has got good
representation.
MR. IINFDRD A. PIERSON:
...I belfeve, I believe sir, that Gearge Tawn is well represented by the Menter speaking but i hope that the same can be sati about bhe North side constituency, because 3 beljeve that the Member will find it vefy difficult to get a seat in 1938 if he continues on his course. Mr. Fresident, I an hoping that because he is such a mite chap, that l will be able to convince him and put him in the right way.

## MR. D. EITARD MILLER:

## (INTERRUPTIOR)

MR. LIMFORD A. PIERSON:

I know Mr. Fresident, that he is going to continue to interrupt me....

MR. D.EZZAFD MILLER: I am not jointng any Unity Team.

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
 that if he continues, I will have tu ask the Sergeant ta take him outstde and cool him off. If he is gaing to intermpt mey 3 would like for him to rise on a paint of order, and i will give way but he will have ta Etate his puint ef Order, before he interpioply me.

It is very shomtsighted mr. Presfuent, when Members who are entrusted with the respancitilitites ahd authority, to affect useful chartes, fefuse tadothit. This je
why Mr. President, we all on this side of the House gave the four Members of Executive Council our full support, and 1 am happy that I supported some of then, and they know who they are, because I know that they are doing a good jot, but there are some latititg in their responsibilities. Mr. President, regardiess of whether they feel thet we on thly side support everything they do, they have a fesponsibility to this Equntry. And Mr. Fresiderit.....

## HON. BENSON D. EEANK5: <br> You tried ta haree trane, you

did not support.
MR. LINFDRD A, PIERSON:
Mr. Fresident, it is an old saying when you throw a stane in a hag pen, the ane that squeals is the one hit'. so Mr. President we hear the first Elected Member for West Bay, the Honourablefirst Elected Member of Executive Councif, squealing over there, so 1 know that he is guitity, and he knows that he is guilly.

HON. BENSON O. EBANKS:
Do you know that you did not support me?

MR. LINFORD A. FIERSON:
Mr. President, I think the Member is carrect. I would find it very difficult to support him as an individual, but l think I gave him a vate, maybe it was a mistake, but 1 did give him a vate for Executive Counch. On hindsight Mr. President he is right, it was a mistake, but we all make mistakes, and apparently, we have to live with it for four years. But Mr. President, I think that will be corrected in 1983, if not before, because if cur petition had received the support it should have from fir Geoffrey Howe, we would be having an election right now. The Executive council Members refused this, because they were afraid that they did mothave the mandate of the people. This is why they refused an electson, but the people are not fooled, the people have e long memory, and they will have to do a lot of work, $\$ 3.3$ in illion surplus and $\$ 2.0$ million transferred to reserves will not be enough when they found a Treasury that was buoyant when they took office in 1934. They will have ta do a lat of work between now and 1938, and a lat of pubtic relations. Mr. President, now that I have dealt with the interruption from the Honourable First Elected Memter of Executive Cauntil, 1 would lite to cantinue uninterrupted. The Member by not agreeing, by refusing te provide sufficient funds for such a needed facility, is denying the peaple, not only of Gearge Town and West Bay, but of the Cayman lslands, their rightful due. Because When we have crimes perpetrated by young people; when we have the problem of drugs, and there is a problem of drugs in the cayman Islands, let nobody fool you.

It is a growing problem, and it is no longer the poor peaple's drug, on ganja as it is called, but we are moving into the mich peaple's drug; the gaphisticated drugs, cocalne, crack, call it what you may. This is what is happening and a lot of it Mr. President is alt of frustration, becauce the young people do not have a praper abtet for their energies: and the Merber knows this, yet because this Motion was brought ta this House by a Member from this side, he is sitting on it and doing nothing. Mr. president. in the full appreciation of the need for mare social programes and facilities for this country, last year I brought another similar Private Memter's Motian to this House, which cailed for the establishment of a Youth and community centre for Gearge Town. But again Mr. President, the Member in $h$ is wittom decided that he wauld kick this out. He decided not to do anything because he dici not see the need for it, even though he had been advised by a number of people in a committee form, that they felt it was a useful project. The Member felt that it was not needed at this timer ft was not a priority again. Mr. Fresident, there are nonesoblind as he who refuses to see. And if the Member cannot see the need for a Youth and Community Centre in this csuntry especially with the saciai probiems we have in George Town, then he is thind fndeed. ith. Fresident, it should be obviout to the most insentitive individual amongst us that more and more needs to be done in this sountry, ejpecially as far at the problems of our young people extend. We need to harness the energies of the youth of our country, and this is especially true mp. President. if the Cayman islands is to continue as the paradise of the Caribbean. You see a lot of countries trying to emsiate the Cayman Islands. Bermuda, the Eahamas damaica, Turks and caicos, they all want to emulate the Cayman Islanda. We are a leader it the caribtean. and we are proud of that. We will be very happy to let the

Constitutional commissioners see our constitution. I would te a little ashamed berause it is a little backward, but otherwise a an sure it is a sound constitution. But I hope I will have the opoprtunity to have a private chat with the constitationel Comissioners, to let them know especially some of my yiews. I will not attempt to meet in a group, becamse 1 am sure that this would be capitalised on, and I will have Members going on the political platform, shouting 'change in constitution'. But Mr. Fresident, this is a subject that will require discussion at a more appropriate time:

Mr. President, we have heard a
lot from the Honourable First Electsd Member responsibte for the Fortfolio of Educatiph, Health and Social Services, talking about programmes. He seems to have a fixation on programams, and a think this is good, but Mr. Fresident, it is as naive to talk about mete programes in a Social Service environment, withoat the nefensaty buildings and other facilities, as it wowld be to talf about a curriculum for a school without a ghoot building and the fasilities. We are told that there is a civic Centrer or a Youth Clab in Prospecto but what we are not told is that this is basically for the Joited Church. We are told that their are Church Buildings available, but I would like to see the children of central George Town get access to that buflding. Mr. President, what we need in this country is properly organised staff facilifites. and if the Member refises to do this, then when he is taken off Esecutive council in 1988. somebody will have it done. Make no ghost foel you Mr. Fresident, they are moving towards that direction, but $I$ hope that some of the members that 1 amfairly elose to on Executive Council will mot be lad down the precipice with them. Of course Mr. Fresident, we will need programes, but we will also need workers to implement those programmes. But above all, and I want to stress this. we will need physical facilities, suth as the building called for in the Motion. Mr. President, the Yadth and Communty centre referred to, contemplated providing afacility whith would have catered to various needs. It was proposed that this facility would provide for the social, the spirftual and the physical needs of the youngster. It was not just a place where they would go and play, it was a place where they would atso be taught the social and cultural values of life. Under the archafe educational system that we have in this country, it is only about fifteen to twenty percent of the schosl population that will come aut with five or more 'or Levels. Yet Mr. President, the 80 percent that will come out with School leaving Certificates, when they take them to an emplayer they are told that they cannot get a jot on the basis af it. We have discussed here, over and over, the need for proper vosatigmal and technical schools. Yes I know that the community college is now filling a need, but Mr. President that is not enough. We need faclitites where the dropouts from schools and the others who are invariably involved in the social problems, will feel contented to gor a bridging sort of an enercise which will prepare then for the communfty college and further education. This is the type of insenstivity we have. We have a Grammar School system within our comprehensive system of education. What is being done about the 80 percent of the children in this country? Mr. Frestaent, there is a growing need for more foresight in that department. It is my understanding Mr . President. that recentlyr a directive was sent to the schools not to enter any child for GCEr wnless he had a one hundred percent change of passing. It would be interesting to get the real facts behind this statement, because the attampts through farlfamentary Questions in this House did not have that effect. The Member was asked to iet us see proof, and he refused to. But it ity understood that the Academit Committee in their uisdom, found gach a directive unacceptabler and refused it. I am suray if thys is incorrect, that the Honowrable First Elected Member of Executive Council will have a mance to refute it. But thetl, I would like him to bear in mind that 1 have my stalwarts behind here, who will be wating to hear him speak. So he will not be able trg get up here and say a lot of things without oeing rebotted. I would like to know why he refused to let....

HON. EENSON O. EBANKS:
It is not going to be difficult to rebut you.

腑. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
 Memoer is going to interrupt me, it mugt be on a fotnt bf ordata otherwise ask him to be quiet or te removed from the fosise.

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Fresident to see why he refused to let us see the Mlnutes of thet Comattee. Mr. Fresident, he will have his ftiance as I have said, to rebut what 1 am saying, but let him act in a proper. parliamentary manner in this House. Mr. President, as I have said, tite Member has done a very good job in destroying the affects of both Motions, whtich were intended to help the people of this country. it is fown that under our archaic, backward Constitution, that the perple an this side of the House have no say, unless they are extension cards of the Executive Council Membars. Dr unless they happeti to te closely connected, they can expect to get nothing done, but the people of the country know it. My people know that I have been trying my best, but unless you bow and serape to them. you are not one of their special few'. Sut Mr. President, 1 have hever been able to do thatr and now at 45 I am finding it even more difficult to bend.

Motion No. $10 / 86$ came as a result bf the need for such a facility. I all taking time on this point Mr. Fresident, besause l believe that fhe Gocial problems facing this country are some of the most devastating to our future economit and social develapment. Mr. Ftesident, if we had received any action on the Youth and Commumity centre for George Town it may not have been necessary to have asked for a Motion for the establishment of a civic Centre, because the tuilding enuld have been used for much the same purposes that the Givic Centre will be used for. But Mr. President, since there was already a precedent with Civic Centres in many of the smaller districts, it was felt that this would receive more acceptance from the Member, and that the civic Cantres could be utilised as alternative measures for the purposes for which the Youth and Communty centres were initially envisaged. Mr. Fresidentr I hope that the Member will constider not just the mover of the motion and the seconder, because there seems to be mo love lost there these days, but Mr. President, I hope he will considet the people of this country, the needs of the country, walk around his own constituency and see the poor people, fiver six and eight sleeping in a mall house altogether. father, motherr sons and daughterse teenage children. Mr, President, that same situation cam be found in George Town, and other districts of this country. I am sure that the Members for East End, Eodden Town and even Cayman Erar would find suth areas there, dut what is being done? Show me the tangible efforts. All we hear Mr. Fresident are good intentions.

Mr. Fresident, 1 will Eontinue
In this House to fight for the fights of my people, and i will do this Without fear but 1 will not bow and scrape to any Member of Executive Council to have this doner such aftion Mr. frysident, is below me. As I said yesterday Mr. President. I am only one of the three representatives of george town the other two fortunately, are sta Expcutive Council, and $[$ belleve that they are doing a fafriy good job, But Mr. President, it is also their responsibility, since they supported this Motion to see that spmething is dohe in George Townt and that the power is not left to the Honourable first Elected Member of Executive Council, he is gnly one Member, and the majority desision I believe still rules on Executive council, Even though i know that Section 9 , I think, of the constitution provides for collective responsibility. I would hope that 50 percent would heve more affert on Executive Council than 25 percent. And I also hope Mri president, that ay friend the Second Elected Member for West Bay will keep fipe under his colleague until he moves on this issue. I hope i have convinced him. because i still like him. he is a good guy.

I was told that I had opposed
the 1786 tax measures, and this was the reason why no proyision could be made for my Civic Gentre. It was called my civic Ceftre, Even though Mr. Fresident 1 voluntegred to call, to name the Centre after the Honourable Eenson 0. Ebankgr but he refuted to accept thit, he said it might be a bribe.

HAN. EENEON D. EBANKS:
GR. LINFORD $A$. FIERSON: Fresident: it wajazidinsincerity ifelt that if i had i done this I may have had a better chante of getting the civis centre. Eut now he is arting so gtubbormly, 1 have decided to change the mame to the Honourable Norman Boddent because 1 know that he will support it in Executive Council... (LAUGHTER). Mr. Fresident. with the capital budget that we have before us this year, with the $\$ 14.0$ milliont $\$ 14.0$ million, I think it fs perhaps the biggest capftal busget that we have had for a long time, that is safe to gay is it not Honourable Mrn First Official Member? $\$ 18,0$ mfllion l think was the largest, but,

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this has to be the second largest. Eut with $\$ 14.0$ million for eapitat expenditure, there is no reason why $\$ 50,000$, $\$ 100.000$, $\$ 200.000$ could not have been allocated to such needed facilities. And there is still no reason why in Finance Committee and in the Committee of this Houser in considering this Appropriatioti Bill, the Appropriation (1987) Eill, 1986 that those figures cannot still be insepted. And Mr. Fresident, I hope that the two Members of Executive Gounsil for Gebrge Town will assist me in trying to get a bigger provision than ten dollars. there is not very much you can do with ten dollars Mr. Fresidentr even though I think it is a token provision to say to the mover of the Motion that yes. we have not forgotien you. I would rather Mr. President, that nothing was provided there, than put teri dollars in. This is a joke; it is not only a joke on the mover of this Hotion but a practical joke on the people of George Town and West Eay, and indeed the Cayman Islands.

Mr= Fresident. as I have said,
the people of my constituency George Town, and I am sure the peuple of the Cayman Islands well know, that the nost we can do here on this side of the House, and our only weapon is through frivate Members' Motions, Even Farliamentary Questions sometimes are not given proper answers. If we were in a position to have these needed facilities established, they would have been done. But Mr. President, the most we can do is ask and ask and beseech, and fif we are luckyr bur supplications will be attended to.

Mr. Presituent, I feel that the
time is coming when Members, backbenchers. should be given more responsibility in Government. Call them what you may, call them junior members, it does not matfer tome, but it seama fhat they are hardly needed if they can accomplish nothing during theif four years. and I belfeve that even the Members of Executive countil would agree with thts statement, because they have served on this side of the House before, and unless you are chosely connected with Members of Executive Council, or happen to be the fortunate fewr you get nothing done. I hope that the constitutional Comissioners are taking note of this, because this would be an area if they were salled to the cayman Is lands, that would need attention. I am not here advomating any major advance in Constitution far be it frommer but any Member of this House that would tell the people of this country that certain changeg are not needed, would be lying to their people, because they know that certafn changes are needed, but they will not say it because they are afraid of not being elected in 1988. But my people fnow that I am truthful, and I see the necessity for these changes. We do not want any independence, we are independent alreadyr we are economically independent. This is why we were able to give the united kingdom t500.000 in the Faukland crisist it was the real stuff. We do not want political independencer we do not need it, but we certainly need more autonomy, we certainly need a bit more advancement that that whith we have. The Turks and caicos Government would be taking a backward step if they accepted our constitution, they have far better constitution, it is more advanced. The Honourable Second Elacted Member of Executive Council mentioned yesterday to me that he was at some conference when he was asked his position in government, and he said Second Elected Member, they looked at him and laughed and said Member of what, was ft a club? \# Member of what? Perhaps it would have been more appropriate if he had said Minister of Tourisfly civil Aviation and Trader bat yet. if any of this was advocated, you wodld hear the opportunists going out there and jumping on their little bandwagons, telling the public that 50 and sa is advocating independence for this country. Because any time the wonds 'any advancement in Constitution is mentioned, it is invariably associated with independence, that is the mentality of some of the people we have to deal with. Mr. fresident, fortunately the people of this country are not blind, and they realise and know the problems that Members such as myself have. They know Mr. Fresident that we would certainly be doing more if we had the authority and power to do it. Mr. President, they are aware of the situation that we ate bounded by under our constitution.

Mr.President, 1 trust gipr
that something will be done on Private Member's Motion No. 10/8b. trust sir, that the Member from West Eay will not only find the bitterness to reply, in his reply to what i have said about tim and his Portfolior but will take seriously what i have sald about the social conditions in this country, I do not aind gettitag a bit of pounding from him, because i have received it befsrer but mit. fresident, it would be futile if the only parpose of tis reply to wat I have said, is to eantuadict what inaw saidr and not to stady
serlously the suggestions made. Mr. Fresident, i will ease him tup for a bit now, and move on to the General Reserves of the country.

At the $15 t$ Jandary, 1780 the General Reserves stood zt $\$ 6.2$ million. However, when the braught forward deficit of $\$ 1.1$ million was takenr we had a net sumplus position on the Genaral Reserve of $\$$. 1 million. The Government tow, and wisely sor proposes to transfer $\$ 2.0$ million to peserves which Will give the total balance at 315 t December, 1987 at $\$ 7.1$ million. Mr. President. I trust that this position will significamtiy inprove during 1987, befatse we have heard in this House what a glorious year we are going to have. We have heard that 1987 athd 1988 are going to be glortous years, and I am happy about this, because the cayman Islands should continue to be the number one tourist destination in the world. Mr. Fresidentr while it is hoped and anticipated that we will have good yoars this year, and perhaps hest, I trust that the Honourable first official Member in his pradente, will continuer 1 say continue, because he is already doing it: will continue to put money astide for a rainy day. I think he is doing a wonderful job Mr. Fresident. He has got a lot of odds, and he hows that i am the first ts criticize anything i see, I have done this during the detate, but i hope it was all constructiver but he is building upa fine department, even though I still have some major questions on his tomputer
Department. Mr. President, it is good to see that gur reserves, our surplus, we are operating still under a surplus budget, unlike many of the Caribbean Islands and the islands further nortitr we do not operate under a deficit budget, even though as 1 poitited out yesterday, itt attual terms of presentation, the 1987 Budget was a deficit budget, it was cleaped up by transferming certain surpluy funds from the year before thus leaving a $\$ 72,000$ surplus at the end of December 1987 . Mr . President, this is a good situation. Eut I hope Mr. President, that no Members of Executive Council will fall back on their laurels and feel that nothing more needs to be done, because I would stress again in this House that this prosperity has come not because of but inspite of the lack of, proper economic and fiscal guidelines for the cayman Islands. We are just now introdacing an Economic Development Plan. We have heard Members in this House Mr. Fresident, boast that over the past years they were responsible for the financial, fiscal, economic development of the Cayman Islands. Mr. Fresident, itm still waiting to see their fiscal and economit poiicies which resdled in their success. The truth of the matter is that we were at the right place at the right time in history. When a number of tourists and investors were pouring into the Eahamas, the independence of that country had the effect of transferring a lot of businesi to the gayifan Isiands. The same was true Mr. Presidentr with the situation in Cuba. And Mr. Fresidentr a similar situation existed ifl damaita. Mr. President, the fact of the fatter fis, that we ware wise etrogh to not rock the boat, even though we were not farsighted enough to provide the proper fiscal and economit policies. We were good pepple; Caymanians are good people this is why so many people walk all over thett. Eut Mr. Fresident, that was the answer tos our prosperity, which started back in the early 70's. I am happy with this situation, but I would have hoped that more would have been provited for the less fortunate people in this country, under this Eudget. I see that the Civil Service is providing a five percent increase in salaryes actoss the board, wth no consideration for the poorer people in this country, their housing conditions, theif living conditions, the fact that they are living below subsistence level; and that Mr. Fresidents is also the direct responsibility of the Honourable first Eletted Member responsible for Health, Education and Social Services. Mr. Fresident, I would like to see the aekt Budget that comes to this House, providing thore for these people. Mr. Fresident I now move to the Prison Department.

Mr. President, this is another
example of Parkinson's taw in attion. Members of this Honourable House will time and time again hear me make reference to parkinson's Law: the theory where, when a viditis createdr it will inevitably be filled, and this Mr. frestdent, is tome about our frisonn we continut Mr. Fresident. in a retrograde stepr we continue to buidd bigger and bigger cells at Northward Frison at the sane tiae providing saller and smaller comparatively speaking, smaller and smaller povisions fot our Social Services. where we should be trying to prevent the people of the Cayman Islands being sentenced to Prison we are only providing for thair comfort and their arcommodation once they get thefe. Mr. Presidenter the Prison at Northward is somethithg similar to what we have with the Tower Euilding. Before the Thwef Esilding was purchased, Govermment could adequstely house theit bivil eprants in
the accommodation then avalabler but since the Tower Euilding hat been bailt it is my understanding that Government may soon be looking for more space. We are now at 1,400 and odd Givil Servants employed with Government, which cost this country 58 percent of its recurrent budget, some $\$ 32.5$ million but of $\$ 55.0$ millisn recurrent expendituren Mr. Fresident, going back to the Prisom. it seems that the population of the frison jumps by leaps and bounds. Mr. Fresident, submit today that one of the greatest needs that this country has, and in particular, the prison, is a fully aquipped, fully staffed rehabilitation centre. This is needed Mr. President, in order that the prison inmates can be properly returned, and accepted into society. We have a lot of prisoners coming back into society, and as soon as it is heard that they have a prison record, backs are turned and they are given no attention. They then find themselves having to ask for handouts; a lot of men and women that would otherwise have wished to work. Mr. President, these are the areas that we need to be addressing, and this is the reason Mr. Fresident, why l belleve in preventative measures. This is the reason Mr. Fresident, why 1 took the time to bring Private Member"s Motion No. 10/8t to this House. This is the reason Mr. President, why last year i also brought a motion to this House for a Youth and Commuity centre. Yet, Mr. President, it seems to be like water falling on a ducks back. Yesterday I mentioned in this House, the need for Government to do more in agreeing a resiprocal arrangement for prisoners to be retarned from Jamaica to Grand Gayman. We have a case pight now of Robert Rafney McField, who has been in prison in damaica for a number of years, and yet, while 1 know that the Governor and other officials have written to the Jamaican Government on this matter, feel that more could be done if a high-level Govermment Delegation went to Jamaica, and dealt with this matter on a Government to Government level. If you cannot get any action through the Minister for Justice and National Securityr then perhaps we should try the Frime Minister himself. But Mr. President, under out present arrangement, prisonars. Jamatean nationals who are imprisoned in the Cayman Islands can be sent back to Jamaica. Why is the reverse not the same? it is the responsibility Mr. President of our Government, to have something done, and I submit that if Robert Rafney Mcfield had had a different. surname, that more would have been doner but it is just because of who he is and where he comes from. Every time m meet his mother, Mrs. Mavis Morris. it makes me feel very sad; this lady spends almost all her money going to damaica to visit her son. Yet we have people salugly gitting by saying that they are doing all they can do. I heard a Member saying yesterday that a delegation to damaica would be a waste of time. $I$ bet you if it hat been his cousin, or a member of his family, it would not be a waste of time. He would find time to go, and he would support a delegation to Jamaica. This is perhaps jhe of the reasons toor why the civic Centre was not suppopted, and the Youth and community centre, because ft would cater only to a tertain level of the society. Mr. Presitant. I believe that the fissue regarding prisoners in damaica is ga important that you Sir, br maybe the Honourable first offitial Member and the Honourable Second Official Member, of the Honourable Third official Member should take a trip to damaica. I for oner would be very willing togor because I belleve I may have a little better contact with some pf the Ministers in Janaica, than most. For oner I went to school with mer Pernell Charles, and whenever i go to Jamaica i visit him, and felleve that he is quite influential in the damaican Government, and 1 also believe that he is a man who would try to help the caymat Islands. I ation saying that because of wy friendship that he will do it, but at leasto we can try a little harder. I do not think that we are ekerting enough pressure. It is like the Motion yesterday in this Howse Mr. President, concerning the repateriation of Gaymanian Cubans. That Motion was defeated, and that was a backward step in this country. I have the greatest respect for the Member of the Government bench who replied to this Motion, he knows this. But then I also understand that he has to operate under the collective responsibility of Exerutive Council, he like any other Aember. I know this. Eut Mr. Presidant, this was a backwart gtep, betause I cannot gee why it was so difficult for Government to support a Motion that would have the effect of bringing back Gaymanian descendants who afe desirous of leaving cuba, If this is now being done according to the feply we received, why would it have been so difficult to say to the Merdeer who moved the Motion. rwe feel that this is perhaps redundantr we feel that this Motion was perhaps unnecessary, but in view of the fact that we are now dofng this, we have no reason not to suppott it'.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I think 1 will intereupt the Member now, $f f$ I may, partly 50 that we can take cur customary morning break, but partly to stap him before he talks too long, debating agatir what we debated yesterday. I should hot wish to have to stop him for doing so, but 1 do hape he will assist me by not continting the....

| MR. LINFORD A. P |
| :---: |
| did not debate this in my Eudget De |

MR. PRESIDENT:
$\mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{NO}$

MR: LINFORD A. PIERSON: being raza.
. . . .this when the Motion was

MR. PFESIDENT:
That is quiteright. It prabatly was not yesteriday.....no was in your Budget Debate, 1 said did do, and I da not think really it was yesterday, 1 did mot say it we debated it yesterday and that we it should be detated agaim now.

So, 1 will suspend proceedings
for approximately twenty minutes.

AT 11:10 AnM. THE HDUSE SUSFENDED
HOUSE FESUMED AT 11:41 A.M.

MR. PRESIDENT:

Please be seated.
Contimuation of the serond
Reading Debate on tin Appropriation Eill. The Second Etected Membur for George Toun.

MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON:
Mr. Fresident, when we took the break I was dealing with the Frison Department. $\quad$ w wish to say here, that a lot of commendation ard congratulations would be in order to
 they are doing under the conditjors that they have to work with, It is nat am easy job Mr. President. but I know they have been trying theith best. Unlike many of our Members herey I ab pernaps called to visit the fristom more often than mamy, maimly also because of my position as a Justice of the Peace. Mr. Fresident, I Ean assure you that much heeds to te done, but that the Nanagement of the prisan is trying its best to keep things tayether.

Mr, Presjeftr, I wish to teruch
an the Howsing Development comparatian. it is moted Siry thet at the
 million. The total assets and liabilities af the Housing comparatian
 Prestofent, it is moted that only a smali pent of the futas was

 Honcurable Financial Secretary has tolo us that there are still several applitations in the pipeline. Mr. president, i hope that much more will be done through the Houstig Development compormetorito help the people in this country. In the absente of aproperly established Building Soriety, such a facility is badly meeded by the peaple of thfs country, and $I$ betieve Gima that that department of Goverminent while they are trying their best. I fét that more should be done. I have been told ty äplicafte thet the application fés which ie roft refundatle $\mathbf{j} 5 \mathrm{somethlmg}$ like $\$ 200.00$, that many of them have applisd for assistance from the Housing Development Corporation without ary success and that thein deposit fee of $\$ 200.00$ has not been refunded. Mr. President: 7 regard this as not fight. I feel that while it is torue to say that a few for procecssing an application should be chargea, I telieve that because of the financial pocitian of the people, don the majority of the peaple seeking ajd through the Heusimg Development Comporatian, they are not in a position to afford togive away $\$ 200.00$. 3 feel that the pretesting fee stodald be less. perfaps $\$ 25.00$ at the most, and ff they are successful, then mayber arrargemerts could be made to charge them more. $\quad$ would ask the



I man ascur, Fresident,
pleased te see that the draft gut lajng code which has been prepared by an advisor from the Unitad Kingoom, working in comsultaticn with the Building Code Committef here, has now been editad, returned to the Cemplthee and will soon be in operation iry the caymen islafos. I
would have thought though Mr. Fresitemt, that someohe more intimately knowledgeable of the situation that exists in the tropical countries, where we have different natural disastere, shch as furficanes, flooding, etcetera, would have been in consaltation with the advisor from the United Kingdom. This is the reason why whet I was Chaimman of the Central flanning Authority, it was felt that such an adiver should be braught from an area where he was well versed with the canditions that extsted within the caymen lislands. And this is why also Mr. President, we have in the past, wsed the SGuin florida Building Code as a guide to buibding in the Cayman ysiande. It is interesting, and I an happy to see that a chief Euiloimg code officer is being recruited, but here again mr. President, I hope thet the Member responsible for this subject will take not of the avallatle talent within his department, and send somebody off to train for such a position. We see more and more people mecruited from abraad, and in a developing country such as ours, this is necessery, but Mr. president, I wish to set mare and more of our people taken up the ladder in positions in the cayman Islands. It is not enough mir, to tell this House that 70 percent or fore ef the pecple warking in the banking industry in the Gayman islands are Caymanians. I would like to see more and mome Caytanjan Bank Managers in the Caymary Islands. would like to see more and more Caymanians in Chief Executive positions. Mr. President, I for one, because of my past tonnection with the Planning Department, know the netessity for a Building Code. and I an happy to see that this matter is finally beirg brought ta fruition, and will certainly Mr. Frestatit, amydousty awat the introdutton of the draft Euflding code in this House.

On the question Nr. Ffesident, of the Tumtle Farm, I maticed that the Honourable first offictal Member, the Honcurable Financial Secretary mentiaried in his Eudget Address that the Cayman Turtle farm continues to write histary. I da not know whether this was mearit to be a positive or negative statement, but I will leave this sutject to my Honourable calleague from East End, since he is much more versed in the operations of the Turtle Ferm than I am. The Honourable First official Member went om to say that a major achievement in 1986 was the hatehing of the world's most endangered sea turtle. But I would like ta have heard gomething about the progress teing made with CITIES. I would have liked ta have heard whether the United States has give an indication as to when we tan hope to see the ban lifted on these endangered species. I would like to know when the people of the west bay district and other areas can expect ta have their jobs back. Mr. President, unless we have something concrete to tell the people of the Cayman Iglands on the Turtie farmy feel that we should leave this subject alone. Mr. President, I would like to know wher something more will be dome about the Turtle Farm negotiations.

Mr. President, 1 watd like to touch now an the Fire Department. Eefore dealing with this subject, I wish to offer my very sincere congratulations to the chief fire Officer, Mr. Kirkland Nixon, for the wanderful job he is doing as head of that department, and indeed, I wish to extend my congratulations to the menbers of his staff. If every department of Government was as well run as the Fife Department, Mr, president, we could easily justify any incmeases in persemnel in the Government service. I am
 properly equipped Fire Station near Gwen Roberts Aifport. find also Sir, that a fire Station will be placed between West Eay and Seven mile Beach. This is most appropriate Mr. Presidert. I waid heve thought that it wald have been further along towards Gearge Town tut 3 can understand that there may have been reasans why it was found necessary to place the Fire Station might in West Bay when it is experted to gervice also the Seven Mile area. But, Mr. Fresident. I am not opposing this, this is a part of politics, and mayber in a smilar situation, I may have done the same, 1 am happy to see this. But Mr. President, $f$ could not let this opportunity pass without extending my sincere congratulations to the head of this department. Mr. President, I was very pleased to see the Report of the Select Commitee on the Elections Law. While I would not accept this as something that I heve wons af something that 1 was successful in. 1 am happy that 1 wes a part of the debate on this subject, and I am happy that the areas of the amendment which I opposed, were upheid by the select comititee. I an therefore happy Mr. Fpesident, that far a while we will not see the ugly heads of single member constituencies being braght to this Holise by any Member. regardless of the motives behindit. 1 will het call any names af Members fivalved in thes, but jf the Membern starts

speaking, 1 will have to let the public know who he is.
Mr. President, I have said in this House that 1 am happy that we have a very well fun Eroedcasting Station. Mr. President, white I supported a Motion brought to this House, I think by the Member frof North Side, that the Eroadcasting Station should be more privately run, perhaps as a corporation, Iam nonetheless happy to see the progress which it has made as a Government department. I am convinced, and ifeel that mare progress could be made if this was in private harids, or at least as a Comporation. As a Government Broadcasting Station, it is my feeling Mr. President, that there is too much interference by the Executive Council in matters broadcasted. I remember a situation where we had an interview with the Director af Broadcasting, and we were tald ty him that he saw no reason why the mater could not be broadiast, but: think he implied that the matter was not left with hith. We waited and waited, but there was na sound of the information we gave to the radio. I am sure Mr. President, that the Second Elected Member for West Bay, the Member for East End and the two Members for Eodden Town will bare me out on this statement, because they were present wher we gave the information to the Broadcasting Station. What we have here Mr. President, or what we would appear to have is a gituation where the Broadcasting Station is controlled by Government. This is not a very wholesome situation. The Broadcasting Station should be left to act as independently as it sees fit, and not to be gaided by the whims and fancies of any Gavernment Menber. It is also geod to see that the department is now producing sothe 160 hours, including a separate FM service at prime time, and it is noted that it is resolved to upgrade the skills of Caymanians for the profession, and provide the best broadcasting service possiblés I like to hear that, becanse 1 do hot feel that the cayman islands is second to any country. We have some of the most progressive people in this country. We do not take a second place position to anybody, and this is one point which 1 am sure the Member for North side would agree on. When it comes ta seamanshlp and other areas, we have had some of the best people with minlmum education, but with goed common sense, that have extelled. Mr. Fresident, I am happy for the people at Radio Cayman, but I feel that it weuld be much better if this station had more autanamy, and that there was less guidance froti any Governinent Member. I think guidance might be a better word than interference. But Mr. Fresidert, I have noticed during the sitting of this House, the Budget Debate. that very little has been satu by the Caymanian Compass about arything that any of us here on thts side of the House, that is, what we four memters here have had to say. I brought ten questions, and perhaps, ten thmes the supplementaries on very impartant issues in this country, but 1 an yet to see them properly dealt with in the caymanian compass.

## HON. BENGDN O. EBANKS:

Fapers only mepart news.
MR. LINFDRD A. PIERSON: ....But I notice that everything that the Govermment bench has said, including the Member for West bay who is trying to irtermupt me, they get front paye coverage an it, with his picture on it, and I wonder Mr. Fresident, Whether we have a gne-sfded type of journalisth inf favour of the Government. I wonder whether they have been thfeetentd net to te toe soft an their opposition: ar labor ir there could be some ather constamation, as regards status or atherwise. f aff hut afraid ta say thts Mr. Fresident, Deceuse it does not matter to me whether bhe Caymanian compass wants to show ine in a goad light or not. I will ger my paints arrass to my people, but f feel that as the anly putiliation in this courtry, they shauld be very tinthased and impartial in their journalista. I see everything that is sata ty the Government berach and their supportert being printed, and this is not might. This is why I feel Mr. President, that the day should te quacker pather trafr later, when we have another paper in this country, and I will try my best to see that this happens, if some changes are not made ir the editorials and in the jourmalisth, in repartitig the actions of thos House. Mr. prestdent, $I$ de nat mind the campass laning ane way ar the other, I have no shares in it, this is their business, but ifeet thet when the business of the Legislature of the cammin Islands is teing reported an, that it should be fair and impartial. you motice whem substantive cantributions are made here by members from this side, it is takem an a back page, and you find that insubstantive contritutions. they take the front page if they are made by other Menbers. cail my
contribution on this what ever you watt, this is the truth, and I ath prepared to support this at any level. I am not going to the compasis
to beg them and beseerh them to print anything i say in here. It is their daty to publish an impartial report on the workings of this House, or publish nothing at all. It is the cinly paper in the country, and if they are rot going to putlish the full proceedings of this House, or give a fair representatian of what happens in this House, then they should not publish anything at all.

Mr. Frestatent, I now meve to
the Immiguation Department. Mr. President, there is much improvement needed in that deparment. There seen to be a lot of actions taken that are not strictly in accordance with the writien laws before us, a lot of discretionary powers, and laill explain what mean. I kfow of a tase Mr. President, where an expatriate, resident in this country, had aminor infraction of the jomigration Law. The matter has not yet been settled, but it is not before the court, se 1 do not think it is sub judice.

MR. PRESIDENT:
You say it is not before the

## MR. LIMFORD A. FIERSON:

No sir.
Eut, that individual, betause she was atcused wrongfully of working without apermit, a misunderstanding, that lady was told by her employer that her temporary permit had been agreed to, and this is the reaton why she wamed, why she was picked up. She explained her position, she wat taken to court and she paid her fee. But now she is put in a little black book by same Immignation officers that state that ghe cannot come back to the Cayman Islands for six monthe to a yeara I have looked throughout the Caymanian Protection Law, and other relevant legislation, ? have checked on the policies issued throwgh Executive Council, tut 1 cannet see ary author tites to sutstantiate that acticn. But is it because that lady happens to be a frierd of am expatriate gentledan, now going through a divorce? Mr. President, there are too many discretionary powers in this country. I would like to seé even the Immigration Department romply with the laws of this country. It is nat right, the person was not deported, the person was not told by the Judge that she could not come bagk to this country. Yet, some Immigration officer takes it on himself to refuse eritry into this Island, without anything else against that lady. Yet you find that this is inconsistent, the practice is inconsistent, others paving similar problems were allowed in tefore. When 1 questioned this 1 was told that it depended on the circumstances. My reply was rifeel it depends on the individuals'y because Mr. President, if they happert to De damalcans, they are given a very, very fough time fn this country, and Mr. Fresident this is a shate, tecause this coumtrya and some of the most wealthy peaple fn this country, obtaimed theif wealti throwgh Jamica; obtalned their weal th through the labour of Jamaimens. I am nat suggesting that there are nat same bad damaicans coming here, bat there are good and bad the world geve. We have some bad Gaymanians too; there are bad Americans; there are good and bad wherever you go. Mr. Fresident, the Immigration and the Caymanian frotection Board has taken a very negat ive attitude todards damateans coming here. people are put back on the plane before they are even asked what their visit is about, is this pight? I have facts on that, I never make a statement to here without the facts. You look at gotebody, he is mot dressed ap the way he shutad be, he looks like a higgler and he is put back on the plane, that is not might mr. Presidert. You see samebody whth their haif long and in plaits, and right away fit is coreluded that he 15 a Rastafariany regardiess of whether he is a musicians as that is the in thatg to do. Yet Mr. President, if they comefram the United kingdom or America, with a different type of textare of hatr= they can wear it down to thefr heels, and they are mot put back an a plane. You can have all kinds of hippies coming in here, je this right? Mr. President, this is mot pight, and 1 feel that this mather should be given very urgent, urgent attentian. Mr. President, i hope that the Member responsible far this subject will indeed reply to what I am saying, because t belfeve that a lat of the damaicans in this country would feel relieved if they knew the attitude of the Protection Board and Immigration Department towards them. It is interesting also Mr. President, to see the number of jamaicurs that thase deys recetve any status in this country.

I have known of a person who
have spert up ta fiftern years, i femember before our Honchmatie First Official Member of council. the chief secretary left here, this matter came up ifi a question, and te ashedme to produce the persom, and I

for status, yet he has filled all the qualffitations for status. He has a very big home, he has property, he liyes a goad life, he goes to Church every sumday, there are mo infractions aganst the man, he has lived an exemplafy life in this coumtry. But yet you find some pther nationallties come here and barely satisfy the minimum requirememts: and they get status. It will be interesting to see who receives status this year and whe are refused. What kind of Government are we developing in this country, what are we trying to do in the Cayman Islands? Are we trying to maintain the sort of unity that we should in the Cayman Islands, where are we headed Mr. President?

