CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Expressed in United States dollars)

		30 June 2006 (Unaudited)	30 June 2005 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)		4,924,570	8,524,788
Accounts receivable (Note 4)		3,475,715	5,902,818
Prepaid expenses		2,015,285	1,587,084
Flight equipment held for sale (Note 6)			44,920
Total current assets		10,415,570	16,059,610
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note 7)		13,679,901	8,965,240
Total assets		\$ <u>24,095,471</u>	\$ <u>25,024,850</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S DEFIC	CIT		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 5)		15 500 204	12 222 255
Unearned transportation liability		15,580,384	12,280,955
Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 8)		9,891,617 1,980,039	8,830,167
current portion of long-term habilities (Note 8)		1,980,039	2,433,312
Total current liabilities		27,452,040	23,544,434
Long-term liabilities (Note 8)		31,569,089	30,548,784
Total liabilities		<u>59,021,129</u>	54,093,218
Shareholder's deficit (Note 2)			
Share capital (Note 9)		38,376,215	38,376,215
Share subscriptions (Note 9)		20,990,163	20,990,163
Accumulated deficit		(94,292,036)	(88,434,746)
Total shareholder's deficit		(34,925,658)	(29,068,368)
Total liabilities and shareholder's deficit		\$ <u>24,095,471</u>	\$ <u>25,024,850</u>
Approved for issuance on behalf of the Cayman Ai	rways Limited Board of D	Pirectors by:	
Director	Date		
	Duit		
Director	Data		
Director	Date		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF LOSS

(Expressed in United States dollars)

Operating revenues	Year ended 30 June 2006 (Unaudited)	Year ended 30 June 2005 (Audited)
Passenger	51,626,023	41,214,091
Cargo	5,051,261	5,039,033
Handling	1,916,945	1,556,394
Other	<u>791,203</u>	491,684
Total operating revenues	<u>59,385,432</u>	48,301,202
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages	15,554,541	14,020,135
Other staff costs	4,500,457	4,407,289
Aircraft fuel	16,046,541	11,434,654
Aircraft rentals	3,286,502	2,967,483
Commissions and related sales costs	3,990,791	3,270,066
Maintenance, materials and repairs	8,020,938	5,098,388
Landing and parking fees	2,866,297	2,048,016
Aircraft and passenger service	8,853,467	7,588,152
Advertising and promotion	944,840	884,571
Communications	1,586,025	1,532,938
General and administrative (Note 13)	2,284,373	2,168,512
Depreciation (Note 7)	2,152,767	2,078,218
Other operating expenses	4,948,282	4,210,930
Total operating expenses	75,035,821	61,709,352
Operating loss before non-operating items and Government output payments	(15,650,389)	(13,408,150)
Non operating items		
Interest expense	(1,806,365)	(1,085,386)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(127,920)	-
Excess of insurance proceeds over impaired assets (Note 7)		1,047,607
Loss before Government output payments	(17,584,674)	(13,445,929)
Government output payments (Note 2)	11,727,384	12,430,957
Net loss for the year	\$ <u>(5,857,290)</u>	\$ <u>(1,014,972)</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Share <u>capital</u>	Share subscriptions	Accumulated deficit	Total
Balance at 30 June 2004	38,376,215	19,357,635	(87,419,774)	(29,685,924)
Share subscriptions for the year		1,632,528	-	1,632,528
Net loss for the year		-	(1,014,972)	(1,014,972)
Balance at 30 June 2005 (Audited)	38,376,215	20,990,163	(88,434,746)	(29,068,368)
Share subscriptions for the year			/8	
Net loss for the year	-	-	(5,857,290)	(5,857,290)
Balance at 30 June 2006 (Unaudited)	\$38,376,215	\$20.990.163	\$(94.292.036)	\$(34,925,658)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss for the year	(5 957 300)	(1.014.000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:	(5,857,290)	(1,014,972)
Depreciation	0.150.777	0.000.010
Interest expense	2,152,767	2,078,218
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,806,365	1,085,386
Excess of insurance proceeds over impaired assets	127,920	
Excess of insurance proceeds over impaired assets		(_1,047,607)
Operating (expense)/Income before working capital changes	(1,770,238)	1,101,025
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
* Decrease/ (Increase) in accounts receivable	1,162,079	(963,721)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(428,201)	(299,127)
** Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,299,429	994,087
Increase in unearned transportation liability	1,061,450	2,708,159
Cash generated from operations	3,324,519	3,540,423
Interest paid	(<u>1,806,365</u>)	(<u>1,085,386</u>)
	(1,800,505)	(<u>1,085,580</u>)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,518,154	2,455,037
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(6,967,428)	(1,268,059)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,282,024	200,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,685,404)	(_1,068,059)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of long term borrowings	(2.422.069)	(2 220 004)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	(2,432,968)	(3,328,884)
11000000 Hom long term borrowings	3,000,000	9,000,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	567,032	<u>5,671,116</u>
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,600,218)	7,058,094
Net cash, cash equivalents and bank overdraft at beginning of year	<u>8,524,788</u>	1,466,694
Net cash, cash equivalents and bank overdraft at end of year (Note 11)	\$ <u>4,924,570</u>	\$ <u>8,524,788</u>
• (===================================		- <u> </u>

