The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.

Annual Report 2013/14

Objectives

- to operate the Exchange for the trading of securities, including the operation of an electronic trading platform and related trading and clearance tracking processes and the operation of a crossing market.
- to admit persons (brokers) as Exchange members.
- to list securities on the Exchange and to appoint Listing Agents.
- to regulate listed issuers and broker members through the establishment and monitoring of Listing Rules and Membership Rules.
- to promote listing, membership and use of the Exchange.

CSX ANNUAL REPORT 2013/14

CSX Council Members

Anthony B. Travers, OBE

Chairman

Dax Basdeo

Vice-Chairman

Roisin Addlestone

Council Member

Sophia Dilbert

Council Member

Mark Lewis

Council Member

Barry Smith

Council Member

Valia Theodoraki

Chief Executive Officer

Broker Members

Butterfield Bank (Cayman) Ltd.

Cayman National Securities Ltd.

CIBC Bank and Trust Company (Cayman) Ltd.

VBT Bank & Trust, Ltd.

Listing Agents Appleby Trust (Cayman) Ltd Campbells Carey Commercial Limited Carey Olsen Collas Crill & Card Dillon Eustace Harneys Higgs & Johnson Maples and Calder Mourant Ozannes Corporate Services (Cayman) Limited Ogier Solomon Harris Stuarts Travers Thorp Alberga Walkers

CSX Milestones

- 1997 CSX officially opens
- 2001 ISG membership
- 2002 5th anniversary 700 listings
- 2003 Affiliate member of IOSCO
- 2004 UK HMRC recognition
- 2006 CSX joins AIMA
- 2008 first shariah compliant listing
- 2009 3,000 + listings
- 2011 first LatAm eurobond and mineral company equity listings
- 2012 US\$10 billion 'cat bond' listings
- 2012 CSX announces ability to trade catastrophe bonds
- 2013 CSX progresses to affiliate membership of WFE (World Federation of Exchanges)
- 2013 CSX launches XETRA trading platform
- 2015 about 4,000 listings

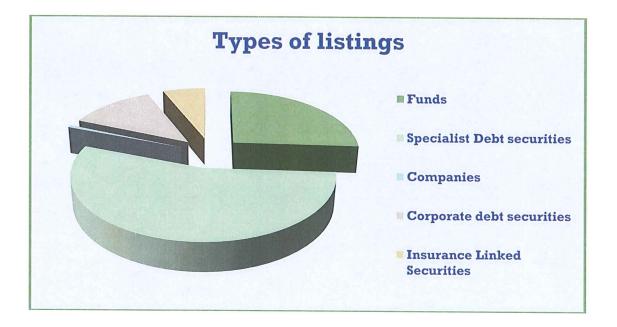
Exchange Operations

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange is a specialist exchange ("CSX" or the "Exchange") whose activities include operating a securities market for the listing and trading of equity and debt securities and investment funds in the Cayman Islands. Our users have been sophisticated clients from around the world, with focus to now in the UK, European and North American markets.

Listing activities

A number of new financial instruments were admitted to the Daily Official List of the Exchange during the year, including specialist equity securities.

The following shows the breakdown of listings by product as of June 30, 2014:



Listing Agents and Broker Members

At the end of June 2014, there were thirteen listing agents and six broker members authorised.

International relations

The Exchange maintains a level of membership with several standard setting organisations including the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO), the Quoted Companies Alliance, The Alternative Investment Management Association (AIMA), the Intermarket Surveillance Group (ISG) and the World Federation of Exchanges.

Trading

Trades in all financial instruments previously supported by the Exchange's old trading platform were transferred to Xetra as of 25th March 2013. The new IT architecture offers superior efficiency, speed and functionality.

Access to CSX Xetra is either through the XETRA® J-Trader platform, which is a standard web browser, or through FIX protocol (Financial Information eXchange protocol), which is an industry-driven and international messaging standard. The XETRA® FIX Gateway offers simple and flexible access to all XETRA® markets based around the world. The CSX will be accessible through the FIX Gateway under the market information code 'XCAY'.