Mr. President, 1 move to the Legal Department, 1 wish the Honourable Second official Member was present, because he would be happy ta hear that I have good prajses for the department; he would be relleved to hear that in view of my last detate fhenis Honse. Mr. President, it was good to see that there are presently four Caymanjan lawyers qualified overseas, in the Government iegal servite with one more due to joify ifithe new year. I offer my congratulations to them. particulamly to the daughter of our Honourable Second Elected Member of Executive Councit. I know that she has worked hard, and whether some of the Members want to say that this is politics or not, I think her father knows that from the time she first went to England, i have enquimed about fer progress. I think the first time she went ta England 1 was coning backs and she mentioned to me haw cold it was, and I pemember even affering her one of 略 scarves, I think she probably still has it. Mr. President, this is very heartening to see more and more of our Caymanians qualifying: this is what I want to see in the Cayman Islands. I am very happy When 1 see my people building beattiful homes, I see them drivirg brand new cars, I see them walking arcund with their heads in the ajr. Why nat? If the country is prospering: then they should join hands and participate in a share of that. Mr. President, 1 am alsa very pleased to see the pragress of the Legal School. I am also pleased Mr. President, that a University in the Unfted kingotan, the Liverpool University, has seen fit to offer the graduetes of that sthoul the Ll. B . degree. Eut Mr. President, this was mat handed out or a platter. Thase students have ta complete within the five years. If they carry their studies beyond that, it is my winderstanding, that they will not receive that llab. degree. And. mr. President, further: it is knawn that theifetudy is the equivelemt to that meteived in the United kirgodom because the enaminations are prepared in the United Kingdom. Mr. President, I trust that when these studerts come out, they will not be made second class citizens within any af the legal firms, or within Government, fut that they will be treated with the respect thefr qualification deserves. Mr. Fresident. I beljeve that the Honcurable Member at the time, I think it was Mr. Truman Bodden, Was responsible for establishing the Law School, but am happy that the present Member whe is now salifiting some praise for hinself: has in his wisdom, continued what was established by the Member befare him. This is one area 1 am happy he did mot tear down. But Mr. President, I do believe....

HON. BENSEN D. EBANKS:
(INTERRUFTION)
MR. LINFORD $A$ : PIERSDM:
...that he added the University of Liverpool qualification, he was respensitiefor that, and i give credit where credit is due, he knows this. Of course, 1 will criticise what 1 see is wrong, but l hape that every Member will accept this as constructive criticism. I de mot peed to get up in this House and speak far the sate of speaking. I beljeve that the criticism that $I$ bake in this House wculd be regarded by any intelligert persom, as constructive.

Mr. President, it was alsa geod to see within the Education Department that the Womshop, the Sunrise Centre, has beat completed amd apened, and I give the Metherr eredit far thos. 1 notice that hemade 5 ure that everytody hatw that he was responsible for it, because again, the Caymanian compase pade sure
 that the Second Elected Member and perheps the Third Elected Member far West Bay, ame also doing their part in their small way. I know that the Secord Eletted Member for one $\bar{f}$ developing a Youth club down there, and he has my full support, as any Member who would try te do something for the youth of this country. This is where 1 am coming from arm. Fresident; the youth of todiay will be the men and women of tamarrow, they will be the leaders. This is why the Member will recall, the Menter for Eductaton Hewlthand Social Servites, my chiticism as to the lack of profer technital and vorational schoolg om

these Islands.
Mr. President, it is good to
see that the sports complex is already demorstretims that it is a great step forwart, and I belleve that it was a wise decision when Mr. Winston Skinner was brought back to this islard. he is e gertleman with a lot of knowledge and experiente, and a very personatleman. Mr. President, 1 know that $\mathrm{Mr}^{\text {. }}$. Skinner will develop 5 ports throughout the Island, but it would helphim a lot Mr. Fresitent, if facilities such as the Youth and Communfty Centre, were established I the cayman Islands, tecause he could go into these centres and he could work with the youth. He has visited many areas, I think most districts in the Cayman islands, trying ta harness and develop the sporting capabilfties and talents of the people in those areas. Mr. President, I trust that more and more wlll de done to try and help this gentleman in his endeavours to develop sporting activities, arid related activities in this country.

## Mr. President, on the question

of Health. I an happy to see that at long last there is a 24 -hour service from the dattors in that department, and t believe that congratulations would be in order to the Member for North side, for pushing for this issue. I hape Mr. Fresident, that the good service that we expect, will contimue at the Hospital. But one of the area that continues to concern me Mr. President, is that the number of people owing the Hospital, keeps growing, everi though we have suggested ways and means, mat only through the fublic Accuants Committee, but atherwise, to deal with that protem. Mr. President, with the only Hospital in this country, it is inevitable that there will be people going tur that Hospital who tannot pay. This is the feason why a means test should be carried eut at the source, and these people should not later be mounded to death, because if a means test was carpied out initially, then there wald be no need te threaten these people with law suftes, when it is well known that they cannot afford to pay. But I feel that those who can afford to pay should pay. Mr. President, we need to use our social conscience when dealing with matters such as these. Mr. Prestofent it is not good 5 ign when we see the psychiatmic services expanding iry any country, one wonders whether this comes as a result of the pressures the people have to bear, and I trust siry that mome attention will be given to this matter. J was talking to a well known psychiatrist, Dr.Frank knight. who sometime back spoke at the Rotary club, and hementioned to me that he is alsa concerned with the situation, even though he would not call it serious, but he feels that proper facilities should be established in the Cayman Islands. Once upor a time we ased to put our people with mental problems in strong rooms at the Hotgital, with very little rehabilitation far these people. Mr. Fresident, I hat hoped that more would be done. I hope that ane day someore in the position of Dr. Frank Knight, will be orought to Cayman in a more permanent positions to establish a proper systeln. I am happy also Mr. pretident that the alcoholit programatis working in the cayman Istands. As I have safd in this House, this is one of the mast dangerous drugs that is facing our society today. I belleve that statistics show that more and more people are dying from this drug: and from the harmful affects of this orug. This is why Mr. Prestderit, I was very pleased to support the Private Members's Motion brought by the Thind Elected Member for Hest Ray. We meed te mid this coumtry of alcohol, we need to pid this country of straking afid all these bad habits. If you want to know the dangers of smoking, speak to the Homourable Third Elected Member of Executive Coumeti, I have heard him speak in this House, amd he will tell you that after he gave it up, how much better he felt.

Mr. President, in canclasion, I will be on time sir, 1 think 1 have five minltes left.

MR. PRESIDENT:
You have got a little more if
you want it.
MR. LINFORD A. PIERSON:
Exactly how much Gir?
MR. PRESIDENT:
I think about 12, 13 mimutes,
something like that.
MR. LINFGRD A, PIEREON:

12. 23. I will not use it all

I wish to make romment on what


countrles has met with some hard times, there is ma question about this, and it is known that we are directly affected, especially by any slowdown in the economy of the United States. As the Homulrable first
 be of concermy not only to economists, tat to fitanciers alite. This is why Mr. President, I feel that more and more thought should be given to expanding and diversifying the Cayman Islands, economy, This Is why 1 weltome the post for a trade gfficer. This is why int. President, I welcome any promotions which can be made or allocated to promote the Cayman Islands. As I sait here yestarday, I see mare and more interest from a tourssm polnt of view. But mi. President, we will have to give value for money, here is no question about that. There are other toumist destinations, that are competing beavtiy fop the dollar. When you comsider the cayman islands, other than the sand, sea and the sun, there is nat much elses extept for the friendithess of the people. I would wish ta see the Honourable second Elected Member of Executive Councti push for more funds to beatify this country, to bulld parks and areas where people could wakk, where the tourists could go and visit; perhaps the property behind the public litrary should be used as a park, and big shady trees planted in there, and with benches where people could go and sit and enjoy the town, with flowers planted all over the plare. This might sound somewhat as a joke to some people, but we have te take an ifterest in our country. I have done a lot of travelling and in every country 1 have travelled to, those countries make a big point in beantifying their country. Dhe of the most beautiful cities l have been to recently is Vancouver, and what makes that city stand out frod many others that I have seen, is the cleanliness and the beataty and the care that the people take in the city. You go to lendon, you go to Kew Garders and you go to other areas you see the pride that people take in their city, and this was one af the reasons that caused me to plant the ollanders, the Hibiscus and other trees around the airport when the Gueen was visiting here. There were aver 500 of those plants pat down there, and also Mr. President, the two fslands in town, the one by the Post office and the ane by the Elizabethan square were planted by myelf and other members of the committee, including the wife of the Govermor, Mrs. Llayd. Eut what the Geivernmeme does not. know at this stage, is that the comittee, even though redured to jast a few peaple, still find the money ta keep those islands in arder. I would hope that the Honourable Second Elected Member would contribute some money towards this, becatse we need to keep cur island looking beatiful. We cannot do tog mush, we have na hills, we have mo waterfalls, we have no rivers. We do not have a lot of the matural beauties of many of the other countmies, but what we have in the Cayman Iflands is the beauty of the people, and we do not want to see this changed, this is what so many pecple say to we. I was so happy to hear a big businessman wha arrived on the islamd recentiy, hemade a remark about Cayman Afrways and he satd that some af the best in-flight service that he had ever had was on that flane of course he made some derogatory remarks abowt some that are comsidering coming here, but 1 will mat mention that. Mr President, we cannot do tag much to try and develop this country, the beauty of this country, the scenic affects of this country. The Menber for North Side told me that there is an area in North Side that they are trying to develop as a toumist attraction. I believe that Governtamt should allacate funds to that praject and other similar projects, so that there would be areas for the tourists to visit. We are fortumate Mr. Fresident, that the cayman Islands are experiencing a mild recovery, and I say amild recovery.

I showid also add Mr.
President, that while this is not directly of our making, that we should make the best of it. We should put astae fram this impending booms funds far a matiy day. Mr, Prestadent, we seem to survive, ifspite of the latk of eny econemp plans. as I have said. Let us mot fool aurselves mr. Prestoent. some of the upsurge in tourjsm, for aramplay is mot also of oummating, but is due in a major way, to the unsettled palitifeal and exeramit eituation which exists naw in other countrites, guch as in the Modde East areas, where there is a lot of vialence. Hr. President, it would behove us as Members af this Mase, and in particular the Executive Cancit, ta show gacd prudemee and stewardship during this mild mecovery. It waid behove us Mr. Fresident, ta capitalise on this bocins and that we put aside somethimp for a rainy day. Mr. President, I bnow that Govermment has ahead of it, a faymy big task, I know that provision of $\$ 14.0$ milijon has been made in the Budget, but I also mealise that if this is mot wisely spentr we would have done nathing for aur people.

In closing Mr. President, I
would again, invite the Menbers of Executive Council and ather Members of this House to take some tine off, visit their constituents, get acquainted with their conditions. Some of them, yes, mey te lazy, tut all of them are not. Some of them are victims of circumstarices, they are victims of their envirommental conditions, they are victims of their surpoundings, and it is difficult for them to pull themselves away. Mr. President, with thase observations, I suppart the Appがapmiation (1987) Bill, 1986.

Tham you sin.

MR. FRESIDENT:
1 think mast Members will be aware, that my understanding was, that a majority yesterday felt it, would be appropriate and desirable to adjourn ppoceedings at lunthtime today until monday morming. I know there were differing yiewt expressed, but 1 shall invite the Honourable first official Member to move the adjournment, as my understanding is that that was what most Members preferred.

## ADJQURNMENT

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President. I move the adjournment of this House until ten 2 clock on Monday morning, 24 th November.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The quastion is that this House do mow adjourn until $10.00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on Marday morning.

## QUESTION PROPQSED: DEEATE ENSUED:

MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH: Mr. Fresidentr I crave to gpeak on this Motian before the House, and I believe I am right, I can.
MR. FRESIDENT: I think you are ptobably
entitied to argue that we should not adjourn, as proposed.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Do not anticipate my debate
now, Sir.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

MR. H. MCKEEVA BUSH: debate now.

1 am sarry?
I said, do not anticipate my

MR. FRESIDENT:
Well, all I meant was that you
had not given me an Adjournment Debaten Any sort of ather matter may be raised...
$\frac{\text { MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: }}{\text { to deal with Sir. yes. }}$
That is the matter 1 an going

MR. PRESIDENT:
....if I have beefigiven
notice, but I do not think you are intending to do that.
MR. W. MEHEEVA EUSH: Mr, Fresidentr I know I am talking with futility here, but 1 am gaing to abject to thas adjourmant on the basis that, far the parpose for which we are adjouming, we have titie, we carmake our own time to talk to these Commssioners. We have yet, the whole of the government bench and three ather Members from this side to speak. We have Eills tofinish, we have Finance Cammitee ta go inta. I do mot think that we should adjourn and waste a half a day to tilk te these Commssioners. The people will be compog back, and Members can ga acrass ta talk tor them as they seef fit. I think that we are really doing the wrong thing here in adjourning for the rest of the day. The thembers as I understand $3 t$, are coming back, and those that want to go and talk to them can ga. When I come to this Assembly i have my time set. I do not see why we have to adjourn to go and tell them about our comstitution for the Turks and Caicas Islands. The Tumb and Cajcos Islands do not want our Constitution anyway, I really do not understand that part of it. Rut I think that we are really doing the whong thing here tecause we have tog much businest left te do, patier than to waste half of the dey. I mean. let us put ars curm thinuing cup here, we are going to be here another two weeks by the looks of it. I camot say any mare siry but a object strenuously to this tremendeus waste of time.

Thank you.
I am sure the Member knows that
I was simply anxious to give the majority an opportunity.... I am sorry I will let you speak. A majority to do as a fajority wishedt and we shall vote on the matter in a moment.

The Second Elected Member for
Bodden Town.
MR. H. HAIG BQDDEN:
Mr. President, 1 would like to support the Second Elected Member for west Eay. I tag. cannot see why we should adjourn when there is 50 much wark to be dome, and $I$ cannot see why we should adjourn to meet with the constitutronal Commisstoners. because they probably ate the same people who wrote our Constitution, and cauld tell us more about it than we can teli them. We have not been, in uy opirion, properly briefed or the purpose of their visit, and 1 attach no importance to it at this time. Sor I feel that the business of the House should contimue as usual this
afternoonx so that. We may be getting nearer to the end of the buginess by Friday of next week, and I certainly will vote against the Motion to suspend the House until Monday morning, if that is made.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Elected Member fur North
5tde.
MR. D. EZZARD MELLER: Mr. Fresident, likewise, I
Cannot support the Motion to adjoumn until Manday. If the
Constitutional committee is in the tuilding, they are in the committee Foom as I understand it. I see mo feason why the gudget Debate cannot continue this afternoon, and we all leave te go outside to drimb coffek, to drink fepsi, ta smoke cigarettes, ar go and do our banking business, or go to the thop or whatever we watit to do and cone back. So I see no reason why the business of the House camot continue, and we can 5 till talk ta the Members of the Constitutional commotee. I an not going to support the Motion 5in..

MR. PRESIDENT:
If no other Member wishes to
speak. I will put the question.
QUESTIUN PUT: AYES AND NDES
MR. D. EZZARD MILLERA May we have a divisiont
MR. FRESHDENT: I think fhe Ayes have it but I
would be very happy to have a division.
$\frac{\text { DU1310N }}{N 0.37 / 86}$

AYES: 2
Hon. Thomas C. Jefferson Hon. J. Lemuel Hurlston

> NOES: 6
> Mr. W. McKeeva Eush
> Mrs. Daphme L. Orrett
> Mr. Linford A. Fierson
> Mr. James M. Bodden
> Mr. G. Hatg Eodden
> Mr: D. Ezzard Miller

> ABSTEATIONS: 6
> Mr. Eenson O. Ebanks
> Hon. W. Normel Badden
> Hon. Capt. Charles L. Kimatamell
> Han. Vassel G. Johnsam
> Capt. Mabry G. Kirkcarnell
> Mr. Jahn B. McLear

MR. PRESIDENT:
子n trat rase 1 dechare the motion lostr and the consequence is that i will simply in the wata way, suspend proteedings for lunch whtil two fifteen, and it will be up to any Members who wish this afternoon, to sifp out and see the Gomissioners. I will try to explain to them meanwile.

MOTION TD ADJOURN THE HOUSE DEFEATED EY MA JOFITY

HOUSE RESUMED AT 2:25 P.M.

## MR. PRESIDENT:

Please be seated.
Continuation of the 5 econd
Reading Debate on the Appropriation Bill. Does any other Member wish to speak? If no Member rises faikly soon, I shall be obliged to invite the mover to exercise his right of reply if he wishes. Is there any Member who wishes to speak?... 15 seconde more...five...three...twa. In that case, does the Mover wish to exercise his might of reply?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:.

Yes Mr. President.
Mr. Presibent. I thank the Honcurable Members for their kind comments on the Budget Addresss and the delivery. Same said l needed a little bit mare gusto, It could be Mr. President, that after working on a sixty-hour wetk for the past eight to nine weeks, that the gusto just was not there, but I take the point Mr. President. I think it was all dore in jest.

Mr. Fresident, my first budget
Address which was given in November of 1932 was 23 pages lang, and that Budget Address Mr. President. was a thange in style frompreyious Budget Addresses given by the former Financial Secretary: Mr.
Prestont, for the berifit of cur listeners and Homouratle Members, the contents of this Eudget Address, perhaps you would be kind encugh to allow me to read it, starts with am intraduction. The Eocmemy 1782 , and the Financial sectom, broken down among kanding and Trust. Government Savings Eank, Agricultural and Industrial Development Board, Cayman lslands Currercy Board, Compary Registration, Acccunting Fims, Legal Fifms, Insurance, and goes on inte the Tourism Sectar, Construction sector, Agriculture and Fishing Sectar, Transport Sectar and then Goverment sectors.
Mm. President, as we went on
over the years, this Budget Address, the pages of it, intreased from 23 to 46, and I dellberately this vear tried to meduce it. it was difficult Mr. President, but I decided that perhaps sume sections did not meed to be mentioned, bedause in some mespects it would be repetitious. But we are all aware M*. Presidenty and the financial industry on this lsland, the gentlemen who operate in this area realise that the financial sectar and the Financial Secretary are operating hand in hand. There was no slight on my part Mr. President, to drop the Accounting Firms. Ferhaps the Honourable Member should have gone on to say that a a sodid not coment on the constraction Industry, and on cable and wimeless and on Caribbean Utilities, services 50 efficiently perfarmed for the people of these 15 lands , but perhaps he had his reasons why he just thentioned the Accounting firms : But Mr. Fresident, I amfarly confident that the competent Individuals who operate in the finartial industry, and in particular in the Accunting firms. know full well that the Financial setfetary of the day would make no attempt to 5 light them, but i belleve Mr. Frestdent, that fif the Homarable Memter meade his comantits in the Hansand: when he started to talk about Cayman Aimays, and then he went on to say, and I hope I am not misquoting him min Fresident, he went on to say, that you know when you have accourtirg firms and you Pay them the bill, you can get what you want, but that does not refer to Thome Riduel. I wauld think they might aceept thet as a slight.

MF. LIAFDRD A. PIERSON:
Correction Mr. Fresident. I
sald 'Certain Accountants'.
HIN. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Well the Accountants Mt.
President, wort in Accounting firms toc, so I do not know how they will interpret it. 3 am nat saying that that is what he meant, but that is what I heard.

Mr. Fresident, the Honowrable
Member, and 1 am not particularly singling him out in any way, 1 am going from notes which 1 have kept alang the way. We all realise that we are not prepared to wind up the Budget Address, it was left to me to do so infs afterroon, because Members falled to mespond to your pequest. Mr. President, the Member goes on and mekes a ecmment atomb the particular section of the Budget Audress which says that the $\$ 3.3$ millian in surplus, which $5 s$ estimated at the end of December 1980, in the Budget Address, it gaes on to say that this has pesulted mainly from an fincrease in revenue above the estimated, and he asked me to clarify that 1 was talking about the approved Estimater. Mr.
President, rat to be harsh, but it is the only estimated figure that
could be talked about, the appraved Estimates form 1980 . And fra
President the Member went on to quote that the figure, the total figure of revenue collected, as against the revised, the approved figure, was roughly $\$ 67.9$ million, as against a revised figure of $\$ 65.9$ million. And Mr. President, we will find that that redution is because we did not bornaw the of.5 milion on the 669.0 miliian of revenue, but it was revised to $\$ 4.4$ million. But if he leoks at it Mr. President in detail, I an sure he understands where it is. If he looks at it in detail he will see it for mimself. As one example. Mr. President, we budgeted for revenue stamps of $\$ 5.0$ million, and we have revised a figure to $\$$ b. 1 fillion. That is the sort of increase in revenue that I eluded to in the Budget Addrese. Mr. Fresident, I knaw that the Member needed to make certain comments, in order to find some Way of debating, perhaps one of the best Budgets that we have seen presented to this House in recent times, and $I$ understand, although I am an official Menber Mr. Fresidert, 1 understand the word politics. We thank him, Mr, President, for his kind comments in other regards. Mr. Prestdent, there were other Members who raised certain points that concerned them. regarding the size of the Civil Service, the customs Department and what they are doing as regards to the Red Book. Eut Mr. President, I believe that if the Honourable Members, or the Member in particutar, when dealing with Customs revenue and its collections and the use of the Red Book to determine what value duty you will be assessed on, the Member will also find that if he reads the custams Law, that Customs $\quad$ fficicems and the collector of customs included, have authority under that law to make assessments, even though you praduce an invoice. But Mr. President, for his tenefit and for the benefit of all cancemened, we are looking at the gystem Mr. President, and hopefully in 1987 we will make some changes to it, subject to the agreement of Government, and when I say Government, it includes all the Honourable Members in this House.

Mr. Fresident, the Civil
Service is grawing, there is no real meed far anyane to try to rebut such a statement, but i believe too, that in recent tines, more and more services have been requested, even by the Honourabie Menters of this Hüse, from Gevernment, and even though during this gudget Debate, we have heard of mare requests to do more for the peaple of this cauntry, we must remember that if we go forward ind constract more buildings, together with that buildifg, comes the need tofind persons to loak after it, also the meed to pay for the maintenance cast of the building including electricity, telephones and what have you, 50 that with every capital expenditure, as Honcurable Members know, comes returnent expentiture in the years that follow, therefore your recurnent expenditure will contimue to increase ard the civil Service will te facreased as the departmente can justify the need tu Government.

1 believe Mr. Fresident, that over the years, we have generally given statistics about the conpary Registry, along the lithes of hew registmations, new anmial....to say it in a different way Mr. President, the mufter of compantes that are registered in each year, and 1 believe that that is a real statistic. to demonstrate any degree of consistency about whether there is a slowdown in the company registration, or there is not. I believe that by examining those statistics, we caflall draw measonatle canclusions. One Member malged the point that he wanted to 5 ee a breakoswh of the radd programme that is going to ter covered by the $\$ 000,000$ fravided in the 1897 capital Expenditure, I an happy to say ta him that it is cur intention ta provide this suring Finance Cominttees deliberations on the Budget.

的の, President, the Computer
Services kag been raised as a section that concemms sabe Members. Mr. President, it is fot qujte right to wompare the Guvermment computer System with the computer systems that are operatie jut the finmatial findustry. We have, ta the test of my krowledge, the lergest computer 5ystem in this country. We stanter out 9 H 1779 with a small Burroughs computer, with the view ard the objective af trying ta automate the productian of tonade statittics. But, luk anythimp else in the Gaymam

 want to heve the benefits of the facijitiv, lt was not very lang tefore we realjsed that that computer was becaming grassly inadequate and we then had ta purctase a cemputer frorn Digitel Computer Comporatiar the FDPI170, which we presently have. It was about iwo years ago Mr. President, that that computer tod, ixe could see the wfiting on the wally thet it was not many days in the flithye tefore it
too would be obsolete. Dbsalete, in terms of the carpluters ability to deal with the volume of work requested of it. As you move Mr. President, from a small system to a little larger system, te a yet larger system whith we have at the moment the VAX cluster. so too is the need to improve your staffing. For if you are going to operate your computer ta the mayimum use, you would operate almost 24 hours a day, 50 that you get the maximum tenefit from it. Mr. Fresident, over a period of time and believe that time is drawing near, we will begin to see the full affect of the computer as regards the increasing number of persons on Government's payrall in the civil service. But we must alsa take into account, that there are departames that the computer will have no real affect on, other than the wecounting ar production of a bill. The services that are gairs tu be reguired at the Hospital for example, is one. The Education Departmert is another, and we could name guite a few mare, it needs peaple on the spot. As your number of children increase within your school system, there is the justified need to increase your teacher populatian in onder to keep your ratio betweer teacher and pupil on a reasonable standard to enable those students to get full benefit of the Instructions given.

1 was pleaset tu hear $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$.
President, although we did not ga completely arcund the halls of the Legislature, that is, we did not have all Members speaking on the Budget, but 1 was very pleased to hear the Members comments as regards the shipping Register. I believe now. Mr. President, we tan see a substantial incmease fin revenue being earmed by the shipping Register if we were to compare it over the last four or five years. Nomally, it would run around the $\$ 100,000$, this year the figure is revised to $\$ 250,000$. It is going ta require Mr. Fresident, in my view and subject to discussian, because of the trend around the world, as Honouratle Members have already said, the Caymar Islands to do it properly, to establish a Marine Section within the fegistry of companies, and hopefully to obteire from the united kingdom the pemission to extend the international conventions to cover ships on the Registry of the Gayman sslands.

Moving on. Mr. Fresident, there are funds in the 1987 Budget to deal with same of the concerns raised by Menters as regards the reception area and yisitors afea of the Frison. I think all of as wald agree that something more needs to be done, and I thank with a quick search of the capital Estimates, you will find a sum in excess of $\$ 210,000$. I believe the figure is $\$ 218,000$ off the top of my head.

Mr. President, the fistal policy of the Cayman Islands Government I believe. is well known to all of us. There is no trick Mr. President, and there is no magic wand that you can wave and produce eiver the last 24 years or 26 years a surplus at the ent of every year, or sufficient sumplus fram previaus years to carry farward a balanced budget. That is in my view too, part of what we call 'fiscal palicy'. We have not, and I agree with this, we have not put forward a fiscal policy in whiten form and put it across the front page of any particular magazine or mewspaper, to say that this is a specifit polity. But, Mr. President, I have been foutunate to have been in govermment since 1971, and I an convinced that the philasophy being used by all of as duming that period of time is pight, amd that isy the philosophy that we should not spend more than we can afford. That is fifeal policy too Mr. Prestident. I was one of the most pleased persons to eee and to hear the Honourable Member for North Side put forward a Private Member*s Motion for an Economic Development Plan. It has been an item which has not received a great deal of acceptance in the minds ef most of the peoples until now, and unless there is acceptance Mr. Presifent, the exercise can be a gross waste of time. There are somany pietes of paper in Government files which perhaps look gaod on paper and which have not been atcepted. As a matter of fact, we car see ar envisage the amount of work that has been taken and carmied out to produce such a Draft Econoric Development Plan. It has taken us simee March of 1985 to produce a plan which iss due to be laid or the Tatle of this House. Mr. President, I wauld add at this stage that all Members please take note, if you are going to do a document such as this one, and it has many hundreds of pages, it is going to mean that the chapters are gaing to be done at different times, with certain assumptions, and when you get to the end of the day, having had some acceptante by Govemment, then we car revise the plain and apdate it. That is the procedare which I fope Members will agree that we should follow. Mr. Fresident, I saw my name featuring in this Budget dodress ware that it has ever featured before, there were in my view several
reasons far this. The peaple of this country know that Tam Jefferson is not someone who goes around boasting about what he hes danes or What he can do. In one case it was for information purposes, to say to the people of this country that upon the retimement of Mr. Foster, a change had taken place, and what the effects of it were. In another case, it was new note befng fssued by the Currency Board to wifich my signature has been attathed, and lastiy Mr. President. it was mentioned in dealing with the unallocated stores at fublic works. which is and always has betr, to the test of my knowledge, the mesponsibility of the Financial secretary, and I wanted it to be absolutely clear wha $\$ 5 s$ wed the instruction for the stores to fun down. I want no one to guess who it was, for 1 take full responsibility for it. I believe in this day and age Mr. President. there is no need to run an unallacated stores of $\$ 300,000$ ar $\$ 400,000$ or $\$ 700,000$, when there are vesseis that frequert the caymaf lslams on wefkly basis, and there are shops, or hardware stores which also have in mast cases, ample supply that fublic Works may meed far construction purposes. The reason for the $\$ 100,000$ Mr. Frestident, is to run it down to such a level that we can manage it effectively, ard also to keep on hand, items that are of an emergency type, incase of disasters of any sont, or ftens that are not easy to find in the Cayman Islands at any particular tiffe, that we fay experience a problem.

I beliteve Mr. President, that in the year ahead we will find some clarity about the way in which the Cayman islands Insurance Industry will be affected. There are palitics in the United States Senate and House of Representatives, as we all know. And 1 belfeve, that is one of the reasons why it was rot clamffed this year. Another election tine, too clase to make any quick decistons on a very complex matter. I have a hunch too Mr. Fresident, that it is going to take all of then, working together, to producex if ever, the answer to the Unlted States insurance problem. it is not a 5 foplemateer. I am nat going to try to say to the peaple of the Cayman islands and Honourable members that l kMow the way in which our industry is going to be affected, posltively or negatively, untill we see some plece of legislation an the statute books of the Unitud States, ho one really knows, perhaps not evets the people in the executive arm of the United states Government. So why should we try to portray that we know.

I belifeve, Mr. fresidert, that
the Coyman Islands is gaing to be for many years ta come, one of the mast important areas of daing business. I believe tac, that we are coming ta grips slowly though it may be, with same of the protiems within our society. Sacial programes Mr. President, are coming inta place, and 1 know we are all very eager for them. But ithink that in dealing with then, we certainly need a little time to matie sure that the programme that is put together is acmprehensive one, and we fan Ste how the pieces tie together. If we had unlitited rescurces Mr. frestdent, we cauld move very, very quickly and buy as mach expertise as we need, but unfortunately, we are not in that position. In the Civil Service Mr. President, the quantum of the civil Service bill as related ta recurrent expenditure, I think the Honcuratle Member sifos 58 percent, is not a thing that any of us is happy about, but I belfeve I recall in the last Budget address giveri by the former Fimancial Secretary, he wes raitifg the same point, and the percentage was about the same figure, perhaps it was bo percent, not 58 percent, but 1 am subject to carrection. Sa that, in five years we mave not done too badly with it, we have held it, mome or less, in line with the growth of the country. And it is always Mr. President, an easy exemitise to sometimes think that you can chop Civil Seryants in this department and the other department, and then when you really get down and analyses ft and look at the functions they are performing, and the valume of work that thay are dealing with, you find the arswer is not sce simple. On the heels of that, the publit js athing for more and
 Civil Service, and give more service on the other hand: but this is a phrase used by econctitsts, whth I do mat particularly carefor*

I beljeve Mr. President, that
any ather perft whach may have wanted to pase has been answered, either by the answers te auetichs which weme put to me durimg this matimg, and hopefully, these answers were satisfactary to the Member who asked then and I say again, thams to Honourable Members for their support, and also for their eriticism.

QUEGTION PUT: AGREED. THE APPROPRIATION (1987) BILL: 198G GIVEN A SECOND READING.

MR. PRESIDENT: There being no other bersiness on today's Order Faper, may 1 invite the First Official Member to move the adjournment.

## ADJOURNMENT

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Prestident, the business on the Order paper having been Exhausted, I move the adjournmerit of thas Honourable House untill tem chock an Monday morning, 24 th November.

MR. FFESIDENT:
The question is, that this House do now adjourn until ten $D^{\prime}$ clock on Monday the $24 t h$ November.

QUESTION PUT: AYES

MR. PRESIDENT:
MR. D. EZLARD MILLER:
Before actually....
Can we have a division Sir?
certainly, Will the Clerk call
MR. PRESIDENT:
the division.

## OIVIEION

## N0.38/36

AYES: 8
ABSTENTIDNS: 1
Hon. Thamas C. Jefferson
Hon. Michael J. Eradley
Hon. J. Lemuel Hurlston
Hon. Benson O. Ebaniks
Hon. W. Norman Bodden
Mr. Linford A. Piemson
Capt. Mabry S. Kifkcannell
Mr. G. Haig Bodden
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller

I deckare the motion tarried.
Before we actually rise,
perhaps could just take the opportunity of reminding Members that so far as I know, the Comisstoners ate still here, and any Member who would care to see them how that our business is so unexpectedly finished, so early in the afternoon, should have an opportunity to do so. I think one or two Members are already with them, but some Mambers may care to have coffee break now, and be able to see them afterwards.
AGREED: AT 3:05 P.M. THE HOUSE ADJQURNED UNTLL 10:OO A.M. MONDAY. 24 TH NOVEMBER. 1986 .

## FVURTH (BUDGET) MEETING

OF THE
1986 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
HELD ON
MONDAY, $24 T H$ NOVEMBER; 1986
(SEVENTH DAY)

| PRESENT WERE: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, MR G PETER LLOYD, CMG, CVO- PRESIDENT |  |
| GOVERNMENT MEMBERS |  |
| HON THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, QC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON $f$ LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MENBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERAMAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON BENSON O EBANKS | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH EDUCATION AND SOCTAL SERVICES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDEN, MEE | MEMBEF RESPONSIBLE FOR TOURISM AVIATION AND TRADE |
| HON CAPT CHARLES L KTRKCONNELL | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATYONS WORKS AND DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JP | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |
| ELECTED MEMBERS |  |
| MR W MoKEEVA BUSH | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MRSS. DAPHNE L ORRETT | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DIETRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MR LINFORD A PIERSON, JP | SECOND ELLECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE:TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT: OF LESSER ISLANDS |
| MR. JAMES M BODDEN | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR G HATG BODDET | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B McLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICTT OF EAST END |

[^34]MONDAY; $24 T H$ AOVEMBEA, 1986
(SEVENTH DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO DE READ BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER.
2. PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND REPORTS

FIRST INTEFTM REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING REGULATION FROCEDURES (RE: PRIVATE MEMBER'S MOTION DO.14/86) - 30 BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHAIRMAN THE HONOURABEE FIRST OFFICTAL MEMBEFT:
3. OBITUARIES
4. GOTITRMENT BUSINESS

BILLS:-

## FIRST \& SECOND READINGS

(1) THE CUSTOMS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(2) THE PARTNERSHIP (AMENDMENT') BILL, 1986

## COMMITTEE THEREON

(3) TGE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) DILL, 1986
(4) THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(5) THE NOTARTES PUBLIC (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1386
(6) THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND INTOXICATING LIQUOR ADVERTISING BILL, 1986
(7) THE CUSYOMS (AMENDMENT) ETLL; 1986
(8) THE PABTNERSHIP (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
REPORTS THEREON
(9) THE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) BRLL; 1986
(10) THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) DILL, 1986
(11) THE NOTARIES PUBLIC (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(12) THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND INTOXICATING LIQUOKADVERTISING DILL, 1986
(13) THE CUSTOMS (AMENDMENT) BILL, ..... 1986
(14) THE PARTNERSHIF (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
THIRD READINGS
(15) THE TRUSTS (AMENDMENT) BIEL, 1986
(16) THE FIREARMS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(17) THE NOTARIES FUBLIC (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1986
(18) THE TOBACCO PROBUCTS AND INTOXICATING ETQUORADVERTISING BILL, 1986

## TABLE OF COUTENYS

## PAGE



MR. PFESIDENT:

Frieyers.
The Honouratie Fitnst Official

Member.

## PRAYERS


#### Abstract

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON: Let ifs frany. Almighty fod, from whom ali Wisdgif and power are derived: We beseech Thee so to ditert and progper the deliberations of the Legishative Asembly now estembled. that wl things may be ordered ufon the test and sumest formations for the glory of thy Name and for the gatety, homour and uelfare of the people of these Islands.


 Elizabeth, the Gueen Mather, Fhilif Duke Ef Ediberghy Charleafpince of Wales, Diang Princess of Wales and all the Foyal Famjly. Give grace ta all wha exercise authority frow commonwealth that peate and happinessy truth and justice, religion and pioty may me esteblished among us. Espectially we pray for the Govermar of our Isifints, the Members of Executive foumil and memters of the Legislative assently that they may be ehabled faithfully to purform the responsithe datitas of their high office.

All thig tie ask for Thy great
Name's sake, Amer.
fur Father, who art in Heaver,
Hallowed be Thy Neme, Thy fingdom come, thy will be done, fir gath as it is in Heaven. Give us this day gur deily bread: And forgive as cur trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass agaitist is: And lead us not inta temptation; but deliver ws from evin: For Thine is the Kingdorn the power and the glary: for ever and Eutra Anen.

The Lord bless ug and kemp us:
the Lord make His face shine upon ws and be gracious urita usi the Loug
 Amen.

## OEITUAEIES

MR. PRESIDENT:
Eefote I inyite mexbers to be
seated, i will ask the Heuse to stand for a monemt in silemee, in memory of the late Mr. Ernest Fanton.

Flease be sedet.
Althowgh I see that todey's

"Obituaries', perhapa I can anticipate, became the norinat order of business as provided fory in Standing order 14(1) does enable the Fresident to make any announcements before ary other basthess sweh en the Presentation of Fapers and Reports, and I belleve it would be the wish of the House that I should ask that our condalunces be sent to the family of the late Mr. Ernest Fantan and that I shatud plate on record how grateful all Memtars of the House zod af the comantiay herey were for the many services both to this House and to the people of the Cayman Islands, Mr. Ermest contributed during his life. My
understandimg is that his funeral is to take place tomarrow fetermagn I believe at four octock, and my understandifg also is that all Members of the Howse, rertainly all whom $I$ haye had an opporblinty to consult so far, will wish our proceedings to te adjoutret if we are still meating tomorrow afternogn in time to wnale MEabers to attend the funeral. So I think we can plar on that basis. 1 do not of course know, whether we shall be meeting, ar whether Finance committee may be meting by tomorraw aftermogn, but I think no matter what stage has befn reachedr Members will wish to be ableto be free in time ta attend the funeral.

