

CAYMAN ISLANDS GOVERNMENT

ANNUAL HR REPORT 2009/10

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION AND HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE



Produced by:

Strategic & Corporate HR Services

Partfolio of the Civil Service



ANNUAL HR REPORT 2009/10

Employee Information and Human Resources Activity for the Civil Service August 2010

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Report Summary

This report is written for the Deputy Governor and Head of the Civil Service, for presentation to the Legislative Assembly. The report contains information about key statistics and trends impacting human resources within the Civil Service and wider Public Service. Section one provides information on the demographics of the Public Service at the 30th June 2010. Section two provides information on the demographics of the core Civil Service at the 30th June 2010, addressing a range of issues including the size of the service and caymanianisation of the workforce at both Ministry/Portfolio and Department level. Section three provides information on a range of human resources activities such as recruitment and retention covering the fiscal year 2009/10.

Each sheet presents data relating to different aspects of human resources management, with a brief accompanying commentary on the data.

Once presented to Cabinet, the report and its content will be disclosed under the Freedom of Information Act 2007 and can be found electronically on the website for the Portfolio of the Civil Service at http://www.pocs.gov.ky

Cayman Islands Public Service Demographics (30th June 2010)

Size of the Public Service by Statutory Authority/Government Owned Company including percentage of Caymanian employees

	Num	ber of Employee	% of Employees			
Statutory Authority/Government Owned Company		Non-				
	Caymanian	Caymanian	Total	Caymanian	Non-Caymanian	
Cayman Turtle Farm (1983) Limited	82	3	85	96%	4%	
Cayman Airways Limited	315	17	332	95%	5%	
Cayman Islands Airport Authority	134	11	145	92%	8%	
Cayman Islands Civil Aviation Authority	13	6	19	68%	32%	
Cayman Islands Development Bank	11	3	14	79%	21%	
Cayman Islands Maritime Authority	34	0	34	100%	0%	
Cayman Islands Monetary Authority	128	30	158	81%	19%	
Cayman Islands National Insurance Company	7	1	8	88%	13%	
Cayman Islands National Museum	7	3	10	70%	30%	
Cayman Islands Stock Exchange	2	6	8	25%	75%	
Cayman National Cultural Foundation	6	2	8	75%	25%	
Children and Youth Services Foundation	15	19	34	44%	56%	
Electricity Regulatory Authority	2	1	3	67%	33%	
Health Services Authority	388	350	738	53%	47%	
Information Communications Technology Authority	6	3	9	67%	33%	
National Drug Advisory Council	5	0	5	100%	0%	
National Gallery of the Cayman Islands	9	1	10	90%	10%	
National Housing Development Trust	13	0	13	100%	0%	
National Roads Authority	100	7	107	93%	7%	
Port Authority of the Cayman Islands	162	1	163	99%	1%	
Public Service Pensions Board	24	2	26	92%	8%	
Tourism Attractions Board	27	10	37	73%	27%	
University College of the Cayman Islands	22	83	105	21%	79%	
Water Authority	105	18	123	85%	15%	
Total for Statutory Authorities/Government Owned						
Company	1617	577	2194	74%	26%	
*Employee numbers (rather than FTEs) based in the Cayman Islands.	•					
Total for Core Government	2666	1021	3687	72%	28%	
Total for the Public Service	4283	1598	5881	73%	27%	

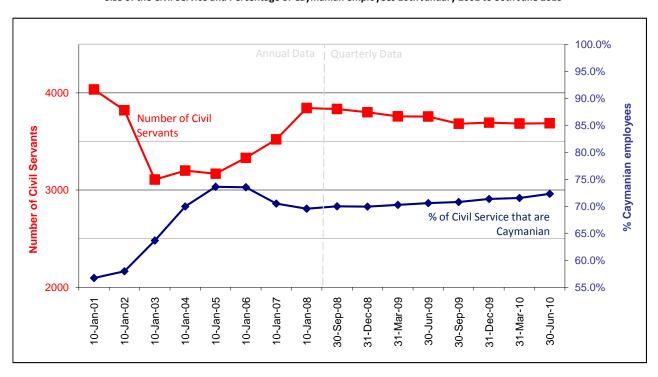
% Employees employed in Statutory Authority/Government Owned Company	37%
% Employees employed in Core Government	63%

The Public Service of the Cayman Islands comprises employees from some 24 Statutory Authorities, Government Owned Companies and the Civil Service. At the end of the 2009/10 fiscal year, the number of employees in the Public Service was 5881. As shown in the table above, 63% of public servants were employed within Core Government with 38% employed within Statutory Authorities and Government Companies.

The Statutory Authorities and Government Companies range in size from the Electricity Regulatory Authority who employs 3 staff members, to the Health Service Authority who employ some 738.

On the 30th June 2010 the number of Caymanians employed within the Public Service was 4283, representing 73% of the Public Service. Individual Authorities and Companies vary in the proportion of Caymanians they employee, the green shading in the table above identifies those entities with high levels (three-quarters of all employees) of either Caymanians or non-Caymanians.

Size of the Civil Service and Percentage of Caymanian employees 10th January 2001 to 30th June 2010



				Annua	l Data							Quarte	rly Data			
Date	10-Jan-01	10-Jan-02	10-Jan-03	10-Jan-04	10-Jan-05	10-Jan-06	10-Jan-07	10-Jan-08	30-dəS-08	31-Dec-08	31-Mar-09	60-unr-08	30-sep-09	31-Dec-09	31-Mar-10	30-Jun-10
Caymanian	2287	2214	1977	2238	2332	2449	2481	2672	2682	2658	2639	2651	2606	2636	2634	2666
Non-Caymanian	1747	1606	1130	961	837	883	1039	1171	1151	1143	1118	1105	1076	1058	1049	1021
Total	4034	3820	3107	3199	3169	3332	3520	3843	3833	3801	3757	3756	3682	3694	3683	3687
% Caymanian	56.7%	58.0%	63.6%	70.0%	73.6%	73.5%	70.5%	69.5%	70.0%	69.9%	70.2%	70.6%	70.8%	71.4%	71.5%	72.3%
% Non-Caymanian	43.3%	42.0%	36.4%	30.0%	26.4%	26.5%	29.5%	30.5%	30.0%	30.1%	29.8%	29.4%	29.2%	28.6%	28.5%	27.7%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

The size of the Civil Service has fluctuated over the last 10 years in response to changes in demand for service, public policy and the creation of Statutory Authorities. The graph above shows a snap-shot of the size of the Civil Service in quarterly increments for the last two years, and annually for the preceding 8 years.

In January 2001 the Civil Service consisted of 4034 employees. The creation of the Health Services Authority in July 2002 contributed to the service contracting to its lowest level of 3097, in July 2003. Between 2003 and 2008 the Civil Service grew in size by over 700 employees, and changed in nature with the creation of additional Statutory Authorities including the National Roads and Airports Authorities in 2004 and the Maritime Authority of the Cayman Islands in 2005.