^{*} Note: see Note 4 for details of insurance proceeds relating to fixed assets damaged in Hurricane Ivan

^{**} Note: see Note 9 for details of non-cash transactions regarding government debt forgiveness for the year ended 30 June 2005

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

1. Incorporation and activity

Cayman Airways Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 7 August 1968 and is wholly-owned by the Government of the Cayman Islands ("Government"). The Company's main activity is the provision of scheduled passenger and cargo air transportation to, from and within the Cayman Islands. The Company's registered office is 233 Owen Robert's Drive, George Town, Grand Cayman.

At 30 June 2006 the Company had 371 employees (2005: 343).

2. Going concern

Historically, the Company has been dependent upon the financial support of Government to allow it to continue as a going concern. At 30 June 2006 the Company's total liabilities exceeded total assets by US\$34,925,658 (30 June 2005: US\$29,068,368) and current liabilities exceeded its current assets by US\$17,036,470 (30 June 2005: US\$7,484,824), and the Company remains dependent on annual output payments and other financial support from Government to allow it to continue as a going concern. Government has indicated that its current policy is to continue to support the Company in the foreseeable future by the provision of annual output funding of approximately US\$11.7 million. For the year ended 30 June 2006, Government provided output payments of US\$11.7 million (30 June 2005: US\$12.4 million) to Cayman Airways Limited and no additional financial support for advertising and marketing. In 2005, Government agreed to directly settle US\$1.6 million that the Company owed to Civil Aviation Authority for landing and parking fees for the year ended 30 June 2005. In exchange, the Company issued shares of an equivalent nominal amount to Government. Government has also issued guarantees to the Company's principal bankers to secure borrowings aggregating up to US\$47.5 million (2005: US\$46.9 million), which at 30 June 2006 comprised of three facilities: two Libor loans (2005: two) which have a five year term and an amortization period of 15 years (see Note 8); an overdraft facility of up to US\$2.2 million (2005: US\$2.2 million); and a letter of credit facility of US\$625,000 (2005: US\$625,000). The Government has also issued two guarantees of US\$1.3 million each with respect to Cayman Airways' lease of two aircrafts from International Lease Finance Corporation.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation: The Company's financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Principles of consolidation</u>: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cayman Airways Express, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

3. Accounting policies (continued)

<u>Passenger revenue</u>: Passenger ticket sales are initially recorded as a current liability in an unearned transportation liability account until transportation is provided. This current liability is released as revenue is earned, sales are refunded, or billings from other airlines are received

Government output payments: Financial support from the Government in the form of output payments are non-refundable and are recognised in the consolidated statement of loss during the year to which the payments relate.

Aircraft maintenance:

(a) Routine maintenance and annual periodic maintenance

All routine aircraft maintenance is provided on a continuous basis and the related costs are expensed as incurred.

(b) Periodic major maintenance and overhauls

Liability for overhauls and periodic major maintenance is recognised at the time the Company becomes obligated for such costs. The actual cost of periodic major maintenance and overhauls is capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life (which will normally be the expected interval to the next scheduled major maintenance or overhaul).

<u>Flight equipment held for sale</u>: Flight equipment held for sale is carried at the lower of cost and management's estimate of net realisable value. No depreciation is taken on the flight equipment held for sale (Note 6).

<u>Property, plant and equipment</u>: Property, plant and equipment is initially recorded at cost. Cost includes all direct attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use. The Company capitalises borrowing costs which are directly attributable to the acquisition of an asset and which are incurred in respect of the period of time before an asset is introduced in to use or service.

