

OWNERSHIPAGREEMENT ANNUAL REPORT

For

Information & Communications Technology Authority

For the 2006/7 Financial Year

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1. Purpose

This annual report details the performance of the Information & Communications Technology Authority for the fiscal year ending 30 June 2007.

It includes information about the actual performance delivered during the year as compared to the planned performance documented in the Ownership Agreement for the Information & Communications Technology Authority for 2006/7, or as amended through the supplementary appropriation process.

2. Nature and Scope of Activities

This section outlines the Nature and Scope of Activities within which Information & Communications Technology Authority operated during the year.

Approved Nature and Scope of Activities

General Nature of Activities

The Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Authority was established in May 2002 by the Information and Communications Technology Authority Law 2002 (now the Information and Communications Technology Authority Law (2004 Revision). Its powers and functions are specified in Sections 9 and 10 of that Law, and may be summarised as doing all things necessary or convenient to properly regulate and license the ICT sector in the Cayman Islands. The ICT sector includes, but is not limited to, telecommunications, broadcasting, radio, e-business and the .ky Internet domain. The Authority is also to act on any matter referred to it by the Minister responsible for ICT, or the managing director.

It also collects and verifies on behalf of Government the coercive element of all licence fees, and immediately deposits such fees in a Government bank account.

Scope of Activities

The scope of *Information & Communications Technology Authority* activities is as follows:

- (a) allocate the electromagnetic spectrum for facilities and specified services within the Cayman Islands, or between the Cayman Islands and elsewhere;
- (b) determine methods for assigning the electromagnetic spectrum;
- issue licences authorising the use of specified portions of the electromagnetic spectrum, including those used on any ship, aircraft, vessel, or other floating or airborne contrivance or spacecraft registered in the Islands;
- (d) institute procedures for ensuring the compliance by licensees with any obligations regarding the use of the electromagnetic spectrum, imposed by or under the licence, any provisions of the ICTA Law or any regulations made hereunder.
- (e) to promote competition in the provision of ICT services and ICT networks where it is reasonable or necessary to do so;
- (f) to advise the Minister on ICT matters, including compliance with Government's international obligations, market liberalisation and competitive pricing;
- (g) to investigate and resolve complaints from consumers and service providers concerning the provision of ICT services and ICT networks;
- (h) to determine the categories of licences to be issued under the ICTA Law and the Electronic Transactions Law 2000;
- (i) to license and regulate ICT services and ICT networks as specified in the ICTA Law and the Electronic Transactions Law 2000;
- (j) to collect all fees, including licence fees, and any other charges levied under the ICTA Law or the Electronic Transactions Law 2000 or regulations made thereunder;

- (k) to resolve disputes concerning the interconnection or sharing of infrastructure between or among ICT service providers or ICT network providers;
- (I) to promote and maintain an efficient, economic and harmonised ICT infrastructure;
- (m) to be the sole person appointed under the ICTA Law to be the Administrative Point of Contact and the only person responsible for the management and control of the top level of the global Internet Domain Name System held in trust for the Internet and the Islands;
- (n) to act on any matter referred to it by the Minister or the managing director; and
- (o) to carry out such other functions as are conferred on the Authority by or under the ICTA Law or any other Law.

In addition, the Authority may regulate the rate, prices, terms and conditions of any ICT service or ICT network that is required to be licensed where the Authority is of the opinion that it is in the interests of the public to do so.

Customers and Location of Activities

The Authority's customers are the Government, all residents of and visitors to the Cayman Islands, potential and actual licensees of ICT networks or ICT services originating or terminating in the Cayman Islands, the owners of any ship, aircraft, vessel or other floating or airborne contrivance or spacecraft registered in the Cayman Islands, and all potential or actual registrants in the .ky Internet domain.

Compliance during the Year

The Authority complied with the Nature and Scope of Activities specified above.