## PRESEWTATION＿OFEAFEESAND BEFOGTS

EIFET INTEEIM FEPQET QGTHE SELECT COMMTTEE INVESTIGATINGREGURTION FROCEDURES


#### Abstract

HON．THUMAS G：JEFFEREDA： Mr．Presituent，I beg to lay on the Table of this House．in accortance with etenting order fotily the First Interim Feport of the Gelect Comfitute ta Trivestigate Fegulation Procedures．     inmost mf the Commonealtin，ano we will be studying theme and will tender arather Report in fre rear future，


50 orぱロ゙もd．
Item as itaye nentioned
 Standing Orders foy an item of this nature，it maybe that one or two Members will wish to pay tribute to Mr．Ernest．if sos ithink it． would be perfectly propeft to enable then to．Eut since lhave spaken already，pertaps the House may wish ta take it that i have spoken on behalf of all Membets．

In that ceser wern pase th
Item 4．Government Eusimess．Bills．First Fieadings．

## GQVERNMENT EUSIMESE

## EILLS

THE CUSTDME（AMENDENTS EILE TGED

## FIFST EEADING

CLERK：THE GUSTOMS（AMENDMENT）EILL， 1786
MR．FKESIDENT：A Eili FOR a law to Anend the Customs Law（Serond Revisinn）is deembd ta hate bewn read a Firyt timer and is set down for Second feading

## SECDNE FEARING

CLEEK：THE CUSTGMS（AMERDMENT）EILL， 1930.
HON．THUMAE C．UEFFESGON：Mt．Frestenta I beg to move
 chstoms Law（serond fevision？．

Mre Fresident，the reswon for
 where a daty free borted system is aperated either at the port ar at the Airport．At the present time Mr．Prestdente we are operatitig the drawback system．It is a system that has been io piace fer many decades，and it is a mathersome whe．Firetzy the passerger goes to the counter at Jwen Ruberts Aipport and a request is made te purchase spirits．He fille owt a farm，ar signs a form with his heme amd signature．That Form is then passed ta the Gistoms peparment who When the passenger exfts the deperturg lounge en rotte to the plane： the bottle of spirits is handed ta him．That store from whith those
 President，when you are dealing with 150,000 fassengers．therte f＂e quite a mumber of these wopies that are mataliet．Them they have to fill aut the mecessary formo atterting all wherm antes for a particular month and it has to meach the Gustoms Department by a specific period of time，as latd down in the fegtlations．Customs administration then has to whect the request for frywheh as sutnitted by the store，and ther from that departinent it is sent to the Treasury who again does a bit of cheoking tefore the cheque is wetmally jasued to the shop．
it is cur vied mr．Presidenta
 scrutinised by the custams Department, and fall within the fastiations as will be made te deal with the intond whop: anc a shell amendment to Section 44 which deals with drawback, and spetifically it readt:
"Drawtack ghell be payatie to clatoms wpon the following goods, provided the goods have not been used whtie in the IElanç."

And umder matagrept (r):
 a vessel departing from ihe lelands.

If we put a small anenchant to it, which would read, following that paragreph (e)
 and wine gold at the pirport or Fart where a bended duty free shop system is operated.

And to pab that properly into
legal fors. Mr. President, it is altorequired that we ataghave a
 and (3), afted this one would be (4), which wodid fied:
 gutlet prescribed by the Gevernor at a departure laumex or other place comtralled by custras, at a Port ar Airport."

Mr. Presiderit: the Eystan being proposed is not far different from the system presently in flece for the huge whelesale in bond operations: for which ebstoms has antess to theck pecards, ta make spot cherks and to satisfy thenselves that the operation is running on a footing with whith they are haptry. Thise system Mr. Fresident, I believe, is the bettef arye for all concerned both the government, the shop owner and the posserger, and t think it is a system that wa will find th most countrifs of the world oparates in this way as the amendment is séwing to estabtish in the cayman Islands.

1 reromment the anendment ta
the Custams Eill, Section 44 , to Honotirate Meratary.

entitled a Eit for a Law to Amond the custans Law fexond Fievisiont be read a Second time. The motion is mow open far detate.

The cesond Electad Momber for
Bodten Town.

## DEEATE

MF. G. HAIS BODDED:
Mra President: I support the
Bill before the House. The Bill is seplitig to Ehenge the oly dobibath system for the handing of liquor, which is sald to departing passengers. The did gystem has now become very cuinturabter mainly because of the large valume af sales: The syoten has tera aften criticised by the deelert. They complain of the tength of time it
 that is consumed inhanding the goods, and it fink it is only fight that an atempt should be mede to improve the oystem as it is, $1=a n$ see no point at all in the Govermment coliecting the fmpot uniff oti the one thang and passing it sut thratuh the other hand governoment is not retaining any part of this dutyr and thereform, we have ath exercian which costs a lat of money in administretion and notody really benefits. The marchant wha has paid the duty in advance; will lose some moneyr particularly if has account rippens ta have taen in

 all.

 dealer, and he will have to make certain that the bonded ligasu ja sold only to departing passengers, and thame will also be an athe gat the ptrcheser to make remtath that. the goots are rot relanded. I at not certain that the ameridment before the House five the anount of
protection we meed in these areas, hut trust thet the law as it goes into effect, will be clasely manitured suthat any teficiencies can be corretted, The Bill before the House will protagy ertall ras procedures at the Atrpott and at the Dock. for the sale of these comodities, and perhapt thoupht has already been given tug the procedure which will be mecessary to ensure the sinoctroperation of the system, and I trust sit, that, there will tee an averati iraprovanemt Which will benefit the Gavernment and the dealerr and the purchaser as well.

MR. FRESIDEMT: Does any onder Menter wish to speak? Daes the naqer wish to ekerritie his pight of reply?

HON. THOMASE, JEFFERSON: YEs Mr. Fresiamt.

their support, although they have not ghokens was say silence gives consent, and also to make samll comment, in respert of the point Which was made by the Serond Elected Member for Fodden Toun at regards the protertion so that Govertoment daes not loaje any customs Duty as a result of the new systern. Those protections will be spelles out in the Fegutationg, goon to be puhlushed, and I an sifitg this basically for information for the benefit of the Member.

Thank you Mr. Fresident.
MR. FREGIDENT:
I 4iti put the quEstion that a Bild for a Law to Amend the Gustoms Law (5ecord Revision) ber rand a Second time.
 GIVEN A SEGOND READING.

MF. PFESIDENT:
Gills, Fir*t Reading.
THE FAFTHEREHTF AMEMEWENT) ETLE $1 B E S$

## FIFET FEADING

CLERK: THE FARTAERBHIF (AMENDMENTI EILL, 1580
MR. PRESTDENT:
The bily motitied a milifar a
Law to Afend the Parthershig Lawr 1983 is deemed to have bean read a First timer and is set dawn for Second Reading.

SEGONE FEADINL
CLERK: THE FARTMERSHIF (AMENDMENT) EILL, ICBS

the Semond Reading of atil entitiled a Eill for a bat to finend the Partnership Law iq983, Law 26 of 1783.

Mr Foresidentar the Fartherahip
Law which was passad ith thy Honourable Howse an l3tit day of
Septemberi 1703 is a teshnical piece of legislation. We have geventhe
 we did not put any fees to it: basically ta attract partherships ta be established in the Gayman Ialands. We kMow that when somethitrgis free, and the legislation fs acceptable to $u$, we take advantage of it.

> We have been gtudying the

Partnership Law Mr. Fiesident, for some tiner with a view to thation
 legislation. Although we have beyn studying it for some time Mr. President, we are not yet ready ta put it forsatid.

Early try thy yar ; zeth
February, iqge, I think I have my data right mr, fresidett, there was a Private Member'g Motion No. $1 / \mathrm{g} \boldsymbol{6}$ which was moved by the Gerand Elacted Member far West Ray and secanted by the Elected member for North Side, which fead:
"WhEREAS fhe Partnerchip Law has beer in forge aince lyegr




The amendments that am moving How Mr, Fresidentr seek really ta answer the friogte Menteris motion,
 amended by inserting ot payment to the Registrar a ragistration fee ot
 simigar to the fee paid by an extiftat compaty for fegistiation purposes. The further fee is the annual fee which fis $\$ 475.00$ eath year.

If the boratity at the
Parthershig, if in the tase of defatut in chaplance with the

 and tra further fine of $\$ 20.00$ each day during whirh the detiaut continues.

President, to Hongurable Members.
MR. FEESTDENT:
The question $\overline{5}$ thel E Eill for a Law to Anend the Farthemship Law lagy be read a gemmot time.

The motion is orit for debater
The Secand Electer Member for Eodath Town.

## DERATE

MR. G. HAIG EODDEN:
Mit. Frasidunt, wa sedm ty have
had some very strange legislation recently, regarifing ecmpantes, whether they te gandnemships ar exempt bobpanier or uhataver
One case that recentiy came to our attention. was the case where a certain law fim had ben illegally formim companies with one Shareholder, and the Governmert, insteat of prosetuting the izw firmo amended the law because the law firm is a gtadmets supporker of tite Government. Here agaim we gee miother bit of strang legisiation. We see the fature of a partmershit to pay theree. ande a urimitat offence agatngt the individuals in the partnership. a an not sume that it it a criminal offence for athateholder or a difertor of a
 company does nat pey itw fae. the company is struck from the fiegistry.

 the fee, and this is stratige, becutue of the umiqua pogition of most partnemships, where say, the parthership fight be discolved silfily by the death of one of the individuale.

The Farthershit Law fit not
make provision for the collection of fees, and d do not telieve that this was intentional to attuact partnerships. d thint it was an oversight an the part of the Gavernment, and Frobably, the fiatiter was painted owt to the back benchers, 50 that they cudd get a fittue
 the fees, because we know that everything put formard dy Enecutive Council since 1984, has bean uniy for politimal pirposesy and unless they are tuat by the News Bumeat or the Gompase thet it will make them look goad, the matter is not deatt with. There are hundreds of examples, maybe.

I thint therext ape anterstye, since all along it had not been thought mecessary to change fees.
 Charged to all typer of companies. I would think thet the timo han come for the Government to put forward a Eill which would make provision for the collection of f"es. I also think that provisiot should have been made for simple partherships, מhere gay, fanily members are invalved. For example, you may have two brothers wanting to do a simple partmershap ogmpay just to earry wh the fansir business, and I see mo provision here for very simple tusinesses to be charged nominal fees. So, I think the Eill whilit in one sense is necessary to some extemt, has been ill concerver mad ill diracted ard needs a lot mame thought ant a lot mora consideration than simply making it a bill to coliect fees with draconian measures meted out against the individuais in the partmershipa


MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
Mra ffiesidendr 1 wses very much

 fees are sufficiant. 1 do not, uhink there is arything dreronian about
it. It is time that centain pecple started paying in this country for using the services of the colntry and thig is ana way af delfg it. It is mot a tax ar a fee on the ordinary man of the strext or else I would not have brought the resolution that ths gerond Elected Member for bodder Town spoke about. The matter he raised sir, concerting the
 get a littif political mileage by oringing the resolthion. I da mat
 matter, that on gotmg through some of the Law so and am not =awyer, I saw that amonaly mod 1 went 5 braight aws and gocke ter the mat who is mesponsible for the fegistrar of Compantes and he seit. "tes. he thought that there could be some fees charged", and gave me sont advice on it. There ary hot mamy people iti Government from whom 1

 rici plot by Government so that I could get amy polidical mileage. think that if there is anything Gevemoment is trying to do it is
 the Menter for Badden Town was talking rubisty ard i will mat care to say any more on that fatter. 1 am happy that the eill is befrire the House, and that there is some revente to be raalited frem it, and a trust that with the revenae realised. some wark could be done in Bodden Town.

Thank you yery mach mer
Presidenta
Mr . E. HBIG BGDDEN:
That will neyoy be done ab tong
you have the present Executive council members, untess they da it for the Lawrences.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Qrder: Onder:.
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
I with hem thenget atrethtog
up there.
MR. FRESIDENT:
Des any uther Menter mish to speak? If not, I now call on the mover to exputixe hin riant of reply if he wishes.

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSOU: Members for their support.

Mr. Fresidant. I rige to thank
The cammat, inate ty the Sugond
Elected Member for Eudqen Town in respect of eqhpantes which
apparently were pferating ith breach gf the lat by having one shareholder, and Goverment then, as he saysy to put fthet fight: decided to amend the law to make what that hyothetical compariy was doing, because I have no thowledge of it mr. Fresidenty maye he does, right. But Mr. Fresident, the Companies Law prion to amadmat
requires that three shareholders subseribe ta the Arbieite at
Assogiation, and if there wefe not three Mr. Frosident, I doubt that the Registrar of this day, would have pogistared the mompay at all. Secondly Mr. President, it was the Comittee that we estatifshed same time ago to look at the companies haw with a view homaking amendments to it, it was that gomithea that retommended I think prababiy tan ar twelve amendients, this being one of the fry thet as in the tase af urgency, and to make gur Companies Law fore attractive we shoutt put forward stah an amendment. The amendment was in inis casey that thate was no need to have three shareholdems when gne wa froded acemptabie. I think in actual practice Mr. Presidente what was taking place bas
 she arrahges for two other nominee shareholders to sesign theit hatnes to the Articles $\quad$ ff Assaciation together with his and itn some cases his name was not menthoud either. Eut thera wert three persint subscmibing to the Articliss of associationt atid would be the most surprised person in this Hongutable Houser if we find githeregister: a company that only tha one shareholder; prige to the anendment of the Law, which made that registration postitia.

The farthershim Lat mat.
President, that is the amendment to ils and the amerament speriffiraliy speaks about a partheritip which is guilty of an offence. it is in order to put teeth in the Law for the wollertion of the Fees due to Government Mr, Fresident. At tine present time undin the tonganes Law, all we can do is give notice, one month, and strike them aff, do not believe that that is an acmeptable method for the fotatur ant it is the reason why we have put the anendmet if thit wey so that failing payment, and failing chasing thathoy if the goweriant

 Who gets Proseguted and who does mot. looking to the futurer we have heard last wed a iot about fems that are uncollertable, firstly the hospital faes and thentomere are the
 collection of the pertmership annagl faes amd it daesprevide, ar







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MR. PRESIDENT:
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will now put that questign.
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QUESTIDN FUT: AYES
MR. W. MEREEUA BUSHE

Fresident.

MR.PKESI罗ETV:


UVIETM<br>W0.39.86<br>AYE : 11<br>Hom: Thomas © Joffinesort<br>Hon: Miohael d. Bradiey<br>Hon. J. Lemuel Humlstorn<br><br>Hom: W. RGrman Budger<br>Hon, Eapt, Charles L , Kifkomatall<br>Mr. W, MENEEva Eusti<br>Mr. Linferd A. F'erson<br><br>Wッ: G. Haig Roddem<br>Mr: Jahn Br Meluean

## AGREED: THE PAFTNEFEHIF \{AMENDNENT) EILE ATBS TUEM AEESTMD READING.

MF. PRESIDENT:

Readingso and the House will now go into oommittee tm study ámill
entitled The Trusts (Amemdramt) Billy and gtonat Bills.

## COMMITTEE ON EILLS

THE TXUSTS (AMENDMENT) EINE, $1 \ddagger \bar{S}$
EDMMITEE IHEREON

MF CHAIFMAN:

Please be seated.






 is the wish of the Cominittee.

85, a Bill Pot a
the Trusts Law \{Revisad\}.
CLERK: SLAUSE 1: CHOFT TITLE.

 put that question.

QUESTIDN PUT: AUFEED. CLAUSE in PAESED.

CLERK:
CGAUEE 2.
AMENTMENT DE SETTGM 82

QUESTIDN FUT: AGREED. GLAUSE 2 FASEEE.
CLERG: A EILL FOF A LAW TG AMEND THE TFUGTS GAM FEVEDED
MR, CHADMAN: The question is that the Titie and Enacting Glause do stand part of the Bill.

QUESTIGN PUT: AGFEED. TITEE AND EMACTIRG CAUSE PASEES.
MR. CHAIENAN:
The gerond 区ill for connituen
is The Firearms \{Amendinent billa In this Ease notice tias been given firstlys by the mover of the Eill, the Honoutatle thimg official
 the Second Electes Member for West. Eay, that fie froposes to move a
 every clause is renumbered i think. But the subtance as inderstand

 I hope I remettored to do sat is whet the time comes to take the
 manor comsequential amendments, if the propoped new ithuse 10 . is accepted by the cumptoter, then to getak to make the various consequentifal anendmonts if it is rot. I than that is the best
 that the committee will wish to discuss. It is realiy rary fifficult.

MR. E. HAXE EDDDEN:<br>Mrn totayrman, de we haye ropiea

Well I Bope so. I beg yotir pardon, I mhould have arked. My utiderstandimewas that aptas both of the amendment progesed by the Homoutable Thiru offirial member arid of the amendient proposed by the Sacont Elected member hed been circulated. Do Members have thernt or not?

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MR.W. 㨡EKEEVA EUSHE. ThEy wEt`E Firmulatody yes"
MF. CHAIRMAN:
Dose Eny Member hot have,...
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
I do not romembet" Evar geeymg
them Sis:
Hus any attion Nemter mot got a
MR. CHAIBMAM:
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MR, CHASEMAN: I think most MEGBErs have them,



COMNITTEE THEREDN
CLEFK:
GLAUSE i.
ghDFt TitLe


CLEFK: CLAUSE 3. AMENBMEN" DF SEOTIDN 10.


CLERK: CLAUSE S. AMENDMENT IF EECTIOM i\%


CLEFK: CLAUSE 7. AMEMDMENT OF SECTION 14.


CLEFK: CLAUSE B. AMENDMENT DF SECTSON IG.


CLEFK: CLAUSE 9. AMENDMENT OF SECTIUR 18.

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MR, CHAFFMAN:
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put that guestign.
GUESTIGN F゙UT: AGFEED. GLAUSEG. PASSED.
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ME. CHAIRMAN:
Tha qutstion TE that Giatse it.
 put that question.

QUESTIGN FUT: AGREED: GLAUEE FI. PASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 12 . AMENDMENT DF SECTIDN z
MR. CHALKMAN:
do stand 0art of the eqll put that question.

QUESTION FUT: AGFEED. GLAGE 12. PASSED.
CLEFK: CLAUSE $1 G . \quad A M E N D M E N T$ OF SECTION 32.

MR, GHAIFMAN:
do stand partof therill question.

GUESTIOA PUT: ABREED. GIAUSE IS. FASSED.
CLERK: CLAUSE 14. AMENDMENT DF GEETTGR 33.
MF. CHAIFMAN:
The qusstion is that Clausie i4.
 put that question.

QUESTIDA FUT: AGFEER: CLAUSE 1A= PASGED,
CLERK: GLAUSE 15. ANENDMENT OF SEGTIGM 3E.
MR. CHAIEMAN:
The question is bhot $C$ atam is.
 put that guestions

GUESTIGN FUT: ABHEED. GLAUSE IE.FASBED.
GLEFK: CLAUSE 1B. AMENDNENT DF SECTINN $4 O$.


In that cise does any Member Wish to speak to the Clause lí as anended? If not, I will piat the question thet Glase lan as athended. do atand part of the Eibl=

GUESTION FUT: AGREED. GLAUEE $16 . A 5$ AMENDED FAGSED.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
Now I mentionst earlier, that. I
 his amendment, of which he gave moticey after we hat forsideted the bo clauses in the eill as printed, and the otie part ia a proposed clause 18. If Mambers have fow all got his Notice of Anentmont, they fill see that it does propase to inclate a naw clatse 17 and a med clatae 18, as well as proposing a nuber of other ametatnents but the New Clause 17, and all the whef anemdamis ate realiy consequehtial af the new Ctasse 18. They will be necessary ff caime ig. is passua, They will mot be necessary otherwise. So what t would fovity hif to do with the agremment of the Committeer is ta move the propased clause 18. and then we will ga back to facomitt the other olatios ff the heid Clause ig. is actepted.

Chairman. Sir, 1 wander whether the members of the medie have copies of the proposed Gommitue stage anendimet, because aubess it is read out, it is father urintellighbie to the effect and the intent of it.

## MR. CHAIEMAN:

I thint the menters of the
media will have to get oopfes later, but I would expect the mover to read sut the propesed clatare 18, and then speak ta th, that is I think the way to do it. Sor if the Gefond Elected Member Fer weat Eay would care to read out his froposed glatse id. and ther woth we in.

MF. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
Mr. Chairment the notice taving
been given ander the standing order: i tiol read Elatae to.:

> "Subetitution ie. Gection 30 of the principal bay is substituted of 5.30
> "Appropriate 30. (i) There is hereky antabitiched authority. the firearms Licensint Autherity which is the appropriate privateauthority for the grant, ヨinatmert at "evocation of aty lirumes gr perrit.
(2) The appropriate autharity shall consist of a chairinan oho shall be a athlic offiner and five ather members. two of whoth shal be public officers and three of whom shall be percons who are not public officers. all of which inestrens shall be appointed by the bovernor to hold offifer unlets tom appointanert is sooner terminated, for a period of one year ans shall be eligithefor re-appointment.
(3) In the extumise gf its functions and powers the appropriate abthority shall camply with any gereral ar эреcial difections given to it by the Goverror."."

## Mr, Chaterny ity the Belond

Reading pebate, I mentioned that I felt thet we had come to a place and time that we should have such an authority, seeirg that liad had several ronplathts cohcerning the ticensing of gins: and felt that if an autherity was established. it would be mure democratic. gince then. I have head that the amendment is mot gaing to be acoeptad because we are straying from what is the usual in Colimiung that is that the Chief of Folice wsually in Colonies: amd in Enghand fictense
 sor I do not know, dut i feel that we have gome te a phere and time where we can find citizens who are fesponsible enough tes be on this

 demoratic functigh I think that we were dang tite right thing fod

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
MR. CHAIRMAN:
to the proposed new clause?

The comatater thtink.
The connituee.
Does any Momber wien to speak

## DEEATE

HON. $H_{4}$ EEMUEL HUKLSTON:
Yes Mr: Chamman $\quad$ woutd tibe to speak against the amendment tw the eill being propgest, for three
 29. provides an acceptable form df recoutie ot thepert af anyone wha is dissatisfied or aggrieved by the decision mady by the commissioner
 permit, and that appeal Siry is deat with by the Gruernot in cometi. Secondly, the proposed amantment does not maje it abundanty crkeat what would happen in the case of applifations made an the beseer
 satisfy the point of how would this thew proposes authority deal with urgent on the spot cases, which may require urgent revocation of a licence. We could find an whfortunate situation where a tience was not revoked because the authority had not mot in tiner and something unf゙ortunater may have resulted.

Fof those thtee reasone Qitr 1
camot. support the proposed amendment.
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Mar Chatram, that is a yery flimsy encuse for nat passing thit amendinemt body. All thase things that the Homourable Merbef spoke about can easily be raken inte consideratiori, and amendments cari be moved. ard the proper farmion put in the right plate. I do not think that what he is taluing about makes any semse whatsoever. Ard here againg ifeel it is pothacaly directed, not by the Civil Servants, dut by the ather section af Government, Anyway, I know it is going to bet defagter. but I thought I would put it forward anyway; afd just to say thet they have wasted the draftsman's time, some 450 words, three gheets of pepter ard Government fomes talking this morning a lot of foolimherse about Gayman Brac and about on the spot licensimg, ihen that fan masily be taken inta considerationi or bunch of rubtish!

MR. S. HAIG RODOEM: Mr. Chairmen I am rict sure that this is not going to pass because I am suppootitig it.

There has been a lot af
dissatisfaction amongst the pablim, with regand tot the fisumber of licences, and $I$ agree with the Membet that ft is rure dingoratio for a body of people to decide who can get ticenter that to have it in the hands of one person, no matter how responsible that phe parsot onight be. I agfee with him, that the dojections ts this motipn are fitmsy, and the fegulations for the Eoardr if the Eatadis set up, Eat bumade to cover all of theser and the lat can be amended to coyen appeals. and make proyisighs for इpecial fases to bex fegit witho br the Board is a small board, there is no reason why it Eatiot be calied together in a short time. I do not see any of thene gifficuities. I ana strong belliever in demorracy, and 1 belteve titat athen a majority of a Eoard make a decision, it is far bether than an individual. It is true that we have some boards mow that are hot fanctighing at ail. there is the case of the Frotwhion Board. 1 Hiderstand one membar has to find out what he will get out of it, before he agrees, but this is berause the Government has epred in the selfection at the buard members. But nevertheless, i still feel that the aystef shoutg continue where matters like these are dealt with by Boardsr and I fully support the Motion.

MR. D. ELZARD MILLEE:
Mr. Chairmant ituo would ithe to support the Motion, because I have had two instances fur partiwatar
 Neither of them had atiy ctimimel recort whatsoever. There was meally no accepteble reason that was given to these gentienen by the present licensing authority, as to why they could not have their bicumbes. In fact, one gentleman had had a licence for eightern yefre and never had any infmingement with the law end wanted to get another licence because he had let the ald one lapsefor a fumbur of years, simpy because he was not cultivating at the tifne he wes working on a job
that did not allow him to mativate. He sterted to rativate again: wanted a gun licence to keep rathits out of his ground and he was denied, and na reason was given really. I agreg with the mover that. the rationale on which Government has besed their objection to this anendment are not very sound. I have heard mothing fromithe Government Member whe spoke that fampt be pesolved. True regulations, I da not know what the urgent cases would tex where a revocatian of license would be necessury. I assume that if it was in the instante of somene commitumg a crime, the person would be put in Nortiliward, and the gun would be confiscated anyway.

I fully sumpot the mation I think it its step in the right difections There is a growing dissatisfaction in this country with the way fluearms are licensed, and with the obvious preferential treatment ghent to peopie in the licensing of firearma, namely Gun Clut meinhers. It was wepated ut. one time that you would have to be a Gunclad Memoef to get a litence. and although that is not one af the requimements of the tiw. it seffis to be pretty hear ene in practice, and I wotht telifye gir, that a Board would be certainly more democratic in the process and i woda think we would be relieving the commesioner of Folite of an area of responsibility that he would be happy fa relinguish, and one that might at presemt, and scmetimes cawse him wome emberrassmenta

I support the hation air, ind 1
hope that Goverrment will change its inind. At leest. I would like te hear from the other Memberg of Government, the rationale why they are not supporting the mation.

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Instead at juth voting ng....
MR. LINFORO A. FIEREON:
Mr, Chatromn, I atso supporit
the motion on the tasis of a Board betng mompmome denctoatic process aro way of handing licences for tums. I thimk men ohamman that this is a move in the right direttion, and it is tituthetwe move away from the old walomial system of the represoritabives of the Mother Country knowing what is bett for for whidien, t believe siry that this motion for a tame hill pat am parity fris oparation of Goverment, and let us give it the same sont of importante as we have in other boards. I canotiaccept the rationale of the Horiourat?e Third official Member, for refusing this motion Even though sir i believe, and I know thit he has a resporsibility under tiee collemtive responsibility system of Governgerta I bekieve in a Eate tike this Members of Exacutive Council should ash you ta alloy them to vote their canscience.
on the ather guestion of
appealing, I believe Gir, that as ir the case of the Frotertion Board and other Boards, ore would be appealing frow Catear tocausar. I see this as a
 this country, than upstanding caymanians. I would take a bet now. that perhaps more expatriates on this wourtry have thoreg gh licences than da the Gaymarians wha have approathet the Papion Depmement to have their guns licensed, In many cases, the reasong given bis have the guns licensed is not to ga up to the Gum ctub ohe saturday ta have fun shooting, sket shooting, or even pistal shooting, fut it is to protect their property from rabtits and other peetr.

Now Mrn F Ferident, I think wer meed to logk very seriously at this Motionn teifere giv, that it hes a lat of merit to it, and I think Gir, that we wotd de follawing the democratic process if licences were takento earag deblieve
 should be Chairman and Deputy Cheirman of the Eoard. that the Eaget should be comprised of upstandirg Gaymanians. The Goymatane in these positions are fuch better able to know the barkgrand ate the
integrity of Caymaniars semking gan licences. than wota somectie who it here on a contract for one or two years. b thint it is a bathward
 think Sir, that a Foard would move us afead =for fut us on a right democratic fecting.

I 5appett fitis Motion:
MF. CHAIRMAN:
I was going ta gay we mave
atready long past the time when we nomally take gat marifog break. and I was going to suggest that we might take it now.....
...I thint it will.....
That wold give tha...
..nnbe sometime pitla...
That would give tho Government.
MR. JOHN E. MCLEAN:
bench time to ehange bheir mind.
MF. CHAIRMAN:
Let 4 susperd......
Nat muth ehance metifat.
. . . . the Cominttae's proceedinge
MR. CHAIEMAN:
For approximatelyfifteenminates.

AT 11: 30 A.M. THE HOUSE SUGFENDED
HOUSE FESUMED AT $11: 57 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$
MR. CHAIFMAN:
Flease be seated.
The House $\begin{gathered}\text { is still in }\end{gathered}$
Commituex. We shall mesura the discussion on the progosed mbu Glatse 19. of the Firearms Eill. I think the Honourabie First. Eipeted Member


HON. RENGON D. EEANKS:

Thank you Mr. Ghempan.
I was aboft to say ma.
Chaiman that I rannot support the ptoposet anantnent, for the Meason that I certainly do not see the awtharity in particulan functioning in respect of the provisions of the law, regatdifag the revotation of liences, It seemy to me to be an importent function withim the lat to have the power to revoke licences spembily when cetriain information comes to hand. that in my opinton, is a functon tiat fan very well be carried out by the police, in a better manner that fould a Licensing Abthority: consisting af five or siopegis.

Mr, Fresident, I thitik that the Second Elected Member for Eodden Town in his contritution intead of supporting the amendment, really iflled ity in that, he indicated that from what he had harard about the workitgs of the frotuction Board, that mogt of these authorities woutd be likely to be polititixed, and therefore it would nat be in the best interests af the countwy get more boards to become political, than we have ut the monent.

I to not sae anytilng in the law as it stands which says that the authority must be a
representative of the Mother Country. Thers is nothing in out law or Dtherwise Mr, President, ta indicate that one day we will not have ont own Caymantan in the position that the individual who is rinu the authority, sits in. I would only like to say Mrafresident, fifither, that I am not happy to hear, berabag I believe that when any botrit is axed in the way that the Second Elected Menter for Eodden Town
suggested, it is regrettable, but I an happy to ktow that he has heard that it is at the Protertion Board level nows berabse I haga prigr ta 1984, that it was even at Executive Gouncil Tevel. that the consideration was what they wabldget out of it hefore decisions were made.

Thank yos.
MR $=$ G. HATE BODDEN:
Mr: Bhatrmath ithe matete of the
Boart belng unable to deal with suspensigns or with the pevoration of

 be given speaial authority ta ghspend atience tempomaily tatil the Beard eam meet and deal with it. I think thti alromdy emiets in certan cases, and there was a proyision in the boqur bet where the Chairman could deal with certain mat tern , and then take it to the mext meeting of the Eompt. The Member seems to have beefi confized by what I seid atout the Boards being political. What I sajd way thet although some of the present Roards are politiad: I woport the Bards rather than an individual makimg all the decteions, berabsed feel that it is more demorratic. The Merfer alse extithat the little matter of Boards beimg palitical is at the frotection gajrid level, but he knows thet sometime ayo it wis at Exer intue council level, ant probably if it was, it was lomgay its the time when he was

what I said wasn.....
MR. CHAIBMAN:
l think that es reseafro into
past history, you had better $5 t o p$.
MF. G. HADG BDDDEN:
I sait that $4 \in \operatorname{sphta}$ the fact
that Eoaros are political and can be politicaly and iem heve individual members, I still prefert the Eoard system tot the indivituat.

MR. JOHME. MCLEAR: Mr. Chairman l sufpert abe amendment before ws. I think it is a very grobd one, and my reasoty for supporting the Bill is that I have zeen many tines, when waptially farmers in this country have experienced matiy protides trying ta obtain a firearms licence. In most mases the paraons atre very reputable, and for some unforeseen reason they ane thened down bluntly. I feel, that if suth an authority in ettatifited, we could alleviate that problen, and my argument has alwas bean that it is not the person who is trying th be homest that we have proteleas with firearms, it is alway the one wha $\begin{gathered}\text { g going tg be dishonest ir any }\end{gathered}$ taser and if he is going to do a criminal act he really does not want a gun to be licensed. So I cannot see why we shoutd mot try to make it much easier, especially for those who ate trying to protect atid improve in the ares of rarming.

To 5peak atout zppeating to
Exesitive Council; while I was a member f"ar the Porifolio of Agriculture, I have had many times, to deal with matiens gurh as this one, and I mast adrit that it is jut like a past spestam hes saity if a recommendation is made by the folice it is fotmally upheld. Go in truth and in fact it is like appeaing Caesar to caesar. labelieve. if we have the authority ith placer and as previous ypeder has gaid. We give some sort of atstretion whereby the Chairiman for example, could, if there is an urgent matter, he could deal with it dutila a meeting could be convened. It would be much more satisfactory to our people.

Thank you.
MR. LINFDED A. PIEREDA:
Mr. Chajrinany I an still to seg and appreciate the real grounds for the Government tenrh not aceseptig the Hotion, becalse the Memormonda of Dhects and Reasors por this Bill contemplate that revacation of permit woula anly accur after. there was sufficient grounds for the revocation. In other words. it is not contemplating an immediate revocetion. It gitatis that the principai clause in this Eill is clause 12 whlth setks to tighten up those parts of Section 28 of the Law relating to the handing aves of firearms after the relevant licence or permit hem been mevoked. That would suggest ta me sir, that there would have ta te prime facie evidence or reasonable grounds for the reveration of the licences Eut the ispressian we are getting from the governont side is that this revocation is immediate. If theme ia any reasony for the immediate suspension or withdrawal of a gun, that would te done it ary tase Mr. Chafrman. So I really feel that that reason fa yery very flimsy indeed. That is not guffitient reason to oppose this motion before us.

MR. CHAIEMAN:
The Firct Electer Monter for
the Lesser Islands.
CAFT. MAEFY S. KIRGCONNELL: Man. Chatryen $\overline{1}$ an wondering bf the Honcurable Nember moving the amendment would mansider removing the revacation, becuase I really think thet that should te done by the authomity, not the Lixeneing Authority but them Poinem If the Eard could be fatablished for the gramting and andmamet of a ficente, it would probably serve the phrpose of what we all have hemeryere this morming is mecessiry. I think it is a legal matern when it je revaked, and werteinly you need a legal brait ta be dealing with thet. Maybe the Homouratle member maving the amendment. would consider thata
talking about really makes ary senser becaute querything they hava satd we have reblutted tu succesgfully, Every extuse they have made not to pass this amendment, we have shom them where it shoula be done, and I camot say any more thet would faus them to change their minds. I think they hive already made up thelr minds. they have got seven vates, they six actoss heres so they hnow they are gaing to win
 their homework as is usual, with things 屯hat I brimg across fron the Howse, and they are maing a big fistake, and they are going to be the ones to suffar for it.

MR. CHARMMAS

to speak further....
MR. D. EZZARD MILES:

MF. CHAIRMAH:

## Yеэ。

MR. D. ELZAFD MILLEE:
I take it that uther Members of the Government Eench have wither no irterest or no reasor for supporting or not supporting the Eill, as theve rot heare from them. The reasat given by the Homouratie First Elewted menber of Executive Council, suggesting that if it is left in an incividuts hands. The could be insersitive, monwalitical, non-moving, inhoman in making his decisions, and I belifue it is the essence of the whate protucin beirg experienced by upstanding law atiding gitizens in thlt fatntays i
 Commissioner of Falice is a non-politital; insensitive, jaberile at the moment, more like a pobot whogoes about performing his dutiss. i think what is heeded in some understanding, some additional input into this thing, and without wanting ta get persomel fin thig whate thing
 reasoming. Unfortumately, one can mily accunately getuct and ieam from ones own experiences.

Now Mr, Chatman I have an unrestricted limence for iz-gauge shotgun. I fave a restrictug lifence for a hand gun, and applifd for a licemce for a pellet gum
 refused. I appealed to Executive Council and got back the form letter that said 'we uphold the decisian of the Chief of folice in this maters. Wher I enquired $I$ was told thet they mould not give me a licence for a pellet gun because I might harm somedody with it. Now if I am gaing to harm semebody sir, I am going to carry what I know cando most harmy and thet is the shotation. Thits is the kind at irrational reasoning that I have heard from other people who have applied for a licence, that bothers me, and $\bar{i}$ beljever that $\mathfrak{i t}$ we had three or four people on a Board, at least gir. there would be some disewssion as to the merit and demerit of the licence, atid it would not appear to be an arbituary decision by gomeont wha known nothing about the individual. So I still feel gir, that Government should do a double take and $I$ believe that there are at least three people aver there, wha have been silert sofar, who wout life to gupeote this. I am wondering eir, if it is proper in try plafer though i kow they normally have to ask for it, if you would waive collective responsitility and let them vote a conscience vote.

MR. CHAIRMAN:
Does aby other Memter wish to
speak?


#### Abstract

HON. MICHAEL J. ERADLEY: Mr. Cheirman Sirr wat ijstening to the suggetion from the First Electood wember for the  of the Commissioner of Foince but frof a practical point of view. I see great difficulty in there being a sithation wherety arie bedy or one individual af one group has the pawer to issur licenses and another separate individumi or body that the power to revater. I feel that really, it is all duck or no dimner, that the awhomity ar person who issues licenses must be the Eathe person an hes the authority to take them away, 1 could sea potentially great conflict if there were two different badies trying to do the two different erids of the operation.


ME. D. EZZAED MILEEES

wonder if the Honoupzta Serand offitizl Meraber in the cases of crimitial fattors for instance, wherefteatins may be
involved, whether it is neeessary te have the litemte for the firearm revoked before the firearm can be confiscated?

HON, J. LEMUEL HURLSTON:
Mr. Chairman, I think I Ean answer that point Sir, tecatise that was the subutantive amendment contained in clause 12 . of the bill before the Ganimitee. ingection 28. of the princtoal law, licence at the motnent, can be unepended or revaked on writter abtharity, but this amenditunt was to enathe the authomity to demard the ifmediate sur"ender of the fireare upon arm revacation, so that there is provision form the licemce to be revoked and for the firearm to be handed Guet inmediately,
 permitted Sirt reference continues to be made to allegations of favouritism, and unfafilimpity on the part of the existimg pfasent Licensing Authomity, and if i would just cravithe indulgence of Honourable Menbers to reiterate my earliter aworatiog given to the Honourable Howse, that firsty, the Contsisgonar of Policu is an
 because of his apparent unfamiliarity with a number af caymanians: what happens in practice, and perfaps this will clafify for the benefit of those Members of the house who are not awne of ito is that the Commissioner does mot sit umilaterally on these applications. There is an intermal process that is hatyded primarily by caymantan Officers in the Foyel Gayman letands Folite Force. That prosess onte completed, thematter is then placed before the Gomissioner with a
 or unilatarally when dealing with such matters: The procedure is currently being yet further refined, and in fact: more caymemian Dfficers are being involved in the process ot eramiring applicant's homes to emsure that they have safe and proper farilitiss fet the storage of fipearms, and therafore the saggestion that. (a) there if
 irrelevant. The question of apperls going ta the Exeruthw omatil. certainly in my opinion, presemts quite a democratic apportanity in as moch as the Executive Council is predominantiy ermpyised of Caymanians, and these Gaymainns att on the apposis in ExEcutive Countil. And just for the tentfit of those persons who may not te aware, there arte accasions in whith appeals are sticemserai. So to
 whatsaever.