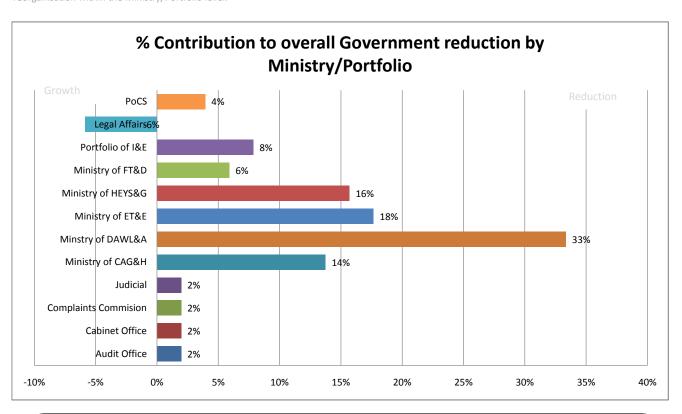
The 2008/09 fiscal year saw an overall decrease in numbers, particularly since October 2008 when Government implemented a restriction on recruitment activities. During the fiscal year 2009/10, despite there being an increase in employees from September 2009 to December 2009, the number of Civil Servants decreased to the current level of 3687, from 3756 at the end of the previous fiscal year.

Other than a sight decrease in January 2008, Caymanians have consistently represented over 70% of the Civil Service during the last 6 years. They currently represent 72% of the Service.

Change in size of the Civil Service during 2009/10 by Ministry/Portfolio

			Change in	% Change in	Contribution	% current Govt
	Civil Servants	Civil Servants	staff	size of	to overall Govt	figures
Ministry/Portfolio	01-Jul-09 *	30-Jun-10	numbers	Min/Port	change	(30-Jun-10)
Audit Office	19	18	-1	-5%	2%	0%
Cabinet Office	118	117	-1	-1%	2%	3%
Complaints Commission	6	5	-1	-17%	2%	0%
Judicial	62	61	-1	-2%	2%	2%
Ministry of Community Affairs, Gender and Housing	224	217	-7	-3%	14%	6%
Minstry of District Admin, Works, Lands & Agriculture	858	841	-17	-2%	33%	23%
Ministry of Education, Training & Employment	871	862	-9	-1%	18%	23%
Ministry of Finance, Tourism & Development	573	565	-8	-1%	16%	15%
Ministry of Health Environment, YS&G	109	106	-3	-3%	6%	3%
Portfolio of Internal & External Affairs	808	804	-4	0%	8%	22%
Portfolio of Legal Affairs	63	66	3	5%	-6%	2%
Portfolio of the Civil Service	27	25	-2	-7%	4%	1%
Civil Service Total	3738	3687	-51	-1%	100%	100%

^{*}The 01-Jul-09, rather than the 30-Jun-09, data has been used for the annual comparison for Ministries/Portfolios as this date coincides with substantial reorganisation within the Ministry/Portfolio level.



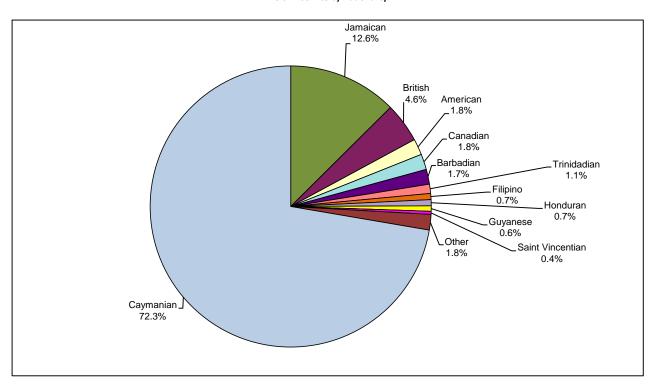
Overall there was a net decrease in the size of the Civil Service during the fiscal year 2009/10 of 1%, from 3738 on the 1st July 2009 to the current level of 3687, a reduction of 51 employees.

The table identifies what percentage growth each Ministry/Portfolio experienced within the year. It ranges from an increase of 5% within the Portfolio of Legal Affairs to a 17% decrease within the Complaints Commission.

The bar chart breaks down the extent to which each Ministry/Portfolio contributed to the overall reduction of the Civil Service during 2009/10. It identifies, for example, that the Ministry of District Admin, Works, Lands & Agriculture was responsible for 33% of the reduction in the service (17 employees out of a total of 51), whilst the Portfolio of Legal Affairs contributed to growth.

It should be noted, that the Ministries and Portfolios vary considerably in the number of civil servants they employ and consequently their ability to impact the overall picture.

The Civil Service by Nationality



	No. of	% of Civil
Nationality	Employees	Service
Caymanian	2666	72.3%
Jamaican	463	12.6%
British	168	4.6%
American	68	1.8%
Canadian	66	1.8%
Barbadian	63	1.7%
Trinidadian	39	1.1%
Filipino	26	0.7%
Honduran	26	0.7%
Guyanese	23	0.6%
Saint Vincentian	13	0.4%
Irish	6	0.2%
Indian	5	0.1%
Kenyan	5	0.1%
Saint Lucian	5	0.1%
Belizean	4	0.1%
Colombian	4	0.1%
Costa Rican	4	0.1%
Australian	3	0.1%
Bahamian	3	0.1%
Dominican (Dominica)	3	0.1%
South African	3	0.1%

		% of Civil
Nationality	No. of Employees	Service
Antiguan and Barbudan	2	0.1%
Grenadian	2	0.1%
New Zealander	2	0.1%
Nigerian	2	0.1%
Panamanian	2	0.1%
Belgian	1	0.0%
Brazilian	1	0.0%
Cuban	1	0.0%
Danish	1	0.0%
German	1	0.0%
Haitian	1	0.0%
Italian	1	0.0%
Nicaraguan	1	0.0%
Venezuelan	1	0.0%
Zambian	1	0.0%
Zimbabwean	1	0.0%
Total	3687	100%

The Civil Service is comprised of employees from 38 different countries. Caymanians form the majority of the work force at over 72% of the service. The largest two groups of expatriate Civil Servants are Jamaicans, who represent 13% of the Service and British who constitute a further 5%. Americans, Canadians and Barbadians each constitute 2% of the Civil Service, with nationalities represented from all five continents within the Civil Service body.

The table above shows the number and percentage of employees within the Civil Service by nationality, while the graph shows a more generic grouping.