3. Strategic Goals and Objectives

Approved Strategic Goals and Objectives

The key strategic goals and objectives (from an ownership perspective) for the *Information & Communications Technology Authority* for the 2006/7 financial year are as follows:

- Contribute to the social prosperity of the Cayman Islands by increasing access to a variety of innovative, high-quality ICT services, at reasonable prices, that meet the consumers' needs and reflect their values.
- Contribute to the economic prosperity of the Cayman Islands by encouraging the development of a sustainable competitive ICT industry.
- Contribute to the protection of consumers in the Cayman Islands by enhancing existing legislation or assisting with the development of new legislation.
- Maintain and enhance a regulatory environment that is fair, equitable, and transparent by:
 - o Undertaking public consultation on relevant regulatory issues on a timely basis.
 - Resolving as quickly as possible any disputes between ICT suppliers concerning interconnection, infrastructure sharing, resale tariffs and other technical and economic issues that could adversely impact the development of sustainable competition.
 - Introducing any necessary retail price controls (e.g. price cap and floors), based upon Long Range Incremental Costing, on the incumbent operator to protect the interests of consumers and prevent anti-competitive practices.
 - Continuing the process of updating and validating the licensing information taken over by the Authority, with the aim of reducing non-compliance and increasing Government revenue.

Achievement during the Year

The proceeding to develop the Forward Looking Long Range Incremental Costing (FLLRIC) Model was still underway at the end of the reporting period. As a consequence, a price cap regime has not yet replaced the retail price controls established by the liberalisation agreement between Government, Cable & Wireless and the Authority. In all other respects, the Authority has met its strategic goals and objectives.

4. Ownership Performance Targets

The ownership performance targets achieved (as specified in schedule 5 to the Public Management and Finance Law (2005 Revision) for the Information & Communications Technology Authority for the 2006/7 financial year are as follows.

Financial Performance

Financial Performance Measure	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Revenue from Cabinet	472,561	481,207	(8,646) ¹
Revenue from ministries, portfolios, statutory authorities and government companies	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue from other persons or organisations	1,093,591	1,232,063	(138,472) ²
Surplus/deficit from outputs	89,585	60,000	29,585 ³
Other expenses	60,000	60,000	-
Net Surplus/Deficit	29,585	NIL	29,585 ³
Total Assets	2,005,139	1,693,698	311,441 ³
Total Liabilities	111,981	34,966	77,015 ⁴
Net Worth	1,893,158	1,658,732	234,426 ³
Cash flows from operating activities	173,256	185,906	47,350 ⁴
Cash flows from investing activities	(11,431)	Nil	(11,431) ⁵
Cash flows from financing activities	Nil	Nil	Nil
Change in cash balances	161,825	185,906	(24,081) ⁶

Financial Performance Ratio	2006/7 Actual	2006/7 Budget	Annual Variance
Current Assets: Current Liabilities	17:1	45:1	
Total Assets: Total Liabilities	18:1	48:1	

Explanation of Variances

1. The Authority could commit only 75 hours of the planned 100 hours to Output ICT 6, and reduced its charges accordingly.

- 2. The budget anticipated raising the fees for the processing of .ky domain name registrations, and ship and aircraft radio stations. In practice, it was decided not to increase these charges at this time.
- 3. Knowing that revenue would be less than budgeted, significant efforts were made to contain expenditure. The largest saving were achieved in salaries and legal fees.
- 4. Audit and legal fees accrued in 06/07 were paid in the first month of the next financial year.
- 5. A spectrum analyser to assist with radio interference investigations, and 2 replacement PCs (damaged during Hurricane Ivan) were purchased.
- 6. Difference as a result of purchase of fixed assets and reduction in cash generated from operations.

Maintenance of Capability

Human Capital Measures	2006/7 Actual	2006/7 Budget	Annual Variance
Total full time equivalent staff	9	10	1
Staff turnover (%)	10%	20%	
Average length of service (Number) Senior management Professional staff Administrative staff	2.5 yrs(3) - 3 yrs (3)	2 years (3) 1 year (1) 2.5 years (4)	
Significant changes to personnel management system	Nil	Nil	

Physical Capital Measures	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Value of total assets	2,005,139	1,693,698	311,441
Asset replacements: total assets	1%	NIL	-
Book value of depreciated assets: initial cost of those assets	22%	23%	-
Depreciation: Cash flow on asset purchases	1%	NIL	-
Changes to asset management policies	Nil	Nil	-

Major Capital Expenditure Projects	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
	Nil	Nil	

Risk Management

Key risks	Status of Risk	Actions taken during	Financial Value of risk
		2006/7 to Manage risk	
Unanticipated failure or amalgamation of major licensees	No change	Establishment of a fair, transparent and independent regulatory environment	Cannot be estimated

Explanation of Variances

A Senior Economist post which was vacant throughout the year was eventually filled in the first month of FY2007/2008.