XCAY, the CSX Xetra trading platform, is a separate back-end platform, for equities as well as other investment instruments such as bonds and derivative warrants, that operates within the overall XETRA® trading platform, allowing the Exchange to introduce any changes necessary to adapt the platform to its market needs and to have its own trading calendar. XCAY also offers the possibility of trading of specialist securities offered only to qualified investors.

Xetra offers trading at very high speeds with an order driven trading system. The trading is continuous from 7am to 12.30pm Monday to Friday. The currency of each listed security is designated as the trading currency of such security.

For the time being the Exchange is not charging any trading fees for executed trades.

Broker members and their registered representatives duly admitted to the Exchange are able to use the trading facilities and access the Xetra trading platform. International Xetra participants can also be passported through a simple process as CSX broker members and will be able to reuse their existing Xetra connection to enter trades into XCAY.

Settlement

To be admitted to listing and trading on the Exchange, securities must have an International Identification Number (ISIN). Listed securities (other than those of open-ended investment funds) must be eligible for deposit in an acceptable electronic settlement system including Clearstream Banking Luxembourg, Euroclear, The Depositary Trust Company, TMX CDS or any acceptable alternative system agreed in advance with the Exchange.

Settlement takes place on the third business day (T+3) after the date the transaction was executed.

NAVs

The Exchange is using Information Technology actively to the benefit of our customers and the Exchange itself. The website facility allows the public access to the listings and broker member rules. The Exchange has enhanced the web site facility, in which Net Asset Valuations ("NAV's") are received and validated prior to publication and enabling the capture of historic prices.

The service allows administrators to post NAVs onto the CSX via a secure internet page. Once the information is input by a fund administrator, the prices are immediately published on the mutual fund listings page on the Exchange's internet web site and are sent to Bloomberg for posting to the CSX <GO> trading and information pages on Bloomberg.

CUSIP Numbering Agency

The Exchange is acting as Standard & Poors' sole agent for CUSIP, a company that issues International Securities Identification Numbers ("ISIN's") for Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands incorporated entities.

Financial report

Financial highlights

The year's operations resulted in a net income of CI\$257,039 which represents an increase by more than double the previous year's figure of CI\$105,271.

The revenues for the year under review reached CI\$1,634,861, an increase of 13% from the CI\$1,446,553 registered during 2012/13. On the other hand, total expenses for the year amounted to CI\$1,377,822 in the year ended June 30, 2014 representing an increase of 3% compared to the previous year.

The Exchange declared dividend of CI\$192,780 payable to The Cayman Islands Government, its sole shareholder, for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The majority of the Exchange's revenue was generated from listing fees, CI\$1,029,123 (2012/13: CI\$875,488) and issuance of CUSIP numbers, CI\$358,318 (2012/13: CI\$317,258).

For the period under review, the CSX employed five employees, and the related staff cost amounted to CI\$672,783 (2012/13: CI\$732,753).

Bank balances as at June 30, 2014 were CI\$1,608,757 (June 30, 2013: CI\$1,272,106). The Exchange has total assets of CI\$2,174,634 (2012/13: CI\$2,047,372) and total liabilities of CI\$144,695 (2012/13: CI\$195,522) at June 30, 2014.

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.

Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

THE CAYMAN ISLANDS STOCK EXCHANGE LTD. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Page(s)
Contents:	
Statement of Responsibility for the Financial Statements	A1
Auditor General's Report	A2
Statements of Comprehensive Income	A3
Statements of Financial Position	A4
Statements of Changes in Shareholder's Equity	A5
Statements of Cash Flows	A6
Notes to Financial Statements	A7 - A15

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared by The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd. (the "Company") in accordance with the provisions of the *Public Management and Finance Law (2013 Revision)*.

We accept responsibility for the accuracy and integrity of the financial information in these financial statements and their compliance with the *Public Management and Finance Law (2013 Revision)*.

As Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, we are responsible for establishing; and have established and maintain a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded in the financial statements are authorised by law, and properly record the financial transactions of the Company.

As Chairman and Chief Executive Officer we are responsible for the preparation of the Stock Exchange financial statements and for the judgements made in them.