Property, plant and equipment and other long lived, non-current assets, are reviewed annually at each balance sheet date for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable or when impairment indications are present. Assets whose carrying values exceed their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount, being the higher of market value or value in use (on a discounted cash flow basis), and the resulting impairment loss recorded in the consolidated statement of loss. To the extent that a previously recognised impairment loss no longer exists or decreases, the carrying amount of the asset will be increased to the lower of recoverable amount or depreciated cost and the resulting reversal of impairment loss will be recorded in the consolidated statement of loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

3. Accounting policies (continued)

<u>Depreciation</u>: Property, plant and equipment are depreciated to estimated residual value using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Type of	Estimated
Property, plant and equipment	<u>useful life</u>
Aircraft airframe and related overhauls	
Airframe and related components	113 - 162 months
D checks and landing gear	21,000 flight hours or 105 months
Aircraft engines and related overhauls	
Engine shop visit 1	9,000 flight hours
Engine shop visit 2	4,500 flight hours
Limited life parts	20,000 cycles
Other property, plant and equipment:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Buildings	20 - 50 years
Flight equipment	10 years
Other property, plant and equipment	3 - 5 years

The estimated residual value for the aircraft engines is US\$250,000 per aircraft. The residual value for the aircraft engines is US\$50,000 (2005: US\$50,000) per engine. The residual value for flight equipment is 5%. All other property, plant and equipment have no salvage value.

Where impairment losses have been recorded against property, plant and equipment, the recoverable amount is depreciated to estimated residual value using the straight-line method over the remaining estimated useful life.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes balances with bankers, all of which are on demand or at short notice, net of short-term overdrafts.

Foreign currency translation: The accounting records of the Company are maintained in United States dollars. Monetary assets and liabilities in a foreign currency are translated into United States dollars at the prevailing rates of exchange at year end. Revenue receipts and expense payments are translated into United States dollars at the prevailing exchange rate on the respective dates of transactions. The rate of exchange between United States dollars and Cayman Islands Dollars is fixed at US\$1.00: CI\$0.84.

Employee benefits: In accordance with the Cayman Islands National Pensions Law, 1996 (the "Law") those of Company's employees that are located in the Cayman Islands participate in a defined contribution pension plan. Employees are required to contribute an amount up to 5% of their annual salaries to the plan during the year and the Company matches such contributions up to 5%. The Company's US based employees are eligible to participate in a 401K defined contribution pension plan. Contributions are matched by the Company, to a maximum of 3% of the employee's basic salary. Independent trustees administer both of these plans. The pension contributions paid by the Company under these plans are expensed in the consolidated statement of loss under other staff costs.

In addition, the Company's employees participate in a private health insurance plan. The Company contributes part of the cost and such contributions paid by the Company are expensed in the consolidated statement of loss under other staff costs.

<u>Leases</u>: Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated statement of loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

4. Accounts receivable

Accounts 1	receivable	comprise:
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	<u>30 June 2006</u>	30 June 2005
Trade receivables	3,483,358	5,727,177
Other - interline clearing accounts	754,562	680,346
Less: allowance for doubtful receivables	(762,205)	(504,705)
Total accounts receivable	US\$ <u>3,475,715</u>	US\$_5,902,818

At 30 June 2005, trade receivables include an insurance claim of US\$1,768,255 for Hurricane Ivan damages. The cash was received in October 2005 from AON Cayman National Insurance Brokers Ltd. US\$1,265,024 of the insurance claim relates to damaged fixed assets (see Note 7).

5. Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Accounts payable comprise:

	<u>30 June 2006</u>	30 June 2005
Trade payables Accrued expenses	13,861,763 _1,718,621	11,314,739 <u>966,216</u>
	US\$ <u>15,580,384</u>	US\$ <u>12,280,955</u>

6. Flight equipment held for sale

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
Flight equipment held for sale	US\$	US\$ <u>44,920</u>

Flight equipment held for sale includes aircraft parts that are not intended for use on the current fleet, all of which are held for sale by consignees.

Management believes that the carrying value of the flight equipment held for sale at 30 June 2005 is a reasonable estimate of net realisable value and no valuation adjustment was required at 30 June 2005. In 2006, after a comprehensive physical inventory count and valuation, management determined that a valuation adjustment was required for flight equipment held for sale at 30 June 2006 as the estimated net realisable value of the flight equipment has decreased significantly. As such, flight equipment held for sale was entirely written off at 30 June 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

7. Property, plant and equipment

At June 30 2006:

	Aircraft airframe, D Checks and related overhauls	Aircraft engines and related overhauls	Rotables	Buildings	Office & communi cations equipme nt	Other assets	Total
Cost		Overmadis	Rotables	Dunangs	114	assets	I Otal
Balance I July							
2005 (audited)	\$ 11,299,852	\$ 6,033,905	\$ 5,314,816	\$ 2,238,582	\$ 954,216	\$ 1,874,828	\$ 27,716,199
Additions	4,664,222	741,369	892,782	287,690	96,565	284,800	6,967,428
* Disposals Balance June		•	(200,000)			(23,690)	(223,690)
30. 2006	15,964,074	6,775,274	6,007,598	2,526,272	1.050.781	2,135,938	34,459,937
Depreciation Balance 1 July							
2005 (Audited) Charge for the	8,385,871	3,183,540	3,754,735	1,113,463	749,952	1,563,398	18,750,959
year	668,253	495.630	499,920	118,116	213,300	157,548	2,152,767
* Disposals	_	-	(100,000)	-	-	(23,690)	(123,690)
Balance June 30, 2006	9,054,124	3,679,170	4,154,655	1,231,579	963,252	1,697,256	20,780,036
Net book Value at June 30, 2006		3,096,104	1,852,943	1,294,693	87,529	438,682	13,679,901
Net book Value at June 30,							
2005 (audited)	2,913,981	2,850,365	1,560,081	1,125,119	204,264	311,430	8,965,240

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

7. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

As at June 30, 2005:

	Aircraft airframe, D Checks and related overhauls	Aircraft engines and related overhauls	<u>Rotables</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	Office & communica tions equipment	Other <u>assets</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost Balance 1 July 2004 (audited)	\$ 11,106,352	\$ 6,033,905	\$ 4,806,729	\$ 3,008,924	\$ 876,245	\$ 1,901,747	\$ 27,733,902
Additions	193,500	-	681,519	45,086	254,040	93,914	1,268,059
* Disposals	-		(173,432)	(815,428)	(176,069)	(120,833)	(1,285,762)
Balance June 30, 2005	11,299,852	6,033,905	5,314,816	2,238,582	954,216	1,874,828	27,716,199
Depreciation Balance I July 2004							
(Audited) Charge for the	7,786,499	2,580,578	3,340,703	1,469,417	763,957	1,599,932	17,541,086
year	599.372	602,962	510,920	95,116	140,460	106,388	2,055,218
* Disposals			(96,888)	(451,070)	(154,465)	(142,922)	(845,345)
Balance June 30, 2005	8,385,871	3,183,540	3,754,735	1,113,463	749,952	1,563,398	18,750,959
Net book Value at June 30, 2005							
(audited)	2,913,981	2,850,365	1,560,081	1,125,119	204,264	311,430	8,965,240

^{*} In the foregoing tables, dispositions includes the gross cost and accumulated depreciation/amortization of periodic major maintenance and overhauls which reach the end of their useful lives (as defined in Note 3) in the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

7. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

In accordance with its accounting policy, the Company annually reviews its property, plant and equipment, as well as any other non-current assets, for impairment losses. Over the past few years many airlines have expanded their fleet by acquiring new generation aircraft and, as the aviation industry began to slow in 2000, many of these airlines began to offer their older aircraft, such as the Boeing 737-200, for sale. The excess supply of older aircraft was increased significantly as a result of the decrease in air travel immediately following September 11, 2001. As a result of the dramatic increase in supply of Boeing 737-200's for sale combined with limited demand, the estimate fair market value of the aircraft (as well as for other similar aircraft) has decreased significantly.

The results of the 2006 annual impairment review indicated that there has been no further decline in the market for the aircraft owned by the Company during the period ended 30 June 2006. Using the criteria established by IAS 36 ("Impairment of Assets"), effective for periods beginning on or after July 1, 1999, the Company determined that the carrying value of its aircraft was not higher than the recoverable amount (being the higher of market value or value in use on a discounted cash flow basis). Accordingly, the Company has not recorded an impairment loss for the year ended 30 June 2006 (2005: US\$0).

Management have estimated the carrying value of the Company's aircraft based on advice from an external aviation consulting firm and after taking into consideration current bids for the aircraft. However, given the current market for these types of aircraft, there remains significant uncertainty over the value attributed to the aircraft and ultimately any selling price obtained could be lower than the current carrying value.