Savings in expenditure, primarily in salaries and legal fees, resulted in an increase in total assets.

5. Summarised Financial Statements

A full set of financial statements for the Information & Communications Technology Authority is provided in the Appendix to this Ownership Agreement.

A summary of those is as follows.

Operating Statement	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Revenue	1,566,152	1,713,270	(147,118)
Operating Expenses	1,536,567	1,713,270	(176,703)
Net Surplus/Deficit	29,585	NIL	29,585

Balance Sheet	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Assets	2,005,139	1,693,698	311,441
Liabilities	111,981	34,966	77,015
Net Worth	1,893,158	1,658,732	234,426

Statement of Cash Flows	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Net cash flows from operating activities	173,256	125,906	47,350
Net cash flows from investing activities	(11,431)	NIL	(11,431)
Net cash flows from financing activities	NIL	60,000	(60,000)

Explanation of Variances

See pages 7 and 8

6. Other Financial Information

Detailed below is information about specific financial transaction required to be included in the Ownership Agreement by the Public Management and Finance Law (2005 Revision).

Transaction	2006/7 Actual \$	2006/7 Budget \$	Annual Variance \$
Equity Investments into Information & Communications Technology Authority	Nil	Nil	Nil
Capital Withdrawals from Information & Communications Technology Authority	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dividend or Profit Distributions to be made by Information & Communications Technology Authority.	345,658	Nil	345,658
Government Loans to be made to Information & Communications Technology Authority	Nil	Nil	Nil
Government Guarantees to be issued in relation to Information & Communications Technology Authority	Nil	Nil	Nil
Related Party Payments (Non Remuneration) made to Key Management Personnel ¹	Nil	Nil	Nil
Remuneration ² Payments made to Key Management Personnel	Nil	Nil	Nil
Remuneration Payments made to Senior Management	378,350	380,566	(2,216)

	2006/7 Actual	2006/7 Budget
No of Key Management Personnel		
	Nil	Nil
No of Senior Management	3	3

Explanation of Variances

A net surplus of income over expenditure of \$345,658, accumulated over the previous three years, due to Government in accordance with s14(5) of the ICTA Law.

¹ Key Management Personnel as defined by International Public Accounting Standards No 20, eg Minister, Board Member and Senior Management Team

² Remuneration as defined by International Public Accounting Standards No 20 Par 34(a)

Agreement

We jointly agree that this Ownership Agreement accurately documents the ownership performance that the Information & Communications Technology Authority achieved for the 2006/7 financial year

Hon. V Arden McLean, JP Minister of Communications, Works and Infrastructure on behalf of the Cabinet

Chairman of the Board

Information & Communications Technology Authority

Date 2007

Appendix: Financial Statements for the Year

Information & Communications Technology Authority Financial Statements June 30, 2007

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared by the Information & Communications Technology Authority in accordance with the provisions of the *Public Management and Finance Law, (2005 Revision)*. The financial statements comply with generally accepted accounting practice as defined in International Financial Reporting Standards

We accept responsibility for the accuracy and integrity of the financial information in these financial statements and their compliance with the *Public Management and Finance Law*, (2005 Revision).

To the best of my knowledge the statements are:

- (a) complete and reliable;
- (b) fairly reflect the financial position as at June 30, 2007 and performance for the financial year ended June 30, 2007; and
- (c) comply with generally accepted accounting practice

Mr. Samuel Jackson

Chairman

Information & Communications

Technology Authority

Date: 6 Ha Of

Mr. Dave Archbold Managing Director

Information & Communications

Technology Authority

Date: h How OK



Information & Communications Technology Authority

CERTIFICATE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Board of Directors of the Information & Communications Technology Authority And the Financial Secretary of the Cayman Islands

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Information & Communications Technology Authority which comprise the balance sheet as at 30 June 2007, the Statement of Net Income & Retained Earnings, Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes as set out on pages 4 to 12 in accordance with the provisions of Section 20 of the *Information and Communications Technology Authority Law (2006 Revision)*, and Section 60(a)(ii) of the *Public Management and Finance Law (2005 Revision)*.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend upon the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing and opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Information & Communication Technology Authority as of 30 June 2007, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Dan Duguay, MBA, FCGA Auditor General