Department Breakdown and level of Caymanianisation

		Non-								
Department	Caymanian	Caymanian	Total	% Caymanian						
911 Emergency Communications	8	12	20	40.0%						
Agriculture	41	17	58	70.7%	<u> </u>					
Audit Office	3	15	18	16.7%	•					
Cabinet Office	30	4	34	88.2%						
Cadet Corps	3	2	5	60.0%	<u> </u>					
Children & Family Services	99	64	163	60.7%						
CI London Office	2	1	3	66.7%						
Complaints Commission	4	1	5	80.0%						
Computer Services	37	27	64	57.8%						
Counselling Services	18	20	38	47.4%	\rightarrow					
Customs Department	131	1	132	99.2%						
Department of Commerce & Investment	14	1	15	93.3%						
Department of Community Rehabilitation	13	11	24	54.2%						
Department of Vehicle Licensing	35	1	36	97.2%						
District Administration	160	6	166	96.4%						
Economics & Statistics Office	14	11	25	56.0%						
Education	456	301	757	60.2%						
Elections Office	2		2	100.0%						
Employment Services	17	3	20	85.0%						
Environment	29	5	34	85.3%						
Environmental Health	97	32	129	75.2%						
Financial Services Secretariat	6	-	6	100.0%						
Fire Department	138	3	141	97.9%						
General Registry	38	7	45	84.4%						
Government Information Services	11	8	19	57.9%						
Hazard Management	5	3	8	62.5%						
Health Regulatory Board	12	1	13	92.3%						
His Excellency the Governor	1	5	6	16.7%	<u> </u>					
Immigration	159	J	159	100.0%	Č					
Judicial Department	50	11	61	82.0%						
Lands & Survey	49	20	69	71.0%						
Legal Affairs	28	38	66	42.4%	<u> </u>					
Legislative	14	30	14	100.0%	Č					
Ministry CAG&H	15	1	16	93.8%						
Ministry DAWL&A	17	2	19	89.5%						
Ministry ET&E	52	17	69	75.4%						
Ministry FT&D (Public Finance)	24	16	40	60.0%						
Ministry FT&D (Tourism & Development)	27	1	28	96.4%						
Ministry HEYS&C	14	3	17	82.4%						
MRCU	26	12	38	68.4%						
National Archive	14	2	16	87.5%						
Petroleum Inspectorate	3	2	3	100.0%						
Planning	33	12	45	73.3%						
Police	223	183	406	54.9%						
Portfolio Int & Ext Affairs	20	103	21	95.2%						
		9	25							
Portfolio of the Civil Service	16	3		64.0%						
Postal	87		90	96.7%						
Prison	82 108	62	144 133	56.9% 81.2%						
Public Works		25								
Radio Cayman	15	7	22	68.2%						
Recreation, Parks & Cemeteries	29		29	100.0%						
Tax Information Authority	2		2	100.0%						
Telecommunications	4	1	5	80.0%						
Tourism	46	6	52	88.5%						
Treasury	29	2	31	93.5%						
Vehicle & Equipment Services	26	18	44	59.1%	<u> </u>					
Youth and Sports	30	7	37	81.1%						
Total	2666	1021	3687	72.3%						

Key

Less than 50% of employees are Caymanian.

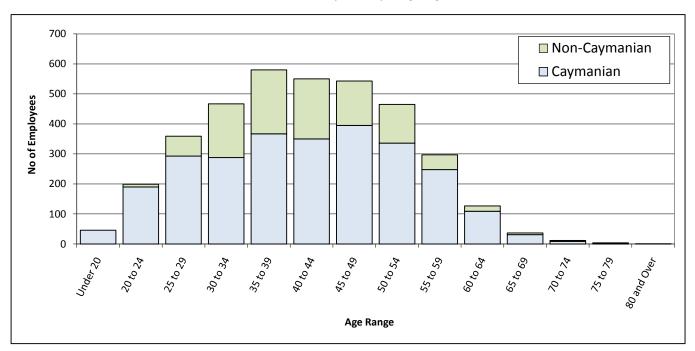
△ Between 50 - 72.3% of employees are Caymanian.

• Above the average representation of Caymanians (above 72.3%).

The table above shows the number of employees that work within the 57 Government Departments split Caymanian and non-Caymanian. The shading in the % Caymanian column above gives an indication of how effective the department has been in attracting and retaining Caymanians, with the heavier shading indicating a higher proportion of Caymanians.

There are 5 departments where over 50% of employees are non-Caymanian (identified by the ◆ in the table above) - these are 911 Emergency Communications, the Audit Office, Counselling Services, the Office of His Excellency the Governor and Legal Affairs. 34 departments have a higher percentage of Caymanian employees than the average for the Civil Service (72.3%) and these are identified by the ● in the table above. The highest with a 100% Caymanian workforce are the Elections Office, Financial Services Secretariat, Immigration, Legislative, Petroleum Inspectorate, Recreation Parks & Cemeteries and the Tax Information Authority.

The Civil Service by Nationality and Age Range



	Under 20	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 69	70 to 74	75 to 79	80 and Over	Total
No. Caymanian	46	190	293	288	367	350	395	336	248	109	31	9	3	1	2666
No. Non-Caymanian		9	66	179	213	200	148	129	49	18	6	3	1		1021
Total	46	199	359	467	580	550	543	465	297	127	37	12	4	1	3687
% Caymanian	2%	7%	11%	11%	14%	13%	15%	13%	9%	4%	1%	0%	0%	0%	100%
% Non-Caymanian	0%	1%	6%	18%	21%	20%	14%	13%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	100%
% Civil Servants	1%	5%	10%	13%	16%	15%	15%	13%	8%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%	100%

Percentage of Civil Servants over age 60 - Historic Information

Date *	10-Jan-04	10-Jul-04	10-Jan-05	10-Jul-05	10-Jan-06	10-Jul-06	10-Jan-07	01-Jul-07	10-Jan-08	30-Jun-08	31-Dec-08	30-Jun-09	31-Dec-09	30-Jun-10
No. of Civil Servants														
over age 60	157	153	156	161	167	173	169	169	182	194	177	187	178	181
Total Civil Servants	3199	3143	3169	3224	3332	3418	3520	3632	3843	3904	3801	3756	3694	3687
% Civil Servants over														
age 60	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	5.0%	5.0%	5.1%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%	5.0%	4.7%	5.0%	4.8%	4.9%

^{*} Age profiles for Civil Servants unavailable prior to 2004

The graph shows the number of employees within Government, as at 30th June 2010, across the various age ranges. The highest concentration of Civil Servants is in the age 35-39 year old range with reducing numbers in the older and younger ranges. The average age of a civil servant within the Cayman Islands is 41 years, with the youngest employee aged 17 and the oldest employee aged 87.

For the majority of roles within the Civil Service, the mandatory retirement age is 60. Civil Servants reaching retirement age may be re-employed subject to provisions defined in the Public Service Management Law (2007 Revision). There are currently 181 employees, 5% of the Civil Service, over the age of 60. The percentage of employees over the mandatory employment age has remained constant for the last 6 years, varying only slightly between 4.7 and 5.1% of the work-force.

More detailed information regarding the age distribution of employees can be found on the following page where the data is broken down to departmental level.