Thank you gir.
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
1 want.....
 athough I did not speak on the Eill, and it is late im the dey to file aht amendment, tut i think the problem with an appeal gito is that you are mever told for what reason you arim bethy lumed fown so it is very difficult to appeal a detision when you drinot know what, you are appealing againet. You just get a letter sayifg your fequast for a firearms licence has been turned dowh and you have the right ta appeal within six, fourteen days geven days to Exetutive ©ouncyl. I wonder if the Honourable member resporigitle, coutd give ats af assumance that while he is improving bhe internat herhanism fot granting the licence, ant making sure of Everything elso. that it would be possible to inforf the applicants why they are being refused
 to Executive Counciln Eecause they simply white a letter to Executive Council which is the appeliant baty saying that 1 wish to afparal bhe
 unless somehow you menage to find out why, ath you man get the ear af one of the members of Exerutive chumeil, and hope that you will get your case heard there, Sol an wondering if it is poseitio to tell the applicants whare refumed, why they are teing refused.

HON. J. LEMUEL HURLSTDN: Mr. Chaimman the Manter figi
North Side perhapr is unaware that apolications at the fament are mada on a prestribed form that applicants are reqtired to state the gramids and the reasons for witch their apolicatione are wede: the bioensing Authority's refusalis simply to state that on tha basis of the application submitted, ft does not considef that the applization has sufficient merit for its appraval and the appeal would simply then have to state the grounds on which the otigital application wat madar and to elaborate on the reasons why the applicant feete thet the decision should te gyertarned. Becadse the onus is rithe applicant to satisfy the aththorityr ot in the case of an apoeat. the Epecutive

Council, that there is sufficient merit in the applitation for it to be considered.

MF. D. EZZARO MLLLER:
but that is the problem you gee, and 1 国m finily yersed an whin the epplication requires. If you give two rewsons why you wint a licence and you mife not told in the letter which of therse tod peasons you were refused on, then how are you geing to enpoand your applicetion a Executive Council.
 is that if what the Honourable Member has just said is rorrerta what else could a farmer indisate on an application, tut the fact that he
 apply. The only reason stated is to haye something to protect their farmr and the same letter thet is in question is returner. 50 what other reason could he put down At the Member for tiorth gide has said, had he indicated whener peason, perhaps to protam his house or something like that, and it was turned down onthe basfe of that, I could understand its but if he is a farmet and me wants to protect his farm, and is still thaned down there is just me reasoning there.

MR. LINFORD A. EIEFSUN:
Mr. Chatronat on the question of the integrity of the commisioner of Folloeg I do not thint that this is in question, and $I$ would like to make my potition quite ciear. I think he is a man of the mighest integrity, and I believe that other
 President, under cur democratic process, justire must mat omby be done, but must always appear to be done, and regerdies of the
 any individual persom. We are talking about the estatifutiment of a Bata which no doubt, the Commissioner af Fable would chait". Some of Us Mr. Fiesident. felt that the predecessor banaisaiger of Polite wat an honourable man and of integrity, but time has proven that others feel otherwise. So it may be somewhat prematurefor $u$ fota start ary judgements in that respect. and, Mr. Presitint it is mot sur intention, or sofar l heve hot heart that trendy for as to starto judging the character or integrity of an individum. We are facte trying to uphold the democratic procestr and it is felt Eif= that a Egard would help $u s$ to de that. We ate also saying that tife Egadd would have tetter scope in dealims with applications, espetially if this Board were romprised of upstanding Geymatiang.

Mr. Fresident, 50 Far the arguments presented by the Government bench, really have nat in any way, supported their objection to aroart. the guestion of revomition of the licence by one person, by the comptistioner of folice or his Deputy is finsufficient ground for refusing tifs Mation becalise that individual could still be given that powern in any casempo
President, the bill presented here does not contempiate that sant of a
 event. If this was necessary, it fould be done we ere talking about following the mecessary protess of law. Mr. Chatrinim. where ifititwere necessary to suspend a licence immediately, that suspunsinn whitd be Garried ott. Revoration whid follow in acoortanse with the Memorandam of abjects and Reasons of the bill. Mr. Fresident, I cannat seet the
 trust Sir, that as suggested by the Menter for Nowth side that the Governomen Eemch would ask you to allow therm to vete their onficiences in this matter, and net be restriated ta the remstitution of collective responsitility.

MK. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr, Chaiminen, yat not.
intended to speak agajn tut gexirg that there ware fertain things mentioned that I think that 1 ought to speak ph iffor. watita say sir, that I, in Tabling this amendment, there was nothing formy ind concerning the commissionor of follice, I gee the many out thet is all I can say about hin, I have seen him he has never yet spsiken to the, and if he hads it was tarely a nod ef his head, so do not know. Eut the day that $I$ have carse to believe that there is a donetiction of his duties, he will get a tongue lashing frommer in the same way as the other one did. I think enotagh has been gaid on that girn

I wonder whethor any of the
 Know to be honesto citixens, who heve had lubences rop yeare and who have been denied a renewal. I womder if they hac any complainta?

HON. $\mathcal{S}$. EMUEL HURLSTOH:

that this is the tine ar the place to go inta any individuml cases, sim.



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not had amy complaimbs, befause J, as a trgpresentative af ther peaplar
have had quite a fewr and have advised fhem tagg to the fulevant
authority.
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MR. CHAIRMAK:
The Henourabia Phind Eincted
Member for Exectuve Bouncil.
 amandment Siri has merit to itr but on cherking with the Honotrable Second official Member, the gaid to accept this amendrent would meam that the antire law would have te be redrafted arm reurytyenr betause this....

MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:

Chairman would unbalance, or there would be subsequential amendmentig and this is the reason why...

MR. W. TiEKEEVA EUSH: You are getiting mited up.
MR. CHASRMAN: Are you taiking about an
amendment to take...
MF. D. EZZARD MLLLER: We are getting mbing diyision over there Sir.

MR. W. MCREEVA EUSH:
Yes. $\sqrt{\text { a }}$ know that they are beat.
sonscience is opening up now Sif.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
Fleasen Flease ust iet me ask
 Member of Exechtive Gouncil. Are youtaliking about an gmendrent do the clause proposed by the Serond Eiemted Member for iest Eyy to removed the gower ta deal with revarations?

BON. CAFT. CHARLEE L. KIRKCONMELL: GEMECt. Sir.
MR. CHAIRMAN:
Yes. I wew net absolitely clear
 I think that that woulo be sou that if you wete to take away from this proposed zuthority, power te deal with revoestion, then you wold neta to examibe the whale Eill and the whale present law again carefully, in order to make tense of the thirg.

MK. W. MEKEEVA RUSH Mr. GMairmary i would not agmee





 I have said, the day that I fino out that ho ja iot doing inis duty, you will heme about it.

ME. CHAIFMAN:
If there is no fotmbet Matar


HON. EENSON O. EEAMKS:

 Town keeps talking about the fact thot, there is mapowet for immediata revocation. I think if he refers to gection 2 g, af the fínctpal Law, not of the amending Sill, he will see that that provises for absalution discretign by the Authomity at the moment, toreroke the ticembe ata it. $\begin{gathered}\text { an be doms immediately. }\end{gathered}$

MR. LINFGFD A. PIERSON:
 the poirt that the member has so mbly hijhlighted, that t have beert



Why we are seeking to have a Eoard that would be more dencoratin way of doing it, so the Memter is quite right: he is just highlighting what I have said. Eut Mr. Fresident, what the Honotrable Third Elected Member of Executive Comeil ths gata, I think alst tears game noting. I mean, he has implifed, that fyen the formarable second Official Member, feels that to actept this Motion we rould fot do it in its present. form. Now, if it is se pmportant that sefont thoughts are now being given to the Motiont perhaps we should ask that this Bill be delayed until it can te studies a little further. I do not Eee the immetiate rush to pash this throwgh this gommittee. If it requires further study, let us da that, but because the guverment bench is supparting thig, there is no reasor why it needs to be pashed through at this time.

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MR. CHAIRMAN: Unless ary gther Mamber withes
to speak.
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MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Chaitman, l woutd suppory
the Second Elected Member for Gearge Town of that, because, in opening the debate an the Bill. I wid that I felt it time thet the
 now. It is time for a revision, and not just of uhese anencinents. I. would support thet gitr, but I know again that that is not galry to come to fruition, they have made up their mitits.

MF. CHAIFFAN: WEll, the actual question
before the Hodse at the moment is the question or whether a dause 18. as proposed ith your Notice of Amendment, should be appoved ar mot.
MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH: YeE Eif.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The Comitter of whethef ue..... There is not a question before
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: I could withdrew that Motion
Sir, and pht forward the one that the law be sent batit ta the doasing board to $\begin{gathered}\text { Gelect Committee. }\end{gathered}$

MF. GHAIRMAN: I do not bifir that 5uction
Motion would be in order at this stage, quite honestly. We ate in the midde of commitaee and we are deeling with Clachaty eladse by Elamje by clause.

MF. W. McheEva BUSH: We Ean dranyining we want to
do.
I wan oc anthing inat Gtanding
MF. CHAIFMAR:
Orders permit... (LAUGHTER).
5r. I shall now put the
question that the proposed claute 18 . moved by the Second elested Member for west Eay, becompart of the Bill.

QUESTION FUT: AYES E NOES THAT THE FROFDSED NEW GAAUE IB. ETAND PART GF THE BILL.

MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
Can I havie d divisiam Mr.
Ghaitman.
ME. CHAIEMAN:
sertainly yout catio

## DIUIEIUN <br> N0.40/86

AYES:
Mr-W, Mcfeeva Eusin Mr. Linfore A. Pier巨ari Mr. G. Haig Eoddet Mr. D. Exzard Miflef Mr. John E. MELean

NOES:7
Hona Thonas f. Jefferswit
Hon : Micitael d. Stadiay
Hona J. Lempel Hurlatot

Hon: W. Notinar Endder

Hon. vas.en G. doknson

ABSTENTIDNE:
capt. Matory 5 . kifrbcommell and Enatting cladee da tand part of the Eitl.

QUESTIUN FUT: THE TITLE AND EMACTING GLABE FBSED.
 Bill.

THE NGTAFIES FURLIC (AMENOMENT) EIM, 1789
CLERK: CLAUSE 1. EHORT TITLE

 question.

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QUESTIDN FUT: CLAUGE I. FASSED.
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CLERK: GLAUGE Z. YNSERTION GF NEW GECTIEN IO(A)


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do stand parto of the Eili. Untess ary Member wistaes t% speak l will
put that questitot%.
GUESTION FUT: CLAUSE 2. FASEED.
CLERK: A EILL FOF A LAW TU AMEND THE NOTAEIEE FUELIGG LAW, IFES
MR. CHAIFMAN:
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and Enacti+ng Clause do stand part of the Eill, Unless any Member
wishes to speak, I will put that questish.
QUESTIDN PUT: THE TITLE AND ENAGTING CLAUEEFPSEED.
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THE TOEACCO PFOQUGTS AND INTQXIGATINC L YUQE
ADVEFTISINE BILL 1786

CLERK: GLAJSE $\mathrm{A} . \quad$ SHORT TITLE.


CLERK: CLAUSE $2 . \quad$ NTERFRETATION,

| $\frac{M F}{d o}$ stand CMAN: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH* |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Members tould explain to the House what they were doing simking such <br>  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| MR, CHAIFMAR: |  |
| Electad Mamber for West Bay with a viety latge cigar urapod in shloy blatk papprr not 50.... |  |
| MR. W. MCWEEVA EUSH: |  |
| bribed, but I cannot be bribed. |  |
|  |  |
| debate ont this parti |  |
| MR: W, MEKEEVA EUSH: | You meta lose that mat |

The questiom is that Clatse $\boldsymbol{z}$

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QUESTIDN FUT: TLAUSE 2. FASSEG.
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 FFODUCTS.

MF. CHAIBMAN:
The atuestian is thet clatise 5 。



QUESTION FUT: BLAUSE B. FASSED.
CLERK: GLAUSE 4. FESTRICTIGNE ON ADVEFTIENENTS』



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put that question.
GUESTION FUT: CLAUSE A. FASEED.
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CLEFK: CLAUSE 5. REGULATIONG.

do stand part of the Eill. Does any member tiah to spaye Mo.
GUESTION FUT: GLAUSE 5. FASEED.
CLERK: CLAUSE O. DFFENCES.
MF. CHAIRHAN:


put that GuEttion.
QUESTION FUT: CIAUSE b. FASSED.
CLEFK: A BILL FOF A LAN TG MAKE FFOVIGIGMFDR THE DIGFLAY GF A
HEALTH WARNINE IA CONNEGTON WITH THE ADVEETTEEMEMT OE
TOEACCD FFODUCTS TO PRUVIDE FOF TVE CDNTROL TF ADVEFTISIAG

FURFOSES GONNETED THEREWITH AND INGIDENTAL THFRTG.
MR. CHALRMAN:
Thequestion is that the Tikye

wishes tr speak, 1 will put that question.
GUESTIDN FUT: THE TITLE AND FNEGTING GLAUGE PABSED,

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MF. CHAIFMAN: A Eill for a Law LG amerad the
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GU5toms Law.
THE CUSTOMS (ANENDNENT) EIL
CLEFK: CLAUSE 1. SHOFT TITLE.

QUESTIDN FUT: GLAUSE 2. FASSEE.
CLERK: A EILL FOR A LAW TO AMEND THE CUSTGME $\angle A W$ GEGSND REUTSIDK

and enactity clause do chariopart of the Eifla
QUESTIGN FUT: THE TITLE AND ENACTING GLAUSE FASED.
MR.CHATRMAN: A Gi il FGO a bu bo amend the

Fartmership Law. 1783.
THE FAETNEBSHEF (ABMDMENY ELLE \& EG
Clerki clause 1. short tiple.

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MR. CHAIRMAN:
do stand Faft of the Eill
QUESTIDN FUT: CLAUSE 1. FASSED.
CLEFK: GLAUSE Z AMEMDMEHT OF SECTUN \(7:\)
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dG stand partu of the Etll,
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dG stand partu of the Etll,
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QUESTION FUT: GLAUGE $\because . F A D S E D$.
CLEFK: CLAUSE 3. AMENDMENT OE SECTIUN SO.
ME. GHAIFMAN: The ghation is that cizuse 3
do stand pant of the Eill.
GUESTION FUT: GLAUGE 3. PASSED.
CLERKS GLAUSE 4. INSERTIGA OE NEW SECTION $20(A)$.

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MR. CHAIFMAN:
do stafod part of the Eijl.
QUESTIUN FUT: CLAUSE 4. FASSED.
CLERK: A EIL: FOR A IAW TG AMEND THE FARTNESSHIF LAW, IGOS.
    LAW 2G OF 19S3.
ME:CHAYFMAN:
    The quastiomojs that the Titlu
and Enactirg Clause dr stand part of tMe Eilla
QUESTION FUT: THE TITLE ANO ENAPTING GADUSE FADSED.
MR, CHAIRWAN: That cormbudes proweedinge in
Comm\ttee, The Houstumall nobr Mesuthe:
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    HOUSE FESUMED
    MF. CHALFMAN: Flease béseateda
Repoitts, ThE Trustos
(Amendment) Eill.
REFORTM ON BILE
THE TRUSTS (AMENOMENT) ETLL 1 S日名

HON. THDMAS E. JEFFERDOA:
M: Frowsiderts 1 have tor report
that a Bill shortly entitiled The Trusts (Ameridment) will togb was

amendment.


THE FIFEAFMS (AMEADMENTI ETLL IOQS
HON, - L. LEMUEL HUSLSTON:
Mrafrsejtent. I hove to werayt.
that a Bily entitled a Bill for a Law to amem The Ftrearme bat
 with the follouing zmendment:

Clatse íc. of the Bill was atmoded by inserting the wotas
"where fliat word appeers for the last time" intaediately beform the wotd "itt" ith paragraph (h).




THE TOEAEGO FRODUCIS AND INTGXIGAIME LOUOE ADVERTISINGEILL. 17 SS

HDN: BENEDN D, EGANGBB
Mr = Frestdenty $\quad$ theve torepopt
that a ETll shortiy entitled the Totacca Productu and intoxicating
 whote Hotsse ard passed witmout amendmettu.

1786.

THE CUDTOMS (AMENDMENT) EIGA, 1PES


Bilif 1986.
THE FATTNEFSHIF (AMENOMENT) BTLL 1956
HOM. THAMAS C.
 considered by a comint tee of the whole Hodse and pas ied witholt amendmert.

MF: PRESIDERT:
down for Third Reading.

Eills. Thitrd Readingt.

## THIBE READLNGS

THE TFUSTS (AIGENDMENT) BIIL ITES
CLERK: THE TRU劳TG AMENDMENTS EILL, IGQE.
HON. THOMAS C. JEFEEBSON: Mr, Fresident: I beg to move


MR. PRESLDENT: ThE quEstiot is that a Bill

Re日dity and passed.
I will put the questuon,
QUESTION FUT: AGFEED. EILLGIVEN A THIEDEEADING AND FAGEED.
THE FIREARMS (AMENDVENTY BIFL, A PG
CLEFK: THEFIKEARMG (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1 SSB.

MR. FRESIDENT:
HON. U. EMUEL HUELSTDN:


Readitg and passed．


## DIVISIDN <br> NO， $41 / 56$

| AYES：10 | MDES： 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hon．Thomas G Jefferson | Mr．G＊Haig Eodden |
| Hon．Michat J．Bradery |  |
| Hath，Jn Lemutel Humlstert |  |
| Horns Eensorn D．Ebanks |  |
| Hotr W．Nownimat Eodden |  |
| Hatio Sapt．Chamles kirkcontiell |  |
|  |  |
| Mr．W．折ckeeva Eush |  |
| Gapt．Mabry Ge Kirkcommell |  |
| Mra D，Ezamandmiller |  |

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\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { ASSTFidIDMS: }}{\text { Linford A, P才erset: }}
\end{aligned}
$$

$A G R E E D$ EY MAJERITY：BILL GIVEN A THIRD READINE AND FASED
MR．PRESIDENT：

Fublic（Amendment）Eill．The Clerk will Eall it ithinka

## THE MOTAFIEGEUELIG（AMENDMENT）EIGLY IGE




CLERK：THE TOEACGE FFDDUCTS AND INTOXIGATING LIOUOF ADVEATEGMG EILL，1986．







QUESTION FUT：AGFEED．EILL GIVEN A THIED EEADIME AND FASEED．

that is set down on today＇s brder Faper．



HDN，THOMAS CO JEFFERSON：

MFE，PEESIDENT：
I do net kinew，has the

Honourable First Ufficial Member consulted MEnters of the House about the timing of starting Finance comititee Neeting: and are they to start this afternoons or tomorrow martimg. Er?

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFEFSOM: I Have EOHSHted some Members. I have not consulied all Mr. Fresident, but I am in their hards. I would propose that we meet this aftermoon after lumith for finance Committee.

MF. FRESIDENT:
Would i be right in thtuking that in any case, as far as the House is concernedr we shall need to adjourn until a time and date to be arranged, because we do not know how long finance committee will continue, and we have no ather business? It is going to be convenient to den with all gither business at the time when Finance committee Feparts, and the bthen business we have? There is a little, it, is not very much perhaps Third Readings of one or two Eills and there are one ou two government Minutes to be laid and one gre two ether minor things. Edi, perfaps if we adjourn now, or if you were kind etiough ta move the motion of adjournment now until a date and time to be atranged, and then you could consult informally with Merbers about whether they are all ready to meet im finatice committee this afternoon, or tomprrow moming, ar when.

## AD JOURMMENT

HON. THDMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. Presidant, I beg to move the adjourfment of the House until a date to te artranged with Members.

MR. FREEIDENT:
The questuon is that this Howfe
do now adjourn till a date to be arranged. Unless any Menter wishes to speak, I will put that question.

QUESTION FUT: AGREED. AT 12:50.FME THE HOUSE STODD ADJUGNED UNTIL A DATE TO BE AFRANGED EY THE CLEFR.
(EIGHTH DAY)

## PRESENT WERE:

| GOVERMMENT MEMBERS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| FION THOMAS C JEFFERSON, OBE, JP | FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT |
| HON MICHAEL J BRADLEY, OC, LL.B | SECOND OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR LEGAL ADMINISTRATION |
| HON I LEMUEL HURLSTON, JP | THIRD OFFICIAL MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL AFFAIRS |
| HON BENSON 0 EEANKS | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR , HEALTH EDUCATION AMD-SOCIAE SERVIUES |
| HON W NORMAN BODDENS MAE | MEMBER RESPODSIBLE FOR'TOURITM $A V \Psi A T I O N A N D T R A D$ |
| HON CAPT CHARLESS L KIRKCOMATELL : | MBMEER RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATTONS WORKS AND DISIRICT ADMINISTRATION |
| HON VASSEL G JOHNSON, CBE, JT | MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES |
| ELECCED | MENBERS |
| MR W McKEEVA BUSH a | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRTGT: OR WRIST EAY. |
| MPS DAPHNE L ORRETTM | THIRD ELECTED MEMBER AOR IHE FIRST ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF WEST BAY |
| MR LINFORD A FIERSON, JP | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SECOND ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF GEORGE TOWN |
| CAPT MABRY S KIRKCONNELL | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR TRE THIRD ELECTORAL DISTRICT OH LESSER ISLAADS |
| MR JAMES M BODDEN $\therefore \therefore$ N | FIRST ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELEETORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR G HAIG BODDEN | SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BODDEN TOWN |
| MR D EZZARD MILLER | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE FIFTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF NORTH SIDE |
| MR JOHN B MoLEAN | ELECTED MEMBER FOR THE SIXTH ELECTORAL DISTRICTH OF EAST END |

[^35]
## ORDER PAPER

FOURTH (BUDGET) MEETING OF THE 1986 SESSION OF THE LEGTSLATIVE ASSEMBLY

TUESDAY, 2ND DECEMBER, 1986
(EIGHTH DAY)

1. PRAYERS

TO BE READ BY THE SECOND ELECTED MEMBER FOR BODDEN TOWN
2. PRESENTATION OF PAPERS AND RERORTS
(i) THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FIVE YEAR ECONOMIC DEVELOFMENT FLAN 1986-1990

TO BE LAID ON TEE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMEER, FINANCIAL SECRETARY.
(ii) REFORT OF THE STANDING BUSINESS COMMITTEE

TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS:
(iii) GOVERNMENT MINUTE TO THE 1986 PAC REPORT ON THE AUDITED ACCOUNTS OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS GOVERMMENT FO R THE YEAR ENDED 32 ST DECKMBER, 7985

TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HONOURABLE FIRST OFFICIAL MEMBER, LEADER OF GOVERNMENF DUSIMESS.
3. STATHYENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE GOVERMMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HONOURABLE FOURTH ELECTED MEMBER OF EXECUTTVE COUNCIL ON THE GEORGE TOWN FURLIC WATER SYSTEM.

## 4. GOVERMMENT BUSINESS

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MONDAY
ZND OEGEMBER， 1936
10：04 A．M．

MR．FRESIDENT：
Bodden Town．

Fがあyロが，
The Second Eiected Nember far

## PRAYERS

## MR．G．HAIG BODDEN：

Let Wis Fray．
Almighty gad，frum wham all
wisdom and power are derived：We teseerh Thee so ta direct and prospath the deliberations of the Legislative Assembly now assemtled，that ail things may be ordered upon the best and surest foundations for the glony of Thy Name and for the safety，honour and welfare of the people of these Islands．

Eless gur Savareign Laty OuEen
Elizabeth，the Queen Mother：Fhilip Duke of Edintafgh Gharles frinte of Wales，Diana Frincess of Wales and all the Royal Famyly．Give grace to all who exercise authority in our Gommonwalth that peace and happiness，truth and justice，religion and piety may tereatablished among us．Etpecially we pray for the Govermor of dir Istands，the Members of Executive Councill and Members of the hegisiative Asambly that they may be erabled faithfully to perform the respensible duties of their high office．

All this we ask for Thy great
Name＇s sake，Amen．
Our Father，who arto in Heaven，
Hallowed be Thy Name，Thy Kingdom come，Thy will be done，in earth as it is in Heaven．Give us this day our dally bread．Rend forgive us our trespasses，as we forgive them that trespass against as：And lead us not into temptations but deliver ws from evilu for thine is the Kingdan，the power and the glary，for ever and ever＝Amen．

The Lord bless as and keep us： the Lort make His face shine upon us and be gracious thto was the lord lift up His coumtenance upon us and give us peace now and always． Amen．

MF．PRESIDENT：
Please be seated．
Presertation of papers and
Reports．The Honourable First gfficial Member，

> PRESENTATION QF FAPERS AND EEFORTS

## THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FIVE YEAR ECDNOMIC DEVELDEMENT PLAE

## $1986-1790$

HON．THGMAS C．JEFFERSON：Mr＂Fresident，an the i4th Marchr 1985 a Private Members Motign was moved to appoint an Economis Advisory Committee．This Motion was moved by the Elected Member for North Gide and seconded by the Second Elected Member for West Eay． Mr．President，for the benefit of Members and listenets；labuld like to read the Motion，as l believe it will causs us to rexall what it is we sought to do．It reads：
＂WHEREAS we consider that a Flan should be formulated to establish the areas to which priarity should be given With particular referamee to the social，Educational． Medical．Economic and all other needs of the inhabitants of the Cayman Islands；

AND WHEREAS in formulating guch a fian it is Fintumbent to determine the sources and the amoutit of revente tifat will be regifired to finance such needs；


#### Abstract

BE IT REGOLVED that Govermment preparm a Five-Year Economic Development Flan to Estatitish the Social, Educational, Medical, Eeotomical and all other nesds of the inhabitants of the Gayman Isiands, the steps to be taken to fill such needs and the order of prionity to be given thereto as well as the manmer in whith it s proposed to paise the necessaty revenue de pinanco the Fild needs;

AND EE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that EGvermment lay sumh a Plan on the Table of thig Hothoungle House far consideration during iqg.."



this monning to lay on the Table the Cayman Ispans Etanomie Development Plan 1986-1990.

ME. FRESIDENT: So DfdEred.
MF. D. ELZARD MILLER: Mr. Fresident. GEAld I move
that the Plan be aceepted.
MR. FRESIDENT: I Meed to iook up suandifg
Orders, I would have doubted it because I do not thint you mave given me notice of that. You would be able to move that if notice were given of the motion. But $I$ do nat think it. is the gote of mation thet can be moved without matite.

MK. D. EZZARD MILLEF:
In that case Mr. President, ean
I move that the House resolve itself inta a commiteme under standing Order 24(9) or 10 in arder to allow some debate on the Eumomic flan, or discussion?

MR. G. HALG BODDEN:

second that Motion, and say thet this is am impothant document, and debate cannct be denied on it.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I quite agree thet there has got to be at some time to debate on the doument. It is a atestion of what procedure is followed to enable the document to te considered, and to enable the debate to take place. Couid you tell me again what Motion you were proposimg?

MR. D. ELZAFD MILLER:
(INAUDIELE
MF. FRESIDENT:
I do not think that would golve your purpose. That is the motion that is aroved without debate every time we go into Comittee. You could move amotion.....

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:

And it is a Select fommittee

24(9)(ij) if that ig what you

What I am getting at mir.
MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
President is that I de not think that we should just accopt it, and if it is laid on the Tatle and it is voted, l think we Mave acoepted it without debate, and wasld like a chance to detate it berause there are some things in ith that concerri me: and I brfught the ariginal Motion.

```
MR. PFESIDENT: I wes woncering what. mugcedure
the Honourable First. Dfficial member hat in mind, as this may molue
the mattem".
```

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFERSON:
Mr. President, I had hoped thet. once the Flan was allowed to be laid on the Table. I what fave given a brief deseription of the contente of the Plan and to recomand to Members that we consider the Flan sometime next year by meetings of Fimance Committee, tecause the financing portion of the fian is fat Eompleted. We wanted to lay it on the Table in grder to allow all Menbers to have input an it before we finaliag the dochment.
trying to deal with a petition, and it was stear, and inink you looked up the authorities youmself, that in Roberts Futes pr orders that once a plan ar any rocument is lat an the Table ant fa acoepted by the House, once you order it to be lald on the Table, there is an obligation wpon the Government to adopt a plat to carry it outa you do not need aperial motion that government accepte it. The fatt that it is laid on the Table is sufficiant to prove that Govemment has accepted it in principle. So, onte thig is done i think the
 Government Momber to move a motion that the House resolqe itserf into a Committee ta consider the plan. or that it go to finance Eoninittea if that was thought to be more appropritate. Eut we mannat haye the document laid on the Table and deny the Members the right ta debate it.

MR. PRESIDENT:
I thimk the question fis that atu whit stage deas it get detated. Eecatse if there were a motion that the Plan should be referred to Financa comitutes or to seme other Committee: I should not allow debate on the stbotance or the flam. tut merely on the prowedure for enating it to be concidered. it
certainly seems to me, that the plath neede to be studies ty Members and they have not yet had an opportunity to study it, before they cam be expecter to have measonable detate on tos futstance, a jebate on its substance at some stage is plaimly very necestary.

MR. G. HAIG EODDEN: MM, Fresident. under 1y (1) it is elear that if the motion is made, the Housw will have the fight to debate, but would confine themselves to the genersl principies af the Flan. Although you might net ga into every detail, just like the Budget, you debate the princigles, athas in a Eilli you debate the principles during the second feading, and in the comintefee stage you go into it time by lime. So, if the Member makes the arition inf the plan be referred to a Commitee, whether it is a womittea of the whole Howser or Finance Committeer which might be mote appropmiate, whuld think that there can then be debate on the general phinciples of the Flan.

MR. FRESIDEMT:
Well let me first estationgr now that the Honoupable first official Member has explained it is his \#htention to refen the flan to Fimance Comittee does the Elected Member for Wouth side wish to mave a mation thent it be meferred to some other Committee, and if so, what committee?

MF. D. EZZARD MILLEF: NG Sir. If that metion is moved by the Honourable First official Mellber before the vote is takent $I$ will have no problen with that Sir. My concerri is that we are all given an opportunity to debate it, it is a goodflan basically, but my concern is that we be given a matice to debete it. If the Member puts it to comintiee which has to sone a report back to the House, I have mo protulem with that Sir,

Well I think the Honourable First official Member did gay hewn hoping tomike atetemat about it. Ferhaps he will do that and then we will see where we gio

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFEFSON:
Thank you Mr. Fresident. The dorthento the Economit Developmant Flan for 1786 to 1970 is quite a subutantial doculient Mr. President. I believe it has somewhere in the range of 240 pages, but in order to try to summarize the contents of the document, f would say that it is divided into six parts, namely:

The Eagigroung Information - Fart in
Infrastrubtural Development-Fartz。
The Economfe Development - Fart 3 .
Social Development - Part 4 .
Development of Other Government Servites - Part 5. The Flam Implementation - Part b.

In Fart i, the document covers the general, historical and economic developinent diftim Cayman Islands, as backgroutd to the present situdiono it alse covers the historical growth of pepulation and mampower, estimates of current levels simee the last census in 1979, and projertions wo to the and of the Plan period in 1890 , and at the turn af the fentury in the yeat 2000. Finaliy, Part 1 sumarizay Natignal bevalepmett gtratrey with
parificular reference to employmentr infrastructural neteds and economis support.

In Part 2 . it alag covers the infrastructural deveropment areas upon witith the white aconomy depends, including roads, ports, infports, cominnicationt. enargy, water supply and sewerage disposal. tousing and foscuitig contapl. The major developments during the flan period here will be the sompletion of the West Bay Sewerage end Sewerage Treatment Works: Eorptetion of the George Town water supply; continuation of the roadtugg"ading programme in all three Islandsy and the uggrading of Gerratrd Smith Airport, Cayman Brae to the same international standard as owen Roberts at Grand Cayman. It is also planted to proceed with the construction of the new Generm fost office in George Town

In Fart 3. We deal with economic developmentr this covening baming, incurmate, toutismo industryr agriculture and aqua culture. The liavertament's man role here is supportive although aqua eutture is directily eantrolied by屯his Governamt, that is, the Gayman Istands Furtie Farti. The latgest contributor to the economy is either tourism of the fingnciai industry, and hopefully statistics whith we hope to gather ix the near future, will tell us correctly which is the largest contributar to ouf゙ economy. Tourisin accounts for most of the Government's annual expenditure in this aree as well. Ths fain bepitsil projects plamed during the period are an abatolir and fammers market complex, the farmers market to be completed in 1987 . We believe that both will assist effective maxketing and an incentive to lotal prodicets.

Part 4 af the fian $i=$
concerned with social development, and covers education health, social services, sports and recreationt in addition to cuttroia atid broadcasting. Duming the flan period. consideratle investment will be made in this area, second only to the infrastrutural investment covered earlier in Fart $z$. The major developments plamen comptise a new hospital to replace George town Hospitali a new complax to house the Commutity college for funther educationt a 5 enond Midata suboul and a second High School to meet, the griphing sthool popalations and a residential remedial fatilyty for childrentomext atlonemtive needs.

Going son to Fatt 5, M*.
President, it covers the development of other Gevernment services, primarily concerned with protecting people and property. These include the Police, the dadicianyr Legal Services. Legislative Assembly, Customs, Immigration, Fite Services, Frison Sarvices, Financial Services, Rudit and Government Information Gervices. The
 and a tiew building for the computars: a new Entrel gtation: traifilig facilities and a new sub station in frand Cayman for the demestic fire servise: more than doutling the atcomodation for inmates and adaing vocational training facilities at Northward Frison and the ádition of an additional Sumaty Court.

Part o. tries to capture Mr.
President, and is cothermed primarily with the method of fingmoing the plans implementations in addition, a scheme for the regular fonitoring and updating of the five-year plan is included. it is hoped ma. Fresident, thet in the late stmper or fall of fogit angther exercise would be conducted to update the present Plan, in orden tof fufill what we believe is the heed to have a Rolling five-vear Plan and when this exercite is completed we will have a plen thet maters for ipeg to 1992.

Mr. Ffoesidanta it is my
recommendation that the Economic Development Flan which is still in draft form, done deliberately to allow all Hongurable Merabers to have input in the final decumento and to allow all Membera of finatree Committee to disctas it and to decide an what financing we will raise during that period, and also with assistance from the finance
Department in Government as to what amount needs to be fifanced by Loan purposes, It is my intention Mr. Fresident, to call metinge at Finance Committee during the coming year, fow at the moment Christinat is upon us and we need some time to move away from the busitues, ama
 Islands, the spiritual and family meads that we sabady deserve on all occasions. Once the plan has been looked at by Finance comititee and reported back ta the Housemb. Prasident. 1 believe it is at that stage that debate can be taken or aliawed for each member.
that when the Flatr comes back fromatherommitater we will mot have a chance to debate it, beeause what. we will be detating then will be the
 Elear that when this Feper womes tack from bhe cumbitiem. the Humso will hot have a thance to debate it. Thay may debate thereport wn

 if we denied the Merntems the right to debake what is going to be a
 Flan. It is towthing Every area.....

me...sorry.
MR B. HAI G BODDEN:

this country, so we have to debete ; 品ir. youkrow what lam saying is the truth.

MF. FRESTDENT: What I am asking youto do is to say to me umder which Standing oroser it is tinat you inink the flam could not be debated, if the procedtre montemplated was foifoved Standing Order 19(3) \%

MR: G= HALG BDDDEN:
Yes Sir: it itoes mot meke any
provision at all for the Flan te be debetede Allit saysis:
"When such a paper contains propiatats the member gr the Government who presemted the papermay, fullowing consideration in committea, subsurguetifly sove thetr the House approve the proposals set out in the peper, without amendment or with swm amendment as he siay focorporate in


There is no bpecific provision
to debate it. While I.....
MF. FFESIDENT:
$\overline{1}$ do mat trink tint the
provisions of Etanding arder $\frac{1}{7}(\overline{3}$ would be likely to apply; if the
 Were to be followed.

HDN: MIGHAEE U. BRADLEY:

undergtanding is that the Honguratile first official member bac given notite of his intention ab a futume date to move that it be moved into
 House, which is en ehtimely different being.

MR. D. EZZABD MILLEF: Mr. Fresidentonet to Firamez Committee because Feports from Finance Committes afe not debatatler
 of the Whole House.

NR: PRESIDENT:

 be, and $I$ was wanderithg, well furthery just let me have a batiat my
 debatable, or whether sametimes they san te.

Standing Order preclude debate or Finance Gomitttee feports atrot

 mot know. Welly assume it was the intention, berimase he suid soy of the Hamamrable First Dffitial Member that after Fimarte commatabe had considered the keport, the keport shruld be debated. Let. us jugt make certain that Standing orders will net. lead us into ary giffficulty, ant
 the...

MF. D. EZZARD MILLERE
No Sir, I arn not worried aboth
the Honourablefirst Official Member Sir, but as linternd to move thet
 different interpretatinno g we watt it all techtitally workat out. think wewould have to goto a regular gommittee whose Report can be debated.
for a Committee that had the same owmposition as Finance commituee but was mot actually Finamoe Gumittee，morn idering tle Elemted Members and the．$=$

The Plime dres not actually purport to apprapriate funds in the same way that abplementary
 fact that it had been considered by Finance committae would prectude debate at the time at which Finance Sonnituee feproted，becaxae it
 the provisions af Standing 0 oroer 63 to 67 and bs relate ta tine appropriation of fumds，and this ig somethimg rather tiffermat．

I thint irtany case it will me entirely clear from the records of Hansard that it is the firm antemtiaf both ar the Memter wonewroed，and af both gides of the house
 is right anc proper that it showld be debated．I ranrot．©onceive that， even $\overline{i f}$ in due course there were to be $\quad$ gienghen or there were to be


So，thy wimblusiot is that I do not think there is any danger in having Finance Gompittee rather than
 appropriate，subject obvioushy t口 the wimhes if the House，that the Report shauld be Eonsidered by all the Elected Menters with the Henourable First Ufficial Memben．

MF．G．HAIG BODDEN：
 on why fe canot be debated now？Every otrer matter that has gone to any Committee，whether it was a Motigh a Faper or whatever it was has beer debated in this House time after timen I have raver Known of a single instance where any doctiment reftared wo amy
Committee has not been debatedn We have a right to debateritg motion before the Housm．We have 泉rigit．．．．

MA：PRESIDENT：
With respect，\＆ifere is mot a
Motion at themoment．
MF．G．HAIG EODDEN：
Yes．．：
MR．PRESIDENT：
No．
MK．E．HAIG SODDEN：

treferred to a committae，whether．．．

## MR：PRESLDENT：

He did not．

MR．PRESIDENT：There ig Ha Motign af the
moment．
MR．G．MATG BODDEN：What errew going tit de with
it，burn it？
MR．LINFDFD A，PIERSON：
Mr．Frestotity at a Foint of
Order，If there ys mo Motion before the House，then section gily of

 rejected．If it is rejected：then it man be debeted．go if the Member wants to also have the Motion or thereport refermed to a Select Commutteet then that is imbeed a motion，he has ta make a motion。

MR．PFESIDENT：
I an mot sure thati i have
 viewr apply because nobody has moved a motion thet the faper lie ar the Table ou be printed，or be rejerted．．．．．．please sit．doth while I am speakifg．The Paper has simply best laid．It wout berpositler you are quite right，fig a member to move a motion tnder standing urder 24（夺）（ij）but the Honoufable First gfficial Membet tias foty in ay view，yet moved such a motiona Hen has simply aingunced an intention of plationg the Feport beforefinatue ofomitteefot



the House referring them to the Comittee. They are simpiy piaced before the committee by the Financial gecretary, go then hot moved a motion yet, he has said that he intends to follod what is quite a normal procedure of plating eertaim business before finante comatater.