Included within the 2005 disposal are fixed assets which were destroyed during Hurricane Ivan costing US\$1,045,957 with an impaired value of US\$452,506. After accounting for insurance settlement and disposal costs related to these assets, the excess of insurance proceeds over impaired value was US\$1,047,607 and is indicated as such on the consolidated statement of loss for the year ended 30 June 2005. The computation is as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Impaired <u>value</u>	Insurance settlement	Excess insurance proceeds over impaired value	
Office Equipment	176,069	(154,465)	21,604	89,900	67,396	
Hangar Repair Costs	483,886	(276,194)	207,692	690,000	482,308 (61,000) 421,308	
Administration Building Repair Costs Maintenance	114,192	(9,105)	105,087	498,000	392,913 (19,000) 373,913	
Administration Building	103,158	(51,579)	51,579	162,000	110,421	
Scale	5,220	(5,220)	-	5,220	5,220	
BER Rotables	163,432	(96,888)	66,544	135,893	69,349	
Total excess insurance proceeds over impaired value US\$ 1,047.607						

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

8. Long-term liabilities

Future principle repayments of long-term liabilities for years ending 30 June are as follows:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
No later than 1 year Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years Later than 5 years	1,969,391 13,226,721	2,433,312 9,238,781
zator tium 3 yours	<u>18,353,016</u> US\$ <u>33,549,128</u>	21,310,003 US\$32,982,096

All long-term liabilities relate to term loans held with the Royal Bank of Canada.

In February 2004, the Royal Bank of Canada agreed to refinance the then existing debts and made additional funding available to the Company. The total credit facility is US\$47,502,333 and is comprised of three facilities. Facility one is an overdraft of US\$2,220,000 with interest payable at a floating rate equal to Royal Bank Prime per annum. This facility is repayable on demand. Facility two is available for letters of credit of US\$625,000 with interest payable at 1% per annum. Facility three comprises two Libor loans of (a) US\$23,602,333 and (b) US\$21,055,000 which have a five year term and an amortization period of fifteen years. A local bank is to participate for 50% (US\$10,527,500) for part (b) of the third facility. The interest rate on the term loans is floating at Libor + 1.25% per annum.

In addition there is a standby fee of 1/8% on any drawdown portion of the second portion of facility three. The balance of the term loan will be drawn as required.

Undrawn funding from lines of credit and committed loans amounted to approximately US\$10.92 million at 30 June 2006 (2005: US\$13.92 million).

The Royal Bank of Canada has issued letters of credit on behalf of the Company in the amount of US\$600,000 (2005: US\$600,000). These are used by an overseas bank as collateral for letters of credit issued by that bank on behalf of the Company in the same amount.

Government has issued guarantees to the Royal Bank of Canada to secure the Company's borrowings under the above facilities.

City National Bank has issued two letters of credit on behalf of the Company totalling US\$200,000 (2005: US\$200,000). These are used as collateral for Cayman Islands Customs bonds.

9. Share capital

	<u>30 June 2006</u>	30 June 2005
Authorised: 50,000,000 ordinary shares of CI\$1 each	US\$ <u>60,000,000</u>	US\$ <u>60,000,000</u>
Issued and fully paid: 31,980,179 ordinary shares of CI\$1 each	US\$ <u>38,376,215</u>	US\$38,376.215

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

9. Share capital (continued)

Share subscriptions represent amounts received from the Company's shareholder in respect of the future issue of shares. Share subscriptions are comprised of:

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
451,000 (2005: 451,000) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to be issued in exchange		
for assumption of Company's obligation to the Legal Department of the Cayman Islands Government	52 6 0 0 6	
1,000,000 (2005: 1,000,000) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to	536,905	536,905
be issued in exchange for cash	1,190,476	1 100 476
12,884,803 (2005: 12,884,803) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to be issued	1,190,470	1,190,476
in exchange for assumption of Company's obligation to		
Civil Aviation Authority of the Cayman Islands.	15,339,052	15,339,052
1,844,525 (2005: 1,844,525) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to be		, , , , , , , , ,
issued in exchange for assumption of Company's obligations		
to Customs Department of Cayman Islands Government.	2,195,863	2,195,863
80,085 (2005: 80,085) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to be issued in exchange		
for assumption of Company's obligation to the Mosquito Research		
Control Unit of the Cayman Islands Government 1,371,324 (2005: 1,371,324) ordinary shares of CI\$1 each to be issued	95,339	95,339
in exchange for assumption of Company's obligation to Civil Aviation Authority		
of the Cayman Islands	1,632,528	1 622 520
or and only man rotation	1,032,320	<u>1,632,528</u>
Total	US\$ <u>20,990,163</u>	US\$ <u>20,990,163</u>

10. Lease commitments

(a) Premises

As at 30 June 2006, future minimum lease payments under operating leases of office space were payable as follows:

	<u>Offices</u>
2007	282,534
2008	100,354
2009	71,820
2010	71,820
2011	11,970
	US\$538,498