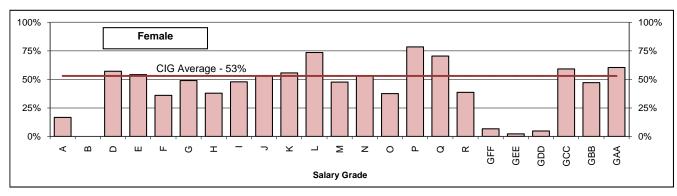
The Civil Service by Department and Age Range

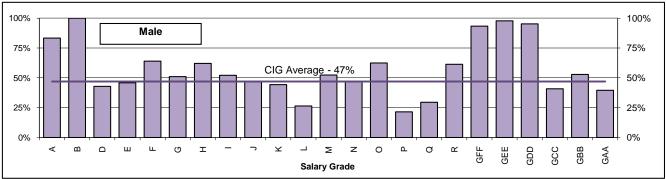
									% Over
									Retirement
Department	Under 20	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	Over 70	Total	Age
911 Emergency Communications	Olidel 20	2	13	2	3	00 10 03	010.70	20	0%
Agriculture		5	11	18	20	3	1	58	7%
Audit Office		4	9	4	1		_	18	0%
Cabinet Office	1	10	9	6	6	2		34	6%
Cadet Corps		1	2	2				5	0%
Children & Family Services		9	34	57	56	7		163	4%
CI London Office		2				1		3	33%
Complaints Commission			2	3				5	0%
Computer Services		13	18	20	11	2		64	3%
Counselling Services		6	7	12	11	2		38	5%
Customs Department	1	34	42	41	13	1		132	1%
Department of Commerce & Investment		3	7	3	2			15	0%
Department of Community Rehabilitation		5	7	3	8	1		24	4%
Department of Vehicle Licensing		9	10	8	7	1	1	36	6%
District Administration	22	32	32	40	26	11	3	166	8%
Economics & Statistics Office		4	9	9	2	1		25	4%
Education	8	87	179	222	210	48	3	757	7%
Elections Office					1	1		2	50%
Employment Services		6	6	4	4			20	0%
Environment		4	14	9	5	2		34	6%
Environmental Health	1	22	39	38	26	3		129	2%
Financial Services Secretariat			4	2				6	0%
Fire Department	1	25	41	60	11	2	1	141	2%
General Registry		16	16	6	7			45	0%
Government Information Services		3	9	3	3	1		19	5%
Hazard Management		3	2	3				8	0%
Health Regulatory Board		2	3	4	3	1		13	8%
His Excellency the Governor			1	2	3			6	0%
Immigration	3	51	53	27	23	1	1	159	1%
Judicial Department		8	11	18	18	6		61	10%
Lands & Survey		13	17	22	16	1		69	1%
Legal Affairs	1	9	24	20	6	5	1	66	9%
Legislative		1		4	7	2		14	14%
Ministry CAG&H		2	9	3	2			16	0%
Ministry DAWL&A		2	9	1	6	1		19	5%
Ministry ET&E	1	12	23	18	12	3		69	4%
Ministry FT&D (Public Finance)	1	6	16	13	4			40	0%
Ministry FT&D (Tourism & Development)	1	8	3	9	6	1		28	4%
Ministry HEYS&C		3	6	3	5			17	0%
MRCU		3	12	8	9	6		38	16%
National Archive		2	5	6	2	1		16	6%
Petroleum Inspectorate		-	1		1	1		3	33%
Planning	1	6	15	8	11	3	1	45	9%
Police	1	56	140	153	51	5		406	1%
Portfolio Int & Ext Affairs Portfolio of the Civil Service	1	3	7 10	6 6	5 5	1		21 25	5% 0%
	1					12	2		
Prican		5 9	16	31	24	12 9	2	90	16%
Prison Public Works	1	20	43 32	53 37	30 36	7		144	6% 5%
Radio Cayman	1	20	<u>32</u> 5	13	1	/		133 22	0%
Recreation, Parks & Cemeteries	1	4	9	9	6		1	29	3%
Tax Information Authority		4	3	2	0		1	29	0%
Telecommunications			3	1		1		5	20%
Tourism		15	16	12	4	4	1	<u>5</u>	10%
Treasury		2	12	8	8	1	1	31	3%
Vehicle & Equipment Services		4	12	9	16	2	1	44	7%
Youth and Sports		3	12	12	9	1	1	37	3%
Total	46	558	1047	1093	762	164	17	3687	4.9%
%	1%	15%	28%	30%	21%	4%	0%	100%	7.370
,,	1/0	13/0	20/0	30/6	21/0	7/0	0/0	100/0	

The table shows the number of Civil Servants within each department spread across the various age ranges, as at 30th June 2010. In most cases the department picture is reflective of the Government as a whole. However, there are some notable exceptions such as 911 Emergency Communications, the Audit Office and General Registry who all have a high proportion (over 70%) of their staff under the age of 40.

The shading in the table above indicates those departments where the proportion of employees aged 60 and above, is over the average for the Civil Service (4.9%), with the dark shading indicating employment of over a third of employees post retirement age, and ones where succession planning may be a priority.

The Civil Service by Gender and Salary Grade





_	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	_	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	GFF	GEE	GDD	GCC	GBB	GAA	Total
Female	1		10	4	13	18	24	36	56	102	206	348	151	113	223	157	198	17	2	1	3	100	91	84	1958
Male	5	2	6	3	11	32	25	59	61	89	164	125	166	99	371	43	83	27	28	44	60	69	102	55	1729
Total	6	2	16	7	24	50	49	95	117	191	370	473	317	212	594	200	281	44	30	45	63	169	193	139	3687

The graphs above show the proportion of grades held by female and male Civil Servants as at the 30th June 2010. The solid line shows the percentage expected if the grades were uniformly distributed.

Employees within the Cayman Islands Government continue to be evenly distributed by gender, with the workforce comprising 53% female and 47% males.

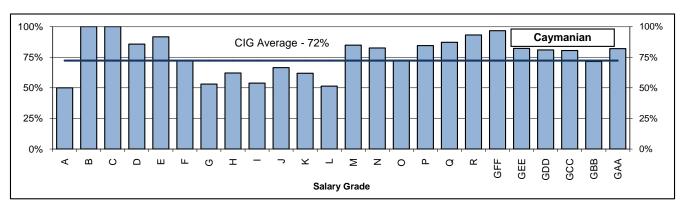
For salaried staff, male employees dominate the most senior executive roles within the service at 88% of employees on grades B and above. Positions include: His Excellency the Governor, the Deputy Governor, the Financial Secretary, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice and Puisine Judges.

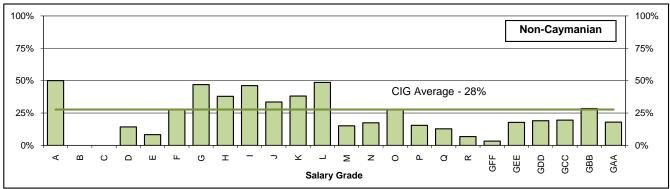
For other organisation executives, Chief & Deputy Chief Officers, Heads & Deputy Heads of Departments, predominantly falling within grades C to G, they are more evenly split with 53% of roles held by men and 47% held by women.

Within the middle/junior management and specialist technical roles (predominantly found in grades H to K) and within the top and middle level operational roles (predominantly found in grades L to O), the gender split is representative of the service as a whole.