The financial statements fairly present the statements of financial position, comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows, as well as the explanatory information, for the financial years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

To the best of our knowledge we represent that these financial statements:

- (a) are complete and reliably reflect the financial transactions of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014;
- (b) fairly reflect the financial position as at June 30, 2014 and performance for the year ended June 30, 2014;
- (c) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards under the responsibility of the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Office of the Auditor General and Deloitte & Touche jointly conducted an independent audit and expressed an opinion on the accompanying financial statements. The Office of the Auditor General and Deloitte & Touche have been provided access to all the information necessary to conduct an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing.

Anthony Travers

Chairman

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.

October 16, 2014

Valia Theodoraki

Chief Executive Officer

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.

October 16, 2014



Phone: (345) - 244-3211 Fax: (345) - 945-7738 AuditorGeneral@oag.gov.ky www.auditorgeneral.gov.ky 3rd Floor, Anderson Square 64 Shedden Road, George Town PO Box 2583 Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands

AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of the Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd.,

In accordance with section 60(1)(a)(ii) of the *Public Management and Finance Law (2013 Revision)* I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd., which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2014 and 2013 and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to financial statements as set out on pages A7 - A15.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. In conducting my audit I have relied on the work carried out on my behalf by a public accounting firm who performed their work in accordance with International Standards on Auditing.

Opinion

Auditor General

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd. as at June 30, 2014 and 2013, the results of its comprehensive income, changes in its shareholder's equity, and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Alastair Swarbrick, MA (Hons), CPFA

October 16, 2014 Cayman Islands

Statements of Comprehensive Income

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
REVENUES		
Operations (Note 3)	\$ 1,246,013	\$ 1,072,248
CUSIP (Note 4)	358,318	317,258
Miscellaneous	29,807	56,328
Interest	<u>723</u>	719
	1,634,861	1,446,553
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel (Notes 11 and 14)	672,783	732,753
License fee (Note 7)	171,750	40,282
Legal and professional fees (Note 15)	85,821	85,542
Lease of office (Note 7)	85,658	83,895
Amortisation (Note 6)	73,450	24,484
CUSIP	48,207	71,867
Marketing, travel and subsistence (Note 13)	47,914	87,629
Memberships, subscriptions and publications	45,838	40,511
Utilities	45,359	43,020
Technology	27,072	31,923
Impairment allowances (Note 9)	23,854	43,729
Bloomberg terminals	19,762	-
Other office and miscellaneous	9,733	26,512
Disaster recovery	6,331	10,616
Depreciation (Note 5)	4,368	9,422
Printing, postage, courier and stationery	3,924	6,591
Insurance	3,792	2,181
Training	2,206	325
	1,377,822	1,341,282
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 257,039	\$ 105,271

Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 8) Accounts receivable (net of impairment allowances:	\$ 1,608,757	\$ 1,272,106
\$23,252 (2013: \$10,087)) (Note 9)	243,635	376,689
Prepayments and other receivables	35,562	42,150
Total current assets	1,887,954	1,690,945
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 5)	13,261	13,658
Intangible assets (Note 6)	273,419	342,769
Total non-current assets	286,680	356,427
Total assets	\$ 2,174,634	\$ 2,047,372
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 144,695	\$ 193,531
Deferred annual fees	_	1,991
Total current liabilities	144,695	195,522
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 10)	100,000	100,000
Additional paid-in capital	71,926	71,926
Retained earnings	1,858,013	1,679,924
Total shareholder's equity	2,029,939	1,851,850
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 2,174,634	\$ 2,047,372

Statements of Changes in Shareholder's Equity

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	capital Note 10)	paid-i	dditional n capital (Note 10)	 Retained earnings		Total shareholder's equity
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 100,000	\$	71,926	\$ 1,574,653	\$	1,746,579
Net income for the year	 		-	 105,271	_	105,271
Balance at June 30, 2013	100,000		71,926	1,679,924		1,851,850
Net income for the year	-		-	257,039		257,039
Dividends (Note 10)	 _		_	(78,950)		(78,950)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 100,000	\$	71,926	\$ 1,858,013	\$	2,029,939