In addition to the above schedule of future minimum lease payments, the Company pays monthly rent expense to the Civil Aviation Authority of the Cayman Islands. The monthly rent of US\$35,000 is not reflected in the above schedule because there is not a formal operating lease agreement. The expense covers such rentals as airport ticket counters, office space and guest services areas; hangar and administration building land rental; and cargo office space.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

10. Lease commitments (continued)

The Company occupied temporary office space at Andy's Rent-A-Car for flight operations after Hurricane Ivan which occurred in September 2004. Because a formal lease agreement was not executed, the future minimum lease payments are not included in the schedule above. Rent paid for the year ended 30 June 2006 was US\$38,275 (2005: US\$3,947). Rent paid subsequent to year end is as follows:

2007 2008

64,313

9,188

US\$___73,501

The Company was committed to future minimum lease payments of US\$3,571 per month in respect to storage and warehouse space until February 2007 under a rental agreement. Subsequent to February 2007, the Company has continued to occupy the storage and warehouse space and has paid the monthly rent of US\$3,571. A new rental agreement has not been formally executed.

(b) Aircraft

In October 2003, the Company entered into an aircraft lease agreement for a Boeing B737-300 aircraft and accepted delivery in November 2003. The term of the lease is for 36 months and the Company will pay US\$105,000 per month and supplemental rent based on the Company's use of the aircraft during the lease term. The lease is supported by a guarantee of the Government of the Cayman Islands equal to the amount due and payable under the lease up to a maximum of US\$1,260,000. The original lease, scheduled to mature in November 2006, was extended to September 2007 and the monthly lease rate was increased from US\$105,000 per month to US\$113,000 per month. A second lease extension agreement was executed and due to expire in October 2009 at an increased monthly lease rate of US\$135,000 per month. A third lease extension agreement was executed and due to expire in November 2011 at a reduced monthly lease rate of US\$75,000 per month.

In November 2003, the Company signed a month-to-month lease that included two twin Otter aircraft, crew, maintenance and insurance to facilitate its service between Grand Cayman, Cayman Brac and Little Cayman. During March 2004, the Company signed a replacement lease agreement for two Twin Otter aircraft at a rate of US\$19,500 per month for each aircraft for a period of 24 months. In May 2006, the Company purchased two twin Otter aircraft to replace aircraft that had previously been leased. The cost to bring the aircraft into service, including purchase price was approximately US\$4.5 million and is included in property, plant and equipment.

In June 2004, the Company entered into an aircraft lease agreement for a further Boeing B737-300 aircraft and accepted delivery in November 2004. The term of the lease is for 38 months and the Company will pay US\$110,000 per month and supplemental rent based on the Company's use of the aircraft during the lease term. The lease is supported by a guarantee of the Government of the Cayman Islands equal to the amount due and payable under the lease up to a maximum of US\$1,320,000. The original lease, scheduled to mature in December 2007, was extended to October 2010 and the monthly lease rate was increased from US\$110,000 per month to US\$135,000 per month. This extension was subsequently amended in September 2009 to reflect a reduction in the monthly lease rate. The amendment reduced the monthly lease rate from US\$135,000 per month to US\$115,000 per month from September 2009 to June 2010 and from US\$135,000 per month to US\$122,000 per month from July 2010 to the expiration of the amended lease agreement in October 2010.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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10. Lease commitments (continued)

As at 30 June 2006, future minimum lease payments under operating leases of aircraft were payable as follows:

	Aircraft
2007	2,644,000
2008	3,478,000
2009	5,829,000
2010	5,244,000
2011	4,615,000
2012	4,488,000
2013	4,488,000
2014	3,698,000
2015	641,000
	US\$ <u>35,125,000</u>

11. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comprise the following balance sheet amounts:

	<u>30 June 2006</u>	30 June 2005
Cash on hand and balances with banks	US\$ <u>4,924,570</u> U	S\$ 8.524.788

12. Financial instruments

Credit risk

Financial assets which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and trade receivables. The Company's cash is placed with high credit quality financial institutions. Trade receivables are presented net of the allowance for doubtful receivables. Credit risk with respect to trade receivables is limited due to the large number of customers comprising the Company's credit base and the fact that almost half of all receivables are credit card or interline clearing house receivables, collection of which is virtually certain.

Interest rate risk

The floating interest rate on the Company's debt is presented in Note 8. None of the Company's other financial assets or liabilities bear any significant risk of interest rate exposure.