Women dominate the lowest level support roles (grades P to R) representing 71% of the workforce in that category. Male employees dominate the higher wage worker ranges, where 96% of employees at grades GDD to GFF are male, which tend to relate to roles in the specialist trades.

The Civil Service by Nationality and Salary Grade





	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	К	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	GFF	GEE	GDD	229	GBB	GAA	Total
Caymanian	3	2	16	6	22	36	26	59	63	127	229	243	269	175	430	169	245	41	29	37	51	136	138	114	2666
Non-Caymanian	3			1	2	14	23	36	54	64	141	230	48	37	164	31	36	3	1	8	12	33	55	25	1021
Total	6	2	16	7	24	50	49	95	117	191	370	473	317	212	594	200	281	44	30	45	63	169	193	139	3687

The graphs show the percentage of grades that are occupied by Caymanian and non-Caymanian employees as at 30th June 2010. When looking at core Government, Caymanian employees make up 72% of the workforce.

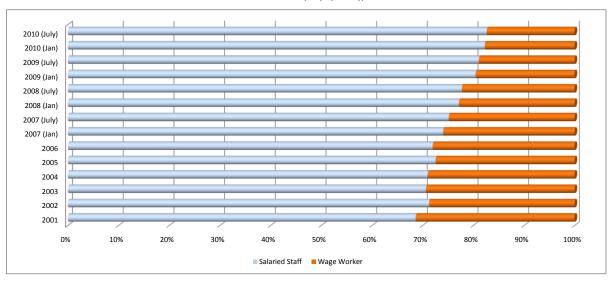
At the most senior executive level, grades B and above, 63% of employees within the service are Caymanians. Positions include His Excellency the Governor and two Puisine Judges who are non-Caymanian and the Deputy Governor, Attorney General, Chief Justice and the third Puisine Judge who are Caymanian.

The Civil Service is maintaining a high proportion of Caymanians in the most senior roles within Government. For other organisation executives, Chief & Deputy Chief Officers, Heads & Deputy Heads of Departments, predominantly falling within grades C to G, Caymanians constitute 73% of employees in these roles, slightly above the average of core Government as a whole.

Within the middle/junior management and specialist technical roles (predominantly found in grades H to K), Caymanians are slightly under-represented at 62%. Caymanians are over-represented compared to the Government average in the lower salary range (P-R) at 87%, and in the majority of the wage worker range (GAA-GFF).

This pattern may be explained, in part, by Ministries and Portfolios being less likely to recruit overseas for more junior roles within the Civil Service. Non-Caymanians tend to hold a higher proportion of posts in the mid salary range, which tend to be the specialist roles, where, in many instances local talent is currently unavailable.

The Civil Service by Employment Type



			Annua	l Data					Bi-An	nual Data	a (Since P	SML)		
Date	10-Jan-01	10-Jan-02	10-Jan-03	10-Jan-04	10-Jan-05	10-Jan-06	10-Jan-07	01-Jul-07	10-Jan-08	30-Jun-08	31-Dec-08	30-unr-08	31-Dec-09	30-Jun-10
Salaried Staff	2769	2723	2196	2271	2300	2399	2607	2730	2966	3036	3059	3046	3040	3048
Wage Worker	1265	1097	911	928	869	933	913	902	877	868	742	710	654	639
Total	4034	3820	3107	3199	3169	3332	3520	3632	3843	3904	3801	3756	3694	3687
Salaried Staff	68.6%	71.3%	70.7%	71.0%	72.6%	72.0%	74.1%	75.2%	77.2%	77.8%	80.5%	81.1%	82.3%	82.7%
Wage Worker	31.4%	28.7%	29.3%	29.0%	27.4%	28.0%	25.9%	24.8%	22.8%	22.2%	19.5%	18.9%	17.7%	17.3%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Departments with Civil Servants working on Wage Worker terms and conditions (30th June 2010)

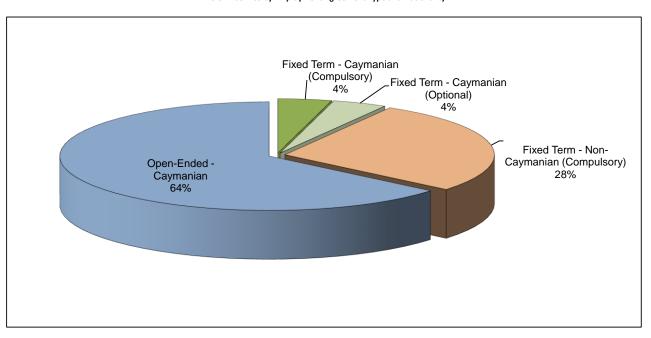
		No.		
	No. Wage	Salaried	Total	% Wage
Department	Worker	Staff	Staff	workers
Environmental Health	99	30	129	76.7%
District Administration	105	61	166	63.3%
Public Works	84	49	133	63.2%
Children & Family Services	101	62	163	62.0%
Recreation, Parks & Cemeteries	16	13	29	55.2%
MRCU	20	18	38	52.6%
Agriculture	23	35	58	39.7%
His Excellency the Governor	2	4	6	33.3%
Education	144	613	757	19.0%
Radio Cayman	4	18	22	18.2%
Ministry ET&E	7	62	69	10.1%
Tourism	5	47	52	9.6%
Postal	8	82	90	8.9%
Youth and Sports	3	34	37	8.1%
Ministry FT&D (Tourism & Development)	2	26	28	7.1%
Ministry CAG&H	1	15	16	6.3%
National Archive	1	15	16	6.3%
Department of Vehicle Licensing	1	35	36	2.8%
Counselling Services	1	37	38	2.6%
Vehicle & Equipment Services	1	43	44	2.3%
Prison	3	141	144	2.1%
Judicial Department	1	60	61	1.6%
Computer Services	1	63	64	1.6%
Legal Affairs	1	65	66	1.5%
Fire Department	2	139	141	1.4%
Police	3	403	406	0.7%
Total Wage Workers	639			

Personnel Regulations 2006 state that an employees' wages or salary should be paid on a monthly basis **or** in **exceptional circumstances** on a bi-weekly basis. When the Public Service Management Law 2005 and associated Regulations came into effect in January 2007, the majority of contractual differences between salaried staff and wage workers were resolved.

The 26 Departments listed currently employ Civil Servants on wage worker terms and conditions. Environmental Health, District Administration, Public Works, Child and Family Services, Recreation, Parks & Cemeteries and the Mosquito Research Control Unit have over half their staff on wage worker conditions.

During 2009/10, of the 337 new employees recruited to the Civil Service, 29% were appointed on wage worker contracts.