> MR: LINFORD A. PIERSON: May I 三pent now Mr. Fresident?

## MF. FRESIDENT:

Yes.
MR. LINFDED A. FIERGON:
You went ta great iengths ta erplain that. I believe ingst gf us understand the Standing ofders Mr. Fresident. $\ddagger$ a the order Paper of the diay is calling for this Report te be laid on the Table of the House, and if he has hot made a motions s would ifke to make a motion now, which I can da under 24 igl it withot notifen If it is all right with you sir, l watid tike ta mak that motion.

MK. G. HAIG BGDDEM: Just before you pit it Mr x
President, there $\bar{i}$ a Motion from the Member for North side, which was seconded by me that this go to a Gommithee, and that Motimn has not been voted on.

MR. FRESIDENT: My understanding was that he did not want to pursue that. If he wanted tor then it does gegm to me that it would be perfectly possible for hifn to ab en.

ETANDING ORDER $24(9)$ i!
MR. D, EZZARD MILLER:
Mr. Fresident. I did not mean
to create such a beehive sir. Eut I am concinghed if we gent this matter ta Finance committee. I do not believe that that is ifo correct place for it. I think we should either get uf a select committee or a commitee of the whale Hotase ta deal with this fian. My concerm ites in the fact thate when it comes back, if there is disagreement Etcetera, somethay will get up and jay that on a Feint of Order it is a Report from a Finance Committee therefere it in demmed to be acceptable and it is not debatable. If it is not going to be
 First official Member of Government, I would like to move my Motion under Standing Order 24(9)(if), that it be sent to a gelect compittear of the whole House.

MR. FRESIDENT: Qf the Whole Howse or of all the Elected Merbers and the Financial Settetary?

MR. D. EZZAFD MILLER: Uf the Whole House gir, betause we are all up in here, I think of the whole House. I think thore are going to be matters in here that Eorcert the 三tructure of the civil Service, the complement af the civil service, the Administrative Secretary should be there; there are going to be materg in here where we are going to nead legal advine, the Attorney betheral shotid be there. I ammoving thet it shoutd be sent to select committee of the Whole House. I do not think they should te able to run and hide sir.

MR. PFESIDENT: Very well. I thitityou are entitled to move a motion of that kindy and it is moveatie withost notice, and if you will confirm that I am corret, the Serutid Elected Member for Eodden Town did earlien azy that he was secomding your motions as long as that wes the motion he thought he was seconding.

MR. E. HALG EODDEN:
Mr, Prestident. 1 want to secthd
it, but I want it elear that this Mation gives us the might tadebate the document that is before the House, fhd temhntabities caniot te used to prevent the demacratic process, or to frustrate the demacratic processes...

ME. FKESIDENT:
If youk have tomfrimed that you
are secinding the motion....
MR. G. HAIG EODDEN:
I second it, and I maintain my right to debate it as soon as you pat the question sir.
moved by the Elected Member for North side and has been geconded by the Second Elacted Member for Bodden Town.

If the Elected Member for Marth Side wishes to speak ty his motion he may.

MR. D. EZZARD MILLEE: Speak ta iby totion or the
Economic Flan Sir?
MR. FRESIDENT:
The Mataty matiothet he should
always be relevants and therefinne he speaks to the Motion.
MR. D. ELIARD MILLER: Tignk you mh. FMESident.
hope everybady else will be sir.
I will be very relevant, and I
The mation is moved eir.
becatase I think that the Eronomic Filan is a vary compretiongive
document. Government has dame a lot of work on itr arid 1 thimbthe Assembly Members meed time to study it ima Geiect commitefen

I inave that the mation be sent
ta E Select Canmittee.
MF. G. HAIG EODDEN:
Nur. Fresident, I must admit
that in 14 years herne this is the first time i have really tecome frustrated. I have seen every demberatic principle htown throughout the British Commonwalth thwarted by techmicalitios to prevent the people of this country from knowing what is happenitg.

The Efonomic Piaty which is the
subject of this Motion is, and codad be more disastrous to tios country than the 1975 Development Fian which was put forward at that time by the two leaders of the Elacted Membership of the Exectutive Council who are now here to day sitting in this chanter and patitig forward this nonsense.

MR. PRESIDENT:
The member finst speak to the
Motion, he knows that.
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: I am mpeaking to the Motion
Sir. because this motion seakt to ram down the throats of the putic and Economic Plan which is fashioned after the Fivemyar Econtmic Plans which were started in Russia, and which today not wen fussia accepts any more.

We Gnderstant from the
Honoutable First Official Membef thet this Five-Year as it is calied, Financial Flan is already out dated since it bovers the periodfrom the ist January 1986 to 1970 , and this is the whole problem. This motion will seek to eover up what is in this Flan so that it wili never be kmown outside.

MR. FRESIDENT:
Is the Member seconding the motion or speaking against jt... (LAUGHTEF). My undefrstanding had been that the Member secended the Motion....

MR. G. HAIG EODDEN: You know the purpose for my seconding the Motion....

MF. PRESIDENT:
Weil I thitak I do.
MR. G. HAIG EDDUEN:
....is taget this debate which
you are trying to deny, and this is wrong. I do not care whether you are the Governor or the President of this Lagislative Assentiv, the people of this country have an inalienable right to jemocracyr and it is disappearing from this Chamber.

MR. LINFURD A. FIERSON: HERE here:
MR. G. HAIG BODDEN:
The concept wf Enomic Plans
started in Russia. It started because the rocmutista foufid aut the one way to control the paople, was to contorat the ecanomy and to halt development through fontrolled growth, and this is why today this Flat has not been laid in the normal fashion. This iz why the proper motion was not made. This is why the Honourable first dfficial member of Government had his ditections clearly farked in hou hew wuld hande this Planr keep it off the figur of this House, and send it to a Committee behind closed dobrs, as they were difna in ig7ड with fhe Development flan until they got throwis sut of oftiten

Come from this flan, but my concern is with the averall picture of what has happened te this country since Noyember ige4n we have gone from democracy to socialistitito controlled Esongic Fiang, fnto controlled planning and management of every area of ath lives. I mut. say that this anti-growth movement, which we have seen in the Government has collected along the way some strange bedfellows, ranging from the aristorratic conservationists worrying about the diving spots an* their grean parrots, to the extremists who have tean eager to contemn the copitalist system which we had enjayed. Youseer these people believe that the economic growth of this country can be brought to a haltr ar should be brought to a halta great least deliberately slowed down by controlled planning af which this Five-Year Economic plan is only a small part, because there iy mare to come. We hear about the Tennessee Flan that is coming.

They believe that Eronmit
planning will be sur salvation. all of adaden. people wha did not do well in their swn fields, and I am tatking about the expertis, have now become our Messizh and our medicine man all in ghe. gut instad of using voodoo dolls they are using digital computers. Dhe half of them are saying that economic growth fo bad for thy whether we ean have it or not, and the other half is saying that fontinued growth is impossible, whether we like it or not. I hava piever seep 50 much negativism as I have aegrl in this documant which is the subject of this Motion.

And Sirn $t$ cati ashare your that you will not have any trouble getting members to their feet, as you did with the Eudget Debata, because when I am finished tomprop when my four hours are ups they will be quite ansious.

## Mf. FEESIDENT: <br> The Merber will have to pinish I think before that. I have already twice drewr his attention to relevance. I do 50 a thirt time, if l have to do go again he will have to stop.

## MR. FRESIDENT:

You cat thy any techmicalitiey
Sir. that the chair can ase. You will not stop me until....you raaliy show this country what you are after.

It has been proven over the
last two years that the slower growith of the eramory hat made it almost impossible for the Govertment of the Cayman istands to function. It has made it difficult, and we are making a mistake boday in accepting the flan, even in discussing it. That wili be at curtailment of the economy of this country.

A misteme in a criminal triai
might result in an intocent person being aondenned, but a miskake in the economic affairs gf this country, could well mean that thousands of future caymanians would be facing the same type of livelihood in the futwre that some of aur neightours in the Caritbean and ather countries who have adopted these soeialist and these eomininist. ideologies, are now suffering, and this is why i am alarmed.

The attenpt tie kexp this Plan
from being debated, is simply a comtanation of Government" strategy over the last two years of fooling the public, of deceivitig the public into believing that they are the best money managers in the world, when the truth is, that they have not been matagingr they simply have not been providing the servites which this country heeds. and it is brought out elearly it this Plan. If wio lowhet the eapital expenditure for 1985 and 1986 and see that it is one half of what it was in 1984, you can see how the putblic has been deceived by the Government information releases; by the propagande winth they put on the radio: by the propaganda which is spread in the mewrpaper, and the public has been deceived into believing that they are mathaimg the country, when truth is they are etrangling it to deeth.

Thers is ar subtanmeat all 1.4
this Report, I see no need for the serfecy in which it has been enveloped today, and I see mo heed for the atyempts to enfpple and wo curtail the debate upon it, because this plan is entering into every phase of our human lives. We heve just debated the Eudget which uas a document of nearly as many pages: certainly the pages wene pigger, a document filled with complex figures, and that was handed ta us the week before we debated it. just the same..."

MR. D. EZZARD MTLLER:
Mr. Fresidend on a Point of Order Sir. Can I draw your atrtention ta btanding arder $34(1) . .$.
$\qquad$

MR. G. $H A I G$ GQDDEN:

MR. PRESEDENT:
MF. G. HAIG EODDEN:
PR. FKESIDENT:
can Eantitue.
MR, D. EZZAFD MILLEF:

 of the Motion 1 do not think that a detate on the Budyet adaress is
 attention to relevance sir.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Well, $\overline{1}$ 屯hitat the Eecund Elected Member for Bodden Tawn wha failedto make fig Eucget geemeh is trying toget it in now! I heve alre neged for relevince. I do so aggin.

MF G. HAIG BODOEA:
Mr. Fr"estimat, they ctarmat upset mer they are not well tranded enough for timatatorey have to go back to theif communigt schorl...
 trained boy we are talking about. We are talking about a faitit of Qrder and a procedure.

MK. G. HATG EODDEN:

they cannot upset mer I am very comfortatle mow, and $y$ wifl not be upset.

Mt" Fraesident, tr put the mind
 hours on this. I will get in bit my fowi houf s oft the Goveriment Minutey which will be debated, hopefully sonetime this week . Bince ofher Members do not want this debated, they strout mot speak.

MR. FRESIDENT:
The member knows very well: all We are asking him to do is to be relevart to the topic that ic uncet debater He may comtintá.

MR, G. HATG BEDDEN:
This fis a $\because$ Ery serious day in

 words, athough win art interrapted, although we are bftet put down by you Sir, but I will let you ktow, my head may ber bioudy but it is unbowed. In the past I stood against the same problems that we have today, and I am prepared to do it again, and agayty berause this Motion may result in the total acteptance by the getuct commatyer of this doeument. For a person in a minoritys jif is alwiys minast impossible to speak in the open Howse. Whet do yohthink these boys do to me behind eloced doops? They moye tha closuta motions, they ridicule us, they use their mactinery vote and out herey I find it difficult to say a few words. But gity if you can tolerele me today. I shall be on until I have used the entire time alloted to men

I am alarined fhat tife pation which I an disebssing had to be placed befote this inguse. I had expacted that when I arrived here this morfingr wotld heye been able to debate this Economic Plan in ath orderly fashion. I did that expect that my debate would have to te Eeftered upon my democratit faght for have my say in this Legislatuter dand we are arifting to wherer if the breaks are not put onr we will sosh be worse Eff than tuba, Guyalia, Foland or any of the other sountries that initialiy acoepted the
 became sentangled and could no iomger escape.

This Fiveryear Flan shombo not
 I had hoped that a sensitie platy may fiave evilved. Gut what has fhe

Government done? where did they get the plan fron? They brought in a man who was an expert to white this flay for the Gayman igiands. I do not know whet he knows about the tayan Islands, itanot know what he knows about our wey of life. I do not know what he knows about the things that have built this rountry. I do mat know that he knows where we came frofn and I do not even know if he khows wherg he wants to carry us.

These Fivemyear fians, like the
 not taken into account the continuous development of hew hateriats and technologies. They do not take into account increases in the warlds' food supply through imprevements in agoictiture. They do not take into account the reduction in birtin rates, and it is just a simple exprcise in statistics. He vomes in here and the Department of Statistics, or maybe the Government Departments feed some information into him, and he takes that and comes wo with some magic figure that. we will spend $x$ afount of dollafs over the thert five years and we will build $x$ amount of products over the next five years - same old Fussian philosoply.

I am aganist this Govermment
drawing up what they call a Master flan for the next five yoaray and I am most against it becaute this flan has not been made putife if this debate goes on the ain, it will be the first news the patioc will haver and perhaps they will never know what, is itiside it. berabse as I an being effectiveiy contralled today, so will it be when the feport comes back from the Select Cominttes. It will be an amenmplished fact. rammed down the throats of the putlic tike all the rither things done by this Government since 1934.

This flan refiacts. not the prionities of Governments how could it when the bovernamentiover wrote it? It refletts the priorities that the expert they brought in agreed would be good after they had brainwashed him on how they want to bok pretty sver the next five yearn, and Eipecially gyer the next tow years. Ferhaps, they told hirr what a bad image they now haver and he must try to dress it wp. We are old that along with this Esongme Flan will come the financial flan when i think meana exteatarationo When the Government accepted in 1975 the Development fian they accepted a United Nations Document of which I still have a Eopy, that told them that they wodld heed differmot kinds of takation from the ones they had. And, if today this House accepts fhis plan and allows it to go to Committeer they will find themssives saduled with a new taxation to pay far the capital projests to make the govemomet look good - there is no free ride. what alarmsmeabout this Fian fis that it is not a singular fiter, if it were, I would mot be ma disturbed. Along with it comes the stales of payr the same as fhemensian plans which will be set by Government in the Labour Law when it comes. The standard rates and the premikm rates, and sa it is all patit of a whale package designed to ffustrate and to humbug the eronomy. Do we heed so much planning in a little two by four lsland? Why da we not gtop the planning and get on with the job? The most alarining fant is that the Five-Year flans of the kussians never worked berause the per capita income in Russia, and the per capita intome in the united States and Canada are vastly different. The per capita facame in Russia is much lower, and this is why f feel so sfrongly, and i trust that the House will agree when I reach my fout hourag to allow the suspension of Standing orders so that I can contionio.

This Metion seekn to deal with a document which will provide ws with a beatitfully plantiod ecorimy. Now the phrase 'plarned economy' sounds well, but in practice it gives rise to endless protlems because we are not dealing with sardifes or cans of condensed mitk that you stack on a shelf in a supermanket. You stack these sardines on sherf and they stay in heat little rows. you pack your condetised milk ght the shelf and the eati stays the way you put it, pight side up. But this does mot happen what you are dealing with people. This does not heppett when you ate dealing with a country's economy, this aimply does not happenr hecatse the forces which control our ecoromies are sometimes outsioe the plannera. The planners themselves admit that it is gaing to requitre a vast. bureaucracy to haye this plan perforfundur the rigis rules that have been set - the same problem that they have in Fitsiay.

> If I tan dare to treper to me section of the Plant you will see inat the piannans have set rut the machinery to employ the fany people who are going to be necessary to make this Flan work. For those Membetrs who have heari studying the Plan over the week. they will see what sectiot bot deats with the Economic Flanning Unit which it to be set up, and if a Menter reats mos
other part of this Plan, but b.4, the member would fave tam reject this Plan.

MR. FRESIDENT:
I think I am gaing ta interrupt
the Mefober now to take gut sustamary morning suspensigmo and y will suspend proteedings fur approximately fifteen minutes.

AT 11:20 A.M. THE HOUSE SUSFENAED<br>HOUSE FESUMED AT 11:40 A.M.

MR. PRESTDENT:
Eodden Town.


MR. E. HALG BODDEM:
Mr. Presiderity I hed bérit
dealing with the matter af the amatht of staff and haman mexaluces that will be necessary tromke this Plan wouk This ita ong of the main reasoms why I feel it is wrong to adopt such a Flan. I mentioned that the document itself maker this very mlears and I sajd that Memters reading this section must reatise that the Flan meeds wo be rejected on the grounds that it is going to cost a lat more than we mow expect. Because, fom the Flan to furmtion they hometo set up an Economic Planming Unit within the Administration Geむtign of the Deparkment of Finance amd Developfont, This is alafoing, and l think, it ging of zhe reasons why this Flan meeds ta be rionsidered chapter by chapter ; by a Comaittee. We know that in the retent Budget with which we are dealing, the Howse actepted the hew services put farwing a and while I did not mount the fotmber of new people added to qfe boverrinent
 Service is growing very larger and if we are going bo impiament this Five-Year Economic Flan, we are going to Meed a lot more people to do it. The New 息ervices I think elready take int a abecunt a part of the increase. So we are going to have a HEw department within an existing departmenty and for mareal purpase at all. It has bey mentioned that the key purpose of thing anft. will be to devalop a syatem for the
 that defisions relevant do their froplementaitan may be made. And what
 this Five-Year Euonomim Flan is reglly orly the begimning. "Im order to facilitate the newessary pueparations for propesed projects, and the Effemtivecomtrol of curnent projects in the Econcmim Devalepront Plan, it is necessary to ithtrodute omonitoring procembre". Aow that statement alome, thould make memberg aware that it is meresaary to
 carmies with it very semious implíations moneywisea Tfiep purpose of such a procedure would te two fold, (1) tg ansmerthe availatility of
 project; (2) to itertify any comstraintato projectas due to start, and

 the lines and hopefully undergiand what we are putting oureeives into. Because this plan apparently will absimb our entire livesy will


 before the House, and tha Menber knows better than thäs.

MF: FRESIDENT:
Yes. I have ispd the Nemher gf that several times already. He is dinimg his best i think to tie what he is saying into the Motion, but he ja labouring under game diffyculty.

MR. G. HA I E EODOEN:

 would, he has difficulty in understatydig simple things.

HON. BENSON O. EEANHE:

MF. G. HAYG EDDDEN:
 nonsense...
 Is the Memoer ricing on e
further Point of Oraer，and if sa what is it．

HON EENSON O．EEANKS： of Order on melevanEegir．<br>I amparsicting wity the Fourt

MR．PRESIDENTE
Welly $\quad$ have already ruled on that the gecond Elemted Member for fodden Towm is montinuing danger af being irtnelevant，and 1 remind him onte again not to expose hinself to the point at which 1 an obliged in arcorganct with the provesions of Standing Jrder 4i（t）I thinkitis，to askhim tudesist and stop．

MF．G．HASG EODDEN：
 aceept any ruling from the chair，pruvided foat it doEs hot sept to ctrtail my democratic right to speak．and as far as the interruptor is concerned，he finds it diffirutt to get up to tombibefore mer yot he continually interfupts me，If he has anything tormontmbute to the debater why did he not get up and say it．te found him glued to the chair durimg the Eadget Debater unatie to arsimer the many crititisms hurled at him just bectute I did mot rise．

MR．FRESIDENT：
I think perhap＇s the Member would get back to the Mation we are debating now．

MK．G．HAIG BODDEN：YEE Sir，hat I Em worried ebout
 suffers．

MR．PRESIDENT＂
Well，just keep yout wロッドアセ』 tG
yourself for the monnent．
MF，G．HAIG BODDEN：
The need for this fian to be
studied by a Committee tecomes more otvious as tho Honourable First
 of this Flan．He is a part of the Governamentwioh has laid this Flan
 Plant and just as that Plan hay to be destroyedr it is neressary wo destroy this one，because every evil that exieted in the ip7
Development Flant is inherent ift the Fian which the Government is now putting forward．Andr these ate the reasons why this Hothe htst approve the Motion which is beforio it，and send this Plan to a
 Government has made a mistake in putting forward smig Finit grad agh understand what must be going throwgh the ming of the Firct eveeted Member of West Bay since he ranhet keep quiet．He mast be having
 House，the Motion whim 1 seconded tir send this plan to a bomititue．n．

MR．FRESIDENT：
I think his frustratiots is that
you do mot speak to your own Motion．
MR．G．HAIG BODDEN：
Mr，Fresinent，the Motion which
 suppoft the Flan itselfr but since the Plam itseiffis not the subject of my discussion，$I$ would ljke to say that i feet that the gommittee needs to carefully scfutitise this Plan，or what gutpurtis to be a Flan．The committee will have difficulty making rienommendatabis． This is mot a Plan，it is a shappimblist，it ís acipital projects list；the same type of ligt that the Fubtic works has been called upan over the years to prepare at Budget time．Thioughout the vear the Fublic Wiotks Committee has Evaluated capital projectar mede
かecommendations and put forward those recommendeturns torgovernment With proper costitgs and buvernment has had to decide whether it could
 diffictutr becamse perhaps it will seareh in wainfor a Development
 Plat which will show improvemmit in our life stylga They will search in vain．and that is why thig Motion which is bufort the Howse is an




Mary and all the other peopie of his like found out that, if you want to subjugate a country, the best way ta do it. the surest way, was to destroy the economy. Do flot leave the economy alote to worl with the forces of supply and demand Do not leave it alone ty whrk with the resources available, but control tif have Fiveryar Ecotomic fians. The concern that $i$ have, is phe which the Coinfituee must examine, is whether this Flan, once it is implemented, will then flove out ithte the private sector, and if we will not have Govarnmant coming back situe they are the great platnems to provide a Flath far the mbtite Islands. These are serious implications and we are temadity upan dangerous ground when we enter the areas upan which this Motion is based. The comatter mast constagn this Plan because it is monitoring will put excessive strains upon the computer programme of covertment, this is borne out also by chapter 6. 4 of the flan, and the commites full well bhows that guer the last couple of years the fovernment has spent a lot of pormey on capital equipment for computers, for staff and for trainimg of persomel, and this flan is going to put a heavy burden upon the confuter programer and this is an area that the bommittee mast axamine in great detait. It is planned to develop a compatar programme of tiplp achieve the aims of the Plan. This ehapter outhines the computer reports to be produced, the input required and the timing requirements toth for monthly progress and for thege activities, and for the monthly progress and the anmal updates of the rolling E-onomfe fiana The focal point of these activities will be the Eronomir flanming Unit. In turn the Unit will report regularly throgit tha financial gecretary to the Eqecutive Cotheily where the newessafy decisiots apisufg f"nm the monitoring procedure will be taken. This seans th be a serious departure from the system of bovernment we has enjoyed, because all major capital projects had always been under the finme af the finanse Commitee, and I believe if this plan is adopted and if the comititer when it examines it, actepts this portion of the plan, it will be ultra vires the constitution. The abtity to contral geveriment funds will pass from the Finance Commitee to the Ekerutive Council. Sor this Committee will have the biggest burden of its liffer toakmine this Fian in its miriad detaily, and perhapm nopefuly zo rejectit. Ferhaps this is why the Honourable First Elected Member of Eacocutive Council did not want me to touch upon this particulat reason for the Committee's examination of the flan.

Another alarm the committee must have in addition to the eost, the manpower, the computefn programme and the exercise of the authority of the Executive councilo they must alse consider the time that will be conshmed on these projects, because they have to follow, like ali the kussian plans, a very rigid systam of monitorimg and reparting ant even the shallest decisions will not be taken at the pperational level of the projects. What 1 think we are going to find if this Flapi is followed to the letter, is that there is going to be chaos.

The Directar of Putiic Works will not be able to order his men to clean upa bit af faint that has spilled upon the ground without the sanction of the Ekerutive council. Sor we are buying something here today which will certainly be a whip for our backs, a regimented, rigidly controlied fian passing timough all the phases from the Eosnomir Plaming Unjt down through the computer, up into Executive Gouncil. The committer must scrutifise this chapter t. 4 in all its many details, beceuse it aalis for manthly reports. "Two basit computer reports will be groduted each month as follows:

* Review of Projert Financing
* Ongoing Project Review"

Here the Eomittee will have to decide if it is worth all this. Who is going to do all of these Reports? Is it the carpenter, ia it the bricklayer, is it the Director of Fublic Works is it the Eontractor - who? 50 we understand what this is going to do to the cost af Government projects?
"The Review of Froject.
Financing will list all projects due to be started over the hext za months, and all ongoing projerts. The information will itheitud where applicable, the following:

* project idettification
* planmed statiting datie
* estimated total 0 gost
＊external funds：－
－ 5 ource
－total ammant premised
－mount réceaved to date
＊projert funds：＂r
- authorizedt口 datä
- amownt com緛ttad
－ᄃommitted funds motyet disbursed

－amostat still required．＂
And all I can say tw the
Committee is bod help the takpayer．He is the one who will uitimately

 to become a monstrosity，We have now in thys eudget passed，the EuIlding Inspectorate．
 dealing with this docmment all the many implioutions ot this plan． This is mot a simpleflant it is more momplex than the Development
 that whet this Report goes ta the Goment tees that the patitiouill be allowed to have foputy that it will not be treated i ike the Matual

 understand the uncomfortable postwre im which the Homourable first Elected Member of EwEcutive Goufleil sits whan he hears all this．
＂The list will indicate tinse projects where there has been a change since the previsur monthly rewisw．Projects will be identified by a mumber in the following forto Funding Agency／Executive Ageney／Froject Non／Phase：thit willfacilitatecolletiont analyits and shectal tapotton The Funding Agetimy is that which guppliss extarng！funds： if any，and frimudes TDE，CDE，UNDF，FAHO，EES etcetera． The Executing Ayency is thia Govaryment departmetit， Authotity or enterpríae reapotisible for promating the project，even if the work is Ex日ewted by the fiwD．＂

What is かeally hapoeting？Are We really sempous abowt this Plan？Is the Member going to allow this Plan to be sent to a Gomititee or is he going to mata a motion to have it withdrawn from the House？

The Committee it dealing with this Planr will have to Eansider whether it wan go owt to borrow hhe
 figures，where the public debt since 1984 has gare to astratiomival figures．With the red tape that will be imvolved，will the fovernment． be able to handle more than a single sapitaf project．in atte yeang Thís committee will have a lot of work in deciding not only what projerts are to be atreptedr but what pfocedure is to be acrefted． In this plammed ecothomy of the Gevermment，if any sithgie int is missing，the whole project will die．There is no wonder that debat． did not come easily on this Plan beceuse the domithee sould mever accept the rigid timetable which is laid down for the implementation of this Flany and I do not want te go itito the detuils mit ity becauter it would be a subject in itself．

The most imparitant quationt which the Gsmattee will have to decide is whether this fian is feasible；whether the plan ig practical；whather tita plan is
 certainly outatad．This Plan pretefods to cover the period fiom the 1st January 1986 until the $315 t$ December， 1950 a perida of fave years． 1986 is Mistory，we are mow in themonth of Dectumbetn，afid we are here considering a motion which wifl deat gometimernext yoar，with the planning for 198 名．This alome styould awaken the tommitade to the reality that this plath is pure hogwash． 1987 is to be the subject of this Plan，but Guvermment has already passed the budget for 1987 thtat is，we have dealt with it，Finante Cominittee has completsed its examinations and it is moly left fat the Thirer Readitig of the Appropriation Bill，Government has already teken decísioms on what it will spend in 1987．It has almeady taker decisimet ar what tapital
 covered by this Flan，on y year hat passed and the planming of the
second year has been campleted, and yet we are saying minat this is a Five-Year Economit Plan which will serve this country frola iged to 1990. Of course, there are three more years left in the flam and perhaps we could amend the name to call it tite Threeryear Econgmic Plan and then it would not swell as much like the Russians as the Five-Yeat Economit Flan, Eut do youkiow whythe comitter will be sadded with a Five-Year Econcaic Plan of which two years are almady passed? And that is because the House actepted a motion that was brought by twe batkbenchers Eslling for that fianr ant setting timetables, and this has been the whale problen with government, because for two years they have allowed the wail to wig the dog. Instead of saying ts their batkboncher's ' we konow yod are our supporters and we will support whatever is reasonable, but we must vote against whatever is unreasoneble. No. they are go afinad of losing their support that they swallow anythyg they bring, and witie they have brought some good motions, they made a mistake on this one, and thank God. they palled the whole Executive Coumeil down with thefla Sor the commoter will have to consider all of these things. The Gomittee atst constder whether it is reasoneble to expect that the Government fan speff in capital projects: $\$ 71.0$ willion gver the fivemyear perimi. Now tou tan they do this when their performance has been 5 g poort they have spent in capital works over the last two years, 1985 and $198 b_{0}$ a total of
 that pretends ta spend $\$ 71.0$ million over five yeara, or an average af $\$ 14.0$ million per year, when the bovernment's actual perfarmance to date has been an expenditure of rapital projects totelling tit. 0
 keeping with the performance, it goes way bevond the wildest expectations of the Govermmentr and the Gomittee must solisider whether the flan is rubbish or not. What the Fian highlighta is that the two years which have passed are years that have been baten by the locusts. The Committee will see that the planners arred, in that they probably looked at the previnus performance of the govefniment over the eight years from 1976 to 1984 , and 1 tumst that these fighres will be made available to the Commitere, 30 that it cen make a proper assessment as to whether the government is able to do what it is hoped in the flan to do.

The Fievised Estimates of
 million atove the estimated capital expenditure at the begiming of the year, So the year 1984 for this Governomen was a year of splendid performance in captal projertm. When the locusts startat to eat in November 1984, we see a dramatic change and the estimates for iq85 eri capital warks was $\$ 4,840$, bli. Eut the actual performante was $\$ 7,770,461$. \$2.0 million below their oun pessimietic ettimetes. so whe committee must consider if a Government with this kind of dismal performance can find the money to fund this gian. The performance in 1986 was even mote dismal. Althoish they 三pent a little higher figure, the approved estimates for igba showst that they
 revised figures for 1986, $88,425,617$, 4.5 million betow the approved figures. Sor we have a Government with a twoyeat track reaprd whith has probably been the worst itl the history of the cayman 1 glands because I camot think of any other Government over the twowyar period that has spent ob. 5 milligh less on capitat projects than they had estimated at the begining of the vara. How can thin govarnment with this dismal performance hope ta spend $\$ 71.0$ miliion ovar the five-year period of the Flan? Eut what this shows is that the Government has done what it riat out wo doy warat the pabijar to deceive the public into letting them belfeve that they were good money managers, when in fatt they were not providing the services whith the country demanded. And so we see thet the iqeq Eapital wotks figure of \$18 million was cut im half, and in fact, much less than half because the actual expenditure for 1925 was only $\$ 7.7$ militon. In 1986 the actual expenditurer the revised expenditure on captal frojectis, is only \$8.0 million, not even half of what it wat two years earlier. how can a Government that has averaged $\$ 8.0 \mathrm{millign}$ a year now be talking about, because some litile guy somewhere wrote some fansy plan and put some voodog dolls into a difital computer and came but with $\$ 14.0$ million over the fiveryear period. We can put whatever we want indo this Fiant and we can get our news releases, and our beloued newspaper to highlight the Eovernment's planning. Eut when it eomes right down to the mitutyrithy you will fifd gut that the Garmittee will have to conclude that it is impositbler flaysually inpossibles economically impossible, tutaliy umpeatistir to have a fian whish
seeks to spend $\$ 71.0 \mathrm{million}$ infive years.
Now let us see if the glanher really ekamined the perfarmance of gavertment over the year that hat been completed. because I think the Committee will want to look at these figures. In the projection for year one toe flan hopty that Government will have spent $00.320,210$ on the capltal woriz. Here I am dealing with the major capital warks and hot bhe littie cafital works that you have in each department. Eut. we see that this figure of $\$ 10.0$ million is fothch higher than the fievised Estinates witich wetre given to this Howser and muth lower than the approved Estimates for 1986. Sor what we have under Capital Expenditute, Summary of Capital as a revised figure for i986. ig only \$0, 425.617. Yet the Fian is showing an optimistic figure of $\$ 10,320,210$. Nowr if they are out an the year of the Plan that has been completed, how much further will they be but in 1970.

The paint r would like the
Committee to consider is that we live in an age where technotagy is adyancing eyery day. We live in an age whate entipment which was the in thing yesterday, is now obsolete, and certainly governments acceptance of this dochment and its attempt this morning ug wrap it it a holy mode have not been gufficient to comvince me that a five-year Economic Flan is any gosd for this country. Why is the Eoverpment going to all tine espense of providing this plan atad putting it into operation when for years this country has moved anuard and ipuart just by sentible people gitting down and deciding what is good for the country? No matter what your planner may have leartt iri some aniversityy no mater what he may have read in some ittie book: thare is nothing like being here on the spot, knowing mot only what is gang on, but what has gone on; things that have not been written in the history bosksn I belfeve the government is dotng with this platy as it has done with so many other things, just study, study, study, tuing in expert so that they do not have to do anyding. In other worts planning, plamingr planking and the planimg frocess naver stapa, and the wark process never begins, betause there is no easier way to balance your budget at the end of the yeat than to da what thay have done in 1786.

They have ended tho year by saving $\$ 4.5$ million on their capital projects, and will tell you that they have a surplus, If they had spent the projected money, there would have been a deficit, but all you need do is to ifstruct putifc works to elow down the work and yau end with a sitplys. I whater who they are kidding.

## MR. FRESIDENT:

I think perhaps before the Member strays further fros the sutject. I was going to stop himfou doing sor we should take our lunch treak, and mate aftep we retarn from it he can get back to the motion: and away from his Eutact speech.

MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Mra F:"Esident. I wonder if you could gllow me to say that I thinit wh should go on we should get somebody else it the Chair, and we should catry oti and let those whe want to go for lunch go for lumeh. But as I see it, weare goifg to be here until Christmas. There is still quite a bit pf work left to be done, and either the three sentop members sam take the chatir and the Menter can carry on his debate.

[^36]HON. THOMAS C. JEFEERSON:

Mr. Fresident.
HON. MICHAEL J. ERADLEY:
And fit the two of you are away. there is still the Homourable Third official Member and myselfogir.

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MK.G. HAIEEODDEN:
Mr. Frumident: 5inte I am
speakingr I am in agrawment with it. 仵y mext appeintment is a futeral
tomorrow at three orelock.
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HOUSE RESUMED AT 1240

THE HONOURAELE FIRST DFFIGIAL MEMEEF THEN TDOK THE CHAIF UNTIL $2: 00$ F.M.

MR. PRESIDENT: Please be seated, Continuation of the debate on the Mation. The Second Elected Member for Eodden Town.

 jdea as to how much more time I have left?

MR. PRESIDENT: I understand bhat it. is approximately an hour and a half: that ygutiave gone sofar.

MF. G. HAIG BODDEM: I Havegore arm hour and a hatf.
ME. PFESXDEMT:
APProximataly。
MF, B. HALG EODDEN:
Mr. Frersident: I had beett
dealing with the Gommixtee's difema in actepting the ealled for expenditure over the five years. The cominttem mast wamine the
 they can the provisions of this man to suit the performance of the country. If this plan is acompted, the country will be faced with not only more taxation that it has had in tre last twoyears, if thatis is possibleq but we will have to go intw new areas.

The United Nations repont that
the Executive Council accepted in 1975, har made it. Government would have to logk inte property taxes to fund the 197 g Develophemt Plann Although it is my understanding thmt the plarners have not completed the financin aftapters of this exereise, that they will be bound ta Mecommend ta the Gavernment that they go indor property taxes, or into income taxes ar whatrver $\quad$ begeuse the type af expenditure that is shown here sammot be met in the shomb periact of
 Committee will have work whirt will exceed the work offany comintate that ever examined any Government business in the pasta

Even if we leave out 1986 and 1987, we are still looking at $\$ 40.0$ million over the years 178g. 1939 and 1990. On to that, we will have ta add any whotcomings of the Plan in 1986 and 1987. And, while the committee will know that the Government did mot perform in 1936 accarding ta the flan they will also see that in 1987 we camat perform either. when this Gormittee sjts it will have an impossitle task if it erdeavours to ariept all of the recomamendations in the Flan.

I belteve that fovermatenta like any businessman today, has to de his planning accaraing to the circumetances that eutst at the tha of eath finamcial yeart because how ean you sit here today and say ufat you are gaing to de if 1990 . when that particular project might became so urgent that you might have to start it next month? Alsor how inf you sit down here and say that we are not going ta builo a Post office because the plan iays it must be built in the year 1790 or same other year It is my hope that the Comathee wili see the futility of these Fiveryemp Flens. It took the Russians many years to see ita fiffally they fave Een it and I understand that in some of their countries, they no langer believe that the Five-year Economit Flan is the in-thing.