Fair Values

At 30 June 2006 and 30 June 2005 the carrying amounts of cash, accounts receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses approximated their fair values due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The fair value of the borrowings approximates their carrying value because of the terms attaching to such borrowings (see Note 8).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13. Related party transactions

The Company uses the legal services of the Legal Department of Government. No formal agreement between the Company and the Legal Department exists and prior to 1993, no charge for legal services had been levied and no expense had been accrued at 30 June 2006 or at 30 June 2005. The Company had no obligation to the Legal Department of the Cayman Islands Government for legal services at 30 June 2006 or at 30 June 2005. No expenses were incurred in 2006 or 2005.

14. Contingent liabilities

The Company is routinely involved in a number of claims or potential claims arising from its operations. Where appropriate, management establishes provisions after taking into consideration the advice of attorneys and other specialists. It is management's policy to rigorously assert its position in such cases. Other than as disclosed in Note 18, management does not believe that any current litigation will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

The Cayman Islands Government has indicated its intention to enforce payment of Stamp Duty due on leased premises. Future liability in the range of US\$11,900 has been estimated in relation to this and would be immaterial to the Company's financial position; therefore, no provision has been made.

15. Taxation

Under the current laws of the Cayman Islands, there are no income, sales or other Cayman Islands taxes payable by the Company. Management believes that the Company currently conducts its affairs so as not to be liable for income taxation in any other jurisdiction.

16. Employee benefit costs

The pension plan expense for the year ended 30 June 2006 was US\$814,495 (2005: US\$752,201).

The health insurance expense for the year ended 30 June 2006 was US\$984,631 (2005: US\$917,016). The health insurance expense and pension plan expense are included in other staff costs in the consolidated statement of loss.

17. Certain significant estimates

The Company is subject to a number of specific and industry-wide factors which impact management's estimates of the useful life and residual value of the Company's aircraft, and may also impact any management decisions taken with respect to the timing of overhauls (as defined in Note 3) and the amortization of the related costs. Such factors include, amongst others:

- regulatory requirements which vary depending upon the country in which the aircraft are operated;
- volatility in demand for aircraft and, therefore, prevailing values:
- uncertainty over the cost of overhauls and upgrades to airframes, engines and aircraft components.

Because of the age of the Company's aircraft, the effect of these factors on the estimates made by management and the potential impact on the operations of the Company as a whole may be more significant than with a newer aircraft.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

18. Subsequent events

In July 2006 the Company purchased a building located near the airport for a total purchase price of US\$2.9 million. The purchase of the building was funded by an equity injection of US\$2.9 million from the Cayman Islands Government. The building was renovated to support office staff and houses all local staff with the exception of maintenance and airport operations.

In July 2006 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CKY) aircraft. The original lease, scheduled to mature in November 2006, was extended to September 2007 and the lease rate was increased from US\$105,000 per month to US\$113,000 per month. In March 2007 the Company signed a second amendment to the original lease and extended the maturity of the lease to October 2009 at an increased rate of US\$135,000 per month. In September 2009 the Company signed a third amendment to the original lease and extended the maturity of the lease to November 2011at a reduced rate of US\$75,000 per month.

In July 2006 the Company signed a credit agreement with a local financial institution. The new agreement provides for a term loan of US\$4.2 million to fund the purchase of the two Twin Otter aircraft. The loan will be amortized over 10 years and the interest rate will be LIBOR plus 75 basis points. The loan is supported by an unconditional guarantee of the Cayman Islands Government.

In September 2006 the Company signed an agreement with consulting group for the Turnaround of Cayman Airways. The monthly rate paid was approximately EURO 120,000 (US\$159,000).

In March 2007 the Company's pilots received an 8% salary increase, retroactive from January 2007. The gross monthly salary for the department was increased by US\$15,934, and the total retroactive salary paid was US\$49,084. The pilots also received an increase in vacation days. The number of days due but not taken represented an estimated liability of US\$128,000 as at 30 June 2007 and US\$273,664 as at 30 June 2008 and 2009.

In May 2007 the Company signed an aircraft lease agreement for a Boeing 737-300 aircraft (VP-CKW) and accepted delivery in April 2008. The lease commenced in April 2008 for four years at a monthly lease rate of US\$144,000 per month. The original lease agreement was subsequently amended in September 2009 before its maturity to reflect a reduction in the monthly lease rate. The amendment reduced the monthly lease rate from US\$144,000 per month to US\$124,000 per month for the period of September 2009 to June 2010; and from US\$144,000 per month to US\$122,000 per month for the period of July 2010 to November 2010; and from US\$144,000 per month to US\$135,000 per month for the period of December 2010 until the expiration of the lease agreement in March 2012.

In May 2007 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CAY) aircraft. The original lease, scheduled to mature in December 2007, was extended to October 2010 and the lease rate was increased from US\$110,000 per month to US\$135,000 per month.