The Civil Service by Employment Agreement Type and Nationality



			Annua	l Data			Bi-Annual Data (Since PSML)							
Date	10-Jan-01	10-Jan-02	10-Jan-03	10-Jan-04	10-Jan-05	10-Jan-06	10-Jan-07	01-Jul-07	10-Jan-08	30-Jun-08	31-Dec-08	30-Jun-09	31-Dec-09	30-Jun-10
Fixed Term - Caymanian	758	677	614	701	683	756	463	469	520	470	282	284	253	308
Fixed Term - Non-Caymanian	1747	1606	1130	961	837	883	1039	1037	1171	1169	1143	1105	1058	1021
Open-Ended - Caymanian	1529	1537	1363	1537	1649	1693	2018	2126	2152	2265	2376	2367	2383	2358
Total	4034	3820	3107	3199	3169	3332	3520	3632	3843	3904	3801	3756	3694	3687
Fixed Term - Caymanian	18.8%	17.7%	19.8%	21.9%	21.6%	22.7%	13.2%	12.9%	13.5%	12.0%	7.4%	7.6%	6.8%	8.4%
Fixed Term - Non-Caymanian	43.3%	42.0%	36.4%	30.0%	26.4%	26.5%	29.5%	28.6%	30.5%	29.9%	30.1%	29.4%	28.6%	27.7%
Open-Ended - Caymanian	37.9%	40.2%	43.9%	48.0%	52.0%	50.8%	57.3%	58.5%	56.0%	58.0%	62.5%	63.0%	64.5%	64.0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100.0%	100.0%

Personnel Regulations 2006 outline the terms of employment for staff and determines that the tenure for Caymanians should be "openended" to their 60th birthday - unless the position undertaken has a finite life, or the individual is over retirement age or in other "exceptional circumstances". Non-Caymanian employees should have a fixed-term employment agreement of no longer than 3 years, whilst any staff member over retirement age should have an employment agreement that is of a fixed-term of no longer than 2 years.

The graph above shows the proportion of employees that hold open-ended or fixed-term employment agreements. As of June 2010, 64% of the Civil Service were Caymanian employees on open-ended employment agreements; 28% were non-Caymanians on fixed-term agreements and 8% were Caymanians on fixed-term agreements. The latter category is split, to show those Caymanians who are over 60 with a compulsory fixed term contract and those where discretion has been exercised.

The most significant decrease in the percentage of Caymanians on fixed-term employment agreements, 7%, occurred in the 2006 calendar year, the preparation period for the implementation of the Public Service Management Law 2005. During the last fiscal year there has been a slight increase in the number and percentage of Caymanians placed on fixed term contracts, this may be in response to the current fiscal position and reluctance to make a long term commitment in situations where demand may not continue to warrant it.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Remuneration & Reward

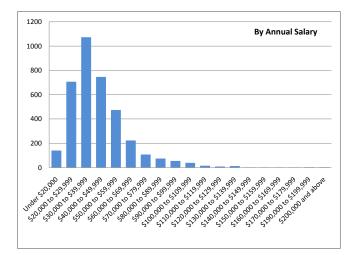
Civil Servants Remuneration Levels and Activity During 2009/10

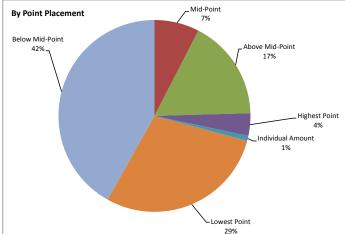
Civil Servants Annual Salary Distribution

Civil Servants Distribution Across the Salary Points

	No. of Civil	% of Civil	
Annual Salary	Servants	Servants	Cumulative %
Under \$20,000	141	4%	4%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	706	19%	23%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1072	29%	52%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	746	20%	72%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	474	13%	85%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	224	6%	91%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	108	3%	94%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	75	2%	96%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	55	1%	98%
\$100,000 to \$109,999	39	1%	99%
\$110,000 to \$119,999	16	0%	99%
\$120,000 to \$129,999	9	0%	99%
\$130,000 to \$139,999	13	0%	100%
\$140,000 to \$149,999	1	0%	100%
\$150,000 to \$159,999	1	0%	100%
\$160,000 to \$169,999	1	0%	100%
\$170,000 to \$179,999	1	0%	100%
\$190,000 to \$199,999	3	0%	100%
\$200,000 and above	2	0%	100%
Total	3687	100%	

Point Placement	No. of Civil Servants	%	Cumulative %
Lowest Point	1067	29%	29%
Below Mid-Point	1544	42%	71%
Mid-Point	279	8%	78%
Above Mid-Point	626	17%	95%
Highest Point	140	4%	99%
Individual Amount	31	1%	100%
Total	3687	100%	





The annual remuneration levels for the Civil Service on the 30th June 2010 ranged from \$18,348 to \$182,292. The graph shows that the majority of the Civil Service are paid at the lower end of this salary range. The largest group (29%) of Civil Servants earn in the \$30,000 to \$39,999 salary range, with over 70% of the Service earning under \$50,000.

The provision of medical benefits and pension, without employee contribution, should be noted when making comparisons on overall remuneration packages for Civil Servants with external organisations.

The Cayman Islands Government salary grades are split into spinal points. Each grade contains between 5 and 13 individual points that an employee's salary can be set at. Automatic annual increments have been frozen within the Civil Service since 2002.

The previous General Orders prescribed the start point on a salary grade for individuals on appointment to the Civil Service. The current Public Service Management Law (2007 Revision) and Personnel Regulations 2006 delegate authority to appointing officers to determine the point placement of individuals within a grade based on a range of factors such as performance, experience, qualifications and market relativity.

The table and graph above summaries the position of employees within the point scales for Government. Over 70% of the Service is currently on a point placement that is less than the mid-point of the range, with 29% of Civil Servants on the lowest point on their grade. Some 4% of the service is on the highest point of the grade, and a further 1% has an individual salary that is outside of the grade structure.

During the fiscal year 2009/10, 295 of the 3687 Civil Servants employed on the 30th June 2010 had received a remuneration increase, this equates to 8% of the Service. Of those who received an increase, 28% were due to a reassessment of salary within the employees current grade, while 71% were as the result of an employee successfully applying for and being appointed to a new role, or having their current role re-evaluated and re-graded.

Of the new appointments to the Service during 2009/10, over half of all appointments were made to point 1 of the grade; while just under three-quarters of all appointments (74%) were to points 4 and below.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Recruitment

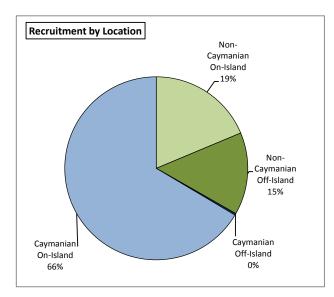
Appointments On/Off Island and by Employment Type

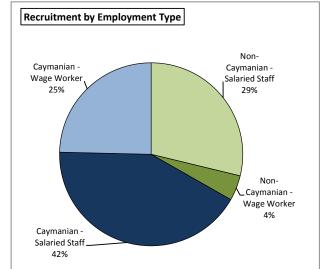
Appointments from On/Off Island

				% by
Recruitment		Non-		Recruitment
Location	Caymanian	Caymanian	Total	Location
Off-Island	1	49	50	15%
On-Island	224	63	287	85%
Total	225	112	337	100%
% by Nationality	67%	33%	100%	

Appointments by Employment Type

				% by
Employment		Non-		Employment
Туре	Caymanian	Caymanian	Total	Туре
Salaried Staff	142	97	239	71%
Wage Worker	83	15	98	29%
Total	225	112	337	100%
% by Nationality	67%	33%	100%	





This information shows the location of the recruitment activity undertaken in 2009/10 - whether employees were recruited on island, or relocated from overseas.