Cayman Islands 6 March 2008

Information & Communications Technology Authority Balance Sheet

As At 30 June 2007

(With Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

CURRENT ASSETS	Notes	2007	2006
Cash & Cash Equivalents		\$1,431,249	\$1,269,424
Accounts Receivables	3,5	389,212	398,534
Prepaid Expenses		100,482	77,238
Total Current Assets	-	1,920,943	1,745,196
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant & Equipment		84,196	137,054
Total Non-Current Assets	4	84,196	137,054
TOTAL ASSETS	~	2,005,139	1,882,250
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		111,981	78,677
Total Current Liabilities	_	111,981	78,677
TOTAL ASSETS LESS TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,893,158	1,803,573
NET WORTH			
Contributed Capital	5	887,500	887,500
General Reserve	6	660,000	600,000
Retained Earnings		345,658	316,073
TOTAL NET WORTH		\$1,893,158	\$1,803,573

Approved on behalf of the Board on the of Moch

2008

Mr. Samuel Jackson

Mr. David Archbold Managing Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Information & Communications Technology Authority STATEMENT OF NET INCOME & RETAINED EARNINGS

For the Year Ended 30 June 2007 (With Comparison for the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

INCOME	Notes	2007	2006
Regulatory Fees	2f)	\$910,026	\$955,781
Output Revenue	2f),5,7	472,561	469,161
Licensing Fees	2f),5	99,425	93,110
Radio Licences	2f), 5	23,748	21,796
Other		60,392	22,361
		1,566,152	1,562,209
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Staff Costs	2(f), 8	747,199	660,517
Legal & Professional fees		281,104	111,815
KY Domain Administration		94,930	94,836
Miscellaneous Expenses		84,542	78,510
Depreciation	4	64,289	75,043
Lease of Property & Equipment	9,	65,909	64,292
Utilities		35,009	37,839
Travel and Subsistence		76,553	26,591
Computer Maintenance		12,428	18,566
Supplies and Materials		7,988	6,330
Bad Debts & Allowance	3	6,616	2,796
		1,476,567	1,177,135
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		89,585	385,074
Transfer to General Reserve	6	(60,000)	(360,000)
	_	29,585	25,074
Retained Earnings at beginning of year		316,073	290,999
RETAINED EARNINGS AT END OF YEAR	_	\$345,658	\$316,073

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Information & Communications Technology Authority Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2007 (With Comparison for the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

	Notes	2007	2006
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net Income for year		\$89,585	\$385,074
Adjustment for non cash transactions:			
Depreciation	4	64,289	75,043
Bad Debts & Allowance	3	6,616	2,796
Bad Debts & Allowance		160,490	462,913
Not described and described an		160,490	402,913
Net changes in non-cash operating balances:			
Accounts Receivable	3	2,706	(93,167)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		(23,244)	10,772
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		33,304	8,731
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities		173,256	389,249
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Non-Current Assets	4	(11,431)	(19,781)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(11,431)	(19,781)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Year		161,825	369,468
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		1,269,424	899,956
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		\$1,431,249	\$1,269,424

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

1. Establishment and Principal Activity

The Information and Communications Technology Authority ("ICTA" or "Authority") is an independent Statutory Authority which was created on 17 May 2002 by the Information and Communication Technology Authority Law, 2002. The Authority reports on its operations to the Ministry of Planning, Communications, Works & Information Technology of the Cayman Islands Government.

The ICTA is responsible for the regulation and licensing of telecommunications, broadcasting, and all forms of radio transmission which includes ship, aircraft, mobile and amateur radio in the Cayman Islands. The ICTA conducts the administration and management of the ".ky" domain, and also has a number of responsibilities under the Electronic Transactions Law 2000.

As at 30th June 2007, the ICTA had 8 employees, (30th June 2006: 8). The ICTA is located at 85 North Sound Way, 3rd floor of Alissta Tower, P.O. Box 2502 George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB. The significant accounting policies adopted by the ICTA in these financial statements are as follows:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the ICTA are presented in Cayman Island dollars and are prepared on the accruals basis under the historical cost convention.

(b) Property, Plant & Equipment/depreciation

Property, Plant & Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged to the Income Statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property, plant & equipment and leasehold improvements are accounted for over the life of the lease.