In November 2007 the Company sold a Boeing 737-300 aircraft (VP-CAL) to a foreign purchaser for a total purchase price of US\$1,174,500.

In February 2008 the Company signed a credit agreement with a financial institution. The new agreement provides for a term loan of US\$4 million to fund the airline's operations. The loan will be repayable in 6 months and the interest rate will be LIBOR plus 1.25% per annum.

In February 2008 the Company settled a lawsuit filed by Miami Dade County against all past and present tenants of the Miami International Airport regarding environmental remediation costs. Under the executed settlement agreement, the Company paid US\$27,618 to Miami-Dade County.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

18. Subsequent events (continued)

In July 2008 the Company settled a claim filed by Aircraft Parts Support International, Inc. of US\$130,656 for the reduced amount of US\$111,250. The original claim amount of US\$130,656 was included in accounts payable and accrued expenses at 30 June 2006 and at 30 June 2005.

In September 2008 the Company committed to selling two 737-200 aircrafts (VP-CKX and VP-CYB). Aircraft VP-CKX was in operation until April 2008 and aircraft VP-CYB was in operation until February 2009. Aircraft VP-CKX remains under Company ownership and on the fixed asset register as of the date of Financial Statement issuance. Aircraft VP-CYB remained under Company ownership and on the fixed asset register until the sale of it in November 2010.

In October 2008 the Company signed an aircraft lease agreement for a Boeing 737-300 aircraft (VP-CKZ) and accepted delivery in November 2008. The lease commenced in December 2008 for three years at a monthly lease rate of US\$123,000 per month. The original lease agreement was subsequently amended in September 2009 before its maturity to reflect a reduction in the monthly lease rate for a portion of the lease term and an extension of the expiration date. The amendment reduced the monthly lease rate from US\$123,000 per month to US\$103,000 per month for the period of September 2009 to June 2010 and from US\$123,000 per month to US\$122,000 per month for the period of July 2010 to November 2010. The amendment manifests an increase in the monthly lease rate from US\$123,000 per month to US\$135,000 per month for the period of December 2010 until the new expiration of the lease agreement in June 2012.

In March 2009 the Company signed a credit agreement with First Caribbean International Bank who is a syndicate party of the initial credit agreement which provided a total facility of US\$47,502,333 (see Note 8). The new agreement provides for a loan facility in the amount of US\$15,000,000 for the purpose of funding the Company's operations. The entire amount of the facility was subsequently drawn down. The total borrowings will be amortized over fifteen years and the interest rate will be LIBOR plus 3.50% per annum. The loan is supported by an unconditional guarantee of the Government of the Cayman Islands.

In April 2010 the Company received written communication of Government's future financial commitments and support of the Company in an effort to address the Shareholder's deficit. Beginning in July 2010 through June 2020, the Government will provide monthly funding for the Company's principal debt payments and the corresponding interest. Other details of the commitment include provisions for Government guarantees, repayment of debt owed by the Company to other Government Agencies, and annual funding in the form of output payments as agreed upon yearly. In return, the Company is expected to prove sustainable operating costs reductions and explore revenue enhancement measures.

In August 2010 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CKZ) aircraft. This is the second amendment to this aircraft's lease and extends the expiration date to October 2, 2014. The amendment decreases the lease rate from US\$122,000 per month to US\$115,000 per month commencing on August 3, 2010 until the amended lease expiration on October 2, 2014.

In August 2010 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CKW) aircraft. This is the second amendment to this aircraft's lease and extends the expiration date to April 21, 2014. The amendment decreases the lease rate from US\$122,000 per month to US\$115,000 per month commencing on August 22, 2010 until the amended lease expiration on April 21, 2014.

In August 2010 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CAY) aircraft. This is the third amendment to this aircraft's lease and extends the expiration date to November 3, 2014. The amendment decreases the lease rate from US\$122,000 per month to US\$74,000 per month commencing on August 19, 2010 until the amended lease expiration on November 3, 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

18. Subsequent events (continued)

In August 2010 the Company signed an amendment to the lease for the 737-300 (VP-CKY) aircraft. This is the fourth amendment to this aircraft's lease and extends the expiration date to November 13, 2013. The amendment decreases the lease rate from US\$75,000 per month to US\$70,000 per month commencing on August 14, 2010 until the amended lease expiration on November 13, 2013.

In November 2010 the Company sold a Boeing 737-200 aircraft (VP-CYB) to a foreign purchaser for a total purchase price of US\$650,000.