During 2009/10, 85% of all appointments were made to applicants from on-island, with Caymanians constituting the largest group. This is an increase of over 10% on the percentage recruited from on-island during the previous fiscal year.

Of the appointment of non-Caymanian employees over half were recruited on-island (56% of expatriate appointments).

Of the total number of recruits for 2009/10, 29% were appointed as wage workers (paid an hourly rate) and 71% were appointed as salaried staff. This is a high percentage of wage worker appointments given that wage workers constitute 17% of the Civil Service workforce.

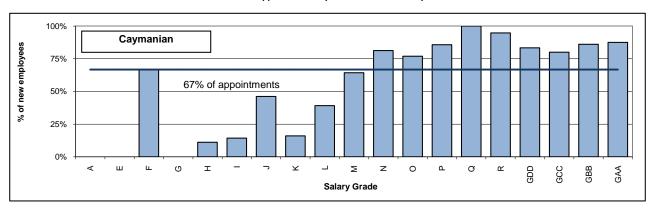
The Department of Education (36%) , District Administration (30%) and Environmental Health (19%) represented the majority of appointments to wage worker terms and conditions during the fiscal year.

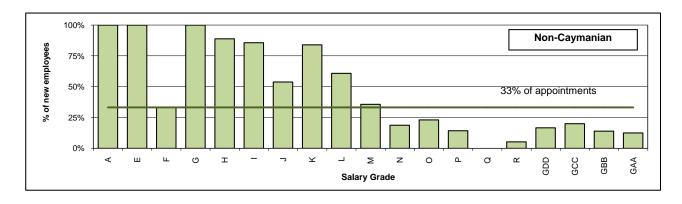
Examples of these roles include Special Support Aides, Office Attendants and Solid Waste Driver's Assistants who constitute two thirds of wage worker appointments.

This section provides an over-view of recruitment activities during the fiscal year 2009/10. During this period there were 337 new joiners to the Civil Service; of which two-thirds were Caymanian and a third were Non-Caymanian.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Recruitment

Appointments by Grade and Nationality





	Α	E	F	G	Ŧ	_	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	GDD	GCC	GBB	GAA	Total	%
Caymanian			2		1	1	6	4	18	9	13	30	24	16	18	5	20	37	21	225	67%
Non-Caymanian	1	1	1	2	8	6	7	21	28	5	3	9	4		1	1	5	6	3	112	33%
Total	1	1	3	2	9	7	13	25	46	14	16	39	28	16	19	6	25	43	24	337	100%

Caymanians constituted 67% of all new recruitments to the Civil Service during the fiscal year 2009/10 across a wide range of roles and grades.

During 2009/10, the highest level of new appointments to the Civil Service of non-Caymanians were to salaried positions in grades L and K. These were almost exclusively in the areas of teaching, counselling, probation & social work, police and specialist I T roles. The appointment of over 40 Caymanian students during the vacation periods to gain vital work experience, contributes to the above average appointment of Caymanians to the lower salary ranges.

It should be noted, however, that this does not form the full picture of attraction, retention and promotion of Caymanians wi thin the Civil Service, as these figures do not take into account existing civil servants who have moved to new roles from within Gove rnment.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Retention

Leavers by Department, Nationality and Employment Category

Ministry/Portfolio/Department	Caymanian	Non-Caymanian	Salaried	Waged	Total	% Turnover*
911 Emergency Communications		1	1		1	4.8%
Agriculture		3	1	2	3	5.3%
Audit Office	2	3	5	_	5	26.3%
Cabinet Office	3	3	6		6	17.6%
Cadet Corps	3	1	1		1	16.7%
Children & Family Services	5	7	4	8	12	7.3%
Complaints Commission	1	1	2	J	2	40.0%
Computer Services	3	3	5	1	6	9.4%
Counselling Services	3	3	3		3	7.9%
Customs Department	5	3	5		5	3.7%
Department of Commerce & Investment	1		1		1	6.7%
Department of Community Rehabilitation	1	3	4		4	18.2%
Department of Vehicle Licensing	1	1	1		1	2.8%
District Administration	33	2	2	33	35	22.4%
	33	5	5	33	5	20.8%
Economics & Statistics Office	CF			20	_	
Education	65	54	81	38	119	15.9%
Employment Services	3		3		3	13.6%
Environment	2	2	4		4	11.8%
Environmental Health	12	11	3	20	23	17.7%
Fire Department	4		3	1	4	2.8%
General Registry	2	2	4		4	8.7%
Government Information Services		4	4		4	19.0%
Hazard Management	1	2	3		3	42.9%
Health Regulatory Board	2	1	3		3	23.1%
His Excellency the Governor		2	2		2	33.3%
Immigration	15		15		15	9.8%
Judicial Department	4		4		4	6.5%
Lands & Survey	1	5	6		6	8.7%
Legal Affairs	2	2	4		4	6.2%
Legislative	3		3		3	23.1%
Ministry CAG&H	2		2		2	12.5%
Ministry DAWL&A	2	1	3		3	15.8%
Ministry - Education, Training & Employment (Core)	9	2	9	2	11	15.9%
Ministry FT&D (Public Finance)	1	1	2		2	5.0%
Ministry FT&D (Tourism & Development)	2	1	1	2	3	8.1%
MRCU	2			2	2	5.3%
National Archive	2	1	1	2	3	17.6%
Planning	3	2	5		5	10.6%
Police	21	22	42	1	43	10.3%
Portfolio Int & Ext Affairs	3		3		3	14.3%
Portfolio of the Civil Service	1	2	3		3	12.0%
Postal	7	3	8	2	10	10.8%
Prison	1	4	5		5	3.4%
Public Works	10	9	7	12	19	13.7%
Radio Cayman	2	1	2	1	3	13.6%
Tourism	14	7	20	1	21	40.4%
Treasury	3	1	4		4	12.5%
Vehicle & Equipment Services	2	1	3		3	6.8%
Youth and Sports	1	5	6		6	15.4%
Total	258	184	314	128	442	12.0%
%	58.4%	41.6%	71.0%	29.0%		
Turnover Rate by Caymanian/Non-Caymanian	9.8%	17.5%	,•,•			

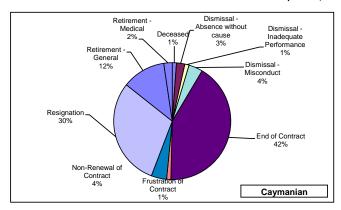
*Based on the average number of employees at the end of each quarter for 2009/10

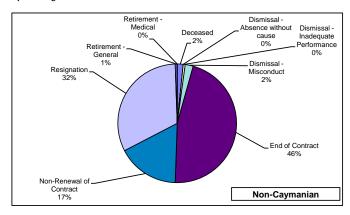
During 2009/10, the overall turnover rate for the Civil Service was 12%. This represents a small decrease in turnover when compared to last year's turnover of 12.7%. The total number of employees leaving the Civil Service during 2009/10 was 442. The turnover rate is lower for Caymanian (9.8%) than Non-Caymanians (17.5%)employees.