The estimated useful lives of the other fixed assets are as follows:

Office Equipment & Furniture 4 - 12 Years IT Equipment 3 Years Leasehold improvements 5 Years

(c) Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Cayman Islands Dollars are translated at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenue and expense transactions denominated in currencies other than Cayman Islands Dollars are translated at exchange rates ruling at the date of those transactions. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the Statement of Net Income and Retained Earnings.

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Cash & cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered as cash held on demand and fixed deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

(e) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently reviewed for impairment, where there is objective evidence that a debt will not be collectible by the Authority according to the agreed terms then a provision for bad debt is established. If it comes to the notice of the Authority that a debtor is experiencing significant financial difficulties or if there is evidence that the debtor will default or become delinquent then these are indicators that a provision will have to be raised as the debt may be impaired.

(f) Revenue recognition

Output revenue is recognized when the services agreed in the Purchase Agreement are performed and the Government is invoiced. Services are billed at cost to the Authority (see also Related Party Note 5). Regulatory and Licensing Fees are recognised as revenue when they are due to the Authority. Radio Licence fee is recorded when received by the Authority. Application and Licence Fees are non-refundable.

(g) Employee benefits

The Authority participates in the Public Service Pensions Plan, a defined contribution pension fund, in accordance with the Public Service Pension Law. Contributions are charged to expenses as they are incurred based on set contribution rates. The Authority makes monthly contributions at a rate of 12%, whereby the employer pays both the employer and employee contributions. The Authority is also required to contribute to the Public Service Pension Plan, an extra 1% of each employee's monthly salary. This 1% is a Past Service Liability (PSL) cost to cover a deficiency in the Fund. This amount is included in Staff Costs in the Statement of Net Income And Retained Earnings.

Contributions are also made to Silver Thatch Pension Plan on behalf of one employee who is ineligible to participate in the Public Service Pension Fund. This is a defined contribution fund. The Authority pays both the employer and the employee contributions amounting to 12% of the employee's salary.

(h) Operating Lease

The Authority leases the 3rd floor of Alissta Towers under a two-year operating lease. Lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. See also Note 9 - Lease Commitments.

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

A financial asset is classified as any asset that is cash, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset, exchange financial instruments under conditions that are potentially favourable or an equity instrument of another enterprise. Financial assets comprise of cash and cash equivalents and prepayments.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial instrument or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable. Financial liabilities comprise of accounts payables and accrued expenses.

(ii) Recognition

The Authority recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the assets or liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Net Income & Retained Earnings.

(iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Subsequent to initial recognition all financial assets are recorded at historical cost, which is considered to approximate fair value due to the short-term or immediate nature of these instruments.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the Authority realises the rights to the benefits specified in the contract or loses control over any right that comprise that asset. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, that is when the obligation is discharged, cancelled, or expires.

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

3. Accounts Receivable

	2007	2006
Accounts Receivable	\$389,230	\$390,319
Other Receivables	9,394	11,011
	398,624	401,330
Bad debts written off	(6,495)	
Provision for bad debts	(2,917)	(2,796)
	\$389,212	\$398,534

	2007	2006
Balance at the start of year	\$2,796	\$ -
Provided during the year	121	2,796
Recoveries during the year		-
Amounts written off as uncollectible		
	\$2,917	\$2,796

4. Fixed Assets

Cost	Office Equipment & Furniture	IT Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
		11 Equipment	Zamprovements	10141
Opening Balance	\$89,195	\$63,158	\$230,400	\$382,753
Additions	1,759	8,165	1,507	11,431
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2007	90,954	71,323	231,907	394,184
Accumulated Depreciation				
Opening Balance	32,735	57,773	155,191	245,699
Charge for Year	13,351	4,607	46,331	64,289
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2007	46,086	62,380	201,522	309,988
Net Book Value At 30 June 2007	\$44,868	\$8,943	\$30,385	\$84,196
Net Book Value At 30 June 2006	\$56,460	\$ 5,385	\$75,209	\$137,054

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

5. Related Party Transactions

The Cayman Islands Government appoints the Chairman and Members to the Authority's Board of Directors. The following transactions occurred during the period between the Authority and Cayman Islands Government.

	2007	2006
Accounts Receivable – Government	\$120,303	\$129,012
Government Output Revenue	\$472,561	\$469,161

During this year the Authority provided Output Services of \$472,561 to the Government under a Purchase Agreement (2006: \$469,161). These services are charged to Government at cost.