I agree that the Goverrment
needs some astistance in plamingy because we have fotrot that the
 Honouratie First Elected Member for West Eay during Question Time I believe it was, telling the Gegrge Town Menber that if the givir Centre was for west Eay, he would give it priomity, and this has to be political. This is not the level at whiry a member of exectative

Council should think. We also saw in finance Cotnittee that there was a lang shopping list of thirty rads to be fixed in West Bay one of them with anly one house an it, and for priortty given to a muh more needed bypass from West Eay to George Tawl. Fure polititas

MR. PRESIDENT:
The Member must ranember to
speak to the motion pleage.
MR. G. HAIE EODDEN:
All right: thank you Mes.
President.
I am trying tu show that the Committee, in deciding on thig fian must pat this plan atove the level of palitics, not to thimk about what 1 will get for my distmict, or who will vote for me if 1 do this. But a purey honest: assestment of prionities above the level of politicse

Mr: Frestidert, I tor mit want ta streteh your nerves tog mach, although I Enjoy doing it with the other Presidentr 1 would just like to say that the Comintter will have to consider the many suggestions madey as it has gote intw evary amea of the Government. I think all the major departmente have been covered, and I would suggest that the Committee take this plan back, mend it back to the plamners and say we want a Development plan. we do not want a shopping list.
$\frac{\text { MR. PRESIDENT: }}{\text { West Ray. }}$
The becond Elemtea Member for

MR. W. MCKEEUA EUSH:
Mr. Frestient. I fise to support the fotion tomove this Plan into e Gentittee of the whale House, ta study it. There was a little misgiving as to whether it should have gone this rotte, on whether it should have gone into Finance Compittee. Which ever way it goes, I intend to take it to the peaple after I have had some time to study it. As it is, I have had very little or no time at ail ta study this document, as it was only given to me last week thursday. The document which is now in our possessign, is a very large document, a very comprehensive document I should say, contaning some 240 pages. It eovers a very, very wide spertrum, 5 uht as Part 1 . The bactiground to cur Country, which covers a brief history, physical characteristicsy early econcofy present economy, population and manpower, and this Mr. Fresident, populatiom and manpower is something from which I have been longing ta get actan sort of an idea as to the true position in the country. And firy if we look at this document, this area... now Mr. Fresident. j really do not want anybody to get me off the track. I am going to try and stick to the motion, but the first speaker has covered such a wide area that I as the second speaker, must go inta some of the thitgs which he raised.

MR. PFESIDENT:
1 will thank Hemourable Members in assisting me with the decorum of the House: and the try and keep your debate in line with the motion. I know that other iteins were raised, but I would ask you to please try and keef your dsbate on the motion.

MF. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. Fresident, i will try ta work closely with you on that matter, but under the gianding Ergers I have privilege to speak to any matter that has been raised. i will not get intathe vogoco part gf it, but you ean belifeve I have a few areas myself to speak on which were raised. But Mr. Frpeident, to show the jomportance why the committee meeds tog deal with this document, one only has to look into z very few afeas in this ciocument. And, as I was pointing gut when I was interfupted, we orly need to look at pepulation and manpower, and this shows us that the indigemous citizens of this country is an erdangered speties, when youconsider that we mave an $g .8$ percent incregse of mon-indigencus nersons to our Gaymantan population growth of 4.7 percent, It shows us Mr. President, that we are going to have by the end of the prajected period for this Plan. we are geing to have an annal increase of tas percent of men Caymanians, to 1 , 5 percent of the Saymaniar peaple. That is one of the reasons why 1 三eeorided the mation, it was robait wagging the dag. Mr. President, it is tive that. we put away thase foolish and dirty stimiking remerks whith 1 keep hearitig from gyer here, and from the govermant bench.
themselves a dog, 1 do not consider myself tajl. d have been eletted to serve the people of this mountry, and the people in particular of West Eay, who hold me respomsitie for any metter that comes before this House, not only Executive Council, and then some Members of the so-called opposition. believe that they should be the only ones to raise these subjects. Well, they have another guas coming: When the people elected me, they knew that i waidd ianse some hell, they knew that, and the Members that I got eletted with knew that I would raise some hell, but I am not going to tee donkey for anyone to ride. So 1 comsider that remark of the tail wagitig the dog, as being very, very offensive. of courge, it was meant ta be that way, but te show, Mr. Fresitent, why we need to eg inter e. Committee, and may I tell you, not a comittee of two days but a Committee which is going to womb and to game here and to yit down and to stuty thas thing, and not just to pass it over as a light abibject. We need to cothe here ta work, showing and seetry that we have guch a wide spectrum to cover. It alsa covers development strategy.

And "Part $2-$ Infrestructural
Development:
Foads and Road Transport
Forts and Shipping Services
Airporty and Civil Aviation
Air transport
Telecommunteations
Pastal Services
Energy
Water Supply and Sewerage Disposal
Physical Flanning
Survey and Land Registration
Housimg
Mosquito Contrel
Environmental Frotection
Sister Islands
And Part 3. Economic Development:
Banking
Insurames
Toumisin
Industry
Agrictlame
Aquaculture

And Fart 4. Social Development.
Education
Health
Social Services
Sport and Recreation
Culture
Broadcasting."
Mr. Fresident, mention was also
made of the Labour Law. You know, you 5 it in the Committee room and you hear Member after Member discusing the problems of the country, discussing what they hear their constituents say, and yet tifey come on the floor of this House and decry something which is going to help stem the tide of trouble inat is coming irtothis courtry, It was a wonder that you did not hear about the social Segurity schemes or the retirement pension for the people of this couritry. All that is involved in the sotial development of the country. Fut we are goimg to get those two things, we are going to get then even if i have to lase my seat to get it. Why some people do not want the labour law, and why they do not want Sociel Serurity is because they montitue to believe that the poor man, the downtroddem person in this country, must always be kept at a level where they can stamp an hime and they continue to do so. And yet, they get up and say logk i an protecting you, you know, do not wary, I an protecting you. Eut when it comes to the time to support the instruments that will bring about the social accord that is meeded in this country, they enet up in reftain areas and say, "lock, these things fe socialist and we must da away with them," when it is time that those money changers understand that they will be driven fram the Temple, and that is part of wy job. Talk rubbish about socialists.
will catch aids quicker than we are going ta batch sucialistio ar
 that it is time in this country that we understand, that we have to take care of the social aspect of thits country, and stap talking rubtish for poltitical propaganda, suppoting the hyrarmite wha will sell their grandmother for a daliar: es long as it went ta their credit, while holding the pible im thefr hand. They are a bunch of hypaciftes and they need to be driven from the Temple, and if we do
 those money changers will have left. I gupport Labour Law for this country, because I set the need for it. if we do not get it we are going to have umions, and then you will have some trotible, rigt that the present Law is all that i favour. There must be gome changes by God, we meed a Law to govern aspects of tabowm in this country; arid those wha had the slaves over the years are not getng to be the masters forever. The poor people in this country now have foice, and those who have ears let then hear. Thoee who have eyes to seer let them see, that is where $\begin{aligned} & \text { stand and thet if where } \\ & \text { athall continue }\end{aligned}$ ta stand, even if it costsme this second seat mome 1989 . I am still young, I still have some political support, and I was tota about their money. Mr. President, their money is mo longer what tifey think it is in thit country. The people ate much stronger than those money grabbers, and they are rot goling to have thetr way all the time, their money is not going to help then all the time. We mast have batour Legislation that is atitable to all, and we must have a retireffert. pension scheme for the peaple of this Euthtry.

Man. Frasident. the Fians and to Show the need for this commjtem to work on this flan it aiso covers develapment of ather Governafht Services whith covers:

Palice
Judiciary
Legal
Legislative Asgemtly
Customs
Immiguation
Fire Service
Prison Service
Finameial Services
Audit
Government Informatian
the implementation of the Plam itself, covers:
Total Financial Fequirements Additional Financer Requifed Method of Raising Additional Finance Montering Procedure

When 1 seconded the mation, I did sa cut of concern to know and ta have at my disposaly statistict, vital statistits which are contaned in the dactiment. whath tells us that we are out-mumbered, that we are an endangered species. It shows us that we have more erooks coming into this cauntfy, who have taken up residemce and have said, "what good boy an I": It shows tas that we have had a period when eertain pecole have been allowed togeome in herey and have invested: have beem allowed ta start businesses, mall businesses, which should be left to the Gayaniars who cotid raise \$4,000 ar $\$ 5,000$ and those 5 ame people are paling the cheam off the top, and laughing all the way to the bank, somewhere atotside this country. That is why we need to plan. We colle here and talk rubbish about socialism.

The committee will have to deal whth the statistics given here, which I have knowr for yemrs and which tell us that we have let our social development lag sofar benind our economic development, when the twa mould have gone hand in hand together. That today, we are facimg social deterioptition of the highest order, when drugs have damaged the test of homes. much less those homes which have no control aver family life, and yet we talk about socialism and communism. There are none so blind as those who will hot see.
western herfisphere which we proclain to emulate, or we try to emulate those who have had successful plans. Government over the years and l am not dealing with any specifit Government. but you go back down through the years as I did in the Budget Debater and you will find out that Government down through the years has filied taplari, fid when they try to plan pressure was brought upon thema wey in the couftry over the years, have been moving in a grasthopper approeth to thedevelopment in this country. We have seen the chacs which exists in the country today, becatase of the faylure to plan gever the years. that is nothing mew to us. Again, Mr. Fresident, we Eupe out here and We ball about cociaiftm, we sit in the Members fooff drimk coffee, pepsi and water and eat and talk about the little problefte thet our peopleface. Well, what else is one af the biggest cantributars, but failure to plan, ant they recognize it. Eut aginit, this flan seems to me to be a good whipping homse to stert a campaigr af. f will not base my campaign on this. I will base my campaign on the failure, if Government fails to do the things we promised.

The infamous 1975 Developinent
Plan was declamed the 1975 destruction plan. Contaimed in that. Plam, were many things which i supported, as well a matject matter which 1 was very much opposed to. Eut contained in the gevelopment Plan of 1975 was a road from West Bay to George Town which the second Elected Member for Bodden Town has spoken atort. What heppened to the Plan, it was kicked out, and he was one of the main apposition ta it, ard taday, the West Eay Road has got more troutle than any ather street in this country. Eut what happens tg $45^{\circ}$ ? What happers to ts? I angetting to the part how about the big shopping list, that is what is burning them Mr. Fresident, because I wark for my people. I am not elerted just to go to cacktail parties. I aflelacted to seex the needs in my constituency, and I have mo shame becabse I went to government with a shopping litat. This was not the firet oner this wes just for the coming year 1887, but we gave ther ofe for 17at. Mary of the roads on this shopping list were left avery or are left gef and whith Government did not complete, and they have the nerve to eome here and talk about hypocrisy and a long shopping list.

Let me tell you what they dia to me in Finance Committefy I amglad he trought it iap. when there was somuth money in this country that they dia not know what to do. his Government failed ta plam, and plan properly. The muth heeded bypass road was not put through. Why? Because of citizens who did not support his Governinent. He did, and said it fany tiffes, it would not go through as lang as they were in power, and now he eomes sereaming here about socialism and plannimg. What they dit to me, nat gity ine, but the other two Hemters for west bay as well will have to pay. gut what they did to us was to take $\$ 595,000$ to put inte his riffstituencys and they threw aside the request that we inade.

Now, Mr. President, ta show you the urfairness of finamee committee and the hyoutrisy af some Members who come into fy constituency and tell my constituentory look a am happy, I am going to treat West Eay well, I afilging to do this, I am going ta do the next thing far West Eay. But West kay has ane road leading to it and out of it, and 1 promised them we wotid be waiting the next time they come to West Bay, because this ywar West Bay will get very little raad work fasomparisat to that which was requested, What we requested was some $\$ 232,000$ Mr. President. and may I tell you something, these are not just littie road which lada to ahe house, but these ere vital streets and vital roeds linhing people
 their home. They do Hot have a road, and if there ever arose a need for the fire truck or for the ambialanee to get to thoge poplen they would not be athe to get there. They would either heve te aie or their house would have to burf down because no vehtic!e can get to their home. These are rieeds that I request for my people, these are not wants these are meeds, needs mot wants! pir. Pregident, what they wanted they received.

MF: FFES IDENT:
Ferhaps i rar just say to the
Member as I said to the Second Elected Membef for Eodden Town, I hope he will mot stray too far, tou long from the terins of the motion...

No Mr. Frestident.
MF: FEESIDENT: ...I have anly jagt Erme in, but the street down which he is leading ws dots mot been to me to lead
in the direction of the motion at all.
MR. W. MckEEVA BUBH: You heard it before aly right. Well, I am only answering what was said about my constituency, and Mr. Prestident 1 must tell you that you are to be blamed for what went an here this morning, berause you allowed the menter to stray; you just let me make my point. I will be respectful tathe chair, but the Chatr has to respert my fight as under Standing orders, and i know my rights. I am not as foolish as some people would like youto believe.

MF. PRESIDENT: I have not stopped you. you can continue:..

MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
Goad.
MR. PKESIDENT: $\quad$...I am just cautionirg youn..
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
Yeg gir, La...
MF. PRESIDENT: ...nnot to stray tao far too
long. as I cattioned the ather Member.
MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:
I tade the eaution Sir.
They talked about a shopping
list Mr. Fresident, I have to amswer it, because the Menter who spoke about shopping list was being very, very hypocriticiol, whem in comparison with West Eay, a small district life Ereakers feceived a Civic Centré West Bay did not get one. The Member's district received a Givic Gentre, West fay did mot get anything.

MR. PRESIDENT: I an sure the Member knows he must not impute improper motives to other Menters.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUEH: What are you talking about.
Mr. President, I an mot being improper, or jomptong improper motives,
I am only....
MR=PRESIDENT: $\quad \overline{\text { Phink hyForitical. }}$
MF. W. MCHEEVA EUSH: I amonly...Mo, hypocritical!
Well if that is a bad ward in this House you had better send all the Members out.

You have successfully cauted me to lose my notes Mr. Fresident, which I aft sure was your intention. Anyway Mr. Pretifent.u.

MR. PRESIDENT: You estribe to me greater
cunning than 1 possess.
MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH: Mr. President, you must not get into the debate Sir, you must only govern the detate. I think that I am still within my right to answer what has beer said.

Mr. Fresident, to give you
exactly what the Member said, he said that we. the West Einy Menters wha brought the shopping ifst ${ }^{\text {shatald have let thint list read as a }}$ pure, honest prigrity list, which must be atove the level of politits." How some people can talk aut of both sides of their mouths Mr. President. Did be not memetaber bis two Givie Centres, did he not remember that he and other Members of this House have suctessfully taken away frem the west Eay people the much needed roads in that
 think I have that right. I have the might to saysas know thay are coming back to talk bout what was dome in Wett Eay. Mr. Fresidentr certainly we have had a few raads done, and I de not take credit for all of it, eycept they want to give me credit for those that iney say should not be done, and they take the eredit for thase they say were done, or should have been done. Eut, we must remember that fest Bay cavers a very lamge land mast, and we have thore pads in our dighrict. than 1 would venture to say George Town has. Roade which are in dire need of improvement, and Goympment rast help those people who canact pay. This was nat ettablished by this Goveriment, this was established by the Menber far Badden Town.. (INTERRUFTION).

Yout just behave yourself and
listen. You helped to takte away gur road metney though.
They have dome theffectively.

What they have now done is to give us out of $\$ 232,784$ they have given us $\$ 52,317 . \quad I$ want to find out where their prigrity lies. They talk on the one hand about the west Bay Road being suth a mess, and on the other hand they take the money and use it on roads leading into the Eastern Districte.

Do not de 50 hypacritical Mr.
Prestatent.

MR. PRESIDENT:
hypocritical.

Drder! Order!.
Yub onst not accuse me of being

MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
I am mot accuming you Sir, not
you.
MR. FFESIDENT:
Well I bhought, you tola me not
to be so hypocritical.
MR. W. MEKEEVA EUSH: Weli Mr. President, we must address the Chair in Everything we say. If I had said 'they', you would have said 'yau are cut of order'.

Mr. Fresident: as far as 1 Ean determine: I have just browsed thrown the flans it has some things which I can support, it has some things which I will not whport.

> I Eannot see that we are destroying the capitalist gystem with a Plarir and I belifeve that if all Members of this House do their bound duty, we will have a Plan that can help this country to move ahead suctessfully. Ewery suceessful country hat had some sort of plan and we must plan too. The trouble we face now is a direct catse of not planning. The trouble we face now is a diratt cause of letting bad pegple into this country. The trouble we face now is a direct cause because we have iet. our sotial development lag far behind until it is ready to burst, and we still are here gaying we rafmot Flan, we do not meed a flan.

Mir. Fresident, I have said what I intended to say. What $I$ would arge every Member to do is ance they have agreed to this motion, to come to the committem and make their points known, take the Flan to the putlic and let the pubife have their say on it, that is our bound duty, and if we fail to do that we do not only fail the Gaymanian publicr bat we fail ourselves mon we fail our children, because in part, Caymanians will be autnambered and secial deterigration will contimue, and contimue and continue until not even we who try to keep our fanjlies in line, can for longer do it. Thete mere severe matters to think about, and everyone of ut have a duty to plan and to say yes to a Flan that is warkable for this country.

Mr. Fpesident ? thank your and I trust that you will nat feel that I have been rude to your office. to the chair, but what I have salo cotnes frof the heart, and fam do no less.

ME. FFESIDENT: Dees any other Member wish ta speak? The Honowrable Fourth Elected Member of Exacutive council.

HON. UASSEL G: UOHNSON: Mr. Fresidentri rise to support the motion by the Honcuratle Member for North fide, that the Cayman Islands Five-Year Econamic Flan 1986 - 1990 be sent to a Selett Committee for debate and examinetion.
 very simple motion which efupted into something guite large, and I noticed that in the earlier debate a lot of irmelevancies were fut into that debate, and strayed inta all sarts of past events. fome touthing on the 1975 Development Flan.

Mr. . Frestaunt, it was maid that the Econorite Plan which is now coming forwary whict hes bern lait on the Table of this Honcurable House this morning, is worse than the 1975 Develaprent Flath, which the putilic had gead graces to reject, and Mr. President. I was the Member in government resporsione for that Plar. I bake exception to those Memarks about that Plaria in the first plate, the 1975 proposed Devialopment Flan wis faver put to the public. The Flan was being gtructured by the nomal process of Government with udequate advisars, berause Mr. Fresident, when we are
dealing with a physical development plan, when we are dealing with an economic plan the substance of these plans are somewhat beyond the techmical capacity of local experts, and local termicians. we do need people who are very well qualified in these subjects to guide us along. It was stated that we should nat have foreighers here to tell: Ws whet the priaritiles are to go into this Economic Plan. man Presidert, the expert whan we have enplayed ta guide us through the structure of an Ecomonic Plan, is only here tio advise this Govennment, to advise this farlimant of what is necessary to be included in such a Plan. to suggest priorities Mr. President, becuse you camot. prepare such a Flan uritess you have given thaght to your priorities. Otherwise you do mot heed a Plan: you do just as the past Givernment. has dones coast along, tell Public works to do this, do that, that is enough. If they had had sufficient interest in the country Mr. President, they would not have left an economir plan to be prepared by this Govermment, it would have been in place from lorg ago.

$$
\text { Mr. Pursidenty bach if } 1767 \text { wE }
$$

tried too, to put together an Economic Flan which unfortunately was not completed, and as a result, we had te prepare ars ecotiomit prograteme a programme of works, and the first progratome was to cover a five-year period, ard after the first or second yenr. that programme Was converted into a ter-year programme Mr. Preaident, that ten-year programme involved a capital expenditure of some 430.0 million and back in 1969/1972 when this Gevermment talked about $\$ 30.0$ million, they were talking abodt a lot of money. Mr, President that programme fincluded water, sewerage, and we have 5 efer coming to fridtion those projetts. We have just heard of the contract awarded for seweraye att the Seven Mile Beach. we have just heard about a piped water system for George Town, the contract signer just a week ago. Mr. Fresident, all the items of thet ten-year economic proaramme were imnlemented, except the last two which we are hou just doing. the inarket ard the abattoir, Mr. Fresideft I am surely glat that we are tactuing those two last items of that 1969 Econcoir Frograffom beanuse the Farmers Market and the abattoir are the anly alternatives to the swocessful agricultural development of these islands. if that is to be a successful programme. Because Mr. Fresitent. small farmets have complained considerably, they have no outlet for their goods, they farm, they produce and yet there is no market far it, And, we feel sure, wefeel confident that an the tevelopment of that market and that abattoir, the abatoir to take care of cattle and their praducta, that agricultural development wili move welt in these lelands.

Going back to the 1975 physital Development Plan Mr. Fresident, of which sot mish was said about in here, that 1975 Flan was never put to the putlic simply trecause the Gevermment in tus wisdom, dewided thet the Flan had mot yet rearhed the stage for presentation to the putlit in 177ts the yoar of the Election. And sc, the decision was taker, and 1 was the one that put the recommendation to Gcivernment which was acrepted, that we shelve that 1975 Development Plam, and it was shelved in March of 1976 . and the Election was in November of 1976, and so Mr. Fresident, you cam judge for youmself who is telling the trath hare: the records are there to prove that. In 1977 the new Goverrment went farwart and said that they were going teproduce a Fhysical Development Plan, inetead, they ended up with a planhing statement, far frombetrg a development flan. Mr. Fresident, it takes a gocd bit of terthical ability to put a good pian together, this is what is being otjected tox This is why the Economic Flan is going out to the public now as a political ploy, because the next election is not tog far away. But let me say this Mr. President, they are nat going to meet with the same lack in this one as they did ir 1976 . In 1976 the governmerts sat, jown and did not go to the public and defend their Develapment flan. That was an errom which they regretteed afterwards, because the opposition tock it and used it as a political football, a politisal ploy ta axerthraw and to Unseat the Government in the 1976 Election. I doubt yery mith that that will happen in 198s, they will have to find something else. Anything that this Gevernment is invoived with Mr. Fresident. we are going to be quite sure that the pablic have their input into ita and that the public's appraval ic given to it. This Economic plan has not yet gone to the public as the Member for West Eay has just sillax There is a programme by which these presentations are mate to the public. We have not yet gone to the putlic.

Official Member of Executive Council, it was the first fime that the Plan was being priesented to the public, because the publit can come here and read that flan. The next step is ta pat it to a select Committee, which I support, for the committee to go intio the details of that Flan, to examine what are really the priorities. and to sea whether what the fovermment has put formard is fin keping with the thinking of this Handurable House, not in keeping with the thinking af individuals. We are mot dealing with indiyidualisin mrapresident, we are dealing with this Honcuratie Houte and with the country, the Cayman Iglands, What we are putting forward we put formard thinking it tu be in the best interests of the people.

## Mr. Fresident, 1 did ngt want

to belabour at any great lengtif that 1975 Deyelopment plar, bat simee so much was said about it thig momitig. I thime it is no mote that fair for me to defend some parts of it. That 1.97 fothytcal Development Plan which was araft, ar farly stage jempt tog in a Presidentr, which they mate sa much af: is today tooted tpot by any wha may Mead it, I am nat talking about the opposition of the 1975/1976, any whomay read that plan today, as well presemted document. If
 Plan, they wowld have had womething of substance.

made this morning that the flan we are mow puting forward. is pure "hogwash'. I am afratd that some people might not thow the meaning of 'hogwash'. They gay it is no goef for this rountry, en why gotathe expense of imparting an advisor ta write sametiong that is piore hogwash, of no goed to the country. Hu. Fresident, we mitat remember that that draft Economis Plan preserted here whis morning was not a sudden ereation of this Gevermment, it was the result of a motion put. to this Honourable House, and accapted by majority of the House. I cannot remember how the voting went, but i an sure it war acomped by a majority of Menters Mere. The presentation here today is just whe first atterpt at putting surh a plan together. How in the world capa Member pise and say that it it pore hogwant It goes beyond me Mra President, that is why 1 said eamlier. 1 do not know if the Member knows the meaning of hagwash, when they relate it te man Econgic Plath. Mr. President. nefther dit think tertain Meinters are quite anare of Why it is mecessary to have am Economic flamy or even a proper Develapment Plan. No courtry Mr. Fiesident can progress satisfacterily unless it has some firinguidelines to its physical and economic development, this is the feason why these plene are necessary. It is the reason Mr. Fresident, why a Geverninent inast insist an setting these guidelines, to have these plens sa that when investor" are looking at the development of a country, the first thing they ask is, "Where is your development plant where is your physical plan? Where is your Economic plan"" And if we say that we do not have oner then they gaze in space and wonder how a country fan expert to develop without thote plans. They go to the libraries: they start searching to see what they canfind there to satisfy their cuthouity that the country is not developing in an at hoe marmer.

Any country enat ia geing to
develop sunsity must seek a guideline to its development. Mr.
President, this Economic Flan is certainly a guideline ta thet development from the economic improverent side of the country. It nat only projects the priarities; and these pricipties Mr. Fresident. are not permanently standing priorities. You heard dfe hanomrable Member presenting this document this marming say this, that after tug years this Flan will have to be reexamined, and it will almost autoratically be extented into a Seven-Year Plan instead of a Five-Year flan. It means that as time progressest these prionitits have to be peeaamined priority of today might nat be prigrity of tomorraw, becatse time changes everything.

Mr. Fresident, they spöke tog
about their Capital Expenditure of some fla.0 millian. That is quite true, it is a matter of what you can do today tci justify that large expenditure. They talked about the average expertiture. thet is, Capital Expenditure of this Government over the past two years, as being $\$ 5.0$ million per year. Mr. President, there has got to be discipline in all the things that we do. What we sep of en Esonomic Plan is that it sets eertain controls over the things that we do because in that Flan we are dealing with gur prioritims. We aremot saying to Fublic woms. go and do whet you fert tike doing we are
saying to Fublic works, here is a Flan, this it what we wist to do in 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990: 1991 it is 1mid out there. If these prionities have to be charged, it is change by policieg gf gevernmert, The direction to Fublic Works is to do what the polities of Government are, not to do its own thing as they were taiking about tita morimg.

Mr. Piesident I think it is quite clear to the majority of Members of this Homourate Howse, that there is a dire need for an Economit Flan, otherulse it would hot have tome forward. We have been talking about an 点anomic Plam fram twenty years aso. Thank goodness this has been theffirst time that a genuthe atterpt has been made in producing ane, and i support it ane hundred percent. It is a very acceptable dotument as a guideline to the future capital development of these Islamds.

Mr. Fresidett, I might, as weil again say this, that the shopping ligts containet in this fian arm not, the subjerts that heve been recommended by the Ecomomic Advisor. He can show you mr. Fresident, documents of propesals and recommendatiome made to him by all the departments of this gavernment, woncisting of technical and administrative peragmel of the depertments of inis Government. $H$ 保 just here as guide to show us how the plan is to be presented, and in what form, but the shopping ifst is a chopoing list produced by the Cayman lislands itself. He is not hete to tell us what is priority and what is not prionity. He ie here to actept what Caymafans retommend do hifin tapriaritieg is that flan, and I think Mr. Presidert: that when this Honourable House has enemingd that document, they will see a lot of wisdom in the list of priofities that have been put forward. They might not all be acceptaslex i mean, it is not a finished document Mr. Fresident. it is the firct draft of an Economic Flam. We do not all think alike, we have gut likes and dislikes. The thing is Mr. Fresident, that anything that is of national importance in thic country, matt be dealt with by all the representatives of the pecple as a body. to deterinine what is in the best interests of the people and the countary not what is ir the best interest of individuals. on the opposition. The opposition egasigts of Members who are the peoples' reprectentives and we woncer sometimes whether they are quite aware of their pasition.

## MF. D. EZZAFD MILEEK: <br> They heve all wone for lumsh

now.
MR. VASSEL E. JOHNSON:
(LAUGHTEF)..... Mr. Fresidento I
da not intend to manapalise the whole day, but $t$ wented za just defend tMat 1975 Flan . I will invite youta read it Mr. Presitent, and if you think it is not a good Flan, do not tet the oppoution stay there and try to convince you otherwise.
is before us is quite a simple mation. cocent it, is a member of Government We have to sit down and listen to the opposing bean: betauge that is their job, whether they go too far in what they do, you warn them quite $\quad$ atot of irmelevaricies. Anyhow Mr. Fresidentr, just wented to say a few things about the Economic Plan and t wish it Every Euctess. I hope that during the early part of next year, that it will come forward as a finished, polished and acceptoble document to this Honourable House, and also ta the country. Thenk yousir.

MF. FRESIDENT:
Daes any ather Merser wish ta speak? The Honguratie First Elected Member.

HON. EENSON D. EEANKS:
( I wout like to afferr my
contribution to this debate Sir, The Second Electee Member for Rodan Town mentianed my discomfart at his speaking, and Mr. President, I admit that whenever the time of this House ig being weted, am uncomfortable. And whenever the tine of this hause is being wasted, the people's money is being wasted. The prowedure suggested by the Honourable First official Member this norning cobid gttite easify in my opinion have been followed. Standing order 73 which conetitides the Finamce comittee, states quite ciearly that there shell be a Standing Select Committee to be styled a Finance Gommittee, for the consideration of the Estimates of Expenditure, financial tills and other bueiness referred to it by the Holte gin by the Governar. Mr. President, the geanding orders that aue enturneted, dealing utth the Finance committee, in my opinion relate to when that comithee is
dealing with the Apprapriation Bill or Supplementary Expenditure. It would have been no problem to have the plan brought back from that Committee, atting on the plaf, and not on the estimaters af expenditure. Further, Mr. Fresident, I believe that the debate on the motion now before the House, has strayed too far from the subjet, and we should have teen out of here long ago. tut Mp. Fresident, it tight be a little while now before we get out.

1 can understand Mr. Fresident. the confusian of the gecond Elected Member for Bodden Toun, with this Economic Development Plan. This Flan deals not with the private secter Mr. Fresident, as is done in Eambumist and sochalist countries, But it deals with Governments' infrastructure, to enable the private sector to plan and mave accordingly. Eut Mr. Pregitent. the frotiem with that Member is that for eight years it was difficult to determine where the private and pubilic sectors began and ended, the two were so closely intertwined. In fact, Mr. Fresident, there was a period of several years when one of the Poptfolios of government had its Member sitting in private offices cutside the Admintstration Building, and it is my anderstanding Mr. Fresident: that you had to be clever te get any Government business done there. Mr F Fresident, what has surprised me about the arguments of this Member, is the fact that he is in fact in the business of selling plans every day of his bife. The purchase of insurance is economic planning by individuals, and that is how he makes his livelihood, and yet he comes here to say that. when a country sets out tu develop an Economic Plaf, it is comonnistic strategy.

Mr. Frasident, I believe, it is well knowh that all gaod businesses, all suctessfal individuals and all successful Governments make economit plans. Without them one is docmed to fallure, 50 is any country that goes an without an economic plan. Fertaps, Mr. President, if some plaming had gone inte education in the past, we might not How be 50 wartied about where the labour force wald come from for the two new hotels that are on stream. Had we been honest with our people and offered them an educatian in areas where there were employment opportulties, we wat not be in as precarious a position as we are in today. For erample, if instead of dressing up our youth in uniforms and senging theif to a navigation school when the shipping fleety of the world have teen put in mothballs, had we instead, beeri educating aur perpie to handie the small bats to work in the dive industry. we might not have suth e disproportionate numer of expatriates working fit thet field today, with Caymanians basically nomeaistent.

Mr. Frésifuth, "efertunce wag made to the difference between what was spent and what was budgeted in 1985 and 1986. That, Mr. Fresident, was a dieect result of a lats of forward planning by the previcus Goyerntent. They hat the plans for infrastructure on the board, but there was ro priarity end no finance was in place. But, Mr. Fresident, this year or in 1997, because we have now had time to put some piaris ard movements tagether, we estimate to spend $\$ 14.0$ million in capital expenditure, and at the end of the day Mr. Fresident, I hope we will have sonething te thow for it. It was said that in 1984 \$18.0 millian was grent in capital development, and otifer than the airport ir. Presidert, there is not very guch to see from it. There was quite a bit of land transaction going an, we all know about that. Fut Mr. Presidemt, that $\$ 15.0$ did not save the Member in 1904, and all the ranting and raying that he is doing now, will not belp him in 19ss. The people of this fountry know that this Gavernment is a stable Government, that it is not going ta do anything rash, and that we are not afraid toput our carts on the table and let the public have a lock at them. The MEinthers" apposition to this plan Mr. Fresident, will get about as far as his petition on the Treaty that he talked about.

## Mr. Fpesident: for kine

records, this government has made steady progress as the estimates will disclase. There has been a steady increase in revenue from 1985 to that projected in 1987, and for the records Mr. President, the actual receipts excluding loans in 1985 were soxe $\$ 54.0$ milligh: and it is projected next year at 64.0 million, having been revised this year at obi. 0 million, sa that is not a bad performance Mr. President, having taken over from a Gavernment that was aporating a Etaguat eronomy, one that was going down.

Mr. President, plerraing is
essential. Jf the Menber had practised gumplanirg Mr. Fretident, of priorities, maybe the Civic gertras, the threp that wore buith
during his time in office that have not been used, a total aggregate of ten times, they might have given priority Mr. Fresitent, to the road in his district which he is clamering to get go percent of our maney for this year. Mr. President, while I am on Givic Centres, and it was brought in. I should make the record clear that I difi not say to any answer in this Hoase that if the Givie Cempewas for wat ray ft would be given priopity. What I \#aid wasp that if civic Centre is to be built, the one in West Eay will have priarity, because West Bay needs it the most, and that is a fact, and 1 do not pum from thet Mr. President, and that is the way it is going to be as lapy as I sit in this chair. Mr. President., an the question of civic centres, 1 should make it clear that contrary to what the Second Elected Member for Gerge Town said in his Budget Debate, I did not geceft his mation for a civic Centre unfeservedly. I have the hansard of the meeting at Which that motion was passed in my hand Mr. Frescdent, and it will prove that I named frany needs which in my opimion, toou pritarity over the Civic Centre. I hamed indigent housing a pesidential home for mental cases and indigert persons who are either genetically afflicted or afficted by drug and alcohol abuse. I mentioned the residential sthoal, sc that we did not have to send our children off to Approved Schools in damaica. I mentioned the Femand Centre, and last but not least, I mentioned the premises for the comanity college and $t$ summed up what 1 was saying in this way:
"I would like to take it elear that in accepting the motion and in supporting it. I am not saying categorically that this will find its way into the estimates for 1980 . What I am saying is, that it will be considered amongst all the other needs, and together, hopefuliy, it will be allocated its rightful priarity in the many temants which will be made in that Eudget."

Sa Mr. Fresident, 1 dita not accept the motion categerically, and I do mot consider that I have been in anyway less than honest with my undertakimg, and as I have said, as long as a sit in this chair, this is the way it will go. I believe that we must put priorities right, and this is what i hape that plan is all about.
amazing that into a debate such as this, people shouldity to upset and worry the poputation about the introduction of property taxes. There are other ways and means of finaneing projecte Mr. Fresident, and I am sure this is well known. I am sure the general public understand that, if there were any intertion of introducing property tax, it would be said and not sprung on thein out of the back pocket like some bills were during ather administralions.

Mention was made Mr. Fresident: of countries like Cubax. Guyana and foland who had embraced the Fussian philosophy. If my memory serves me correctly Mr. President, we were about to entrace the Russian philosophy via Cuba in the late 1970's, when Russian officials visited this country on one ocession and were slated to come tack ostensitily to show un how ta develop our divins industry. That was about the game time they moved into grenada and Jamaca Mr. President. and it was anly the vigilance of the pablic that prevented the second visit. I believe frat oome cutspoken perple fade then hnow during their first witit that they were not welcome as well. Sa, the country peed net worry about this Gavernmett embracing Rustia ar Cuba Mr. Fresident. We belleve in the capitalist system. This Goverment is made up entirely of eapitalists. what we telieve Mr. Fresident, is, that Gavernment must put in the infrastructure to enable the private sectar to develop the country, bat particalarly in a service ariented econgmy as wave, it would be bhoptighted if we did not plan for the future, to provide the gervices which any
development in the country will need. It has been acknowledged Mr. Fresident, that the plan will have to be reviewed and changed from timetotime, and so do all flans. All plans gre but plans, and they must te changed in the light of chamging circumstances tut Mr. President, that does not 5 ay that you must notplan. At least we know Where we want to go. If the tide and wind change. well ther we might have to carrect our course, but if we do not know from where we have come and where we want to go, and where we have reathed. we will mot be able to set a course nor will we be able to carpert one.

Unfortungtely Mr, Frestiont. that is how the Euntry wer rin for erght years. Every ifight that
shone an the harizofi they wowld attam belimering that that was the lighthouse they were steering for. Good nayigntors da rot bo that Mr. Fresident, they krow where they are, and they know the characteristies of the light that they are steering towards.

Thepe has been mention made Mra. President. about an anti-growth attitude. Mr. Fresident. I do nat believe that to be the philosaphy of this Goverminert. What this Goverument believes in is growth at a pact thet we can service, a rate of growth that will preserve development for Gaymanians. Mrn
President, anyone whe does not believe that that is a philosophy that. should be earefully adhered to, have a rude awakening cominga

The West Eay Road is a geod
Example Mr. Presitent, of growth without planning: From 1975 there Were plans afoot to ease the traffic on that road, and what hat happened, it has teen built up and tuilt up along it until it is now m death trap. and one wonders whether in fact anything substantial and significant can be done to improve it. The mame thing is true of the far the Eastern Distriet roads they were not towched. I guess as the Member said, there were mo votes in tullding those rods.

As 1 have gemd Mra Fresident,
this motion tome as far as 1 am concemned, is unmerwnsary and hot oniy is it unnecessary, but 1 feel that even if it. is passed itw will be useless. The procedure suggested by the Honownele first gfficial Member was a senstble pratedtre, beratse if this Gomittee is established today Mr. Ppesident, the Comitteet will have to work and report by the 31 st December, or the Committee dies with the House, and that is what I hope will happen to it, 50 that the Plan fan in fact go to the finance committee and be brought back and detatad intelligentily after it has been completed and thoroughly examined in the commttee.

> It is my view pir, Fresident.
that all of these attempts at filibustering is but a floy te prevent Members oh this side of the Hubse frog getting on with their businese. the business of running the davernment, but that wil go on Mr. President, regardless of how iong we have to stay in here: and as I safd before, I do not intend to make the mistake I made in if75 and 1976. I fintend to give as gaod as l get, sno of course, I fan always take it Mr. Fresident. My record speaks for itself, and i mff prepared to stand on that any day. said that we managed to end up in 1983 with a surplus by porrawing money to provide it. I would just like to pont out Mr. Freeident,
 million, it was revised at $\$$ obs.f rillion, roughly a $\$ 4.0$ million difference Mr. Prestident. The loan revenue incladed in that Mr. Presidenta was $\$ 9.507: 000$ revised at $\$ 4.375,000$ ar a tifference of制, iax, 000 which, is an indication Mr. Fresident, that othen ayperts of revenue performed better by $\$ 1.137$ ibillion than budgeted. Gor I do not know where the mathematicians get their figures frompras
President. but surplus eertainly did mot come from loans.
I Suppart tifis metior Mr.
President, if it is the only way of ditposing of the business before the House, and I must still say that I think it is the wrong way to have gone at getting this plan before the House, but if this is the solution to a tickitsh problem, I an always prepated to go along with it Mr. PMEsidert.

MR. PFESIDENT:
The Honourable Third Elected
Member of Ekecutive countil.
HON. CAFT. CHARLES L. KIRKCONAELL: M M. President, it was not my intention to speak on this motion, but since so mum has teen maid and so many misleading things have gone gut over the air, partirularly to the people who de not know any different. I will try to elear up a few of these areas.