The turnover figures by department are displayed in the table above. Those departments experiencing more than double the average turnover rate within the Civil Service are identified above in red - Audit Office (26.3%), Complaints Commission (40.0%), Hazard Management (42.9%), His Excellency the Governor's Office (33.3%) and Tourism (40.4%). It should be noted that the Tourism Department pursue an active policy of appointing tourism scholarship students for short-term employment experience which contributes to some of the high levels of turnover. There were 21 total leavers from this department in the fiscal year, 10 of which were students.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Retention

Leavers by Reason, Nationality and Length of Service

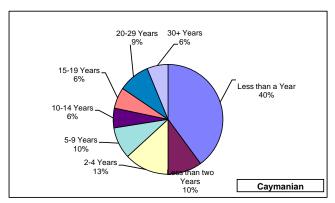


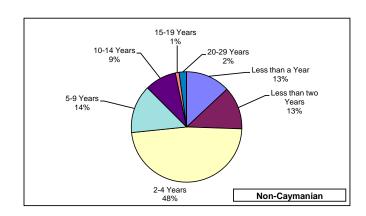


Reason for Leaving	Caymanian	% Caymanian	Non-Caymanian	% Non- Caymanian	Total	% Total
Deceased	3	1%	3	2%	6	1%
Dismissal - Absence without cause	6	2%		0%	6	1%
Dismissal - Inadequate Performance	3	1%	1	1%	4	1%
Dismissal - Misconduct	10	4%	4	2%	14	3%
End of Contract	108	42%	85	46%	193	44%
Frustration of Contract	3	1%		0%	3	1%
Non-Renewal of Contract	11	4%	31	17%	42	10%
Resignation	77	30%	59	32%	136	31%
Retirement - General	31	12%	1	1%	32	7%
Retirement - Medical	6	2%		0%	6	1%
Total	258	100%	184	100%	442	100%

Length of Service	Caymanian	% Caymanian	Non-Caymanian	% Non- Caymanian	Total	% Total	Cumulative %
Less than a Year	103	40%	24	13%	127	29%	29%
Less than two Years	26	10%	23	13%	49	11%	40%
2-4 Years	34	13%	88	48%	122	28%	67%
5-9 Years	24	9%	26	14%	50	11%	79%
10-14 Years	15	6%	17	9%	32	7%	86%
15-19 Years	16	6%	2	1%	18	4%	90%
20-29 Years	24	9%	4	2%	28	6%	96%
30+ Years	16	6%		0%	16	4%	100%
Total	258	100%	184	100%	442	100%	

Leavers by Length of Service





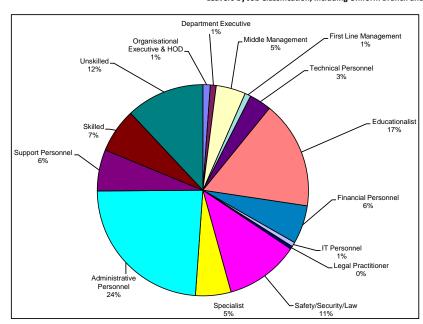
The most common reason employees left the Civil Service during the fiscal year 2009/10 was a result of reaching the end of their employment agreement - this accounted for 44% of total leavers. This is a lower percentage than in 2008/09, where 51% of leavers were the result of reaching the end of their employment agreement.

Resignations represented a further 31% of leavers in 2009/10 from the service, which is very slightly lower than the 2008/09 percentage of 32%. There were 24 dismissals from the service in 2009/10 (accounting for 5% of the total leavers) as compared to 15 in 2008/09 (accounting for 3% of the total leaver in that fiscal year). The number of retirements from the service slightly increased to 38 employees in 2009/10 as compared to 36 employees in the fiscal year 2008/09.

The majority of leavers in 2009/10 had less that 1 years service with Government (29%), followed by those with 2-4 years service (28%). The proportion of Caymanians leaving in the first year was 40% as compared to 13% of non-Caymanians. It should be noted however, that a number of young Caymanians were appointed to short term vacation period jobs in 2009/10.

HR Activity for the Civil Service for 2009/10 - Retention

Leavers by Job Classification, including Uniform Branch and Teaching Staff



Leavers from within the Uniform Service (Operational Officers Only)

		Avg No of	
Uniform Branch	Total Leavers	Staff	% Turnover*
Customs	0	104	0%
Fire	3	126	2%
Immigration	6	60	10%
Police	31	357	9%
Prison	2	128	2%
Total	42	774	5.4%

Leavers from within the Teaching Profession

		Avg No of		
	Total Leavers	Staff	% Turnover*	
Teachers	49	433	11.3%	

	Leavers during 2009/10				
Job Classification	Caymanian	Non- Caymanian	Total	% of total category	Turnover rate by Classification*
Organisational Executive & HOD	2	3	5	1.1%	19.2%
Department Executive	2	2	4	0.9%	7.7%
Middle Management	8	12	20	4.5%	15.3%
First Line Management	1	3	4	0.9%	10.5%
Technical Personnel	9	6	15	3.4%	9.6%
Educationalist	35	38	73	16.5%	14.0%
Financial Personnel	15	11	26	5.9%	12.1%
IT Personnel	2	1	3	0.7%	4.8%
Legal Practitioner		2	2	0.5%	5.6%
Safety/Security/Law	28	22	50	11.3%	6.0%
Specialist	5	19	24	5.4%	13.3%
Administrative Personnel	81	24	105	23.8%	17.1%
Support Personnel	26	2	28	6.3%	16.9%
Skilled	15	15	30	6.8%	11.7%
Unskilled	29	24	53	12.0%	13.5%
Total	258	184	442	100.0%	12.0%

*Based on the average number of employees at the end of each quarter for 2009/10

During 2009/10, the highest categories of staff turnover were from Organisational Executive & HOD roles (19.2%), roles classed as Administrative Personnel (17.1%) and those categorised as Middle Management (15.3%). The lowest category of staff turnover were roles classed as IT Personnel (4.8%).

The turnover rate for the combined Uniform Divisions is approximately 5.4%, which is below the overall turnover rate of Government for 2009/10 (12%). The specialism within the roles and the difficulty of finding comparable employment in the private sector may be a contributory r eason for this low turnover rate.

Comparisons between the uniform divisions show that Customs experienced the lowest turnover as they did not have any leavers in this fiscal year. The Immigration Department experienced the highest turnover rate of the Uniform Services with 10%.

The turnover rate for teaching staff was slightly lower than that experienced by Government as a whole, at a rate of 11.3%.