Statements of Cash Flows

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net operating income for the year Adjustments for items not affecting cash:	\$ 257,039	\$ 105,271
Increase/(Decrease) in impairment allowances Amortisation Depreciation	13,165 73,450 4,368	(4,913) 24,484 9,422
	348,022	134,264
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease/(Increase) in prepayments and	119,889	30,240
other receivables	6,588	(12,267)
(Decrease)/Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Decrease in deferred annual fees	(48,836) (1,991)	8,402 (5,606)
Net cash provided by operating activities	423,672	155,033
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of intangible asset Purchase of fixed assets	(4,100) (3,971)	(367,253) (4,534)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,071)	(371,787)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid	(78,950)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	336,651	(216,754)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,272,106	1,488,860
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,608,757	\$ 1,272,106
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	<u>\$ 772</u>	\$ 717

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

1. INCORPORATION AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a private company limited by shares on September 26, 1996 as CSX Ltd. pursuant to the Cayman Islands Companies Law. The Company changed its name to The Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Ltd. on December 23, 1996.

In accordance with the powers conferred by the Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Company Law, 1996 the Company is engaged in carrying on the business of establishing and operating a securities market for the listing and trading of securities. This business includes the admission of persons as exchange members entitled by reason of membership of the exchange to engage in the listing and trading of securities through the facilities made available by the Company for such purposes.

The Company is wholly owned by the Stock Exchange Authority (the "Authority") on behalf of the Government of the Cayman Islands (the "Government").

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The significant accounting policies adopted by the Company are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers cash and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised as earned. Membership and listing fees are non refundable.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Allowances are established when the Company determines amounts are doubtful of collection.

Translation of foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated or accounted for in currencies other than Cayman Islands dollars are translated into Cayman Islands dollars at the applicable exchange rate ruling at the statement of financial position date. Foreign currency income and expense transactions are translated at the appropriate exchange rate ruling at the transaction date. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from such transactions are included in the statements of comprehensive income.

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Type of non-current asset Estimated useful life

Leasehold improvements remainder of current lease term

Computer hardware 3 years
Office furniture and equipment 10 years
Intangible assets 5 years

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments approximates their carrying value principally due to the short-term nature of such instruments.

Critical accounting judgement and key source of estimation uncertainty

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The key areas of judgement or estimation are with regard to the recoverability of accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are considered to be recoverable in full by the Company after taking into consideration the age of the receivable, the financial stability of the debtors, and the post year end receipts to the date of the report.

New accounting pronouncements

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, a number of standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective. The Standards and Interpretations that are likely to have an impact on the accounting policies and financial statements of the Company are as follows:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 with earlier application permitted. IFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be measured at amortised cost or fair value, with the determination to be made at initial recognition based on the entity's business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument.

The standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial statements since the Company's financial assets approximate fair value.

There are no other standards or interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

3. OPERATING REVENUES

Operating revenues are as follows:

	2014		2013
\$	346,543 255,881 290,169 79,540 48,790	\$	249,756 244,073 231,229 42,640 82,410
	8,200		7,380
	1,029,123		857,488
 -	172,200 42,640 2,050 1.246.013	\$	176,300 41,410 (2,950) 1,072,248
	\$	\$ 346,543 255,881 290,169 79,540 48,790 8,200 1,029,123 172,200 42,640	\$ 346,543 \$ 255,881 290,169 79,540 48,790 8,200 1,029,123 172,200 42,640 2,050

4. CUSIP REVENUES

The Company is the exclusive Committee on Uniform Security Identification Procedures ("CUSIP") international numbering agent for issuing CUSIP numbering system identifiers for securities of issuers registered in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.

CUSIP revenues are as follows:

		2014	 2013
CUSIP revenue: British Virgin Islands Cayman Islands	\$	25,256 333,062	\$ 9,840 307,418
	<u>\$</u>	358,318	\$ 317,258

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

_	DDODEDTV	DI ANT	AND	EQUIPMENT
ວ.	PRUPERIY.	PLANI.	ANU	EUUIPINENI

	Leasehold improvements	Computer hardware and software	Office furniture and equipment	Total
Cost:				
At July 1, 2013 Additions Fully depreciated assets removed	\$ 143,138 - -	\$ 1,194,537 3,971 (472,502)	\$ 161,197 	\$ 1,498,872 3,971 (472,502)
At June 30, 2014	143,138	726,006	161,197	1,030,341
Depreciation:				
At July 1, 2013 Fully depreciated assets removed Charge for the year	143,138	1,190,782 (472,502) 3,036	151,294 - 1,332	1,485,214 (472,502) 4,368
At June 30, 2014	143,138	721,316	<u>152,626</u>	1,017,080
Net book value at June 30, 2014	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 4,690	\$ 8,571	<u>\$ 13,261</u>
Net book value at June 30, 2013	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,755	\$ 9,903	<u>\$ 13,658</u>
INTANCIDI E ACCETO				