## After sir: the moticr was

passed by this House, no time wes lost to get a ronsuitant from BEso. This gentleman is not a persen whe was takem at randorm he is a consultant that we obtained through EESD. He it af experiencody well educated and a dedicated persen to his job, and personally have
every confidence in what he has domer I also believe Mr, president: that our Financial Secpetary, the Honcurable First gfficial fonber. made it chear to Menbers of this Hotse that it was mot Goyernment*s intention to put the Flan before the House todey and for them to accept it as it is. He made it abuntantly ctear that each Member of this House would have the opportunity tog whrough this plan thoraughly, to eriticise it, to add or subtrict from ft, and to take it ta their people and discuss th, and to find aut if they watd get the approval of their people. I think this is something thet hat bean overlooked, and it has been satd that this Government"s intention was to ram it down the threats of aur people, nothing could be further from the truth Mr. Fresident.

We have gean preyious
Governments operate from rpitis te crisis, and the reason why they
 Plan. We saw the newd for a flati, and although it was thatant in by the backbenchers, we thought it was an extellent feat we sipgorted it and today $I$ am thankful to say, we have the alan before ug, maybe itt is mot one hundred percent, tut each and every ane of us will have the opportunity to rejeft or eccept what portion of it thet we titity is appropriate.

A country without a Flan Mr.
President. is like a ship on the acean withoti a mudder, it just goes round and round and it fias no destination. I think it is extremely important for as to have a Plan, and 1 aff thanful that me mow have a basis for a Five-Year Economic Development Plafis gt is my intention Mr. President, to take this to my people. to photacopy the areas that will affect them, to discuss it thoreaghly with them and get their. input, and this I will be bringing bach to the comoteme i do not believe Mr. President, that it is fair in any sense of the wora. to compare the 1775 Developnent Flan with the warment Eanomic Development Plan whith has been placed on the Tatre of ints Honouratle House tadey.

The latt bevernment. l belieye Mr. Fresigent, they failed miserably because they iguld not tell or show the people the direction in which the country wis heading. We have tried our utfost ta correct thiserror, and to tet the peopla of this country and the foreign investors know that we do have a flan, and that the country has got a future. Mr. President. I can only sing the prafses of the Plan. I have gone through the flan section by section, I think it is well done: and I believe that when all Members of this House have had the opportunity to study this thoroughly, they will agree and support it.

Thank you Mr. President.
MR. PRESIDENT:
The Honourstim Figst official
Member.
HON. THOMAS G. JEFFEFSON:
Mr. Fresident, perbers we can
go back to the begimning of trying tio lay this Economiz plan on the Table. In trying ta decide on what procedure shodld de followed, and my recommendation to this Honourable House, I was mindful of gtendimg Opder 77(1) which reades "that the life of a Standing Setect Gommitede shall end with the term of the House", and I was alsa mindful Mr. President of Standing Drder $72(1)$ which requires that the Select Committee would report back to this session before it wids. It was my view Mr. Fresident, that under Standing Order 73(i), that athough traditionally firsance Committee deals mainly with the Appropmation Law art the gupplementary Expenditure, that other butiness such as this one, as set out in Standing order 7 a(1), could bereferred ta the Finance Committee, and certainly min. Fresidemt, a decument such as we have on the Table today, cannot really be examined by a select Commiteer, and reported back to this House with a meaningful report. That is the reason Mr. President, why I sugsested that the report be laid on the Table and be discussed. pege by page. chaptef by chapter in the coning year sta to enable Honourable Members to be mare acquainted with its contents. in order for them to disedss it if they so wish, with their constituents. And Mr, Fresident, I etill believe that that is perhaps the better procedure to follow in ifis case, and I rise only to mate that brief statement.

Chair will not rule me out of order if I speak actually to the terms of the motion, because it seems to te a slime qua non today that arything but the motion in front wif this Honotrable House indy he debated.

MR. D. EZIAED MILEER:
replying to all that has been said.
MR. PRESIDENT:

As lomg as you do hot inind me

Qrder! Order:

HUN. MICHAEL $J$, EBADLEY:
Mr. Fresident Sir. cotid I
bring to the attention of Members of this Hotuctampe House that under Standing Drder 72(d) there is a specifit fequirement that "every Select committee shall, before the end of the Sessigh itititich it was appointed, make report to the House upon matatrereferred to it and where a Committee finds itself unable ta conelude its investigation before the end of the Session, it sitall so report to tho House". Thit Session I understand giry is in its final items of business and that shortly after this Howse rises from the present meetyng it, will be prorogued and the mext item will be the 5peeth fron the Throne Early in 1987. That, being 52 Sif, I thinit it would be wateful af the Housers time and Mambers time if, with pespect to the maver of the motion and the seconder, this motion to refer thrs matter to a Select Committee was passed today. The effect of that would be, thot the Select. Committee would meet, and I do not think, no matter how industrious it was, it would be able to conclidde its investipations on so serious and lengthy a topic before the Eht of the swasiat so therefore it would have tomeke a report to the fouse tifat it was unable to conclude its investigation, and this House eould not recess until that report had been presented. 1 think on the practieglities of the matter sir, that the timing of the motion not withstanding its merits or demerits, are surf that it wowd be gerving no ussfal purpose at this present time, and 1 think with respect, that the procedure adopted and suggestad by tha Hotourabim first official Member of , in due coutse, early in the year referring it tofinance Comittee is perhaps the best and mat appropilate way of dealing with $i t$.

Thank you.
MR. PRESIDENT:
Does any other Nember wish to speak? Would the maver like ta exeratie his right of reply?

Yes Sir.
Mr. President: it is unfortunate that every time I mave a motion we tpen a can of moma. You know what is said about a can of worms any time you apen a can you are going to need a bigger can to put them inr because gir, earlier on this yoar en a motion that I moved. we went tw forton, but I believe today we went around the globe and way back into history. Eut, some of it was good discussion becatse incw fully understand why the Second Elected Member for Eodden Town seconded the motion. He had me worried at first when he started to speak in opposition ta the motion as his colleague from my constituency whom I replacedr used to do on most accasions: move it ant speak against it, but it dave him the opportunity to deliver his Eudget Address. Eecalse you see fra. President, unlike mer some Members in this Assembly, have to walt to hear what other poople afe going to say, in order to deliyer theit speech, 50 that they ean argue rather than have apen constructive debates.

But mir, Fresidentr a lot wat said about the dangers of planting, and all the posjimiam in plamingr but that agains is understandable coming from the Seetrid Eiected Mernber for Eodden Town.

## I was reaimoed by the

Honoufable First Elected Menber of Exscutive Gouncil that the gecond Elected Member for Eodden Town sells iffe insuranceplans for a livelihood, and most of those life insurance glans you aee sir, talk about death, doom, destrurtion, iose of limb. loss of ineomer loss of family members, loss of your house, feonomic destructions 50 you can well understand that the Member feels that with any form of sound economic plan by Government, you are going to have to deal with the same elements, it is not the case Sir. I would challenge that mamber Sir, to show me any book, any managerial authority writien by any author in the fres worla on the capitaijet gociety that doeq not name planning at its most important aspect of mathagement.

But we cam understand their opposition to the plan, because we well catl remember the ad hoc
 awards of developing areas of the country during the 1974 to 1984 administration, After all, I believe they whisked through a tatal of $\$ 300$ million plus during those eight years, ard wil we realty have ars three civic centres, ane Airport that has already just about butived its usefulness, and a Trilander that is grounded. Sor maybe when they get back in power they will have learnt their leason zoost proper planning. And Mr. Fresident, the Economic Flan whith has been laid on the Table today, has revealed a lot of useful inforiation. There are some very important statistics in it. some startimg statistics which have already been mentioned by other Members. Eut. it is mot ay the main opposer of the Flan , the Second Elected Memer for Eiodan Town would have the putlic believe, it is not a ftagnant flan, it is a dynamic Plany a Flan that can be changed if the needs changen It is not based on any Ressian or communist concept, it is based on sound business principles capitalist oriented. It is goinu ta deel with a lot of the social needs of the country. It is gitig tio teal with the projected infrastruthural needs of the country, and Mr. President, the fact of the matter is thah Government must have a Flan, mo.
Fresident, people do not flan to faily they simply fait to plany and if we had had a Plan in this country from 197t to 1984 , the great years of feast in this comitry, we would have best in a mach better position today.

This Evonoint fan witi in mo way fripple pr curtail development. I believe it will entance it. and Mr. Fresident, vou know, as I sithere and listeft to the ifretevincies in the detate, 1 ask myself a question, why did the United Nations Decolonisation Commiter issua a statement on the caynan Islands lately? Was it because the Unity Team delivered theyr petitian to overthrow the Governmett, as some Members thratened in some patic meatings? Was that what prompted them to belitur that we meededa.... will give way if you want.

MF. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Nou no. ? have it ou tape Sir.
from that Member of the Unity Team wha is sametines fit and sometymes out, the Second Elected Member for Eeorge Town the gnty one whagos to North Side at fight, and I can prove that. They were gofig to send it to the United Nations, because they did not believe thay were poing to get justice from Sir Geoffrey Howe. The timing is just too coincidental sir, 50 I would just like the people of thit couthtry to bare that in mindr and alss femember who was in powef when that same Committee came here before, about forcing England to give us independence. Eut you know Mr. Frestient, the greatest pity in all of this is that today is not Thursday: because if troday was Thutrday, the Second Elected Member for George Town would have bean at Riotary, and we all would have been finished with the busitiess and gotm, becaise when we did this motion in March 1985 , the Mabet did not debate it, he went to Rotary. So if this motion, this flat was such an atulat bod forsaken thing for fitis country, if it was giang to being suth destruction to this country, if it was going to crippis the economy, the Member could not miss one metting of Rotary to tell tio people so at the time, because there was a Division and although there were no 'Noes' the Member's name is mot fecotred in the Division. The Menber voting were, and I quote:

| "AYES 9 | NOEF 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hen. Michael Bradley |  |
| Han. Thanas jefferson |  |
| Hon. Eenson Ebanks |  |
| Hon. Normam Eodden |  |
| Hon. Capt. Charles Kirkternell |  |
| Mr. Mckeeva Bush |  |
| Capt. Mabry Kirkconmel: |  |
| Mr. D. Ezzard Miller |  |
| Mr* John McLean" |  |

The Menber was not here jir, he went to Rotary, It could not have been that tad sir, betause if it were that bad sir. I believe that he has encugh interest ifithe country, $\bar{i}$ do not belifue he is thet disinteresteds he wotad have stayed heme to have his piece on th, but he knows deep down you see Sir, in his Christian soul that this Economic Flan is a good thing for
this tountry, it is what it has meeded for elong tifne, and he did mot want to have to support it. So. 1 atn glad that we moved the motion thts morning, and he got his chance to get his little politicking ins and make the people out there say they will vote for him in 1988 again, because he is agocd old fellow. I might rot be here in 1988 , but I hope he gets back. betause he is definitely a oareer politician Sir.

Eut do you know why this
country does not have a Five-Year Plan Sir becatam onue we have it: it is going to put disejpline into the budgetary process of this country. lt is going te identify the needs, it is going to identify the areas in which we have to make improvements, how we are gaing to fund thase issues eteeteray etcetera.

Eut Mr, Fresident, in listening to the debate. I may have erred in moving the motion to sencit to a Select Committee for two reasons. Firstly, I will agree with the Honcurablefirst Official Menber of Government that it js going to be very difficult to deal with this document and make a repont before the 315 t December, becabse unlike some Members you know sirs 1 have mead the complete document, and I am ready to deal with it, but it is a very comprehensive dochment; and serandly sir. I alse realice that if we send it to a select Committee we are bound by secrecy, and we will not be able to discuss it as much as I would lymetodiscuss it with the publtc, and $I$ believe that it is dacument which heeds to be discussed extensively with the public. I would lite to have fublic meetings on it.

Soy frimpesident. after all of the exercise and all of the verboseness; I have had a change of heart Sira 1 remember that there was one Member in heré from the Lesser Islands who ghee Eaid that there were chly two peaple wha could not change their rinds, and they were a darm fogl and a dead person. I do mot corsider myself either of thase. So 1 have had a change in mind, Sir, I am going to withoraw my motion and actupt the comitment from the Honourable first official Member. that we are going to meet next year. discuss it, put it out for pablut disussion, and tring back the final document as dorument to be aceepted by the Legislative Assembly, and then we wili get arother shance ant my good friend the Gecond Eiected Member For Eodden Town will have hiad two shots at the duck sir, and in case he fefuces to speak or the throne Speech, he will get a Ghante to deltver that on the acreptance of the Economic flan. So, 1 withdraw the motion to send it to Selfet Commitued, and go along with the Hohomable first gfficial Membeng recammendation.

THank you 5ir.
HON. MICHAEL $\mathcal{H}$. BRADLEY:
25(6) 5 im , 25(6).
MR. FRESIDENT:
¥es, oh, I have got
24(14)...25(6). Na, that is an amendment 25(b). 24(i4) I think,"a motion may be withdrawn with the leave of the House". Does that mean that the House has to vote an whether the motion may be withdrawn

MR. D. EZIARD NHLLER:
Yes sir.

## STANDING ORDER 24(14)

MR. PRESIDENT:
I thint I progably have to put the question, may the motion be withdrawn, that would be riy understamaing of it. subject to what any Memen seys.

In that Ease I will put the
question that the motion be withdrawin.
QUESTIUN FUT: AGREED EY MAJORITY.
the second elected member for bodden town voted against.
I think the dyes have it. If
that case I declare that leave is granted for the mation to be withdrawn and it is withdrawin and we can pass on theter next item Which is another Report to be laid. The Honourable first pfficial. Mamber.
the Table of this Honourable House the Report of the Standing Business Committee.

The commttee held two meetings
during the Session on the 13 th and the 2 ath November, and there was one recommendation which warmants repeating Mra President, and that the Business Commitee pursuant to a motion, agreed ta unanimously recommend that it. the Eusimess Committee, ate down the order of speakers for debate for all future Thrane and Eudyet Addresses upan consultation with tife Members, prior to each Mesting. Thatik you Mr. President.

Mr, Prasionent if I may, a
Correction to the Minuta of 2teth November, thank to ny Hongurate learned Second official Member. The Menbers presant were:

> Mr. W. Mokeeva Ewsh
> Mr. D. Ezzard miller
> Capt. Mabry S. Kirkeomell
> and myself as Dhairmann

MR. PRESIDENT:
So ordered that the Report the
laid. Ferhaps, I ghould for the bereftt of the Houge, make Elear my own view in respett of the particular recemmendation about setting down the grter of speakers for detate. I ath in entime gympathy with
 I do not think that it is good for the dighity of the House that there should te long pauses when 1 try in vainly to catch the wye of a Member, and to persuade somebody to speak, either in bhe debate on the Budget Address or in the detate on the Throne Speech. Yet, that said. unkess the consultation which the Business Comintuter contemplated, resulted in general agreement amongst Menbers that an arder of speaking be set down, I really do mot think it would be proper for fe to be bound by whatever order the Business committee had set. That is to say: I do mot think $I$ could prectude a Member from getakimy if he wished to speak, just becanse the busimess commtore had, against his wishes, set him down to speak at apartitular time, and athink if the Eusiness committes is going to be able to do it without agrefenemt wh Members, then there has got to be an amendmett to standing orjers. But provided all Members will agree on consultation, then I think it would be greatly to the arivatage of the House.


MR. PRESIDEMT: Well. I have made my
position...
MR. G. HALC BODDEN:
.... Bot 1 agree with you 5ir.
MF. FRESIDENT:
I mean: I have fade my position
plain that unless Standing Grders are amended to Empouer the Eusiness Committee to give ditections in something like that. althotgh y would hope that agreement of Members could be reathed ta avaid the kitu of pasees fram whith we have suffered. 1 could not enforce a wish of the Business Comittee against the yish of an individual Member:

Item zálit, the Homourakle
First Official Member.
GOVERNMENT M INUTE TO THE 1986 FAG REFGRY ON THE AUDITED ACCOUNTS DF THE GAYMAN ISLANDS QDVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED $31 B T$ DECEMREFI. 19 QE.

HUN. THDMAS C. JEFFEFSON: Mr. Fresidents in zerordance with the requirenents of Stanting Order 74 (7) the Governinent Miritate is hereby submitted.

The Minuter as all Honowmatle
Members are aware, fomms the basis of the Govermment's respomse relative to the rectrmendations and comments contaned ir the Futatic Accaunts Commithee Fepont an the Auditor General's Fieport on the Accounts of the Goverriment for the year ended 3ist December. 1985. And with your permitsion sir. I would like to read the response.

PUELIC FINANGE AND AUDIT LAW
The recommendations for the implementetion of the atove Law and accompanying fegulations by the Government on 1 st January 1987 accords with the planmed implementation date, and is therefore actepted. However, to be sure that the intended operatimal aujectives are attoeved, shott traiming bourses are presently beins conducted ty the Fublic Finance and kudit Adyispr in order to ensute that all departmental ascounting officars are fonversant Especially with the requirements of the Fegulations. Therefore, although the Regulations will be introdused as of lat jandary, it is to te noted that not all aspects of its provision will become effective before ist janary, 1788. It is projected that by this date all the pequired training will mave been completed with provisions for the relevant changes to be made within the formating of the Estimates and other relevant aceotnting recofas.

TOTAL REVENUE BALANCE
The views of the Auditar General and the Fatilis Actounts Comittee are actepted with respert th the assets
 $315 t$ Decerber, 1985 . However, the miseonception that this balance should at all times be represented by recoverable and realizatle assets should be avoided. Although the Government Minute on the 1984 Accounts gave the assurance that only recoverable sums would be plated agitnst. Advances, a subsequent review of this undertaking has proved otherwise. Within the Government acheme of accounting, an adyance acmount is ainay atad as a holding account for aggregating short term and pending recoverable sums which are to await the occurrenco of a devision to enable rectassifitation, or writing off it a subsequent accounting period. Therefore, ta account for such itens otherwise will require modification in the presemtation of Existing financial statements and in this megard the advice of the Accounts and Audit Adyisor will be sought, for effecting desired changes.

## DVERDRAFT

The acceptance of this retommendation is reaffirmed. However, while efforts will be pade tor avoldexceeding the $\$ 4.5$ filliton ceiling approved by finance Commityee for 17gt, the same could not have been done for 1985. The Committee is aware that Governmentis fiscal palicy demands that all departmental expenditure relevant to any year be brought to account within the ascouncing period of that year. The Treasury was therefore instrutwet to enture such compliatce to avoid a earry-aver of life committed expenditure into 1986. This resulted in the $\$ 3.5$ million ceiling approved for 1985 being slightly exteeded.

## TOWEF BUILDING LOAN

While it is agreed that the deposits held as 三etufity are immotilized duping the currency of this toanr l would differ es the the marginal one percent woses interest cost being the prime consideration for the immedidte paying-off" of this Loan. The essential consideration to bexemined in this regard is that at the expiration by the lag the Government will still have these deposits and abcumalated interest as part of its general teserves.

As stated eamlier, while it wourd seef that the imandiate expense should provide the reason for the offsetting of this Loan, thare is no guarantees evath with the best finameial mathagement. that such reserves wilh be replaced at the end of the loan period.

It should be noted that the Fublic Deat balance, inclusive
 Decenber, 1985. The Tower Loan, ifike all sther loant, could have been butained on the bests of thig Govimnmenty deserved reputation for its sound financiai metagement. On this basis, with the toan being unsecu*ed. thts would have resulted in an excess over the extsting itheneat costr and therefore the tying of the Lath to tho diposit.
was intended to reduce such eost and achieve makimum benefits from the deposits.

STUDENT LIUANS
The situation with regard to Student iasms montindes ta fremain inconclusive. Although a ifst of all such iogns made ta date has been developed, the terms mad conditions of repayment relative to these loans are yet to be agreed upon. Following e ruling by the Financial serretary the Chief Education Officer will be responsible for ensuring the commencing of repayments and the introdictiont of the required system for ensuming atcountability and the monitoring of ongeing repayments.

PROPERTY VESTED IN THE PGRT AUTHORITY
This recommendation is accepted and the assistance of the Chief Engineer, F.W.D., has beeth requested for carrying Out the valuation. Following the apptaisal, if the value derived proves in excess of the initial estimate of ol.z5 milition appearing in the accounts. such excess will be treated as an interest-free loanm and rewoverable on the same terms as those which were prestrited in respect of the George Town Fort."

MR. PRESIDENT: Whill one minater lef on the tape, which will need to be changed. I think that sthce we did hat break for lunch, we perhaps deserve a few minutes brefk nows I do not know whether Menters would be content lets say to take ten minutes suspension while the tape is tosed, and it would give us a rhance to...

## AT $2: 25 \mathrm{FaM}$. TRE HOUSE SUSPEMED

HOUSE RESUMED AT $3: 43 \mathrm{~F} . M$.

MF. FRESIDENT:
Member.

Flease be seated.
The Honourable First Gffirial

Mr. F Fresidenty befrare we took the break I had reached the Treasury Department; Government s responee to the Futiou Accounts Comittee and Auditor ceneral's Repart on the Treasury Department:
"TREASURY
A complete restructuring of the Treasury is being planned for 1987 with the ereation of four serior pasts whith will be titied 'genion Treasury Accountants'. Two of these posts will be assigned the responsibilities of enturing the efficient day to day running of the treanury, with timely collection of revenue, ekpenditure accountability and prompt ditbursements being priorttized.

Of the two remaining posts, one will provide for the appointment of a training officer who will proyide on-the-job training of Treasury staff, fitestiy and finally to encompass the accounting staff in all other departments. The other post will provide for the establishment of an internal audit function for ensurimg the continuous examination of all aspects gf accounting activities withim the Traesury.

Fostings to subsidiary letgert are now being done on a fregulat bastar with balances extracted at the eft of each month. The Immigration fegistar is still in armears due to the backlog and vast voluthes of entries. However, an attempt is now being made to post ant balante this Register so that it can be maintained on adally basis.

Eank reconciliations are now being dane on megular basis. With the exteption of the cic current account whith has bean reconciled to goth June of this year. all outstanding items have been ifentified and incomporated as necessary within the Goyempment arcounts.

FEREONAL TAXES
The requirements of this recommendation were compliad with, and at a meeting of Finance comifter held on lith September of this year, the approval for a waiver af all personal tak arrears was granted.

COMPUTER SERVICES
The Department of Finance is in agreament with the Futif Accounts committer that the Computer bervices have presented a lengthy time scale for the development of computer systems for Government. However f it should be moted that they are planming to nover all aspects of government's activities everywhere with ong organisation. In many larger governments, each of the major departments or ministries would have their swn corputer services department with staff, computer certares, equipmerit and software. It is the belief of this bovernment that economits of scate can be achieved by proyititig the service through one centrally contralled group thet is overseen by the computer Steering comaittee ta enasre tion the priorities are given to the mast digent or beneficial systems. Even though the volumes afe less than with ather govemments, the complexities still remain.

Designing and inplementing tomputer systems requires more than having the equipment installed and shftware written, whether in-house or from a thimd party source.
Implementation is dependent upon the skill levels within the departments. These include the menagement skilis to know what is required for a computer ty三tem and the ability of staff to use the systems wffectively. Froper manual procedures must be developed in conjunction with the computer systen and staff treined in following those procedures. Fortunately or unfortunately, depenofing upon one"s point of views computerisation requifes disciplined users. No longer can one bypass the normal procedure to handle something in a ate-off mantmern Nluch time in designing and implementing a system is takerl up with such matiers and getting full agremeth from ail useriz of the system on the procedures to be fallowit.

In reference to computer expertiser both beally and overseas, it should be noted that the fout finationers within Computer services have a combined total of bb years of data processing experience in both the comidercial atid public sectors. From EESO. Goverament sbtained the services of a computer advisor with sver 20 years data processing experience, to assist in defining the rale of comphter Services. In addition, on staff for two years. is an Accounts and Audit Advisor with over 40 years accounting experiente, ta assist while majori Eoputer systems are being developed for the fimmatal areas of Covermment. At the time of this woiting: a request hat been made to UNDF to determine if they have somedme versed in both VAX systems and Government accounts. The intent is that if they can locate someone with this combination of skills, they would review the programme and advise of any areas which could be ifeproved upon.

It is difficult to compare governmentis installation with any other in tine Gayman Islands. There is a wide range of expertise in-house ith both the software mad operations arias which is normally available to lotal firms only through their headquarters ant distrybuted to their branches locally. Much of the development thet is done locally is at the micracomputer level whith does mot require the same type of expertise as higher volumer multiplewser systems.

## COMFANIES REGISTRY

The Committee's recommentation ot this subject is afcepted, but it should be pointed ait that Each year the Companies Registry experiences many protlems in waidecting the various annual fees on registered mompanies. The present legislation gives the Registrar mot mote powet than to impose a late filing free which is very ineffectire if
the company is mot paying its ammual faces int ， alternatively，the Registrat may ftrite the compatiof from the Register after giving notifeg Resorting to striting the company from the Regitwer does inotr howevert gotve the problem of outstamding fees，

Since placing the Gompanies fegistry on tine computar＂t has become possible to better matitotr companies in afremars a and where tompanies which are in arrsars haye mot． been strutk from the Register＊this can be atirributed to the Registrar＇s decision at varioug timas and for vapious reasong hot toresart to this action。
 recommendetiot fon the striking＂ff of companifes which have fallen into arrears by more than iz months will be complied with．

CUSTDMS DUTIES
This trecommemdation is accepted．Froreduses designed to expedite the collertion of impont duties have now been
 ensure the adequacy of depotits it botids before gaods atw released．

It $\ddagger$ also envisaged that these procerares will allowfor
 as and when t＂equired．

CUSTOMS DVERTIME
the Depantment of Finance，like the Auditor fienetial and
 the extetit of the overtime whim in meing paidn In addressing this isswe with the coliector of castomsra

 overtione being worked．In addition．proposalefor
 もhe 1987 Budget which will ptovide fot tho foplemant．ation of a proper shift system and a athstartial rédutiton in Guertime payment．

POLICE－LICENSING DEPARTMENT

 Committee，held om ¢th octobetr g＇Feasibility study＂ preparwo by the computer Sertion was tabled and zeweptedn The＇Study roncluded with the fiecommandations for the Folice Licences application to be tedevelopedfにr
 that the project would be assigned primotty to stamt in January， 1987 ．

## FOLICE WELFARE FUND

According to the commissionef of Folicer deatys ith providity the Hotioraty Abditor with informabion atose
 difficulties in disthargithg of his duties．Hatias gince been replaced with a mote atitable tixaysurem and all necestary information has been provided ta the Honargry Auditor．Besause of this action，ft ig envisated that the actounts will be maintaiped an ail wp－tg－date bayiso

## FFISDN SEFUICE

 and Audit Advisot was requasted te vizit the Frisong for reviewing the system，and in particular to addrass those issums raised by the Auditor Genergar．His conclusiong wert that independemt reviews：whimh were mafried out subsequent to the Auditor General＇s visit by the
 encompassed the entipe systern with relevant


 to be ingroved upon．The view was further vakut that
efforts should be made to wark with the existing system having regard to the procedurea recormended for
implementation. On the question of croputerization the Advisor felt that this would only exacertate the prablems encountered and should therefore be delayed.

In a recent disctissisn with the Direstor of Frisans, assurance was given that all fecommendations as made have been ifflemented and weaknesses corrected.

Durimg the course of this year an Executive Dfficer with the responsibilities of sharing the accobtitity detics was appointed to the Prisons. This attion was intended ta reduce the bookkeeping involvement st the friseon Officers who were being used for this purpose.

PRISON OFFICERS WELFARE ASSOCIATIGN
The Finamian Statements (wnaudited) For the period 7th Jatiuary, 1982 to 30 th June, 198 g ara now tompleted and available for examination by the Auditor General.

OVERSEAE MEDICAL ADVANGE ACCUUNTS
In response to this recommendation, the Foritiolio of Health, Education and Social Servicgs has adyised that det the time of writing, a review was currently under" way to identify those actounts where recovery seemed possibie, those that appeared doubtful and where nectesaryo the obtaining of collateral security. Following this exerciser it is envisaged that a request will be made for the writing-off of all uncallectatis accounts, and the conversion of those which are collectable to interest free leans.

The collection process its simultuneousiy being reviewed and the recommendetion that future acoounts should be treated as interest free loans will be implemented.

HOSFITAL FEES
Acting on this petommondation, emphasis is fow being placed on the collection of current fees, and at a meeting of finance Committee field on loth September, a diefision was taken to discontinas the collection of arrears relative tu 1978 and 1979. This decision has been implemented with the exception of those detts which have been acknowledged with collection currently in process. As of Othaber of this year, initiatives have been taken tg commence court proceedings against selected difficut payees. It is anticipated thet the pablicity genctatedt from such action will encourage other delinquant payees to arrange for the settlement of curtent and any outstanding amounts owing,

## FHARMACY

This recommendation is accepted ath ithstructions will be issued for its implementatiot.

HUSPITAL KITGHEN EQUIPMENT
The greater part of this equipment, for which conceptit it expressedr refers to the cafeteria which has not bern activated due to lack of staff. Provision is being made in the 1987 Budget for the employment of a chef, which will make to posisible to open this area of the kitathen activity.

## SOCIAL GERVICES DEPARTMENT

As explained to the committoee dimity its aeitherationsy the previous actounting officer assigred to thij section proved incapable of coping with the axtrunting fuftctions. With the assistance of Finance, the backlog of all unpaid invoices have been processed and operations are tow being conducted on an up-to-date basis. The accounting officer has since been reptated and procedures for avoting a recurrence of weaknesses reported on by the additor General are being considered for implementation.

Acting upon the recommendation mader the matter of the deferred stamp duty payable by Faradise Manar was Meferred to Finance Comithee on ibth Septamber. Approyal was obtained for the amount which was being cartiod in an 'Advance Account' to be converted to an interest free loan. This action has since beef implemented.

## PURCHASE OF LAND

At a meeting of Executive council heta on zgth uthober. 1986 the draft 'Land Furchase or Sale Frocedures Guidelines referred to by the committee were approved for implementation subject th certain modificatians which were to be made by the legal Department. Therefores at the time of writing, the Principal Serretary for bevelopment and Natural Fesources is vested with whe responsibility and accountability for all land purthases (or salest by the Government.

CIVIC CENTREG AND TUWN HALLS
The recomendations of the committee on this subject have been passed to the Portfolto of Comentitations. Whers and District Administration. According to mesponse received, it was stated that the fortfolis had no objections to the recommendation. The view should therefore be taken that the specif'ic "ecommendations for effecting greater usage of the Givic Cemtres and Tuwn Halls will be implemented.

POSTAL DEPARTMENT
In response to this recommendetion, the Postal Department has advised that daily balancing of all cash and stamp holdings is now beitg carried out by the counter staff. other aspects of recommendation by the Acromptay and Audit Advisor are currently being addressed. and where necessery further follow-up discussion wili be pursum betweet the Advisor and Fostmagter with a view to obtaifing agreement on differentes of opinion which have teen reised by the latter. At the time gif writingr the fostinaster was of f the Island and would not be returning to office before 12th Movember.

A Board of Survey report dated 30sh June provides confirmation of the destruction of obsalwte stampa referred to in paragraph 59 of the Awditor tenterzi's Report.
F.W.D. CAFITAL EXFENDITGRE

The specific comments of the Gommittere on this subject have been accepted. The implementation of the Ailigrove Report is ongoing with almost all the recommendations within $P \cdot W \cdot D x^{r} 5$ Eontrol having been implemented.
Following the introduction and aceeptance of the Eopromic Development. Flan, it is anticipated that a process will be introduced to facilitate liaising betwern finance and F.W.D. with a view to achieving a greater degrea of forward planming. Simultaneously, 妾he recommendation for the establishment of a' Capital Works Committee' ifll also be considered. It should also be poted that the introduction of the Financial and stores Reguiations will provide guidelines with respect to fendering thus improvithg existing procedures.
F.h.D. UNALLOGATED STORES

Acting on the recommendations of Eogrd sf Survey appointed by the Financial Secretary towards the lateter part of last year, instrutions were issuad ot t $2 t h$ May for the destruction of obsolete itemsi sale of slow moving items and the progfessive reductiom of the unallocated atores balance to a yalue not to exceed $\$ 100 \mathrm{fog}$. Approval was also given for effationg the required adjusting erteries to obtain reconciliation getween the Store's holdings and the Treastity records.

In consequence, the Fow. D.'s purthases af materials intu its unallscated stores fot therifst nite monehs of igge amounted to $\$ 62,000$ as Eomparied to 367,000 and $\$ 705,000$
over similar periody im 1985 and 1984 respertively. In addition, new building works are now being put to pablic tender, thus reducith purchases by Fibin.

The issue of the fuel unaliocated stores has been incorporated with recommendations in ereview af the Central Funding Scherae operation recently catried out by ${ }^{( }$ EESO Consultant. This issue will therefare be addressed in the process of Govertment *s acceptante and follow-up initiatives with regard to the consultant's finditigs and proposed recommendations for implementation.

UNALLDCATED STORES (GAYMAN EFAC)
Dn the imstruttions of the Financial Secretary, the batances as noted within paragraph ta of the Auditor General's Report have since been aditwted withim the Treasury"s records.

CENTRAL FUNDIAG GCHEME
Eetween August and Dctober af this year. a EERG Epecialist, Mr. B.J. Hill, C.Eng. M M, Fi, T.E.: M.Inst.T. A., M.I.M.T. was engaged on a shoct term basis to ekamine and report with recommendations on the oaprationg of the Gentral Funding Seheme. His repprt. which gave detailed coverage and andysis of the present operations Was tabled at a meeting of the Management Board held an 31st Detobern The report is presentiy being considered For is soundness and subject to agreenent by the Management Eoard, it will then be presented by he Financial Sefretary for Governments aceptance.

PORT AUTHDRITY
As the Aceounts of the Authotity were foumi to be in a state of confusion and the situation seemed to be deteriorating rapidiy, tine Authority" ${ }^{\text {F }}$ Board todk a decision in early 1986 to employ a fiom of professianal accountents to audit the acobunts: evaluate the staff and carry out a review of the accounting gystem.

Early in the exanination it became apoment that there wat a complete brealdown of the original sccounting system and that the staff of the arcounting section was withotit any form of direction and guidamce. This ultimately resuited in the dismissal of the Fort Director.

The accouths of the Ruthority have now been audited up to the end of 1985 and wnaudited accounta have been produced to the End of September. 198日.

The Authority has taken steps to Ensure that the system recommended and itmplemertisd by the firm of accouttants is adhered to by the recruitment of a qualified ferson to be in charge of the Agcountitig Section. They have also retained the same firm of accountanti to monitor the system for a short period of time.

OTHER FUELIC AUTHORITIES
This reconmendation is aecepted and appropriate areounting arrangement: will be put in place tu Facilitate the effictent functioning of bath the Gayten Istands Corporation and the Water Authority priar to their commencernent of full autonomous opergtions."

Thank you pir. President.

ME. PRESIDENT:
Minate do lay on the Tatie.
Fourth Elected Member.

## STATEMERTS

HON. VASSEL B. JOHNSON:
Mr. Fresidert, the follatifg
Statement in accordance with stamding Order ai is prompted by
Parliamentary ouestion No. 89 of 17 th November: STCG, asted by the
Elected Member for North site. and for administrative reasons it could
mot be answered at the time.
On Tharsday motang the zoth
Novenber. $198 t$ a contract wat signed by thfs Government and central Desal Limited an affiliate of Caribbean Utilities Cgmany Limitea, which contrate requifes Central Desal ta prodtace ant sell potatie water to the Water Authority for distritution in Gearge Town by a piped system and to truckers. The contract expires after dey years, and while extension is possithe, new rorditions can be sperified. Because the contract is not a franchise, hegotiation with ather firms on perhaps more favourable terins is possible, when the demand for water exceeds the maximum quantities gsamanteed by the contract, ap when the contract expires.

The contract requires Central
Desal to provide a low temperatume distillatian plant of good repute, approved by the Water Alithority to produre a liaximum of 450,000 imperial gallons of water per day, using a systen of waste heat from the generatars of Caritbean Utilities Company. dh js maw fonfimed that the equipment ta be used by central Desal whith is highly recommended by leading world authorities, and accepted by the water Authority is a product of 1 spaeli Desalination Eagineers.

The Water Authority will purchase from Central Desal fixed minimum quantitieg of water starting in the first year with 150,000 gallons per day, and rising anhually by increments to 300.000 gallons per day in the fifthand sutsequent years to the end of the $15-y$ ear contract. The price of water to the Water Autharity is fixed in the firnst four years at cita. 0 per thousand U.s. galloms, wr Us $\$ 12.50$ par thousemt imperial gallons. In the fifth year the price will be determimed by using a rate based calculation gimilar to that used by Caribbean Utilitias to allow a 15 perment feturn to Central Desal. There is a fixed minimumprice of CIF7. 84 per thousant $U .5$, gallons after the foumth year to the end of the contract based on present day abte of producing water usimg the most econcmical and relitable systemn Cettral Desal will mot pay a royalty to Government, as in the case of Cayman water compariy. A charge ar rayalty would inflate the prite to the water Authority and this would be passed on to consumers. The hater Adthority's price to consumers will cover overhead costs, loan servitimg and leaving a surplus whath can be applied to capital expansion or Governinat' a revenue.

Water will be produced 14 months from the signing of the contract in early loge. Centrel Desal's capital investment in the project is liso 3 ns million, and the Water Authority is US\$2.0 millicn. Gentral Desel will qutain their funds from equity contribution of their shareholders. and the Water Authority's fund will come from a lami by Gariabean Developent Bank covering the cost of a resprvair and the pipe distritution. Water to the George Town consumers will be at an affordatle price and likfly to be in threse categories; low consumers and truckers: approyimately CI\$12.50 per thousand U.S. gallons, high consumens CIOB. 50 : and commercial consumers CItt4.50.

Water for George Toun has been the subject of many studies, including a Weter Demand survey ty the Water Authority's technical itaff. carried out in the lataer part of 1985, and updated during 1990. The water Demand Eurvey is quite a big volume, arid any Honcurable Member wishing fo read it may Eormed my copy at any time. Mambers may also wish to yisit the office af the Water Authority and field sites where work is in progress. The Director would be very pleased to facilitate these visits.

There have been very aterong
grounds for supporting a public water system fot liearge Toung as confirmed by the survey. Apart from the iow ratafall and oceational drought to maintain adequate roof catchments gupply, a worst fear is for the health hazard aspect as reveaied by Enyimonmentel Health's sampling of wells used by many homes.