As detailed in Note 8, the Authority on behalf of its eligible employees paid contributions of \$64,529 to the Public Service Pensions Plan during the period (2006: \$48,099).

6. General Reserve

S.18 of the ICTA Law (2002) requires the Authority to maintain a reserve fund; the management of such fund being at the discretion of the Authority. The Law requires the fund to be applied only for the purposes of the Authority.

The Authority's target, at present, is to grow the fund until it equates to at least four months of operating expenses (actual general reserve: approximately five and a half months, (2006: 6 months)). The rate of growth is kept at a level that does not significantly impact the regulatory fees charged to Licensees.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2007 the Authority transferred \$60,000 to the General Reserve Fund (2006: \$360,000).

7. Output Revenue

During the year the Cayman Islands Government engaged the Authority to provide, on its behalf, a number of ICT-related services. The provision of these services (or "Outputs") is formalized in a Purchase Agreement which includes the collection and verification of royalties paid by ICT Licensees, policy advice on ICT matters and drafting instructions for ICT legislation and regulations. Additionally, in lieu of subsidies, the Government pays the Authority for such services as the management of the Electromagnetic Spectrum.

For the year ended June 2007 the Authority, as part of services provided to Government, collected, verified and paid over the 6% Royalty Fee from ICT Licensees to the Government of the Cayman Islands. During the year \$8.284 million were collected and paid over (2006: \$8.143 million).

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

8. Pensions

The pension contributions of employees of the Authority are paid directly to the Public Service Pensions Plan (the "Fund"). The Fund is administered by the Public Service Pensions Board and is operated as a multi-employer non-contributory Fund, whereby the employer pays both the employer and employee contributions.

During the current year the Authority recorded pension expense of \$59,861 to the Public Service Pensions Fund (2006: \$48,099). This amount is included in Staff Costs.

During the year the Authority also recorded pension expense to Silver Thatch Pension Plan of \$16,796 (2006: \$17,417) on behalf of an employee who has attained the age of 60 and is therefore no longer eligible to contribute to the Public Service Pension Fund. This amount is also included in Staff Costs.

9. Lease Commitments

The Authority leases the 3rd floor of Alissta Towers under Option Term 1 of the operating lease. Except for the rent, the terms, conditions and stipulations of this lease are the same as the previous lease and carry the option to renew the lease for a further two years. The Lease payments are \$5,492 per month and are subject to an increase in the second two-year option term by \$1, to \$18 per sq. ft. per annum. Future lease payments are:

Period	Amount
1 July 2007 to 30 June 2008	\$68,171
1 July 2008 to 30 June 2009	\$69,786
1 July 2009 to 30 November 2009	\$29,078

At the termination of the lease, unless agreed between the Landlord and the Authority in writing, the Authority is to remove at its cost and expense any partitions, structures, additions or improvements erected by the Authority and shall reinstate the premises to the condition they were in at the commencement of the term.

10. Financial Instruments

<u>Fair values</u>. The carrying amount of cash deposits, prepayments, accounts receivable and accounts payables and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short-term maturities. Fair values are made at specific points in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgement and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions, economic conditions and other factors could cause significant changes in fair value estimates.

11. Subsequent Events

In July 2007 the ICTA, along with interested party Digicel, were successful in having the leave granted to Cable & Wireless to have a judicial review of its request for determination of matters it had raised with the ICTA in October 2006, set aside by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. The Court awarded costs to ICTA in the amount of US\$113,553.82. This amount was received by ICTA in November 2007 and will be recognized in the financial statements for the year ending June 2008 as Other Income. The decision has since been appealed by C&W.

(With Comparison For the Year Ended 30 June 2006) (Stated in Cayman Islands Dollars)

11. Subsequent Events (continued)

The Authority's attorneys have advised that it is not possible to estimate, with any degree of certainty, what potential costs the Authority could suffer if C&W's appeal were successful. In such an event they advise, the costs awarded would in all likelihood become repayable to C&W. In addition the Authority may be liable to pay C&W's other costs for the appeal. The case would then be returned for the Grand Court to decide on its merits. This again could potentially result in an award of costs against the Authority. The Directors are of the opinion however, that any amount involved would not adversely impact the continued operations of the ICTA. The appeal has been heard and judgement is to be handed down in August 2008.

On August 27, 2007 the ICTA exercised the option to renew the operating lease agreement for the Alissta Towers premises for another two years, that is, Option Term 2.