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Website		<u>Software</u>	 Total
Cost:				
At July 1, 2013 Additions	\$ 4,10 <u>0</u>	\$	367,253 	\$ 367,253 4,100
At June 30, 2014	 4,100		367,253	 371,353
Amortisation:				
At July 1, 2013 Charge for the year	 -		24,484 73,450	 24,484 73,450
At June 30, 2014	 -		97,934	 97,934
Net book value at June 30, 2014	\$ 4,100	<u>\$</u>	269,319	\$ 273,419
Net book value at June 30, 2013	\$ 	<u>\$</u>	342,769	\$ 342,769

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

7. COMMITMENTS

The lease payments for the twelve months ended June 30, 2014, were \$85,658 (2013: \$83,895). From December 31, 2009, the Company has moved to a rolling monthly contract to lease its existing office premises on the 4th floor of Elizabethan Square. This rolling arrangement will be in place for the foreseeable future and as such the Company does not have any lease commitments for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

The Company entered into a five year licensing agreement on September 3, 2012 for the provision of trading software related services. The annual fee depends on the level of services provided with a minimum of €150,000 per year payable by the Company. The license fees paid for the twelve months ended June 30, 2014, were \$171,750 (2013: \$40,282).

Licensing agreement future commitments		2014		2013
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	\$	167,558 502,673	\$	160,017 600,064
	<u>\$</u>	670,231	<u>\$</u>	760,081

Above commitments were originally denominated in Euro and have been converted into Cayman Islands dollars using the prevailing exchange rate as at June 30, 2014.

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		2014		2013
Current and call accounts Short-term fixed deposits maturing within one month	\$	963,603 645,154	\$	627,724 644,382
	<u>\$</u>	1,608,757	<u>\$</u>	1,272,106

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

The Company's operating activities expose it to various types of financial risks that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. These financial risks include credit and counterparty risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk). The Company's overall risk management program focuses on minimising potential adverse effects on the Company's operations resulting from these financial risks. The exposure to, and management of, these risks are summarised below.

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Financial instruments which potentially expose the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

Age of accounts receivable past due but not impaired		2014		2013
31-60 days 61-90 days 91-120 days Over 120 days	\$	21,432 6,834 8,282 122,716	\$	126,032 8,042 35,977 169,429
	<u>\$</u>	159,264	\$	339,480
Movement in impairment allowances		2014	-	2013
Balance at beginning of year Impairment losses recognised on receivables Amounts written off as uncollectible Amounts recovered	\$	10,087 23,854 (10,197) (492)		15,000 43,729 (45,362) (3,280)
Balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	23,252	<u>\$</u>	10,087
The aging of the impaired fee income receivables was as follows:				
Age of impaired accounts receivable		2014		2013
31-60 days 61-90 days 91-120 days	\$	- - -	\$	-
Over 120 days		23,252		10,087
Total – impaired	\$	23,252	<u>\$</u>	10,087

The Company mitigates its exposure to credit risk by placing cash with major international institutions. As the Company provides listing services, its revenue is made up of small fees from many customers. As such, any failure of a customer to pay their fees would not have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company. The Company's policy is to provide for an allowance of doubtful debts based on specifically identified outstanding accounts receivable evaluated based on their age and assessed collectability.

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company's primary financial liabilities are accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company monitors current assets and liabilities to ensure that it has sufficient liquid assets to be able to meet its future expected cash outflows. All the Company's liabilities are expected to be paid within one year.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Company comprises two types of risk: currency risk and interest rate risk. The Company is not exposed to any other market risks.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company operates in the Cayman Islands and the main currencies of its operations are the Cayman Islands dollar and the United States dollar.

The Cayman Islands dollar has a fixed exchange rate against the United States dollar so no currency risk or translation gains/losses arise from fluctuations between the currencies, and as such no currency risk sensitivity analysis has been prepared. The Cayman Islands dollar to United States dollar exchange rate used by the Company is 0.82.