The tests indirate a serious
fecal colourform contanination. and required urgent actioti by the Water Authomity in 1985 to mestrict heavy confmerifal extrection from wells in an attempt to partiy resolve the protleme Eoratise many homes depend on wells as the only soupec of wher. the domestic tise will increase and not lessen, and because of the present form of sewerage disposal effluent reaches the ground water lense and zase the fecal contamination. The George Town Water Demende Survey reveeled that of 305 samples taken, 79 percent were positive. Estinates indicate that 575,000 galions per day is the present demand. This valume is
 The lattem is supplemented by 100 obo gallons from truckurs. If
householders decide to replate scme of the well water with good piped desal water rumning to their homes, which is very likely, then demand on the Water Authrmity in the first year could exremd the minimum 150,000 galloms per day contracted with fentral Desal. In any mase, the Experience fiere for example telephonesy is thet a ásryice js riot enthusiastitalty welcomed untit it becomes winaitity and then everybady wants it. dt is enviseged that weter which it fat more mportant to every person than any atber servitag will be welcomet

 public utility, ohe that will alyo aid exomonic development.

The water Authomsty Law i 982 establighed the Watef Authority and gave it respansibility to provide

 there is no doubt in my mind, that the watem Autherity can provide as reliable a semvice ard les always be aur aim in providing a public serviié

The Watef muthority was
established in 1783 and administared by a Board af whimh I am
 of 14 officers, eight of whom are Cayminians whimh include a senfor Water Supply Officem: The six erpatriate officers are terhricul
 possible, There afe also in the office, two butctiagsociate experts, provided by the United Naticos free of mharge. The staff uf the Authority headed by a Difector who is also Serfetary to the Boatio has undertaken all studies on water and sewerages prepared all tender documents and mathaged all projects without dne meed for addytumal
 areas of performance. The head of the Unit, the Diremtor, spents all

 performance. His dedimation to duty, and harm whok, fetitutet alsa in
 Express to them and tomemberg of the Eoard throughthis mediumg my greteful thanks far their invaluable services.

MF: PRESIDENT:
Thank yous

## STANDING ORDEF 3012

MR. D. EZIARD MILLER: Fir. Freejdenty I witrery with



MF. FRESIDEMT: Ywh are entitied under tinat
 you can ask for clarificatican that is perfectly in ortatr。

MR. D. EZZARD MILLER:
Will the Merber stet, whether Gentral Desal will be allowed to bring ith theip equipmaht duty frea. as they have dohe with the engines which are going to product the heat?

HON. VASSEL. G. JOHNBOA:
Yes Mr. Fresident: that was one
of the conditions of the contratu.
MF. D. EZZARD MILLEF: Another supplementary Mr.
President. Am I correct in assuming that if the present demand is
 in the pipes and the reservoitr for covertment toget its rietarn it Would be approximately 0.3 par gallor plas the sellang prite of bhe water of \$12.50?

HON. VASSEL G JOHNSDN:
Mr. President, this cottimg has
 Development Bank had to satisfy itgelf that the Weter Autharity gelling at those prites rould make a meesomatie retuma aft their
 a surplus as I mentioned in the gtaternent.

HON. VASSEL E. JOHNSON:
Mr. President, it is my
intention during the course of next year to make a proposel to
Government of the estension of the putlic water systams and the next phase of it Mr. President, will be inte West Eay, if Governiment so approves.

MF. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Can the Merfer say whether the present company which now provides the Seven Mile Beath area with water is it not possible that they could da it, and probably do it more cheaper than Governinent?

HON. VASSEL GE JOHNSON:

M天, FFESIDENT: I think we are atraythg a
little bit. allowed a question as to whether there might be a possibility of an extension to West Bay, but the mechenits and the preferred arrangement.... will allow you to answer this.

HON. VASSEL G, JOHNSON: It may be prejudicial Mr. President for me to really answer that questian.

MF. PRESIDENT:
If there is no uther question:
We can move ath to Item 4. Dn today's Order Fiper. Eilis. Reportsn The Honourable First official Member toreport on the Appropriation Bill.

GOUERNENT BUSIAESS

EEFOATE
THE AFPKOFRIATIGN (1957) EILL, 17톤 AND DFAFT EETIMATES DF FEVENUE AND EXFENDITUEE FOF 1907

HON. THOMAS C. JEFFEFSON:
Mr. Ftrefigent, d beg ta lay an
the Table of this Honcurable House the Finamce Commitue Report for the 24th November, $25 t h$ Navember and 26th November.

In this Report Mr. Frestidert.
there are a number of typographical errores and I would eepk to mention them as I go through the Report.

Persorts in attendance at all
Meetings were, in addition to Hormumble Memeers, the Daputy financial Secretary and the Acting Budget Dfficer, and the commtteer Ealed te the meeting on Tuesday, 25th Nowember and Wednesdey 2ath, the Chief Engineer and the Roads Engineer of Fublic Wark.

There were a number of recommendations whith the Committee made, amy whith the chationan undertook to look ifito.

In the Minuteg of 24th
November, there wetre a number of typagraphical ertors which the Chairman drew Metteers" attention ta:

On page 3. deaijng with the Recurrent Revertue - Estiffated
 instead of CI\$3, 319,939 ; and the Estimated Tatel Reverue
 \$72.860.727.

A further correttion which was netessary was to delete
 was dealing with the Recurremt Expenditure for 1907 and it is Government's recammendatign that the $\$ 2,000,000$ be put aside im 1986. It should not have appeares if that statement.
 other corrections to typographicel errors.

HEADS 1-4 Were passed without any amendment=
HEAD 5 - the Explamatory Note dealing with Eut-Head 00-036 Printing - Others tt was amended to read:
"Provisian of $\$ 2$, 000 to cover cost of printing

HEAD 6 - PEFSUNNEL was passed.
HEAD 7 - PGLICE DEFAFTMENT - the Explanatgry mateta Gaste Salary wes deleteds as it was hot nescomary, and pertiape in somm mases may have been misleadity.

HEADS 7 AND $g$ HEt゙E then pقssed.
HEAD G was passed.
HEAD 10 - FINANCE AND DEVEGUFMENT - the Explanatory Noter Basic Salary includes a 5 pefocent wage iffcreager and therem was a motion moved by the Gecond Elested Meriber for bienge Town that the Cayman Airways subsidy of $01,050,000$ be reduced to $\$ 800,000$, and thet the 54 m of $\$ 2 \overline{0} 0.000$ be divided as follows:

```
                                    $100,000 for West E*y
                                    $100,000 for George Town Givit Centre
$ 50.000 for the Musetm
```

with the understanding that Finance Commituee wili supporit a supplemwntary for Cayman Aimwaya, if nemded.

The Ghaimman explained that cayman Airways hag bucigeted for the amount allocated -" 50 percent beyng reguested at the beginn ing of the yeut and the other 50 perestht at the end of the year.

The mation was put, Mr. President, tot wote and it was defeated by a majamity vote.

The next item was a motion moved by the Elected lember for East End who moved that the subsidy for cal., there ig a typographital errar there which says elar her reduchod by $\$ 20,000$ amd placed to the Musemm voter That motion was put to a vote and defeated by a majoritryn

HEADS i1 - 15 were agreed.
HEAD 16 - PEFSONAL HEALTH SEFVICES - the ElECte日 MAMbEr
for East. End proposed that an amtulante be provided for the Eastern distritct and stationed at the Frant sound Fire Station.

The Chajrsan stated that this ittm wowld be cunsidered
 then 0 assed.

## SUSFENSION OF STANDTNG OFDER 1O:2

HON. MIGHAEL U. BRADLEY: Mr. President mir, as the
 thind it might permaps be the wish of the house if J proptsad antep Standing Order 03 , the suspension of Standing order 10 2 f for the
 disposed of, mad I someve Sim

MF. FEESIDENT:
The motriar is thet in
 10(2) shall be suspetided to etmate the remaining busithestan todays Grder Faper to be completed. I will put the questions

QUESTIUN FUT: AGREED. STANDIMG DRDER IOCZ SUBFENDEE.

MR. FRESIDENT:
may continue.
HON. THGOAS GA JEFFERSGA:

I think the ayEs hate itt, Yous

Thank yod thr. Fresidenta.

HEADS 17 thraugh 19 and agreeg to approve the allocabions for the three HEADS, 17,18 and 19. That meeting was ad ounned at 4,30 foy

 EIected Member for Badden Towt thet the watoobrob not te
put into reserves, and that the ioan af $\$ 7,702,43 z$ be reduced. The motion was put ta a vate and cefeated by a majority.

HEADS 20 TO 23 the allacation for thase HEADS $20.21,22$ and 23 were approved.

HEAD 24 - GIVIL AVIATION DEPRFTMENT . Second Elected Member undertonk to look inta the matem of the installation of radias and transmitters at the civil Aviation Abthoritiy.

HEAD 25 - DEPARTMENT OF TQURISM -- the Hanowmable second Elected Memter undertook to look inte the public relations and the return and one-way fares on the tos Angeles/Haustan route. It is said that the oneway fare being more costiy than the return fare.

The Monourable secand Elected member further undertock to look inte providing additional funds for the Gayman Islands, Display at the Commonweath Institutw in Londor.

Funds were then approyed for heads 24 and 25 ang za,
HEADS 27 TO 35 inclusive - the allocations wire agreed.
The Comittee considered the Gapital Estimates, item ty item under the following Heads: together with the documents supplifed by the Chimf Engineer on the construction of road for 1987 . Giscission ersum and the Chairman agreed that the shif of $\$ 035000$ allocated for the Palice Department for care be reduced by $\$ 10.00$ ta provide a token vote for an ambulance for the Eaterf bistrict which was moved earlifr by the Electer Member for East End.

The Second Elected Member for West Eay wished it to be recorded that the Legislative Assembly's libremy be included as an Explanetory Note te 5 ubthead 19 of HEAO 41.

HEAD 41 - the Secand Elected Member far West Bay movea that $\$ 25,000$ be taken frof the sum of $\$ 425,000$ provided for Cayman Erac roads and te be utilised for the creation of park facilities in West Bay. The motion was put to a vote find defeated by a majority.

Still dealing with the road vater the Elected Merntur for North Side moved that Prierity Frojects Nos. 103 e (Spotts Foad Reatignment, Phase 1.), 103 E (Spotts Foad Realigmment, Fhase 2,) and 104 (Lawer Valley Foad Realignment) be undertaken in 1987 . That motiont was put te a vote and was passed by a majority.

The Meeting then adjourned at $3: 05 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{M}} \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}}$ to commence at 9.00 A.M. Wedresday marring the Zth.
still dealing with tie
construction of roads Mr . Fresident of the fotlowing day:
The Honourable Third Eletted Memper moved that the gurplas funts of $\$ 72,267$ be reduced by $\$ 40,000$ and that the amount. be plared to 5at-hemd 41-006 - Construction of Roads ta Enable orome funds ta be available to ba allofoted for road construction. The motion was put to a vote ard was passed by a majority.

This brought the remaining sum of $\$ 179,694$ to be aliocated for the canstruction of reads on frand caymati to be allocated as follows:

| Narth Side | $\$ 25,000$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| East End | $\$ 25,000$ |
| Eadden Town | $\$ 25.000$ |
| Gearge Town | $\$ 52,317$ |
| West Eay | $\$ 52.317$ |

and it was agreed that friomity mad frobects he wndertaken as follows:-

Old Savannah Foad
Extension of bittie Eluff Road
Divergion of old Men Bay Road
EAST END
Feeder Roads off Jahn Mclean Drive
Extension of John McLeah Drive to the West
BODDEN TOWN
Beach Eay Foad
Agricultural Farm Foad
GEDEGE TOWN
Curye on Crewe Road by Rass Coe's
Ereesy Castle Foad
Windsor Park Sutdivition Romd
South Sound Foad Keconstruction
WEST EAY
Project number and priority to be determined
CONTIMUATION DF HEAD A1 - the second Elected Hember for Bodden Town moved that a sum of 400,000 provided hater swb-head 17 for additional car parks at the Tower Euituing be deleted and placed under sub-head 23 fonic Centres and Parks for that suth to be placed for the Bodden Tour playing fields. The motion was put to a vote and agrepd by a majprity.

The next iteminn. Fresident was:-
MOTION VIII, and there is an amendment nerassary to the Minutes. The Second Etected Member for West Eay moved, and it was agreed that the sum of $\$ 00.000$ provided for atr-conditioning replacement, untts be rsdaced by $\$ 20.000$ and the amount be piated utider zut-hade 023 for comfunfy Park and Flaying Fields in West Eay. This motion wes moved after information was supplied to tifie Commibtee by the Third Elected Merter for Commutionion and works ans District Administration, that, based on information supplied to him, the $\$ 80,000$ could be reduced due ta a new system which hat come to Government's informadiont and which would be examined by the Futhic Warks Departanety"s techmizal team. The HEAD 41 ablocatian was thet passed.

HEADS 42 AND 43 being Heads dealing with boan Funds, it Was quickly agreed that mo dismussion should take piate, becabse if the funds were not agreed by the batio, then there were no funds to be spent, therefore finance Committee did not spend a great deal wf time disenssing HEADS 42 and 43.

Moving on ta Now Services Mr.
Fresident, the Comittee considered New Services tom by item under the following headings:

HEAD 2 - INTEFNAL EXTEFAL AFFAIFS - it was Fassga with the following amendment.

The Honouradie Third Electad Member agreed ta release the Clerical officer's post from HEAD 27 - Communitations Works and District Administration. and transfer the post to HEAD $z$.

RECOMMITTAL OF HEAD 27 - Agreed that the Chairman make the necessary changes in the Estimates with respect te the deletion of the Dierical Gfficer fost under HEAD 27.

HEAD 4 - IMMIGRATION DEFARTMENT .. there is a sight correction here too. It is the Becond Elected Member for Bodden Town voted againgt the New Servites requested.

HEAD 7 - FOLICE DEFARTMENT - request was passed.
HEAE 8 - FRIGON SEFVICES ... request was paseg.

HEAB 7 －DESThICT ADMINISTRATIDN－WAS pessed with the followitg amendment：

That ito Nursing Assistants－Easic Salary be added with a token vote of $\$ 10.00$ y as funds undef the Distriet Adminjstration presentily provided drijer wages be transferfred to new items．

 subwhead O1－001 Easic Salaryr for tive Narising Assistantsa The request by Findere Department was passed

HEAD 11 －CUBTOMS DEFAFTMENT－Wヨs passwd with the followitng ametidinent：

That the Fost of Internai Auditsp be upgradedtajaiary


HEAD $A 2$－JUDTEIAL DEFARTMENT－MOTIDM IX－the SEcond etected Member for west Eay moved the delistion of the post of Magistrate under sub－head 01－001，and that motiot was put to a vige and defeated by a majomity．

HEADS 13 AND 14 －both wímet passet．
 Honourable Membetr for Healthy Education and Social Services undertook to have the vainant Teamber＇s post at Notath Side Frimary School filled，if a vamancy uid if fact．


HEAD 16 －FEREDNAL HEALTH SERVIGES－WAS Pas
HEAD 17－5UCIAL SERVIGES－was paşEd．
HEAD 18 －D NR ADMINIGTFATTON－was passed
HEADS 17 AND 20 －both were passed．
HEAD 2t－INGERTIGN DF NEW SERVICES－MOTIDN $x$－
Un a motion moved by the Elected Menber fot Nomth Eider ito was agreed that new servises be amended by the addytion of
 Trainem Filot－$\$ 10.00$ tohen frovision。

HEAD 22 －PLANNING DEFARTMENT－tine requEst of the Planning Department was passed．

HEAD 23－TUURISM AVIATIUN AND TRADE … Was PaEEEd．
HEAD $24-$ EIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT－WE 5 PASERA．
HEAD 25 －DEFAFTMENT OF TGURISM－WAS Pas5ed．
HEAD 2G－FIRE GEFVIGE DEFARTMENT－wes passed．

Un a motion moved by the Elected Member for miomy side，it Was agreed that New SEmvixes be amended tu inctude HEAD 27 －Communications Works and Distritut Administrataion－ 01－005 Wages－a \＄ 10.00 taken vate tr provige for a Majntenarie officer for the North side Town hall elifici Gchool Eomplex．

HEAD 29 －FUBLIC WORKS DEFAFTHENT－wes pessed．
HEAD 30 －AUDIT DEFAFTNENT－WAS FASSED．

FECOMMITTAL OF HEAD 41 SUE HEAD $4-020$－PUPGAAEE DF GANDS －MOTION X11－the Honourable First Eq巴eted menter maved that HEAD 41－020 be reduced by $\$ 50$ 000 and transfacread to
 motion was gut to a vote smd defaated by a majofity．

Members agreed that the surplus ir: the Draft Extifates be further reduced by $\$ 20,000$ and that the sum be transferred to HEAD 10 sub-head OB-044, Cayman hationat Maseum.

THE APFRDFRIATIGN (1987) EILL, 1986 - THE GDHEDULEA question was put onthe gehedule - it was agfees, Questions were put on clauses 1 and $z$ and ware agreed. Question was put in the titte and was alsg agieed. Thank you Mr. Fresident.

MR. FFESIDENT: in aceoradate watithe
provisions of Standing order b7(4), I declare that the motion has been deemed to have been agreed.

Eills. Thira Readings.

## STANDING QRDEES 5S(1) ANE $94(9)(I X)$

MR: W. MEKEEVA EUSH: Mr. Fresident. I wat ing give notice, I do not know whether I ean do it herer, I epave your indulgence, in accurdance with Standing Drater 24 (9) (in) and Standing Order 所(i), that the fopropriation gill be recommited to a committee of the Whale House, to reconsider HEAD 41-00 which deats with Rad Warks amd HEAD $\overline{4} \mathrm{~A} 0 \mathrm{Z} \overline{0}$ which deals with Furchase of Lands.

MR. PRESIQENT: $24(9)(i x)$ anu whet was the
other Standing order... 50 ?
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
55(i),
MR. PFESIDENT:
My fif"今t impriasion would be that 55(1) does not refer to financial Eillar which are specifically dealt with in the Bectinn starting with Standing Drder bia. And since that Section of Stamding Orders as i said a moment aga, provides for it to be deemed that the Report of Finance Connittee has been deemed to have been agreed to. I dg not think we can go back to finamce Compiteer otherwise every time any member disagrees with somebhing that Finamce Committee has decided, he will seek to have it referred back.

MR. W. MCKEEVA RUSH:
With respert, Mr. Fresident, I can understand the mulimg, but we are dealing with a pibite Eill, and these two matters have given me mach contern, and looking at this Standing Order 55(1) which talks abaut rectimitual of gilis i cannet agree that what 1 ant trying to de is not keeping within the standing Grder. The motion ran be put, and if Governfant want, they fan reject. it. but....

ME. PFESIDENT:
Whth respect, it is for me to
rule whether the motion can be but. I have taken your point that you are seeking to persuade me that under the provisiams of gtandims Orders, it would be proper to allow you to put your motion, 1 think that it what you are saying, whith you are perfectiy entitied to say. Eut. I am bound to say frankly, I would head time to wonsider this more carefully to be certain that 1 was giving a proper and merfet decifion, but since I have hot had time, since I dia not realise what you were intending to da, I cam pnly teil you what my present view is. and say that I am sorry but you hase for the monent to abide by that view. If when I...... No. you mutt let me finish rpeaking...... If when I have had an opportunity to investigate the inaterer and researeh it more careflally, I come eventually to the conclusion that the view 1 expressed now was wrong, I will let you know and will apologise to you....

MK. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Mr. Fresidentr i can see your dilemma sir, but ar apology would not help one orce this bill goes
 House do give me the mhance to put my views forward.

MF. FRESIDENT:
With resperty you have fad the
chance to put your views forward in Finance Committear because it would have been tecorded. I have now, I am afrait, given ablecision. You will have, when the House meets againy a fartmer opportamity no doubt, to urge the points that you wish to make, or when finatice Committee meets, you will have an opportumity. Eut for the moment I am afraid my ruling is that in vien of the frovisions of standing Order $67(4)$, it. is not permissible ta invoke tire prowisions of

Gtanding Order 5S（i）to refer tie Appropriation biátack to Finance Gommittee．
 my ruling now，and you canot argat with ita


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Sir....*
MR. PFESIDENT: Order! Orderm!
    You canmot argute with it..
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MF. FRESIDENT; I see.
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to reply to what you have said.
MF. PRESIDENT: No,N\sigma. YOG d"O not have m
chance 女or bhat is arguing with me, I am affnaid yau simply have fo
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the mattef" mote carefully.
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH: FiEas% do tist 5end me an
apology Sir. because that will not help the cawe, anti f find it
very=...I famngt agmee with itm you know that.
MR. FFESIDENT: I Mave taken your point.
And How we come tog Eills. ThjMd
Readings．
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EILLS

## THIRD READINGS

THE CUSTOMS（AMENDMENT）EILL， 1780
CLERK：THE CUSTOMS（AMENDUENT）BILS 1986
HON．THOMAS C．JEFFEESCN：Mr．Presidgnt． 1 move that a Bill shortiy entitled The Customs（Amendment）Eill， 19 ge be given a Third Reading and passed．


QUESTION FUT：AGREED．ELLL GUEN A THED FEADING ANE FRESED．

THE FARTNERSHIF（AMENDMENT）EILL， 178 是
CLERK：THE PARTNERGHIF（AMEGDMENT：BILL：198日．
HON．THOMAS C．JEFFEFSON：Mr．Fresigert，I meve that a Bill shortly entitled The Faptnersinip（Amendment Eill；iget begiven a Third feading and passed．

MR：FRESIDENT：
The questron ig thet atill
shortly entithed The Farthership（Amerdment）gill，i 9 名t be given al Third Readimg and pasted．

QUESTION PUT：AYES．
MR．W．MEKEEVA EUSH：

MR．PFESIDENT：
ロan 1 bava

Certamily．
$\frac{\text { DIVI官ION }}{\text { H2 }}$
AYEG： 11


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The Fartnership (Amendment) Eill, 19go ig given a Thifu FiEading and
passed.
BIGL GIVEN A THIND READING AND FASBED.
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## THE AFPKOFRIATIUN (1987) ETLL 1786

CLERK: THE APFROFRIATIUN (1987) BILL 1 GEG
HON. THOMAS C. JEFFEFSON: Mr. FRESTDERE: T TOVE tint a
 Third Reading and passedn

MR. PRESIDENT: The question is thet a Biti
shortly entitied The Apprapriation (1907) Bill, 19 getbe givert a Thire Reading and patsed.

QUESTION FUT: AYES
MF. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:
Can I frave a divisioty finn
Prestoent?
MK. FRESTDENT:
Certating.

## DIVISIUN <br> NO.53/E6



Hon. Mithael J. Erembey
Hom, J. Lemuel Hurlstom
Hon. Eenson D. Ebanks
Hom. W. Norman Eosders
Hon. Capt, Ehamles L, Kirksontimbly
Hon. Vaseel G. Johntan
Mr. W. Mckeeva Bush
Mirs: Daphne L, Guretut
Capt. Wabry 5. Kipkcommell


MR. PFESIOENT:
No. 3186.

I dectare the motign araried. Motagos. Governmert ototan

BILL GIVEN A THIFD READING AND PASSED.

## MDTIONS

GQVERNMENT MOTIQN NU. $3 / 86$
APPOINTMENT DF MEMEEF TG THE ASSESSMENT COMMITEE

"BE IT RESOLVED this day by the Legislative Assembly, pursuant to the powers eotiferred on it ty sutsettion (2) of section 7 of the Roads Law (1974, that -

MRS: DAFHNE DRRETT
be nominated a member of the Atsestment. Gommitiee tot replate Mr. Ezzard Millera"

Fresidemt.
MF. FKESIDENT:
 Does aty Member wish to speak?
In that base I will put the question.
QUESTIUN FUT:
AYES
HON. MICHAEL J. BEADLEY:
Cout we have a vote please.
下am ! have a divis ion Non
MR. W. MCKEEVA EUSH:
President?
ME. PKESIDENT: Curtajnly,
$\frac{\text { DIVISIGN }}{\text { NO. } 54 / 86}$
AYES: 10
NDES: $\bar{Q}$
Hon. Thotas C, Jefferson
Hon. Michael da Eradley
Hon= J. LemuEl Hur l 5 ton
Hon. Eensen $\square_{n}$ Etanks
Hon. W. Norman Eodden
Hon, Capt. Charles L. Kitumemell
Hon, Vassel [G. Johrisan
Mrs. Dephne L * Orrett
Capt. Mabry $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}}$. Kirkcomfoll
Mr. D. Ezzard Miller"
ABSTENTXDHE: 1
Mr. W. McKemva Eush
MR. FRESIDENT:

GQVEFNMENT MOIIDN ND. 386 PABSED BY MAUQFITY

## MESSAGES A ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE FEEEIDENT

MF. PRESIDENT:
That comeludes the busitimss 5 et down an our order Faper, but befarín iaviting the Hongurabie First Dfficial member to move the adjournment, ferfapa T may remitid Members that I did wrote round to all Membetrs bepore this Mpeting gtetnted I thinkr suggesting dates for the 1907 Meetings. I inave nod yet bad any comments from any Member, and therefore propose to assume that tingse dates were generally cinvenientr and to tonfirm them.

Secondiy, I would like to
 today, umbell, and beyond that, our deep regret that sine is beifg obliged to retire at the end sf this yearr and will leave har present appointment aftef only sometwo years as caferk ith us. I am eure that all of ws would wish, mot only to gend tier gur warm gaod withes

 has donefor us during her survice in fine Howse.

The whty other thitg that 1
 to move the adjourhment is to take the opponturity of wishitg ali
 their assistance, mist of the time, difuing tho pfesent Mesting when oceasionally there have been points for my decisionr and deciaions
with wfich tifey did flot alweys wholly agree.
Thank you.

MR. W. MEKEEVA BUSH:

MF. FFESIDENT:
will get a chance of a word.
$\mathrm{Hf} \mathrm{H}^{-\ldots}$.
I them or the wajurmment yout

## ADJOURTMEMT


 House until bth Februapy. 1987.

MR. FRESTDENT:
Tine question before the Houns

lam not sare, .. wetl, whe
Hongufable Firgt Elected Memter, I was tot gute whethar tivey gecond Elected Menber far West Bay wanted to speak ar mot, hembobed up and down like a yonyo.

MR. W. MCKEEVA BUSH:<br>You know I wantact ta 5 peak Mr<br>Fresident.

I will give yog a chamce im a
MR. FRESIDENT:
moment.

Elected Members of Government feir. I whutd like to wish your your

Membergy a merry Ghristmas and a prosperows New Yoar.
Thank you 5in:
MR. PRESIDENT:
Now, the Becotad Eifected tember
for West Bay.
MF. W. MEKEEVA EUSH:
Thami you 5 im.
Mr. Froesydent, I wouldextend seasons gieetings to all Memberg of this Housé to your your wifet your family and to the $\operatorname{staff}$ of the House, and we tutust that the Now Year will be a fruitful oner and that we will not take into the New Vear all the bituerness and the backbititig that fios gote ghtitis yeara Mn。 Fressidents ineme two yeary in Government have been the most torying time in my life, l heve lost. some good friends berause of derisioms: ar at least thast whora I thought were good frisends, because of decipions that i have had to take. I trust that I havegained somer ahd I truat that as the New Year comes in that old familiar cerol which ue all lover witl hold true that there $\overline{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{s}$ a thrill of hope ith the fature.

I would say that a ! though we
have had guf diffefentesf I still believe that we all watit the amer things for the cothtry, that is, to see own people happy in ali phases of life. I would also say that maybs the exchanges tuat some fownd so bitter have not been bitter at all, but it ofly aerves tu show what each Member has to go through im his of her way of repmestotity theith own people.

I would say publioly sir, that
I am sorry that the clerk is retiring. I have only been in contact with her s short time. I had some contart with her during her busy years as part of the Frobatioh and Welfare Department when w was a child.

$$
\text { Yes, Mr. Fresident, } \bar{I} \text { do nst }
$$ mind saying that I was a bad boy, Eut now I have bacome a mano inave put away all childish things. I have had nowr ewo yeats in workitg with her, in her caparity as clerk of this Houser and i belteve tinat


 that my life will be that much better becatse I have hat some fontact
 hard with those who had problems, and she exhibited math humanism in her time ity Government. I would say that ghe is a gtrath hatanist. I will greatly miss het"。

1 remembet the first tripat went on, the Farliammetary trip to gt, Kitts ant Nevi ar and she went alongr and $I$ can tell the world that she was am assetr as ahe had, 1

year, and to Jersey with my colleague the Elected Member for Nouth Sider she displayed the same interest and proved to be the same asset in her caparity as Secretary. I belleve that this entire House will agree with me that she was a good clepk, and believe they, like myself. love her and will miss her greadly.

Let us all ask God's tiessing on us and gut families, and inded tha entire Caymen Isands in this coming New Year.

MR. PRESIDENT: The First Eiected Member for
the Lesser Islands.
CAFT. MAERY S. KIRKCONNELL:
Mr, Fresident, I too would bike
to wish for you, your wife and family, the clerk, har gtaff, all
Members of this Honourable House and the people of the Caymallatands, a very merry Christmas and a happy and prosperobs New Year.

On behalf of the Cletk, Mra.
Jacksonr I deeply regret that she is metiring from un. This is the
second clerk that I have seen retire sinca I have been a merter hefe.
You learn to respect them and apprexiate them deariy for all whey do
for you while you are herer but i do hope that her healtio will
improver and I wish for her a long life and happitess.
And agaiti a very merry
Christmas, and a prosperdus 1987.
Thank you.
MR: PRESIDENT:
The menber for Nortingide.
MR. D. EZZAED MILLEES:
所. Fresident. $I$ too woule like to express the sassons grewtings and best wishes to you, your wife and family and to all Members of the Assembly and to wish the cimek of this Assembly a long, happy and haalthy fetitrement.

MR. FRESIDENT:
The Thitrd Elected hember for
West Bay.
MRS. DAFHNE L. URFETI:
Thmiky you Sir.
I simply would ifke to express my good wishes and to say that as the words of a familiat Gheistias song says 'let thare be peace on Earth, and let it begin with mas. $\bar{i}$ trust that each Member of this House will not only while sitting here. but wheregver we ame, be an example of what pate tes and y wuld wish for each and every Member and their families, to you Mr. Fresident, to Mrs, Jatkson who is about to retire and whom we fave lovet and appreciatod very mush for her 5 ervices itere, and for eaty memer of staff of the Legislativa Department, I thank you all yeny mach for all the helpand assintance that 1 have received during the yeary and $I$ wish all the best to each Member and his family.

MR. PRESIDENT:
Tharik you.
The question is that this House do now adjourn until the bth Fetrwary, 1987.

QUESTION PUT: AGFEET. AT $5: 5 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{M}$. THE HOUSE RTODD ADURUENED UNTIL 10:00 A.M. FRIDAY, 6TH FEERUAFY: 1987.


[^0]:    MT. PTRETDWHT:
    Fho hirst Elootar womber for the thenors
    Is Zands.
     motion nou before the Fouss, a motton wing with altex the zontim af
    
    
    
    
    
     suthomty has tooked into this. The lime says the it mist come topno the Tegistative Assembut to for matife M. Me ane mot hore to make $x$ lecision. We are fottowing reaomomithtions which rave heon lath dom to us:

[^1]:    NO. 5: CAN THE HONOURABLE MEMIPEF STATE WHEN THE TWENTY-FOUR-HOUK-DOCTOR-SEKVICE ON THE COMFOUND WITE COMHENCE AT THE CAYMAN ISLANDG HOSPITAL?

[^2]:    MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
    Mr. Preaident I woutd make that motion
    beause I do agree with what the Member for George Town has said.
    I believe that most Members thought it would have been come other
    Govermment Business which would have been rut on the Agenda today, and they are not quite prepared to go into the dotate on the Throne speech.

[^3]:    MR. JAMES M. BODDEN:
    Th the anower in regards to Margarita MoCoy, she mpears to hurve been enployed to pive advice on the Marine Parks then it apporms that ahe te also aivina advice on the Devetopment and Plomina Review. Could we be advieer as to her quatifioations and why she was concilered to do these two particular jobs?

[^4]:    * Fresent for the afternoon Sitting.

[^5]:    "In large countries, reforondums one whiel phy procedures that are difficult to corry out. Coyman, howover, has a small enough population to make the idea foasible. One country that notably retres on referendums for growmental deoision making io switzerland - a smath. ocuntryy whth a population that has on ingreined eense of demomary and conmunity spirit. If the surse con do it, we in Cayman. oan at least think about it seriousty.".

[^6]:    MR. W. MoKEEVA BUSB:
    Mr. Presictent, over the last pouple.
    of months this subjeat of the Sunday trading taw has been dragged across this Country. The pros and cons have been put and as far as I am conc rned, there is some justification on both sides, and I speak from mif heart when I say that this is a very difficult Bitz to deat with.

[^7]:    MR. G. HAIG BODDEN: No, no No. Chrimmon, !ou know my
    position in thts House. If I recommended any of these, the whote Executive Council with their extensions would wote against it, and we would never get it into Law.

[^8]:    MR. CHAIRMAN:
    stoma part of the bith.
    OUESTION PUT: AGREED. CLAU/SE 9. PASSED.
    CLERK: A BILL. FOR A TAW TO AMENT THE SUNDAY TMTADTNG LAW CHAPTRR 161.
    MR. CHATRMAN: $\quad$ The question to that the tit te and macting elauee stand part of the Bttl.

    GUESTION PUT: AGRRET. THF TITLE AND ENACTTMG CTMUGE WAS PABSFD.
    MP. CHAIRMAN:
    That concludes mroneedings in Committee.
    The House witt now rogume.

[^9]:    HON. MICHAEL J. BRADLEY: Mr. President Sir, on a point of information, is there a different time sone in Massachusetts, because my watoh says four thirty.

    MR. PRESIDENT:
    Yes, I think in fact it is about to be four thirty anyway, so perhaps we can pospone the discussion on whether the Administrator's powers are retevant, and you may come and see me inmediately after the Meeting, and seak to persuade me of their relevance if you wish. But meanwhile, since it is just four thirty, under Standing Orders I invite the Firat Official Member to move the adjowmment.

[^10]:    WO. 39: WOULD THE HONOURABLE MEMBER STATE WHAT IS THE COST OF CONSTRUCTION OF EACH CEMETYEFY VAULTR BY GOVERNMENT, AND ITS SALE PRICE?

[^11]:    MR. CHAIRMAN:
    The question is that clause 2. do stand part of the Bill. If noMember wishes to toeak, I will put the question.

    وUFGTION PUT: AGREED. CLAUSE A PASSED.

[^12]:    Mr. Fresident, this letter was signed by the majority of taxi drivers in Crand Cayman.

    Mr. Eresident,' I get the faeling that the trend is developing in this House where thoso of us who oeek to represent the views of our peopte through the avanues of the Erivate Hember's Motion are reatly only being tolerated tith no real intention. of paying serious attention to some of these motions.

[^13]:    
    
    
    

    If the Governmend or the Undee buta art the thtwed
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

    Gr the whigatom under that
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^14]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
     the Fandif:

[^15]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^16]:    

[^17]:    MR $B$ IHFDED A．FIERSOR：
    
    
    
     бた？

    MRn FEGEDEMT：
    耳又土
    
    

[^18]:    
    
    
    
    
    

[^19]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^20]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^21]:    MR．PEESTEENT：
    Detㅎt an the Mutual benal \＆ The First Elected Member for Bodten Tridy

[^22]:    
     fosbuitg motion:

[^23]:    Mra Frobitent: how math elfarew
     are be jfs ant ande abot this foresment. we hewe no chotbe but to homour and aphald the commitments which the previdus toverroment mede.

    Mr, Frestdemt thare is mo
    
    
     convined that the Bill tefore as which will mate the matuel bugal
     courtyr.

[^24]:    
    

[^25]:    TA FKFSTDENT:
    
    a cotveni ment maneist to breab.
    
    MR. PRESIEETVT:
    HON CAEF. CHAELEES L. KTFKCOMNEL
    
    
     traffirkers.

    ## MR. PREEEEENTH

    
     Freatident.
    
    
    
    Wbr ho that is uramostodtr I
    
    
    
    
    

[^26]:    
    
    
    
     the spirit af ithe fritety．

    Although I have not seth the artione in question ？
     in mabtrg a Treaty request，a tax evason chayge can be
    
    

    Conceding that the words rimap wp，are an artatal and
     are unduly Euspitious of the matives of the batice
    
    䋨的。
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^27]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
     the House．＂
    的的

[^28]:    
    
    
     willingnese ta Eu-operate. Indications ore zhet unfted
    
     than strong atmed suthouna power over Eone of gap banks. Thet was what the Homourable first Gfficial Mernher was referring to when he told us what brought atout bhe Narcote
     Caymaniats to not retelve any emonomia eld from the vited
     tslands wouta like the thater States to mate several concessions. the efferts of which woult be very infortant do the etancmy. Firstay the Gayman Istats wothe bue to see a
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
     One Justice official estimated. up to ter bififon elfot
     but many beybeve lasses are high encoub bo justiry strong
    
     may lead frustrated tax offtmiats to sect ary type of sarction。"

[^29]:    保, FRESIOEMT:
    
     a Second Reading.

    The Mation is gper for debate.

[^30]:    
     Hencuratile House，$I$ beg to lay apory the Tatse the Gerand interim
     Labcur Legislatict for the Caymah Iskands．
    
    
    
    
    
     Estatifsfied 引 quorum sf sevent
    
    
    
    
    
    

    J will Sif：bowever mey：as js
    
    
    
    
    

[^31]:    MR. PRESIDENT:
    I am going to suspend
    proceedings for our coffee oreak, during which the Membar can come and see me.

    MR. W.MCKEEVA BUSH:
    I thank you sir.

[^32]:    * Banking and Trust
    * Insurance
    * Cayman Islands Currency Board
    * Companies Registration
    * Agrleultural and Industrial Development Board
    * Management Companies
    * Legal firms

[^33]:    MR. PRESIDENT:
    Ithink it is just on four thirty. $\quad$ wis waiting for you to come to natural pause. So if you have done so. I shall invite the Honourablefirst official Member to move the adjournment.

[^34]:    * ABSENT

[^35]:    * ABSENT

[^36]:    MR. PRESLDENT:
    I think tofere is sperifit
    provision in Gtanting orters for what happens if I an out. tut lajll just loak it up.... the Genjor Mmber of the House, yes. We do not normally take vateg an that, this kind of thing. I can fee some gocd sense in what the member says. If the House withed. I wode be qutte content for that arrargement, and perkaps I Eotlo ask the Honotrable Fifst official Member if he could try to come baci in three quarters of an hour or an hour.