The only foreign currency monetary assets or liabilities held at June 30, 2014, were United States dollars as part of cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$1,133,381 (2013: \$1,064,495).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The only financial instrument upon which changes in interest rates could have an impact is a fixed deposit, renewed monthly, in the amount of \$645,154 (2013: \$644,382) which is shown on the statements of financial position as part of cash and cash equivalents. As the financial instrument is short term in nature and a fixed rate is set at each monthly renewal of the fixed deposit, interest rate fluctuations would not significantly impact the Company's future cash flows. As such, no sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk has been prepared.

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

10. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised and issued share capital of the Company is \$100,000 divided into 100,000 shares of \$1 each. All of the shares were exclusively subscribed on behalf of the Government by the Authority in 1996 in accordance with the Cayman Islands Stock Exchange Company Law, 1996.

The present dividend policy is for the Company to pay 75% of net operating income to the Government. The Government is the 100% shareholder of the Company and the dividend policy is reviewed on an annual basis. On September 27, 2013, the Stock Exchange Council approved dividend payments for the year ended June 30, 2013 of \$0.7895 per share totaling \$78,950. The dividends declared for the year ended June 30, 2013 were fully paid to the Government during the year ended June 30, 2014. The dividend related to the year end June 30, 2014 was declared subsequent to year end and is included within Note 17.

11. PERSONNEL

Included within personnel expenses are the salary, bonus, pension and healthcare payments made to and on behalf of the five (2013: six) members of staff employed during the year. For the year ended June 30, 2014 total personnel expenses amounted to \$672,783 (2013: \$732,753). Total remuneration for the Company's three key management personnel was \$501,092 for the year ended June 30, 2014 (2013: \$490,533). At June 30, 2014, key management personnel consisted of the Chief Executive Officer and the Head of Information Technology and Trading Systems. The Head of Listings resigned effective June 15, 2014. At June 30, 2013, key management personnel consisted of the Chief Executive Officer and Head of Information Technology and Trading Systems and the Head of Listings.

Included in prepayments and other receivables are amounts receivable from employees amounting to \$3,300 (2013: \$2,810) of which \$nil (2013: \$nil) is receivable from key management personnel.

12. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern without additional funding from the Cayman Islands Government. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from the year ended June 30, 2013. The capital structure of the Company consists of issued shares, additional paid-in capital and retained earnings. The Company has no externally imposed capital requirements.

13. MARKETING, TRAVEL AND SUBSISTENCE

Marketing, travel and subsistence largely consists of promotional costs of \$6,288 (2013: \$23,412), public relations costs of \$11,527 (2013: \$nil), and cost for conferences, and international trade events in New York, London and the Cayman Islands of \$13,106 (2013: London, Chicago, the Cayman Islands and New York of \$33,639). Travel and subsistence expenses relating to conferences, international trade events and other marketing travel totaled \$16,993 (2013: \$30,578).

Notes to Financial Statements

for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Cayman Islands dollars)

(continued)

14. PENSION SCHEME

As required by the National Pensions Law of the Cayman Islands, the Company has established for its employees a defined contribution pension scheme with a third party pensions provider based in the Cayman Islands of the mandatory contribution rate on up to the current maximum pensionable earnings of \$60,000 per annum. The mandatory contribution rate under the law is 10% of the employee's salary, borne equally by the employer and employee. The Company contributions are borne 5.00% by the employer and 5.00% by the employee. The total pension cost recorded during the year ended June 30, 2014, was \$16,042 (2013: \$17,500). This represents the employer's portion and is included in personnel expenses.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Company transacted in prior year with Travers Thorp Alberga in their capacity as a registered listing agent for the Company. During the year, expenditures of \$nil (2013: \$7,493) were paid to Travers Thorp Alberga for legal services rendered. The Company's Chairman is also a Senior Partner of Travers Thorp Alberga.

16. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior year figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the possibility of subsequent events existing in the Company's financial statements through October 16, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On October 16, 2014 the Stock Exchange Council approved a dividend payment for the year ended June 30, 2014 of \$1.9278 per share totaling \$192,780.

Management has determined that there are no further material events that would require disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

18. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Stock Exchange Council and authorised for issue on October 16, 2014.